TERRA INDUSTRIES INC Form 10-Q November 06, 2009

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UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549 FORM 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2009 OR

o TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from ______ to Commission file number: 1-8520 TERRA INDUSTRIES INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Maryland 52-1145429
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization) Identification No.)

Terra Centre P.O. Box 6000 600 Fourth Stree

600 Fourth Street 51102-6000 Sioux City, Iowa (Zip Code)

(Address of principal executive offices)

Registrant s telephone number, including area code: (712) 277-1340

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes þ No o Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes þ No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of large accelerated filer, accelerated filer, and smaller reporting company in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer b Accelerated filer o Non-accelerated filer o Smaller reporting company o

(Do not check if smaller reporting company)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). o Yes b No

At the close of business on November 4, 2009 the following shares of the registrant s stock were outstanding:

Common Shares, without par value 99,825,840 shares

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PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

TERRA INDUSTRIES INC. CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(in thousands) (unaudited)

	Se	ptember 30, 2009	De	ecember 31, 2008	Se	ptember 30, 2008
Assets Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,000,810	\$	966,700	\$	680,666
Accounts receivable, less allowance for doubtful accounts of \$1,378, \$290 and \$316		103,862		130,390		235,587
Inventories, net		110,943		197,091		175,920
Margin deposits with derivative counterparties		,		36,945		132,058
Other current assets		68,901		61,338		62,193
Current assets of discontinued operations						45,607
Total current assets		1,284,516		1,392,464		1,322,031
Property, plant and equipment, net		435,442		403,313		407,037
Equity method investments		253,386		270,915		382,606
Deferred plant turnaround costs, net		28,000		23,467		29,303
Other assets		30,034		22,858		31,965
Total assets	\$	2,031,378	\$	2,113,017	\$	2,182,942
Liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$	70,909	\$	99,893	\$	124,138
Customer prepayments		40,882		111,592		195,039
Derivative hedge liabilities		2,382		125,925		218,652
Accrued and other current liabilities		62,172		127,770		113,042
Current liabilities of discontinued operations						2,749
Total current liabilities		176,345		465,180		653,620
Long-term debt		330,000		330,000		330,000
Deferred taxes		82,735		61,443		53,135
Pension liabilities		7,648		9,170		10,018
Other liabilities		81,786		78,553		78,779
Total liabilities		678,514		944,346		1,125,552
Preferred Shares liquidation value of \$500; \$1,600 and \$2,100		483		1,544		2,027
Ψ2,100		T03		1,574		2,027

Common Stockholders Equity

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Common Shares, authorized 133,500 shares; 99,826; 99,330			
and 102,081 shares outstanding	152,787	152,111	154,866
Paid-in capital	584,556	579,164	625,058
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(114,741)	(175,529)	(174,183)
Retained earnings	633,999	507,299	353,590
Total common stockholders equity Noncontrolling interest	1,256,601 95,780	1,063,045 104,082	959,331 96,032
Total equity	1,352,381	1,167,127	1,055,363
Total liabilities and equity	\$ 2,031,378	\$ 2,113,017	\$ 2,182,942

See Accompanying Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

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TERRA INDUSTRIES INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

(in thousands, except per-share amounts) (unaudited)

	Three Mon Septem 2009		Nine Months Ended September 30, 2009 2008			
Revenues Product revenues Other income	\$ 345,779 1,267	\$ 788,272 1,942	\$	1,216,480 3,822	\$	2,198,398 9,617
Total revenues	347,046	790,214		1,220,302		2,208,015
Cost and Expenses	201 (21	550.210		021.260		1 522 260
Cost of sales Selling, general and administrative expenses Other operating expenses	281,621 17,300	578,310 18,301		921,268 49,774 14,260		1,532,369 58,238
Equity earnings of North American affiliates	(6,106)	(15,857)		(10,880)		(45,665)
Total cost and expenses	292,815	580,754		974,422		1,544,942
Income from operations Interest income Interest expense	54,231 725 (6,762)	209,460 5,409 (6,773)		245,880 3,700 (20,247)		663,073 19,330 (20,587)
Income before income taxes, noncontrolling interest and equity earnings of GrowHow UK						
Limited Income tax provision	48,194 (5,049)	208,096 (63,169)		229,333 (55,849)		661,816 (229,742)
Equity earnings of GrowHow UK Limited	4,945	42,091		2,457		88,986
Income from continuing operations, net of tax Income from discontinued operations, net of tax	48,090 810	187,018 141		175,941 810		521,060 7,612
Net income before noncontrolling interest Less: Net income attributable to the noncontrolling	48,900	187,159		176,751		528,672
interest	2,972	15,748		20,354		52,369
Net income attributable to Terra Industries Inc.	\$ 45,928	\$ 171,411	\$	156,397	\$	476,303
Amounts attributable to Terra Industries Inc. common stockholders:						
Income from continuing operations, net of tax Income from discontinued operations, net of tax	\$ 45,118 810	\$ 171,270 141	\$	155,587 810	\$	468,691 7,612
Less: Inducement payment of preferred stock conversion		5,248				5,248

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Less: Preferred share dividends		17	1,275	51	3,825
Net income attributable to Terra Industries Inc. common stockholders	\$	45,911	\$ 164,888	\$ 156,346	\$ 467,230
Basic income per common share attributable to Terra Industries Inc. common stockholders:					
Continuing operations Discontinued operations	\$	0.46 0.01	\$ 1.75	\$ 1.57 0.01	\$ 5.01 0.08
Basic income per common share	\$	0.47	\$ 1.75	\$ 1.58	\$ 5.09
Diluted income per common share attributable to Terra Industries Inc. common shareholders					
Continuing operations Discontinued operations	\$	0.45 0.01	\$ 1.64	\$ 1.56 0.01	\$ 4.47 0.07
Diluted income per common share	\$	0.46	\$ 1.64	\$ 1.57	\$ 4.54
Weighted average shares outstanding:		00.465	04.250	00 205	01 021
Basic Diluted See Accompanying Notes to the Consolidated Finance	cial St	99,465 100,029 tatements.	94,259 104,605	99,305 99,956	91,821 104,851

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TERRA INDUSTRIES INC.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(in thousands) (unaudited)

		Nine Mon Septem		30,
		2009		2008
Operating Activities	¢	176 751	ф	500 670
Net income before noncontrolling interest Income from discontinued operations, net of tax	\$	176,751 810	\$	528,672 7,612
income from discontinued operations, net of tax		010		7,012
Income from continuing operations, net of tax		175,941		521,060
Adjustments to reconcile income from continuing operations to net cash flows from				,
operating activities:				
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment and amortization of deferred plant				
turnaround costs		63,127		58,406
Loss on sale of property, plant and equipment		800		2,235
Deferred income taxes		(6,972)		(51,772)
Distributions in excess of equity earnings of North American affiliates		2,513		2,524
Equity earnings of GrowHow UK Limited		(2,457)		(88,986)
Non-cash gain on derivatives		(1,224)		(1,610)
Share-based compensation		13,408		10,333
Amortization of intangible and other assets		6,866		6,193
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:				
Accounts receivable		28,765		(65,639)
Inventories		88,573		(42,221)
Accounts payable and customer prepayments		(102,062)		(90,559)
Margin deposits with derivative counterparties		36,945		(131,420)
Other assets and liabilities, net		(138,152)		67,471
Net cash flows from operating activities continuing operations		166,071		196,015
Net cash flows from operating activities discontinued operations		810		9,439
Net cash flows from operating activities		166,881		205,454
Investing Activities				
Capital expenditures and plant turnaround expenditures		(95,679)		(70,123)
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment		101		1,660
Distributions received from North American affiliates		11,682		7,196
Contribution settlement received from GrowHow UK Limited				27,427
Balancing consideration and other payments from GrowHow UK Limited		18,700		
Net cash flows from investing activities		(65,196)		(33,840)
Financing Activities				
Preferred share dividends paid		(51)		(3,825)
Inducement payment to preferred stockholders				(5,248)

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Common stock dividends paid	(29,912)	(18,299)
Common stock issuances and vestings	(7,213)	(9,839)
Excess tax benefits from equity compensation plans	6,304	12,122
Payments under share repurchase program		(107,500)
Distributions to noncontrolling interests	(33,631)	(56,642)
Net cash flows from financing activities	(64,503)	(189,231)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash	(3,072)	45
Increase (decrease) to cash and cash equivalents	34,110	(17,572)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	966,700	698,238
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 1,000,810	\$ 680,666

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Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (continued)

	Nine Months Ended					
		Septen	iber 3	0,		
		2009		2008		
Supplemental cash flow information:						
Interest paid	\$	23,958	\$	23,975		
Income tax refunds received		791		206		
Income taxes paid		141,895		197,239		
Supplemental schedule of non-cash investing and financing activities:						
Conversion of warrants to common stock	\$		\$	2,496		
Supplemental schedule of distributions received from unconsolidated affiliates:						
Contribution settlement payments, balancing consideration and other payments						
received from GrowHow UK Limited	\$	18,700	\$	27,427		
Distributions received from North American affiliates		11,682		7,196		
Equity in earnings of North American affiliates		10,880		45,665		
Distributions in excess of equity earnings from North American affiliates		2,513		2,524		
Total cash distributions received from unconsolidated affiliates	\$	43,775	\$	82,812		

See Accompanying Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

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TERRA INDUSTRIES INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2009 AND 2008

(in thousands) (unaudited)

Accumulated

				Other					
	Common Stock	Paid-In Capital	Com	prehensive Loss	controlling Interest	Retained Earnings	Total		nprehensive Income
Balance at January 1, 2009 Comprehensive	\$ 152,111	\$ 579,164	\$	(175,529)	\$ 104,082	\$ 507,299	\$ 1,167,127		
income (loss): Net income Foreign currency					20,354	156,397	176,751	\$	176,751
translation adjustment Change in fair value of				24,491			24,491		24,491
derivatives, net of taxes of \$25,987				36,297	4,975		41,272		41,272
Comprehensive income before noncontrolling									
interest Comprehensive income attributable to noncontrolling									242,514
interest									(25,329)
Comprehensive income attributable to Terra Industries Inc.								\$	217,185
Distributions to noncontrolling									
interest Preferred share					(33,631)		(33,631))	
dividends Preferred share						(51)	(51))	
conversion Common stock	110	951					1,061		
dividends Excess tax benefit Net vested stock	566	6,304 (7,779)				(29,912)	(29,912) 6,304 (7,213)		
Thet rested stock	300	5,916					5,916	,	

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Share-based compensation

Other 266 266

Balance

September 30, 2009 \$152,787 \$584,556 \$ (114,741) \$ 95,780 \$633,999 \$1,352,381

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Balance at	Common Stock	Paid-In Capital		cumulated Other nprehensiv d Loss		·]	ccumulated Deficit) Retained Earnings	Total	Coı	mprehensive Income
January 1, 2008	\$ 142,170	\$ 618,874	\$	(44,180)	\$ 108,581	\$	(95,341)	\$ 730,104		
Comprehensive income (loss): Net income Foreign currency translation					52,369		476,303	528,672	\$	528,672
adjustment Change in fair value of derivatives, net of				(30,356)				(30,356)	1	(30,356)
taxes of \$69,651				(99,647)	(8,276)			(107,923))	(107,923)
Comprehensive income before noncontrolling										
interest Comprehensive income attributable										390,393
to noncontrolling interest										(44,093)
Comprehensive income attributable to Terra Industries Inc.									\$	346,300
Distributions to noncontrolling										
interest Preferred share					(56,642)			(56,642))	
dividends							(3,825)	(3,825))	
Inducement of preferred stock Common stock	11,837	101,936					(5,248)	108,525		
dividends Shares purchased and retired under the share							(18,299)	(18,299))	
repurchase program Exercise of stock	(2,588)	(104,912))					(107,500))	
options	11	23						34		
Net vested stock	475	(12,897))					(12,422))	

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Net conversion of

 warrants
 2,961
 (413)
 2,548

 Share-based compensation
 7,844
 7,844

 Excess tax benefit
 14,603
 14,603

Balance

September 30,

2008 \$154,866 \$625,058 \$ (174,183) \$ 96,032 \$ 353,590 \$1,055,363

See Accompanying Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

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TERRA INDUSTRIES INC. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(unaudited)

1. Background and Basis of Presentation

Terra Industries Inc. together with its subsidiaries (Terra, we, our, or us) is a leading North American producer and marketer of nitrogen products made from natural gas. We also operate production assets in Trinidad, and the United Kingdom, through joint venture agreements. Our six North American and our international production locations, along with a robust distribution capability, provide us with the ability to effectively serve key agricultural, industrial and environmental markets. Our principal products are anhydrous ammonia (ammonia), ammonium nitrate solutions (UAN), ammonium nitrate (AN), and urea. Our principal customers are national agricultural retail chains, farm cooperatives, independent dealers and industrial customers. We operate in one principal industry segment. Nitrogen Products, which is based upon the guidance provided in the Segment Reporting topic of the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Accounting Standard Codification (Codification). As a wholesale nitrogen producer, we do not report industry segments in a separate disclosure because our only reportable industry segment is nitrogen.

The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) for interim reporting. They do not include all of the information and footnotes required by generally accepted accounting principles for complete financial statements. Therefore, these financial statements should be read in conjunction with our audited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto for the year ended December 31, 2008, included in our 2008 Annual Report on Form 10-K (Items 6, 7 and 8 of our 2008 Annual Report on Form 10-K have been updated by the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on September 30, 2009).

Terra s significant accounting policies are described in the notes to consolidated financial statements in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2008. Management is responsible for the unaudited consolidated financial statements included in this document. The consolidated financial statements included in this document are unaudited; however, they contain all normal recurring adjustments that, in the opinion of management, are necessary for a fair presentation of Terra s financial position, results of operations and cash flows for the periods presented.

Because of the seasonal nature of our operations and effects of weather-related conditions in several of its marketing areas, results of any interim reporting period should not be considered as indicative of results for future quarters or the full year.

2. New Accounting Pronouncements

We adopted the provisions of the FASB Statement on Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) relating to the Codification on July 1, 2009. This Statement establishes the Codification as the source of authoritative accounting principles recognized by the FASB to be applied by nongovernmental entities in the preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Rules and interpretive releases of the SEC under authority of federal securities laws are also sources of authoritative GAAP for SEC registrants. The FASB will no longer issue new standards in the form of Statements, FASB Staff Positions, or Emerging Issues Task Force (EITF) Abstracts; instead the FASB will issue Accounting Standards Updates. Accounting Standards Updates will not be authoritative in their own right as they will only serve to update the Codification. The adoption did not have an impact on our consolidated financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

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The FASB Statement on Business Combinations was effective for us for business combinations with the acquisition date on or after January 1, 2009. This Statement requires the acquiring entity in a business combination to recognize all (and only) the assets acquired and liabilities assumed in the transaction and establishes the acquisition-date fair value as the measurement objective for all assets acquired and liabilities assumed in a business combination. Certain provisions of this Statement will, among other things, impact the determination of acquisition-date fair value of consideration paid in a business combination (including contingent consideration); exclude transaction costs from acquisition accounting; and change accounting practices for acquired contingencies, acquisition-related restructuring costs, in-process research and development, indemnification assets, and tax benefits. The adoption did not have an impact on our consolidated financial position results of operations or cash flows.

We adopted the provisions of the FASB Statement on Consolidations relating to the accounting for noncontrolling interests on January 1, 2009. This Statement amends the accounting for and disclosure of the noncontrolling interest in a subsidiary and for the deconsolidation of a subsidiary. This Statement clarifies the definition and classification of a noncontrolling interest, revises the presentation of noncontrolling interests in the consolidated income statement, establishes a single method of accounting for changes in a parent sownership interest in a subsidiary that does not result in deconsolidation, and requires that a parent recognize a gain or loss in net income (loss) when a subsidiary is deconsolidated. This Statement also required expanded disclosures in the consolidated financial statements that clearly identify and distinguish between the interests of the parent sowners and the interests of the noncontrolling owners of a subsidiary. The required changes in presentation have been reflected in the consolidated balance sheets, statements of operations, and statements of cash flows and in the notes to the consolidated financial statements, where applicable. We adopted the provisions of the FASB Statement on disclosures relating to Derivatives and Hedging on January 1, 2009. This Statement requires entities to provide enhanced disclosures about how and why an entity uses derivative instruments, how derivative instruments and related hedged items are accounted, and how derivative instruments and related hedged items affect an entity s financial position, results of operations, and cash flows. These disclosures are included in Note 6 herein.

