## METLIFE INC Form 10-Q November 06, 2014

# UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

Form 10-Q

(Mark One)

b QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

FOR THE QUARTERLY PERIOD ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2014

or

.. TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

FOR THE TRANSITION PERIOD FROM TO Commission file number: 001-15787

MetLife, Inc. (Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware	13-4075851
(State or other jurisdiction of	(I.R.S. Employer
incorporation or organization)	Identification No.)
200 Park Avenue, New York, N.Y.	10166-0188
(Address of principal executive offices)	(Zip Code)

(212) 578-2211

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes b No " Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§ 232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes b No "

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one): Large accelerated filer b Accelerated filer o

Non accelerated filer "	(Do not check if a smaller reporting company)
Non-accordance mer	DO NOT CHECK IT a smaller reporting company)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes "No b

At October 31, 2014, 1,136,042,027 shares of the registrant's common stock, \$0.01 par value per share, were outstanding.

Smaller reporting company o

## Table of Contents

		Page
<u>Part I — F</u>	Financial Information	
Item 1.	Financial Statements (at September 30, 2014 (Unaudited) and December 31, 2013 and for the	<u>4</u>
10111 1.	Three Months and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014 and 2013 (Unaudited))	
	Interim Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets	<u>4</u>
	Interim Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income (Loss)	4 5 6 8
	Interim Condensed Consolidated Statements of Equity	<u>6</u>
	Interim Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows	<u>8</u>
	Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements:	
	Note 1 — Business, Basis of Presentation and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies	<u>9</u>
	Note 2 — Segment Information	<u>11</u>
	Note 3 — Disposition	<u>19</u>
	Note 4 — Insurance	<u>19</u>
	<u>Note 5 — Closed Blo</u> ck	<u>21</u>
	Note 6 — Investments	<u>22</u>
	Note 7 — Derivatives	<u>37</u>
	<u>Note 8 — Fair Val</u> ue	<u>52</u>
	Note 9 — Long-term Debt	19 21 22 37 52 83 83
	Note 10 — Equity	<u>83</u>
	Note 11 — Other Expenses	<u>88</u>
	Note 12 — Employee Benefit Plans	<u>89</u>
	Note 13 — Earnings Per Common Share	90
	Note 14 — Contingencies, Commitments and Guarantees	<u>91</u>
	Note 15 — Subsequent Events	<u>97</u>
Item 2.	Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations	<u>98</u>
Item 3.	Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk	<u>181</u>
Item 4.	Controls and Procedures	189
Part II —	Other Information	
Item 1.	Legal Proceedings	<u>190</u>
Item 1A.	Risk Factors	192
Item 2.	Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds	199
Item 6.	Exhibits	200
Signatures	5	201
	-	
Exhibit In	dex	<b>E</b> - 1

#### Table of Contents

As used in this Form 10 Q, "MetLife," the "Company," "we," "our" and "us" refer to MetLife, Inc., a Delaware corporation incorporated in 1999, its subsidiaries and affiliates.

Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements

This Quarterly Report on Form 10 Q, including Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations, may contain or incorporate by reference information that includes or is based upon forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Forward-looking statements give expectations or forecasts of future events. These statements can be identified by the fact that they do not relate strictly to historical or current facts. They use words such as "anticipate," "estimate," "expect," "project," "intend," "plan," "believe" and other words and terms of similar meaning, or are tied to future periods, in connection with a discussion of future operating or financial performance. In particular, these include statements relating to future actions, prospective services or products, future performance or results of current and anticipated services or products, sales efforts, expenses, the outcome of contingencies such as legal proceedings, trends in operations and financial results.

Any or all forward-looking statements may turn out to be wrong. They can be affected by inaccurate assumptions or by known or unknown risks and uncertainties. Many such factors will be important in determining the actual future results of MetLife, Inc., its subsidiaries and affiliates. These statements are based on current expectations and the current economic environment. They involve a number of risks and uncertainties that are difficult to predict. These statements are not guarantees of future performance. Actual results could differ materially from those expressed or implied in the forward-looking statements. Risks, uncertainties, and other factors that might cause such differences include the risks, uncertainties and other factors identified in MetLife, Inc.'s filings with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"). These factors include: (1) difficult conditions in the global capital markets; (2) increased volatility and disruption of the capital and credit markets, which may affect our ability to meet liquidity needs and access capital, including through our credit facilities, generate fee income and market-related revenue and finance statutory reserve requirements and may require us to pledge collateral or make payments related to declines in value of specified assets, including assets supporting risks ceded to certain of our captive reinsurers or hedging arrangements associated with those risks; (3) exposure to financial and capital market risks, including as a result of the disruption in Europe; (4) impact of comprehensive financial services regulation reform on us, as a potential non-bank systemically important financial institution, or otherwise; (5) numerous rulemaking initiatives required or permitted by the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act which may impact how we conduct our business, including those compelling the liquidation of certain financial institutions; (6) regulatory, legislative or tax changes relating to our insurance, international, or other operations that may affect the cost of, or demand for, our products or services, or increase the cost or administrative burdens of providing benefits to employees; (7) adverse results or other consequences from litigation, arbitration or regulatory investigations; (8) potential liquidity and other risks resulting from our participation in a securities lending program and other transactions; (9) investment losses and defaults, and changes to investment valuations; (10) changes in assumptions related to investment valuations, deferred policy acquisition costs, deferred sales inducements, value of business acquired or goodwill; (11) impairments of goodwill and realized losses or market value impairments to illiquid assets; (12) defaults on our mortgage loans; (13) the defaults or deteriorating credit of other financial institutions that could adversely affect us; (14) economic, political, legal, currency and other risks relating to our international operations, including with respect to fluctuations of exchange rates; (15) downgrades in our claims paying ability, financial strength or credit ratings; (16) a deterioration in the experience of the "closed block" established in connection with the reorganization of Metropolitan Life Insurance Company; (17) availability and effectiveness of reinsurance or indemnification arrangements, as well as any default or failure of counterparties to perform; (18) differences between actual claims experience and underwriting and reserving assumptions; (19) ineffectiveness of risk management policies and procedures; (20) catastrophe losses; (21) increasing cost and limited market capacity for statutory life insurance reserve financings; (22) heightened competition, including with respect to pricing, entry of new competitors, consolidation of distributors, the development of new products by new and existing competitors, and for personnel; (23) exposure to losses related to variable annuity guarantee benefits, including from significant and sustained downturns or extreme volatility in equity markets, reduced interest rates, unanticipated policyholder behavior, mortality or longevity, and the

adjustment for nonperformance risk; (24) our ability to address difficulties, unforeseen liabilities, asset impairments, or rating agency actions arising from business acquisitions, including our acquisition of American Life Insurance Company and Delaware American Life Insurance Company, and integrating and managing the growth of such acquired businesses, or arising from dispositions of businesses or legal entity reorganizations; (25) the dilutive impact on our stockholders resulting from the settlement of our outstanding common equity units; (26) regulatory and other restrictions affecting MetLife, Inc.'s ability to pay dividends and repurchase common stock; (27) MetLife, Inc.'s primary reliance, as a holding company, on dividends from its subsidiaries to meet debt payment obligations and the applicable regulatory restrictions on the ability of the subsidiaries to pay such dividends; (28) the possibility that MetLife, Inc.'s Board of Directors may influence the outcome of stockholder votes through the voting provisions of the MetLife Policyholder Trust; (29) changes in accounting standards, practices and/or policies; (30) increased expenses relating to pension and postretirement benefit plans, as well as health care and other employee benefits; (31) inability to protect our intellectual property rights or claims of infringement of the intellectual property rights of others; (32) inability to attract and retain sales representatives; (33) provisions of laws and our incorporation documents may delay, deter or prevent takeovers and corporate combinations involving MetLife; (34) the effects of business disruption or economic contraction due to disasters such as terrorist attacks, cyberattacks, other hostilities, or natural catastrophes, including any related impact on the value of our investment portfolio, our disaster recovery systems, cyber- or other information security systems and management continuity planning; (35) the effectiveness of our programs and practices in avoiding giving our associates incentives to take excessive risks; and (36) other risks and uncertainties described from time to time in MetLife, Inc.'s filings with the SEC.

MetLife, Inc. does not undertake any obligation to publicly correct or update any forward-looking statement if MetLife, Inc. later becomes aware that such statement is not likely to be achieved. Please consult any further disclosures MetLife, Inc. makes on related subjects in reports to the SEC.

## Table of Contents

## **Corporate Information**

We announce financial and other information about MetLife to our investors through the MetLife Investor Relations Web page at www.metlife.com, as well as SEC filings, press releases, public conference calls and webcasts. MetLife encourages investors to visit the Investor Relations Web page from time to time, as information is updated and new information is posted. The information found on our website is not incorporated by reference into this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q or in any other report or document we file with the SEC, and any references to our website are intended to be inactive textual references only.

Note Regarding Reliance on Statements in Our Contracts

See "Exhibit Index — Note Regarding Reliance on Statements in Our Contracts" for information regarding agreements included as exhibits to this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

<u>Table of Contents</u> MetLife, Inc. Interim Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets September 30, 2014 (Unaudited) and December 31, 2013 (In millions, except share and per share data)		
Part I — Financial Information Item 1. Financial Statements	September 30, 2014	December 31, 2013
Assets	2011	2013
Investments:		
Fixed maturity securities available-for-sale, at estimated fair value (amortized cost: \$341,198 and \$333,599, respectively; includes \$4,097 and \$4,005, respectively, relating to variable interest entities)	\$ 368,070	\$ 350,187
Equity securities available-for-sale, at estimated fair value (cost: \$3,111 and \$3,012, respectively)	3,689	3,402
Fair value option and trading securities, at estimated fair value (includes \$690 and \$662, respectively, of actively traded securities; and \$67 and \$92, respectively, relating to variable interest entities)	17,246	17,423
Mortgage loans (net of valuation allowances of \$307 and \$322, respectively; includes \$313 and \$1,621, respectively, at estimated fair value, relating to variable interest entities; includes \$298 and \$338, respectively, under the fair value option)	58,038	57,706
Policy loans (includes \$3 and \$2, respectively, relating to variable interest entities)	11,756	11,764
Real estate and real estate joint ventures (includes \$8 and \$1,141, respectively, relating to variable interest entities, includes \$173 and \$186, respectively, of real estate held-for-sale)	10,393	10,712
Other limited partnership interests (includes \$53 and \$53, respectively, relating to variable interest entities)	8,214	7,401
Short-term investments, principally at estimated fair value (includes \$35 and \$8, respectively, relating to variable interest entities)	12,240	13,955
Other invested assets, principally at estimated fair value (includes \$56 and \$78, respectively, relating to variable interest entities)	17,905	16,229
Total investments	507,551	488,779
Cash and cash equivalents, principally at estimated fair value (includes \$61 and \$70, respectively, relating to variable interest entities)	8,783	7,585
Accrued investment income (includes \$23 and \$26, respectively, relating to variable interest entities)	4,380	4,255
Premiums, reinsurance and other receivables (includes \$33 and \$22, respectively, relating to variable interest entities)	23,814	21,859
Deferred policy acquisition costs and value of business acquired (includes \$240 and \$255, respectively, relating to variable interest entities)	25,503	26,706
Goodwill Other assets (includes \$135 and \$152, respectively, relating to variable interest entities)	10,216 8,900	10,542 8,369
Separate account assets (includes \$1,140 and \$1,033, respectively, relating to variable interest antitias)	319,480	317,201
interest entities) Total assets	\$ 908,627	\$ 885,296
Liabilities and Equity		
Liabilities Future policy benefits (includes \$557 and \$516, respectively, relating to variable interest entities)	\$ 189,282	\$ 187,942

Policyholder account balances (includes \$63 and \$56, respectively, relating to variable interest entities)	215,226	212,885
Other policy-related balances (includes \$197 and \$123, respectively, relating to variable interest entities)	15,026	15,214
Policyholder dividends payable	710	675
Policyholder dividend obligation	2,825	1,771
Payables for collateral under securities loaned and other transactions Short-term debt	33,776 100	30,411 175
Long-term debt (includes \$186 and \$1,868, respectively, at estimated fair value,	100	175
relating to variable interest entities)	16,389	18,653
Collateral financing arrangements	4,196	4,196
Junior subordinated debt securities	3,193	3,193
Current income tax payable	293	186
Deferred income tax liability	11,357	6,643
Other liabilities (includes \$75 and \$88, respectively, relating to variable interest entities)	25,373	23,168
Separate account liabilities (includes \$1,140 and \$1,033, respectively, relating to variable interest entities)	319,480	317,201
Total liabilities	837,226	822,313
Contingencies, Commitments and Guarantees (Note 14)		- ,
Redeemable noncontrolling interests	102	887
Equity		
MetLife, Inc.'s stockholders' equity:		
Preferred stock, par value \$0.01 per share; 200,000,000 shares authorized: 84,000,000	1	1
shares issued and outstanding; \$2,100 aggregate liquidation preference		1
Common stock, par value \$0.01 per share; 3,000,000,000 shares authorized;		
1,130,449,364 and 1,125,224,024 shares issued at September 30,	11	11
2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively; 1,119,087,159 and 1,122,030,137 shares		
outstanding at September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively Additional paid-in capital	29,488	29,277
Retained earnings	30,928	29,277 27,332
Treasury stock, at cost; 11,362,205 and 3,193,887 shares at September 30, 2014 and		
December 31, 2013, respectively	(615)	(172
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	10,992	5,104
Total MetLife, Inc.'s stockholders' equity	70,805	61,553
Noncontrolling interests	494	543
Total equity	71,299	62,096
Total liabilities and equity	\$ 908,627	\$885,296
See accompanying notes to the interim condensed consolidated financial statements.		

