### CPS TECHNOLOGIES CORP/DE/

Form 10-Q November 14, 2011

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549 FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

[X] Quarterly Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 For the period ended October 1, 2011 or

[] Transition Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 For the transition period from to

Commission file number 0-16088

### CPS TECHNOLOGIES CORPORATION

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in its Charter)

Delaware 04-2832509 (State or Other Jurisdiction (I.R.S. Employer of Incorporation or Organization Identification No.)

111 South Worcester Street Norton  $\underline{MA}$  02766-2102 (Zip Code)

(Address of principal executive offices)

# (508) 222-0614

Registrants Telephone Number, including Area Code:

### **CPS Technologies Corporation**

111 South Worcester Street

Norton, MA 02766-2102

Former Name, Former Address and Former Fiscal Year if Changed since Last Report

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period than the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to the filing requirements for the past 90 days. [X] Yes [] No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). [X] Yes [] No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer or a non-accelerated filer. See definition of "accelerated filer and large accelerated filer" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer [ ] Non-accelerated filer [ ] Smaller reporting company [X]

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Act):

[] Yes [X] No

## APPLICABLE ONLY TO CORPORATE ISSUERS:

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuers classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date. Number of shares of common stock outstanding as of November 3, 2011: 12,868,459.

# PART I FINANCIAL INFORMATION

# ITEM 1 FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

# **CPS TECHNOLOGIES CORPORATION**

**Balance Sheets (Unaudited)** (continued on next page)

ASSETS	October 1, 2011		December 25 2010			
Current assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,148,621	\$	1,803,222		
Accounts receivable-trade	Ψ	1,140,021	Ψ	1,003,222		
net of allowance for doubtful accounts						
of \$5,000 at October 1, 2011 and						
December 25, 2010	4.199	0,095	3,922	3,922,962		
Inventories	,	),465	1,523	•		
Prepaid expenses	136,9	•		76,579		
Deferred taxes	326,6		354,774			
Total current assets	8,001	,833	7,681	,295		
Property and equipment:						
Production equipment	6,657,680		6,462,311			
Furniture and office equipment	344,782		325,8	880		
Leasehold improvements	699,832		677,529			
Total cost	7,702	2,284	7,465	5,720		
Accumulated depreciation						
and amortization	(5,934,520)		(5,402,781)			
Construction in progress	312,3	377	121,3			
Not muonanty and againment	2.000	151		201		
Net property and equipment	-	),151 	2,184	-,301		
Deferred taxes, non-current portion		750	745,5			
Total Assets		10,875,734		10,611,101		

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

# **CPS TECHNOLOGIES CORPORATION**

**Balance Sheets (Unaudited)** (continued)

LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS` EQUITY	October 1, 2011	December 25, 2010		
Current liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued expenses Current portion of obligations		\$ 812,564		
under capital leases	172,170	253,167		
Total current liabilities	2,022,713	1,949,990		
Obligations under capital	50.440	175 561		
leases less current portion	59,448	1/3,301		
Total liabilities	2,082,161			
Commitments				
Stockholders` equity: Common stock, \$0.01 par value, authorized 15,000,000 shares; at October 1, 2011 and December 25, 2010; issued 12,794,092 and 12,698,842 shares at October 1, 2011 and December 25, 2010, respectively; outstanding 12,771,209 and 12,675,959 shares at October 1, 2011 and December 25, 2010, respectively Additional paid-in capital Accumulated deficit Less cost of 22,883 common shares repurchased	127,941 33,386,576 (24,660,109) (60,835)	33,136,420 (24,717,024) (60,835)		
Total stockholders` equity	8,793,573			
Total liabilities and stockholders`				
equity	\$ 10,875,734 =======	\$ 10,611,101 ======		

