IRON MOUNTAIN INC Form DEFM14A October 14, 2015

Use these links to rapidly review the document <u>TABLE OF CONTENTS</u> <u>Contents</u> <u>CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL REPORT for the year ended 30 June 2015</u> <u>FINANCIAL REPORT for the year ended 30 June 2014</u>

Table of Contents

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

SCHEDULE 14A

Proxy Statement Pursuant to Section 14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (Amendment No.)

Filed by the Registrant ý

Filed by a Party other than the Registrant o

Check the appropriate box:

- o Preliminary Proxy Statement
- o Confidential, for Use of the Commission Only (as permitted by Rule 14a-6(e)(2))
- ý Definitive Proxy Statement
- o Definitive Additional Materials
- o Soliciting Material under §240.14a-12

Iron Mountain Incorporated

(Name of Registrant as Specified In Its Charter)

N/A

(Name of Person(s) Filing Proxy Statement, if other than the Registrant)

Payment of Filing Fee (Check the appropriate box):

o No fee required.

o Fee computed on table below per Exchange Act Rules 14a-6(i)(1) and 0-11.

(1) Title of each class of securities to which transaction applies:

- (2) Aggregate number of securities to which transaction applies:
- (3) Per unit price or other underlying value of transaction computed pursuant to Exchange Act Rule 0-11 (set forth the amount on which the filing fee is calculated and state how it was determined):
- (4) Proposed maximum aggregate value of transaction:
- (5) Total fee paid:
- ý Fee paid previously with preliminary materials.
- o Check box if any part of the fee is offset as provided by Exchange Act Rule 0-11(a)(2) and identify the filing for which the offsetting fee was paid previously. Identify the previous filing by registration statement number, or the Form or Schedule and the date of its filing.
 - (1) Amount Previously Paid:
 - (2) Form, Schedule or Registration Statement No.:
 - (3) Filing Party:
 - (4) Date Filed:

October 14, 2015

PROPOSED TRANSACTION YOUR VOTE IS VERY IMPORTANT

The board of directors of Iron Mountain Incorporated ("Iron Mountain") has unanimously approved and declared advisable a Scheme Implementation Deed (the "Transaction Agreement"), dated as of June 8, 2015, as amended October 13, 2015, by and between Iron Mountain and Recall Holdings Limited ("Recall"), pursuant to which Recall will propose a scheme of arrangement under Australian corporate law between it and its shareholders (the "Scheme") that, if approved by Recall shareholders and the Federal Court of Australia, Sydney Registry (or such other competent court agreed by Iron Mountain and Recall) and implemented, will have the effect that an Australian wholly-owned subsidiary of Iron Mountain Sub") will acquire all of the outstanding shares of Recall in exchange for cash and newly issued shares of Iron Mountain common stock provided by Iron Mountain pursuant to a Deed Poll to be executed by Iron Mountain and Iron Mountain Sub in favor of all Recall shareholders ("Deed Poll"), and Recall will become a wholly-owned subsidiary of Iron Mountain Sub (the "Transaction"). Upon completion of the Transaction, shares of Iron Mountain common stock representing approximately 19% to 21% of the outstanding common stock of Iron Mountain will be issued to former Recall shareholders and the shares of common stock held by existing Iron Mountain stockholders will represent approximately 79% to 81% of the outstanding common stock of Iron Mountain immediately after the completion of the Transaction. We are sending you the accompanying proxy statement to ask you to attend a special meeting of the stockholders of Iron Mountain, or to vote your shares by proxy, in respect of the following proposals in connection with the Transaction:

to approve the issuance of shares of Iron Mountain common stock to Recall shareholders pursuant to the Scheme and Deed Poll and as contemplated by the Transaction Agreement; and

to approve one or more adjournments of the special meeting, if necessary or appropriate, including adjournments to permit further solicitation of proxies if there are insufficient votes at the time of the special meeting to approve the proposal above.

After careful consideration, Iron Mountain's board of directors has determined that it is advisable and in the best interests of Iron Mountain and its stockholders to consummate the Transaction pursuant to the Scheme and Deed Poll and as contemplated by the Transaction Agreement, and unanimously recommends that you vote "FOR" each of the foregoing proposals.

The accompanying proxy statement provides you with information about the Transaction Agreement, the Scheme and Deed Poll, the Transaction and the special meeting of Iron Mountain's stockholders. Iron Mountain encourages you to read the proxy statement carefully and in its entirety, including the Transaction Agreement, which is attached as Annex A. **Before deciding how to vote, you should consider the "Risk Factors" beginning on page 51 of the proxy statement.** You may also obtain more information about Iron Mountain from documents Iron Mountain has filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission as described under "*Where You Can Find More Information*" beginning on page 140 of the proxy statement.

Your vote is important.

The Transaction cannot be completed unless the proposal to approve the issuance of Iron Mountain common stock to Recall shareholders in the Transaction is approved by the affirmative vote of the holders of a majority of the votes cast on the proposal at the special meeting of Iron Mountain stockholders. Accordingly, whether or not you plan to attend the special meeting, you are requested to promptly vote your shares by completing, signing and dating the enclosed proxy card or voting instruction form and returning it in the postage-paid envelope provided, or by voting over the telephone or via the Internet as instructed in these materials. If you sign, date and mail your proxy card without indicating how you wish to vote, your vote will be counted as a vote "FOR" each of the proposals described above.

