FIRST TRUST/ABERDEEN EMERGING OPPORTUNITY FUND Form N-CSRS

September 08, 2009

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM N-CSR

CERTIFIED SHAREHOLDER REPORT OF REGISTERED MANAGEMENT INVESTMENT COMPANIES

Investment Company Act file number 811-21905

FIRST TRUST/ABERDEEN EMERGING OPPORTUNITY FUND (Exact name of registrant as specified in charter)

120 East Liberty Drive, Suite 400
WHEATON, IL 60187
(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip code)

W. Scott Jardine, Esq.
First Trust Portfolios L.P.
120 East Liberty Drive, Suite 400
WHEATON, IL 60187
(Name and address of agent for service)

registrant's telephone number, including area code: (630) 765-8000

Date of fiscal year end: DECEMBER 31

Date of reporting period: JUNE 30, 2009

Form N-CSR is to be used by management investment companies to file reports with the Commission not later than 10 days after the transmission to stockholders of any report that is required to be transmitted to stockholders under Rule 30e-1 under the Investment Company Act of 1940 (17 CFR 270.30e-1). The Commission may use the information provided on Form N-CSR in its regulatory, disclosure review, inspection, and policymaking roles.

A registrant is required to disclose the information specified by Form N-CSR, and the Commission will make this information public. A registrant is not required to respond to the collection of information contained in Form N-CSR unless the Form displays a currently valid Office of Management and Budget ("OMB") control number. Please direct comments concerning the accuracy of the information collection burden estimate and any suggestions for reducing the burden to Secretary, Securities and Exchange Commission, 100 F Street, NE, Washington, DC 20549. The OMB has reviewed this collection of information under the clearance requirements of 44 U.S.C. ss. 3507.

ITEM 1. REPORTS TO STOCKHOLDERS.

The Report to Shareholders is attached herewith.

(GRAPHIC)

(FIRST TRUST LOGO)

SEMI-ANNUAL REPORT

FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

FIRST TRUST/ABERDEEN EMERGING OPPORTUNITY FUND

(ABERDEEN ASSET MANAGEMENT LOGO)

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CAUTION REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This report contains certain forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. Forward-looking statements include statements regarding the goals, beliefs, plans or current expectations of First Trust Advisors L.P. ("First Trust" or the "Advisor") and/or Aberdeen Asset Management Inc. ("Aberdeen" or the "Sub-Advisor") and their respective representatives, taking into account the information currently available to them. Forward-looking statements include all statements that do not relate solely to current or historical fact. For example, forward-looking statements include the use of words such as "anticipate," "estimate," "intend," "expect," "believe," "plan," "may," "should," "would" or other words that convey uncertainty of future events or outcomes.

Forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause the actual results, performance or achievements of First Trust/Aberdeen Emerging Opportunity Fund (the "Fund") to be materially different from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by the forward-looking statements. When evaluating the information included in this report, you are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, which reflect the judgment of the Advisor and/or Sub-Advisor and their respective representatives only as of the date hereof. We undertake no obligation to publicly revise or update these forward-looking statements to reflect events and circumstances that arise after the date hereof.

PERFORMANCE AND RISK DISCLOSURE

There is no assurance that the Fund will achieve its investment objective. The Fund is subject to market risk, which is the possibility that the market values of securities owned by the Fund will decline and that the value of the Fund shares may therefore be less than what you paid for them. Accordingly, you can lose money investing in the Fund. See "Risk Considerations" in the Notes to Financial Statements for a discussion of other risks of investing in the Fund.

Performance data quoted represents past performance, which is no guarantee of future results, and current performance may be lower or higher than the figures shown. For the most recent month-end performance figures, please visit http://www.ftportfolios.com or speak with your financial advisor. Investment returns, net asset value and common share price will fluctuate and Fund shares, when sold, may be worth more or less than their original cost.

HOW TO READ THIS REPORT

This report contains information that may help you evaluate your investment. It includes details about the Fund and presents data and analysis that provide insight into the Fund's performance and investment approach.

By reading the portfolio commentary by the portfolio management team of the Fund, you may obtain an understanding of how the market environment affected the Fund's performance. The statistical information that follows may help you understand the Fund's performance compared to that of relevant market benchmarks.

It is important to keep in mind that the opinions expressed by personnel of Aberdeen are just that: informed opinions. They should not be considered to be promises or advice. The opinions, like the statistics, cover the period through the date on the cover of this report. The risks of investing in the Fund are spelled out in the prospectus, the statement of additional information, this report and other regulatory filings.

SHAREHOLDER LETTER

FIRST TRUST/ABERDEEN EMERGING OPPORTUNITY FUND (FEO)

SEMI-ANNUAL REPORT

JUNE 30, 2009

Dear Shareholders:

2008 brought all sorts of challenges to investors. Throughout the year, the financial sector was plagued with failures in banking, insurance and brokerage firms. By year's end, after a meltdown in the credit markets, historically high levels of volatility in the stock market, and the resulting turmoil to the overall economy, the Dow Jones Industrial Average's total return was -31.92% (as of 12/31/08). In fact, 2008 was the Dow's third worst calendar year since its inception in 1896. For the year, the negative total return performance of the Dow was surpassed only by 1931 and 1907, two years in which the U.S. was also enduring a major banking crisis. Of the thirty stocks in the Dow, only two were up in 2008. However, many economists believe the recession that began in December, 2007 ended in March, 2009. In fact, the Dow's total return from March 9 (the statistical end of the bear market) to June 30, 2009, was 30.30%. Of course, no one can predict that this trend will continue.

Yet, regardless of the market, First Trust Advisors L.P. ("First Trust") has always believed that in order to be successful in reaching your financial goals, you should be invested for the long term. A long-term investor understands that the market, from a historical perspective, has always experienced ups and downs.

But history has shown that the patient investor is typically rewarded over the long term. While no one has the ability to predict when the markets will recover, we believe that staying invested in quality products and having a long-term perspective can help investors reach their financial goals.

The report you hold contains detailed information about your investment in First Trust/Aberdeen Emerging Opportunity Fund (the "Fund"). It contains a portfolio commentary from the Fund's portfolio management team that provides a market recap for the period, a performance analysis and a market and Fund outlook. Additionally, the report provides the Fund's financial statements for the period covered by the report. I encourage you to read this document and discuss it with your financial advisor.

First Trust has been through many types of markets and remains committed to bringing you quality investment solutions regardless of the inevitable ups and downs experienced in the market. We offer a variety of products that may fit many financial plans to help those investors seeking long-term investment success. As well, we are committed to making available up-to-date information about your investments so you and your financial advisor have current information on your portfolio.

We continue to value our relationship with you, and we thank you for the opportunity to assist you in achieving your financial goals.

Sincerely,

/s/ James A. Bowen

James A. Bowen

President of First Trust/Aberdeen Emerging Opportunity Fund

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FIRST TRUST/ABERDEEN EMERGING OPPORTUNITY FUND "AT A GLANCE"
AS OF JUNE 30, 2009 (UNAUDITED)

FUND STATISTICS		
Symbol on New York Stock Exchange		FEO
Common Share Price	\$	14.45
Common Share Net Asset Value ("NAV")	\$	16.51
Premium (Discount) to NAV		(12.48)%
Net Assets Applicable to Common Shares	\$94,	439,680
Current Quarterly Distribution per Common Share (1)	\$	0.350
Current Annualized Distribution per Common Share	\$	1.400
Current Distribution Rate on Closing Common Share Price (2)		9.69%
Current Distribution Rate on NAV (2)		8.48%

COMMON SHARE PRICE & NAV (WEEKLY CLOSING PRICE)

(PERFORMANCE GRAPH)

Common Share

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	Price	NAV
6/30/08 7/3/08	17.45 17	20.49
7/11/08	16.95	19.97
7/18/08	17.07	20.19
7/25/08 8/1/08	16.98 17.3	20.31
8/8/08	17.46	20.38
8/15/08 8/22/08	17.52	20.17
8/29/08	17.51 17.95	20.1
9/5/08	17.19	19.5
9/12/08 9/19/08	16.38 14.03	19.17 18.25
9/26/08	14.15	17.88
10/3/08	13.14	16.54
10/10/08 10/17/08	9.78 10.75	13.97 13.72
10/24/08	9.43	11.91
10/31/08 11/7/08	10.78 10.82	12.69 13.15
11/1/08	9.69	12.36
11/21/08	8.31	11.72
11/28/08 12/5/08	9.81 9.6	12.4 12.23
12/12/08	10.04	12.73
12/19/08	9.97	12.79
12/26/08 1/2/09	9.98 11.18	12.61 13.06
1/9/09	11.36	13.24
1/16/09 1/23/09	11.09 10.98	13 12.85
1/30/09	11.17	13.07
2/6/09	11.69	13.37
2/13/09 2/20/09	11.05 10.02	13.1 12.55
2/27/09	9.97	12.45
3/6/09	9.51 10.48	12.29
3/13/09 3/20/09	10.48	12.76 12.75
3/27/09	10.71	13.12
4/3/09 4/9/09	11.15 11.4	13.59 13.96
4/17/09	11.59	14.31
4/24/09	11.5	14.42
5/1/09 5/8/09	11.9 12.69	14.72 15.67
5/15/09	12.26	15.47
5/22/09	13.12 13.77	16.05
5/29/09 6/5/09	14.06	16.4 16.8
6/12/09	14.26	16.97
6/19/09 6/26/09	14.12 14.32	16.21 16.38
6/30/09	14.45	16.51

PERFORMANCE

			Average Annual Total Return
	6 Months Ended 6/30/2009	1 Year Ended 6/30/2009	Inception (8/28/2006) to 6/30/2009
Fund Performance			
NAV (3)	36.07%	-8.94%	4.78%
Market Value (4)	49.53%	-6.42%	-1.64%
Index Performance			
Blended Benchmark (5)	20.61%	-9.08%	6.66%
Barclays Capital Global Emerging Markets Index	18.27%	-1.52%	3.58%
FTSE All World Emerging Market Index	37.86%	-26.99%	3.00%

INDUSTRY CLASSIFICATION	% OF TOTAL INVESTMENTS
Government Bonds and Notes	40.5%
Commercial Banks	10.8
Oil, Gas & Consumable Fuels	6.1
Diversified Financial Services	4.2
Wireless Telecommunication Services	3.0
Semiconductors & Semiconductor Equipment	2.6
Beverages	2.5
Food Retailing & Staples	2.5
Construction Materials	2.3
Real Estate Management & Development	2.3
Automobiles	2.0
Diversified Telecommunication Services	2.0
Tobacco	1.9
Special Purpose Banks	1.9
Specialty Retail	1.8
Pharmaceuticals	1.4
Multiline Retail	1.4
Insurance	1.3
Metals & Mining	1.3
Household Products	1.2
Electric Utilities	1.1
Transportation Infrastructure	1.1
Other	4.8
Total	100.0%
	=====

	% OF TOTAL
TOP 10 HOLDINGS	INVESTMENTS
Republic of Argentina, 7.00%, 03/28/11	2.8%
Brazil NTN - B Note, 6.00%, 08/15/10	2.5
Republic of Indonesia, 10.38%, 05/04/14	2.2
RSHB Capital S.A., 7.75%, 05/29/18	1.6
Republic of Philippines, 9.50%, 02/02/30	1.5

Republic of Venezuela, 5.75%, 02/26/16	1.5
Samsung Electronics Company Ltd., Preference Shares	1.5
Republic of El Salvador, 7.65%, 06/15/35	1.5
Bolivarian Republic of Venezuela, 2.10%, 04/20/11	1.4
Taiwan Mobile Company, Ltd.	1.4
Total	17.9%
	====

TOP 10 COUNTRIES (6) INVESTMENTS Brazil 12.3% Mexico 7.5 Russia 7.3 Indonesia 7.0 China 5.1 Venezuela 4.8 Philippines 4.5 Argentina 4.0 Turkey 3.8 South Africa 3.7 Total 60.0% ====		% OF TOTAL
Mexico 7.5 Russia 7.3 Indonesia 7.0 China 5.1 Venezuela 4.8 Philippines 4.5 Argentina 4.0 Turkey 3.8 South Africa 3.7	TOP 10 COUNTRIES (6)	INVESTMENTS
Mexico 7.5 Russia 7.3 Indonesia 7.0 China 5.1 Venezuela 4.8 Philippines 4.5 Argentina 4.0 Turkey 3.8 South Africa 3.7		
Mexico 7.5 Russia 7.3 Indonesia 7.0 China 5.1 Venezuela 4.8 Philippines 4.5 Argentina 4.0 Turkey 3.8 South Africa 3.7		
Russia 7.3 Indonesia 7.0 China 5.1 Venezuela 4.8 Philippines 4.5 Argentina 4.0 Turkey 3.8 South Africa 3.7	Brazil	12.3%
Indonesia 7.0 China 5.1 Venezuela 4.8 Philippines 4.5 Argentina 4.0 Turkey 3.8 South Africa 3.7	Mexico	7.5
China 5.1 Venezuela 4.8 Philippines 4.5 Argentina 4.0 Turkey 3.8 South Africa 3.7	Russia	7.3
Venezuela 4.8 Philippines 4.5 Argentina 4.0 Turkey 3.8 South Africa 3.7	Indonesia	7.0
Philippines 4.5 Argentina 4.0 Turkey 3.8 South Africa 3.7	China	5.1
Argentina 4.0 Turkey 3.8 South Africa 3.7	Venezuela	4.8
Turkey 3.8 South Africa 3.7	Philippines	4.5
South Africa 3.7	Argentina	4.0
	Turkey	3.8
Total 60.0% ====	South Africa	3.7
Total 60.0% ====		
====	Total	60.0%
		====

CREDIT QUALITY (7)		% OF TOTAL
A 1.5 A- 2.7 BBB+ 4.6 BBB 11.4 BBB- 4.9 BB+ 12.3 BB 7.0 BB- 27.0 B+ 11.5 B 5.5 B- 7.9 CCC+ 1.2 NR 0.9 Total 100.0%	CREDIT QUALITY (7)	BONDS & NOTES
A 1.5 A- 2.7 BBB+ 4.6 BBB 11.4 BBB- 4.9 BB+ 12.3 BB 7.0 BB- 27.0 B+ 11.5 B 5.5 B- 7.9 CCC+ 1.2 NR 0.9 Total 100.0%		
A 1.5 A- 2.7 BBB+ 4.6 BBB 11.4 BBB- 4.9 BB+ 12.3 BB 7.0 BB- 27.0 B+ 11.5 B 5.5 B- 7.9 CCC+ 1.2 NR 0.9 Total 100.0%	7. 7. 7.	1 (0
A- 2.7 BBB+ 4.6 BBB 11.4 BBB- 4.9 BB+ 12.3 BB 7.0 BB- 27.0 B+ 11.5 B 5.5 B- 7.9 CCC+ 1.2 NR 0.9 Total 100.0%		
BBB+ 4.6 BBB 11.4 BBB- 4.9 BB+ 12.3 BB 7.0 BB- 27.0 B+ 11.5 B 5.5 B- 7.9 CCC+ 1.2 NR 0.9 Total 100.0%		
BBB 11.4 BBB- 4.9 BB+ 12.3 BB 7.0 BB- 27.0 B+ 11.5 B 5.5 B- 7.9 CCC+ 1.2 NR 0.9 Total 100.0%	A-	2.7
BBB- 4.9 BB+ 12.3 BB 7.0 BB- 27.0 B+ 11.5 B 11.5 B 5.5 B- 7.9 CCC+ 1.2 NR 0.9 Total 100.0%	BBB+	4.6
BB+ 12.3 BB 7.0 BB- 27.0 B+ 11.5 B 11.5 B 5.5 B- 7.9 CCC+ 1.2 NR 0.9 Total 100.0%	BBB	11.4
BB 7.0 BB- 27.0 B+ 11.5 B 5.5 B- 7.9 CCC+ 1.2 NR 0.9 Total 100.0%	BBB-	4.9
BB- 27.0 B+ 11.5 B 5.5 B- 7.9 CCC+ 1.2 NR 0.9 Total 100.0%	BB+	12.3
B+ 11.5 B 5.5 B- 7.9 CCC+ 1.2 NR 0.9 Total 100.0%	BB	7.0
B 5.5 B- 7.9 CCC+ 1.2 NR 0.9 Total 100.0%	BB-	27.0
B- 7.9 CCC+ 1.2 NR 0.9 Total 100.0%	B+	11.5
CCC+ 1.2 NR 0.9 Total 100.0%	В	5.5
NR 0.9 Total 100.0%	B-	7.9
Total 100.0%	CCC+	1.2
	NR	0.9
====	Total	100.0%
		====

- (1) Most recent distribution paid or declared through 6/30/2009. Subject to change in the future.
- (2) Distribution rates are calculated by annualizing the most recent distribution paid or declared through the report date and then dividing by Common Share price or NAV, as applicable, as of 6/30/2009.