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

# **CPS TECHNOLOGIES CORPORATION Statements of Operations (Unaudited)**

	Fiscal Quarters October 1, 2011		Nine month Per October 1, 2011	iods Ended September 25, 2010	
Revenues: Product sales Research and development	\$4,508,250	\$5,574,371	\$13,848,477	\$15,580,602	
under cooperative agreement	t 392,790	433,352	1,734,668	1,022,990	
Total Revenues	4,901,040	6,007,723	15,583,145	16,603,592	
Cost of product sales Cost of research and development	3,651,046	4,151,008	11,250,968	11,767,887	
under cooperative agreement	358,002	372,441	1,624,710	917,036	
Gross Margin	891,992	1,484,274	2,707,467	3,918,669	
Selling, general, and administrative expense	835,375	802,184	2,579,388	2,228,657	
Operating income	56,617	682,090	128,079	1,690,012	
Other income (expense), net	(8,528)	(7,306)	(26,264)	(23,782)	
Net income before income tax expense Income tax expense	48,089 20,500	674,784 254,000	101,815 44,900	1,666,230 631,000	
Net income	\$27,589	\$420,784	\$56,915	\$1,035,230	
Net income per basic common share	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.03	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.08	
Weighted average number of basic common shares outstanding		12,648,640			
Net income per diluted common share	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.03	\$ 0.00		
Weighted average number of diluted common shares outstanding	13,190,317	12,998,593	13,199,666	12,975,415	

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

# **CPS TECHNOLOGIES CORPORATION**

# **Statements of Cash Flows (Unaudited)**

		Period Ended September 25, 2010
Cash flows from operating activities: Net income Adjustments to reconcile net income to cash provided by (used in) operating activities:	\$56,915	\$1,035,230
Depreciation & amortization	531,738	554,193
Share-based compensation Provision for bad	158,449	97,723
debts on accounts receivable		(17,500)
Deferred taxes Excess tax benefit	27,600	
from stock options exercised	(47,750)	
Changes in: Accounts receivable-trade Inventories Prepaid expenses Accounts payable Accrued expenses	(276,133) (666,707) (60,394) 147,432 6,288	(1,660,171) 211,328 (2,349) 432,118 618,353
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	(122,562)	1,268,925
Cash flows from investing activities: Purchases of property and equipment	(427,588)	(668,313)
Net cash used in investing activities	(427,588)	(668,313)

Cash flows from				
financing activities:				
Payment of capital lease obligations	(197	7,110)	(22	1,130)
Excess tax benefit				
from stock options exercised	47,7	750	2,54	16
Proceeds from				
issuance of common stock	44,9	009	32,0	060
Proceeds from capital				
lease financing			185	,270
Net cash used in				
financing activities	(10/	1 451)	(1.2	54)
imalicing activities	(10-	+,+31)	(1,2	.54)
Net increase				
(decrease) in cash and	(654	4.601)	599	,358
cash equivalents	(	,,		,
Cash and cash				
equivalents at	1,80	3,222	1,07	73,600
beginning of period	•			•
Cash and cash				
equivalents at end of	\$ 1,	148,621	\$ 1,	672,958
period				
	===	=====	===	=====
Supplemental cash				
flow information:				
Cash paid for taxes,	\$	11,900	\$	
net of refunds	\$	26.264	¢	22 452
Interest paid	Φ	26,264	Φ	23,452

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

# CPS TECHNOLOGIES CORPORATION Notes to Financial Statements (Unaudited)

# (1) Nature of Business

CPS Technologies Corporation (the "Company" or "CPS") provides advanced material solutions to the electronics, robotics, automotive and other industries. The Company's primary advanced material solution is metal matrix composites which are a combination of metal and ceramic.

CPS also assembles housings and packages for hybrid circuits. These housings and packages may include components made of metal-matrix composites or they may include components made of more traditional materials such as aluminum, copper-tungsten, etc.

The Company sells into several end markets including the wireless communications infrastructure market, high-performance microprocessor market, motor controller market, and other microelectronic and structural markets. In 2008 the Company also entered into a cooperative agreement with the U.S. Army to further develop its composite technology to produce armor.

#### (2) Interim Financial Statements

As permitted by the rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission applicable to quarterly reports on Form 10-Q, these notes are condensed and do not contain all disclosures required by generally accepted accounting principles.

The accompanying financial statements are unaudited. In the opinion of management, the unaudited financial statements of CPS reflect all normal recurring adjustments which are necessary to present fairly the financial position and results of operations for such periods.

The Company's balance sheet at December 25, 2010 has been derived from the audited financial statements at that date, but does not include all of the information and footnotes required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for complete financial statements.