4

)

## Table of Contents

## MetLife, Inc.

Interim Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income (Loss) For the Three Months and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014 and 2013 (Unaudited) (In millions, except per share data)

2	Three Mo Ended Septemb 2014				Nine Mo Ended Septemb 2014			
Revenues Premiums Universal life and investment-type product policy fees Net investment income Other revenues	\$9,703 2,628 5,410 518		\$9,094 2,372 5,026 476		\$28,795 7,507 15,704 1,486		\$27,403 7,034 16,385 1,446	
Net investment gains (losses): Other-than-temporary impairments on fixed maturity securities	(17	)	(13	)	(40	)	(77	)
Other-than-temporary impairments on fixed maturity securities transferred to other comprehensive income (loss)	(14	)	(21	)	(16	)	(56	)
Other net investment gains (losses) Total net investment gains (losses) Net derivative gains (losses) Total revenues Expenses	140 109 478 18,846		(51 (85 (546 16,337	)	(371 (427 1,132 54,197	))	472 339 (2,866 49,741	)
Policyholder benefits and claims Interest credited to policyholder account balances Policyholder dividends Other expenses Total expenses	9,512 1,817 347 4,218 15,894		9,472 1,600 312 3,977 15,361		28,824 4,995 1,047 12,603 47,469		27,827 6,036 954 12,140 46,957	
Income (loss) from continuing operations before provision for income	2,952		976		6,728		2,784	
tax Provision for income tax expense (benefit) Income (loss) from continuing operations, net of income tax Income (loss) from discontinued operations, net of income tax Net income (loss) Less: Net income (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests Net income (loss) attributable to MetLife, Inc. Less: Preferred stock dividends Net income (loss) available to MetLife, Inc.'s common shareholders	858 2,094  2,094  2,094 30 \$2,064		3 973 2 975 3 972 30 \$942		1,916 4,812 (3 4,809 21 4,788 91 \$4,697	)	308 2,476 1 2,477 17 2,460 91 \$2,369	
Comprehensive income (loss)	\$1,972		\$(188	)	\$10,682		\$(3,891	)
Less: Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests, net of income tax	(56	)	(58	)	6		(54	)
Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to MetLife, Inc. Income (loss) from continuing operations, net of income tax, available to MetLife, Inc.'s common shareholders per common share:	\$2,028 e		\$(130	)	\$10,676		\$(3,837	)
Basic Diluted Net income (loss) available to MetLife, Inc.'s common shareholders p	\$1.83 \$1.81 per		\$0.85 \$0.84		\$4.17 \$4.12		\$2.15 \$2.14	
common share: Basic	\$1.83		\$0.85		\$4.17		\$2.15	

Diluted	\$1.81	\$0.84	\$4.12	\$2.14
Cash dividends declared per common share	\$0.350	\$—	\$0.975	\$0.735
See accompanying notes to the interim condensed consolidated finance	cial statemer	nts.		

#### Table of Contents

MetLife, Inc. Interim Condensed Consolidated Statements of Equity For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014 (Unaudited) (In millions)

(in minous)		f <b>Eiora</b> Stoc		al Retained Earnings	Treasur Stock at Cost	Income ( Net yUnrealiz Investme	(Loss) e <b>0</b> ther-' efftempo	her Compi Foreign Than- Currency rary Translation Ments Adjustme	Defined Benefit	04 1 . 1	, Nonco Inc s Interes Iders (T)	ntrolling Total sts Equity	<b>T</b>
Balance at December 31,	\$1	\$11	\$29 277	\$27 332	\$(172)	\$8 553	\$(139)	\$(1.659)	\$(1.651)	\$61 553	\$543	\$62,09	6
2013	ψι	ψΠ	Ψ29,211	Ψ21,332	$\varphi(1/2)$	ψ0,555	φ(157)	φ(1,057)	ψ(1,051)	ψ01,555	ψυηυ	φ02,09	0
Treasury stock acquired in connection with share repurchases					(443)					(443	)	(443	)
Stock-based compensation			211							211		211	
Dividends on				(01)						(01	`	(01	)
preferred stock	-			(91 )						(91	)	(91	)
Dividends on common stock				(1,101)	)					(1,101	)	(1,101	)
Change in equity of noncontrolling interests Net income				4,788						 4,788	(55 ) 21	(55 4,809	)
(loss)				4,700						ч,700	21	4,007	
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of income tax	;					6,206	69	(501 )	114	5,888	(15)	5,873	
Balance at September 30, 2014	\$1	\$11	\$29,488	\$30,928	\$(615)	\$14,759	\$(70)	\$(2,160)	\$(1,537)	\$70,805	\$494	\$71,29	9

 $\overline{(1)^{\text{Net income (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests excludes losses of redeemable noncontrolling interests of less than $1 million.}$ 

See accompanying notes to the interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

#### Table of Contents

MetLife, Inc. Interim Condensed Consolidated Statements of Equity — (Continued) For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013 (Unaudited) (In millions)

					Accumul	ated Oth	er Compre	hensive				
					Income (	Loss)						
	Preferme Stocstoc	Additiona amon Paid-in <sup>2k</sup> Capital	al Retained Earnings	Treasur Stock at Cost	Net ryUnrealize Investme Gains (Losses)	nTempo	Foreign Than- Currency Translation nents Adjustme	Benefit	Total MetLife, Inc.'s Stockhol ent Equity	, Nonco Interes ld∉ils)'	ontrolling Total sts Equity	5
Balance at					. ,				1 2			
December 31, 2012	\$1 \$11	\$28,011	\$25,205	\$(172)	\$14,642	\$(223)	\$(533)	\$(2,489)	\$64,453	\$384	\$64,83	7
Common stock issuance		1,000							1,000		1,000	
Stock-based compensation		249							249		249	
Dividends on preferred stock			(91)						(91	)	(91	)
Dividends on common stock			(808)						(808	)	(808	)
Change in equity of noncontrolling interests		(39)	1						(39	) 11	(28	)
Net income (loss)			2,460						2,460	17	2,477	
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of income tax					(5,389)	70	(1,085)	107	(6,297	) (71 )	(6,368	)
Balance at September 30, 2013	\$1 \$11	\$29,221	\$26,766	\$(172)	\$9,253	\$(153)	\$(1,618)	\$(2,382)	\$60,927	\$341	\$61,268	8

Net income (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests excludes gains of redeemable noncontrolling interests of less than 1 million.

See accompanying notes to the interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

<u>Table of Contents</u> MetLife, Inc. Interim Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014 and 2013 (Unaudited) (In millions)

	Nine Mont Ended Septembe 2014	r 30,	
Nat auch provided by (used in) operating activities	2014 \$10,950	2013 \$9,984	
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities Cash flows from investing activities	\$10,930	\$9,904	
-			
Sales, maturities and repayments of:	05 107	05.072	
Fixed maturity securities	85,187	95,972	
Equity securities	455	567	
Mortgage loans	10,917	8,000	
Real estate and real estate joint ventures	532	323	
Other limited partnership interests	555	546	
Purchases of:	(04.005	) (02.204	``
Fixed maturity securities	(94,085	) (93,304	)
Equity securities	(455	) (812	)
Mortgage loans	(11,772	) (9,570	)
Real estate and real estate joint ventures	(1,382	) (991	)
Other limited partnership interests	(1,338	) (1,077	)
Cash received in connection with freestanding derivatives	977	1,333	
Cash paid in connection with freestanding derivatives	(2,530	) (5,593	)
Sales of businesses, net of cash and cash equivalents disposed of \$262 and \$13,	452	386	
respectively			
Sale of bank deposits	—	(6,395	)
Purchases of investments in insurance joint ventures	(277	) —	
Net change in policy loans	(19	) (93	)
Net change in short-term investments	1,496	4,272	
Net change in other invested assets	(251	) (121	)
Other, net	(131	) (18	)
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	(11,669	) (6,575	)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Policyholder account balances:			
Deposits	73,855	60,168	
Withdrawals	(71,301	) (65,141	)
Net change in payables for collateral under securities loaned and other transactions	3,481	(1,821	)
Net change in bank deposits		8	
Net change in short-term debt	(75	) —	
Long-term debt issued	1,000		
Long-term debt repaid	(2,802	) (765	)
Common stock issued, net of issuance costs		1,000	
Treasury stock acquired in connection with share repurchases	(443	) —	
Dividends on preferred stock	(91	) (91	)
Dividends on common stock	(1,101	) (808	)
Other, net	(546	) (134	)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	1,977	(7,584	)
	(60	) (187	)

Effect of change in foreign currency exchange rates on cash and cash equivalents			
balances			
Change in cash and cash equivalents	1,198	(4,362	)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	7,585	15,738	
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$8,783	\$11,376	
Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information			
Net cash paid (received) for:			
Interest	\$841	\$891	
Income tax	\$413	\$539	
Non-cash transactions:			
Real estate and real estate joint ventures acquired in satisfaction of debt	\$3	\$55	
Deconsolidation of MetLife Core Property Fund (see Note 6):			
Reduction of redeemable noncontrolling interests	\$774	\$— \$—	
Reduction of long-term debt	\$413	\$—	
Reduction of real estate and real estate joint ventures	\$1,132	\$—	
See accompanying notes to the interim condensed consolidated financial statements.			

<u>Table of Contents</u> MetLife, Inc. Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

1. Business, Basis of Presentation and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies Business

"MetLife" or the "Company" refers to MetLife, Inc., a Delaware corporation incorporated in 1999, its subsidiaries and affiliates. MetLife is a global provider of life insurance, annuities, employee benefits and asset management. MetLife is organized into six segments: Retail; Group, Voluntary & Worksite Benefits; Corporate Benefit Funding; and Latin America (collectively, the "Americas"); Asia; and Europe, the Middle East and Africa ("EMEA"). Basis of Presentation

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") requires management to adopt accounting policies and make estimates and assumptions that affect amounts reported in the interim condensed consolidated financial statements. In applying these policies and estimates, management makes subjective and complex judgments that frequently require assumptions about matters that are inherently uncertain. Many of these policies, estimates and related judgments are common in the insurance and financial services industries; others are specific to the Company's business and operations. Actual results could differ from estimates.

The accompanying interim condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of MetLife, Inc. and its subsidiaries, as well as partnerships and joint ventures in which the Company has control, and variable interest entities ("VIEs") for which the Company is the primary beneficiary. Intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated.

Certain international subsidiaries have a fiscal year cutoff of November 30. Accordingly, the Company's interim condensed consolidated financial statements reflect the assets and liabilities of such subsidiaries as of August 31, 2014 and November 30, 2013 and the operating results of such subsidiaries for the three months and nine months ended August 31, 2014 and 2013.