We adopted the provisions of the EITF guidance relating to Earnings Per Share on January 1, 2009. The FASB decided that unvested share-based payout awards that contain non-forfeitable rights to dividends or dividend equivalents (whether paid or unpaid) are participating securities and shall be included in the computation of earnings per share pursuant to the two-class method. The adoption did not have an impact on our consolidated financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

We adopted the provisions of the FASB Staff Position (FSP) relating to Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures, as of April 1, 2009. This FSP provides additional guidance on estimating fair value when the volume and level of activity for an asset or liability have significantly decreased in relation to normal market activity. The FSP also provides additional guidance on circumstances that may indicate that a transaction is not orderly and requires additional disclosures. The adoption did not have an impact on our consolidated financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

We adopted the provisions of a FSP relating to Investments on January 1, 2009. This FSP amends the other-than-temporary recognition guidance for debt securities and requires additional interim and annual disclosures of other-than-temporary impairments on debt and equity securities. Pursuant to the new guidance, an other-than-temporary impairment has occurred if a company does not expect to recover the entire amortized cost basis of the security. In this situation, if the company does not intend to sell the impaired security, and it is not more likely than not it will be required to sell the security before the recovery of its amortized cost basis, the amount of the other-than-temporary impairment recognized in earnings is limited to the portion attributed to the credit loss. The remaining portion of the other-than-temporary impairment is then recorded in other comprehensive income. The adoption did not have an impact on our consolidated financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

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We adopted the provisions of a FSP on Financial Instruments, as of April 1, 2009. This FSP required disclosures about fair value of all financial instruments for interim reporting periods. This FSP relates to fair value disclosures for any financial instruments that are not currently reflected in a company s balance sheet at fair value. Prior to the effective date of this FSP, fair values for these assets and liabilities were only disclosed once a year. This FSP will now require these disclosures to be made on a quarterly basis, providing qualitative and quantitative information about fair value estimates for all those financial instruments not measured on the balance sheet at fair value. We have included the additional disclosure information in Note 7 herein.

In June 2009, the FASB issued a Statement on Subsequent Events. This Statement provides authoritative accounting literature and disclosure requirements for material events occurring subsequent to the balance sheet date and prior to the issuance of the financial statements. This Statement is effective for us for the periods ended on and after June 30, 2009. We have evaluated subsequent events through November 6, 2009, which is the date of our Form 10-Q filing. The adoption did not have an impact on our consolidated financial position, results of operations or cash flows. We have included a subsequent events disclosure in Note 19 herein.

In December 2008, the FASB issued an FSP on Compensation, which amends previous guidance to require more detailed disclosures about employers—pension plan assets. New disclosures will include more information on investment strategies, major categories of plan assets, concentrations of risk within plan assets and valuation techniques used to measure the fair value of plan assets. This new standard requires new disclosures only, and will have no impact on our consolidated financial position, results of operations or cash flows. These new disclosures will be required for us beginning in our Form 10-K for the 2009 fiscal year.

In June 2009, the FASB issued a Statement on Transfers and Servicing, an amendment of previous authoritative guidance. The most significant amendments resulting from this Statement consist of the removal of the concept of a qualifying special-purpose entity (SPE) from previous authoritative guidance, and the elimination of the exception for qualifying SPEs from the Consolidation guidance regarding variable interest entities. This Statement is effective for us January 1, 2010 and we are currently assessing the impact this guidance will have on our financial statements.

In June 2009, the FASB issued a Statement which amends the previous Consolidations guidance regarding variable interest entities and addresses the effects of eliminating the qualifying special-purpose entity concept from the guidance on Transfers and Servicing. This Statement responds to concerns about the application of certain key provisions of the previous guidance on Consolidations regarding variable interest entities, including concerns over the transparency of enterprises involvement with variable interest entities. This Statement is effective for us January 1, 2010 and we are currently assessing the impact this Statement will have on our financial statements.

In September 2009, the EITF issued guidance relating to Revenue Recognition. This guidance will change the accounting for revenue recognition for arrangements with multiple deliverables and will enable entities to separately account for individual deliverables for many more revenue arrangements. This guidance eliminates the requirement that all undelivered elements must have objective and reliable evidence of fair value before a company can recognize the portion of the overall arrangement fee that is attributable to items that already have been delivered. As a result, the new guidance may allow some companies to recognize revenue on transactions that involve multiple deliverables earlier than under current requirements. This guidance is effective for us January 1, 2011 and we are currently assessing the impact this Statement will have on our financial statements.

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3. Unsolicited Proposals for a Business Combination by CF Industries Holdings, Inc.

On January 15, 2009, CF Industries Holdings, Inc. (CF) presented a letter to our Board of Directors proposing CF s acquisition of Terra in an all-stock transaction. Terra s Board of Directors rejected the proposal on the grounds that it was not in the best interests of Terra or its stockholders and substantially undervalued the Company. CF subsequently announced that it remained committed to the proposal, and on February 3, 2009, announced that it would nominate three director candidates to Terra s Board and commence an exchange offer for all of Terra s outstanding common shares.

On February 23, 2009, CF announced that it had commenced an unsolicited exchange offer to acquire all of the outstanding common shares of Terra at a fixed exchange ratio of 0.4235 of a CF common share for each Terra common share. In response, Terra s Board of Directors announced on February 23, 2009, that it would review and consider CF s exchange offer and make a formal recommendation to stockholders within ten business days, and further advised Terra s stockholders to take no action pending the review of the proposed exchange offer by Terra s Board. On March 3, 2009, Terra s Board of Directors unanimously concluded that CF s offer did not present a compelling case to create additional value for the stockholders of either Terra or CF, substantially undervalues Terra on both an absolute basis and relative to CF and is not in the best interests of Terra and its stockholders.

On March 9, 2009, CF sent a letter to Terra s Board of Directors stating CF would be prepared to enter into a negotiated merger agreement with Terra on the basis of an exchange ratio based on \$27.50 for each Terra common share, with an exchange ratio of not less than 0.4129 of a CF common share and not more than 0.4539 of a CF common share. On March 11, 2009, Terra s Board of Directors unanimously concluded that CF s proposal continues to run counter to Terra s strategic objectives, substantially undervalues Terra both absolutely and relative to CF, and would deliver less value to Terra s stockholders than would owning Terra on a stand-alone basis.

On March 23, 2009, CF sent a letter to Terra s Board of Directors stating CF would be prepared to enter into a negotiated merger agreement with Terra on the basis of an exchange ratio based on \$30.50 for each Terra common share, with an exchange ratio of not less than 0.4129 of a CF common share and not more than 0.4539 of a CF common share, the same collar as CF s proposal of March 9, 2009. On March 24, 2009, Terra s Board of Directors unanimously concluded CF s proposal continues to run counter to Terra s strategic objectives, substantially undervalues Terra both absolutely and relative to CF and would deliver less value to Terra s stockholders than would owning Terra on a stand-alone basis.

On August 5, 2009, CF sent a letter to Terra s Board of Directors reaffirming CF s intent to pursue a business combination with Terra and stating that CF would be prepared to enter into a negotiated merger agreement with Terra on the basis of a fixed exchange ratio of 0.465 of a CF common share for each Terra common share, and the return of at least \$1 billion of cash to stockholders of the combined company and the distribution to only CF s stockholders prior to the merger of certain contingent future shares. On August 25, 2009, Terra s Board of Directors unanimously concluded that CF s proposal continues to run counter to Terra s strategic objectives, substantially undervalues Terra both absolutely and relative to CF and would deliver less value to Terra s stockholders than would owning Terra on a stand-alone basis.

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On August 31, 2009, CF announced that its unsolicited exchange offer to acquire all of the outstanding common shares of Terra had expired and would not be extended. No Terra common shares were purchased by CF pursuant to the exchange offer.

On September 9, 2009, CF delivered a notice to Terra resubmitting CF s slate of three nominees for election to Terra s Board at Terra s 2009 annual meeting of stockholders.

On September 28, 2009, CF announced that it had acquired 6,985,048 common shares, or approximately 7%, of Terra in the open market at a cost of approximately \$247 million. CF also announced that it had sent a merger agreement to Terra, which included a fixed exchange ratio of 0.465 of a CF common share for each Terra common share (such exchange ratio to be adjusted upon the declaration by Terra of its proposed \$7.50 per common share special cash dividend) and the distribution to only CF s stockholders prior to the merger of certain contingent future shares. On September 30, 2009, Terra s Board of Directors unanimously concluded that CF s proposal continues to run counter to Terra s strategic objectives, substantially undervalues Terra both absolutely and relative to CF and would deliver less value to Terra s stockholders than would owning Terra on a stand-alone basis.

On November 1, 2009, CF sent a letter to Terra s Board of Directors reaffirming CF s intent to pursue a business combination with Terra and stating that CF would be prepared to enter into a negotiated merger agreement with Terra to acquire Terra for \$32.00 in cash (reduced by the \$7.50 per share special dividend declared by Terra) and 0.1034 of a CF common share for each Terra common share. On November 3, 2009, Terra s Board of Directors unanimously concluded that CF s proposal is inadequate, opportunistic and not in the best interests of Terra and its stockholders. For the three month period ended September 30, 2009, Terra did not incur any additional defense costs related to CF s unsolicited business proposals. For the nine month period ended September 30, 2009, Terra incurred defense costs of \$14.3 million related to CF s unsolicited business proposals.

4. Income Per Share

Basic income per share data is based on the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding during the period. Diluted income per share data is based on the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding and the effect of all dilutive potential common shares including stock options, nonvested shares, convertible preferred shares and common stock warrants. Nonvested stock carries dividend and voting rights, but is not included in the weighted average number of common shares outstanding used to compute basic income per share since they are contingently returnable.

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The following table provides a reconciliation between basic and diluted income per share attributable to Terra Industries Inc. for the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2009 and 2008:

(in thousands, except per share amounts) Basic income per common share attributable to		Three Months Ended September 30, 2009 2008				Nine Mor Septem 2009			
Terra Industries Inc.: Income from continuing operations Less: Preferred share dividends Inducement of preferred shares	\$	45,118 (17)	\$	171,270 (1,275) (5,248)	\$	155,587 (51)	\$	468,691 (3,825) (5,248)	
Income from continuing operations available to common stockholders Income from discontinued operations available to		45,101		164,747		155,536		459,618	
Income available to common stockholders	\$	810 45,911	\$	141 164,888	\$	810 156,346	\$	7,612 467,230	
Weighted average shares outstanding		99,465		94,259		99,305		91,821	
Income per share continuing operations Income per share discontinued operations	\$	0.46 0.01	\$	1.75	\$	1.57 0.01	\$	5.01 0.08	
Net income per share	\$	0.47	\$	1.75	\$	1.58	\$	5.09	
Diluted income per common share attributable to Terra Industries Inc.: Income from continuing operations available to	4	15.404	•				Φ.	150 610	
common stockholders Add: Preferred share dividends Inducement of preferred shares	\$	45,101 17	\$	164,747 1,275 5,248	\$	155,536 51	\$	459,618 3,825 5,248	
Income available to common stockholders and assumed conversions	\$	45,118	\$	171,270	\$	155,587	\$	468,691	
Weighted average shares outstanding Add incremental shares from assumed conversions:		99,465		94,259		99,305		91,821	
Preferred shares Non vested stock Common stock warrants Common stock options		143 421		8,188 566 1,592		155 496		10,752 581 1,696	
Dilutive potential common shares		100,029		104,605		99,956		104,851	
Income per share continuing operations	\$	0.45	\$	1.64	\$	1.56	\$	4.47	

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Income per share	discontinued operations	0.01		0.01	0.07
Net income per sha	are	\$ 0.46	\$ 1.64	\$ 1.57	\$ 4.54

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5. Inventories, net

Inventories consisted of the following:

	Se	December 31,		September 30,		
(in thousands)		2009	2008		2008	
Raw materials	\$	\$ 54,215		17,805	\$	18,269
Supplies		36,736		33,825		33,570
Finished goods		19,992		145,461		124,081
Total	\$	110,943	\$	197,091	\$	175,920

Production costs include the cost of direct labor and materials, depreciation and amortization, and overhead costs related to manufacturing activities. We allocate fixed production overhead costs based on the normal capacity of our production facilities and unallocated overhead costs are recognized as expense in the period incurred. We determine the cost of inventories using the first-in, first-out method.

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or market. Market is defined as current replacement cost, except that market should not exceed the net realizable value and should not be less than net realizable value reduced by an allowance for an approximately normal profit margin. We perform a monthly analysis of our inventory balances to determine if the carrying amount of inventories exceeds our net realizable value. Our determination of estimated net realizable value is based on customer orders, market trends and historical pricing. If the carrying amount exceeds the estimated net realizable value, the carrying amount is reduced to the estimated net realizable value.

We estimate a reserve for obsolescence and excess of our materials and supplies inventory. Inventory is stated net of the reserve.

6. Derivative Financial Instruments

We enter into derivative financial instruments, including swaps, basis swaps, purchased put and call options and sold call options, to manage the effect of changes in natural gas costs and the price of our nitrogen products. We report the fair value of the derivatives on our balance sheet. If the derivative is not designated as a hedging instrument, changes in fair value are recognized in earnings in the period of change. If the derivative is designated as a cash flow hedge, and to the extent such hedge is determined to be effective, changes in fair value are reported as a component of accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) in the period of change, and subsequently recognized in our statement of operations in the period the offsetting hedged transaction occurs. If an instrument or the hedged item is settled early, we evaluate whether the hedged forecasted transaction is still probable of occurring when determining whether to reclassify any gains or losses immediately in cost of sales or wait until the forecasted transaction occurs.

Until our derivatives settle, we test derivatives for ineffectiveness. This includes assessing the correlation of New York Mercantile Exchange (NYMEX) pricing, which is commonly used as an index in natural gas derivatives, to the natural gas pipelines pricing at our manufacturing facilities. This assessment requires management judgment to determine the statistically and industry appropriate analysis of prior operating relationships between the NYMEX prices and the natural gas pipelines prices at our facilities.

To the extent possible, we base our market value calculations on third party data. Due to multiple types of settlement methods available, not all settlement methods for future period trades are available from third party sources. In the event that a derivative is measured for fair value based on a settlement method that is not readily available, we estimate the fair value based on forward pricing information for similar types of settlement methods.

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We manage risk using derivative financial instruments for changes in natural gas supply prices and changes in nitrogen prices. Derivative financial instruments have credit risk and market risk.

To manage credit risk, we enter into derivative transactions only with counter-parties who are currently rated as BBB or better or equivalent as recognized by a national rating agency. We will not enter into transactions with a counter-party if the additional transaction will result in credit exposure exceeding \$20 million. The credit rating of counter-parties may be modified through guarantees, letters of credit or other credit enhancement vehicles. As of September 30, 2009, we did not have any credit risk related contingent features that would require us to settle the derivative instruments or to post collateral upon the occurrence of a credit event.

We classify a derivative financial instrument as a hedge if all of the following conditions are met:

- 1. The item to be hedged must expose us to currency, interest or price risk;
- 2. It must be probable that the results of the hedge position substantially offset the effects of currency, interest or price changes on the hedged item (e.g., there is a high correlation between the hedge position and changes in market value of the hedge item); and
- 3. The derivative financial instrument must be designated as a hedge of the item at the inception of the hedge.