For further information, refer to the financial statements and footnotes thereto included CPS's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 25, 2010.

The results of operations for interim periods are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the full year.

## (3) Net Income (Loss) Per Common and Common Equivalent Share

Basic net income or loss per common share is calculated by dividing net income or loss by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period. Diluted net income per common share is calculated by dividing net income by the sum of the weighted average number of common shares plus additional common shares that would have been outstanding if potential dilutive common shares had been issued for granted stock option and stock purchase rights.

The following table presents the calculation of both basic and diluted EPS:

	Octo	rters Ended ober 1, l	201	otember 25, 0	Oct 201	ne-Month Per Tober 1, 1		otember 25,
Basic EPS Computation: Numerator: Net income	\$	27,589	\$	420,784	\$	56,915	\$	1 025 220
Net income	Ф	21,389	Ф	420,784	Ф	30,913	Ф	1,035,230
Denominator: Weighted average Common shares								
Outstanding		12,748,149		12,648,640		12,733,312		12,659,519
Basic EPS	\$	0.00	\$	0.03	\$	0.00	\$	0.08
Diluted EPS Computation: Numerator:								
Net income	\$	27,589	\$	420,784	\$	56,915	\$	1,035,230
Denominator: Weighted average Common shares								
Outstanding		12,748,149		12,648,640		12,733,312		12,659,519
Dilutive effect of stock options	442,	168	349	,953		466,354		314,896
Total Shares	13,1	90,317	12,9	998,593		13,199,666		12,975,415
Diluted EPS	\$	0.00	\$	0.03	\$	0.00	\$	0.08

# (4) Share-Based Payments

The Company measures the cost of employee services received in exchange for an award of equity instruments based on the grant date fair value of the award. That cost is recognized over the period during which an employee is required to provide services in exchange for the award, the requisite service period (usually the vesting period). The Company provides an estimate of forfeitures at initial grant date. Reductions in compensation expense associated with the forfeited options are estimated at the date of grant, and this estimated forfeiture rate is adjusted periodically based on actual forfeiture experience. The company uses the Black-Scholes option pricing model to determine the fair value of the stock options granted.

There were no stock options granted under the Company's 2009 Stock Incentive Plan (the "Plan") during the quarter ended October 1, 2011. During the quarter ended September 25, 2010, a total of 724,105 stock options were granted to employees under the Company's 2009 Stock Incentive Plan and a total of 38,000 stock options were granted to outside directors and a consultant.

During the quarters ended October 1, 2011 and September 25, 2010, 31,500 and 40,000 stock options were exercised, respectively. No stock options expired during the quarter ended October 1, 2011. During the quarter ended September 25, 2010, 54,250 stock options expired related to previously granted shares under the 1999 Stock Incentive Plan.

During the three and nine months ended October 1, 2011, the Company recognized \$45,958 and \$158,449, respectively, as shared-based compensation expense related to previously granted options under the 2009 Stock Incentive Plan. During the three and nine months ended September 25, 2010, the Company recognized \$65,669 and \$97,723 respectively, as shared-based compensation expense related to previously granted shares under the 1999 Stock Incentive Plan.

#### (5) Inventories

Inventories consist of the following:

	October 1, 2011	December 25, 2010
Raw materials	\$ 402,171	\$ 360,306
Work in process	340,682	298,004
Finished goods	1,447,612	865,448
Inventories	\$ 2,190,465	\$ 1,523,758 ======

# (6) Accrued Expenses

Accrued expenses consist of the following:

	October 1, 2011	December 25, 2010		
accrued legal and accounting	\$ 74,632	\$ 51,200		
ccrued payroll	567,779	578,021		

Accrued other 248,136 255,038

\$ 890,547 \$ 884,259

# (7) Line of Credit and Equipment Lease Facility Agreements

The Company has a \$1 million revolving line of credit ("LOC") and a \$1.25 million equipment finance facility("Lease Line") with Sovereign Bank through maturity in May 2012. The LOC is secured by the accounts receivable and other assets of the Company, has an interest rate of prime plus one percent (1%) and a one-year term. Under the terms of the agreement, the Company is required to maintain its operating accounts with Sovereign Bank. The LOC and the Lease Line are cross defaulted and cross collateralized. The Company is also subject to certain financial covenants within the terms of the LOC that require the Company to maintain a targeted rolling four quarter debt service coverage ratio as well as targeted debt to equity and current ratios. At October 1, 2011, the Company was in compliance with these covenants. The Company believes but can give no assurance that it could obtain similar lease facilities from other lenders. At October 1, 2011 there were no borrowings under this LOC. At October 1, 2011, the Company had capital lease obligations outstanding totaling \$231,618 related to equipment financed by the Lease Line and \$1,018,382 available remaining on the Lease line.