The Company uses the equity method of accounting for investments in equity securities when it has significant influence or at least 20% interest and for investments in real estate joint ventures and other limited partnership interests ("investees") when it has more than a minor ownership interest or more than a minor influence over the investee's operations, but does not have a controlling financial interest. The Company generally recognizes its share of the investee's earnings on a three-month lag in instances where the investee's financial information is not sufficiently timely or when the investee's reporting period differs from the Company's reporting period. The Company uses the cost method of accounting for investments in which it has virtually no influence over the investee's operations. Certain amounts in the prior year periods' interim condensed consolidated financial statements and related footnotes thereto have been reclassified to conform with the 2014 presentation as discussed throughout the Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

The accompanying interim condensed consolidated financial statements are unaudited and reflect all adjustments (including normal recurring adjustments) necessary to present fairly the financial position, results of operations and cash flows for the interim periods presented in conformity with GAAP. Interim results are not necessarily indicative of full year performance. The December 31, 2013 consolidated balance sheet data was derived from audited consolidated financial statements included in MetLife, Inc.'s Annual Report on Form 10 K for the year ended December 31, 2013 (the "2013 Annual Report"), which include all disclosures required by GAAP. Therefore, these interim condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements of the Company included in the 2013 Annual Report.

<u>Table of Contents</u> MetLife, Inc. Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) — (Continued)

1. Business, Basis of Presentation and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

## Adoption of New Accounting Pronouncements

Effective January 1, 2014, the Company adopted new guidance regarding reporting of discontinued operations and disclosures of disposals of components of an entity. The guidance increases the threshold for a disposal to qualify as a discontinued operation, expands the disclosures for discontinued operations and requires new disclosures for certain disposals that do not meet the definition of a discontinued operation. Disposals must now represent a strategic shift that has or will have a major effect on the entity's operations and financial results to qualify as discontinued operations. As discussed in Note 3, the Company sold its wholly-owned subsidiary, MetLife Assurance Limited ("MAL"). As a result of the adoption of this new guidance, the results of operations of MAL and the loss on sale have been included in income from continuing operations.

Effective January 1, 2014, the Company adopted new guidance regarding the presentation of an unrecognized tax benefit. The new guidance requires that an unrecognized tax benefit, or a portion of an unrecognized tax benefit, be presented in the financial statements as a reduction to a deferred tax asset for a net operating loss carryforward, a similar tax loss, or a tax credit carryforward. However, when the carryforwards are not available at the reporting date to settle any additional income taxes that would result from the disallowance of a tax position or the applicable tax law does not require, and the entity does not intend to use, the deferred tax asset for such purpose, the unrecognized tax benefit will be presented in the financial statements as a liability and will not be combined with the related deferred tax asset. The adoption was prospectively applied and resulted in a reduction to other liabilities and a corresponding increase to deferred income tax liability in the amount of \$277 million.

Effective January 1, 2014, the Company adopted new guidance regarding foreign currency that requires an entity that ceases to have a controlling financial interest in a subsidiary or group of assets within a foreign entity to release any related cumulative translation adjustment into net income. Accordingly, the cumulative translation adjustment should be released into net income only if the sale or transfer results in the complete or substantially complete liquidation of the foreign entity in which the subsidiary or group of assets had resided. For an equity method investment that is a foreign entity, a pro rata portion of the cumulative translation adjustment should be released into net income upon a partial sale of such an equity method investment. The new guidance did not have a material impact on the financial statements upon adoption.

Effective January 1, 2014, the Company adopted new guidance regarding liabilities that requires an entity to measure obligations resulting from joint and several liability arrangements for which the total amount of the obligation within the scope of the guidance is fixed at the reporting date, as the sum of the amount the reporting entity agreed to pay on the basis of its arrangement among its co-obligors and any additional amount the reporting entity expects to pay on behalf of its co-obligors. In addition, the amendments require an entity to disclose the nature and amount of the obligation, as well as other information about the obligation. The new guidance did not have a material impact on the financial statements upon adoption.

Effective January 1, 2014, the Company adopted new guidance on other expenses which address how health insurers should recognize and classify in their income statements fees mandated by the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act, as amended by the Health Care and Education Reconciliation Act. The amendments in this standard specify that the liability for the fee should be estimated and recorded in full once the entity provides qualifying health insurance in the applicable calendar year in which the fee is payable with a corresponding deferred cost that is amortized to expense using the straight-line method of allocation unless another method better allocates the fee over the calendar year that it is payable. In accordance with the adoption of the new accounting pronouncement on January 1, 2014, the Company recorded \$57 million in other liabilities, and a corresponding deferred cost, in other assets.

<u>Table of Contents</u> MetLife, Inc. Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) — (Continued)

1. Business, Basis of Presentation and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### Future Adoption of New Accounting Pronouncements

In June 2014, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued new guidance on transfers and servicing (Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") 2014 11, Transfers and Servicing (Topic 860): Repurchase-to-Maturity Transactions, Repurchase Financings, and Disclosure), effective prospectively for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2014 and interim periods within those years. The new guidance requires that repurchase-to-maturity transactions and repurchase financing arrangements be accounted for as secured borrowings and provides for enhanced disclosures, including the nature of collateral pledged and the time to maturity. Certain interim period disclosures for repurchase agreements and securities lending transactions are not required until the second quarter of 2015. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of this guidance on its consolidated financial statements. In May 2014, the FASB issued a comprehensive new revenue recognition standard (ASU 2014 09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606)), effective retrospectively for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2016 and interim periods within those years. Early adoption of this standard is not permitted. The new guidance will supersede nearly all existing revenue recognition guidance under GAAP; however, it will not impact the accounting for insurance contracts, leases, financial instruments and guarantees. For those contracts that are impacted by the new guidance, the guidance will require an entity to recognize revenue upon the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled to, in exchange for those goods or services. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of this guidance on its consolidated financial statements.

In January 2014, the FASB issued new guidance regarding investments (ASU 2014 01, Investments — Equity Method and Joint Ventures (Topic 323): Accounting for Investments in Qualified Affordable Housing Projects), effective retrospectively for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2014 and interim reporting periods within those years. The new guidance is applicable to investments in flow-through limited liability entities that manage or invest in affordable housing projects that qualify for the low-income housing tax credit. Under the guidance, an entity that meets certain conditions is permitted to make an accounting policy election to amortize the initial cost of its investment in proportion to the tax credits and other tax benefits received and recognize the net investment performance on the statement of operations as a component of income tax expense (benefit). The Company is currently evaluating the impact of this guidance on its consolidated financial statements.

## 2. Segment Information

MetLife is organized into six segments, reflecting three broad geographic regions: Retail; Group, Voluntary & Worksite Benefits; Corporate Benefit Funding; and Latin America (collectively, the "Americas"); Asia; and EMEA. In addition, the Company reports certain of its results of operations in Corporate & Other. Americas

The Americas consists of the following segments:

Retail

The Retail segment offers a broad range of protection products and services and a variety of annuities to individuals and employees of corporations and other institutions, and is organized into two businesses: Life & Other and Annuities. Life & Other insurance products and services include variable life, universal life, term life and whole life products. Additionally, through broker-dealer affiliates, the Company offers a full range of mutual funds and other securities products. Life & Other products and services also include individual disability income products and personal lines property & casualty insurance, including private passenger automobile, homeowners and personal excess liability insurance. Annuities includes a variety of variable and fixed annuities which provide for both asset accumulation and asset distribution needs.

Group, Voluntary & Worksite Benefits

The Group, Voluntary & Worksite Benefits segment offers a broad range of protection products and services to individuals and corporations, as well as other institutions and their respective employees. Group insurance products

and services include variable life, universal life and term life products. Group insurance products and services also include dental, group short- and long-term disability and accidental death and dismemberment ("AD&D") coverages. Voluntary & Worksite products and services include personal lines property & casualty insurance, including private passenger automobile, homeowners and personal excess liability insurance offered to employees on a voluntary basis. The Voluntary & Worksite business also includes long-term care, prepaid legal plans and critical illness products.

<u>Table of Contents</u> MetLife, Inc. Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) — (Continued)

#### 2. Segment Information (continued)

#### Corporate Benefit Funding

The Corporate Benefit Funding segment offers a broad range of annuity and investment products, including guaranteed interest products and other stable value products, income annuities, and separate account contracts for the investment management of defined benefit and defined contribution plan assets. This segment also includes structured settlements and certain products to fund postretirement benefits and company-, bank- or trust-owned life insurance used to finance non-qualified benefit programs for executives.

## Latin America

The Latin America segment offers a broad range of products to both individuals and corporations, as well as other institutions and their respective employees, which include life insurance, accident & health insurance, group medical, dental, credit insurance, endowment and retirement & savings products written in Latin America. The Latin America segment also includes U.S. sponsored direct business, comprised of group and individual products sold through sponsoring organizations and affinity groups. Products included are life, dental, group short- and long-term disability, AD&D coverages, property & casualty and other accident & health coverages, as well as non-insurance products such as identity protection.

#### Asia

The Asia segment offers a broad range of products to both individuals and corporations, as well as other institutions and their respective employees, which include whole life, term life, variable life, universal life, accident & health insurance, fixed and variable annuities, credit insurance and endowment products.

#### EMEA

The EMEA segment offers a broad range of products to both individuals and corporations, as well as other institutions and their respective employees, which include life insurance, accident & health insurance, credit insurance, annuities, endowment and retirement & savings products.

#### Corporate & Other

Corporate & Other contains the excess capital, as well as certain charges and activities, not allocated to the segments, including external integration costs, internal resource costs for associates committed to acquisitions, enterprise-wide strategic initiative restructuring charges, and various business activities such as start-up and certain run-off businesses. Start-up businesses include expatriate benefits insurance, as well as direct and digital marketing products. Corporate & Other also includes assumed reinsurance of certain variable annuity products from the Company's former operating joint venture in Japan. Under this in-force reinsurance agreement, the Company reinsures living and death benefit guarantees issued in connection with variable annuity products. Corporate & Other also includes the investment management business through which the Company offers fee-based investment management services to institutional clients. Additionally, Corporate & Other includes interest expense related to the majority of the Company's outstanding debt and expenses associated with certain legal proceedings and income tax audit issues. Corporate & Other also includes the elimination of intersegment amounts, which generally relate to intersegment loans, which bear interest rates commensurate with related borrowings.

Financial Measures and Segment Accounting Policies

Operating earnings is the measure of segment profit or loss the Company uses to evaluate segment performance and allocate resources. Consistent with GAAP guidance for segment reporting, operating earnings is the Company's measure of segment performance and is reported below. Operating earnings should not be viewed as a substitute for income (loss) from continuing operations, net of income tax. The Company believes the presentation of operating earnings as the Company measures it for management purposes enhances the understanding of its performance by highlighting the results of operations and the underlying profitability drivers of the business.

Operating earnings is defined as operating revenues less operating expenses, both net of income tax.

Operating revenues and operating expenses exclude results of discontinued operations and other businesses that have been or will be sold or exited by MetLife and are referred to as divested businesses. Operating revenues also excludes

net investment gains (losses) and net derivative gains (losses). Operating expenses also excludes goodwill impairments.

<u>Table of Contents</u> MetLife, Inc. Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) — (Continued)

2. Segment Information (continued)

The following additional adjustments are made to GAAP revenues, in the line items indicated, in calculating operating revenues:

Universal life and investment-type product policy fees excludes the amortization of unearned revenue related to net investment gains (losses) and net derivative gains (losses) and certain variable annuity guaranteed minimum income benefits ("GMIBs") fees ("GMIB Fees");

Net investment income: (i) includes amounts for scheduled periodic settlement payments and amortization of premium on derivatives that are hedges of investments or that are used to replicate certain investments, but do not qualify for hedge accounting treatment, (ii) includes income from discontinued real estate operations, (iii) excludes post-tax operating earnings adjustments relating to insurance joint ventures accounted for under the equity method, (iv) excludes certain amounts related to contractholder-directed unit-linked investments, and (v) excludes certain amounts related to securitization entities that are VIEs consolidated under GAAP; and

Other revenues are adjusted for settlements of foreign currency earnings hedges.

The following additional adjustments are made to GAAP expenses, in the line items indicated, in calculating operating expenses:

Policyholder benefits and claims and policyholder dividends excludes: (i) changes in the policyholder dividend obligation related to net investment gains (losses) and net derivative gains (losses), (ii) inflation-indexed benefit adjustments associated with contracts backed by inflation-indexed investments and amounts associated with periodic crediting rate adjustments based on the total return of a contractually referenced pool of assets and other pass through adjustments, (iii) benefits and hedging costs related to GMIBs ("GMIB Costs"), and (iv) market value adjustments associated with surrenders or terminations of contracts ("Market Value Adjustments");

Interest credited to policyholder account balances includes adjustments for scheduled periodic settlement payments and amortization of premium on derivatives that are hedges of policyholder account balances ("PABs") but do not qualify for hedge accounting treatment and excludes amounts related to net investment income earned on contractholder-directed unit-linked investments;

Amortization of deferred policy acquisition costs ("DAC") and value of business acquired ("VOBA") excludes amounts related to: (i) net investment gains (losses) and net derivative gains (losses), (ii) GMIB Fees and GMIB Costs, and (iii) Market Value Adjustments;

Amortization of negative VOBA excludes amounts related to Market Value Adjustments;

Interest expense on debt excludes certain amounts related to securitization entities that are VIEs consolidated under GAAP; and

Other expenses excludes costs related to: (i) noncontrolling interests, (ii) implementation of new insurance regulatory requirements, and (iii) acquisition and integration costs.