Thank you for your cooperation and continued support.

Sincerely,

William L. Meaney

Chief Executive Officer

This proxy statement is dated October 14, 2015 and, together with the accompanying proxy card, is first being mailed or otherwise distributed to stockholders of Iron Mountain on or about October 16, 2015.

One Federal Street Boston, Massachusetts 02110

NOTICE OF SPECIAL MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS

To Be Held On November 19, 2015

A special meeting of stockholders of Iron Mountain Incorporated will be held at One Federal Street, 9th floor, Boston, MA on November 19, 2015, at 9:00 a.m. local time, for the purpose of considering and voting upon the following proposals:

1.

to approve the issuance of shares of Iron Mountain common stock to Recall shareholders pursuant to the Scheme and Deed Poll and as contemplated by the Transaction Agreement; and

2.

to approve one or more adjournments of the special meeting, if necessary or appropriate, including adjournments to permit further solicitation of proxies if there are insufficient votes at the time of the special meeting to approve proposal 1 above.

October 5, 2015 has been fixed as the record date for the determination of Iron Mountain stockholders who are entitled to notice of, and to vote at, the special meeting or any adjournment or postponement thereof. Only holders of Iron Mountain common stock of record as of the close of business on October 5, 2015 are entitled to notice of, and to vote at, the special meeting or any adjournment thereof.

Your vote is important. Each of the proposals to be considered and voted upon at the special meeting is subject to a separate vote by Iron Mountain's stockholders. The Transaction cannot be completed unless the proposal to approve the issuance of Iron Mountain common stock to Recall shareholders in the Transaction is approved by the affirmative vote of the holders of a majority of the votes cast on the proposal at the special meeting of Iron Mountain stockholders. Accordingly, whether or not you plan to attend the special meeting, you are requested to promptly vote your shares by completing, signing and dating the enclosed proxy card or voting instruction form and returning it in the postage-paid envelope provided, or by voting over the telephone or via the Internet as instructed in these materials. If you sign, date and mail your proxy card without indicating how you wish to vote, your vote will be counted as a vote "FOR" each of the proposals described above.

Instructions on the different ways to vote are found on the enclosed proxy card or voting instruction form. Please vote each and every proxy card or voting instruction form you receive. You may revoke your proxy at any time before it is voted at the special meeting by following the procedures set forth in the accompanying proxy statement.

Iron Mountain's board of directors has determined that it is advisable and in the best interests of Iron Mountain and its stockholders to consummate the Transaction as contemplated by the Transaction Agreement, and unanimously recommends that you vote "**FOR**" each of the proposals to be considered and voted upon at the special meeting.

By Order of the Board of Directors,

Ernest W. Cloutier Secretary

Boston, Massachusetts October 14, 2015

Table of Contents

IMPORTANT VOTING INSTRUCTIONS

Your vote is important, no matter how many shares you own. Iron Mountain urges you to sign, date, and return the enclosed WHITE proxy card today.

If your shares of Iron Mountain common stock are registered in your own name, please sign and date the enclosed WHITE proxy card and return it in the enclosed postage-paid envelope.

If your shares of Iron Mountain common stock are held with a broker, you are considered the beneficial owner of the shares, and the proxy materials, together with a WHITE voting instruction form, are being forwarded to you by your broker. Your broker cannot vote your shares of Iron Mountain common stock on your behalf without your instructions. Please sign, date and return the WHITE voting instruction form in the enclosed postage-paid envelope.

Whether your shares of Iron Mountain common stock are registered in your name or held with a broker, you should be able to vote either via the Internet or by toll-free telephone. In order to vote via the Internet or toll-free telephone, you will need your "control number." Your "control number" appears on your WHITE proxy card and/or WHITE voting instruction form. Please refer to the enclosed instructions on how to vote electronically.

Please vote each and every WHITE proxy card or WHITE voting instruction form you receive.

If you have any questions or need assistance voting your WHITE proxy card, please contact:

437 Madison Avenue, 28th Floor New York, New York 10022 Banks and Brokerage Firms, Please Call: (212) 297-0720 Stockholders and All Others, Call Toll Free: (877) 279-2311 Email: info@okapipartners.com