Natural gas supplies to meet production requirements at our North American production facilities are purchased at market prices. Natural gas market prices are volatile and we effectively fix prices for a portion of our natural gas production requirements and inventory through the use of swaps and options. The North American contracts reference physical natural gas prices or appropriate NYMEX futures contract prices. Contract physical prices for North America are frequently based on prices at the Henry Hub in Louisiana, the most common and financially liquid location of reference for financial derivatives related to natural gas. However, natural gas supplies for our North American production facilities are purchased at locations other than Henry Hub, which often creates a location basis differential between the contract price and the physical price of natural gas. Accordingly, the use of financial derivatives may not exactly offset the change in the price of physical gas. Natural gas derivatives are designated as cash flow hedges, provided that the derivatives meet the conditions discussed above. The contracts are traded in months forward and settlement dates are scheduled to coincide with gas purchases during that future period.

A swap is a contract between us and a third party to exchange cash based on a designated price. Option contracts give the holder the right to either own or sell a futures or swap contract. The option contracts require initial premium payments ranging from 2% to 5% of contract value. Basis swap contracts require payments to or from us for the amount, if any, that monthly published gas prices from the source specified in the contract differ from the prices of NYMEX natural gas futures during a specified period. There are no initial cash requirements related to the swap and basis swap agreements; however, the counterparties require maintenance of cash margin balances generally 10% to 20% of the contract value.

As of September 30, 2009 and 2008, we had open derivative contracts of 14.7 million MMBtus and 42.4 million MMBtus, respectively, of natural gas.

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The following summarizes the gross fair market value of all derivative instruments and their location in our Consolidated Balance Sheet are shown by those in an asset or liability position and are categorized as commodity derivatives.

	Asset Derivatives(8	1)					
		September		December		September	
		30,		31,		30,	
Derivative Instrument	Location		2009	2008		2008	
Commodity Derivatives	Other current assets	\$	8,869	\$	25,773	\$	30,685
	Liability Derivatives	s (a)					
		S	eptember	Γ	December	September	
			30,	31,		30,	
Derivative Instrument	Location		2009		2008	2008	
	Derivative hedge						
Commodity Derivatives	liabilities	\$	(2,382)	\$	(125,925)	\$	(218,652)

(a) Amounts are disclosed at gross fair value as required by the Derivative and Hedging topic of the **FASB** Accounting Standards Codification. All of our commodity derivatives are designated as cash flow hedging instruments. See Notes 1 and 5 to our audited consolidated financial statements included on our 2008 Annual Report on Form 10-K for additional information on our overall risk management

strategies. The

deferred taxes related to these commodity derivatives for the periods ended September 30, 2009. December 31, 2008 and September 30, 2008 were (0.8) million, \$25.2 million and \$72.7 million, respectively.

Certain derivatives outstanding at September 30, 2009 and 2008, which settled during October 2009 and October 2008, respectively, are included in the position of open natural gas derivatives in the table above. The October 2009 derivatives settled for an approximate \$0.5 million gain compared to the October 2008 derivatives which settled for an approximate \$42.2 million loss. Substantially all material open derivatives at September 30, 2009 will settle during the next twelve months.

We are required to maintain certain margin deposits on account with derivative counterparties. At September 30, 2009, we had no margin deposits with derivative counterparties, which are reported as Margin deposits with derivative counterparties on the Consolidated Statements of Financial Position. At December 31, 2008 and September 30, 2008, we had margin deposits with derivative counterparties of \$36.9 million and \$132.1 million, respectively.

At September 30, 2009 and 2008, we determined that a portion of certain derivative contracts were ineffective for accounting purposes and, as a result, recorded a \$1.5 million charge and \$3.6 million charge to cost of sales, respectively. At September 30, 2009 and 2008, we excluded a portion of the loss on certain derivative contracts from the effectiveness assessment and, as a result, recorded a \$2.7 million credit and a \$5.2 million credit, respectively, to cost of sales.

The effective portion of gains and losses on derivative contracts that qualify for hedge treatment are carried as accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) (AOCI) and credited or charged to cost of sales in the month in which the hedged transaction settles. Gains and losses on the contracts that do not qualify for hedge treatment are credited or charged to cost of sales based on the positions—fair value. The risk and reward of outstanding natural gas positions are directly related to increases or decreases in natural gas prices in relation to the underlying NYMEX natural gas contract prices. All of our commodity derivatives are designated as cash flow hedging instruments. See Notes 1 and 5 to our audited consolidated financial statements included in our 2008 Annual Report on Form 10-K for additional information on our overall risk management strategies.

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The following table presents the effect of our commodity derivative instruments on the Consolidated Statement of Operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2009 and 2008.

			A	mount of C	Gain (Loss)				
Amoun	t of Gain			Reclassifi	ed from			Amount	of Gain
(Le	oss)	Location of Gain		AO	CI			(Lo	oss)
								Recogn	nized in
Recogniz	zed in OCI	(Loss) Reclassified		into Inc	come			Incor	ne (b)
C		from AOCI into		Sant 20	Sant 20	Location of Gain	S.a.	mt 20	Sant 20
Sept 30,	Sept 30,	Irom AOCI into	·	Sept 30,	Sept 30,	(Loss) Recognized in	se	pt 30,	Sept 30,
2009	2008	Income (a)		2009	2008	Income (b)	2	2009	2008
\$ (2,959)	\$ (226,284)	Cost of Sales	\$	(9,501)	\$ (27,055)	Cost of Sales	\$	1,224	\$ 1,608

Nine Months Ended

			Amount of C	Gain (Loss)					
			Reclassifi	ed from		Amount	of Gain		
Amoun	t of Gain	(Loss) Location of Gain	AO	AOCI		AOCI		(Lo	oss)
						Recogn	nized in		
Recogniz	ed in OCI	(Loss) Reclassified	into In	come		Incor	ne (b)		
Sept 30,	Sept 30,	from AOCI into	Sept 30,	Sept 30,	Location of Gain (Loss) Recognized in Income	Sept 30,	Sept 30,		
2009 \$ (40,268)	2008 \$ (194,585)	Income (a) Cost of Sales	2009 \$ (107,527)	2008 \$ 17,011	(b) Cost of Sales	2009 \$ 1,224	2008 \$ 1,608		

- (a) Effective portion of gain (loss)
- (b) The amount of gain or (loss) recognized in income represents \$(1.5) million and \$(3.6) million related to the ineffective portion of the hedging relationships and \$2.7 million and

\$5.2 million related to the amount excluded from the assessment of hedge effectiveness.

Approximately \$2.0 million of the net accumulated gain at September 30, 2009 will be reclassified into earnings during the next twelve months as compared to \$186.2 million of the net accumulated loss at September 30, 2008. At times, we also use forward derivative instruments, such as nitrogen solution contracts, to fix or set floor prices for a portion of our nitrogen sales volumes. At September 30, 2009, we had open nitrogen solution contracts. When outstanding, the nitrogen solution contracts do not qualify for hedge treatment due to inadequate trading history to demonstrate effectiveness. Consequently, these contracts are marked-to-market and unrealized gains or losses are reflected in revenue in the statement of operations. For both the three and nine month periods ending September 30, 2009, we recognized an unrealized loss of less than \$0.1 million on nitrogen forward derivative instruments. For the three and nine month periods ending September 30, 2008, there were no gains or losses on nitrogen forward derivative

7. Fair Value Measurements

instruments.

The Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures topic of the FASB Accounting Standards Codification establishes a three level hierarchal disclosure framework that prioritizes and ranks the level of market price observability used in measuring assets and liabilities at fair value. Market price observability is impacted by a number of factors, including the type of asset or liability and its characteristics. Assets and liabilities with readily available active quoted prices or for which fair value can be measured from actively quoted prices generally will have a higher degree of market price observability and a lesser degree of judgment used in measuring fair value.

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The three levels are defined as follows:

Level 1 inputs to the valuation methodology are unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets.

Level 2 inputs to the valuation methodology include quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets, and inputs that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly, for substantially the full term of the financial instrument.

Level 3 inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement.

We evaluated our assets and liabilities to determine which items should be disclosed according to the Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures topic of the FASB Accounting Standards Codification. We currently measure our money market funds and derivative contracts on a recurring basis at fair value. The fair value of our money market fund investments was determined based on quoted prices in active markets for identical assets. The inputs included in the fair value measurement of our derivative contracts use adjusted quoted prices from an active market, which are classified as level 2 as a significant other observable input in the disclosure hierarchy framework as defined by the Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures topic of the FASB Accounting Standards Codification. Our gas derivative contracts, which are classified as a level 2 input, are comprised of swaps, basis swaps and options. The valuation techniques for these contracts are observable market data for inputs, including prices quoted on the NYMEX, prices quoted in spot markets and commonly referenced industry publications and prices quoted by market makers. There have been no changes in valuation techniques during the quarter ended September 30, 2009.

The following table summarizes the valuation of Terra s assets and liabilities in accordance with the Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures topic of the Codification fair value hierarchy levels as of September 30, 2009:

(in thousands)	Pr A M	ed Market ices in active arkets evel 1)	Ob	gnificant Other eservable Inputs Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
Assets Money market funds Derivative contracts Total	\$	785,482 785,482	\$	8,869 8,869	\$ \$
Liabilities Derivative contracts Total	\$		\$ \$	(2,382) (2,382)	\$ \$

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The following table summarizes the valuation of Terra s assets and liabilities in accordance with the Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures topic of the Codification fair value hierarchy levels of December 31, 2008:

(in thousands)	oted Market Prices in Active Markets (Level 1)	O	ignificant Other bservable Inputs Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
Assets Money market funds Derivative contracts	\$ 755,501	\$	25,773	\$
Total	\$ 755,501	\$	25,773	\$
Liabilities				
Derivative contracts	\$	\$	(125,925)	\$
Total	\$	\$	(125,925)	\$

The following table summarizes the valuation of Terra s assets and liabilities in accordance with the Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures topic of the Codification fair value hierarchy levels of September 30, 2008:

(in thousands)	F	ted Market Prices in Active Markets Level 1)	O	ignificant Other bservable Inputs Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
Assets Money market funds Derivative contracts	\$	491,534	\$	30,685	\$
Total	\$	491,534	\$	30,685	\$
Liabilities Derivative contracts	\$		\$	(218,652)	\$
Total	\$		\$	(218,652)	\$

The following table represents the carrying amounts and estimated fair values of Terras financial instruments as of September 30, 2009 and 2008.

September 30, September 30, 2009 2008

(in millions)	Carrying Amount	Fair Value	Carrying Amount	Fair Value
Financial Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,000,810	\$ 1,000,810	\$ 680,666	\$ 680,666
Financial Liabilities				
Long-term debt	330,000	346,088	330,000	324,225
Preferred shares	483	1,680	2,027	5,983
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The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair value of each class of financial instrument:

Cash and receivables: The carrying amounts approximate fair value because of the short maturity of those instruments.

Long-term debt: The fair value of our long-term debt is estimated by discounting expected cash flows at the rates currently offered for debt of the same remaining maturities.

Preferred shares: Preferred shares are valued on the basis of market quotes, when available, and management estimates based on comparisons with similar instruments that are publicly traded.

Concentration of Credit Risk: We are subject to credit risk through trade receivables and short-term investments. Although a substantial portion of our debtors—ability to pay depends upon the agribusiness economic sector, credit risk with respect to trade receivables generally is minimized due to its geographic dispersion. Short-term cash investments are placed in short duration corporate and government debt securities funds with well-capitalized, high quality financial institutions.

Financial Instruments: At September 30, 2009, we had letters of credit outstanding totaling \$8.0 million, which guarantees various insurance and financing activities.

8. Preferred Shares

The components of preferred shares outstanding at September 30, 2009 and 2008:

	20	2009				2008		
(in thousands)	Number of shares		rrying ′alue	Number of shares		arrying Value		
Series A Preferred Shares (120,000 shares								
authorized, \$1,000 per share liquidation value)	500	\$	483	2,100	\$	2,027		
We had 500 shares of cumulative convertible perpetua	al Series A Pre	ferred	Shares wit	h a liquidation	value	of \$1,000		
per share outstanding at September 30, 2009 and 2	2,100 shares w	ith a l	iquidation	value of \$1,0	00 pe	r share at		
September 30, 2008. Cumulative dividends of \$10.625	per share are	payable	e quarterly.	. The Series A F	referr	ed Shares		
are not redeemable, but are convertible into our com-	non stock at th	ie ontid	on of the h	older for a con-	versio	n price of		

September 30, 2008. Cumulative dividends of \$10.625 per share are payable quarterly. The Series A Preferred Shares are not redeemable, but are convertible into our common stock at the option of the holder for a conversion price of \$9.96 per common share. The Series A shares may automatically be converted to common shares after December 20, 2009 if the closing price for our common shares exceeds 140% of the conversion price for twenty days within a consecutive thirty day period prior to such conversion. Upon the occurrence of a fundamental change to our capital structure, including a change of control, merger, or sale of Terra, holders of the Series A Preferred Shares may require us to purchase any or all of their shares at a price equal to their liquidation value plus any accumulated, but unpaid, dividends. We also have the right, under certain conditions, to require holders of the Series A Preferred Shares to exchange their shares for convertible subordinated debentures with similar terms.

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In the second half of 2008, we commenced offers (the inducement offers) to pay a cash premium to holders of the Series A Preferred Shares who elected to convert their Series A Preferred Shares into shares of Terra common stock. A total of 118,400 shares or 99% of the outstanding shares of Series A Preferred Shares were surrendered and converted as part of the inducement offers. The former holders of the Series A Preferred Shares received, in the aggregate, the following:

11.887.550 shares of Terra Industries common stock; and

A cash premium of approximately \$5.3 million

The \$5.3 million represents the difference between the fair value of all securities and other consideration transferred in the transaction to the preferred stockholders and the fair value of securities issuable pursuant to the original conversion terms of the Series A Preferred Shares less the costs related to the inducement offers.

In the third quarter of 2009, a total of 1,100 shares of the outstanding Series A Preferred Shares were surrendered and converted into 110,442 shares of Terra Industries common stock and no cash premium was paid.

9. Turnaround Costs

The following represents a summary of the deferred plant turnaround costs for the nine months ended September 30, 2009 and 2008:

	Turnaround						Currency					
	Ве	Beginning		Costs	Turnaround		Translation		Ending			
(in thousands)	Е	Balance Capitalize		pitalized	Amortization		Adjustments		Balance			
Period ended:												
September 30, 2009	\$	23,467	\$	22,710	\$	(18,496)	\$	319	\$	28,000		
September 30, 2008		42,190		9,290		(21,529)		(648)		29,303		

10. Accrued and Other Current Liabilities

Accrued and other current liabilities consisted of the following:

	September 30,			December 31,		eptember 30,
(in thousands)	2009		2008			2008
Payroll and benefit costs	\$ 15,138		\$	27,104	\$	21,517
Accrued CF defense costs		12,854				
Deferred tax liability current		5,630				6,413
Accrued property taxes		4,202		3,291		3,947
Accrued interest		3,972		9,748		3,970
Current accrued phantom shares		3,368		4,341		6,731
Deferred revenue		1,998		3,346		1,499
Accrued product on exchange						27,580
Income taxes payable				63,999		21,202
Other		15,010		15,941		20,183
	\$	62,172	\$	127,770	\$	113,042

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11. Other Liabilities

Other liabilities consisted of the following:

(in thousands)	September 30, 2009			December 31, 2008		September 30, 2008	
Unrecognized tax benefit	\$	40,711	\$	35,949	\$	33,560	
Long-term medical and closed facility reserve		23,849		23,887		24,529	
Long-term deferred revenue		9,364		10,488		10,863	
Accrued phantom shares		1,871		2,430		3,137	
Other		5,991		5,799		6,690	
	\$	81,786	\$	78,553	\$	78,779	

12. Equity Investments

North America

Our investment in North American companies that are accounted for on the equity method of accounting and included in operations consist of the following: (1) 50% ownership interest in Point Lisas Nitrogen Limited (PLNL), which operates an ammonia production plant in Trinidad, (2) 50% interest in an ammonia storage joint venture located in Houston, Texas and (3) 50% interest in a joint venture in Oklahoma CO₂ at our Verdigris nitrogen plant. These investments were \$119.0 million and \$144.4 million at September 30, 2009 and 2008, respectively. We include the net earnings of these investments as an element of income from operations because the investees operations provide additional capacity to our operations.