Operating earnings also excludes the recognition of certain contingent assets and liabilities that could not be recognized at acquisition or adjusted for during the measurement period under GAAP business combination accounting guidance. In addition to the tax impact of the adjustments mentioned above, provision for income tax expense (benefit) also includes the impact related to the timing of certain tax credits, as well as certain tax reforms. In the first quarter of 2014, MetLife, Inc. began reporting the operations of MAL as divested business. See Note 3. Consequently, the results for Corporate Benefit Funding decreased by \$2 million, net of \$0 of income tax, and \$11 million, net of \$5 million of income tax, for the three months and nine months ended September 30, 2013, respectively. Also, the results for Corporate & Other decreased by \$3 million, net of \$2 million of income tax, and \$10 million, net of \$6 million of income tax, for the three months and nine months ended September 30, 2013, respectively.

Set forth in the tables below is certain financial information with respect to the Company's segments, as well as Corporate & Other, for the three months and nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013. The segment accounting policies are the same as those used to prepare the Company's consolidated financial statements, except for

operating earnings adjustments as defined above. In addition, segment accounting policies include the method of capital allocation described below.

Economic capital is an internally developed risk capital model, the purpose of which is to measure the risk in the business and to provide a basis upon which capital is deployed. The economic capital model accounts for the unique and specific nature of the risks inherent in the Company's business.

<u>Table of Contents</u> MetLife, Inc. Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) — (Continued)

2. Segment Information (continued)

The Company's economic capital model aligns segment allocated equity with emerging standards and consistent risk principles. The model applies statistics-based risk evaluation principles to the material risks to which the Company is exposed. These consistent risk principles include calibrating required economic capital shock factors to a specific confidence level and time horizon and applying an industry standard method for the inclusion of diversification benefits among risk types.

For the Company's domestic segments, net investment income is credited or charged based on the level of allocated equity; however, changes in allocated equity do not impact the Company's consolidated net investment income, operating earnings or income (loss) from continuing operations, net of income tax.

Net investment income is based upon the actual results of each segment's specifically identifiable investment portfolios adjusted for allocated equity. Other costs are allocated to each of the segments based upon: (i) a review of the nature of such costs; (ii) time studies analyzing the amount of employee compensation costs incurred by each segment; and (iii) cost estimates included in the Company's product pricing.

## <u>Table of Contents</u> MetLife, Inc. Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) — (Continued)

	Operatir America	ng Earnin Is	gs								
Three Months Ended September 30, 2014	Retail	Group, Volunta & Work Benefits	stte	Latin	Total ca	Asia	EMEA	Corpo & Other	orate Total	Adju	Total stments Consolidat
-	(In milli	ons)									
Revenues Premiums	¢ 1 060	\$ 4 010	¢ 45 1	\$ 704	\$7 104	\$ 1 020	¢ 501	¢ 11	¢0 695	¢ 10	¢0.702
Universal life and	\$1,869	\$4,010	\$451	\$794	\$7,124	\$1,939	\$581	\$41	\$9,685	\$18	\$9,703
investment-type product policy	1,311	180	60	328	1,879	487	127	29	2,522	106	2,628
fees	1,511	100	00	520	1,077	107	121	2)	2,322	100	2,020
Net investment income	1,983	473	1,493	346	4,295	730	131	37	5,193	217	5,410
Other revenues	275	103	71	7	456	27	22	13	518		518
Net investment gains (losses)										109	109
Net derivative gains (losses)										478	478
Total revenues	5,438	4,766	2,075	1,475	13,754	3,183	861	120	17,918	928	18,846
Expenses											
Policyholder benefits and claims and policyholder dividends	2,555	3,729	1,033	719	8,036	1,535	252	31	9,854	5	9,859
Interest credited to policyholder account balances	567	38	279	97	981	394	43	8	1,426	391	1,817
Capitalization of DAC	(239)	(37)	(11)	(97)	(384)	(507)	(165)	(15)	(1,071)		(1,071)
Amortization of DAC and VOBA	335	38	5	101	479	367	152	1	999	55	1,054
Amortization of negative VOBA						(89)	(7)		· ,	(11)	(= • · · )
Interest expense on debt	(1)		2		1			291	292	3	295
Other expenses	1,156	634	139	417	2,346	1,026	454	177	4,003	44	4,047
Total expenses	4,373	4,402	1,447	1,237	11,459	2,726	729	493	15,407	487	15,894
Provision for income tax expense (benefit)	366	127	220	86	799	151	36	(330)	656	202	858
Operating earnings	\$699	\$237	\$408	\$152	\$1,496	\$306	\$96	\$(43)	1,855		
Adjustments to:											
Total revenues									928		
Total expenses									(487)		
Provision for income tax (expense									(202)		<b># 2</b> 00 1
Income (loss) from continuing op	erations, i	net of inc	ome tax						\$2,094		\$2,094

## <u>Table of Contents</u> MetLife, Inc. Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) — (Continued)

	Operatir America	ng Earnin as	gs								
Three Months Ended September 30, 2013	Retail	Group, Volunta & Work Benefits	site	Latin it Ameri	Total ca	Asia	EMEA	Corpor && Other	ate Total	Adju	Total stments Consolida
_	(In milli	ons)									
Revenues	¢1.607	<b>\$27(7</b>	¢ 450	ф. со <b>р</b>	ф <i>с</i> <b>г</b> 1 с	¢ 1 0 <b>00</b>	ф <b>г</b> ос	<b>\$</b> 20	<b>\$0.054</b>	ф 40	¢0.004
Premiums	\$1,607	\$3,767	\$450	\$692	\$6,516	\$1,922	\$586	\$30	\$9,054	\$40	\$9,094
Universal life and	1.057	171	<b>5</b> 4	222	1 704	420	100	24	0.076	06	0.070
investment-type product policy fees	1,257	171	54	222	1,704	438	100	34	2,276	96	2,372
Net investment income	1,928	459	1,384	354	4,125	696	124	53	4,998	28	5,026
Other revenues	267	103	68		438	22	21	5	486	(10)	476
Net investment gains (losses)										(85)	· /
Net derivative gains (losses)										(546)	· /
Total revenues	5,059	4,500	1,956	1,268	12,783	3,078	831	122	16,814	(477)	16,337
Expenses											
Policyholder benefits and claims and policyholder dividends	2,234	3,527	1,071	637	7,469	1,506	243	25	9,243	541	9,784
Interest credited to policyholder account balances	582	38	292	106	1,018	407	37	10	1,472	128	1,600
Capitalization of DAC	(318)	(37)	(2)	(103)	(460)	(515)	(173)	(5)	(1,153)		(1,153)
Amortization of DAC and VOBA	· · · ·	37	4	63	419	393 <sup>°</sup>	166	1	979	(138)	
Amortization of negative VOBA				(1)	(1)	(99)	(13)		(113)	(13)	(126)
Interest expense on debt	(1)		3		2			286	288	29	317
Other expenses	1,245	595	129	395	2,364	1,040	443	179	4,026	72	4,098
Total expenses	4,057	4,160	1,497	1,097	10,811	2,732	703	496	14,742	619	15,361
Provision for income tax expense	343	114	161	38	656	89	43	(241)	547	(544)	3
(benefit)								. ,		(377)	5
Operating earnings	\$659	\$226	\$298	\$133	\$1,316	\$257	\$85	\$(133)	1,525		
Adjustments to:											
Total revenues									(477)		
Total expenses									(619)		
Provision for income tax (expense									544		
Income (loss) from continuing op	perations,	net of in	come ta	Х					\$973		\$973

## <u>Table of Contents</u> MetLife, Inc. Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) — (Continued)

	Operati Americ	ng Earnin as Group,	-								
Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014	Retail	Voluntar & Works Benefits	Corpor Benefit site Fundin	ate Latin Americ g	Total a	Asia	EMEA	Corpo & Other	Total	Adjı	Total istments. Consolida
	(In mill	ions)									
Revenues											
Premiums	\$5,405	\$12,050	\$1,438	\$2,242	\$21,135	\$5,742	\$1,762	\$116	\$28,755	\$40	\$28,795
Universal life and											
investment-type product policy	3,814	538	172	956	5,480	1,276	353	96	7,205	302	7,507
fees											
Net investment income	5,960	1,384	4,346	1,003	12,693	2,140	388	152	15,373		15,704
Other revenues	785	314	214	23	1,336	78	49	39	1,502		)1,486
Net investment gains (losses)	—	—	—	—	—				—		)(427)
Net derivative gains (losses)	—		—	—	—			—			21,132
Total revenues	15,964	14,286	6,170	4,224	40,644	9,236	2,552	403	52,835	1,36	254,197
Expenses											
Policyholder benefits and claims and policyholder dividends	7,400	11,299	3,194	2,066	23,959	4,357	784	91	29,191	680	29,871
Interest credited to policyholder account balances	1,683	117	844	295	2,939	1,175	112	26	4,252	743	4,995
Capitalization of DAC	(722	)(107	)(30	)(279	)(1,138	)(1,458	)(511	)(41	)(3,148	)(1	)(3,149)
Amortization of DAC and VOBA	1,142	109	15	261	1,527	1,067	476	4	3,074	100	3,174
Amortization of negative VOBA				(1	)(1	)(275	)(22	)—	(298	)(35	)(333 )
Interest expense on debt	(1	)—	6		5		_	880	885	34	919
Other expenses	3,475	1,900	393	1,231	6,999	2,992	1,356	586	11,933	59	11,992
Total expenses	12,977	13,318	4,422	3,573	34,290	7,858	2,195	1,546	45,889	1,58	047,469
Provision for income tax expense (benefit)	1,024	338	611	156	2,129	425	80	(756	)1,878	38	1,916
Operating earnings	\$1,963	\$630	\$1,137	\$495	\$4,225	\$953	\$277	\$(387	)5,068		
Adjustments to:									1.0.0		
Total revenues									1,362	、 、	
Total expenses		• ,							<b>(</b> )	)	
Provision for income tax (expens									(20	)	¢ 4 0 1 0
Income (loss) from continuing op	erations	, net of in	come ta:	x					\$4,812		\$4,812

## <u>Table of Contents</u> MetLife, Inc. Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) — (Continued)

	Operatin America	g Earning s	S							
Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013	Retail	Group, Voluntary & Works Benefits	Corpora Benefit ite Funding	Laun	Total	Asia	EMEA	Corpor & Other	ate Total	Adjus
	(In milli	ons)								
Revenues										
Premiums	\$4,735	\$11,438	\$1,369	\$2,077	\$19,619	\$5,900	\$1,711	\$84	\$27,314	\$89
Universal life and		501		60 <b>.0</b>				105	6 - 60	
investment-type product policy fees	3,662	521	187	682	5,052	1,324	287	105	6,768	266
Net investment income	5,876	1,384	4,176	912	12,348	2,151	372	266	15,137	1,248
Other revenues	767	316	208	9	1,300	63	82	22	1,467	(21)
Net investment gains (losses)										339
Net derivative gains (losses)										(2,866
Total revenues	15,040	13,659	5,940	3,680	38,319	9,438	2,452	477	50,686	(945)
Expenses										
Policyholder benefits and claims and policyholder dividends	6,659	10,681	3,168	1,792	22,300	4,354	736	52	27,442	1,339
Interest credited to policyholder account balances	1,750	116	940	313	3,119	1,286	109	33	4,547	1,489
Capitalization of DAC	(1,036)	(105)	(25)	(316)	(1,482)	(1,583)	(542)	(14)	(3,621)	
Amortization of DAC and VOBA	1,042	104	21	220	1,387	1,186	526	1	3,100	(477)
Amortization of negative VOBA		_		(2)	(2)	(325)	(41)		(368)	(42)
Interest expense on debt		1	7		8			855	863	96
Other expenses	3,788	1,761	384	1,157	7,090	3,188	1,351	489	12,118	471
Total expenses	12,203	12,558	4,495	3,164	32,420	8,106	2,139	1,416	44,081	2,876
Provision for income tax expense (benefit)	971	370	507	115	1,963	412	73	(641)	1,807	(1,499
Operating earnings Adjustments to:	\$1,866	\$731	\$938	\$401	\$3,936	\$920	\$240	\$(298)	4,798	
Total revenues									(945)	
Total expenses									(2,876)	
Provision for income tax (expense	) benefit								1,499	
Income (loss) from continuing ope		net of inco	me tax						\$2,476	
8 1	,									

#### <u>Table of Contents</u> MetLife, Inc. Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) — (Continued)

#### 2. Segment Information (continued)

The following table presents total assets with respect to the Company's segments, as well as Corporate & Other, at:

	September 30,	December 31,
	2014	2013
	(In millions)	
Retail	\$354,857	\$349,516
Group, Voluntary & Worksite Benefits	44,797	43,404
Corporate Benefit Funding	231,996	220,612
Latin America	73,317	69,874
Asia	124,127	119,717
EMEA	29,713	33,382
Corporate & Other	49,820	48,791
Total	\$908,627	\$885,296
2 Disposition		

#### 3. Disposition

In May 2014, the Company completed the sale of its wholly-owned subsidiary, MAL, for \$702 million (£418 million) in net cash consideration. As a result of the sale, a loss of \$633 million (\$442 million, net of income tax), was recorded for the nine months ended September 30, 2014, which includes a reduction to goodwill of \$60 million (\$51 million, net of income tax), as well as \$77 million (\$50 million, net of income tax) related to net investments in foreign operation hedges. The loss is reflected within net investment gains (losses) on the consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income (loss). The loss on the sale was increased by net income from MAL of \$77 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014. MAL's results of operations are included in continuing operations. They were historically included in the Corporate Benefit Funding segment. See Note 2.