TABLE OF CONTENTS

<u>SUMMARY</u>	1
The Companies	$ \begin{array}{r} 1\\ 2\\ 4\\ 13\\ 17\\ 18\\ 19\\ 38\\ 40\\ 45\\ 51\\ 51\\ \end{array} $
Special Meeting of Iron Mountain Stockholders	$\overline{\underline{2}}$
The Transaction	4
Selected Historical Consolidated Financial Data of Iron Mountain	13
Selected Historical Consolidated Financial Information of Recall	17
SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT DIFFERENCES BETWEEN IFRS AND U.S. GAAP	18
UNAUDITED PRO FORMA CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL INFORMATION	19
COMPARATIVE PER SHARE DATA	38
COMPARATIVE PER SHARE MARKET PRICE AND DIVIDEND INFORMATION	40
QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS ABOUT THE SPECIAL MEETING PROPOSALS	45
RISK FACTORS	51
Risks Related to the Transaction	51
Risks Related to Recall and Iron Mountain	56
CAUTIONARY STATEMENT REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS	<u>56</u> <u>59</u> <u>60</u>
THE SPECIAL MEETING	60
Date, Time and Place	<u>60</u>
Purpose	60
Board Recommendation	60
Record Date; Outstanding Shares; Shares Entitled to Vote	60
Quorum	<u>60</u> <u>61</u> <u>61</u>
Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management	61
Required Vote	<u>64</u>
Voting by Proxy	
How to Vote	64 64 65 66
Revoking Your Proxy	65
Voting in Person at the Special Meeting	66
Adjournments and Postponements	<u>66</u>
Householding	<u>66</u>
Solicitation of Proxies	<u>66</u>
Other Business	<u>67</u>
Assistance	<u>67</u>
THE TRANSACTION	<u>68</u>
Structure of the Transaction	68
Background of the Transaction	68
Iron Mountain's Reasons for the Transaction	75
Recommendations of the Iron Mountain Board of Directors	77
Opinion of Financial Advisor to the Iron Mountain Board of Directors	77
Summary of Certain Financial Projections Provided to the Iron Mountain Board and Iron Mountain's Financial Advisors	68 68 75 77 77 77 84 88
Interests of Iron Mountain Executive Officers and Directors in the Transaction	88
Accounting Treatment	88
Board of Directors of Iron Mountain Following the Transaction	<u>89</u>
Federal Securities Laws Consequences; Stock Transfer Restrictions	<u>89</u>
Material United States Federal Income Tax Consequences of the Transaction	
Guarantee of Recall Obligations to Brambles	90 90 91 91
Litigation Related to the Transaction	<u>91</u>
NO APPRAISAL RIGHTS	<u>91</u>
REGULATORY AND OTHER APPROVALS REQUIRED FOR THE TRANSACTION	<u>92</u>
i	

Recall Shareholder Approval	<u>92</u>
Australian Regulatory Matters	<u>92</u>
U.S. Antitrust Approval	<u>93</u>
Australian Antitrust Approval	<u>94</u>
UK Antitrust Approval	<u>94</u>
<u>Canadian Antitrust Approval</u>	<u>95</u>
NYSE and ASX Listing	<u>95</u>
INFORMATION ABOUT THE COMPANIES	<u>96</u>
Iron Mountain Incorporated	<u>96</u>
Recall Holdings Limited	<u>96</u>
Recall Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations	<u>96</u>
THE TRANSACTION AGREEMENT, SCHEME AND DEED POLL	<u>117</u>
Form of the Scheme and Scheme Consideration	<u>117</u>
The Scale Back Mechanism	<u>118</u>
Ineligible Foreign Shareholders	<u>119</u>
Status of Newly Issued Shares of Iron Mountain Common Stock	<u>119</u>
Conditions Precedent to the Scheme	<u>119</u>
Representations and Warranties	<u>121</u>
Conduct of Business	<u>125</u>
Additional Obligations	129
Board Recommendation	<u>131</u>
Exclusivity	131
Termination	133
Reimbursement Fees	134
Costs and Expenses	135
Governing Law	135
Amendment and Waiver	135
Scheme	136
Deed Poll	136
PROPOSAL 1	
ISSUANCE OF IRON MOUNTAIN SHARES IN CONNECTION WITH THE TRANSACTION	137
Required Vote and Board of Directors' Recommendation	137
PROPOSAL 2	
ADJOURNMENT OF SPECIAL MEETING	<u>138</u>
Required Vote and Board of Directors' Recommendation	138
FUTURE IRON MOUNTAIN STOCKHOLDER PROPOSALS AND NOMINATIONS	139
WHERE YOU CAN FIND MORE INFORMATION	140
Where Stockholders Can Find More Information About Iron Mountain	140
Where Stockholders Can Find More Information About Recall	141

LIST OF ANNEXES

<u>Annex A</u> <u>Annex B</u>

<u>Scheme Implementation Deed</u> <u>Recall Financial Statements</u> <u>Opinion of Iron Mountain's Financial Advisor</u> Annex C

ii

Table of Contents

SUMMARY

This proxy statement is being furnished to the stockholders of Iron Mountain Incorporated ("Iron Mountain") in connection with the solicitation of proxies by Iron Mountain's board of directors for use at a special meeting of stockholders to be held on November 19, 2015 at 9:00 a.m. local time and at any reconvened meeting following any adjournment or postponement thereof. The special meeting will be held at One Federal Street, 9th floor, Boston, MA. The purpose of the special meeting is for Iron Mountain's stockholders to consider and vote upon certain proposals in connection with the transaction contemplated by the Scheme Implementation Deed, dated as of June 8, 2015, as amended October 13, 2015, and as it may be further amended or supplemented (the "Transaction Agreement"), by and between Iron Mountain and Recall Holdings Limited ("Recall"), pursuant to which Recall will propose a scheme of arrangement under Australian corporate law between it and its shareholders (the "Scheme") that, if approved by Recall shareholders and the Federal Court of Australia, Sydney Registry (the "Sydney Federal Court") (or such other competent court agreed by Iron Mountain and Recall), and implemented, will have the effect that each outstanding ordinary share of Recall capital stock will be acquired by an Australian wholly-owned subsidiary of Iron Mountain ("Iron Mountain Sub") in exchange for cash or a combination of newly issued shares of Iron Mountain common stock and cash provided by Iron Mountain pursuant to a Deed Poll to be executed by Iron Mountain and Iron Mountain Sub in favor of all Recall shareholders ("Deed Poll"), and Recall will become a wholly-owned subsidiary of Iron Mountain Sub (the "Transaction").