The combined results of operations and financial position of our North American equity method investments are summarized below:

(in thousands)		Three Months Ended September 30, 2009 2008				Nine Months Ended September 30, 2009 2008			
Condensed income statement information: Net sales	\$	42,041	\$	128,332	\$	121,456	\$	310,860	
Net income	\$	13,285	\$	46,642	\$	32,343	\$	109,563	
Terra s equity in earnings of unconsolidated affiliates	\$	6,106	\$	15,857	\$	10,880	\$	45,665	
(in thousands) Condensed balance sheet information: Current assets Long-term assets		S	Septer 30 200	,		eember 31, 008	Se	ptember 30, 2008	
		\$		19,307 51,542	\$	50,582 173,631	\$	94,886 177,882	
Total assets		\$	21	10,849	\$	224,213	\$	272,768	

Current liabilities Long-term liabilities Equity	\$ 20,400 21,887 168,562	\$ 20,212 19,380 184,621	\$ 53,457 14,766 204,545
Total liabilities and equity	\$ 210,849	\$ 224,213	\$ 272,768

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The carrying value of these investments at September 30, 2009 was \$34.7 million more than our share of the affiliates book value. The excess is attributable primarily to the step-up in basis for fixed asset values, which is being depreciated over a period of approximately fifteen years. Our equity in earnings of unconsolidated subsidiaries is different than our ownership interest in income reported by the unconsolidated subsidiaries due to deferred profits on intergroup transactions and amortization of basis differences.

We have transactions in the normal course of business with PLNL whereby we are obliged to purchase 50% of the ammonia produced by PLNL at current market prices. During the nine month periods ended September 30, 2009 and 2008, we purchased approximately \$57.3 million and \$135.7 million, respectively, of ammonia from PLNL.

We received \$25.1 million and \$55.4 million in distributions from our North American equity investments in the nine month periods ended September 30, 2009 and 2008, respectively.

United Kingdom

On September 14, 2007, we completed the formation of GrowHow UK Limited (GrowHow), a joint venture between Terra and Kemira GrowHow Oyj (Kemira). Pursuant to the joint venture agreement, we contributed our United Kingdom subsidiary Terra Nitrogen (UK) Limited to the joint venture for a 50% interest. Subsequent to the formation, we have accounted for our investment in GrowHow as a non-operating equity method investment. We do not include the net earnings of this investment as an element of income from operations since the investees—operations do not provide additional capacity to us, nor are its operations integrated with our supply chain in North America. The GrowHow joint venture includes the Kemira site at Ince and our former Teeside and Severnside sites.

In January 2008 GrowHow closed the Severnside manufacturing facility. Pursuant to the agreement with Kemira, we are responsible for any remediation costs required to prepare the Severnside site for disposal. As of September 30, 2009, we have incurred remediation costs of \$9.0 million. We anticipate total remediation costs to not exceed \$12.5 million. We have an option to purchase the Severnside land for a nominal amount at any time prior to sale. If we elect not to exercise this option, we are still entitled to receive the sales proceeds. We anticipate that the proceeds related to the sale of the Severnside land will exceed the total cost of reclamation of the site.

The Joint Venture Contribution Agreement specifies that we are entitled to receive a minimum balancing consideration payment of up to £60 million based on GrowHow s operating results for fiscal 2008 to 2010. Pursuant to agreements with Kemira, we received minimum balancing consideration and other payments totaling £12.0 million (\$18.7 million) during the first nine months of 2009. For the nine months ended September 30, 2008, we did not receive any balancing consideration payments. We also received \$27.4 million from GrowHow during 2008 for the refund of working capital contributions in excess of amounts specified in the Joint Venture Contribution Agreement. The carrying value of this equity method investment was \$134.4 million and \$238.2 million at September 30, 2009 and 2008, respectively.

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The results of operations and financial position of our equity method investment in GrowHow are summarized below:

(in thousands)		Three Months Ended September 30, 2009 2008				Nine Months Ended September 30, 2009 2008			
Condensed income statement information: Net sales	\$	144,705	\$	368,458	\$	361,257	\$	914,491	
Net income	\$	16,947	\$	86,803	\$	14,203	\$	184,902	
Terra s equity in earnings of unconsolidated affiliates	\$	4,945	\$	42,091	\$	2,457	\$	88,986	
		S	epter 30			ember 31,	Sej	otember 30,	
(in thousands)			200	9	2	800		2008	
Condensed balance sheet information:		\$	1.4	66,570	\$	212.002	\$	270 079	
Current assets Long-term assets		Ф		66,047		212,992 239,589	Ф	379,078 248,690	
Total assets		\$	43	32,617	\$	452,581	\$	627,768	
Current liabilities Long-term liabilities		\$		55,323 38,862	\$	86,471 132,754	\$	126,311 157,081	
Equity				38,432		233,356		344,376	
Total liabilities and equity		\$	43	32,617	\$	452,581	\$	627,768	

The carrying value of this investment at September 30, 2009 was \$15.2 million more than our share of GrowHow s book value. The excess is attributable primarily to the step-up in basis for fixed asset values, which is being depreciated over a period of approximately twelve years. Our equity earnings of GrowHow are different than our ownership interest in GrowHow s net income due to the amortization of basis differences.

13. Long-term Debt

Long-term debt consisted of the following:

(in thousands)	September 30, 2009			December 31, 2008		September 30, 2008	
Unsecured Senior Notes, 7.0% due 2017	\$	330,000	\$	330,000	\$	330,000	
Total long-term debt Less current maturities		330,000		330,000		330,000	
Total long-term debt	\$	330,000	\$	330,000	\$	330,000	

In 2007, Terra Capital, Inc. (TCAPI), a subsidiary of Terra Industries Inc., issued \$330 million of 7.0% Senior Notes due 2017 (2017 Notes). The 2017 Notes are unconditionally guaranteed by Terra and certain of its U.S. subsidiaries (the Guarantor Subsidiaries); see Note 17 herein. The 2017 Notes and guarantees are unsecured and rank equal in right of payment with any existing and future senior obligations of such guarantors. On September 24, 2009, TCAPI commenced a cash tender offer for any and all of its 2017 Notes; see Note 19 herein.

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The Indenture governing the 2017 Notes contains covenants that limit, among other things, our ability to: incur additional debt, pay dividends on common stock of Terra or repurchase shares of such common stock, make certain investments, sell assets outside the ordinary course of business, enter into transactions with affiliates, limit dividends or other payments by our restricted subsidiaries, enter into sale and leaseback transactions, engage in other businesses, sell all or substantially all of our assets or merge with or into other companies, and reduce our insurance coverage.

We are obligated to offer to repurchase the 2017 Notes upon a Change of Control (as defined in the Indenture) at a cash price equal to 101% of the aggregate principal amount outstanding at that time, plus accrued and unpaid interest to the date of purchase. The Indenture governing the 2017 Notes contains events of default and remedies customary for a financing of this type.

The \$200 million revolving credit facilities (the facilities) due 2012 are secured by substantially all of our working capital. Borrowing availability is generally based on 100% of eligible cash balances, 85% of eligible accounts receivable, 60% of eligible finished goods inventory and is reduced by outstanding letters of credit. These facilities include \$50 million available only for the use of Terra Nitrogen Company, L.P. (TNCLP), one of our consolidated subsidiaries. Borrowings under the revolving credit facilities will bear interest at a floating rate plus an applicable margin, which can be either a base rate, or, at our option, a London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR). At September 30, 2009, the LIBOR rate was 0.26%. The base rate is the highest of (1) Citibank, N.A. s base rate (2) the federal funds effective rate, plus one-half percent (0.50%) per annum and (3) the base three month certificate of deposit rate, plus one-half percent (0.50%) per annum, plus an applicable margin in each case. LIBOR loans will bear interest at LIBOR plus an applicable margin. The applicable margins for base rate loans and LIBOR loans were 0.50% and 1.75%, respectively, at September 30, 2009. The revolving facilities require an initial one-half percent (0.50%) commitment fee on the difference between committed amounts and amounts actually borrowed.

On October 9, 2009, we amended the facilities to allow for the consummation of certain transactions, including the aforementioned cash tender offer for any and all of the 2017 Notes; see Note 19 herein.

The facilities also require that there be no change of control related to Terra, such that no individual or group (within the meaning of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended) beneficially owns more than 35% of the outstanding voting shares of Terra. Such a change of control would constitute an event of default under the facilities. During 2009, CF has made a number of unsolicited proposals for a business combination with us. Such a business combination, if consummated, would constitute a change of control under both the facilities and the Indenture governing the 2017 Notes. See Notes 3 and 19 herein for additional information with respect to CF s unsolicited proposals.

At September 30, 2009, we had no outstanding revolving credit borrowings and \$8.0 million in outstanding letters of credit. The \$8.0 million in outstanding letters of credit reduced our borrowing availability to \$192.0 million at September 30, 2009. The facilities require that we adhere to certain limitations on additional debt, capital expenditures, acquisitions, liens, asset sales, investments, prepayments of subordinated indebtedness, changes in lines of business and transactions with affiliates. Under the \$150 million facility, if our consolidated borrowing availability falls below \$60 million, we are required to have achieved minimum operating cash flows or earnings before interest, income taxes, depreciation, amortization and other non-cash items (EBITDA) of \$60 million during the most recent four quarters. Under the \$50 million TNCLP facility, if our borrowing availability as computed for that facility falls below \$10 million, we are required to achieve EBITDA at TNCLP of \$25 million during the most recent four quarters. A default under the \$50 million facility results in a cross default to the \$150 million facility.

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14. Pension Plans

We maintain defined benefit and defined contribution pension plans that cover substantially all salaried and hourly employees. Benefits are based on a pay formula. The defined benefit plans—assets consist principally of equity securities and corporate and government debt securities. We also have certain non-qualified pension plans covering executives, which are unfunded. We accrue pension costs based upon annual actuarial valuations for each plan and fund these costs in accordance with statutory requirements.

The estimated components of net periodic pension expense follow:

	Three Months Ended			Nine Months Ended			
		Septem	ber 3	0,	Septem	ber 3	0,
(in thousands)		2009		2008	2009		2008
Service cost	\$	733	\$	778	\$ 2,199	\$	2,334
Interest cost		4,648		4,412	13,944		13,236
Expected return on plan assets		(4,701)		(4,516)	(14,103)		(13,548)
Amortization of prior service cost		(9)		(9)	(27)		(27)
Amortization of actuarial loss		162		468	486		1,404
Pension expense	\$	833	\$	1,133	\$ 2,499	\$	3,399

Cash contributions to the defined benefit pension plans for the three months ended September 30, 2009 and 2008 were \$0.5 million and \$0.5 million, respectively. Cash contributions to the defined benefit pension plans for the nine months ended September 30, 2009 and 2008 were \$1.3 million and \$1.4 million, respectively.

We also sponsor defined contribution savings plans covering most full-time employees. Contributions made by participating employees are matched based on a specified percentage of employee contributions. The cost of our contributions to these plans for the three month periods ended September 30, 2009 and 2008 were \$1.2 million and \$1.1 million, respectively. Contributions to these plans for the nine month periods ended September 30, 2009 and 2008 were \$3.5 million and \$3.1 million, respectively.

We provide health care benefits for certain U.S. employees who retired on or before January 1, 2002. Participant contributions and co-payments are subject to escalation. The plan pays a stated percentage of most medical expenses reduced for any deductible and payments made by government programs. These costs are funded as paid.

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15. Comprehensive Income

Comprehensive income attributable to Terra Industries Inc. and its components, net of tax, were as follows:

	Three Months Ended September 30,			Nine Months Ended September 30,				
(in thousands)		2009		2008		2009		2008
Net income before noncontrolling interest	\$	48,900	\$	187,159	\$	176,751	\$	528,672
Changes in cumulative foreign currency translation								
adjustment		(5,776)		(28,600)		24,491		(30,356)
Changes in market value of derivative financial								
instruments classified as cash flow hedges, net of								
tax		4,084		(154,543)		41,272		(107,923)
Comprehensive income before noncontrolling								
interest		47,208		4,016		242,514		390,393
Comprehensive income attributable to								
noncontrolling interest		(3,338)		(691)		(25,329)		(44,093)
-								
Comprehensive income attributable to Terra								
Industries Inc.	\$	43,870	\$	3,325	\$	217,185	\$	346,300

The following table reconciles equity attributable to the noncontrolling interest:

	Three Months Ended September 30,				Nine Months Ended September 30,			
(in thousands)		2009		2008		2009		2008
Noncontrolling interest, beginning of period	\$	102,682	\$	112,084	\$	104,082	\$	108,581
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interest		2,972		15,748		20,354		52,369
Distributions to noncontrolling interests		(10,240)		(16,743)		(33,631)		(56,642)
Changes in market value of derivative financial								
instruments classified as cash flow hedges, net of								
tax, attributable to the noncontrolling interest		366		(15,057)		4,975		(8,276)
Noncontrolling interest, end of period	\$	95,780	\$	96,032	\$	95,780	\$	96,032

16. Common Stockholders Equity

Terra allocates \$1.00 per share upon the issuance of common shares to the common share capital account. The common shares have no par value. On October 22, 2009, we declared a dividend of \$0.10 per common share, payable December 11, 2009 to shareholders of record as of November 23, 2009. In addition, on October 28, 2009, we declared a special cash dividend of \$7.50 per common share, payable December 11, 2009 to shareholders of record as of November 23, 2009; see Note 19 herein. Future dividends are necessarily dependent upon future earnings, capital requirements, general financial conditions, general business conditions, approval from our Board of Directors, compliance with covenants in our debt agreements and other factors.

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On May 6, 2008, the Board of Directors adopted a resolution for the repurchase of 12,841,717 shares, representing 14 percent of our then outstanding common stock. The stock buyback program commenced on May 7, 2008 and has been and will be conducted on the open market, in private transactions or otherwise at such times prior to June 30, 2010, and at such prices as we determine to be appropriate. Purchases may be commenced or suspended at any time without notice. As of September 30, 2009 there are 7,448,662 shares available to be repurchased under the plan. There were no share repurchases during the third quarter of 2009.

17. Guarantor Subsidiaries

Terra Industries Inc., excluding all majority owned subsidiaries (Parent), files a consolidated United States federal income tax return. Beginning in 1995, the Parent adopted the tax sharing agreements, under which all domestic operating subsidiaries provide for and remit income taxes to the Parent based on their pretax accounting income, adjusted for permanent differences between pretax accounting income and taxable income. The tax sharing agreements allocated the benefits of operating losses and temporary differences between financial reporting and tax basis income to the Parent.

Condensed consolidating financial information regarding the Parent, TCAPI, the Guarantor Subsidiaries and the subsidiaries of the Parent that are not guarantors of the 2017 Notes (the Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries) (see Note 13 herein for September 30, 2009; December 31, 2008; and September 30, 2008 are presented below for purposes of complying with the reporting requirements of the Guarantor Subsidiaries. The guarantees of the Guarantor Subsidiaries are full and unconditional. The Subsidiary issuer and the Guarantor Subsidiaries guarantees are joint and several with the Parent.

Guarantor Subsidiaries include: subsidiaries that own the Woodward, Oklahoma; Port Neal, Iowa; Yazoo City, Mississippi; and Beaumont, Texas plants; Terra Environmental Technologies; Terra Global Holding Company Inc., Terra Investment Fund I LLC, Terra Investment Fund II LLC, Terra (U.K.) Holdings Inc., and the corporate headquarters facility in Sioux City, Iowa. All Guarantor Subsidiaries are wholly owned by the Parent. All other company facilities are owned by Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries. In 2008, we declared the Beaumont, Texas facility as a discontinued operation and classified the facility as held for sale. In December 2008, the Beaumont, Texas facility was sold; see Note 18 herein.