- (3) Total return based on NAV is the combination of reinvested dividend distributions and reinvested capital gain distributions, if any, at prices obtained by the Dividend Reinvestment Plan and changes in NAV per share and does not reflect sales load. Past performance is not indicative of future results.
- (4) Total return based on market value is the combination of reinvested dividend distributions and reinvested capital gains distributions, if any, at prices obtained by the Dividend Reinvestment Plan and changes in Common Share price. Past performance is not indicative of future results.
- (5) Blended benchmark consists of the following:
 - JPMorgan Emerging Markets Bond Index Global Diversified (32.5%); JPMorgan Government Bond Index Emerging Markets (32.5%); MSCI Global Emerging Markets Index (35.0%).
- (6) Fixed-income portfolio securities are included in a country based upon their underlying credit exposure as determined by Aberdeen Asset Management Inc., the investment sub-advisor.
- (7) The credit quality information represented reflects the ratings assigned by one or more nationally recognized statistical rating organizations (NRSROs). For situations in which a security is rated by one or more NRSROs and ratings are not equivalent, the ratings are averaged.

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PORTFOLIO COMMENTARY

SUB-ADVISOR

Aberdeen Asset Management Inc. ("Aberdeen" or the "Sub-Advisor"), a Securities and Exchange Commission registered investment advisor, is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Aberdeen Asset Management PLC ("Aberdeen Group"). Aberdeen Group is a publicly-traded international investment management group listed on the London Stock Exchange, managing assets for both institutional and retail clients from offices around the world.

PORTFOLIO MANAGEMENT TEAM

Investment decisions for the First Trust/Aberdeen Emerging Opportunity Fund ("the Fund") are made by Aberdeen using a team approach and not by any one individual. By making team decisions, Aberdeen seeks to ensure that the investment process results in consistent returns across all portfolios with similar objectives. Aberdeen does not employ separate research analysts. Instead, Aberdeen's investment managers combine the roles of analysis with portfolio management. Each member of the team has sector and portfolio responsibilities such as day-to-day monitoring of liquidity. The overall result of this matrix approach is a high degree of cross-coverage, leading to a deeper understanding of the securities in which Aberdeen invests. Included below is additional information about the members of the team with significant responsibility for the day-to-day management of the Fund's portfolio.

EQUITY MANAGEMENT TEAM

DEVAN KALOO

HEAD OF EMERGING MARKET EQUITY FOR THE ABERDEEN GROUP

Mr. Kaloo is responsible for the London-based Global Emerging Market ("GEM") Equity Team, which manages Latin America, Europe, Middle East and Africa equities, and also has oversight of global emerging market input from the Asia research team based in Singapore, with which he works closely. Mr. Kaloo began his career at Martin Currie in Edinburgh, Scotland, shortly after graduation, working initially on the North American desk before transferring to the global asset allocation team. Mr. Kaloo moved off the global asset allocation team in 1997, and for the next three years, he worked on Asian portfolios before joining Murray Johnstone in Singapore in July 2000. Following the latter's acquisition, he transferred to the Aberdeen Group where he was responsible for the Asian ex Japan region as well as regional portfolios within emerging market mandates and technology stocks.

JOANNE IRVINE

HEAD OF GEM EQUITY TEAM EX ASIA

Ms. Irvine is on the GEM Equity Team, where she specializes in the emerging markets of Europe, Africa and the Middle East. After qualifying as a chartered accountant in 1992, she worked in corporate finance, specializing in raising development capital finance for private businesses. In January 1996, Ms. Irvine joined the Aberdeen Group in a group development role. Since May 1997, Ms. Irvine has been part of Aberdeen's emerging markets fund management group in London.

MARK GORDON-JAMES

INVESTMENT MANAGER, GEM EQUITY TEAM

After graduating with a degree in Geography and Economics from the London School of Economics in 2000, Mr. Gordon-James worked with the emerging markets team of Merrill Lynch Investment Managers. Mr. Gordon-James joined the Aberdeen Group in April 2004.

FIONA MORRISON

INVESTMENT MANAGER, GEM EQUITY TEAM

Ms. Morrison is an investment manager on the emerging markets ex Asia team. Ms. Morrison joined Aberdeen in 2001 as an analyst.

ANDY BROWN

INVESTMENT MANAGER, GEM EQUITY TEAM

Mr. Brown is an assistant investment manager on the emerging markets ex Asia team. Prior to joining Aberdeen in March 2005, Mr. Brown worked in the oil field consumables industry in the United Arab Emirates.

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PORTFOLIO COMMENTARY - (CONTINUED)

FIXED-INCOME MANAGEMENT TEAM

BRETT DIMENT

HEAD OF EMERGING MARKET DEBT

Mr. Diment joined Deutsche Asset Management Group Limited ("Deutsche") in 1991 as a member of the fixed-income group and became head of the Emerging Market Debt team at Deutsche in 1999. Mr. Diment joined Aberdeen following the Deutsche acquisition in 2005 and is now responsible for the day-to-day management of the Emerging Market Debt team and portfolios.

KEVIN DALY

PORTFOLIO MANAGER, EMERGING MARKET DEBT

Mr. Daly joined the Emerging Market Debt team at Aberdeen in April 2007 as a portfolio manager, having spent the previous 10 years at Standard & Poor's in London and Singapore as a credit market analyst covering global emerging market debt, and was head of marketing for Global Sovereign Ratings. Mr. Daly was a regular participant on the Global Sovereign Committee, served as a member of the Sovereign Ratings Review Board, and was one of the initial members of the Emerging Market Council, formed in 2006 to advise senior management on business and market developments in emerging markets.

EDWIN GUTIERREZ

PORTFOLIO MANAGER, EMERGING MARKET DEBT

Mr. Gutierrez has served as an economist specializing in Latin America at LGT Asset Management, and more recently as a portfolio manager specializing in emerging market fixed-income at Invesco Asset Management. He joined Deutsche in 2000 and Aberdeen in 2005.

NIMA TAYEBI

PORTFOLIO MANAGER, EMERGING MARKET DEBT

Mr. Tayebi has 10 years of experience as executive director responsible for emerging markets trading at Millennium Global Investments, vice president at Salomon Brothers focusing on emerging currency and debt trading, and head of fixed-income research at Renaissance Capital. He joined Deutsche as an emerging currency portfolio manager in 2001 and Aberdeen in 2005, where his current duties are portfolio manager for Emerging Market Debt and member of the currency team.

MAX WOLMAN

PORTFOLIO MANAGER, EMERGING MARKET DEBT

Mr. Wolman joined Aberdeen in January 2001 and is portfolio manager on the Global Emerging Market Debt mandates. Mr. Wolman originally specialized in currency and domestic debt analysis; however, he is now responsible for wider emerging debt analysis, including external and corporate issuers. He is a member of the Emerging Market Debt investment committee at Aberdeen and is also responsible for the daily implementation of the investment process.

ESTHER CHAN

PORTFOLIO MANAGER, EMERGING MARKET DEBT

Ms. Chan joined Aberdeen in Singapore in 2005 where she started as a corporate credit analyst and trader working across investment-grade and high-yield assets in the region. She has 6 years of experience in the asset class, and now serves as a portfolio manager in Aberdeen London with specialization in analysis, management and trading of external Asian debt, and Emerging Market corporates.

Prior to joining Aberdeen, Ms. Chan worked as a corporate finance analyst at John Moore, assisting in various deals focused on the debt restructuring in Indonesian firms facing creditor holdout situations, post Asian crisis.

COMMENTARY

FIRST TRUST/ABERDEEN EMERGING OPPORTUNITY FUND

The investment objective of the Fund is to provide a high level of total return. The Fund pursues its investment objective by investing at least 80% of its managed assets in a diversified portfolio of equity and fixed-income securities of issuers in emerging market countries. There can be no assurance that the Fund's investment objective will be achieved, and the Fund may not be appropriate for all investors.

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PORTFOLIO COMMENTARY - (CONTINUED)

MARKET RECAP - EQUITY

Emerging markets saw their biggest quarterly gain on record in the second quarter of 2009 on hopes that the worst of the global financial crisis might be over. Investor sentiment improved and risk appetite returned, bolstered by government rescue packages and easing monetary policy. Mexico emerged as the epicentre of the swine flu outbreak, but the International Monetary Fund's ("IMF") approval of a flexible credit line for the country helped boost its market. G20 leaders (a group of finance ministers and central bank governors from 20 economies: 19 of the world's largest national economies, plus the European Union) also promised additional aid to developing economies, which could total up to \$1 trillion when combined with the IMF's new credit line. In Asia, investors were cheered by the Congress Party's emphatic victory in India's general elections and expectations that economic reform will now pick up pace. Towards the end of the second quarter, there was some profit taking on the back of a retreat in oil prices and weak economic data, including a larger-than-expected decline in U.S. consumer confidence.

On the economic front, Brazil, South Africa, Israel and Thailand slipped into recession in the first quarter of 2009, while Mexico, Taiwan, Russia and Hungary continued to contract. Amid weaker demand, India's inflation fell for the first time in over 30 years in June. Separately, many central banks lowered interest rates. Fiscal measures were also announced: Brazil and Turkey will cut taxes; Turkey will also ease restrictions on foreign currency loans; Mexico will offer credit lines and loan guarantees to struggling auto-parts exporters; and India pledged to boost infrastructure spending. There were some signs the slowdown was bottoming: China's manufacturing activity began to expand in March, 2009 after a five-month contraction and India's industrial output rose unexpectedly in April. But such positive news was few and far between.

In politics, governments in Eastern Europe saw declining voter support at the European Parliament elections because of worsening economic problems. However, markets largely shrugged off geopolitical concerns as North Korea conducted nuclear and missile tests. In other political news, South Africa's Jacob Zuma was sworn in as the country's new president after his African National Congress party was returned to power at the national elections; Sri Lankan soldiers killed the leader of the Tamil Tigers, potentially ending a 26-year civil war; and Najib Razak was sworn in as Malaysia's sixth prime minister.

MARKET RECAP - FIXED-INCOME

After a slow start to 2009, emerging market debt rebounded strongly at the end of the first quarter. The long-awaited announcement by U.S. Treasury Secretary Geithner on the Public/Private Investment Programme (PPIP) provided an immediate boost for risk assets. The U.S. Federal Reserve then surprised the market by announcing its intention to commence quantitative easing (an extreme form of monetary policy used to stimulate an economy where interest rates are either at, or close to, zero). The most significant development for emerging markets came in April at the G20 meeting in London, as global leaders committed to triple IMF resources by as much as \$750 billion. In addition, the IMF also unveiled a new lending facility, the Flexible Credit Line (FCL), for countries with strong economic fundamentals and policy frameworks. The combined measures significantly reduced the "tail risk" (the risk of an asset or portfolio of assets moving more than 3 standard deviations from its current price) in emerging markets, prompting investors to increase their exposure to the asset class.

FUND RECAP

The Fund had net asset value ("NAV") total return(1) of 36.07% and a market value total return(2) of 49.53% for the six months ended June 30, 2009, compared to the Fund's blended benchmark(3) total return of 20.61% over the same period. In addition to this blended benchmark, the Fund currently uses other indexes for comparative purposes. The total returns for the six months ended June 30, 2009, for these indexes were as follows: the Barclays Capital Global Emerging Markets Index was 18.27%; and the FTSE All World Emerging Market Index was 37.86%.

PERFORMANCE ANALYSIS - EQUITY

Emerging markets rallied during the six-month period ended June 30, 2009 on optimism that the worst of the global financial crisis might be over. Markets were initially weighed down by fears of a deepening global recession, amid massive job cuts in developed economies and falling exports in developing nations. But government rescue packages, coupled with easing fiscal and monetary policy, later lifted sentiment, allowing markets to overturn early-year losses as risk appetite returned. Overall, the benchmark MSCI Global Emerging Markets Index rose 36.3%, with the Fund underperforming the benchmark slightly by 19 basis points.

- (4) - -
- (1) Total return based on NAV is the combination of reinvested dividend distributions and reinvested capital gains distributions, if any, at prices obtained by the Dividend Reinvestment Plan, and changes in NAV per share and does not reflect sales load.
- (2) Total return based on market value is the combination of reinvested dividend distributions and reinvested capital gains distributions, if any, at prices obtained by the Dividend Reinvestment Plan, and changes in Common Share price.
- (3) The Fund's blended benchmark consists of the following: 32.5% JPMorgan Emerging Markets Bond Index-Global Diversified; 32.5% JPMorgan Government Bond Index-Emerging Markets; and 35% MSCI (Morgan Stanley Capital International) Global Emerging Markets Index.