#### Guarantees

As discussed in Notes 1 and 4 of the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements included in the 2013 Annual Report, the Company issues variable annuity products with guaranteed minimum benefits. The non-life-contingent portion of guaranteed minimum withdrawal benefits ("GMWBs") and the portion of certain GMIBs that does not require annuitization are accounted for as embedded derivatives in PABs and are further discussed in Note 7.

The Company also issues annuity contracts that apply a lower rate on funds deposited if the contractholder elects to surrender the contract for cash and a higher rate if the contractholder elects to annuitize ("two tier annuities"). These guarantees include benefits that are payable in the event of death, maturity or at annuitization. Additionally, the Company issues universal and variable life contracts where the Company contractually guarantees to the contractholder a secondary guarantee or a guaranteed paid-up benefit.

Based on the type of guarantee, the Company defines net amount at risk as listed below. These amounts include direct and assumed business, but exclude offsets from hedging or reinsurance, if any.

## Variable Annuity Guarantees

#### In the Event of Death

Defined as the death benefit less the total contract account value, as of the balance sheet date. It represents the amount of the claim that the Company would incur if death claims were filed on all contracts on the balance sheet date and includes any additional contractual claims associated with riders purchased to assist with covering income taxes payable upon death.

#### At Annuitization

Defined as the amount (if any) that would be required to be added to the total contract account value to purchase a lifetime income stream, based on current annuity rates, equal to the minimum amount provided under the guaranteed benefit. This amount represents the Company's potential economic exposure to such guarantees in the event all contractholders were to annuitize on the balance sheet date, even though the contracts contain terms that allow

annuitization of the guaranteed amount only after the 10th anniversary of the contract, which not all contractholders have achieved.

#### <u>Table of Contents</u> MetLife, Inc. Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) — (Continued)

4. Insurance (continued)

#### Two Tier Annuities

Defined as the excess of the upper tier, adjusted for a profit margin, less the lower tier, as of the balance sheet date. These contracts apply a lower rate on funds if the contractholder elects to surrender the contract for cash and a higher rate if the contractholder elects to annuitize.

Universal and Variable Life Contracts

Defined as the guarantee amount less the account value, as of the balance sheet date. It represents the amount of the claim that the Company would incur if death claims were filed on all contracts on the balance sheet date. Information regarding the types of guarantees relating to annuity contracts and universal and variable life contracts was as follows at:

	September 30	, 2014	December 31, 2013		
	In the	At	In the	At	
	Event of Deat (In millions)	h Annuitization	Event of Death	h Annuitization	
Annuity Contracts (1)					
Variable Annuity Guarantees					
Total contract account value (2)	\$197,533	\$99,800	\$201,395	\$100,527	
Separate account value	\$163,022	\$95,823	\$164,500	\$96,459	
Net amount at risk	\$4,588	\$1,755	\$4,203	\$1,219	
Average attained age of contractholders	64 years	64 years	63 years	63 years	
Two Tier Annuities					
General account value	N/A	\$1,014	N/A	\$880	
Net amount at risk	N/A	\$305	N/A	\$234	
Average attained age of contractholders	N/A	50 years	N/A	50 years	
	September 30	, 2014	December 31,	2013	
	Secondary	Paid-Up	Secondary	Paid-Up	
	Guarantees	Guarantees	Guarantees	Guarantees	
	(In millions)				
Universal and Variable Life Contracts (1)					
Account value (general and separate account)	\$16,765	\$3,610	\$16,048	\$3,700	
Net amount at risk	\$182,946	\$20,681	\$185,920	\$21,737	
Average attained age of policyholders	56 years	61 years	55 years	60 years	

<sup>(1)</sup> The Company's annuity and life contracts with guarantees may offer more than one type of guarantee in each contract. Therefore, the amounts listed above may not be mutually exclusive.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(2)</sup>Includes amounts, which are not reported on the consolidated balance sheets, from assumed reinsurance of certain variable annuity products from the Company's former operating joint venture in Japan.

#### Table of Contents

MetLife, Inc.

Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) ---- (Continued)

#### 5. Closed Block

On April 7, 2000 (the "Demutualization Date"), Metropolitan Life Insurance Company ("MLIC") converted from a mutual life insurance company to a stock life insurance company and became a wholly-owned subsidiary of MetLife, Inc. The conversion was pursuant to an order by the New York Superintendent of Insurance approving MLIC's plan of reorganization, as amended (the "Plan"). On the Demutualization Date, MLIC established a closed block for the benefit of holders of certain individual life insurance policies of MLIC.

Experience within the closed block, in particular mortality and investment yields, as well as realized and unrealized gains and losses, directly impact the policyholder dividend obligation. Amortization of the closed block DAC, which resides outside of the closed block, is based upon cumulative actual and expected earnings within the closed block. Accordingly, the Company's net income continues to be sensitive to the actual performance of the closed block. Closed block assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses are combined on a line-by-line basis with the assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses on the nature of the particular item.

Information regarding the closed block liabilities and assets designated to the closed block was as follows at: September 30, 2014 December 31, 2013

	(In millions)	December 31, 201
Closed Block Liabilities	(	
Future policy benefits	\$41,683	\$42,076
Other policy-related balances	282	298
Policyholder dividends payable	493	456
Policyholder dividend obligation	2,825	1,771
Current income tax payable	23	18
Other liabilities	629	582
Total closed block liabilities	45,935	45,201
Assets Designated to the Closed Block		
Investments:		
Fixed maturity securities available-for-sale, at estimated fair value	28,976	28,374
Equity securities available-for-sale, at estimated fair value	90	86
Mortgage loans	6,091	6,155
Policy loans	4,651	4,669
Real estate and real estate joint ventures	586	492
Other invested assets	882	814
Total investments	41,276	40,590
Cash and cash equivalents	349	238
Accrued investment income	501	477
Premiums, reinsurance and other receivables	91	98
Deferred income tax assets	301	293
Total assets designated to the closed block	42,518	41,696
Excess of closed block liabilities over assets designated to the closed block	3,417	3,505
Amounts included in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)		
("AOCI")		
Unrealized investment gains (losses), net of income tax	2,109	1,502
Unrealized gains (losses) on derivatives, net of income tax	12	(3
Allocated to policyholder dividend obligation, net of income tax		(1,151
Total amounts included in AOCI	285	348
Maximum future earnings to be recognized from closed block assets and liabilities	\$3,702	\$3,853
Information regarding the closed block policyholder dividend obligation wa	s as follows:	

)

	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014	Year Ended December 31, 2013	
	(In millions)		
Balance, beginning of period	\$1,771	\$3,828	
Change in unrealized investment and derivative gains (losses)	1,054	(2,057	)
Balance, end of period	\$2,825	\$1,771	

#### <u>Table of Contents</u> MetLife, Inc. Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) — (Continued)

#### 5. Closed Block (continued)

Information regarding the closed block revenues and expenses was as follows:

	Three M Ended			Nine Mo Ended		
	Septem	-		Septemb	-	
	2014	2013		2014	2013	
	(In milli	ons)				
Revenues						
Premiums	\$461	\$478		\$1,380	\$1,431	
Net investment income	516	514		1,568	1,576	
Net investment gains (losses)	_	(7	)	8	20	
Net derivative gains (losses)	17	(16	)	13	(1	)
Total revenues	994	969		2,969	3,026	
Expenses						
Policyholder benefits and claims	620	651		1,889	1,963	
Policyholder dividends	255	251		731	740	
Other expenses	39	39		118	124	
Total expenses	914	941		2,738	2,827	
Revenues, net of expenses before provision for income tax expense (benefit)	80	28		231	199	
Provision for income tax expense (benefit)	28	10		81	70	
Revenues, net of expenses and provision for income tax expense (benefit)	\$52	\$18		\$150	\$129	

MLIC charges the closed block with federal income taxes, state and local premium taxes and other additive state or local taxes, as well as investment management expenses relating to the closed block as provided in the Plan. MLIC also charges the closed block for expenses of maintaining the policies included in the closed block. 6. Investments

Fixed Maturity and Equity Securities Available-for-Sale

Fixed Maturity and Equity Securities Available-for-Sale by Sector

The following table presents the fixed maturity and equity securities available-for-sale ("AFS") by sector. Redeemable preferred stock is reported within U.S. corporate and foreign corporate fixed maturity securities and non-redeemable preferred stock is reported within equity securities. Included within fixed maturity securities are structured securities including residential mortgage-backed securities ("RMBS"), commercial mortgage-backed securities ("CMBS") and asset-backed securities ("ABS").

	September	r 30, 2014			December					
	Cost or	Gross Ur	nrealized		Estimated	Cost or	ost or Gross Unrealized			Estimated
	Amortized	1	I TemporaryOTTI		Fair	Amortized		Tempora	Fair	
	Cost	Gains	Losses	Losses	Value	Cost	Gains	Losses	Losses	Value
	(In million	ns)								
Fixed maturity										
securities										
U.S. corporate	\$99,000	\$9,522	\$548	\$—	\$107,974	\$100,203	\$7,495	\$1,229	\$—	\$106,469
Foreign corporate	e 57,799	4,477	392	7	61,877	59,778	3,939	565		63,152
Foreign government	51,267	5,319	190	—	56,396	50,717	4,107	387	—	54,437
U.S. Treasury an agency	<sup>d</sup> 52,275	4,660	73	—	56,862	43,928	2,251	1,056		45,123

RMBS CMBS ABS	39,011 14,224 14,656	1,950 482 265	244 57 68	98 	40,619 14,649 14,853	34,167 16,115 15,458	1,584 605 296	490 170 171	$\frac{206}{12}$	35,055 16,550 15,571
State and politica subdivision	<sup>ll</sup> 12,966	1,921	47		14,840	13,233	903	306	_	13,830
Total fixed maturity securities Equity securities	\$341,198	\$28,596	\$1,619	\$105	\$368,070	\$333,599	\$21,180	\$4,374	\$218	\$350,187
Common stock	\$2,027	\$550	\$3	\$—	\$2,574	\$1,927	\$431	\$5	\$—	\$2,353
Non-redeemable preferred stock	1,084	68	37		1,115	1,085	76	112		1,049
Total equity securities	\$3,111	\$618	\$40	\$—	\$3,689	\$3,012	\$507	\$117	\$—	\$3,402

The Company held non-income producing fixed maturity securities with an estimated fair value of \$96 million and \$74 million with unrealized gains (losses) of \$52 million and \$23 million at September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively.