The following summary highlights selected information in this proxy statement and may not contain all of the information that may be important to you. Accordingly, you are urged to read carefully this entire proxy statement, including the attached annexes, and the other documents to which this proxy statement refers you in order for you to fully understand the Transaction. See "Where You Can Find More Information" beginning on page 140 of this proxy statement. Each item in this summary refers to the page of this proxy statement on which that subject is discussed in more detail.

The functional currency of Iron Mountain and Recall is the United States ("U.S.") dollar. Unless otherwise specified, all references to "dollars," "\$," or "US\$" shall mean U.S. dollars. All references to "A\$" shall mean Australian dollars. Unless otherwise specified, all amounts are presented in thousands (except share and per-share data).

The Companies

This summary highlights information contained elsewhere in this proxy statement and may not contain all of the information that is important to you. Iron Mountain urges you to read carefully the remainder of this proxy statement, including the annexes, the exhibits, the documents incorporated by reference and the other documents to which Iron Mountain has referred you because this summary does not provide all of the information that might be important to you with respect to the Transaction and the other matters being considered at the Iron Mountain special meeting. See also the section entitled "Where You Can Find More Information" beginning on page 140.

Iron Mountain Incorporated (see page 96)

Iron Mountain Incorporated, headquartered in Boston, Massachusetts, is a Delaware corporation that specializes in the storage of records, primarily paper documents and data backup media, and provides information management services that help organizations around the world protect their information, lower storage rental costs, comply with regulations, enable corporate disaster recovery, and better use their information for business advantages, regardless of its format, location or lifecycle stage. Iron Mountain offers comprehensive records and information management services and data management services, along with the expertise and experience to address complex storage and information management challenges such as rising storage rental costs, and increased litigation, regulatory compliance and disaster recovery requirements. The Iron Mountain board of directors

Table of Contents

unanimously approved Iron Mountain's conversion to a real estate investment trust ("REIT") for federal income tax purposes for the taxable year beginning January 1, 2014. In connection with Iron Mountain's conversion to a REIT and, in particular, to impose ownership limitations customary for REITs, on January 20, 2015, Iron Mountain completed a merger with its predecessor and all outstanding shares of Iron Mountain's predecessor's common stock were converted into a right to receive an equal number of shares of Iron Mountain common stock.

The principal trading market for Iron Mountain's common stock (NYSE: IRM) is the New York Stock Exchange ("NYSE"). Iron Mountain's principal executive offices are located at One Federal Street, Boston, MA 02110. Its telephone number is (617) 535-4766. Iron Mountain's website is located at *www.ironmountain.com* (the contents of which are not part of this proxy statement).

Recall Holdings Limited (see page 96)

Recall Holdings Limited, headquartered in the Atlanta, Georgia, metropolitan area, is an Australian public company limited by shares and registered in New South Wales under Australian law. Recall provides information management solutions in the Americas, Europe, Australia and New Zealand, and Asia. Recall manages its customers' physical and digital information assets. It offers document management solutions, data protection services, secure destruction services, and digital solutions that enable organizations to manage the life cycle of their information, comply with regulation, recover from disaster, and manage their information. It is involved in the collection, indexing, and storage of physical documents and records, as well as digital information assets; protection and back-up of computer data and other media; and secure destruction of information assets.

The principal trading market for Recall's shares (ASX: REC) is the Australian Securities Exchange ("ASX"). Recall's principal executive offices are located at One Recall Center, 180 Technology Parkway, Norcross, GA 30092. Its telephone number is (770) 776-1000. Recall's website is located at *www.recall.com.au* (the contents of which are not part of this proxy statement).

Special Meeting of Iron Mountain Stockholders

The Special Meeting (see page 60)

Iron Mountain's stockholders are being asked to consider and vote upon the following proposals in connection with the Transaction:

1.

to approve the issuance of shares of Iron Mountain common stock to Recall shareholders pursuant to the Scheme and Deed Poll and as contemplated by the Transaction Agreement; and

2.

to approve one or more adjournments of the special meeting, if necessary or appropriate, including adjournments to permit further solicitation of proxies if there are insufficient votes at the time of the special meeting to approve proposal 1 above.

Proposal 1 above is referred to herein as the "Transaction Proposal."

The Iron Mountain stockholder vote on such proposals will take place at a special meeting to be held at 9:00 a.m. local time on November 19, 2015, at One Federal Street, 9th floor, Boston, MA.

Record Date for the Special Meeting (see page 60)

You can vote at the special meeting all of the shares of Iron Mountain's common stock you held of record as of the close of business on October 5, 2015, which is the record date for the special meeting. As of the close of business on the record date, there were 211,082,766 shares of Iron Mountain's common stock outstanding.

Table of Contents

Recommendations of the Iron Mountain Board of Directors (see page 77)

Iron Mountain's board of directors unanimously recommends that you vote "**FOR**" each of the proposals to be considered and voted upon at the special meeting. In connection with its decision to recommend that you vote "**FOR**" each of the proposals, Iron Mountain's board of directors has determined that it is advisable and in the best interests of Iron Mountain and its stockholders to issue the Iron Mountain shares in connection with the Transaction. See "*The Transaction Iron Mountain's Reasons for the Transaction*" beginning on page 75 of this proxy statement and "*The Transaction Recommendations of the Iron Mountain Board of Directors*" beginning on page 77 of this proxy statement for more information about the factors considered by Iron Mountain's board of directors.