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PORTFOLIO COMMENTARY - (CONTINUED)

Although the market rallied over the period covered by this report, there were

two distinct phases to this upswing. Initially, as investor sentiment improved, the main beneficiaries were cyclical, high beta stocks such as energy and materials. The Fund, with holdings concentrated in domestic-demand, consumer-oriented stocks, therefore underperformed significantly in the initial market upswing. Subsequently, this rally broadened out, and the Fund's stocks "caught up" with the market, with the Fund's performance ending the period roughly on par with the market.

Two of the main detractors to the Fund's performance were overweights in Mexico and Malaysia. The Mexican market was weak on reports of increased drug-related violence in the northern region of the country, followed by the outbreak of swine flu. Conversely, the Malaysian market had been a resilient performer during the crisis of fourth quarter 2008, and therefore failed to partake in the rally of second quarter 2009 to the same extent as other markets. Meanwhile, the Fund's underweight to the markets of Russia, with its skew toward more cyclical sectors, cost the Fund as commodity prices recovered. The underweight to Taiwan was also a negative contributor as it recovered on improved relations with the mainland, which overcame worries over its predominantly export-oriented economy.

These negative contributions were compensated for by other more favorable positions. The Fund benefited from being underweight to South Korea, which suffered given its export-oriented nature and lack of obvious domestic demand drivers. The Fund's Hong Kong holdings, which are exposed to Chinese domestic demand, recovered as investors responded positively to the Chinese government's loose monetary policy. In Indonesia the Fund's sole holding, Astra International, performed extremely well (+146%) as the palm oil price recovered and sentiment rose on the back of a relatively benign run up to the election, while rate cuts suggested domestic demand could recover more quickly.

Although the Fund remains as fully invested as possible, the small cash position proved a drag on performance (-86 basis points); the cost of not being invested in a rising market.

PERFORMANCE ANALYSIS - FIXED-INCOME

For the six-months ended June 30, 2009, the emerging fixed-income component of the Fund returned 30.50%, compared to the return of 12.31% for the fixed-income component (4) of the blended benchmark. During the reporting period, the JP Morgan Emerging Markets Bond Index-Global Diversified spread tightened 311 basis points to close the half year at 437 basis points over U.S. treasuries. Russian sovereign and corporates, Argentina, Venezuela and Ukraine USD sovereign bonds were the main outperformers, after their notable underperformance in 2008. Less liquid sovereign credits such as the Dominican Republic, El Salvador, Gabon, Georgia and Ghana also added to performance, rebounding from their oversold levels of 2008. Local currency added to performance, with Uruguay, Hungary and short-dated Russian and Brazilian corporates the notable contributors. Underweight positions in Thailand and Malaysia were positive contributors to performance.

Argentine bonds rebounded from a rough 2008, as the market took a favorable view on the financing outlook following several liability management exercises that extended the maturity profile of government debt. Argentine bonds extended their gains after the mid-term elections in late June, as the Kirchner government lost its majority support in both houses of Congress. The result will likely have far reaching implications ahead of the 2011 Presidential election, as it confirmed the weak leadership position of the Kirchner government and signalled strong support for the more moderate wing of the Peronist party. In the coming months we would expect the Kirchner government to turn its focus to issues that had been on the back burner, such as resolving past due Paris Club debt and reopening the 2005 debt exchange, which would be positive for valuations on untendered debt. We believe this will provide technical support for the entire

Argentinean debt complex.

Ukraine has been among the strongest performers in emerging market debt in 2009, bouncing back from a sharp decline in 2008. Ukraine has benefited from renewed support from the IMF after the \$16.5 billion (USD) aid program was put on hold in early 2009. Ukraine's adherence to the prescribed policy measures was rewarded when the IMF increased the size of its disbursements, and allowed Ukraine to use the financing for budget purposes. Furthermore, the IMF agreed to increase the limit on the budget deficit to 4% of GDP. Easing political risk also contributed to gains on Ukrainian Eurobonds, after the Constitutional Court rejected parliament's decision to move up the Presidential elections from January 2010 to October 2009.

Corporate bonds finally caught a bid in the second quarter, as risk appetite turned. The performance of corporates was underpinned by easing corporate access to credit, especially in trade finance, and an improving ability to refinance and rollover working capital. Quasi-sovereign to sovereign spreads also tightened significantly during this half year.

(4) The benchmark for the fixed-income portion of the Fund consists of the following: 50% JPMorgan Emerging Markets Bond Index-Global Diversified (JPM EMBI Global) and 50% JPMorgan Government Bond Index-Emerging Markets (JPM GBI-EM).

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PORTFOLIO COMMENTARY - (CONTINUED)

MARKET AND FUND OUTLOOK - EQUITY

Emerging markets have risen sharply from their March lows. The rally so far has been driven by strong liquidity flows, loose monetary policy, better-than-expected first quarter 2009 results and optimism that a global economic recovery is just around the corner, which emboldened investors to increase risk appetite and funnel excess cash into financial assets. However, it looks increasingly like markets have run ahead of both economic fundamentals and earnings. Economic conditions remain weak and there has yet to be a pickup in consumer demand. A pullback or period of consolidation would be considered healthy and overdue for markets. Nevertheless, we remain upbeat over the long-term prospects for emerging markets, underpinned by solid fundamentals.

MARKET AND FUND OUTLOOK - FIXED-INCOME

Looking ahead, the global growth outlook is likely to remain the key driver for emerging market assets in the second half of 2009. Further upside growth surprises may add fuel to the "green shoots" (signs of economic recovery) story, and provide support for emerging market assets. Conversely, negative growth surprises may prompt the market to take profits on one of the best-performing asset classes in 2009. While there is potentially scope for some moderate spread widening after the strong rally in the first half of 2009, we see little prospect for a return to the distress of last year, and consider the likelihood of medium-term spread tightening to remain in place.

FIRST TRUST/ABERDEEN EMERGING OPPORTUNITY FUND PORTFOLIO OF INVESTMENTS (a)
JUNE 30, 2009 (UNAUDITED)

PRINCIPAL VALUE (LOCAL			STATED
CURRENCY)	DESCRIPTION	COUPON	MATURITY
BONDS AND NOTES	(b) - 64.0% ARGENTINA - 3.3%		
3,950,000	Republic of Argentina (USD)	7.00%	03/28/11
520,000	Republic of Argentina (USD)	7.00%	04/17/17
175,444	Republic of Argentina (USD)	8.28%	12/31/33
	BRAZIL - 5.5%		
510,000	Banco Nacional de Desenvolvimento Economico e Social (USD)	6.50%	06/10/19
2,640,000	Brazil NTN - B Note (BRL)	6.00%	08/15/10
628,000 240,000	Dasa Finance Corp. (USD)	8.75% 7.88%	05/29/18 01/30/12
570,000	Odebrecht Finance Ltd. (USD)	9.63%	01/30/12
570,000	Telemar Norte Leste S.A. (USD)	9.50%	04/03/14
580,000	CHINA - 0.6% Parkson Retail Group Ltd. (USD)	7.88%	11/14/11
	COLOMBIA 2 20		
300,000	COLOMBIA - 2.3% EEB International Ltd. (USD)	8.75%	10/31/14
2,480,000,000	Republic of Colombia (COP)	12.00%	10/31/14
460,000	Republic of Columbia (USD)	7.38%	03/18/19
	DOMINICAN REPUBLIC - 2.2%		
820,000	Cerveceria Nacional Dominica (USD) (c)	16.00%	03/27/12
452,492	Dominican Republic (USD)	9.04%	01/23/18
1,310,000	Dominican Republic (USD)	8.63%	04/20/27
1,730,000	EL SALVADOR - 1.5% Republic of El Salvador (USD)	7.65%	06/15/35
1 400 000	GABON - 1.4%	0.000	10/10/17
1,480,000	Gabonese Republic (USD)	8.20%	12/12/17
1,260,000	GEORGIA - 1.1% Republic of Georgia (USD)	7.50%	04/15/13
90,000 920,000	GHANA - 0.9% Republic of Ghana (USD)	8.50% 8.50%	10/04/17 10/04/27

HUNGARY - 2.1%					
Hungary Government	Bond	(HUF)		6.00%	10/24/12
Hungary Government	Bond	(HUF)		5.50%	02/12/16
Hungary Government	Bond	(HUF)		7.50%	11/12/20
	Hungary Government Hungary Government	Hungary Government Bond Hungary Government Bond	Hungary Government Bond (HUF) Hungary Government Bond (HUF)	Hungary Government Bond (HUF)	HUNGARY - 2.1% Hungary Government Bond (HUF)

See Notes to Financial Statements

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FIRST TRUST/ABERDEEN EMERGING OPPORTUNITY FUND PORTFOLIO OF INVESTMENTS (a) - (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2009 (UNAUDITED)

PRINCIPAL VALUE (LOCAL			STATED
CURRENCY)	DESCRIPTION	COUPON	MATURITY
BONDS AND NOTES	(b) - (CONTINUED) INDONESIA - 6.2%		
1,130,000	Indonesian Government Bond (IDR)	6.75%	03/10/14
5,730,000,000	<pre>Indonesian Government Bond (IDR)</pre>	10.75%	05/15/16
1,850,000,000	Indonesian Recapitalization Bond (IDR)	13.40%	02/15/11
4,350,000,000	Indonesian Recapitalization Bond (IDR)	13.45%	08/15/11
700,000	Majapahit Holding B.V. (USD)	7.75%	10/17/16
150,000	Majapahit Holding B.V. (USD)	7.25%	06/28/17
620,000	MGTI Finance Company, Ltd. (USD)	8.38%	09/15/10
1,890,000	Republic of Indonesia (USD)	10.38%	05/04/14
	IRAQ - 0.4%		
550,000	Republic of Iraq (USD)	5.80%	01/15/28
	KAZAKHSTAN - 2.4%		
1,000,000	Halyk Savings Bank of Kazakhstan (USD)	8.13%	10/07/09
740,000	Kazakhstan Temir Zholy National Co. JSC (USD)	6.50%	05/11/11
620,000	KazMunaiGaz Finance Sub B.V. (USD)	8.38%	07/02/13
	MEXICO - 3.6%		
770,000	Desarrolladora Homex S.A. (USD)	7.50%	09/28/15
8,200,000	Mexican Bonos Desarr Fixed Rate Bond (MXN)	7.25%	12/15/16
12,340,000	Mexican Bonos Desarr Fixed Rate Bond (MXN)	10.00%	11/20/36
600,000	Mexican Republic (USD)	8.30%	08/15/31
460,000	Pemex Project Funding Master Trust (USD)	5.75%	03/01/18
	NIGERIA - 1.7%		
790,000	GTB Finance B.V. (USD)	8.50%	01/29/12

174,000,000	KfW International Finance (NGN)	8.50%	01/18/11
550,000 710,000	PAKISTAN - 0.8% Islamic Republic of Pakistan (USD)	6.88% 7.88%	06/01/17 03/31/36
800,000	PANAMA - 1.0% Republic of Panama (USD)	8.88%	09/30/27
	PHILIPPINES - 3.7%		
100,000	Republic of Philippines (USD)	8.00%	01/15/16
330,000	Republic of Philippines (USD)	9.38%	01/18/17
520,000	Republic of Philippines (USD)	8.38%	06/17/19
620,000	Republic of Philippines (USD)	10.63%	03/16/25
1,260,000	Republic of Philippines (USD)	9.50%	02/02/30

See Notes to Financial Statements

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FIRST TRUST/ABERDEEN EMERGING OPPORTUNITY FUND PORTFOLIO OF INVESTMENTS (a) - (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2009 (UNAUDITED)

PRINCIPAL VALUE (LOCAL CURRENCY)	DESCRIPTION	COUPON	STATED MATURITY
BONDS AND NOTES	(b) - (CONTINUED)		
	RUSSIA - 7.1%		
17,000,000	GPB Eurobond Finance PLC (RUB)	7.25%	02/22/10
720,000	Mobile Telesystems Finance (USD)	8.38%	10/14/10
27,928,108	Red Arrow International Leasing PLC (RUB)	8.38%	06/30/12
1,050,000	RSHB Capital S.A. (USD)	7.18%	05/16/13
1,725,000	RSHB Capital S.A. (USD)	7.75%	05/29/18
560,000	UBS Luxembourg S.A. (USD)	8.00%	02/11/10
780 , 000	UBS Luxembourg S.A. (USD) (c)	6.23%	02/11/15
750,000	VTB Capital S.A. (USD)	6.88%	05/29/18
840,000	SERBIA - 0.8% Republic of Serbia (USD) (d)	3.75%	11/01/24
1,010,000 540,000	SOUTH AFRICA - 1.8% Republic of South Africa (USD)	7.38% 6.50%	04/25/12 06/02/14

910,000	SOUTH KOREA - 1.0% Industrial Bank of Korea (USD)	7.13%	04/23/14
980,000	TURKEY - 1.8% Republic of Turkey (USD)	9.50%	01/15/14
320,000		16.00%	03/07/12
460,000		10.00%	02/15/12
1,070,000	UKRAINE - 2.8% EX-IM Bank of Ukraine (USD) UBS AG Jersey Branch, Credit Linked Note (USD) Ukraine Government Bond (USD) Ukraine Government Bond (USD) Ukraine Government Bond (USD)	7.65%	09/07/11
500,000		9.13%	06/21/10
830,000		6.88%	03/04/11
990,000		6.39%	06/26/12
130,000		6.58%	11/21/16
570,000	URUGUAY - 2.9% Republic of Uraguay, (USD)	7.88%	01/15/33
1,010,000		7.63%	03/21/36
21,000,000		5.00%	09/14/18
4,740,000		4.25%	04/05/27

See Notes to Financial Statements

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FIRST TRUST/ABERDEEN EMERGING OPPORTUNITY FUND PORTFOLIO OF INVESTMENTS (a) - (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2009 (UNAUDITED)

(Cost \$62,277,652)

PRINCIPAL VALUE (LOCAL CURRENCY)	DESCRIPTION	COUPON	STATED MATURITY
BONDS AND NOTES	(b) - (CONTINUED)		
1,700,000	VENEZUELA - 5.1% Bolivarian Republic of Venezuela (USD) (c)	2.10%	04/20/11
, ,	Petroleos de Venezuela S.A. (USD)	5.25%	04/20/11
1,045,000	Republic of Venezuela (USD)	8.50%	10/08/14
2,680,000	Republic of Venezuela (USD)	5.75%	02/26/16