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Condensed Consolidating Balance Sheet as of September 30, 2009:

(in thousands) Assets Cash and cash	Parent	TCAPI	Guarantor Subsidiaries	Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries	Eliminations	Consolidated
equivalents Accounts receivable, net Inventories, net	\$ 117	\$518,358	\$ 200,265 68,708 73,105	\$ 282,187 35,037 37,838	\$	\$ 1,000,810 103,862 110,943
Other current assets	44,676	1,571	4,558	18,096		68,091
Total current assets	44,793	519,929	346,636	373,158		1,284,516
Property, plant and equipment, net Equity method		6,037	306,912	122,493		435,442
investments Intangible assets, other			9,448	243,938		253,386
assets and deferred plant turnaround costs Investments in and advances to	1,816	6,273	33,665	16,280		58,034
(from) affiliates	1,386,749	109,527	2,958,553	424,428	(4,879,257)	
Total assets	\$ 1,433,358	\$ 641,766	\$ 3,655,214	\$ 1,180,297	\$ (4,879,257)	\$ 2,031,378
Liabilities Accounts payable Customer prepayments	\$ 143	\$	\$ 42,833 13,483	\$ 27,933 27,399	\$	\$ 70,909 40,882
Derivative hedge liabilities	1,298		92	992		2,382
Accrued and other current liabilities	18,018	3,327	29,245	11,582		62,172
Total current liabilities	19,459	3,327	85,653	67,906		176,345
Total current habilities	19,439	3,327	65,055	07,900		170,545
Long-term debt Deferred taxes Pension and other	78,531	330,000		4,204		330,000 82,735
liabilities	78,284	(518)	9,963	1,705		89,434
Total liabilities	176,274	332,809	95,616	73,815		678,514
Preferred Shares liquidation value of \$500	483					483

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Common Stockholders						
Equity						
Common stock	152,787		73	92,262	(92,335)	152,787
Paid-in capital	584,556	150,218	1,947,687	742,960	(2,840,865)	584,556
Accumulated other						
comprehensive loss	(114,741)			(91,406)	91,406	(114,741)
Retained earnings	633,999	140,027	1,534,770	362,666	(2,037,463)	633,999
Total stockholders equity	1,256,601	290,245	3,482,530	1,106,482	(4,879,257)	1,256,601
Noncontrolling interest		18,712	77,068			95,780
Total equity	1,256,601	308,957	3,559,598	1,106,482	(4,879,257)	1,352,381
Total liabilities and						
equity	\$ 1,433,358	\$ 641,766	\$ 3,655,214	\$ 1,180,297	\$ (4,879,257)	\$ 2,031,378

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Consolidating Statement of Operations for the three months ended September 30, 2009:

(in thousands) Revenues	Parent	TCAPI	Guarantor Subsidiaries	Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries	Eliminations	Consolidated
Product revenues Other income	\$	\$	\$ 217,572 941	\$ 128,207 326	\$	\$ 345,779 1,267
Total revenues			218,513	128,533		347,046
Cost and Expenses Cost of sales Selling, general and		84	173,566	107,971		281,621
administrative expenses Equity earnings of North	426	(1,853)	11,377	7,350		17,300
American affiliates			(345)	(5,761)		(6,106)
Total cost and expenses	426	(1,769)	184,598	109,560		292,815
Income (loss) from operations Interest income Interest expense	(426) 118 (465)	1,769 344 (6,213)	33,915 120 27,077	18,973 143 (27,161)		54,231 725 (6,762)
Income (loss) before						
income taxes and noncontrolling interest Income tax benefit	(773)	(4,100)	61,112	(8,045)		48,194
(provision) Equity earnings of	(1,314)	(5,726)	121	1,870		(5,049)
unconsolidated affiliates	48,015	58,414		4,945	(106,429)	4,945
Income from continuing operations net of tax Income from discontinued	45,928	48,588	61,233	(1,230)	(106,429)	48,090
operations net of tax			810			810
Net income before noncontrolling interest Less: Net income attributable to the	45,928	48,588	62,043	(1,230)	(106,429)	48,900
noncontrolling interest		573	2,399			2,972
Net income (loss) attributable to Terra Industries Inc.	\$ 45,928	\$ 48,015	\$ 59,644	\$ (1,230)	\$ (106,429)	\$ 45,928

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Consolidating Statement of Operations for the nine months ended September 30, 2009:

(in thousands) Revenues	Parent	TCAPI	Guarantor Subsidiaries	Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries	Eliminations	Consolidated
Product revenues Other income	\$	\$	\$ 678,482 2,834	\$ 537,998 988	\$	\$ 1,216,480 3,822
Total revenues			681,316	538,986		1,220,302
Cost and Expenses Cost of sales Selling, general and		250	525,225	395,793		921,268
administrative expenses Other operating expenses Equity earnings of North	1,781 14,260	(6,478)	29,477	24,994		49,774 14,260
American affiliates			(1,205)	(9,675)		(10,880)
Total cost and expenses	16,041	(6,228)	553,497	411,112		974,422
Income (loss) from operations Interest income Interest expense	(16,041) 118 (1,395)	6,228 1,749 (18,604)	127,819 928 76,070	127,874 905 (76,318)		245,880 3,700 (20,247)
Income (loss) before						
income taxes and noncontrolling interest Income tax benefit	(17,318)	(10,627)	204,817	52,461		229,333
(provision) Equity earnings of	3,594	(18,993)	(42,511)	2,061		(55,849)
unconsolidated affiliates	170,121	203,669		2,457	(373,790)	2,457
Income from continuing operations net of tax Income from discontinued	156,397	174,049	162,306	56,979	(373,790)	175,941
operations net of tax			810			810
Net income before noncontrolling interest Less: Net income	156,397	174,049	163,116	56,979	(373,790)	176,751
attributable to the noncontrolling interest		3,928	16,426			20,354
Net income attributable to Terra Industries Inc.	\$ 156,397	\$ 170,121	\$ 146,690	\$ 56,979	\$ (373,790)	\$ 156,397

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Consolidating Statement of Cash Flows for the nine months ended September 30, 2009:

(in thousands) Operating Activities	Parent	TCAPI	Guarantor Subsidiaries	Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries	Eliminations	Consolidated
Net income before noncontrolling interest Income from discontinued	\$ 156,397	\$ 174,049	\$ 163,116	\$ 56,979	\$ (373,790)	\$ 176,751
operations net of tax			810			810
Income from continuing operations net of tax Adjustments to reconcile income from continuing operations to net cash flows from operating activities: Depreciation and	156,397	174,049	162,306	56,979	(373,790)	175,941
amortization			41,331	21,796		63,127
Loss on sale of property, plant and equipment Deferred income taxes	(6,972)		767	33		800 (6,972)
Distributions in excess of (less than) equity earnings	(170,121)	(203,669)	200	2,313	373,790	2,513
Equity earnings of GrowHow UK Limited	, , ,	, , ,		(2,457)	,	(2,457)
Non-cash gain on derivatives Share-based	(1,224)					(1,224)
compensation	13,408					13,408
Amortization of intangible and other assets Change in operating assets and liabilities			5,314	1,552		6,866
continuing operations	3,404	34,055	(83,082)	(40,308)		(85,931)
Net cash flows from operating activities continuing operations Net cash flows from	(5,108)	4,435	126,836	39,908		166,071
operating activities discontinued operations			810			810
Net Cash Flows from Operating Activities	(5,108)	4,435	127,646	39,908		166,881
Investing Activities Capital expenditures and plant turnaround			(66,423)	(29,256)		(95,679)

expenditures			
Proceeds from the sale of			
property, plant and			
equipment	101		101
Distributions received			
from North American			
affiliates	470	11,212	11,682
Balancing consideration			
and other payments			
received from GrowHow			
UK Limited		18,700	18,700
Net Cash Flows from			
Investing Activities	(65,852)	656	(65,196)

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Consolidating Statement of Cash Flows (continued)

(in thousands) Financing Activities	Parent	TCAPI	Guarantor Subsidiaries	Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries	Eliminations	Consolidated
Preferred share dividends paid Common stock dividends	(51)					(51)
paid Common stock issuances	(29,912)					(29,912)
and vestings Change in investments and advances from	(7,213)					(7,213)
(to) affiliates	35,980	188,473	(118,820)	(105,633)		
Excess tax benefits from equity compensation plans	6,304					6,304
Distributions to noncontrolling interests		(6,264)	(27,367)			(33,631)
Net Cash Flows from Financing Activities	5,108	182,209	(146,187)	(105,633)		(64,503)
Effect of Exchange Rate Changes on Cash				(3,072)		(3,072)
Increase (decrease) in						
Cash and Cash Equivalents Cash and Cash		186,644	(84,393)	(68,141)		34,110
Equivalents at Beginning of Period		331,714	284,658	350,328		966,700
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Period	\$	\$ 518,358	\$ 200,265	\$ 282,187	\$	\$ 1,000,810

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Condensed Consolidating Balance Sheet as of December 31, 2008:

(in thousands) Assets	Parent	TCAPI	Guarantor Subsidiaries	Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries	Eliminations	Consolidated
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable, net Inventories, net Margin deposits with	\$ 9	\$ 331,714 74	\$ 284,658 73,358 111,295	\$ 350,328 56,949 85,796	\$	\$ 966,700 130,390 197,091
derivative counterparties Other current assets	23,807	36,945 10,440	13,596	13,495		36,945 61,338
Total current assets	23,816	379,173	482,907	506,568		1,392,464
Property, plant and equipment, net Equity method		6,037	288,449	108,827		403,313
investments Deferred plant			10,117	260,798		270,915
turnaround costs, intangible and other assets Investments in and	2,230	7,156	21,146	15,793		46,325
advances to (from) affiliates	1,252,608	94,331	3,103,568	588,172	(5,038,679)	
Total assets	\$ 1,278,654	\$ 486,697	\$ 3,906,187	\$ 1,480,158	\$ (5,038,679)	\$ 2,113,017
Liabilities Accounts payable Customer prepayments	\$ 205	\$ 62	\$ 70,473 58,922	\$ 29,153 52,670	\$	\$ 99,893 111,592
Derivative hedge liabilities	35,254	7,476	39,880	43,315		125,925
Accrued and other current liabilities	51,861	8,947	42,261	24,701		127,770
Total current liabilities	87,320	16,485	211,536	149,839		465,180
Long-term debt Deferred taxes Pension and other	51,770	330,000		9,673		330,000 61,443
liabilities	74,975		10,983	1,765		87,723
Total liabilities	214,065	346,485	222,519	161,277		944,346
	1,544					1,544

Preferred Shares

liquidation value of \$1,600

Con	nmon	Stoc	khol	ders

Equity						
Common stock	152,111		73	83,332	(83,405)	152,111
Paid-in capital	579,164	150,218	2,201,646	963,435	(3,315,299)	579,164
Accumulated other						
comprehensive loss	(175,529)			(170,574)	170,574	(175,529)
Retained earnings						
(accumulated deficit)	507,299	(30,094)	1,397,955	442,688	(1,810,549)	507,299
Total stockholders equity	1,063,045	120,124	3,599,674	1,318,881	(5,038,679)	1,063,045
Noncontrolling interest		20,088	83,994			104,082
Total equity 1,063,045		140,212	3,683,668	1,318,881	(5,038,679)	1,167,127
Total liabilities and						
equity	\$ 1,278,654	\$ 486,697	\$ 3,906,187	\$ 1,480,158	\$ (5,038,679)	\$ 2,113,017

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Condensed Consolidating Balance Sheet as of September 30, 2008:

(in thousands) Assets Cash and cash	Parent	TCAPI	Guarantor Subsidiaries	Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries	Eliminations	Consolidated
equivalents Accounts receivable, net Inventories, net Margin deposits with	\$	\$ 191,431 263	\$ 186,977 144,473 105,066	\$ 305,087 90,851 52,870	\$ (2,829) 17,984	\$ 680,666 235,587 175,920
derivative counterparties Other current assets Current assets held for sale discontinued	21,993	132,058 9,892	15,217	15,091		132,058 62,193
operations			45,607			45,607
Total current assets	21,993	333,644	497,340	463,899	15,155	1,332,031
Property, plant and equipment, net			290,637	116,400		407,037
Equity method investments Intangible assets, other			10,884	371,722		382,606
assets and deferred plant turnaround costs Investments in and advances to	6,732	7,450	24,151	29,066	(6,131)	61,268
(from) affiliates	1,181,107	131,684	2,802,502	757,030	(4,872,323)	
Total assets	\$ 1,209,832	\$ 472,778	\$ 3,625,514	\$ 1,738,117	\$ (4,863,299)	\$ 2,182,942
Liabilities Accounts payable Customer prepayments Derivative hedge	\$ 1,053	\$	\$ 73,982 91,821	\$ 49,103 103,218	\$	\$ 124,138 195,039
liabilities Accrued and other	117,435	11,593	7,971	81,653		218,652
current liabilities Current liabilities held	18,451	3,384	66,546	24,663	(2)	113,042
for sale discontinued operations			2,749			2,749
Total current liabilities	136,939	14,977	243,069	258,637	(2)	653,620
Long-term debt Deferred taxes Pension and other	37,242	330,000		14,153	1,740	330,000 53,135
liabilities	74,293	(510)	11,675	2,078	1,261	88,797

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Total liabilities	248,474	344,467	254,744	274,868 2,999		1,125,552	
Preferred Shares liquidation value of							
\$2,100	2,027						2,027
Common Stockholders							
Equity							
Common stock	154,866		73		32,458	(32,531)	154,866
Paid-in capital	625,058	150,218	2,128,311		1,050,476	(3,329,005)	625,058
Accumulated other comprehensive income							
(loss)	(174,183)				96,016	(96,016)	(174,183)
Retained earnings							
(accumulated deficit)	353,590	(40,667)	1,165,114		284,299	(1,408,746)	353,590
Total stockholders equity	959,331	109,551	3,293,498		1,463,249	(4,866,298)	959,331
Noncontrolling interest	,	18,760	77,272		,	, , , ,	96,032
Total equity	959,331	128,311	3,370,770		1,463,249	(4,866,298)	1,055,363
Total liabilities and							
equity	\$1,209,832	\$472,778	\$ 3,625,514	\$	1,738,117	\$ (4,863,299)	\$ 2,182,942

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Consolidating Statement of Operations for the three months ended September 30, 2008:

(in thousands) Revenues	Parent	TCAPI	uarantor bsidiaries	Guarantor osidiaries	El	iminations	Cor	nsolidated
Product revenues Other revenues	\$	\$	\$ 474,025 975	\$ 314,247 967	\$		\$	788,272 1,942
Total revenues			475,000	315,214				790,214
Cost and Expenses Cost of sales Selling, general and		84	384,115	194,111				578,310
administrative expenses Equity earnings of North	784	(3,459)	19,192	1,784				18,301
American affiliates			(15,857)					(15,857)
Total cost and expenses	784	(3,375)	387,450	195,895				580,754
Income (loss) from operations Interest income Interest expense Foreign currency gain (loss)	(784) (465) 13	3,375 2,434 (6,207)	87,550 1,212 (2) (13)	119,319 1,763 (99)				209,460 5,409 (6,773)
Income (loss) before income taxes and noncontrolling interest	(1,236)	(398)	88,747	120,983				208,096
Income tax benefit (provision)	411	(26,200)	(28,499)	(8,881)				(63,169)
Equity earnings of unconsolidated affiliates	172,236	201,873		42,091		(374,109)		42,091
Income from continuing operations net of tax Income from discontinued operations net of tax	171,411	175,275	60,248 141	154,193		(374,109)		187,018 141
Net income before noncontrolling interest Less: Net income attributable to the	\$171,411	\$ 175,275	\$ 60,389	\$ 154,193	\$	(374,109)	\$	187,159
noncontrolling interest		3,039	12,709					15,748
Net income attributable to Terra Industries Inc.	\$ 171,411	\$ 172,236	\$ 47,680	\$ 154,193	\$	(374,109)	\$	171,411

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Consolidating Statement of Operations for the nine months ended September 30, 2008:

(in thousands) Revenues Product revenues	Parent	TCAPI	Guarantor Subsidiaries \$ 1,308,594	Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries \$ 889,804	Eliminations	Consolidated \$ 2,198,398
Other revenues			7,040	2,577		9,617
Total revenues			1,315,634	892,381		2,208,015
Cost and Expenses Cost of sales Selling, general and		250	1,034,272	497,847		1,532,369
administrative expenses Equity earnings of North	2,194	(9,549)	39,301	26,292		58,238
American affiliates			(45,665)			(45,665)
Total cost and expenses	2,194	(9,299)	1,027,908	524,139		1,544,942
Income (loss) from operations Interest income Interest expense Foreign currency gain	(2,194) (1,395)	9,299 8,357 (18,633)	287,726 3,195 (5)	368,242 7,778 (554)		663,073 19,330 (20,587)
(loss)	13		(13)			
Income (loss) before income taxes and noncontrolling interest	(3,576)	(977)	290,903	375,466		661,816
Income tax benefit (provision)	1,385	(92,316)	(112,634)	(26,177)		(229,742)
Equity earnings of unconsolidated affiliates	478,494	581,894	(112,001)	88,986	(1,060,388)	88,986
Income from continuing operations net of tax Income from discontinued operations net of tax	476,303	488,601	178,269 7,612	438,275	(1,060,388)	521,060 7,612
Net income before noncontrolling interest	\$ 476,303	\$ 488,601	\$ 185,881	\$ 438,275	\$ (1,060,388)	\$ 528,672
Less: Net income attributable to the noncontrolling interest	7 0,000	10,107	42,262	¢ .33,273	, (2,000,000)	52,369
Net income attributable to Terra Industries Inc.	\$ 476,303	\$ 478,494	\$ 143,619	\$ 438,275	\$ (1,060,388)	\$ 476,303

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Consolidating Statement of Cash Flows for the nine months ended September 30, 2008:

(in thousands) Operating Activities	Parent	TCAPI	Guarantor Subsidiaries	Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries	Eliminations	Consolidated	
Net income before noncontrolling interest Income from	\$ 476,303	\$ 488,601	\$ 185,881	\$ 438,275	\$ (1,060,388)	\$ 528,672	
discontinued operations net of tax			7,612			7,612	
Income from continuing operations net of tax Adjustments to reconcile income from continuing operations to net cash flows from operating activities: Depreciation and	476,303	488,601	178,269	438,275	(1,060,388)	521,060	
amortization Loss on sale of property,			30,459	27,947		58,406	
plant and equipment Deferred income taxes Distributions in excess of	(51,772)		1,063	1,172		2,235 (51,772)	
(less than) equity earnings	(551,308)	232,259	(45,665)		367,238	2,524	
Equity earnings of GrowHow UK Limited Non-cash gain on				(88,986)		(88,986)	
derivatives Share-based	(1,610)					(1,610)	
compensation Amortization of	10,333					10,333	
intangible and other assets			3,694	2,499		6,193	
Change in operating assets and liabilities	(62,785)	(146,324)	(51,820)	(183,017)	181,578	(262,368)	
Net cash flows from operating activities continuing operations Net cash flows from operating activities	(180,839)	574,536	116,000	197,890	(511,572)	196,015	
discontinued operations			9,439			9,439	
Net Cash Flows from Operating Activities	(180,839)	574,536	125,439	197,890	(511,572)	205,454	
Investing Activities							

Capital expenditures and plant turnaround expenditures Distributions received from North American	(61,357)	(8,766)	(70,123)
affiliates	7,196		7,196
Contribution settlement received from GrowHow UK Limited Proceeds from the sale of property, plant and equipment	1,250	27,427 410	27,427 1,660
Net cash flows from investing activities continuing operations Net cash flows from investing activities discontinued operations	(52,911)	19,071	(33,840)
Net Cash Flows from Investing Activities	(52,911)	19,071	(33,840)

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Consolidating Statement of Cash Flows (continued)

(in thousands) Financing Activities	Parent	TCAPI	Guarantor Subsidiaries	Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries	Eliminations	Consolidated
Preferred share dividends paid	(3,825)					(3,825)
Inducement payment to preferred stockholders Common stock dividends	(5,248)					(5,248)
paid Common stock issuances	(18,299)					(18,299)
and vestings Change in investments	(9,839)					(9,839)
and advances from (to) affiliates Excess tax benefits from equity compensation	313,428	(438,962)	(96,054)	(818,671)	1,040,259	
plans Payments under share	12,122					12,122
repurchase program Distributions to	(107,500)					(107,500)
noncontrolling interests			(56,642)			(56,642)
Net cash flows from financing activities continuing operations Net cash flows from financing activities discontinued operations	180,839	(438,962)	(152,696)	(818,671)	1,040,259	(189,231)
Net Cash Flows from Financing Activities	180,839	(438,962)	(152,696)	(818,671)	1,040,259	(189,231)
Effect of Exchange Rate Changes on Cash				45		45
Increase (decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Period		135,574 55,857	(80,168) 267,145	(601,665) 906,752	528,687 (531,516)	(17,572) 698,238
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Period 18. Discontinued Operatio	\$ ns	\$ 191,431	\$ 186,977	\$ 305,087	\$ (2,829)	\$ 680,666
F						

On December 31, 2008, pursuant to a 2007 agreement, we sold our Beaumont, Texas assets, including the methanol and ammonia production facilities, to Eastman Chemical Company (Eastman). Consideration received, including cash and a Promissory Note from Eastman of \$5.2 million, approximated this facility s carrying value. The Promissory Note is due on December 31, 2009 bearing interest at a rate of 3.0% per annum.

Pursuant to the requirements of the Presentation of Financial Statements topic of the FASB Accounting Standards Codification, we classified and accounted for the Beaumont assets and liabilities as held for sale in the statements of financial position and the results of operations on a net of tax basis in the statement of operations. This guidance requires that assets held for sale are valued on an asset-by-asset basis at the lower of carrying amount or fair value less costs to sell. In applying those provisions, we considered cash flow analyses, and offers related to those assets. In accordance with the provisions of this guidance, assets for sale are not depreciated.

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Summarized Financial Results of Discontinued Operations

	Three Months Ended September 30,				Nine Months Ended September 30,			
(in thousands)	2009		2008		2009		2008	
Operating revenue	\$	1,348	\$	1,770	\$	1,348	\$	16,415
Operating and other expenses				(1,536)				(3,750)
Pretax income from operations of discontinued								
components		1,348		234		1,348		12,665
Income tax expense		(538)		(93)		(538)		(5,053)
Income from discontinued operations	\$	810	\$	141	\$	810	\$	7,612

The major classes of assets and liabilities held for sale and related to discontinued operations as of September 30, 2009, December 31, 2008 and September 30, 2008 are as follows:

(in thousands)	September 30, 2009	December 31, 2008	September 30, 2008		
Trade receivables Inventory Other current assets	\$	\$	\$	333 2,203 43,071	
Current assets	\$	\$	\$	45,607	
Accounts payable Other current liabilities	\$	\$	\$	739 2,010	
Current liabilities	\$	\$	\$	2,749	

19. Subsequent

Events

On October 9, 2009, we amended our \$200 million credit facilities to permit TCAPI s private offering of \$600 million aggregate principal amount of senior notes due 2019 (2019 Notes), the tender offer for TCAPI s 2017 Notes, the declaration of the special cash dividend and to increase our available basket permitting joint ventures which addresses the agreement with Agrium, Inc. (Agrium), all described in detail below. The amendments also provided for an increase in the commitment fee under the \$150 million facility from 0.50% to 0.75%, revised applicable margins and certain other covenant adjustments.

On October 19, 2009, we announced we had entered into an agreement to purchase a 50% interest in Agrium s Carseland, Alberta, Canada nitrogen production assets and certain U.S assets for a purchase price of approximately \$250 million. The closing of the acquisition is subject to certain closing conditions and contingencies, including the completion by Agrium of its acquisition of CF.

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On October 26, 2009, we announced the closing of the 2019 Notes offering. The 2019 Notes have an interest rate of 7.75% per annum and were issued at a price equal to 98.298% of their face value. The 2019 Notes were sold in a private offering that is exempt from the registration requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (Securities Act). The 2019 Notes are guaranteed on a senior unsecured basis by Terra and certain of its subsidiaries. Net proceeds related to the 2019 Notes offering were as follows:

Face value Discount Estimated fees	\$ 600.0 (10.2) (13.4)
Net proceeds	\$ 576.4

On October 27, 2009, we announced that TCAPI completed its previously announced cash tender offer and consent solicitation for its outstanding 2017 Notes. At the close of the tender offer, TCAPI received tenders from holders of approximately \$317.5 aggregate principle amount of the 2017 Notes, representing 96.2% of the then outstanding 2017 Notes. TCAPI funded the purchase of the 2017 Notes tendered with the proceeds of the 2019 Notes offering. Estimated loss on early retirement of debt, which will be recorded in the quarter ending December 31, 2009, was as follows:

Tender premium	\$ 48.8
Accelerated amortization of deferred financing fees	4.5
Estimated fees	0.3
Estimated loss on early retirement of debt	\$ 53.6

On October 28, 2009, we declared the previously announced special cash dividend of \$7.50 per common share, payable December 11, 2009 to stockholders of record as of November 23, 2009.

On November 1, 2009, CF sent a letter to Terra s Board of Directors reaffirming CF s intent to pursue a business combination with Terra and stating that CF would be prepared to enter into a negotiated merger agreement with Terra to acquire Terra for \$32.00 in cash (reduced by the \$7.50 per share special dividend declared by Terra) and 0.1034 of a CF common share for each Terra common share. On November 3, 2009, Terra s Board of Directors unanimously concluded that CF s proposal is inadequate, opportunistic and not in the best interests of Terra and its stockholders.

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ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

OVERVIEW

You should read the following discussion and analysis in conjunction with our Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements and the related Notes thereto contained in Part I, Item 1, of this report. The information contained in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q is not a complete description of our business or the risks associated with an investment in our common shares. We urge you to carefully review and consider the various disclosures made by us in this report and in our other reports filed with the SEC, including our Annual Report on Form 10-K and Form 10-K/A for the year ended December 31, 2008 and subsequent reports on Form 8-K, which discuss our business in greater detail.

The section entitled Risk Factors contained in Part II, Item 1A of this report, and similar discussions in our other SEC filings, describe some of the important risk factors that may affect our business, financial condition, results of operations and/or liquidity. You should carefully consider those risks, in addition to the other information in this report and in our other filings with the SEC.

INTRODUCTION

In this discussion and analysis, we explain our business in the following areas:

Business Strategy;

Recent Business Environment:

Results of Operations;

Liquidity and Capital Resources; and

Various Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures.

BUSINESS STRATEGY

We are a leading North American producer and marketer of nitrogen products made from natural gas. Terra is the largest producer of ammonia in the United States and the second largest producer in North America. We also operate production assets in Trinidad and the United Kingdom through joint venture agreements. Our six North American and our international production locations, along with a robust distribution capability, provide us with the ability to effectively serve key agricultural, industrial and environmental markets. Terra has an extensive history of operating as a public entity and managing complex corporate structures including master limited partnerships, joint ventures and corporate alliances. In fact, since the 1980 s, Terra has successfully integrated numerous large-scale value enhancing acquisitions that have contributed to our track record of strong cash flows over the business cycle.

Regarding the business cycle, the nitrogen products industry in which Terra operates has periods of oversupply during industry downturns that lead to capacity shutdowns or curtailments at the least cost-effective plants or at major import points such as the Gulf Coast. These shutdowns may be followed by supply shortages that result in higher selling prices and higher industry-wide production rates during any subsequent industry upturns. Higher selling prices can encourage capacity additions that ultimately lead to an oversupply of product, and the cycle repeats.

Successful companies in cyclical businesses, like nitrogen products, pursue conservative capital management and investment strategies. This enables them to weather industry downturns and continue to effectively serve their target markets cost-effectively throughout the business cycle.

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Our business strategy seeks to pursue profitable growth in the core, nitrogen-based agricultural products business as a scale operator in North America. We also seek to leverage our current business and manufacturing strength outside the core business in closely-adjacent market segments that help to assure long-term cash flow growth and tend to reduce volatility in earnings. Elements of this strategy include:

Development of products and markets for upgraded products made from ammonia such as UAN, our primary nitrogen fertilizer product, and TerraCair®, a liquid product for the treatment of diesel exhaust in automotive applications;

Expansion of our existing asset base to take advantage of logistical or feedstock advantages both domestically and internationally;

Management of North American and international assets to realize a rate of return that meets or exceeds our cost of capital throughout the business cycle;

Maintenance of our facilities to be safe, reliable and compliant with environmental regulations, cultivation of relationships with customers whose proximity to our facilities allows them to receive our product most economically, and close management of the supply chain to keep storage, transportation and other costs at an appropriate level; and

Continued evaluation of business opportunities in nitrogen markets and businesses that leverage Terra s core competencies in chemical manufacturing, distribution and product application.

RECENT BUSINESS ENVIRONMENT

Demand

Short term demand for nitrogen products indicates a delay in restocking of inventories in preparation of the 2010 spring planting season. Due to a late spring 2009 planting, coupled with unfavorable harvest conditions, harvesting is behind schedule leading to a delay in fall ammonia applications.

U.S. planted winter wheat acres are expected to decrease an estimated 2.5 to 3.0 million acres as a result of increased foreign production which increased the global wheat supply estimate for 2009/2010. Consequently, fewer acres will be double cropped much like the 2008/2009 season, where there was a switch from double cropping to full season single crops. However, overall crop acres available are expected to increase in the 2010 season, pending the release of the 3 million acres of land that are set to expire in the Conservation Reserve Program (CRP) and the return of 2 million acres in North Dakota that were not utilized in the 2009 season due to wet conditions. Depending on the economics present in the spring more acres could be allocated to corn in the 2010 planting season.

In addition, nitrogen demand is expected to benefit from the enactment of the 2010 Emission Standards of the 1990 Amendments to the Clean Air Act which requires diesel powered vehicles to achieve near-zero emissions of nitrogen oxides on January 1, 2010. In preparation of the new emission standard, truck manufacturing customers will utilize TerraCair Ultrapure® Diesel Exhaust Fluid (TerraCair DEF) for their Selective Catalytic Reduction (SCR) equipped vehicles.

An expected increase in long term demand for nitrogen products is supported by the global grain supply. The ending corn stocks to use ratio for the 2008/2009 planting season was estimated to be 14% by the USDA World Agriculture Supply and Demand Estimates (WASDE) September 2009 report, which is a historically low level. Historically, the corn ending stock ratio is approximately 22%. Expected bumper yields in 2009 did not refute this estimate as the US corn use also is projected higher, on a higher expected use for sweeteners resulting from tight sugar supplies. Furthermore, the expected increased demand for corn is supported by the long term outlook for an increased demand for food, seed, industrial markets, increased ethanol demand and higher expected exports. The United Nations Food and Agriculture Organization estimates a 70% increase of food production is needed to meet the populations growing needs by 2050. Pursuant to its September 2009 report, WASDE expects corn prices for 2009 to 2010 to be between \$3.05 and \$3.65 per bushel, with 2010 corn futures increasing from \$3.80 to \$3.90 in recent weeks.

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Supply

Imports are a major factor in the nitrogen products supply picture, as they account for over half of the total North American nitrogen supply, with the levels varying among the various products. Products containing the highest percentage of nitrogen by weight are the most economical to ship, thus make up the greatest share of those imports. Most producers exporting nitrogen products into North America can afford to do so because they are manufacturing product with cheaper gas than that which is available to North American producers. European and Commonwealth of Independent States (CIS) producers have their own variable gas cost dynamics and we do not expect these producers will be able to consistently export nitrogen products at lower costs than North American producers.

In an effort to maintain inventory at acceptable levels, certain North American production has been curtailed during 2009. Imports have declined as a result of the sluggish demand due to poor import economics during 2009. Currently, the inventory channels are returning to balanced market conditions as a result of the corrective actions in demand and production experienced in the first nine months of 2009. Global ammonia prices and domestic natural gas prices are approaching levels that will encourage Ukrainian and other non advantaged gas producers to restart production.

Natural Gas Costs

As a result of the economic slowdown, natural gas consumption has declined in the industrial sectors, driving near term prices below \$4 per MMBtu as of September 30, 2009. The October NYMEX contract closed at \$3.73 per MMBtu compared to \$2.84 and \$3.38, respectively, for September and August contracts. Natural gas prices have recently begun to reflect seasonal adjustments, though U.S. natural gas inventories are at record high levels.