Required Vote (see page 64)

Each share of Iron Mountain's common stock is entitled to one vote at the special meeting. The holders of issued and outstanding shares of Iron Mountain's common stock representing a majority of the votes entitled to be cast at the special meeting, present in person or represented by proxy, will constitute a quorum for the transaction of business at the special meeting. Abstentions will be counted for purposes of determining the presence of a quorum at the special meeting but will not be considered as votes cast. Banks, brokers and other nominees that hold their customers' shares in street name may not vote their customers' shares on "non-routine" matters without instructions from their customers. As each of the proposals to be voted upon at the special meeting is considered "non-routine," such organizations do not have discretion to vote on any proposal for which they do not receive instructions from their customers (this is referred to in this context as a "broker non-vote"). As a result, if you fail to provide your broker, bank or other nominee with any instructions regarding how to vote your shares, your shares will not be considered present at the special meeting, will not be counted for purposes of determining the presence of a quorum and will not be voted on any of the proposals. If you provide instructions to your broker, bank or other nominee which indicate how to vote your shares with respect to one proposal but not with respect to the other proposal, your shares will be considered present at the special meeting and will be counted for purposes of determining the presence of a quorum and will not be voted on any of the proposals. If you provide instructions to your broker, bank or other nominee which indicate how to vote your shares with respect to one proposal but not with respect of a quorum but will not be voted with respect to that other proposal.

Approval of the proposals presented at the special meeting will require the following:

Approval of the Transaction Proposal will require the affirmative vote of the holders of a majority of the shares of Iron Mountain's common stock properly cast on the proposal at the special meeting. An abstention from voting or a broker non-vote on the Transaction Proposal will have no effect on the outcome of the vote on this proposal.

Approval of one or more adjournments of the special meeting, if necessary or appropriate, including adjournments to permit further solicitation of proxies if there are insufficient votes at the time of the special meeting to approve the Transaction Proposal, will require the affirmative vote of the holders of a majority of the shares of Iron Mountain's common stock properly cast on the proposal at the special meeting. An abstention from voting or a broker non-vote on this proposal will have no effect on the outcome of the vote on this proposal.

Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management (see page 61)

As of the close of business on August 31, 2015, the current directors and executive officers of Iron Mountain were deemed to beneficially own 3,471,739 shares of Iron Mountain's common stock, which represented approximately 1.6% of the shares of Iron Mountain's common stock outstanding on that date. Beneficial ownership is determined in accordance with the rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"), as described below under "*The Special Meeting Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management*" beginning on page 61 of this proxy statement.

Table of Contents

The Transaction

Structure of the Transaction (see page 68)

On June 8, 2015, Iron Mountain and Recall entered into the Transaction Agreement, pursuant to which Recall will propose the Scheme that, if approved by Recall shareholders and the Sydney Federal Court (or such other competent court agreed by Iron Mountain and Recall) and implemented, will have the effect that Iron Mountain Sub will acquire all of the outstanding ordinary shares of Recall. As contemplated by the Transaction Agreement and subject to the terms and conditions of the Scheme and the Deed Poll to be executed by Iron Mountain and Iron Mountain Sub in favor of all Recall shareholders, upon the completion of the Transaction, each ordinary share of Recall outstanding immediately prior to the completion of the Transaction will be transferred to Iron Mountain Sub in exchange for the Australian dollar equivalent of US\$0.50 in cash (the "Cash Supplement") as well as either (1) 0.1722 of a newly issued share of Iron Mountain common stock or (2) A\$8.50 less the Australian dollar equivalent of US\$0.50 in cash (the "Cash Supplement"). The Cash Election is subject to a proration mechanism that will cap the total amount of cash paid to Recall shareholders opting for the Cash Election at A\$225,000 (the "Cash Election Cap"). Amounts paid to Recall shareholders that represent the Cash Supplement are excluded from the calculation of the Cash Election Cap.

As a result of the Transaction, Recall will become a wholly-owned subsidiary of Iron Mountain Sub. A copy of the Transaction Agreement is attached as Annex A to this proxy statement. A copy of the draft Scheme forms Annexure 2 to the Transaction Agreement, and a copy of the draft Deed Poll forms Annexure 3 to the Transaction Agreement. Iron Mountain encourages you to read the Transaction Agreement, the Scheme and the Deed Poll carefully and in their entirety, as they are the principal legal documents that govern the Transaction.

The Transaction is expected to be completed in the first half of 2016 subject to the satisfaction or waiver of the various closing conditions set forth in the Transaction Agreement. See "*The Transaction Agreement, Scheme and Deed Poll Conditions Precedent to the Scheme*" beginning on page 119 of this proxy statement for more information regarding the conditions to closing the Transaction.

Consideration (see page 117)

Iron Mountain stockholders. Iron Mountain stockholders will continue to own their existing shares of Iron Mountain common stock after the Transaction. Iron Mountain stockholders should *not* return their stock certificates with the enclosed proxy card.