TOTAL BONDS AND NOTES

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SHARES	DESCRIPTION				
amagua					
COMMON STOCKS -	- 42.1% ARGENTINA - 0.9%				
21 000	ARGENTINA - 0.9% Tenaris S.A., ADR				
31,000	Tenaris S.A., ADR				
	BRAZIL - 7.6%				
78,450	Banco Bradesco S.A., ADR				
72,000	Lojas Renner S.A				
39,000	Petroleo Brasileiro S.A., ADR				
32,000	Souza Cruz S.A				
28,000	Telecomunicacoes de Sao Paulo S.A				
34,000	Ultrapar Participacoes S.A., Preference Shares				
86,000	Vale S.A., Preference Shares, ADR				
22 000	CHILE - 1.1%				
23,000	Banco Santander Chile S.A., ADR				
	CHINA - 4.8%				
90,000	China Mobile Ltd				
350,000	Dah Sing Banking Group Ltd				
200,000	Hang Lung Group Ltd				
920,000	PetroChina Company Ltd., H Shares				
700,000	Swire Pacific Ltd., B Shares				
	CZECH REPUBLIC - 0.4%				
3,000	Komercni Banka AS				
	HUNGARY - 1.0%				
5,300	Richter Gedeon, GDR				
	INDIA - 3.9%				
12,000	Bharti Airtel Ltd				
20,000	GlaxoSmithKline Pharmaceuticals Ltd.				
13,000	Grasim Industries Ltd.				
29,000	Hero Honda Motors Ltd.				
45,729	Hindustan Unilever Ltd.				
11,500	Housing Development Finance Corp. Ltd				
11,500	nousing Development I mance corp. But				

See Notes to Financial Statements

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FIRST TRUST/ABERDEEN EMERGING OPPORTUNITY FUND PORTFOLIO OF INVESTMENTS (a) - (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2009 (UNAUDITED)

SHARES	DESCRIPTION
COMMON STOCKS - 20,000 10,000	(CONTINUED) INDIA - (CONTINUED) ICICI Bank Ltd
510,000 80,300 289,000	INDONESIA - 1.2% PT Astra International Tbk MALAYSIA - 1.9% British American Tobacco Malaysia Berhad Public Bank Berhad
36,900 40,000 361,000 381,939 256,000	MEXICO - 4.4% Fomento Economico Mexicano, S.A.B. de C.V., ADR
1,164,000	PHILIPPINES - 1.1% Bank of the Philippine Islands
28,000 14,500	Qatar Insurance Company
130,000 142,729	SOUTH AFRICA - 2.1% Massmart Holdings Ltd
47,008 4,900 850	SOUTH KOREA - 2.3% Pusan Bank
800,450 640,750	TAIWAN - 2.6% Taiwan Mobile Company, Ltd
250,000 275,000	THAILAND - 2.4% PTT Exploration and Production Public Company, Ltd

See Notes to Financial Statements

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FIRST TRUST/ABERDEEN EMERGING OPPORTUNITY FUND PORTFOLIO OF INVESTMENTS (a) - (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2009 (UNAUDITED)

SHARES	DESCRIPTION				
COMMON STOCKS -	(CONTINUED)				
	TURKEY - 2.2%				
344,000	Aksigorta AS				
	Bim Birlesik Magazalar AS				
156 , 000	Cimsa Cimento Sanayi ve Ticaret AS				
	UNITED KINGDOM - 1.0%				
50,696	Standard Chartered PLC				
	TOTAL COMMON STOCKS				
	(Cost \$39,652,334)				
	TOTAL INVESTMENTS - 106.1%				
	(Cost \$101 929 986) (f)				
	OUTSTANDING LOAN - (9.0)%				
	NET OTHER ASSETS AND LIABILITIES - 2.9%				
	NET ASSETS - 100.0%				

- (a) All percentages shown in the Portfolio of Investments are based on net assets.
- (b) Fixed-income portfolio securities are included in a country based upon their underlying credit exposure as determined by Aberdeen Asset Management Inc., the investment sub-advisor.
- (c) Variable rate security. The interest rate shown reflects the rate in effect at June 30, 2009.
- (d) Step-up security. A security where the coupon increases or steps up at a predetermined date. Interest rate shown reflects the rate in effect at June 30, 2009.
- (e) Security whose principal value is adjusted in accordance with changes to the country's Consumer Price Index. Interest is calculated on the basis of the current adjusted principal value.
- (f) Aggregate cost for financial reporting purposes, which approximates the aggregate cost for federal income tax purposes. As of June 30, 2009, the aggregate gross unrealized appreciation for all securities in which there

was an excess of value over tax cost was \$8,487,828 and the aggregate gross unrealized depreciation for all securities in which there was an excess of tax cost over value was \$10,173,699.

ADR American Depositary Receipt GDR Global Depositary Receipt

Currency

- BRL Brazilian Real COP Colombian Peso
- EUR Euro Dollar
- HUF Hungarian Forint
- IDR Indonesian Rupiah
- MXN Mexican Peso
- NGN Nigerian Naira
- RUB Russian Ruble
- TRY Turkish Lira
- USD United States Dollar
- UYU Uruguayan Peso

See Notes to Financial Statements

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FIRST TRUST/ABERDEEN EMERGING OPPORTUNITY FUND PORTFOLIO OF INVESTMENTS - (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2009 (UNAUDITED)

VALUATION INPUTS

A summary of the inputs used to value the Fund's investments as of June 30, 2009 is as follows (see Note 2A - Portfolio Valuation in the Notes to Financial Statements):

ASSETS TABLE

	TOTAL MARKET VALUE AT 6/30/2009	LEVEL 1 QUOTED PRICE	LEVEL 2 SIGNIFICANT OBSERVABLE INPUTS	LEVEL 3 SIGNIFICAN UNOBSERVABLI INPUTS
Bonds and Notes	\$ 60,440,151	\$	\$60,440,151	\$
Common Stocks	39,803,964	39,803,964		
Total Investments*	100,244,115	39,803,964	60,440,151	
Other Financial Instruments:				
Forward Foreign Currency Contracts	77,053	77,053		
Total	\$100,321,168	\$39,881,017	\$60,440,151	\$
	========	========	========	===

LIABILITIES TABLE

			LEVEL 2	LEVEL 3
	TOTAL MARKET	LEVEL 1	SIGNIFICANT	SIGNIFICANT
	VALUE AT	QUOTED	OBSERVABLE	UNOBSERVABLE
	6/30/2009	PRICE	INPUTS	INPUTS
Forward Foreign Currency Contracts	\$(438,447)	\$(438,447)	\$	\$
	=======	=======	===	===

^{*} See the Portfolio of Investments for country breakout.

See Notes to Financial Statements

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FIRST TRUST/ABERDEEN EMERGING OPPORTUNITY FUND SCHEDULE OF FORWARD FOREIGN CURRENCY CONTRACTS JUNE 30, 2009 (UNAUDITED)

FORWARD FOREIGN CURRENCY CONTRACTS TO BUY CONTRACTS TO RECEIVE

				NET	NET
		LOCAL		UNREALIZED	UNREALIZED
		CURRENCY	IN	APPRECIATION	DEPRECIATION
SETTLEMENT	LOCAL	VALUE IN	EXCHANGE	OF CONTRACTS	OF CONTRACTS
DATE	CURRENCY (a)	U.S. \$	FOR U.S. \$	U.S. \$	U.S. \$
08/27/09	BRL 1,479,000	\$ 745 , 946	\$ 743 , 777	\$ 2,169	\$
07/17/09	EUR 876,000	1,228,913	1,173,647	55 , 266	
08/27/09	IDR 6,244,355,000	603 , 728	590 , 204	13,524	
07/17/09	MXN 11,728,000	888 , 276	884,984	3,292	
07/17/09	TRY 1,173,000	757 , 906	755 , 104	2,802	
				\$77 , 053	\$

FORWARD FOREIGN CURRENCY CONTRACTS TO SELL CONTRACTS TO DELIVER

				NET	NET
		LOCAL		UNREALIZED	UNREALIZED
		CURRENCY	IN	APPRECIATION	DEPRECIATION
SETTLEMENT	LOCAL	VALUE IN	EXCHANGE	OF CONTRACTS	OF CONTRACTS
DATE	CURRENCY (a)	U.S. \$	FOR U.S. \$	U.S. \$	U.S. \$
08/27/09	BRL 4,217,000	\$2 , 126 , 879	\$1 , 995 , 268	\$	\$(131 , 611)
08/27/09	COP 2,645,434,000	1,222,278	1,173,141		(49,137)
07/17/09	EUR 876,000	1,228,913	1,134,122		(94,791)
07/17/09	HUF 135,030,000	693,242	667 , 858		(25,384)
08/27/09	IDR 6,244,355,000	603,728	581 , 141		(22,587)

07/17/09 07/17/09	MXN TRY	11,728,000 1,608,000	888,276 1,038,971	862,797 949,513		(25, 479) (89, 458)
					\$	\$ (438,447)
Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation)					\$77 , 053	\$ (438,447)
Net Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation)						\$(361,394)
						=======

(a) Please see page 13 for currency descriptions.

See Notes to Financial Statements

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FIRST TRUST/ABERDEEN EMERGING OPPORTUNITY FUND STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES
JUNE 30, 2009 (UNAUDITED)

ASSETS:
Investments, at value
(Cost \$101,929,986)
Cash
Foreign currency (Cost \$2,661)
Unrealized appreciation on forward foreign currency contracts
Prepaid expenses
Receivables:
Investment securities sold
Interest
Dividends
Total Assets
IULAI ASSELS
LIABILITIES:
Outstanding loan
Unrealized depreciation on forward foreign currency contracts
Payables:
Investment securities purchased
Common Shares repurchased
Investment advisory fees
Custodian fees
Audit and tax fees
Foreign capital gains tax
Printing fees
Legal fees
Administrative fees
Transfer agent fees
Interest and fees on loan
Trustees' fees and expenses
Accrued expenses and other liabilities
Total Liabilities
TOCAL BIADITICIES

NET ASSETS CONSIST OF:
Paid-in capital
Par value
Accumulated net investment income (loss)
Accumulated net realized gain (loss) on investments sold, forward foreign currency contracts and
foreign currency transactions
Net unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on investments, forward foreign currency contracts and
foreign currency translation
NET ASSETS
NET ASSET VALUE, per Common Share (par value \$0.01 per Common Share)
Number of Common Shares outstanding (unlimited number of Common Shares has been authorized) \dots

See Notes to Financial Statements

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FIRST TRUST/ABERDEEN EMERGING OPPORTUNITY FUND STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2009 (UNAUDITED)

INVESTMENT INCOME:	A 0 150 605
Interest (net of foreign withholding tax of \$4,459)	\$ 3,152,627
Dividends (net of foreign withholding tax of \$75,849)	683 , 349
Total investment income	3,835,976
EXPENSES:	
Investment advisory fees	456,797
Interest and fees on loan	150,336
Custodian fees	80,564
Administrative fees	49,999
Legal fees	48,449
Printing fees	40,058
Audit and tax fees	24,834
Trustees' fees and expenses	19,475
Transfer agent fees	16,172
Other	44,863
Total expenses	931,547
NET INVESTMENT INCOME (LOSS)	2,904,429
NET REALIZED AND UNREALIZED GAIN (LOSS): Net realized gain (loss) on:	
Investments	(5,482,767)
Forward foreign currency contracts	(458,534)
Foreign currency transactions	(646,135)
Net realized gain (loss)	(6,587,436)
Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on:	
Investments (a)	28,750,422

Forward foreign currency contracts	
Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation)	28,633,662
NET REALIZED AND UNREALIZED GAIN (LOSS)	22,046,226
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN NET ASSETS RESULTING FROM OPERATIONS	\$24,950,655

⁽a) Change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on investments is net of decrease in deferred foreign capital gains tax of \$22,763.

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FIRST TRUST/ABERDEEN EMERGING OPPORTUNITY FUND STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

	SIX MONTHS ENDED 6/30/2009 (UNAUDITED)	
OPERATIONS: Net investment income (loss)	\$ 2,904,429	\$ 6.367.8
Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation)	(6,587,436) 28,633,662	(3,040,5 (46,393,3
Net increase (decrease) in net assets resulting from operations	24,950,655	
DISTRIBUTIONS TO SHAREHOLDERS FROM: Net investment income. Net realized gain	(4,274,956) 	(6,396,9 (573,0 (2,227,9
Total distributions to shareholders	(4,274,956)	
CAPITAL TRANSACTIONS: Repurchase of Common Shares	(1,600,863)	(483,2
Total increase (decrease) in net assets	19,074,836	(52,747,2
Beginning of period	75,364,844	
End of period		\$ 75,364,8
Accumulated net investment income (loss) at end of period	\$ (1,875,674)	\$ (505,1
CAPITAL TRANSACTIONS WERE AS FOLLOWS: Common Shares at beginning of period	5,855,188 (134,463)	

Common Shares at end of period.

5,720,725

5,855,1

On November 17, 2008, the Fund commenced a share repurchase program for purposes of enhancing shareholder value and reducing the discount at which the Fund's shares trade from their net asset value. The program originally expired on May 17, 2009 but on June 2, 2009, the Fund announced that the Board of Trustees of the Fund authorized the continuation of the Fund's share repurchase program. For the six months ended June 30, 2009 and the year ended December 31, 2008, the Fund repurchased 134,463 and 50,048, respectively, of its shares at a weighted average discount of 17.05% and 22.65%, respectively, from net asset value per share. The Fund expects to continue to repurchase its outstanding shares as it believes such activity will further the accomplishment of the foregoing objectives, subject to the earlier of (i) the repurchase of up to 691,412 of the Fund's outstanding common shares, or (ii) December 2, 2009.

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FIRST TRUST/ABERDEEN EMERGING OPPORTUNITY FUND STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2009 (UNAUDITED)

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Net increase (decrease) in net assets resulting from operations Adjustments to reconcile net increase (decrease) in net assets resulting from operations to net cash provided by operating activities:	\$ 24,950,655
Purchases of investments	(23,532,058)
Sales and maturities of investments	34,120,222
Net amortization/accretion of premium/discount on investments	(382,455)
Net realized gain/loss on investments	5,482,767
Net change in unrealized appreciation/depreciation on investments	(28,750,422)
CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES:	
Decrease in net unrealized appreciation/ depreciation on forward	
foreign currency contracts	174,762
Increase in dividends receivable	(78 , 395)
Decrease in interest receivable	32,297
Decrease in prepaid expenses	31,108
Increase in receivable for investment securities sold	(1,341,450)
Increase in payable for investment securities purchased	126,754
Decrease in interest and fees on loans payable	(10,818)
Increase in investment advisory fees payable	10,260
Decrease in audit and tax fees payable	(23,302)
Increase in legal fees payable	9,616
Increase in printing fees payable	115
Increase in transfer agent fees payable	673
Increase in custodian fees payable	8,828
Decrease in Trustees' fees and expenses payable	(58)
Increase in accrued expenses and other liabilities	10,374
CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:	
Repurchase of Common Shares	(1,513,924)

Distributions to Common Shareholders	(4,274,956) (5,000,000)
CASH USED IN FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
Increase in cash and foreign currency (a)	
CASH AND FOREIGN CURRENCY AT END OF PERIOD	
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION: Cash paid during the period for interest and fees	

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FIRST TRUST/ABERDEEN EMERGING OPPORTUNITY FUND FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS FOR A COMMON SHARE OUTSTANDING THROUGHOUT EACH PERIOD

	SIX MONTHS ENDED 6/30/2009 (UNAUDITED)	YEAR ENDED 12/31/2008	YEAR ENDED 12/31/20
Net asset value, beginning of period	\$ 12.87	\$ 21.69	\$ 20.5
INCOME FROM INVESTMENT OPERATIONS: Net investment income (loss)	0.50 (c) 3.82	1.09 (c) (8.37)	0.9
Total from investment operations		(7.28)	2.9
DISTRIBUTIONS PAID TO SHAREHOLDERS FROM: Net investment income	(0.74)	(1.08) (0.10) (0.38)	(0.7 (1.0
Total distributions	,	(1.56)	(1.8
Common Shares offering costs charged to paid-in capital			
Capital share repurchases	0.06	0.02	
Net asset value, end of period	\$ 16.51	\$ 12.87	\$ 21.6
Market value, end of period	\$ 14.45	\$ 10.25	====== \$ 19.5
TOTAL RETURN BASED ON NET ASSET VALUE (d) (e)	====== 36.07%	====== (33.94)%	====== 15.7

⁽a) Includes net change in unrealized appreciation/depreciation on foreign currency of \$847.