#### (8) Income Taxes

At December 25, 2010, the Company had approximately \$1,731,000 of net operating loss carryforwards available to offset future income for U.S. Federal income tax purpose.

The Company recorded a tax provision of \$14,200 and \$29,300 for federal income taxes and a tax provision of \$6,300 and 15,600 for state income taxes during the three and nine months ended October 1, 2011.

The Company has a current and non-current deferred tax asset aggregating \$1,120,429 and \$1,100,279 on the Company's balance sheet at October 1, 2011 and December 25, 2010, respectively. A valuation allowance is required to be established or maintained when it is "more likely than not" that all or a portion of deferred tax assets will not be realized. The Company believes that it will generate sufficient future taxable income to realize the tax benefits related to the remaining deferred tax assets and as such no valuation allowance has been provided against the deferred tax asset.

#### (9) Commitment

In July 2006 the Company entered into a lease for its current operating facilities of approximately 37,520 square feet of rentable space located on approximately seven acres at its current site in Norton, MA. The term of the lease is ten years. The lease is a triple net lease wherein the Company is responsible for payment of all real estate taxes, operating costs and utilities. The Company also has an option to buy the property and a first right of refusal during the term of the lease. Annual rental payments are \$100,000 in year one increasing to \$150,000 in year ten.

In February 2011, the Company entered into a one-year lease with five options to renew for one year periods, for approximately 13,800 square feet of rentable space inside a larger building located at 79 Walton Street, Attleboro, Massachusetts. Monthly rent, which includes utilities, is \$6,900.

As of October 1, 2011 production equipment included \$312,000 of construction in progress and the company the Company had \$454,000 in outstanding commitments to purchase production equipment. The Company intends to finance production equipment with existing cash balances and funds generated by operations or with the Sovereign equipment finance facility.

# (10) Subsequent Events

In October 2011 the Company hired a Chief Financial Officer. The terms of the offer letter include a base salary as well as a performance based compensation. In addition, the Chief Financial Officer was granted stock options to purchase 75,000 shares of the Company's common stock.

In October 2011 the Company issued stock options to purchase 49,000 shares of the Company's common stock to various employees in connection with the Company's 1999 Stock Incentive Plan. In October 2011, 97,250 stock options were exercised under the 1999 Stock Incentive Plan.

# ITEM 2 MANAGEMENTS DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations is based upon and should be read in conjunction with the financial statements of the Company and notes thereto included in this report and the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 25, 2010.

# Forward-Looking Statements

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q contains forward-looking statements that involve a number of risks and uncertainties. There are a number of factors that could cause the Company's actual results to differ materially from those forecasted or projected in such forward-looking statements. Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements which speak only as of the date hereof. The Company undertakes no obligation to publicly release the results of any revisions to these forward-looking statements which may be made to reflect events or changed circumstances after the date hereof or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events.

# **Critical Accounting Policies**

The critical accounting policies utilized by the Company in preparation of the accompanying financial statements are set forth in Part II, Item 7 of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 25, 2010, under the heading "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations". There have been no material changes to these policies since December 25, 2010.

#### **Overview**

CPS Technologies Corporation (the `Company` or `CPS`) provides advanced material solutions to the electronics, robotics, automotive and other industries. The Company's primary advanced material solution is metal matrix composites which are a combination of metal and ceramic.

CPS also assembles housings and packages for hybrid circuits. These housings and packages may include components made of metal-matrix composites or may include components made of more traditional materials such as aluminum, copper-tungsten, etc.

The Company sells into several end markets including the wireless communications infrastructure market, high-performance microprocessor market, motor controller market, and other microelectronic and structural markets. In 2008 the Company also entered into a cooperative agreement with the U.S. Army to further its composite technology to produce armor.