Recall shareholders. As contemplated by the Transaction Agreement and subject to the terms and conditions of the Scheme and the Deed Poll to be executed by Iron Mountain and Iron Mountain Sub in favor of all Recall shareholders, upon the completion of the Transaction, Iron Mountain has agreed to pay the Cash Supplement as well as either (1) 0.1722 of a newly issued share of Iron Mountain common stock or (2) the Cash Election for each Recall share. The Cash Election is subject to the Cash Election Cap. Amounts paid to Recall shareholders that represent the Cash Supplement are excluded from the calculation of the Cash Election Cap. Immediately after the completion of the Transaction, depending upon the extent to which the Cash Election is made, Iron Mountain's existing stockholders collectively will own approximately 79% to 81% of the outstanding common stock of Iron Mountain, and Recall's former shareholders collectively will own approximately 19% to 21% of the outstanding common stock of Iron Mountain.

Treatment of Performance Rights and Retention Rights (see page 118)

Recall represented in the Transaction Agreement that, immediately prior to the completion of the Transaction, there will be no outstanding rights to acquire any ordinary shares of Recall under Recall's equity incentive arrangements. In that regard, following the date when the Scheme becomes effective but prior to the Recall record date, Recall will take such actions as are necessary to ensure that any

Table of Contents

unvested performance rights and retention rights vest and convert into Recall shares prior to such record date (including accelerating the exercise period under such rights such that all rights convert or are exercised prior to such record date and notifying such holders of such acceleration prior to the Recall shareholders meeting). In addition, prior to such record date, Recall must issue the number of Recall shares required by the terms of such performance rights and retention rights on such vesting, so that the relevant former holders of the performance rights or retention rights, as the case may be, can participate in the Transaction.

Opinion of Financial Advisor to the Iron Mountain Board of Directors (see page 77)

On June 6, 2015, Goldman, Sachs & Co. ("Goldman Sachs") rendered its oral opinion, subsequently confirmed in writing by delivery of a written opinion dated as of June 8, 2015, that, as of the date of its opinion and based upon and subject to the factors, assumptions, considerations, limitations and other matters set forth in Goldman Sachs' written opinion, the Aggregate Consideration (as defined in the written opinion) to be paid by a subsidiary of Iron Mountain pursuant to the Transaction Agreement was fair, from a financial point of view, to Iron Mountain.

The full text of the written opinion of Goldman Sachs, dated June 8, 2015, which sets forth the assumptions made, procedures followed, matters considered, qualifications and limitations on the review undertaken in connection with the opinion, is attached to this proxy statement as Annex C. The summary of the Goldman Sachs opinion provided in this proxy statement is qualified in its entirety by reference to the full text of Goldman Sachs' written opinion. Goldman Sachs' advisory services and opinion were provided for the information and assistance of the board of directors of Iron Mountain in connection with its consideration of the Transaction and the opinion does not constitute a recommendation as to how any stockholder of Iron Mountain should vote with respect to the Transaction Proposal or any other matter.

Accounting Treatment (see page 88)

Iron Mountain will account for the acquisition using the acquisition method of accounting, as prescribed in Accounting Standards Codification No. 805, *Business Combinations*, ("ASC 805"), under U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("U.S. GAAP").

Board of Directors Following the Transaction (see page 89)

The Iron Mountain board of directors is currently comprised of ten (10) members. Pursuant to the terms of the Transaction Agreement, Iron Mountain shall, on or before the implementation date of the Transaction (referred to herein as the "Implementation Date"), appoint two existing Recall directors to the Iron Mountain board of directors (conditional on the Scheme becoming effective). The Iron Mountain board of directors has the right to increase or decrease the size of the board, but, pursuant to the terms of the Transaction Agreement, may not increase the size of the board beyond twelve (12) members prior to the Implementation Date. Effective upon the Implementation Date, Iron Mountain will appoint Neil Chatfield and Wendy Murdock, each of whom is an existing director of Recall, to the Iron Mountain board of directors. Iron Mountain has also agreed to nominate such Recall directors for election at the first annual meeting of Iron Mountain stockholders following the consummation of the Transaction.

Regulatory and Other Approvals (see page 92)

Recall Shareholder Approval

Subject to the Sydney Federal Court (or such other competent court agreed by Iron Mountain and Recall), at a first court hearing (the "First Court Hearing") granting orders (1) that a meeting of Recall shareholders be convened to consider and vote upon a resolution to approve the Transaction

Table of Contents

and (2) approving the distribution of the explanatory memorandum about the Transaction (the "Scheme Booklet") to Recall shareholders, Recall intends to convene a meeting of its shareholders to be held on or about December 3, 2015. The resolution to approve the Transaction must be passed by the requisite majorities of the Recall shareholders under Section 411(4)(a)(ii) of the Corporations Act of 2001 (Cth) ("Corporations Act") (both (i) by a majority in number of Recall shareholders that are present and voting in person or by proxy, by attorney or, in the case of a corporation, by its duly appointed corporate representative, at the meeting, and (ii) by 75% of the votes cast on the resolution). The Deed Poll will be executed by Iron Mountain and Iron Mountain Sub prior to dispatch of the Scheme Booklet to Recall shareholders, but the obligations of each of Iron Mountain and Iron Mountain Sub under the Deed Poll will remain subject to the Scheme becoming effective.