The following is an average NYMEX forward natural gas price for the succeeding twelve month period noted for the respective dates:

	Sep	tember	Dec	ember					Se	eptember	
		30,		31,	Ma	rch 31,	Ju	ne 30,		30,	
(in \$ per MMBtu)	in \$ per MMBtu)		2	2008		2009		2009		2009	
-	\$	7.90	\$	6.09	\$	4.69	\$	5.09	\$	5.72	

During the third quarter of 2009, natural gas prices decreased 28% from September 30, 2008. Generally, as customers place advance orders we secure the prices for the natural gas required to produce the inventory to satisfy these orders.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Consolidated Results

We reported for the first nine months of 2009 net income of \$156.4 million on revenues of \$1.2 billion compared with 2008 first nine month net income of \$476.3 million on revenues of \$2.2 billion. The decrease in net income and revenue for the first nine months of 2009 is due to lower overall nitrogen prices, lower ammonia and UAN sales volumes, as well as lower equity earnings. Diluted income per share for the nine months ended September 30, 2009 was \$1.57 compared with \$4.54 for the nine months ended September 30, 2008.

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The following table shows the results of operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2009 and 2008 (certain percentages that are not considered to be meaningful are represented by NM):

(in millions except per share data) Net sales Cost of goods sold	hree Mon Septem 2009 347.0 281.6	ber		Quarter to 2009 20 Change I (443.2) (296.7)	008 Percent	2	ine Mont Septemb 2009 ,220.3 921.3	ber \$		\$ Year to D 2009-200 Change (987.7) (611.1)	
Gross margin Gross margin percentage	65.4 18.8%		211.9 26.8%	(146.5) -8.0%	-69% -30%		299.0 24.5%		675.6 30.6%	(376.6) -6.1%	-56% -20%
Selling, general and administrative expenses Other operating expenses Equity in earnings of North	17.3		18.3	(1.0)	-5% 0%		49.8 14.3		58.2	(8.4) 14.3	-14% 0%
American affiliates	(6.1)		(15.9)	9.8	-62%		(10.9)		(45.7)	34.8	-76%
Income from operations Interest income (expense), net	54.2 (6.0)		209.5 (1.4)	(155.3) (4.6)	-74% 329%		245.8 (16.5)		663.1 (1.3)	(417.3) (15.2)	-63% 1169%
Income before income taxes, noncontrolling interest and equity earnings (loss) of GrowHow UK											
Limited	48.2		208.1	(159.9)	-77%		229.3		661.8	(432.5)	-65%
Income tax provision Equity earnings (loss) of	(5.0)		(63.2)	58.2	-92%		(55.8)		(229.7)	173.9	-76%
GrowHow UK Limited	4.9		42.1	(37.2)	NM		2.5		89.0	(86.5)	NM
Income from continuing											
operations, net of tax Income from discontinued	48.1		187.0	(138.9)	-74%		176.0		521.1	(345.1)	-66%
operations, net of tax	0.8		0.1	0.7	700%		0.8		7.6	(6.8)	-89%
Net income before noncontrolling interest	48.9		187.1	(138.2)	-74%		176.8		528.7	(351.9)	-67%
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interest	3.0		15.7	(12.7)	-81%		20.4		52.4	(32.0)	-61%
Net income attributable to Terra Industries Inc.	\$ 45.9	\$	171.4	\$ (125.5)	-73%	\$	156.4	\$	476.3	\$ (319.9)	-67%
Diluted earnings per share Weighted average diluted shares	\$ 0.46	\$	1.64	(1.18)	-72%	\$	1.57	\$	4.54	(2.97)	-65%
outstanding The following table shows a	100,029		104,605	(4,576.0)	-4%		99,956		104,851	(4,895.0)	-5%

The following table shows sales volumes and prices and natural gas cost for the three months ended September 30, 2009 and 2008:

	2009	20	800
Sales	Average	Sales	Average

(quantities in thousands of tons)	Volumes	Unit Price ⁽¹⁾		Volumes	Unit Price(1)	
Ammonia	413	\$	245	392	\$	598
UAN 32% basis	928	\$	142	1,055	\$	349
Urea ⁽²⁾	63	\$	298	67	\$	520
Ammonium nitrate ⁽³⁾	241	\$	171	251	\$	341
Natural gas cost ⁽⁴⁾		\$	3.70		\$	9.94

- (1) After deducting \$41.5 million and \$45.5 million outbound freight costs for 2009 and 2008, respectively.
- (2) Urea sales
 volumes and
 prices include
 granular urea
 and urea
 solutions data.
- (3) Ammonium
 nitrate sales
 volumes and
 prices include
 agricultural
 grade AN,
 industrial grade
 AN and
 ammonium
 nitrate solution
 (ANS).
- (4) Per MMBtu. Includes all transportation and other logistical costs and any gains or losses on financial derivatives related to North American natural gas purchases. Net costs of derivatives for the third quarter

of 2009 and 2008 were \$9.5 million and \$27.1 million. Excluding the impact of 2009 hedge costs, natural gas cost was \$3.35 per MMBtu for the 2009 third quarter.

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The following table shows sales volumes and prices and natural gas cost for the nine months ended September 30, 2009 and 2008:

	2009			2008		
	Sales	Average		Sales	Average	
(quantities in thousands of tons)	Volumes	Unit Price ⁽¹⁾		Volumes	Unit Price ⁽¹⁾	
Ammonia	1,177	\$	314	1,303	\$	532
UAN 32% basis	2,361	\$	214	3,072	\$	326
Urea ⁽²⁾	215	\$	309	202	\$	466
Ammonium nitrate ⁽³⁾	650	\$	204	761	\$	305
Natural gas cost ⁽⁴⁾		\$	4.98		\$	8.74

- (1) After deducting \$111.8 million and \$124.5 million outbound freight costs for 2009 and 2008, respectively.
- (2) Urea sales
 volumes and
 prices include
 granular urea
 and urea
 solutions data.
- (3) Ammonium nitrate sales volumes and prices include agricultural grade AN, industrial grade AN and ammonium nitrate solution (ANS).
- (4) Per MMBtu.
 Includes all
 transportation
 and other
 logistical costs
 and any gains or
 losses on
 financial
 derivatives

American natural gas purchases. Net costs of derivatives for the first nine months of 2009 were \$107.5 million. Excluding the impact of 2009 hedge costs, natural gas cost was \$3.60 per MMBtu for the 2009 first nine months. The net benefit of derivatives for the first nine months of 2008 was \$17.0 million.

related to North

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS QUARTER ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2009 COMPARED WITH QUARTER ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

Our net sales for the third quarter of 2009 were \$347.0 million, a decline of \$443.2 million or 56% from the third quarter of 2008 net sales of \$790.2 million. Sales price declines contributed 84% (\$370.1 million) of the revenue decline, while sales volumes decreased revenues by 16% (\$73.1 million).

Several factors contributed to the decrease in product price and volume. During the third quarter of 2009, dealers utilized existing inventory and maintained lower inventory levels pending the finalization of their spring 2010 order book, unlike the third quarter of 2008 where product was committed to and purchased in advance of firm orders. Unfavorable harvest conditions across the corn belt have delayed farmers which in turn have delayed the normal fall ammonia application. Other uncertainties including crop and nutrient price have added to the cautious buying behavior of growers. Additionally, the economic downturn continues to negatively affect industrial customers. Our environmental urea sales experienced a decline in demand during the third quarter of 2009 as favorable natural gas prices reduced the use of coal fired generation in favor of less expensive natural gas generation. Urea is used as a reagent to reduce nitrogen oxide (NOx) emissions from coal fired generation plants.

In order to effectively manage inventory levels in the third quarter, aggregate production rates were reduced to 91% and the Donaldsonville, Louisiana facility curtailed production from July 1st to August 5th of 2009. The fixed costs associated with this curtailment were \$3.1 million. During the third quarter of 2009 our Verdigris, Oklahoma facility performed a turnaround at one of their ammonia, UAN, and nitric acid plants. The period costs associated with the turnaround were \$4.0 million during the third quarter of 2009.

Our gross margin was \$65.4 million in the third quarter of 2009 compared to \$211.9 million in the third quarter of 2008. Gross margin decreased as a percentage of sales to 18.8% from 26.8%. The gross margin percentage includes a 63% decrease in natural gas costs for the third quarter of 2009. The third quarter natural gas unit costs, net of forward pricing gains and losses, declined from \$9.94 per MMBtu in 2008 to \$3.70 per MMBtu in 2009. Lower natural gas costs helped to reduce production costs by \$171.4 million in the third quarter of 2009, when compared to the third quarter of 2008.

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We enter into forward sales commitments by utilizing forward pricing and prepayment programs with customers. We use derivative instruments to hedge a portion of our natural gas requirements. The use of these derivative instruments is designed to hedge exposure to natural gas price fluctuations for production required for forward sales estimates. The net cost of derivatives for the third quarter of 2009 and 2008 was \$9.5 million and \$27.1 million, respectively. Excluding the impact of the hedge cost, natural gas cost was \$3.35 per MMBtu in the third quarter of 2009.

Selling, General and Administrative Costs and Other Operating Expenses

Selling, general and administrative (SG&A) costs decreased \$1.0 million in the third quarter of 2009 compared to the third quarter of 2008 primarily due to a decrease in bonus and restricted stock compensation expense, and a decrease in contracted and professional services, offset by an increase in phantom stock compensation expense resulting from a 43% appreciation in the market value of our stock price during the three months ended September 30, 2009.

Equity Earnings of Unconsolidated Affiliates North America

We recorded income of \$6.1 million from our North American equity investments in the third quarter of 2009 as compared to \$15.9 million in the third quarter of 2008. In addition, we also received cash distributions of \$4.5 million from our North American equity investments in 2009 as compared to \$14.5 million in 2008. The decrease in the third quarter results is primarily due to the decrease in Gulf ammonia pricing which affects the results of our Point Lisas facility, as compared to the third quarter of 2008.

Equity Earnings of Unconsolidated Affiliates GrowHow

We recorded income of \$4.9 million from GrowHow for the third quarter ended September 30, 2009 as compared to income of \$42.1 million for the quarter ended September 30, 2008. The decrease was attributed to a decrease in sales volumes and prices of 13% and 48%, respectively, offset by a 66% decrease in natural gas costs. During the third quarter of 2009, we received balancing consideration and other payments from GrowHow of \$10.8 million.

Noncontrolling Interests

Noncontrolling interest represents third-party interests in the earnings of the publicly held common units of TNCLP. The 2009 and 2008 amounts are directly related to TNCLP earnings which decreased in 2009 as compared to 2008. During the first quarter of 2008, the cumulative shortfall of the Minimum Quarterly Distribution was satisfied which entitled us to increased income allocations as provided for in the TNCLP Partnership Agreement. The current quarter noncontrolling interest balance reflects the impact of these adjusted income allocations. Our increased income allocation attributed to our General Partner interest was \$1.3 million for the quarter ended September 30, 2009, as compared to \$10.5 million for the quarter ended September 30, 2008.

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Income Taxes

Our income tax expense for the third quarter of 2009 and 2008 was \$5.0 million and \$63.2 million, respectively. The effective tax rate was 10.1% in the quarter ended September 30, 2009. During the third quarter of 2009, we completed the preparation and filing of our 2008 U.S. federal income tax return and recorded adjustments which reduced our effective tax rate for the quarter ended September 30, 2009 by 16.1%. Excluding the effects of the adjustments, our effective tax rate would have been 26.2%. The 26.2% rate reflects the reorganization of Terra s subsidiary operations during the fourth quarter of 2008 and expected utilization of state and federal tax credits. The effective tax rate was 26.9% for the quarter ended September 30, 2008 which reflects income in foreign jurisdictions with lower statutory tax rates compared to the United States as well as the utilization of federal and sate tax credits to reduce the estimated tax liability.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2009 COMPARED WITH NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

Our net sales for the first nine months of 2009 were \$1.2 billion, a decline of \$987.7 million or 45% from the first nine months of 2008 net sales of \$2.2 billion. Sales price reductions contributed 62% (\$610.5 million) of the revenue decline, while sales volume reductions decreased revenues by 38% (\$377.2 million).

The year over year decline in ammonia, UAN, and ammonium nitrate sales volumes reflects the continuing trend of delayed purchasing to replenish inventories and a reduction in planted corn acreage for the 2008/2009 season. This cautionary behavior is a result of inventory channel corrections residual of the 2007/2008 fertilizer season in addition to current economic conditions which have driven a conservative approach to capital management.

In response to reduced product movement, we continue to match our production to market demand, in 2009 aggregate production rates were reduced to 85% and production was curtailed at our Donaldsonville, Louisiana and Woodward, Oklahoma facilities at different times throughout the year. The fixed costs associated with these curtailments were \$21.2 million. During 2009 several of our facilities have performed turnarounds. The period costs associated with the facilities being offline were \$12.5 million for the nine months ending September 30, 2009.

Our gross margin was \$299.0 million in the first nine months of 2009 compared to \$675.6 million in the first nine months of 2008, and decreased as a percentage of sales to 24.5% from 30.6%. The gross margin percentage movement reflects a 43% decrease in natural gas costs. The first nine months of 2009 natural gas unit costs, net of forward pricing gains and losses, decreased from \$8.74 per MMBtu in 2008 to \$4.98 per MMBtu in 2009. Lower natural gas costs due to reduced demand and ample supplies helped to decrease production costs by \$291.9 million for the nine months ending September 30, 2009, when compared to the nine months ending September 30, 2008.

We enter into forward sales commitments by utilizing forward pricing and prepayment programs with customers. We use derivative instruments to hedge a portion of our natural gas requirements. The use of these derivative instruments is designed to hedge exposure to natural gas price fluctuations for production required for forward sales estimates. The net cost of derivatives for the first nine months of 2009 was \$107.5 million as compared to the net benefit of derivatives for the first nine months of 2008 of \$17.0 million. Excluding the impact of the hedge cost, natural gas cost was \$3.60 per MMBtu in the first nine months of 2009.

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Selling, General and Administrative Costs and Other Operating Expenses

Selling, general and administrative costs decreased \$8.4 million in the first nine months of 2009 compared to the first nine months of 2008 primarily due to a decrease in bonus and restricted stock compensation expense, and a decrease in contracted and professional services, offset by an increase in phantom stock compensation expense resulting from an appreciation in the market value of our stock price during the nine months ended September 30, 2009. Other operating expenses of \$14.3 million represents costs associated with the unsolicited exchange offer by CF, of which \$1.7 million was previously reported in SG&A in the first quarter of 2009.

Equity Earnings of Unconsolidated Affiliates North America

We recorded income of \$10.9 million from our North American equity investments in the first nine months of 2009 as compared to \$45.7 million in the first nine months of 2008. In addition, we also received cash distributions of \$25.1 million from our North American equity investments in 2009 as compared to \$55.4 million in 2008. The decrease in the first nine month results is primarily due to the decrease in Gulf ammonia pricing which affects the results of our Point Lisas facility, as compared to the first nine months of 2008.

Equity Earnings of Unconsolidated Affiliates GrowHow

We recorded income of \$2.5 million from GrowHow for the first nine months ended September 30, 2009 as compared to income of \$89.0 million for the first nine months ended September 30, 2008. The decrease is primarily due to a 29% decrease in sales volumes and a 28% decrease in sales price, partially offset by a 58% decrease in natural gas cost in the first nine months of 2009 compared to the first nine months of 2008. During the first nine months of 2009, we received balancing consideration and other payments from GrowHow of \$18.7 million in the first nine months of 2009.

Noncontrolling Interests

Noncontrolling interest represents third-party interests in the earnings of the publicly held common units of TNCLP. The 2009 and 2008 amounts are directly related to TNCLP earnings which decreased in 2009 as compared to 2008. During the first nine months of 2008, the cumulative shortfall of the Minimum Quarterly Distribution was satisfied which entitled us to increased income allocations as provided for in the TNCLP Partnership Agreement. The current nine months noncontrolling interest balance reflects the impact of these adjusted income allocations. Our increased income allocation attributed to our General Partner interest was \$10.7 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2009, as compared to \$26.1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2008.