======	======	
49.53%	(41.48)%	12.5
======	======	======
\$94,440	\$75 , 365	\$128,11
2.29% (g)	2.00%	2.0
1.92% (g)	1.60%	1.5
7.15% (g)	5.73%	4.3
26%	64%	9
\$ 8,500	\$13,500	\$ 8,00
\$12,111	\$ 6,583	\$ 17,01
	\$94,440 2.29% (g) 1.92% (g) 7.15% (g) 26% \$ 8,500	\$94,440 \$75,365 2.29% (g) 2.00% 1.92% (g) 1.60% 7.15% (g) 5.73% 26% 64% \$ 8,500 \$13,500

- (b) Net of sales load of \$0.90 per Common Share on initial offering.
- (c) Based on average shares outstanding.
- (d) Total return based on net asset value is the combination of reinvested dividend distributions and reinvested capital gains distributions, if any, at prices obtained by the Dividend Reinvestment Plan, and changes in net asset value per share and does not reflect sales load.
- (e) Total return is not annualized for periods less than one year.
- (f) Total return based on market value is the combination of reinvested dividend distributions and reinvested capital gains distributions, if any, at prices obtained by the Dividend Reinvestment Plan, and changes in Common Share price.
- (g) Annualized.
- (h) Calculated by subtracting the Fund's total assets less the Fund's total liabilities (not including the loan outstanding), and dividing by the outstanding loan balance in 000's.

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FIRST TRUST/ABERDEEN EMERGING OPPORTUNITY FUND JUNE 30, 2009 (UNAUDITED)

1. FUND DESCRIPTION

First Trust/Aberdeen Emerging Opportunity Fund (the "Fund") is a diversified, closed-end management investment company organized as a Massachusetts business trust on May 16, 2006 and is registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "1940 Act"). The Fund trades under the ticker symbol FEO on the New York Stock

⁽a) Initial seed date of July 14, 2006. The Fund commenced operations on August 28, 2006.

Exchange ("NYSE").

The Fund's investment objective is to seek a high level of total return. The Fund pursues its objective by investing at least 80% of its Managed Assets in a diversified portfolio of equity and fixed-income securities of issuers in emerging market countries. "Managed Assets" means the average daily gross asset value of the Fund (including assets attributable to the Fund's Preferred Shares, if any, and the principal amount of any borrowings) minus the sum of the Fund's accrued and unpaid dividends on any outstanding Preferred Shares and accrued liabilities (other than the principal amount of any borrowings incurred or commercial paper or notes issued by the Fund). There can be no assurance that the Fund's investment objective will be achieved.

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The following is a summary of significant accounting policies consistently followed by the Fund in the preparation of its financial statements. The preparation of financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

A. PORTFOLIO VALUATION:

The net asset value ("NAV") of the Fund's Common Shares is determined daily as of the close of regular trading on the NYSE, normally 4:00 p.m. Eastern time, on each day the NYSE is open for trading. Domestic debt securities and foreign securities are priced using data reflecting the earlier closing of the principal markets for those securities. The NAV per Common Share is calculated by dividing the value of all assets of the Fund (including accrued dividends and interest), less all liabilities (including accrued expenses, dividends declared but unpaid and any borrowings of the Fund), by the total number of Common Shares outstanding.

The Fund's investments are valued daily at market value or, in the absence of market value with respect to any portfolio securities, at fair value according to procedures adopted by the Fund's Board of Trustees. A majority of the Fund's assets are valued using market information supplied by third parties. In addition, structured products, including currency linked notes and credit linked notes, as well as interest rate swaps and credit default swaps, are valued using a pricing service or quotes provided by the selling dealer or financial institution. In the event that market quotations are not readily available, the pricing service does not provide a valuation for a particular asset, or the valuations are deemed unreliable, the Fund's Board of Trustees has designated First Trust Advisors L.P. ("First Trust") to use a fair value method to value the Fund's securities and other investments. Additionally, if events occur after the close of the principal markets for particular securities (e.g., domestic debt and foreign securities), but before the Fund values its assets, that could materially affect NAV, First Trust may use a fair value method to value the Fund's securities and other investments. The use of fair value pricing by the Fund is governed by valuation procedures adopted by the Fund's Board of Trustees, and in accordance with the provisions of the 1940 Act. Fixed income securities with a remaining maturity of 60 days or more will be valued by the Fund using a pricing service. Short-term investments that mature in less than 60 days are valued at amortized cost.

Portfolio securities listed on any exchange other than the NASDAQ National Market ("NASDAQ") and the London Stock Exchange Alternative Investment Market ("AIM") are valued at the last sale price on the business day as of which such value is being determined. Securities listed on the NASDAQ or the AIM are valued at the official closing price on the business day as of which such value is being determined. If there has been no sale on such day, or no official closing

price in the case of securities traded on the NASDAQ or the AIM, the securities are valued at the mean of the most recent bid and ask prices on such day. Portfolio securities traded on more than one securities exchange are valued at the last sale price or official closing price, as applicable, on the business day as of which such value is being determined at the close of the exchange representing the principal market for such securities. Portfolio securities traded in the over-the-counter market, but excluding securities trading on the NASDAQ and the AIM, are valued at the closing bid prices.

Foreign securities traded outside the United States are generally valued as of the time their trading is complete, which is usually different from the close of the NYSE. Occasionally, events affecting the value of such securities may occur between such times and the close of the NYSE that will not always be reflected in the computation of the value of such securities. If events materially affecting the value of such securities occur during such period, these securities will be valued at their fair value according to procedures adopted by the Fund's Board of Trustees. All securities and other assets of the Fund initially expressed in foreign currencies will be converted to U.S. dollars using exchange rates in effect at the time of valuation.

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (CONTINUED)

FIRST TRUST/ABERDEEN EMERGING OPPORTUNITY FUND JUNE 30, 2009 (UNAUDITED)

In September 2006, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 157, "Fair Value Measurements" ("FAS 157"), effective for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007. This standard clarifies the definition of fair value for financial reporting, establishes a framework for measuring fair value and requires additional disclosures about the use of fair value measurements. The three levels of the fair value hierarchy under FAS 157 are described below:

- Level 1 quoted prices in active markets for identical securities
- Level 2 other significant observable inputs (including quoted prices for similar securities, interest rates, prepayment speeds, credit risk, etc.)
- Level 3 significant unobservable inputs (including the Fund's own assumptions in determining the fair value of investments)

In April 2009, FASB issued FASB Staff Position No. 157-4, "Determining Fair Value when the Volume and Level of Activity for the Asset or Liability Have Significantly Decreased and Identifying Transactions That Are Not Orderly" ("FSP 157-4"). FSP 157-4 is effective for fiscal years and interim periods ending after June 15, 2009. FSP 157-4 provides additional guidance for estimating fair value in accordance with FAS 157, when the volume and level of activity for the asset or liability have significantly decreased. FSP 157-4 also includes guidance on identifying circumstances that indicate a transaction is not orderly. FSP 157-4 requires entities to describe the inputs used in valuation techniques used to measure fair value and changes in inputs over the period. FSP 157-4 expands the three-level hierarchy disclosure and the Level 3 roll-forward disclosure for each major security type.

The inputs or methodology used for valuing securities are not necessarily an indication of the risk associated with investing in those securities. A summary

of the inputs used to value the Fund's investments as of June 30, 2009 is included in the Fund's Portfolio of Investments.

B. SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS AND INVESTMENT INCOME:

Securities transactions are recorded as of the trade date. Realized gains and losses from securities transactions are recorded on the identified cost basis. Dividend income is recorded on the ex-dividend date. Interest income is recorded on the accrual basis, including amortization of premiums and accretion of discounts.

Securities purchased or sold on a when-issued or delayed-delivery basis may be settled a month or more after the trade date; interest income on such securities is not accrued until settlement date. The Fund maintains liquid assets with a current value at least equal to the amount of its when-issued or delayed-delivery purchase commitments. At June 30, 2009, the Fund had no when-issued or delayed-delivery purchase commitments.

C. CREDIT LINKED NOTES:

The Fund invests in credit linked notes. Credit linked notes are securities that are collateralized by one or more designated securities that are referred to as "reference securities". Through the purchase of a credit linked note, the buyer assumes the risk of the default or, in some cases, other declines in credit quality of the reference securities. The buyer also takes on exposure to the issuer of the credit linked note in the full amount of the purchase price of the note. The issuer of a credit linked note normally will have hedged its risk on the reference securities without acquiring any additional credit exposure. The Fund has the right to receive periodic interest payments from the issuer of the credit linked note at an agreed-upon interest rate, and, if there has been no default or, if applicable, other declines in credit quality, a return of principal at the maturity date.

Credit linked notes are subject to credit risk of the reference securities underlying the credit linked notes. If one of the underlying reference securities defaults, or suffers certain other declines in credit quality, the Fund may, instead of receiving repayment of principal in whole or in part, receive the security that has defaulted.

Credit linked notes typically are privately negotiated transactions between two or more parties. The Fund bears the risk that the issuer of the credit linked note will default or become bankrupt. The Fund bears the risk of loss of the principal amount it invested, and the periodic interest payments expected to be received for the duration of its investment in the credit linked note.

The market for credit linked notes may suddenly become illiquid. The other parties to the transaction may be the only investors with sufficient understanding of the derivative to be interested in bidding for it. Changes in liquidity may result in significant, rapid and unpredictable changes in the prices for credit linked notes. In certain cases, a market price for a credit linked note may not be available.

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (CONTINUED)

FIRST TRUST/ABERDEEN EMERGING OPPORTUNITY FUND JUNE 30, 2009 (UNAUDITED)

D. FORWARD FOREIGN CURRENCY CONTRACTS:

The Fund has adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 161, "Disclosures about Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities" ("FAS 161"), an amendment of FASB Statement 133, which was issued in March of 2008 and is effective for fiscal years and interim periods beginning after November 15, 2008. The Fund has forward foreign currency contracts outstanding at June 30, 2009, which are considered derivative instruments under FAS 161.

Forward foreign currency contracts are agreements to exchange one currency for another at a future date and at a specified price. The Fund may use forward foreign currency contracts to facilitate transactions in foreign securities and to manage the Fund's foreign currency exposure. These contracts are valued daily, and the Fund's net equity therein, representing unrealized gain or loss on the contracts as measured by the difference between the forward foreign exchange rates at the dates of entry into the contracts and the forward rates at the reporting date, is included on the Statement of Assets and Liabilities. Realized and unrealized gains and losses are included on the Statement of Operations. Risks arise from the possible inability of counterparties to meet the terms of their contracts and from movement in currency and securities values and interest rates. Due to the risks, the Fund could incur losses up to the entire contract amount, which may exceed the net unrealized value shown on the Schedule of Forward Foreign Currency Contracts.

E. FOREIGN CURRENCY:

The books and records of the Fund are maintained in U.S. dollars. Foreign currencies, investments and other assets and liabilities are translated into U.S. dollars at the exchange rates prevailing at the end of the period. Purchases and sales of investment securities and items of income and expense are translated on the respective dates of such transactions. Unrealized gains and losses on assets and liabilities, other than investments in securities, which result from changes in foreign currency exchange rates have been included in "Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on foreign currency translation" on the Statement of Operations. Unrealized gains and losses on investments in securities which result from changes in foreign exchange rates are included with fluctuations arising from changes in market price and are shown in "Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on investments" on the Statement of Operations. Net realized foreign currency gains and losses include the effect of changes in exchange rates between trade date and settlement date on investment security transactions, foreign currency transactions and interest and dividends received. The portion of foreign currency gains and losses related to fluctuations in exchange rates between the initial purchase trade date and subsequent sale trade date is included in "Net realized gain (loss) on foreign currency transactions" on the Statement of Operations.

F. DIVIDENDS AND DISTRIBUTIONS TO SHAREHOLDERS:

Level dividend distributions are declared and paid quarterly to Common Shareholders after the payment of interest and/or dividends in connection with leverage. The level dividend rate may be modified by the Board of Trustees from time to time. If, for any quarterly distribution, net investment company taxable income, if any (which term includes net short-term capital gain), is less than the amount of the distribution, the difference will generally be a tax-free return of capital distributed from the Fund's assets. Distributions of any net long-term capital gains earned by the Fund are distributed at least annually. Distributions will automatically be reinvested into additional Common Shares pursuant to the Fund's Dividend Reinvestment Plan unless cash distributions are elected by the shareholder.

Distributions from income and capital gains are determined in accordance with

income tax regulations, which may differ from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. These differences are primarily due to differing treatments of income and gains on various investment securities held by the Fund, timing differences and differing characterization of distributions made by the Fund.

The tax character of distributions paid during the year ended December 31, 2008 was as follows:

Distributions paid from:	
Ordinary Income	\$6,476,214
Long-Term Capital Gains	493,788
Return of Capital	2,227,912

As of December 31, 2008 the components of distributable earnings on a tax basis were as follows:

Undistributed Ordinary Income	\$	
Net Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation)	(30	,949,378)
Accumulated Capital and Other Losses	(3	,412,090)

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (CONTINUED)

FIRST TRUST/ABERDEEN EMERGING OPPORTUNITY FUND JUNE 30, 2009 (UNAUDITED)

G. INCOME TAXES:

The Fund intends to continue to qualify as a regulated investment company by complying with the requirements under Subchapter M of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, which includes distributing substantially all of its net investment income and net realized gains to shareholders. Accordingly, no provision has been made for federal or state income taxes.

The Fund intends to utilize provisions of the federal income tax laws, which allows it to carry a realized capital loss forward for eight years following the year of the loss and offset such loss against any future realized capital gains. At December 31, 2008, the Fund had available realized capital losses of \$495,817 to offset future net capital gains through the fiscal year ending 2016.