#### <u>Table of Contents</u> MetLife, Inc. Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) — (Continued)

6. Investments (continued)

#### Maturities of Fixed Maturity Securities

The amortized cost and estimated fair value of fixed maturity securities, by contractual maturity date, were as follows at:

	September 30, 2014		December 31, 2	2013
		Estimated		Estimated
	Amortized	Fair	Amortized	Fair
	Cost	Value	Cost	Value
	(In millions)			
Due in one year or less	\$14,389	\$14,603	\$15,828	\$16,030
Due after one year through five years	76,630	80,212	70,467	74,229
Due after five years through ten years	79,346	85,438	78,159	83,223
Due after ten years	102,942	117,696	103,405	109,529
Subtotal	273,307	297,949	267,859	283,011
Structured securities (RMBS, CMBS and ABS	5) 67,891	70,121	65,740	67,176
Total fixed maturity securities	\$341,198	\$368,070	\$333,599	\$350,187

Actual maturities may differ from contractual maturities due to the exercise of call or prepayment options. Fixed maturity securities not due at a single maturity date have been presented in the year of final contractual maturity. RMBS, CMBS and ABS are shown separately, as they are not due at a single maturity.

Continuous Gross Unrealized Losses for Fixed Maturity and Equity Securities AFS by Sector

The following table presents the estimated fair value and gross unrealized losses of fixed maturity and equity securities AFS in an unrealized loss position, aggregated by sector and by length of time that the securities have been in a continuous unrealized loss position.

	September	r 30, 2014			December 31, 2013				
	Less than	12 Months	Equal to o than 12 M		Less than 1	2 Months	Equal to or than 12 Mo		
	Estimated	Gross	Estimated Gross E		Estimated	Gross	Estimated	Gross	
	Fair	Unrealized	Fair	Unrealized	Fair	Unrealized	Fair	Unrealized	
	Value	Losses	Value	Losses	Value	Losses	Value	Losses	
	(In million	ns, except nu	umber of se	curities)					
Fixed maturity securities									
U.S. corporate	\$11,929	\$212	\$5,070	\$336	\$13,889	\$808	\$3,807	\$421	
Foreign corporate	7,043	251	2,275	148	9,019	402	2,320	163	
Foreign government	1,707	66	1,478	124	5,052	336	1,846	51	
U.S. Treasury and agency	9,654	25	2,025	48	15,225	1,037	357	19	
RMBS	5,543	79	3,669	263	10,754	363	2,302	333	
CMBS	1,579	26	864	31	3,696	142	631	28	
ABS	4,159	28	801	40	3,772	59	978	124	
State and political subdivision	159	2	678	45	3,109	225	351	81	
Total fixed maturity securities	\$41,773	\$689	\$16,860	\$1,035	\$64,516	\$3,372	\$12,592	\$1,220	
Equity securities									
Common stock	\$97	\$3	\$2	\$—	\$81	\$4	\$16	\$1	
Non-redeemable preferred stock	<sup>1</sup> 188	2	244	35	364	65	191	47	

Total equity securities	\$285	\$5	\$246	\$35	\$445	\$69	\$207	\$48
Total number of securiti	es							
in an unrealized loss	2,644		1,667		4,480		1,571	
position								

Evaluation of AFS Securities for OTTI and Evaluating Temporarily Impaired AFS Securities

As described more fully in Notes 1 and 8 of the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements included in the 2013 Annual Report, the Company performs a regular evaluation of all investment classes for impairment, including fixed maturity securities, equity securities and perpetual hybrid securities, in accordance with its impairment policy, in order to evaluate whether such investments are other-than-temporarily impaired.

<u>Table of Contents</u> MetLife, Inc. Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) — (Continued)

#### 6. Investments (continued)

#### **Current Period Evaluation**

Based on the Company's current evaluation of its AFS securities in an unrealized loss position in accordance with its impairment policy, and the Company's current intentions and assessments (as applicable to the type of security) about holding, selling and any requirements to sell these securities, the Company has concluded that these securities are not other-than-temporarily impaired at September 30, 2014. Future other-than-temporary impairment ("OTTI") will depend primarily on economic fundamentals, issuer performance (including changes in the present value of future cash flows expected to be collected), and changes in credit ratings, collateral valuation, interest rates and credit spreads. If economic fundamentals deteriorate or if there are adverse changes in the above factors, OTTI may be incurred in upcoming periods.

Gross unrealized losses on fixed maturity securities decreased \$2.9 billion during the nine months ended September 30, 2014 from \$4.6 billion to \$1.7 billion. The decrease in gross unrealized losses for the nine months ended September 30, 2014, was primarily attributable to a decrease in interest rates, and to a lesser extent narrowing credit spreads.

At September 30, 2014, \$154 million of the total \$1.7 billion of gross unrealized losses were from 58 fixed maturity securities with an unrealized loss position of 20% or more of amortized cost for six months or greater. Investment Grade Fixed Maturity Securities

Of the \$154 million of gross unrealized losses on fixed maturity securities with an unrealized loss of 20% or more of amortized cost for six months or greater, \$82 million, or 53%, are related to gross unrealized losses on 31 investment grade fixed maturity securities. Unrealized losses on investment grade fixed maturity securities are principally related to widening credit spreads and, with respect to fixed-rate fixed maturity securities, rising interest rates since purchase. Below Investment Grade Fixed Maturity Securities

Of the \$154 million of gross unrealized losses on fixed maturity securities with an unrealized loss of 20% or more of amortized cost for six months or greater, \$72 million, or 47%, are related to gross unrealized losses on 27 below investment grade fixed maturity securities. Unrealized losses on below investment grade fixed maturity securities are principally related to non-agency RMBS (primarily alternative residential mortgage loans), foreign corporate securities (primarily financial services industry securities) and ABS (primarily foreign ABS) and are the result of significantly wider credit spreads resulting from higher risk premiums since purchase, largely due to economic and market uncertainties including concerns over valuations of residential real estate supporting non-agency RMBS. Management evaluates non-agency RMBS and ABS based on actual and projected cash flows after considering the quality of underlying collateral, expected prepayment speeds, current and forecasted loss severity, consideration of the payment terms of the underlying assets backing a particular security, and the payment priority within the tranche structure of the security; and evaluates foreign corporate securities based on factors such as expected cash flows and the financial condition and near-term and long-term prospects of the issuer.

Equity Securities

Gross unrealized losses on equity securities decreased \$77 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2014 from \$117 million to \$40 million. Of the \$40 million, \$24 million were from seven equity securities with gross unrealized losses of 20% or more of cost for 12 months or greater, all of which were financial services industry investment grade non-redeemable preferred stock, of which 25% were rated A or better.

## <u>Table of Contents</u> MetLife, Inc. Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) — (Continued)

6. Investments (continued)

#### Mortgage Loans

#### Mortgage Loans by Portfolio Segment

Mortgage loans are summarized as follows at:

Wortgage roans are summarized as ronows at.					
	September 30, 2014		December 31, 2013		
	Carrying % of	•	Carrying	% of	
	Value Tota	1	Value	Total	
	(In millions)		(In millions	3)	
Mortgage loans held-for-investment:					
Commercial	\$40,540 69.8	%	\$40,926	70.9	%
Agricultural	11,929 20.6		12,391	21.5	
Residential	5,265 9.1		2,772	4.8	
Subtotal (1)	57,734 99.5		56,089	97.2	
Valuation allowances	(307) (0.5	)	(322	) (0.6	)
Subtotal mortgage loans held-for-investment, net	57,427 99.0		55,767	96.6	
Residential — fair value option ("FVO")	298 0.5		338	0.6	
Commercial mortgage loans held by CSEs — FVO	313 0.5		1,598	2.8	
Total mortgage loans held-for-investment, net	58,038 100.0	0	57,703	100.0	
Mortgage loans held-for-sale			3		
Total mortgage loans, net	\$58,038 100.0	0 %	\$57,706	100.0	%

Purchases of mortgage loans were \$2.1 billion and \$3.5 billion for the three months and nine months ended (1)September 30, 2014, respectively. Purchases of mortgage loans were \$676 million and \$1.6 billion for the three

months and nine months ended September 30, 2013, respectively.

See "--- Variable Interest Entities" for discussion of consolidated securitization entities ("CSEs").

Mortgage Loans and Valuation Allowance by Portfolio Segment

The carrying value prior to valuation allowance ("recorded investment") in mortgage loans held-for-investment, by portfolio segment, by method of evaluation of credit loss, and the related valuation allowances, by type of credit loss, were as follows at:

	Commerci	September 30, 2014 CommerciaAgricultural Residential Total In millions)				December 31, 2013 CommerciaAgricultural Residential Total			
Mortgage loans:	(III IIIIIIOI								
Evaluated individually for credit losses	\$189	\$ 62	\$ 24	\$275	\$506	\$ 100	\$ 16	\$622	
Evaluated collectively for credit losses	40,351	11,867	5,241	57,459	40,420	12,291	2,756	55,467	
Total mortgage loans	40,540	11,929	5,265	57,734	40,926	12,391	2,772	56,089	
Valuation allowances:									
Specific credit losses	24	2		26	58	7	1	66	
Non-specifically identified credit losses	203	36	42	281	200	37	19	256	
Total valuation allowances	227	38	42	307	258	44	20	322	
Mortgage loans, net of valuation allowance	\$40,313	\$ 11,891	\$ 5,223	\$57,427	\$40,668	\$ 12,347	\$ 2,752	\$55,767	

## <u>Table of Contents</u> MetLife, Inc. Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) — (Continued)

6. Investments (continued)

## Valuation Allowance Rollforward by Portfolio Segment The changes in the valuation allowance, by portfolio segment, were as follows:

The changes in the valuat	Three Months Ended September 30 2014	),	-	2013				
	CommerciaAg (In millions)	gricultural Re	esidential Total	Comme	erciaAgricul	ural Residenti	ial Total	
Balance, beginning of period	\$230 \$ 4	42 \$ 2	22 \$294	\$242	\$ 49	\$ 11	\$302	
Provision (release) Charge-offs, net of	(4) (3	) 22		17	1	6	24	
recoveries	1 (1 \$227 \$3	) (2	2 ) (2 42 \$307	) —	 \$ 50	<u> </u>		
Balance, end of period	Nine Months Ended September 30 2014	),	42 \$307 esidential Total	\$259 2013 Comme	\$ 50 rciaAgricult	\$ 17 ural Residenti	\$326	
Balance, beginning of period	\$258 \$ 4	4 \$2	20 \$322	\$293	\$ 52	\$ 2	\$347	
period Provision (release) Charge-offs, net of recoveries	(8) (5	) 25	5 12	(34	) 8	15	(11	)
	(23) (1	) (3	) (27	) —	(10	) —	(10	)
Balance, end of period Credit Quality of Comme	\$227 \$3 rcial Mortgage l		42 \$307	\$259	\$ 50	\$ 17	\$326	
The credit quality of com	mercial mortgag		-for-investment	were as foll	ows at:	Estimated	% of	
	> 1.20x		e Ratios 20x < 1.00x	Total	% of Total	Fair Value	Total	
September 30, 2014	(In million	IS)				(In millions)	)	
Loan-to-value ratios: Less than 65% 65% to 75%	\$32,361 4,438	\$ 825 670	\$899 57	\$34,085 5,165	84.1 % 12.7	\$35,851 5,249	84.6 12.4	%
76% to 80%	139	192	57	388	1.0	396	0.9	
Greater than 80% Total December 31, 2013 Loan-to-value ratios:	411 \$37,349	276 \$ 1,963	215 \$1,228	902 \$40,540	2.2 100.0 %	874 \$42,370	2.1 100.0	%
Less than 65% 65% to 75% 76% to 80% Greater than 80%	\$30,552 6,360 525 661	\$ 614 438 192 242	\$841 149 189 163	\$32,007 6,947 906 1,066	78.2 % 17.0 2.2 2.6	\$33,519 7,039 892 1,006	78.9 16.6 2.1 2.4	%
				, -		,		

Total	¢ 20 000	¢ 1 106	¢1240	\$ 40.026	100		56 100.0	07	
Total	\$38,098	\$ 1,486	\$1,342	\$40,926	100	0.0 % \$42,4	56 100.0	%	
Credit Quality of Agricultura	al Mortgage L	loans							
The credit quality of agricultural mortgage loans held-for-investment were as follows at:									
			September 30, 2014			December 31,	2013		
			Recorded	% of		Recorded	% of		
			Investment	Total		Investment	Total		
			(In millions)			(In millions)			
Loan-to-value ratios:									
Less than 65%			\$11,280	94.6	%	\$11,461	92.5	%	
65% to 75%			519	4.4		729	5.9		
76% to 80%			52	0.4		84	0.7		
Greater than 80%			78	0.6		117	0.9		
Total			\$11,929	100.0	%	\$12,391	100.0	%	
The estimated fair value of agricultural mortgage loans held-for-investment was \$12.3 billion and \$12.7 billion at									
0 / 1 00 0014 1D	- 1 21 20	10							

September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively.