The Company's products are generally used in high-power, high-reliability applications. These applications always involve energy use or energy generation and the Company's products allow higher performance and improved energy efficiency. The Company is an important participant in the growing movement towards alternative energy and "green" lifestyles. For example, the Company's products are used in mass transit, hybrid and electric cars, wind-turbines for electricity generation as well as routers and switches for the internet which in turn allows telecommuting.

Our primary advanced material solution is metal matrix composites (MMCs), a new class of materials which are a combination of metal and ceramic. CPS has a leading, proprietary position in metal matrix composites. Metal matrix composites have several superior properties compared to conventional materials including improved thermal conductivity, thermal expansion matching, stiffness and light weight which enable higher performance and higher reliability in our customers` products.

Like plastics several decades ago, we believe metal-matrix composites will penetrate many end markets over many years. CPS management believes our business model of providing advanced material solutions to a portfolio of high growth end markets which are, at any point in time, in various stages of the technology adoption lifecycle, provides CPS with the opportunity for sustained growth and a diversified customer base. We believe we have validated this model as we are now supplying customers at all stages of the technology adoption lifecycle.

CPS is the leader in supplying metal matrix composites to certain high growth electronics end markets which are well along in the adoption lifecycle and therefore generating significant demand. These end markets include high-performance integrated circuits and circuit boards used in internet switches and routers, as well as motor controllers used in high-speed electric trains, subway cars and wind turbines. CPS supplies heat spreaders, lids and baseplates to customers in these end markets. CPS is a fully qualified manufacturer for many of the world's largest electronics OEMs.

CPS also assembles housings and packages for hybrid circuits. These housings and packages may include components made of metal-matrix composites; they may include components made of more traditional materials such as aluminum, copper-tungsten, etc.

Concurrently, CPS is participating in certain end markets that are at an earlier stage of the adoption lifecycle. Management believes these end markets will generate additional growth longer-term. An example of such an end market is motor controllers for hybrid automotives and trucks.

We are also actively working with customers in end markets at the beginning stages of the adoption lifecycle. An example of such a market is the market for armor. In 2008 the Company entered into a cooperative agreement with the Army Research Laboratory ("ARL") to further develop large hybrid metal matrix composite modules which integrally combine metal matrix composites and ceramics by enveloping ceramic tiles with MMCs. This system offers a lighter weight, durable, multi-hit capable and cost competitive alternative to conventional steel, aluminum and ceramic based armor systems. CPS hybrid hard face armor modules are comprised of multiple materials completely enveloped within and mechanically and chemically bonded to lightweight and stiff aluminum metal matrix composites.

The Company believes that its hybrid hard face armor tiles will find application in many military vehicles as well as armored commercial vehicles.

Our products are manufactured by proprietary processes we have developed including the QuicksetTM Injection Molding Process (`Quickset Process`) and the QuickCastTM Pressure Infiltration Process (`QuickCast Process`).

# Results of Operations for the Third Fiscal Quarter of 2011 (Q3 2011) Compared to the Third Fiscal Quarter of 2010 (Q3 2010); (all \$ in 000s)

Total revenue was \$4,901 in Q3 2011, an 18% decrease from total revenue of \$6,008 in Q3 2010. The decrease in revenues is due primarily to significantly reduced demand for lids and heatspreaders used in network and internet routers and switches, and to a lesser degree a reduction in revenues from its Hermetic Packaging business. These reductions were offset in part by increased demand for baseplates for traction applications and hybrid automobile applications.

Gross margin in Q3 2011 was \$892, a decrease from \$1,484 in Q3, 2010. This was primarily due to lower sales volumes and to a lesser degree, reduced prices in certain products. Gross margin on product sales decreased from 25% in Q3 2010 to 19% in Q3 2011 as a direct result of lower sales volumes and prices.

Selling, general and administrative (SG&A) expenses were \$835 in Q3 2011, a 4% increase from SG&A expenses of \$802 in Q3 2010. The increase is due to an increase in compensation and benefits was partially offset by a reduction in expenses for sales commissions.