Certain capital losses realized after October 31 may be deferred and treated as occurring on the first day of the following fiscal year. For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2008, the Fund intends to elect to defer net realized capital losses of \$2,615,927 and foreign currency losses of \$300,346 incurred from November 1, 2008 through December 31, 2008.

In June 2006, FASB issued Interpretation No. 48, "Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes" ("FIN 48"). FIN 48 establishes the minimum threshold for recognizing, and a system for measuring, the benefits of a tax position taken or expected to be taken in a tax return, and is effective for the Fund's current fiscal year. As of June 30, 2009, management has evaluated the application of

 ${\tt FIN}$ 48 to the Fund and has determined that no provision for income tax is required in the Fund's financial statements.

H. EXPENSES:

The Fund pays all expenses directly related to its operations.

3. INVESTMENT ADVISORY FEE, AFFILIATED TRANSACTIONS AND OTHER FEE ARRANGEMENTS

First Trust is a limited partnership with one limited partner, Grace Partners of DuPage L.P., and one general partner, The Charger Corporation. First Trust serves as investment advisor to the Fund pursuant to an Investment Management Agreement. First Trust is responsible for the ongoing monitoring of the Fund's investment portfolio, managing the Fund's business affairs and providing certain administrative services necessary for the management of the Fund. For these services, First Trust is entitled to a monthly fee calculated at an annual rate of 1.00% of the Fund's Managed Assets.

Aberdeen Asset Management Inc. (the "Sub-Advisor") serves as the Fund's sub-advisor and manages the Fund's portfolio subject to First Trust's supervision. The Sub-Advisor receives a monthly portfolio management fee calculated at an annual rate of 0.50% of Managed Assets that is paid by First Trust out of its investment advisory fee.

PNC Global Investment Servicing (U.S.) Inc., an indirect, majority-owned subsidiary of The PNC Financial Services Group, Inc., serves as the Fund's Administrator, Fund Accountant and Transfer Agent in accordance with certain fee arrangements. PFPC Trust Company, also an indirect, majority-owned subsidiary of The PNC Financial Services Group, Inc., serves as the Fund's Custodian in accordance with certain fee arrangements.

Each Trustee who is not an officer or employee of First Trust, any sub-advisor or any of their affiliates ("Independent Trustees") is paid an annual retainer of \$10,000 per trust for the first 14 trusts of the First Trust Fund Complex and an annual retainer of \$7,500 per trust for each subsequent trust in the First Trust Fund Complex. The annual retainer is allocated equally among each of the trusts. No additional meeting fees are paid in connection with board or committee meetings.

Additionally, the Lead Independent Trustee is paid \$10,000 annually, the Chairman of the Audit Committee is paid \$5,000 annually, and each of the Chairmen of the Nominating and Governance Committee and the Valuation Committee are paid \$2,500 annually to serve in such capacities, with such compensation paid by the trusts in the First Trust Fund Complex and divided among those trusts. Trustees are also reimbursed by the trusts in the First Trust Fund Complex for travel and out-of-pocket expenses in connection with all meetings. The Lead Independent Trustee and each Committee chairman will serve two-year terms ending December 31, 2009, before rotating to serve as a chairman of another Committee or as Lead Independent Trustee. The officers and "Interested" Trustee receive no compensation from the Fund for serving in such capacities.

4. PURCHASES AND SALES OF SECURITIES

Cost of purchases and proceeds from sales of securities, other than U.S. government obligations and short-term obligations, for the six months ended June 30, 2009, were \$23,532,058 and \$34,120,222, respectively.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (CONTINUED)

FIRST TRUST/ABERDEEN EMERGING OPPORTUNITY FUND JUNE 30, 2009 (UNAUDITED)

5. REVOLVING LOAN AGREEMENT

The Fund has entered into a revolving loan agreement with certain lenders, which provides for a credit facility to be used as leverage for the Fund. The credit facility provides for a secured line of credit for the Fund where Fund assets are pledged against advances made to the Fund. Under the requirements of the 1940 Act, the Fund, immediately after any such borrowings, must have an "asset coverage" of at least 300% (33-1/3% of the Fund's total assets after borrowings). The total commitment under the facility is up to \$28,000,000. For the six months ended June 30, 2009, the average amount outstanding was \$10,074,586. The high and low annual interest rates during the six months ended June 30, 2009, were 2.26% and 1.53%, respectively, and the weighted average interest rate was 1.77%. The interest rate at June 30, 2009 was 1.61%. The Fund also pays a commitment fee of 0.25% per year and an administration fee of \$100,000, which are included in "Interest and fees on loan" on the Statement of Operations. The revolving loan agreement has been extended until November 16, 2009.

6. INDEMNIFICATION

The Fund has a variety of indemnification obligations under contracts with its service providers. The Fund's maximum exposure under these arrangements is unknown. However, the Fund has not had prior claims or losses pursuant to these contracts and expects the risk of loss to be remote.

7. RISK CONSIDERATIONS

Risks are inherent in all investing. The following summarizes some of the risks that should be considered for the Fund. For additional information about the risks associated with investing in the Fund, please see the Fund's prospectus and statement of additional information, as well as other Fund regulatory filings.

INVESTMENT AND MARKET RISK: An investment in the Fund's Common Shares is subject to investment risk, including the possible loss of the entire principal invested. An investment in Common Shares represents an indirect investment in the securities owned by the Fund, which include a global bond and equity portfolio of investment grade and below-investment grade government and corporate debt securities. The value of these securities, like other market investments, may move up or down, sometimes rapidly and unpredictably. Common Shares, at any point in time, may be worth less than the original investment, even after taking into account the reinvestment of Fund dividends and distributions. Security prices can fluctuate for several reasons including the general condition of the bond market, or when political or economic events affecting the issuers occur. When the Advisor or Sub-Advisor determines that it is temporarily unable to follow the Fund's investment strategy or that it is impractical to do so (such as when a market disruption event has occurred and trading in the securities is extremely limited or absent), the Fund may take temporary defensive positions.

The Fund's performance was adversely impacted by the weakness in the credit markets and broad stock market that occurred beginning in late 2008, and may continue to be adversely affected if the weakness in the credit and stock markets continue. In response to the financial crises affecting the banking system and financial markets, the U.S. and foreign governments have intervened to an unprecedented degree in the financial and credit markets. Among other things, U.S. government regulators have encouraged, and in some cases structured

and provided financial assistance for, banks, securities firms, insurers and other financial companies. Additional intervention programs have been adopted and proposed which may have a further impact on the financial and credit markets. Many of the recently enacted or proposed government measures are far-reaching and without historical precedent. Furthermore, the U.S. government has stated its willingness to implement additional measures as it may see fit to address changes in market conditions. There can be no assurance that any or all of these measures will succeed in stabilizing and providing liquidity to the U.S. financial markets, including the extreme levels of volatility currently being experienced. Such continued volatility could materially and adversely affect the financial condition of the Fund.

NON-INVESTMENT GRADE SECURITIES RISK: The Fund may invest up to 80% of its Managed Assets in non-investment grade securities. Non-investment grade securities are rated below "Baa3" by Moody's Investors Service, Inc., below "BBB-" by Standard & Poor's, or comparably rated by another nationally recognized statistical rating organization or, if unrated, determined by the Sub-Advisor to be of comparable credit quality. Non-investment grade debt instruments are commonly referred to as "high-yield" or "junk" bonds and are considered speculative with respect to the issuer's capacity to pay interest and repay principal and are susceptible to default or decline in market value due to adverse economic and business developments. The market values for high-yield securities tend to be very volatile, and these securities are less liquid than investment grade debt securities.

EMERGING MARKETS RISK: Under normal market conditions, the Fund will invest at least 80% of its Managed Assets in equity or fixed-income securities of issuers located in countries considered to be emerging markets. Investments in such securities are considered speculative. In addition to the general risks of investing in non-U.S. securities, heightened risks of investing in emerging markets securities include: smaller market capitalization of securities markets, which may suffer periods of relative illiquidity; significant price volatility; restrictions on foreign investment; and possible restrictions on repatriation of investment income and capital. Furthermore,

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (CONTINUED)

FIRST TRUST/ABERDEEN EMERGING OPPORTUNITY FUND JUNE 30, 2009 (UNAUDITED)

foreign investors may be required to register the proceeds of sales, and future economic or political crises could lead to price controls, forced mergers, expropriation or confiscatory taxation, seizure, nationalization or creation of government monopolies. The currencies of emerging market countries may experience significant declines against the U.S. dollar, and devaluation may occur subsequent to investments in these currencies by the Fund. Inflation and rapid fluctuations in inflation rates have had, and may continue to have, negative effects on the economies and securities markets of certain emerging market countries.

FIXED-INCOME SECURITIES RISK: Debt securities, including high yield securities, are subject to certain risks, including: (i) issuer risk, which is the risk that the value of fixed-income securities may decline for a number of reasons which directly relate to the issuer, such as management performance, financial leverage and reduced demand for the issuer's goods and services; (ii) reinvestment risk, which is the risk that income from the Fund's portfolio will decline if the Fund invests the proceeds from matured, traded or called bonds at

market interest rates that are below the Fund portfolio's current earnings rate; (iii) prepayment risk, which is the risk that during periods of declining interest rates, the issuer of a security may exercise its option to prepay principal earlier than scheduled, forcing the Fund to reinvest in lower yielding securities; and (iv) credit risk, which is the risk that a security in the Fund's portfolio will decline in price or the issuer fails to make interest payments when due because the issuer of the security experiences a decline in its financial status.

INTEREST RATE RISK: The Fund is also subject to interest rate risk. Interest rate risk is the risk that fixed-income securities will decline in value because of changes in market interest rates. Investments in debt securities with long-term maturities may experience significant price declines if long-term interest rates increase.

NON-U.S. RISK: Investments in the securities and instruments of non-U.S. issuers involve certain considerations and risks not ordinarily associated with investments in securities and instruments of U.S. issuers. Non-U.S. companies are not generally subject to uniform accounting, auditing and financial standards and requirements comparable to those applicable to U.S. companies. Non-U.S. securities exchanges, brokers and listed companies may be subject to less government supervision and regulation than exists in the United States. Dividend and interest income may be subject to withholding and other non-U.S. taxes, which may adversely affect the net return on such investments. Additionally, there may be difficulty in obtaining or enforcing a court judgment abroad.

CURRENCY RISK: The value of securities denominated or quoted in foreign currencies may be adversely affected by fluctuations in the relative currency exchange rates and by exchange control regulations. The Fund's investment performance may be negatively affected by a devaluation of a currency in which the Fund's investments are denominated or quoted. Further, the Fund's investment performance may be significantly affected, either positively or negatively, by currency exchange rates because the U.S. dollar value of securities denominated or quoted in another currency will increase or decrease in response to changes in the value of such currency in relation to the U.S. dollar. While certain of the Fund's non-U.S. dollar-denominated securities may be hedged into U.S. dollars, hedging may not alleviate all currency risks.

CREDIT LINKED NOTES RISK: The Fund may invest up to 35% of its Managed Assets in credit linked notes. Credit linked notes are subject to credit risk of the reference securities underlying the credit linked notes. If one of the underlying reference securities defaults or suffers certain other declines in credit quality, the Fund may, instead of receiving repayment of principal in whole or in part, receive the security that has defaulted. The Fund also bears the risk that the issuer of the credit linked note will default or become bankrupt. The Fund bears the risk of loss of the principal amount it invested and the periodic interest payments expected to be received for the duration of its investment in the credit linked note.

LEVERAGE RISK: The use of leverage results in additional risks and can magnify the effect of any losses. The funds borrowed pursuant to a leverage borrowing program, or obtained through the issuance of Preferred Shares, constitute a substantial lien and burden by reason of their prior claim against the income of the Fund and against the net assets of the Fund in liquidation. The rights of lenders to receive payments of interest on and repayments of principal on any borrowings made by the Fund under a leverage borrowing program are senior to the rights of holders of Common Shares and the holders of Preferred Shares, with respect to payment of dividends or upon liquidation. If the Fund is not in compliance with certain credit facility provisions, the Fund may not be permitted to declare dividends or other distributions, including dividends and distributions with respect to Common Shares or Preferred Shares or purchase

Common Shares or Preferred Shares.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES RISK: The ability of a government issuer, especially in an emerging market country, to make timely and complete payments on its debt obligations will be strongly influenced by the government issuer's balance of payments, including export performance, its access to international credits and investments, fluctuations of interest rates and the extent of its foreign reserves. A country whose exports are concentrated in a few commodities or whose economy depends on certain strategic imports could be vulnerable to fluctuations in international prices of these commodities or imports. To the extent that a country receives payment for its exports in currencies other than U.S. dollars, its ability to make debt payments denominated in U.S. dollars could be adversely affected. If a government issuer cannot generate sufficient earnings from foreign trade to service its external debt, it may need to depend on continuing loans and aid from foreign governments, commercial banks, and multinational organizations. There are no bankruptcy proceedings similar to those in the United States

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (CONTINUED)

FIRST TRUST/ABERDEEN EMERGING OPPORTUNITY FUND JUNE 30, 2009 (UNAUDITED)

by which defaulted government debt may be collected. Additional factors that may influence a government issuer's ability or willingness to service debt include, but are not limited to, a country's cash flow situation, the availability of sufficient foreign exchange on the date a payment is due, the relative size of its debt service burden to the economy as a whole, and the issuer's policy towards the International Monetary Fund, the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development and other international agencies to which a government debtor may be subject.

NON-U.S. GOVERNMENT SECURITIES RISK: Economies and social and political climates in individual countries may differ unfavorably from the United States. Non-U.S. economies may have less favorable rates of growth of gross domestic product, rates of inflation, currency valuation, capital reinvestment, resource self-sufficiency and balance of payments positions. Many countries have experienced extremely high rates of inflation for many years. Unanticipated economic, political and social developments may also affect the values of the Fund's investments and limit the availability of additional investments in such countries. Furthermore, such developments may significantly disrupt the financial markets or interfere with the Fund's ability to enforce its rights against non-U.S. government issuers.

A substantial portion of the Fund's Managed Assets are expected to be invested in debt instruments of issuers located in countries considered to be emerging markets, and investments in such securities are considered speculative. Heightened risks of investing in emerging markets government debt include: smaller market capitalization of securities markets, which may suffer periods of relative illiquidity; significant price volatility; restrictions on foreign investment; and possible repatriation of investment income and capital. Furthermore, foreign investors may be required to register the proceeds of sales and future economic or political crises could lead to price controls, forced mergers, expropriation or confiscatory taxation, seizure, nationalization or creation of government monopolies. The currencies of emerging market countries may experience significant declines against the U.S. dollar, and devaluation may occur subsequent to investments in these currencies by the Fund. Inflation and

rapid fluctuations in inflation rates have had, and may continue to have, negative effects on the economies and securities markets of certain emerging market countries.