Australian Regulatory Matters

Under the Corporations Act, the Transaction must be approved by Recall shareholders and by the Supreme or Federal Court of Australia (expected to be the Sydney Federal Court or such other competent court agreed by Iron Mountain and Recall) to become effective. The Corporations Act expressly prevents a court from granting approval unless:

the Australian Securities and Investments Commission ("ASIC") provides the court with a statement that it has no objection to the Transaction; or

the court is satisfied that the Transaction has not been proposed for the purpose of enabling any person to avoid the operation of any of the provisions of Chapter 6 of the Corporations Act (which relates to takeovers).

Recall intends to apply to the Sydney Federal Court (or such other competent court agreed by Iron Mountain and Recall), at the First Court Hearing for orders (1) that a meeting of Recall shareholders be convened to consider and vote upon a resolution to approve the Transaction and (2) approving the distribution of the Scheme Booklet to Recall shareholders. Recall must give ASIC at least fourteen days' notice before the First Court Hearing and must allow ASIC a reasonable opportunity to review the Scheme Booklet and to make submissions to the Sydney Federal Court (or such other competent court agreed by Iron Mountain and Recall) with respect to it. Provided that ASIC is satisfied with the terms of the Transaction documents (including the Transaction Agreement, draft Scheme and draft Deed Poll) and the Scheme Booklet, Recall expects that ASIC will provide to the Sydney Federal Court (or such other competent court agreed by Iron Mountain and Recall) at the First Court Hearing a letter stating that, while ASIC reserves its rights until it has had an opportunity to observe the entire scheme process, it does not at that point in time intend to oppose the scheme at the second court hearing (the "Second Court Hearing"). The Sydney Federal Court (or such other competent court agreed by Iron Mountain and Recall) will consider the terms of the Transaction documents (including the Transaction Agreement, draft Scheme and draft Deed Poll) at the First Court Hearing and may require changes to any of those documents as a condition to the Sydney Federal Court (or such other competent court agreed by Iron Mountain and Recall) granting the orders sought. Recall must not consent to any changes to, or the imposition by the Sydney Federal Court (or such other competent court agreed by Iron Mountain and Recall) of conditions on, the draft Scheme or draft Deed Poll without the prior written consent of Iron Mountain.

Pursuant to the orders made by the Sydney Federal Court (or such other competent court agreed by Iron Mountain and Recall) at the First Court Hearing, Recall will convene a meeting of Recall shareholders to vote on a resolution to approve the Transaction. The resolution to approve the Transaction must be passed by both (i) a majority in number of Recall shareholders that are present and voting in person or by proxy, by attorney or, in the case of a corporation, by its duly appointed corporate representative, at the meeting, and (ii) by 75% of the votes cast on the resolution. Subject to the orders being made by the Sydney Federal Court (or such other competent court agreed by Iron

Table of Contents

Mountain and Recall) at the First Court Hearing, the Recall shareholders meeting is scheduled to occur on or about December 3, 2015.

If the resolution to approve the Transaction is passed at the Recall shareholders meeting and all other conditions to the Transaction are satisfied or waived, Recall will seek to obtain court approval of the Transaction at the Second Court Hearing. Recall intends to apply to ASIC for ASIC to provide to the Sydney Federal Court (or such other competent court agreed by Iron Mountain and Recall) a written statement that it has no objection to the Transaction. Recall expects that ASIC will provide to the Sydney Federal Court (or such other competent stating that ASIC has no objection to the Transaction.

Subject to all other conditions to the Transaction being satisfied or waived, the Second Court Hearing is scheduled to occur on or about December 16, 2015 (the "Second Court Date"). However, Iron Mountain and Recall have agreed under the Transaction Agreement that it is desirable that the Implementation Date occur within the first 30 days of any given fiscal quarter of Iron Mountain, and that to achieve that timing the Second Court Date will be determined appropriately. If the Sydney Federal Court (or such other competent court agreed by Iron Mountain and Recall) approves the Transaction at the Second Court Hearing, a copy of the court order will be filed with ASIC and the Scheme will become binding on all Recall shareholders (including those who voted against the resolution to approve the Transaction) on filing of that court order with ASIC (referred to herein as the "Effective Date of the Scheme"). On the Effective Date of the Scheme, the obligations of each of Iron Mountain and Iron Mountain Sub under the Deed Poll will take effect and be binding.

It is expected that trading in ordinary shares of Recall on the ASX will be suspended from the close of trading on the Effective Date of the Scheme, which is expected to be shortly after the Second Court Date. A record date (which will be on or about the fifth business day following the suspension of trading of Recall shares on ASX) will be set to determine the Recall shareholders who will transfer their Recall shares and be entitled to receive consideration under the Transaction. It is scheduled that the Transaction consideration will be provided to Recall shareholders four business days after such record date (or such other date as agreed between Iron Mountain and Recall) and the Transaction will be deemed to have been completed or implemented on that date.

U.S. Antitrust Approval (see page 93)

Under the Hart-Scott-Rodino Antitrust Improvements Act of 1976, as amended (the "HSR Act"), certain transactions may not be completed until each party has filed a Notification and Report Form with the Antitrust Division of the U.S. Department of Justice (the "DOJ") and with the U.S. Federal Trade Commission (the "FTC") and the waiting period under the HSR Act has expired or early termination of the waiting period has been granted. The Transaction is subject to the HSR Act.