Operating income totaled \$57 in Q3 2011 versus \$682 in Q3 2010 with the decrease primarily due to lower sales volumes. Other income (expense), net, was (\$9) in Q3 2011, compared with (\$7) in Q3 2010. Net Income declined to \$28 in Q3 2011, down from \$421 in Q3 2010, again reflective of lower sales volumes.

# Results of Operations for the First Nine Months of 2011 Compared to the First Nine Months of 2010; (all \$ in 000s)

Total revenues were \$15,583 in the first nine months of 2011, compared to total revenues of \$16,604 in the first nine months of 2010, a 6% decrease. The decrease was primarily due to a decline in demand for lids and heatspreaders used in network and internet routers and switches, offset in part by increased demand for baseplates for traction applications and hybrid automobile applications.

Gross margin in the first nine months of 2011 totaled \$2,707. This represented a 19% gross margin on product sales, compared to \$3,919 (or 24%) gross margin generated in the first nine months of 2010. These decreases were primarily due to a manufacturing yield problem that developed in the second half of 2010 which was not fully resolved until well into Q1 2011.

Selling, general and administrative (SG&A) expenses totaled \$2,579 in the first nine months of 2011, compared to \$2,229 in the first nine months of 2010. The increase is due primarily to compensation and benefits costs, partially offset by the reductions in sales commissions.

Operating income totaled \$128 for the first nine months of 2011 versus \$1,690 in the comparable period for 2010. The decrease was due primarily to lower sales volumes. Other income (expense), net, was (\$26) for the first nine months of 2011, compared to (\$24) during the first nine months of 2010. Net Income declined to \$57 for the period, down from \$1,035 for the first nine months of 2010, again primarily reflecting lower sales volumes.

# Liquidity and Capital Resources; (all \$ in 000's)

The Company's cash and cash equivalents at October 1, 2011 totaled \$1,149, compared with cash and cash equivalents at December 25, 2010 of \$1,803, a decrease of \$654. Cash declined primarily as a result of increases in inventories and accounts receivable as well as continued investment in production equipment.

Accounts receivable at October 1, 2011 totaled \$4,199 compared with \$3,923 at December 25, 2010. DSOs (Days Sales Outstanding) increased slightly to 77 from 74 in these respective periods. The accounts receivable balance at the end of October 1, 2011, and December 25, 2010 were net of an allowance for doubtful accounts of \$5.

Inventories increased to \$2,190 at October 1, 2011 from \$1,524 thousand at December 25, 2010. Raw materials and work in process inventory increased slightly, and finished goods inventory increased at customer` locations pursuant to consigned inventory agreements as a result of increased demand for baseplates for traction applications and hybrid automobile applications.

All consigned inventory is shipped under existing purchase orders and per customers` requests. Of the total finished goods inventory of \$1.448 at October 1, 2011, \$715 was located at customers` locations pursuant to consigned inventory agreements. Of the total finished goods inventory of \$865 at December 25, 2010, \$397 was located at customers` locations pursuant to consigned inventory agreements.

The Company financed its working capital during Q3 2011 and the nine months ended October 1, 2011 with existing cash balances. The Company expects it will continue to be able to fund its working capital requirements for the remainder of 2011 from the same source.

The Company continues to sell to a limited number of customers and the loss of any one of these customers could cause the Company to require additional external financing. Failure to generate sufficient revenues, raise additional capital or reduce certain discretionary spending could have a material adverse effect on the Company's ability to achieve its business objectives.

# **Contractual Obligations**

The Company has a \$1 million revolving line of credit ("LOC") and a \$1.25 million equipment finance facility("Lease Line") with Sovereign Bank through maturity in May 2012. The LOC is secured by the accounts receivable and other assets of the Company, has an interest rate of prime plus one percent (1%) and a one-year term. Under the terms of the agreement, the Company is required to maintain its operating accounts with Sovereign Bank. The LOC and the Lease Line are cross defaulted and cross collateralized. The Company is also subject to certain financial covenants within the terms of the LOC that require the Company to maintain a targeted rolling four quarter debt service coverage ratio as well as targeted debt to equity and current ratios. At October 1, 2011, the Company was in compliance with these covenants. The Company believes but can give no assurance that it could obtain similar lease facilities from other lenders. At October 1, 2011 there were no borrowings under this LOC. At October 1, 2011, the Company had capital lease obligations outstanding totaling \$231,618 related to equipment financed by the Lease Line and \$1,018,382 available remaining on the Lease line.