8. SUBSEQUENT EVENT

Management has evaluated the impact of all subsequent events on the Fund through August 21, 2009, the date the financial statements were issued, and has determined that there were no subsequent events requiring recognition or disclosure in the financial statements.

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ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

FIRST TRUST/ABERDEEN EMERGING OPPORTUNITY FUND JUNE 30, 2009 (UNAUDITED)

DIVIDEND REINVESTMENT PLAN

If your Common Shares are registered directly with the Fund or if you hold your Common Shares with a brokerage firm that participates in the Fund's Dividend Reinvestment Plan (the "Plan"), unless you elect, by written notice to the Fund, to receive cash distributions, all dividends, including any capital gain distributions, on your Common Shares will be automatically reinvested by PNC Global Investment Servicing (U.S.) Inc. (the "Plan Agent"), in additional Common Shares under the Plan. If you elect to receive cash distributions, you will receive all distributions in cash paid by check mailed directly to you by the Plan Agent, as dividend paying agent.

If you decide to participate in the Plan, the number of Common Shares you will receive will be determined as follows:

- (1) If Common Shares are trading at or above NAV at the time of valuation, the Fund will issue new shares at a price equal to the greater of (i) NAV per Common Share on that date or (ii) 95% of the market price on that date.
- (2) If Common Shares are trading below NAV at the time of valuation, the Plan Agent will receive the dividend or distribution in cash and will purchase Common Shares in the open market, on the NYSE or elsewhere, for the participants' accounts. It is possible that the market price for the Common Shares may increase before the Plan Agent has completed its purchases. Therefore, the average purchase price per share paid by the Plan Agent may exceed the market price at the time of valuation, resulting in the purchase of fewer shares than if the dividend or distribution had been paid in Common Shares issued by the Fund. The Plan Agent will use all dividends and distributions received in cash to purchase Common Shares in the open market within 30 days of the valuation date except where temporary curtailment or suspension of purchases is necessary to comply with federal securities laws. Interest will not be paid on any uninvested cash payments.

You may elect to opt-out of or withdraw from the Plan at any time by giving written notice to the Plan Agent, or by telephone at (800) 331-1710, in accordance with such reasonable requirements as the Plan Agent and the Fund may agree upon. If you withdraw or the Plan is terminated, you will receive a certificate for each whole share in your account under the Plan, and you will receive a cash payment for any fraction of a share in your account. If you wish,

the Plan Agent will sell your shares and send you the proceeds, minus brokerage commissions.

The Plan Agent maintains all Common Shareholders' accounts in the Plan and gives written confirmation of all transactions in the accounts, including information you may need for tax records. Common Shares in your account will be held by the Plan Agent in non-certificated form. The Plan Agent will forward to each participant any proxy solicitation material and will vote any shares so held only in accordance with proxies returned to the Fund. Any proxy you receive will include all Common Shares you have received under the Plan.

There is no brokerage charge for reinvestment of your dividends or distributions in Common Shares. However, all participants will pay a pro rata share of brokerage commissions incurred by the Plan Agent when it makes open market purchases.

Automatically reinvesting dividends and distributions does not mean that you do not have to pay income taxes due upon receiving dividends and distributions. Capital gains and income are realized, although cash is not received by you. Consult your financial advisor for more information.

If you hold your Common Shares with a brokerage firm that does not participate in the Plan, you will not be able to participate in the Plan and any dividend reinvestment may be effected on different terms than those described above.

The Fund reserves the right to amend or terminate the Plan if in the judgment of the Board of Trustees the change is warranted. There is no direct service charge to participants in the Plan; however, the Fund reserves the right to amend the Plan to include a service charge payable by the participants. Additional information about the Plan may be obtained by writing PNC Global Investment Servicing (U.S.) Inc., 301 Bellevue Parkway, Wilmington, Delaware 19809.

PROXY VOTING POLICIES AND PROCEDURES

A description of the policies and procedures that the Fund uses to determine how to vote proxies and information on how the Fund voted proxies relating to portfolio securities during the most recent 12-month period ended June 30 is available (1) without charge, upon request, by calling (800) 988-5891; (2) on the Fund's website located at http://www.ftportfolios.com; and (3) on the Securities and Exchange Commission's website located at http://www.sec.gov.

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ADDITIONAL INFORMATION - (CONTINUED)

FIRST TRUST/ABERDEEN EMERGING OPPORTUNITY FUND JUNE 30, 2009 (UNAUDITED)

PORTFOLIO HOLDINGS

The Fund files its complete schedule of portfolio holdings with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") for the first and third quarters of each fiscal year on Form N-Q. The Fund's Forms N-Q are available (1) by calling (800) 988-5891; (2) on the Fund's website located at http://www.ftportfolios.com; (3) on the SEC's website at http://www.sec.gov; and (4) for review and copying at the SEC's Public Reference Room ("PRR") in Washington, DC. Information regarding the operation of the PRR may be obtained by calling (800) SEC-0330.

SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SHAREHOLDERS

The Annual Meeting of Shareholders of the Common Shares of First Trust/Aberdeen Emerging Opportunity Fund was held on May 11, 2009. At the Annual Meeting, Independent Trustees Richard E. Erickson and Thomas R. Kadlec were elected by the holders of Common Shares of the Fund as Class II Trustees for three-year terms expiring at the Fund's annual meeting of shareholders in 2012. The number of votes cast in favor of Dr. Erickson was 4,717,830, the number of votes against was 727,391 and the number of abstentions was 386,409. The number of votes cast in favor of Mr. Kadlec was 4,715,084, the number of votes against was 730,137 and the number of abstentions was 386,409. James A. Bowen, Robert F. Keith and Niel B. Nielson are the current and continuing Trustees.

At the Annual Meeting, shareholders also voted not to approve a shareholder proposal submitted by Opportunity Income Plus L.P. (the "Proposal") requesting the Board of Trustees of the Fund to authorize a self-tender offer for all outstanding shares of the Fund at net asset value. The Proposal additionally requested that if more than 50% of the Fund's outstanding shares were tendered, the tender offer should be cancelled and the Fund should be liquidated or merged into an open-end mutual fund. The number of votes cast in favor of the Proposal was 859,640, the number of votes against the Proposal was 2,460,792, the number of abstentions was 84,397 and the number of broker non-votes was 2,040,392.

ADVISORY AND SUB-ADVISORY AGREEMENTS

BOARD CONSIDERATIONS REGARDING CONTINUATION OF INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT AND SUB-ADVISORY AGREEMENTS

The Board of Trustees of First Trust/Aberdeen Emerging Opportunity Fund (the "Fund"), including the Independent Trustees, unanimously approved the continuation of the Investment Management Agreement (the "Advisory Agreement") between the Fund and First Trust Advisors L.P. (the "Advisor") and the Investment Sub-Advisory Agreement (the "Sub-Advisory Agreement" and together with the Advisory Agreement, the "Agreements") among the Fund, the Advisor and Aberdeen Asset Management Inc. (the "Sub-Advisor"), at a meeting held on March 1-2, 2009. The Board determined that the terms of the Agreements are fair and reasonable and that the Agreements continue to be in the best interests of the Fund.

To reach this determination, the Board considered its duties under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "1940 Act"), as well as under the general principles of state law in reviewing and approving advisory contracts; the requirements of the 1940 Act in such matters; the fiduciary duty of investment advisors with respect to advisory agreements and compensation; the standards used by courts in determining whether investment company boards have fulfilled their duties; and the factors to be considered by the Board in voting on such agreements. To assist the Board in its evaluation of the Agreements, the Independent Trustees received a separate report from each of the Advisor and the Sub-Advisor in advance of the Board meeting responding to a request for information from counsel to the Independent Trustees. The reports, among other things, outlined the services provided by the Advisor and the Sub-Advisor (including the relevant personnel responsible for these services and their experience); the advisory and sub-advisory fees for the Fund as compared to fees charged to other clients of the Advisor and the Sub-Advisor and as compared to fees charged by investment advisors and sub-advisors to comparable funds; expenses of the Fund as compared to expense ratios of comparable funds; the nature of expenses incurred in providing services to the Fund and the potential for economies of scale, if any; financial data on the Advisor and the Sub-Advisor; any fall out benefits to the Advisor and the Sub-Advisor; and information on the Advisor's and the Sub-Advisor's compliance programs. The Independent Trustees also met separately with their independent legal counsel to discuss the information provided by the Advisor and the Sub-Advisor. The Board applied its business judgment to determine whether the arrangements between the

Fund and the Advisor and among the Fund, the Advisor and the Sub-Advisor are reasonable business arrangements from the Fund's perspective as well as from the perspective of shareholders.

In reviewing the Agreements, the Board considered the nature, quality and extent of services provided by the Advisor and the Sub-Advisor under the Agreements. The Board considered the Advisor's statements regarding the incremental benefits associated with the Fund's advisor/sub-advisor management structure. With respect to the Advisory Agreement, the Board considered that the Advisor is responsible for the overall management and administration of the Fund, including the oversight of the Sub-Advisor. The Board noted the compliance program that had been developed by the Advisor and considered that the compliance program includes policies and procedures for monitoring the Sub-Advisor's compliance with the 1940 Act and the Fund's investment objective and policies. The Board also noted the enhancements made by the Advisor to the compliance program in 2008. With respect to the Sub-Advisory Agreement, the Board received a

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ADDITIONAL INFORMATION - (CONTINUED)

FIRST TRUST/ABERDEEN EMERGING OPPORTUNITY FUND JUNE 30, 2009 (UNAUDITED)

presentation from representatives of the Sub Advisor discussing the services that the Sub-Advisor provides to the Fund and how the Sub-Advisor manages the Fund's investments. In light of the information presented and the considerations made, the Board concluded that the nature, quality and extent of services provided to the Fund by the Advisor and the Sub-Advisor under the Agreements have been and are expected to remain satisfactory and that the Sub-Advisor, under the oversight of the Advisor, has managed the Fund consistent with its investment objective and policies.

The Board considered the advisory and sub-advisory fees paid under the Agreements. The Board considered the advisory fees paid to the Advisor by similar funds, and noted that the Advisor does not provide advisory services to clients with investment objectives and policies similar to the Fund's other than to another closed end fund to which an identical advisory fee rate was charged. The Board also considered information provided by the Sub-Advisor as to the fees it charges to other clients, noting that the Sub-Advisor does not manage any other closed-end funds directly comparable to the Fund, but that the sub-advisory fee is generally lower than the fees the Sub-Advisor charges to the other North American closed-end fixed income and equity funds that it manages. In addition, the Board received data prepared by Lipper Inc. ("Lipper"), an independent source, showing the management fees and expense ratios of the Fund as compared to the management fees and expense ratios of a combined peer group selected by Lipper and the Advisor. The Board discussed with representatives of the Advisor the limitations in creating a relevant peer group for the Fund, including that (i) the peer funds may use different types of leverage which have different costs associated with them; (ii) most peer funds do not employ an advisor/sub-advisor management structure; (iii) the peer funds may not have the same fiscal year as the Fund, which may cause the expense data used by Lipper to be measured over different time periods; (iv) many of the peer funds are larger than the Fund; and (v) many of the peer funds have an inception date prior to the Fund's inception date and their fee and expense structures may not reflect newer pricing practices in the market. The Board reviewed the Lipper materials, but based on its discussions with the Advisor, the Board determined that the Lipper data was of limited value for purposes of its consideration of the renewal of the Agreements.

The Board also considered performance information for the Fund, noting that, similar to almost all other funds, the Fund's performance was impacted by the severe market downturn in 2008. The Board noted that the performance information included the Fund's quarterly performance report, which is part of the process that the Board has established for monitoring the Fund's performance on an ongoing basis. The Board determined that this process continues to be effective for reviewing the Fund's performance. In addition to the Board's ongoing review of performance, the Board also received data prepared by Lipper comparing the Fund's performance to the combined peer group selected by Lipper and the Advisor, as well as to a larger group and to a blended benchmark. The Board reviewed the Lipper materials, but for similar reasons to those described above, the Board determined that the performance data provided by Lipper was of limited value. The Board considered an analysis prepared by the Advisor on the continued benefits provided by the Fund's leverage. In addition, the Board considered the market price and net asset value performance of the Fund since inception, and compared the Fund's premium/discount to the average and median premium/discount of the combined peer group, noting that the Fund's premium/discount was generally indicative of the asset class and market events. Based on the information provided and the Board's ongoing review of the Fund's performance, and taking into account the historic market events of 2008, the Board concluded that the Fund's performance was reasonable.

On the basis of all the information provided on the fees, expenses and performance of the Fund, the Board concluded that the advisory and sub-advisory fees were reasonable and appropriate in light of the nature, quality and extent of services provided by the Advisor and Sub-Advisor under the Agreements.

The Board noted that the Advisor has continued to invest in personnel and infrastructure and had noted that the advisory fee is not structured to pass the benefits of any economies of scale on to the shareholders as the Fund's assets grow. The Board concluded that the management fee reflects an appropriate level of sharing of any economies of scale. The Board also considered the costs of the services provided and profits realized by the Advisor from serving as investment manager to closed-end funds for the twelve months ended December 31, 2008, as set forth in the materials provided to the Board. The Board noted the inherent limitations in the profitability analysis, and concluded that the Advisor's profitability appeared to be not excessive in light of the services provided to the Fund. In addition, the Board considered and discussed any ancillary benefits derived by the Advisor from its relationship with the Fund and noted that the typical fall-out benefits to the Advisor such as soft dollars are not present. The Board concluded that any other fall-out benefits received by the Advisor or its affiliates would appear to be limited.

The Board considered the Sub-Advisor's representation that because it manages the Fund in a similar fashion to other accounts it is able to achieve economies of scale through relationships with brokers, administrative systems and other efficiencies and that while it expects operating costs in general to continue to rise, it continues to expect to experience the benefits of economies of scale. The Board considered that the sub-advisory fee rate was negotiated at arm's length between the Advisor and the Sub-Advisor, an unaffiliated third party. The Board also considered data provided by the Sub-Advisor as to the profitability of the Sub-Advisory Agreement to the Sub-Advisor. The Board noted the inherent limitations in this profitability analysis and concluded that the profitability analysis for the Advisor was more relevant, although the profitability of the Sub-Advisory Agreement appeared to be not excessive in light of the services provided to the Fund. The Board noted that the Sub-Advisor does not maintain any soft-dollar arrangements and that the Sub-Advisor indicated that it does not receive any material fall-out benefits from its relationship to the Fund.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION - (CONTINUED)

FIRST TRUST/ABERDEEN EMERGING OPPORTUNITY FUND JUNE 30, 2009 (UNAUDITED)

Based on all of the information considered and the conclusions reached, the Board, including the Independent Trustees, determined that the terms of the Agreements continue to be fair and reasonable and that the continuation of the Agreements is in the best interests of the Fund. No single factor was determinative in the Board's analysis.