Income Taxes

Our income tax expense for the first nine months of 2009 and 2008 was \$55.8 million and \$229.7 million, respectively. The effective tax rate was 26.4% in the nine months ended September 30, 2009. During the third quarter of 2009, we completed the preparation and filing of our 2008 U.S. federal income tax return and recorded adjustments which reduced our effective tax rate for the nine months ended September 30, 2009 by 3.8%. Excluding the effects of the adjustments, our effective tax rate would have been 30.2%. The 30.2% rate reflects the reorganization of Terra s subsidiary operations during the fourth quarter of 2008 and expected utilization of state and federal tax credits. The effective tax rate was 32.9% for the first nine months of 2008 which reflects income in foreign jurisdiction with lower statutory tax rates compared to the United States as well as the utilization of federal and state tax credits to reduce the estimated tax liability.

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LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Our primary uses of cash and cash equivalents were to fund our working capital requirements, make payments for plant turnarounds and capital expenditures, common stock dividends and make distributions to noncontrolling interests. The principal sources of funds were cash flows from operations and funds received from GrowHow, our 50% owned joint venture, and distributions received from our North American equity investments. Cash and cash equivalents were \$1,001 million at September 30, 2009. During the first nine months of 2009 cash and cash equivalents increased \$34.1 million.

Debt Refinancing, Special Dividend Declaration and Carseland Acquisition

On September 24, 2009, we announced plans to return an aggregate of approximately \$750 million in cash to shareholders through a special cash dividend of \$7.50 per common share. On October 28, 2009, we declared the special cash dividend of \$7.50 per common share, payable December 11, 2009 to shareholders of record as of November 23, 2009.

Also on September 24, 2009, TCAPI commenced a cash tender offer for any and all of its outstanding 7% senior notes due 2017, and a solicitation of consents to eliminate substantially all of the restrictive covenants and certain events of default and to modify certain other provisions of the indenture governing the 2017 Notes. On October 27, 2009, TCAPI announced that it had completed its tender offer and received tenders from holders of approximately \$317.5 aggregate principal amount of the 2017 Notes, representing approximately 96.2% of the outstanding 2017 Notes.

On October 26, 2009, TCAPI issued \$600 million aggregate principal amount of senior notes due 2019. The 2019 Notes have an interest rate of 7.75% per annum and were issued at a price equal to 98.298% of their face value. The 2019 Notes were sold in a private offering that is exempt from the registration requirements of the Securities Act and are guaranteed on a senior unsecured basis by Terra and certain of its subsidiaries.

We will use the net proceeds of the 2019 Notes offering and available cash to purchase the tendered 2017 Notes and fund the special cash dividend, per the following table:

Sources			Uses		
(dollars in millions)					
2019 Notes, less discount	\$	589.8	Special cash dividend	\$	750.0
Estimated decrease in cash on hand		540.2	Repay 2017 Notes		317.5
			Tender premium for 2017 Notes		48.8
			Fees and expenses		13.7
Total sources	\$	1,130.0	Total uses	\$	1,130.0

On October 19, 2009, we announced we had entered into an agreement to purchase a 50% interest in Agrium s Carseland, Alberta, Canada nitrogen production assets and certain U.S assets for a purchase price of approximately \$250 million. The closing of the acquisition is subject to certain closing conditions and contingencies, including the completion by Agrium of its acquisition of CF.

We recently amended our revolving credit facilities to allow for the consummation of the transactions referred to above. See Note 19 to our unaudited consolidated financial statements included herein.

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Cash Flows

The following table summarized our cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities for the nine month period ended September 30, 2009 and 2008:

	Nine Months Ended September 30,				
(\$ in millions)	,	2009		2008	
Operating activities	\$	166.9	\$	205.5	
Investing activities		(65.2)		(33.9)	
Financing activities		(64.5)		(189.2)	
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash		(3.1)			
Increase in cash and cash equivalents	\$	34.1 \$		(17.6)	

Operating Activities

Our cash flows from operating activities were \$166.9 million during the first nine months of 2009. The \$166.9 million is comprised of \$252.0 million from operations offset by \$85.9 million from changes in our working capital accounts. The \$252.0 million includes \$176.8 million of net income before noncontrolling interest, adjusted for non-cash expenses. The significant non-cash expenses incurred include \$63.1 million of depreciation of property, plant and equipment and amortization of deferred plant turnaround costs, \$13.4 million of share-based compensation, offset by \$7.0 million of deferred income taxes.

Included in the September 30, 2009 cash and cash equivalents balance of \$1.0 billion is \$40.9 million of customer prepayments for the selling price and delivery costs of products that we expect to ship during the next six months, as compared to the September 30, 2008 cash and cash equivalents balance of \$680.7 million which included \$195.0 million of customer prepayments.

Investing Activities

Our investing activities used cash of \$65.2 million during the first nine months of 2009. The primary use of cash was related to \$73.0 million of property, plant and equipment purchases for our operations and \$22.7 million for turnaround activities. The primary sources of cash were related to the \$18.7 million balancing consideration and other payments received from GrowHow. We also received \$11.7 million in distributions from our North American equity investments above the equity earnings.

We estimate our annual 2009 sustaining capital expenditures and turnaround costs will total \$75 million to \$80 million dollars. We also estimate our Woodward UAN expansion will require \$70 million to \$80 million dollars. In the aggregate, we estimate our 2009 capital and turnaround spending will be in the range of \$145 million and \$160 million dollars.

Financing Activities

Our financing activities used cash of \$64.5 million during the first nine months of 2009. The primary use of cash related to \$33.6 million of distributions to the noncontrolling interest holders of TNCLP and common stock dividends of \$29.9 million.

Our current share buyback program extends through June 2010 and we have 7.4 million shares available to purchase under the authorization. There were no buybacks during the first nine months of 2009. The stock buyback program will be conducted on the open market, in private transactions or otherwise at such times prior to June 30, 2010, and at such prices as we determine to be appropriate.

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Long-term Debt and Revolving Credit Facilities

TCAPI has 7% senior notes due 2017, of which an aggregate amount of \$330.0 million was outstanding as of September 24, 2009. On September 24, 2009, TCAPI commenced a cash tender offer for any and all of its 2017 Notes. On October 27, 2009, TCAPI announced that it had completed its tender offer and received tenders from holders of approximately \$317.5 aggregate principal amount of the 2017 Notes, representing approximately 96.2% of the outstanding 2017 Notes.

On October 26, 2009, TCAPI issued \$600 million aggregate principal amount of senior notes due 2019. The 2019 Notes have an interest rate of 7.75% per annum and were issued at a price equal to 98.298% of their face value. The 2019 Notes are guaranteed on a senior unsecured basis by Terra and certain of its subsidiaries.

We have entered into revolving credit facilities with a group of banks totaling \$200.0 million that expire on January 31, 2012. Borrowing availability is generally based on 100% of eligible cash balances, 85% of eligible accounts receivable and 60% of eligible finished goods inventory, and is reduced by outstanding letters of credit. These facilities include \$50 million available only for the use of Terra Nitrogen Company, L.P. (TNCLP), one of our consolidated subsidiaries. At September 30, 2009, there were no outstanding revolving credit borrowings and there were \$8.0 million in outstanding letters of credit, resulting in borrowing availability of approximately \$192.0 million under the facilities. We are required to maintain a combined minimum unused borrowing availability of \$30.0 million. The facilities also require that we adhere to certain limitations on additional debt, capital expenditures, acquisitions, liens, asset sales, investments, prepayments of subordinated indebtedness, changes in lines of business and transactions with affiliates. In addition, if our borrowing availability falls below a combined \$60.0 million, we are required to have generated \$60.0 million of operating cash flows, or earnings before interest, income taxes, depreciation, amortization and other non-cash items (as defined in the facilities) for the preceding four quarters. The facilities also require that there be no change of control related to Terra, such that no individual or group acquires more than 35% of the outstanding voting shares of Terra. Such change of control would constitute an event of default under the facilities.

Our ability to meet facilities covenants will depend on future operating cash flows, working capital needs, receipt of customer prepayments and trade credit terms. Failure to meet these covenants could result in additional costs and fees to amend the facilities or could result in termination of the facilities. Access to adequate bank facilities may be required to fund our need to build inventories during the first nine months of the year in order to ensure product availability during the peak sales season. We believe that our facilities are adequate for expected 2009 sales levels.

In addition, our ability to manage our exposure to commodity price risk in the purchase of natural gas through the use of financial derivatives may be affected by our ability to obtain sufficient credit terms. For additional information regarding commodity price risk, see Item 3, Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk.

Based on our September 30, 2009 financial position and the current market conditions for our financial products and for natural gas, we anticipate that we will be able to comply with our covenants through 2009.

In connection with the 2019 Notes offering, we entered into amendments to each of the facilities, which permitted us to consummate the 2019 Notes offering, the tender offer for our 2017 Notes and will permit us to pay the special cash dividend. The amendments also provided for an increase in the commitment fee under the \$150 million facility from 0.50% to 0.75%, revised applicable margins and certain other covenant adjustments.

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ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

Market risks relating to our operations result primarily from interest rates, foreign exchange rates, natural gas prices and nitrogen prices. We manage our exposure to these and other market risks through regular operating and financing activities and through the use of derivative financial instruments. We intend to use derivative financial instruments as risk management tools and not for speculative investment purposes. Item 7A, Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk, of Terra s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2008 provides more information as to the types of practices and instruments used to manage risk. There were no material changes in our use of financial instruments during the quarter ended September 30, 2009.

Natural gas is the principal raw material used to manufacture nitrogen and methanol. Natural gas prices are volatile and we mitigate some of this volatility through the use of derivative commodity instruments. Our current policy is to hedge natural gas provided that such arrangements would not result in costs greater than expected selling prices for our finished products. Estimated North American natural gas requirements for 2009 are approximately 113 billion cubic feet (BCF). We have hedged 13% of our expected North American requirements for the next twelve months. The fair value of these instruments is estimated based, in part, on quoted market prices from brokers, realized gains or losses and our computations. These instruments and other natural gas positions fixed natural gas prices at \$3.2 million (including \$2.0 million included in accumulated other comprehensive gain) more than published prices for September 30, 2009 forward markets.

There were no material changes outside the ordinary course of business to Terra s contractual obligations, critical accounting policies or off-balance sheet arrangements presented in Item 7, Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations of the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the period ended December 31, 2008 and our Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on September 30, 2009.

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded, based on their evaluation as of the end of the period covered by this report, that our disclosure controls and procedures are effective to ensure that information required to be disclosed in the reports that we file or submit under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, is recorded, processed, summarized and reported, within the time periods specified in the SEC s rules and forms. There were no significant changes in our internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the most recent fiscal quarter that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

FORWARD-LOOKING INFORMATION IS SUBJECT TO RISK AND UNCERTAINTY

Certain statements in this report may constitute forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Forward-looking statements are based upon assumptions as to future events that may not prove to be accurate. Actual outcomes and results may differ materially from what is expressed or forecasted in these forward-looking statements. As a result, these statements speak only as of the date they were made and we undertake no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, except as otherwise required by law.

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Words such as expects, intends, plans, projects, believes, estimates, and similar expressions are used to ider forward-looking statements. Forward looking statements are not guarantees of future performance and involve risks, uncertainties and assumptions that are difficult to predict. These risks, uncertainties and assumptions include, among others, statements relating to:

changes in financial and capital markets,

general economic conditions within the agricultural industry,

competitive factors and price changes (principally, sales prices of nitrogen products and natural gas costs),

changes in product mix,

changes in the seasonality of demand patterns,

changes in weather conditions,

changes in environmental and other government regulations,

changes in agricultural regulations,

changes in the securities trading markets, and

other risks detailed in the section entitled Risk Factors in our 2008 Annual Report on Form 10-K and subsequent Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q.

Additional information as to these factors can be found in our 2008 Annual Report on Form 10-K and in our subsequent Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q, in each case in the sections entitled Business, Legal Proceedings, and Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations and in the Notes to our consolidated financial statements included as part of this report.

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PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

From time to time, we are involved in various claims, disputes, administrative proceedings and legal actions arising in the ordinary course of business. We do not believe that the matters in which we are currently involved, either individually or in the aggregate, will have a material adverse effect on our consolidated financial position, results of operations or liquidity.

ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

Except for the addition of the risk factors listed below, there were no significant changes in our risk factors during the first nine months of 2009 as compared to the risk factors identified in our 2008 Form 10-K.

If the global economic downturn continues or worsens, our business could be adversely impacted.

In the latter part of 2008 and into 2009, the global economic downturn worsened and the nitrogen markets continued to weaken. We have experienced declining demand and falling prices for some of our products due to the general economic slowdown and our customers—reluctance to replenish inventories. In particular, industrial demand for ammonia has remained relatively weak as the economy has struggled to recover. At the same time, the economic downturn has also reduced demand and pricing for natural gas, the primary raw material used in the production of nitrogen products, which has helped to reduce our production costs. In light of these varied and sometimes offsetting effects, the overall impact of the global economic downturn is difficult to predict and our business could be adversely impacted.

We are exposed to risks associated with our joint venture investments.

We participate in several joint ventures with third parties. Our joint venture partners may have shared or majority control over the operations of our joint ventures. As a result, our investments in joint ventures involve risks that are different from the risks involved in owning facilities and operations independently. These risks include the possibility that our joint ventures or our partners:

have economic or business interests or goals that are or become inconsistent with our business interests or goals;

are in a position to take action contrary to our instructions, requests, policies or objectives;

subject the property to liabilities exceeding those contemplated;

take actions that reduce our return on investment; or

take actions that harm our reputation or restrict our ability to run our business.

In addition, we may become involved in disputes with our joint venture partners, which could lead to impasses or situations that could harm the joint venture, which could reduce our revenues, increase our costs and lower our profits. Disruption in or increased costs of transportation services could have an adverse effect on our profitability.

We depend on rail, barge, truck and pipeline transportation services to deliver nitrogen products to our customers, and transportation costs are a significant component of the total cost of supplying nitrogen products. Disruptions of these transportation services could temporarily impair our ability to supply nitrogen products to our customers. In addition, increases in our transportation costs, or changes in such costs relative to transportation costs incurred by our competitors, could have an adverse effect on our revenues and costs of operations.

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CF s continued proposals for a business combination with us may be disruptive to our business and adversely affect our operations and results.

Since the beginning of 2009, CF has made five separate proposals for a business combination with us. Each proposal has been carefully considered by our board of directors and thoroughly reviewed by our financial and legal advisors. Our board of directors has unanimously determined that each of CF s proposals runs counter to our strategic objectives, substantially undervalues Terra both absolutely and relative to CF and would deliver less value to our shareholders than would owning Terra on a stand-alone basis. In an attempt to advance CF s proposals for a business combination with Terra, CF has nominated and is soliciting proxies for an opposition slate of three nominees for election as directors at our 2009 annual meeting, scheduled for November 20, 2009, and has filed a definitive proxy statement with the SEC with respect to such solicitation. The uncertainty regarding the outcome of CF s continued proposals may disrupt our business which could result in an adverse effect on our operating results.

Responding to the CF proposals has been, and may continue to be, a distraction for our management and employees and has required and may continue to require us to incur significant costs. Management and employee distraction related to the CF proposals also may adversely impact our ability to optimally conduct our business and pursue our strategic objectives.

ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

None.

ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES

None.

ITEM 4. SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS

None.

ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION

None.

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ITEM 6. EXHIBITS (a) Exhibits

Exhibit 31.1* Certification of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

Exhibit 31.2* Certification of the Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

Exhibit 32.1* Certification of the Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

Exhibit 32.2* Certification of the Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

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^{*} Filed herewith.

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SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

TERRA INDUSTRIES INC.

Date: November 6, 2009 /s/ Daniel D. Greenwell

Daniel D. Greenwell

Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer
and a duly authorized signatory
(Principal Financial Officer and
Principal Accounting Officer)

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EXHIBIT INDEX

Exhibit Number	Description
Exhibit 31.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
Exhibit 31.2	Certification of the Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
Exhibit 32.1	Certification of the Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
Exhibit 32.2	Certification of the Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

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