In July 2006 the Company entered into a lease for its current operating facilities of approximately 37,520 square feet of rentable space located on approximately seven acres at its current site in Norton, MA. The term of the lease is ten years. The lease is a triple net lease wherein the Company is responsible for payment of all real estate taxes, operating costs and utilities. The Company also has an option to buy the property and a first right of refusal during the term of the lease. Annual rental payments are \$100,000 in year one increasing to \$150,000 in year ten.

In February 2011, the Company entered into a one-year lease, with five options to renew for one year periods, for approximately 13,800 square feet of rentable space inside a larger building located at 79 Walton Street, Attleboro, Massachusetts to be used primarily for armor development activities. Monthly rent, which includes utilities, is \$6,900.

As of October 1, 2011 production equipment included \$312,000 of construction in progress and the Company had \$454,000 in outstanding commitments to purchase production equipment. The Company intends to finance production equipment with existing cash balances and funds generated by operations or with the Sovereign equipment finance facility.

The Company's contractual obligations at October 1, 2011 consist of the following:

Payments Due by Period Remaining in FY 2012 -  $\frac{\text{FY 2015}}{\text{-}}$ Total FY 2011 FY 2014 FY 2016 Capital lease obligations including interest \$ 239,987 \$ 58,864 \$ 181,123 \$ -- \]

Purchase commitments for production equipment \$ \quad \text{454,000} \quad \text{454,000} \quad \text{5-3,200} \quad \text{433,567} \quad \text{5} \\ \text{187,500} \quad \text{674,267} \quad \text{53,200} \quad \text{\$433,567} \quad \text{\$} \\ \text{187,500}

### ITEM 3 QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

The Company is not significantly exposed to the impact of interest rate changes or foreign currency fluctuations. The Company has not used derivative financial instruments.

#### ITEM 4 CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

- (a) The Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have evaluated the effectiveness of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures (as such term is defined in Rules 13a-14(c) and 15d 14(c) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act")) as of the end of the period covered by this Form 10-Q (the "Evaluation Date"). Based on such evaluation, such officers have concluded that, as of the Evaluation Date, 1) the Company's disclosure controls and procedures are effective to ensure that information required to be disclosed by the Company in reports the Company files under the Securities Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the rules and forms of the SEC and 2) the Company's disclosure controls and procedures are effective to ensure that information required to be disclosed in the reports that the Company files or submits under the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our chief executive officer and chief financial officer, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.
- (b) Changes in Internal Controls. There has been no change in our internal control over financial reporting that occurred during our most recent fiscal quarter that has materially affected or is reasonably likely to materially affect our internal control over financial reporting.

### PART II OTHER INFORMATION

# ITEM 1 LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

None.

### ITEM 1A RISK FACTORS

There have been no material changes to the risk factors as discussed in our 2010 Form 10-K

# ITEM 2 UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS.

None.

### ITEM 3 DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES

None.

### ITEM 4 (REMOVED AND RESERVED)

Not applicable.

### **ITEM 5 OTHER INFORMATION**

Not applicable.

# ITEM 6 EXHIBITS AND REPORTS ON FORM 8-K:

(a) Exhibits:

Exhibit 31.1 Certification Of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant To 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, As Adopted Pursuant To Section 302 Of The Sarbanes-Oxley Act Of 2002

Exhibit 31.2 Certification Of Chief Financial Officer Pursuant To 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, As Adopted Pursuant To Section 302 Of The Sarbanes-Oxley Act Of 2002

Exhibit 32.1 Certification Pursuant To 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, As Adopted Pursuant To Section 906 Of The Sarbanes-Oxley Act Of 2002

(b) Reports on Form 8-K

On October 3, the Company filed a Form 8-K incorporating the press release announcing the appointment of Ralph Norwood as Chief Financial Officer.

### **SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

# **CPS TECHNOLOGIES CORPORATION**

(Registrant)

Date: November 14, 2011 /s/ Grant C. Bennett Grant C. Bennett Chief Executive Officer

Date: November 14, 2011

/s/ Ralph M. Norwood

Ralph M. Norwood

Chief Financial Officer