## <u>Table of Contents</u> MetLife, Inc. Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) — (Continued)

#### 6. Investments (continued)

Credit Quality of Residential Mortgage Loans

The credit quality of residential mortgage loans held-for-investment were as follows at:

	September 30, 2014		December 31, 201	13	
	Recorded	% of	Recorded	% of	
	Investment	Total	Investment	Total	
	(In millions)		(In millions)		
Performance indicators:					
Performing	\$5,133	97.5 9	% \$2,693	97.1	%
Nonperforming	132	2.5	79	2.9	
Total	\$5,265	100.0 9	% \$2,772	100.0	%
		* <b>-</b>			

The estimated fair value of residential mortgage loans held-for-investment was \$5.6 billion and \$2.8 billion at September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively.

Past Due and Interest Accrual Status of Mortgage Loans

The Company has a high quality, well performing mortgage loan portfolio, with 99% of all mortgage loans classified as performing at both September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013. The Company defines delinquency consistent with industry practice, when mortgage loans are past due as follows: commercial and residential mortgage loans — 60 days and agricultural mortgage loans — 90 days. The past due and accrual status of mortgage loans at recorded investment, prior to valuation allowances, by portfolio segment, were as follows at:

Р	Past Due		Greater than 90 I and Still Accruin	•	Nonaccrual Status		
S	eptember 30,	December 31,	September 30,	December 31,	September 30,	December 31,	
2	014	2013	2014	2013	2014	2013	
(]	In millions)						
Commercial \$	12	\$12	\$12	\$12	\$85	\$191	
Agricultural 1	7	44	1	_	42	47	
Residential 1	32	79		_	123	65	
Total \$	161	\$135	\$13	\$12	\$250	\$303	

Impaired Mortgage Loans

Impaired mortgage loans held-for-investment, including those modified in a troubled debt restructuring, by portfolio segment, were as follows at:

	Loans with	a Valuation A	llowance		Loans without a Valuation Allowance		All Impaired Loans	
	Unpaid Principal Balance (In millions)		Valuation Allowances	Carrying Value	Unpaid Principal Balance	Recorded Investment	Unpaid Principal Balance	Carrying Value
September 30,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·							
2014								
Commercial	\$85	\$85	\$24	\$61	\$105	\$104	\$190	\$165
Agricultural	50	47	2	45	16	15	66	60
Residential					26	24	26	24
Total	\$135	\$132	\$26	\$106	\$147	\$143	\$282	\$249

December 31, 2013

Commercial	\$214	\$210	\$58	\$152	\$299	\$296	\$513	\$448
Agricultural	68	66	7	59	35	34	103	93
Residential	12	12	1	11	5	4	17	15
Total	\$294	\$288	\$66	\$222	\$339	\$334	\$633	\$556
Unpaid principal balance is generally prior to any charge-offs.								

## <u>Table of Contents</u> MetLife, Inc. Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) — (Continued)

#### 6. Investments (continued)

The average recorded investment in impaired mortgage loans held-for-investment, including those modified in a troubled debt restructuring, and the related interest income, which is primarily recognized on a cash basis, by portfolio segment, was:

	Impaired M	ortgage Loar	IS							
	Three Mont	hs			Nine Month	IS				
	Ended				Ended					
	September	September 30,			September 30,					
	2014		2013		2014		2013			
	Average	Interest	Average	Interest	Average	Interest	Average	Interest		
	Recorded	Income	Recorded	Income	Recorded	Income	Recorded	Income		
	Investment	meome	Investment	meome	Investment	meome	Investment	meome		
	(In millions	)								
Commercial	\$302	\$—	\$525	\$4	\$405	\$7	\$530	\$11		
Agricultural	69	1	165	5	84	7	167	8		
Residential	17	1	14		15	1	14			
Total	\$388	\$2	\$704	\$9	\$504	\$15	\$711	\$19		

Mortgage Loans Modified in a Troubled Debt Restructuring

The number of mortgage loans and carrying value after specific valuation allowance of mortgage loans modified during the period in a troubled debt restructuring were as follows:

	U	vere us tono (is.				
Ended						
September 3	0,					
2014			2013			
Number of Mortgage Loans		-	Number of Mortgage Loans	Carrying Value after Specific		
	Pre-Modificat	io <b>P</b> ost-Modification	on			
	(In millions)			(In millions)		
	\$—	\$ —	1	\$49	\$ 49	
		_	2	24	24	
57	15	13	5	1	1	
57	\$15	\$ 13	8	\$74	\$ 74	
Ended						
2014			2013			
Number of Mortgage Loans	Carrying Va	-	Number of Mortgage Loans	Carrying Value after Specific Valuation Allowance		
	Pre-Modificat	io Post-Modification	on	Pre-Modifica	atio Prost-Modification	
	(In millions)			(In millions)		
	\$—	\$ —	1	\$49	\$ 49	
1	1	1	3	28	28	
101	0.1	20	11	2	2	
101	24	20	11	Z	Z	
	Three Month Ended September 3 2014 Number of Mortgage Loans — 57 57 Nine Months Ended September 3 2014 Number of Mortgage Loans — 1	Three MonthsEndedSeptember 30,2014Number ofMortgageLoansPre-Modificat(In millions)575757575757575757\$15Nine MonthsEndedSeptember 30,2014Number ofMortgageLoansPre-Modificat(In millions)1	Ended September 30, 2014Carrying Value after Specific Valuation AllowanceNumber of Mortgage LoansCarrying Value after Specific Valuation AllowancePre-Modificatio (In millions)Pre-Modificatio Fost-Modificatio (In millions)—\$—\$—57151357\$15\$13Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014Carrying Value after Specific Valuation AllowanceNumber of Mortgage LoansCarrying Value after Specific Valuation Allowance\$—\$—111	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c } \mbox{Three Months} & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & &$	Three Months Ended September 30,20142013Number of Mortgage LoansCarrying Value after Specific Valuation AllowanceNumber of Mortgage LoansCarrying Value Valuation Allowance—Pre-Modificatio Prost-Modification (In millions)Pre-Modificat (In millions)Pre-Modificat (In millions)—\$—\$—1\$49——2245715135157\$15\$138\$74Nine Months Ended September 30,Carrying Value after Specific Valuation AllowanceNumber of Mortgage LoansCarrying Value after Specific Valuation AllowanceNumber of Mortgage LoansCarrying Value after Specific (In millions)Number of Mortgage LoansCarrying Value after Specific Mortgage LoansNumber of Mortgage LoansCarrying Value after Specific Mortgage LoansNumber of Mortgage LoansCarrying Value after Specific 	

<u>Table of Contents</u> MetLife, Inc. Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) — (Continued)

#### 6. Investments (continued)

During the three months and nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, the Company held no commercial or agricultural mortgage loans that were modified in a troubled debt restructuring during the 12 months before September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively, and became subject to a payment default after the restructuring. The number of residential mortgage loans and carrying value of residential mortgage loans with subsequent payment defaults that were modified in a troubled debt restructuring the previous 12 months were as follows:

	Three Months			
	Ended			
	September 30,			
	2014		2013	
	Number of		Number of	
	Mortgage	Carrying Value	Mortgage	Carrying Value
	Loans		Loans	
		(In millions)		(In millions)
Residential (1)	2	\$—	—	\$—
	Nine Months			
	Ended			
	September 30,			
	2014		2013	
	Number of		Number of	
	Mortgage	Carrying Value	Mortgage Loan	Carrying Value
	Loans			15
		(In millions)		(In millions)
Residential	4	\$1		\$—

(1) Residential mortgage loans for the three months ended September 30, 2014 had a carrying value of less than  $1^{11}$  million.

Payment default is determined in the same manner as delinquency status as described above.

Cash Equivalents

The carrying value of cash equivalents, which includes securities and other investments with an original or remaining maturity of three months or less at the time of purchase, was \$3.7 billion and \$3.8 billion at September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively.

Net Unrealized Investment Gains (Losses)

The components of net unrealized investment gains (losses), included in AOCI, were as follows:

	September 30,	December 31,	,
	2014	2013	
	(In millions)		
Fixed maturity securities	\$26,848	\$16,672	
Fixed maturity securities with noncredit OTTI losses in AOCI	(105	) (218	)
Total fixed maturity securities	26,743	16,454	
Equity securities	602	390	
Derivatives	1,326	375	
Other	24	(73	)
Subtotal	28,695	17,146	
Amounts allocated from:			
Insurance liability loss recognition	(1,515	) (898	)

DAC and VOBA related to noncredit OTTI losses recognized in AOCI	2	6	
DAC and VOBA	(1,866	) (1,190	)
Policyholder dividend obligation	(2,825	) (1,771	)
Subtotal	(6,204	) (3,853	)
Deferred income tax benefit (expense) related to noncredit OTTI losses recognized in AOCI	33	73	
Deferred income tax benefit (expense)	(7,835	) (4,956	)
Net unrealized investment gains (losses)	14,689	8,410	
Net unrealized investment gains (losses) attributable to noncontrolling interests		4	
Net unrealized investment gains (losses) attributable to MetLife, Inc.	\$14,689	\$8,414	

### <u>Table of Contents</u> MetLife, Inc. Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) — (Continued)

#### 6. Investments (continued)

The changes in fixed maturity securities with noncredit OTTI losses included in AOCI were as follows:

	Nine Months	Year	
	Ended	Ended	
	September 30,	December 31,	
	2014	2013	
	(In millions)		
Balance, beginning of period	\$(218	) \$(361	)
Noncredit OTTI losses and subsequent changes recognized (1)	16	60	
Securities sold with previous noncredit OTTI loss	42	149	
Subsequent changes in estimated fair value	55	(66	)
Balance, end of period	\$(105	) \$(218	)

(1) Noncredit OTTI losses and subsequent changes recognized, net of DAC, were \$8 million and \$52 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and the year ended December 31, 2013, respectively.

The changes in net unrealized investment gains (losses) were as follows:

	Nine Months	
	Ended	
	September 30,	
	2014	
	(In millions)	
Balance, beginning of period	\$8,414	
Fixed maturity securities on which noncredit OTTI losses have been recognized	113	
Unrealized investment gains (losses) during the period	11,436	
Unrealized investment gains (losses) relating to:		
Insurance liability gain (loss) recognition	(617	)
DAC and VOBA related to noncredit OTTI losses recognized in AOCI	(4	)
DAC and VOBA	(676	)
Policyholder dividend obligation	(1,054	)
Deferred income tax benefit (expense) related to noncredit OTTI losses recognized in AOCI	(40	)
Deferred income tax benefit (expense)	(2,879	)
Net unrealized investment gains (losses)	14,693	
Net unrealized investment gains (losses) attributable to noncontrolling interests	(4	)
Balance, end of period	\$14,689	
Change in net unrealized investment gains (losses)	\$6,279	
Change in net unrealized investment gains (losses) attributable to noncontrolling interests	(4	)
Change in net unrealized investment gains (losses) attributable to MetLife, Inc.	\$6,275	
Concentrations of Credit Risk		

Investments in any counterparty that were greater than 10% of the Company's equity, other than the U.S. government and its agencies, were in fixed income securities of the Japanese government and its agencies with an estimated fair value of \$22.1 billion and \$21.7 billion at September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively. The Company's investment in fixed maturity and equity securities to counterparties that primarily conduct business in Japan, including Japan government and agency fixed maturity securities, was \$27.5 billion and \$26.9 billion at September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively.

## <u>Table of Contents</u> MetLife, Inc. Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) — (Continued)

#### 6. Investments (continued)

Securities Lending

Elements of the securities lending program are presented below at:

	September 30, 2014 (In millions)	
Securities on loan: (1)		
Amortized cost	\$27,930	\$27,094
Estimated fair value	\$30,269	\$27,595
Cash collateral on deposit from counterparties (2)	\$30,943	\$28,319
Security collateral on deposit from counterparties (3)	\$67	\$—
Reinvestment portfolio — estimated fair value	\$31,306	\$28,481

(1)Included within fixed maturity securities, cash and cash equivalents, short-term investments and equity securities. (2)Included within payables for collateral under securities loaned and other transactions.

(3) Security collateral on deposit from counterparties may not be sold or repledged, unless the counterparty is in default, and is not reflected in the consolidated financial statements.