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(FIRST TRUST LOGO)

INVESTMENT ADVISOR First Trust Advisors L.P. 120 E. Liberty Drive, Suite 400 Wheaton, IL 60187

INVESTMENT SUB-ADVISOR Aberdeen Asset Management Inc. 1735 Market Street Philadelphia, PA 19103

ADMINISTRATOR, FUND ACCOUNTANT & TRANSFER AGENT PNC Global Investment Servicing (U.S.) Inc. 301 Bellevue Parkway Wilmington, DE 19809

CUSTODIAN
PFPC Trust Company
8800 Tinicum Boulevard
Philadelphia, PA 19153

INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM Deloitte & Touche LLP 111 S. Wacker Drive Chicago, IL 60606

LEGAL COUNSEL Chapman and Cutler LLP 111 W. Monroe Street Chicago, IL 60603

ITEM 2. CODE OF ETHICS.

Not applicable.

ITEM 3. AUDIT COMMITTEE FINANCIAL EXPERT.

Not applicable.

ITEM 4. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTANT FEES AND SERVICES.

Not applicable.

ITEM 5. AUDIT COMMITTEE OF LISTED REGISTRANTS.

Not applicable.

ITEM 6. INVESTMENTS.

- (a) Schedule of Investments in securities of unaffiliated issuers as of the close of the reporting period is included as part of the report to shareholders filed under Item 1 of this form.
- (b) Not applicable.
- ITEM 7. DISCLOSURE OF PROXY VOTING POLICIES AND PROCEDURES FOR CLOSED-END MANAGEMENT INVESTMENT COMPANIES.

Not applicable.

ITEM 8. PORTFOLIO MANAGERS OF CLOSED-END MANAGEMENT INVESTMENT COMPANIES.

- (a) Not applicable.
- (b) (1) Identification of Portfolio Managers or Management Team Members and Description of Role of Portfolio Managers or Management Team Members

Aberdeen Asset Management Inc. (the "Sub-Adviser" or "Aberdeen"), serves as the investment sub-adviser for the Registrant. Esther Chan was added to the Portfolio Management Team of the Registrant. Otherwise, the Portfolio Management Team remains the same. Ms. Chan joined the Sub-Adviser in Singapore in 2005 where she started as a corporate credit analyst and trader working across investment grade and high-yield assets in the region. She has 6 years of experience in the asset class, and now serves as a portfolio manager in Aberdeen London with specialization in analysis, management and trading of external Asian debt and Emerging Market corporate securities. Prior to joining the Sub-Adviser, Ms. Chan worked as a corporate finance analyst at John Moore, assisting in various deals focused on the debt restructuring in Indonesian firms facing creditor holdout situations, post-Asian crisis.

(b)(2) Other Accounts Managed by Portfolio Managers or Management Team Member

and Potential Conflicts of Interest

Information provided as of June 30, 2009

Name of Portfolio Manager or Team Member	Type of Accounts*	Total # of Accounts Managed 	Total Assets
1. Esther Chan	Registered Investment Companies:	1	\$349.2
	Other Pooled Investment Vehicles:	12	\$1,515.4
	Other Accounts:	8	\$1,938.9

POTENTIAL CONFLICTS OF INTERESTS

The Sub-Adviser believes that there are no material conflicts of interest in connection with any Portfolio Manager's management of the Registrant's investments and investments of other accounts. The Sub-Adviser has adopted the CFA Institute Code of Ethics and Standards of Professional Conduct and adherence by all employees is mandatory. All employees are expected to avoid any employment, associations or business activities, including personal investments, that interfere with their duties to Aberdeen, divide their loyalty or create or appear to create a conflict of interest. Employees must promptly report any situation or transaction involving an actual or potential conflict of interest to the Compliance Officer.

With regards to allocation, the Sub-Adviser has adopted Best Execution, Soft Dollar, Order Aggregation, and Trade Allocation Policies & Procedures designed among other things to ensure fair treatment of all accounts.

The Sub-Adviser aggregates orders so as to realize the benefits of larger block orders. When executing aggregated orders, it seeks to allocate opportunities to all clients in a consistent manner. Most portfolios are managed to a model based on common attributes to a benchmark with low dispersion between accounts and benchmarks. This is accomplished through the calculation of a 'median account' with this median account becoming the model portfolio. Certain situations such as new portfolio fundings, unique guideline restrictions and the fungability of certain security types may cause us to adjust our weightings. However over time, we expect to minimize the dispersion of account holdings around the model portfolio.

New Issue Allocation

The Sub-adviser seeks to allocate new issue opportunities to all clients in a consistent manner.

New issue opportunities are allocated according to the following factors:

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- 1. All portfolios are ranked based on their account composition versus their benchmark. The portfolio management team will set a minimum acceptable position size (in terms of percent of market value) for the security.
- 2. Next, we define the target percentage for our LAB portfolios, depending on the characteristics of the security or the percentage of the account based on that securities' contribution to duration and the current composition of each account.
- 3. For portfolios with a benchmark other than LAB, we may adjust the target allocation to reflect the characteristics of the non-LAB benchmark.
- 4. We then $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) \left(1\right)$ determine our desired total par value and give our indication of interest.
- 5. If our order is completely filled, we will allocate according to the steps outlined above. If we are allotted a significant percentage of our order (typically 70% or more), we will allocate pro-rata based on the initial allocation developed from the steps outlined above. If we are not allotted a significant percentage of our order, we will remove the non-LAB benchmark adjustments and allocate pro-rata based on market value of participating accounts. If this continues to result in accounts receiving less than the minimum target position size, the least deserving accounts (defined as those accounts that are closest to the model account) will be eliminated from the allocation.

Batch Transaction and Allocation Policy - Equity

Where practicable, all client portfolio orders for the same security should be combined or "batched" and executed as block transactions in order to facilitate best execution as well as for the purpose of negotiating more favorable brokerage commissions. Where a block trade is executed for a number of client accounts, the average execution price on all of the purchases and sales that are aggregated to this purpose should be used for all accounts.

If an entire block is not fully executed on the same day, an allocation method should be administered that is fair and reasonable to all clients. If it is not practicable to allocate the executed portion of the block on a pro rata basis, allocation may be done on a random account basis (alphabetically, numerically, or otherwise), but any procedure administered should not operate to consistently favor or disfavor the same client accounts. If any method is to be used other than a pro rata method, the manner in which the shares are to be allocated should be documented, disclosed and signed off by the Chief Compliance Officer.

(b)(3) Compensation Structure of Portfolio Managers or Management Team Members

Each Aberdeen Group member recognizes the importance of compensation in attracting and retaining talent and has structured remuneration to include an attractive base salary, a discretionary bonus that is directly linked to one's contribution to the overall success of the Aberdeen Group member and a long term incentive plan for key staff members comprised of a mixture of cash, options, and shares. Overall compensation packages are designed to be competitive relative to investment management industry standards.

The compensation policy has been designed to deliver additional rewards through appropriate incentive schemes, both annual and long term. These are directly linked to performance at both a corporate and an individual level. The policy seeks to reward performance in a manner which aligns the interests of clients, shareholders and executives.

Each Aberdeen Group member recognizes that any remuneration policy must be sufficiently flexible to take account of any changes in the business

environment. In accordance with this need for flexibility, the Aberdeen Group takes into account the overall competitiveness of the total remuneration package of all senior executives including some portfolio managers. When justified by performance, the `at risk' performance elements will form the most significant element of total remuneration for executive directors and senior employees.

Base Salary.

The base salary is determined by prevailing market conditions and the compensation for similar positions across the industry. The Aberdeen Group uses industry compensation surveys as a tool in determining each portfolio manager's base salary.

Annual Bonus.

The Aberdeen Group's policy is to recognize corporate and individual achievements each year through an appropriate bonus scheme. The aggregate incentive compensation pool each year is determined by the Board of the parent company, Aberdeen PLC, and is dependent on each member of the Aberdeen Group's overall performance and profitability. The pool is comprised of a base level plus an agreed proportion of each member of the Aberdeen Group's profitability.

Staff performance is reviewed formally once a year, with mid-term reviews. The review process looks at all of the ways in which an individual has contributed to the Aberdeen Group, and specifically, in the case of portfolio managers, to the relevant investment team. Discretionary bonuses are based on a combination of both the team and the individual's performance. Overall participation in team meetings, generation of original research ideas and contribution to presenting the team externally are also evaluated. Discretionary bonuses are not formally laid down and generally range from 10% to 50% of annual salary for portfolio managers.

In the calculation of a portfolio manager's bonus, the Aberdeen Group takes into consideration investment matters (which include the performance of funds, adherence to the company investment process, and quality of company meetings) as well as more subjective issues such as team participation and effectiveness at client presentations. The split between the two will vary but generally around 80% of bonus will be determined by investment related matters, the remaining 20% will be more subjective in nature. Each Fund's performance is judged against the benchmark as established in the relevant Fund's most recent shareholder report. Portfolio manager performance on investment matters is judged over all of the accounts the portfolio manager contributes to and is documented in the appraisal process. A combination of the team's and individual's performance is considered.

Although performance is not a substantial portion of a portfolio manager's compensation, the Aberdeen Group also recognizes that fund performance can often be driven by factors outside one's control, such as (irrational) markets, and as such pays attention to the effort by portfolio managers to ensure integrity of our core process by sticking to disciplines and processes set, regardless of momentum and `hot' themes. Short-terming is thus discouraged and trading-oriented managers will thus find it difficult to thrive in the Aberdeen Group's environment. Additionally, if any of the aforementioned undue risks were to be taken by a portfolio manager, not only would the portfolio manager be in breach of the Aberdeen Group Code of Ethics, but any such trend would be identified via Aberdeen's dynamic compliance monitoring system.

Long Term Incentives.

As part of an effective remuneration package, a long term incentive plan is used to structure the package so as to retain, motivate, and reward key staff members with a view to improving performance and thereby increasing the value of the Aberdeen Group for the benefit of shareholders. Long-term incentive plans can be either cash or share based and typically vest over a three year period.

The Aberdeen Group offers a meritocracy and a very flat management structure. The culture of the company is entrepreneurial, and enthusiastic, hard-working and talented employees are given plenty of opportunity to prove themselves and obtain a high level of job satisfaction.

The Aberdeen Group does not "tie in" portfolio managers with long-term and restrictive contractual obligations, however. The Aberdeen Group aims to retain key individuals primarily through the provision of competitive compensation and other benefits. It is the policy of the Aberdeen Group to mitigate the effects of any individual leaving the company by ensuring that portfolios are managed on a team basis.

(b) (4) Disclosure of Securities Ownership

Information provided as of June 30, 2009

Dollar Range of Fund Shares Beneficially Owned Name Esther Chan \$0

ITEM 9. PURCHASES OF EQUITY SECURITIES BY CLOSED-END MANAGEMENT INVESTMENT COMPANY AND AFFILIATED PURCHASERS.

REGISTRANT PURCHASES OF EQUITY SECURITIES

PERIOD	(A) TOTAL NUMBER OF SHARES (OR UNITS) PURCHASED	(B) AVERAGE PRICE PAID PER SHARE (OR UNIT)	(C) TOTAL NUMBER OF SHARES (OR UNITS) PURCHASED AS PART OF PUBLICLY ANNOUNCED PLANS OR PROGRAMS	
Month #1 (01/01/2009 - 01/31/2009)	18,749	\$11.2762	68 , 797	
Month #2 (02/01/2009 - 02/28/2009)	- 9 , 556	\$10.1038	78 , 353	
Month #3 (03/01/2009 - 03/31/2009)	32,432	\$10.1675	110,785	
Month #4 (04/01/2009 -	20,211	\$11.3302	130,996	

(D) M

04/30/2009)

Month #5 (05/01/2009 - 05/31/2009)	12,470	\$12.3901	143,466
Month #6 (06/01/2009 - 06/30/2009)	41,045	14.1021	184,511
Total	134,463	\$11.9109	184,511

On November 17, 2008, the Registrant commenced a share repurchase program for purposes of enhancing shareholder value and reducing the discount at which the Registrant's shares trade from their net asset value. The program originally expired on May 17, 2009 but on June 2, 2009, the Registrant announced that the Board of Trustees of the Registrant authorized the continuation of the Registrant's share repurchase program. For the six months ended June 30, 2009 and the year ended December 31, 2008, the Registrant repurchased 134,463 and 50,048, respectively, of its shares at a weighted average discount of 17.05% and 22.65%, respectively, from net asset value per share. The Registrant expects to continue to repurchase its outstanding shares as it believes such activity will further the accomplishment of the foregoing objectives, subject to the earlier of (i) the repurchase of up to 691,412 of the Registrant's outstanding common shares, or (ii) December 2, 2009.

ITEM 10. SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS.

There have been no material changes to the procedures by which the shareholders may recommend nominees to the registrant's board of directors, where those changes were implemented after the registrant last provided disclosure in response to the requirements of Item 407(c)(2)(iv) of Regulation S-K (17 CFR 229.407) (as required by Item 22(b)(15) of Schedule 14A (17 CFR 240.14a-101)), or this Item.

ITEM 11. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES.

- (a) The registrant's principal executive and principal financial officers, or persons performing similar functions, have concluded that the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 30a-3(c) under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "1940 Act") (17 CFR 270.30a-3(c))) are effective, as of a date within 90 days of the filing date of the report that includes the disclosure required by this paragraph, based on their evaluation of these controls and procedures required by Rule 30a-3(b) under the 1940 Act (17 CFR 270.30a-3(b)) and Rules 13a-15(b) or 15d-15(b) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (17 CFR 240.13a-15(b) or 240.15d-15(b)).
- (b) There were no changes in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rule 30a-3(d) under the 1940 Act (17 CFR 270.30a-3(d)) that occurred during the registrant's second fiscal quarter of the period covered by this report that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

ITEM 12. EXHIBITS.

- (a) (1) Not applicable.
- (a) (2) Certifications pursuant to Rule 30a-2(a) under the 1940 Act and Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 are attached hereto.
- (a) (3) Not applicable.
- (b) Certifications pursuant to Rule 30a-2(b) under the 1940 Act and Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 are attached hereto.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and the Investment Company Act of 1940, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

(registrant) FIRST TRUST/ABERDEEN EMERGING OPPORTUNITY FUND

By (Signature and Title) * /S/ JAMES A. BOWEN

James A. Bowen, Chairman of the Board, President and Chief Executive Officer (principal executive officer)

Date AUGUST 24, 2009

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and the

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and the Investment Company Act of 1940, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

By (Signature and Title) * /S/ JAMES A. BOWEN

James A. Bowen, Chairman of the Board, President and Chief Executive Officer (principal executive officer)

Date AUGUST 24, 2009

By (Signature and Title) * /S/ MARK R. BRADLEY

Mark R. Bradley, Treasurer, Controller, Chief Financial Officer and Chief Accounting Officer (principal financial officer)

Date AUGUST 24, 2009

* Print the name and title of each signing officer under his or her signature.