Invested Assets on Deposit, Held in Trust and Pledged as Collateral

Invested assets on deposit, held in trust and pledged as collateral are presented below at estimated fair value for cash and cash equivalents, short-term investments, fixed maturity and equity securities and FVO and trading securities, and at carrying value for mortgage loans at:

	September 30,	December 31,
	2014	2013
	(In millions)	
Invested assets on deposit (regulatory deposits) (1)	\$9,140	\$2,153
Invested assets held in trust (collateral financing arrangements and reinsurance agreements)	11,259	11,004
Invested assets pledged as collateral (2)	23,442	23,770
Total invested assets on deposit, held in trust and pledged as collateral	\$43,841	\$36,927

MetLife Insurance Company of Connecticut ("MICC") received all regulatory approvals to merge three U.S.-based life insurance companies and a former offshore reinsurance subsidiary to create one larger U.S.-based and U.S.-regulated life insurance company (the "Mergers"). The Mergers are expected to occur in the fourth quarter of 2014. The companies to be merged are MICC, MetLife Investors USA Insurance Company ("MLI-USA") and MetLife Investors Insurance Company, each a U.S. insurance company that issues variable annuity products in addition to other products, and Exeter Reassurance Company, Ltd. ("Exeter"), a reinsurance company that mainly reinsures guarantees associated with variable annuity products. MICC, which is expected to be renamed and domiciled in Delaware, will be the surviving entity. In October 2014, MICC received regulatory approval from the Connecticut Insurance Department and the Delaware Department of Insurance to re-domesticate from Connecticut to Delaware, immediately prior to the Mergers. Exeter, formerly a Cayman Islands company, was re-domesticated

to Delaware in October 2013. Effective January 1, 2014, following receipt of New York State Department of Financial Services (the "Department of Financial Services") approval, MICC withdrew its license to issue insurance policies and annuity contracts in New York. Also effective January 1, 2014, MICC reinsured with an affiliate all existing New York insurance policies and annuity contracts that include a separate account feature and deposited investments with an estimated fair market value of \$6.3 billion into a custodial account to secure MICC's remaining New York policyholder liabilities not covered by the reinsurance.

The Company has pledged invested assets in connection with various agreements and transactions, including (2) funding agreements (see Notes 4 and 12 of the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements included in the 2013 Annual Report), collateral financing arrangements (see Note 13 of the Notes to the Consolidated Financial

2013 Annual Report), collateral financing arrangements (see Note 13 of the Notes to the Consolidated Fina Statements included in the 2013 Annual Report) and derivative transactions (see Note 7).

See "— Securities Lending" for securities on loan and Note 5 for investments designated to the closed block. Variable Interest Entities

The Company has invested in certain structured transactions (including CSEs), formed trusts to invest proceeds from certain collateral financing arrangements and has insurance operations that are VIEs. In certain instances, the Company holds both the power to direct the most significant activities of the entity, as well as an economic interest in the entity and, as such, is deemed to be the primary beneficiary or consolidator of the entity.

## <u>Table of Contents</u> MetLife, Inc. Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) — (Continued)

#### 6. Investments (continued)

The determination of the VIE's primary beneficiary requires an evaluation of the contractual and implied rights and obligations associated with each party's relationship with or involvement in the entity, an estimate of the entity's expected losses and expected residual returns and the allocation of such estimates to each party involved in the entity. The Company generally uses a qualitative approach to determine whether it is the primary beneficiary. However, for VIEs that are investment companies or apply measurement principles consistent with those utilized by investment companies, the primary beneficiary is based on a risks and rewards model and is defined as the entity that will absorb a majority of a VIE's expected losses, receive a majority of a VIE's expected residual returns if no single entity absorbs a majority of expected losses, or both. The Company reassesses its involvement with VIEs on a quarterly basis. The use of different methodologies, assumptions and inputs in the determination of the primary beneficiary could have a material effect on the amounts presented within the consolidated financial statements. Consolidated VIEs

The following table presents the total assets and total liabilities relating to VIEs for which the Company has concluded that it is the primary beneficiary and which are consolidated at September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013. Creditors or beneficial interest holders of VIEs where the Company is the primary beneficiary have no recourse to the general credit of the Company, as the Company's obligation to the VIEs is limited to the amount of its committed investment.

	September 3	30, 2014	December 31, 2013		
	Total	Total	Total	Total	
	Assets	Liabilities	Assets	Liabilities	
	(In millions)	)			
MRSC (collateral financing arrangement (primarily securities)) (1)	\$3,373	\$—	\$3,440	\$—	
Operating joint venture (2)	2,380	2,014	2,095	1,777	
CSEs (assets (primarily loans) and liabilities (primarily debt)) (3)	333	189	1,630	1,457	
Investments:					
Real estate and real estate joint ventures (4)	9	15	1,181	443	
Other invested assets	59		82	7	
FVO and trading securities	49		69		
Other limited partnership interests	61		61		
Total	\$6,264	\$2,218	\$8,558	\$3,684	

(1) See Note 13 of the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements included in the 2013 Annual Report for a description of the MetLife Reinsurance Company of South Carolina ("MRSC") collateral financing arrangement.

Assets of the operating joint venture are primarily fixed maturity securities and separate account assets. Liabilities (2) of the operating joint venture are primarily future policy benefits, other policyholder funds and separate account

(2) of the operating joint venture are primarily future policy benefits, other policyholder funds as liabilities.

The Company consolidates entities that are structured as CMBS and as collateralized loan obligations. The assets of these entities can only be used to settle their respective liabilities, and under no circumstances is the Company liable for any principal or interest shortfalls should any arise. The Company's exposure was limited to that of its remaining investment in these entities of \$125 million and \$154 million at estimated fair value at September 30,

(3)2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively. The long-term debt bears interest primarily at fixed rates ranging from 2.25% to 5.57%, payable primarily on a monthly basis. Interest expense related to these obligations, included in other expenses, was \$3 million and \$34 million for the three months and nine months ended September 30, 2014, respectively, and \$29 million and \$96 million for the three months and nine months ended September 30, 2013, respectively.

At December 31, 2013, the Company consolidated an open ended core real estate fund formed in the fourth quarter of 2013 (the "MetLife Core Property Fund"), which represented the majority of the balances at December 31, 2013. As a result of the quarterly reassessment in the first quarter of 2014, the Company no longer consolidates the MetLife Core Property Fund, effective March 31, 2014, based on the terms of the revised partnership agreement. The Company accounts for its retained interest in the real estate fund under the equity method. Assets of the real (4) estate fund are a real estate investment trust which holds primarily traditional core income-producing real estate which has associated liabilities that are primarily non-recourse debt secured by certain real estate assets of the fund.

The assets of these entities can only be used to settle their respective liabilities, and under no circumstances is the Company liable for any principal or interest shortfalls should any arise. The Company's exposure was limited to that of its investment in the real estate fund of \$178 million at carrying value at December 31, 2013. The long-term debt bore interest primarily at fixed rates ranging from 1.39% to 4.45%, payable primarily on a monthly basis.

## <u>Table of Contents</u> MetLife, Inc. Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) — (Continued)

#### 6. Investments (continued)

## Unconsolidated VIEs

The carrying amount and maximum exposure to loss relating to VIEs in which the Company holds a significant variable interest but is not the primary beneficiary and which have not been consolidated were as follows at:

September 30	, 2014	December 31, 2013		
Carrying Amount	Maximum Exposure to Loss (1)	Carrying Amount	Maximum Exposure to Loss (1)	
(In millions)				
\$70,121	\$70,121	\$67,176	\$67,176	
3,881	3,881	3,966	3,966	
5,320	7,044	5,041	6,994	
1,614	1,822	1,509	1,897	
590	590	619	619	
106	106	106	106	
65	67	70	71	
41	41	35	35	
\$81,738	\$83,672	\$78,522	\$80,864	
	Carrying Amount (In millions) \$70,121 3,881 5,320 1,614 590 106 65 41	Carrying AmountExposure to Loss (1)(In millions)\$70,121\$70,121\$70,1213,8813,8815,3207,0441,6141,82259059010610665674141	Carrying AmountMaximum Exposure to Loss (1)Carrying Amount(In millions)\$70,121\$67,176\$,8813,8813,9665,3207,0445,0411,6141,8221,509590590619106106106656770414135	

The maximum exposure to loss relating to fixed maturity securities AFS, FVO and trading securities and equity securities AFS is equal to their carrying amounts or the carrying amounts of retained interests. The maximum exposure to loss relating to other limited partnership interests, mortgage loans and real estate joint ventures is equal to the carrying amounts plus any unfunded commitments of the Company. For certain of its investments in other

(1) invested assets, the Company's return is in the form of income tax credits which are guaranteed by creditworthy third parties. For such investments, the maximum exposure to loss is equal to the carrying amounts plus any unfunded commitments, reduced by income tax credits guaranteed by third parties of \$224 million and \$257 million at September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively. Such a maximum loss would be expected to occur only upon bankruptcy of the issuer or investee.

(2) For these variable interests, the Company's involvement is limited to that of a passive investor in mortgage-backed or asset-backed securities issued by trusts that do not have substantial equity.

As described in Note 14, the Company makes commitments to fund partnership investments in the normal course of business. Excluding these commitments, the Company did not provide financial or other support to investees designated as VIEs during the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013.

## <u>Table of Contents</u> MetLife, Inc. Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) — (Continued)

### 6. Investments (continued)

#### Net Investment Income

The components of net investment income were as follows:

	Three Months Ended		Nine Mon Ended	
	September 30,		Septembe	
	2014	2013	2014	2013
• · · · · ·	(In millior	ns)		
Investment income:	¢ 2 (05	<b># 2 7</b> 0 <b>4</b>	<b><i><b>(</b>1110)</i></b>	¢ 1 1 0 1 0
Fixed maturity securities	\$3,695	\$3,784	\$11,106	\$11,319
Equity securities	31	28	98	88
FVO and trading securities — Actively Traded Securities and FVO general account securities (1)	14	14	95	24
Mortgage loans	775	725	2,192	2,179
Policy loans	158	158	473	465
Real estate and real estate joint ventures	245	227	724	663
Other limited partnership interests	299	144	834	665
Cash, cash equivalents and short-term investments	42	42	130	136
International joint ventures	2	16	5	7
Other	60	25	136	137
Subtotal	5,321	5,163	15,793	15,683
Less: Investment expenses	298	302	873	889
Subtotal, net	5,023	4,861	14,920	14,794
FVO and trading securities — FVO contractholder-directed unit-linke investments (1)	<sup>d</sup> 379	132	739	1,485
FVO CSEs — interest income:				
Commercial mortgage loans	8	33	44	104
Securities		_	1	2
Subtotal	387	165	784	1,591
Net investment income	\$5,410	\$5,026	\$15,704	\$16,385

Changes in estimated fair value subsequent to purchase for securities still held as of the end of the respective periods included in net investment income were as follows:

	Three Months Ended September 30,			Nine Months Ended September 30,		
	2014	2013		2014	2013	
	(In milli	ions)				
Actively Traded Securities and FVO general account securities	\$(18	) \$2		\$7	\$(14	)
FVO contractholder-directed unit-linked investments	\$248	\$(9	)	\$329	\$1,069	
See "— Variable Interest Entities" for discussion of CSEs.						

Table of Contents
MetLife, Inc.
Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) — (Continued)

6. Investments (continued)

Net Investment Gains (Losses)

Components of Net Investment Gains (Losses)

The components of net investment gains (losses) were as follows:

	Three Months		Nine Months		
	Ended		Ended		
	September 30,		Septem	ber 30,	
	2014	2013	2014	2013	
	(In mill	ions)			
Total gains (losses) on fixed maturity securities:					
Total OTTI losses recognized — by sector and industry:					
U.S. and foreign corporate securities — by industry:					
Utility	\$—	\$(1	) \$—	\$(33	)
Consumer		(3	) (7	) (11	)
Finance				(10	)
Transportation		(3	) (2	) (3	)
Communications	—		—	(2	)
Total U.S. and foreign corporate securities	—	(7	) (9	) (59	)
RMBS	(18	) (27	) (27	) (74	)
ABS			(7	) —	
CMBS	(13	) —	(13	) —	
OTTI losses on fixed maturity securities recognized in earnings	(31	) (34	) (56	) (133	)
Fixed maturity securities - net gains (losses) on sales and dispos	sal\$84	(44	) 349	504	
Total gains (losses) on fixed maturity securities	153	(78			