Iron Mountain and Recall filed the requisite HSR Act Premerger Notification and Report Forms on June 22, 2015. The DOJ initiated an investigation of the Transaction, which is not atypical for transactions of this type. With Recall's prior consent, Iron Mountain voluntarily withdrew its HSR Act notification and refiled its HSR Act notification on July 24, 2015 to provide the DOJ additional time to consider information provided by Iron Mountain and Recall. On August 24, 2015, Iron Mountain and Recall each received a request for additional information and documentary material, often referred to as a "second request," from the DOJ in connection with the Transaction. The effect of the second request is to extend the waiting period imposed by the HSR Act until 30 days after Iron Mountain and Recall have substantially complied with this request, unless that period is extended voluntarily by the parties or terminated sooner by the DOJ. The second request was expected, and Iron Mountain and Recall intend to cooperate fully with this request.

Table of Contents

At any time before or after the Transaction is completed, the DOJ, the FTC, or others (including states and private parties) could attempt to take action under the antitrust laws, including seeking to prevent the Transaction, to rescind the Transaction, or to conditionally approve the completion of the Transaction upon the divestiture of assets of Iron Mountain and Recall. There can be no assurance that the Transaction will be completed. The Transaction could be prevented from occurring if challenged successfully on antitrust grounds or if the DOJ or FTC requires a divestiture of assets in the United States and Canada above the US\$30,000 threshold agreed to by Iron Mountain to address antitrust concerns. Iron Mountain has agreed to pay Recall a reimbursement fee of A\$76,500 if antitrust/competition approval is not obtained.

Australian Antitrust Approval (see page 94)

Section 50 of the Competition and Consumer Act 2010 (Cth) (the "CCA") prohibits the acquisition of shares or assets that would have the likely effect of substantially lessening competition in any Australian market. The Australian Competition & Consumer Commission ("ACCC") is responsible for enforcing Section 50 of the CCA. The ACCC investigates proposed acquisitions either at the request of the parties or by initiating its own investigation.

There are no compulsory filing or regulatory approval requirements for clearance under Section 50 of the CCA. In practice, persons intending to make an acquisition normally seek voluntary informal clearance. This is a process under which the ACCC provides an assurance that it does not intend to intervene in the transaction either on an unconditional or conditional basis, including potentially requiring divestitures. There is no statutory time period within which the ACCC must make a decision; there is a pre-assessment stage (typical duration 2 - 4 weeks), which may lead to first-phase review (typical duration 6 - 12 weeks), which may lead to second-phase review (typical duration 6 - 12 weeks); therefore the time could range from 2 - 24 weeks or more, depending on the complexity of the issues. Approval from the ACCC is a condition to closing the Transaction. Iron Mountain has agreed to any divestments required to receive competition/antitrust approval outside the United States and Canada, but there can be no assurance that the Transaction will be completed if the ACCC does not approve a divestiture of assets to address antitrust concerns and successfully challenges the Transaction on antitrust grounds.

If the ACCC takes the view that the Transaction will breach Section 50 of the CCA, it may seek a range of remedies including an injunction to prevent the Transaction, or orders for divestiture of shares or assets. Private parties may also take action under the CCA seeking to prevent the Transaction, require divestitures or seek damages. The ACCC or a private party must bring divestiture proceedings within three years of the Implementation Date. Actions for recovery of penalties or compensation must be brought within six years of the Implementation Date.

Iron Mountain and Recall filed an application for informal clearance with the ACCC on August 13, 2015. The necessary competition approval from the ACCC has yet to be obtained. The ACCC is considering Iron Mountain's application for informal clearance.

UK Antitrust Approval (see page 94)

Under the *Enterprise Act 2002*, as amended (the "Enterprise Act"), Iron Mountain and Recall are free to close the Transaction prior to the receipt of approval from the Competition and Markets Authority ("CMA"). The Enterprise Act provides that notification to the CMA is voluntary, and the CMA has until four months following the date of the public announcement of closing to refer the Transaction for an in-depth second phase investigation. Iron Mountain and Recall have decided to make a voluntary notification filing with the CMA. Iron Mountain and Recall submitted an initial draft notification to the CMA in September 2015. Following confirmation from the CMA that the filing is deemed complete, the CMA would then have 40 business days to conduct an initial (first phase)

Table of Contents

investigation. If the CMA is of the view that the Transaction might result in a substantial lessening of competition, it may refer the Transaction for an in depth (second phase) investigation, which (in the ordinary course) could last up to 24 weeks. Approval from the CMA is a condition to closing the Transaction.

At any time before, or until four months after the Implementation Date, the CMA could attempt to take action under the Enterprise Act, including seeking to prevent the Transaction, rescind the Transaction, or conditionally approve the completion of the Transaction upon the divestiture of assets of Iron Mountain and Recall. Iron Mountain has agreed to any divestments required to receive competition/antitrust approval outside the United States and Canada, but there can be no assurance that the Transaction will be completed if the CMA does not approve a divestiture of assets to address antitrust concerns or otherwise challenges the Transaction on antitrust grounds.

Canadian Antitrust Approval(see page 95)

Section 92 of the *Competition Act* (Canada) (the "Competition Act") permits the Commissioner of Competition (the "Commissioner") to bring an application to the Competition Tribunal (the "Tribunal") challenging any acquisition by purchase of shares or assets, by amalgamation or by combination or otherwise, that would prevent or lessen, or is likely to prevent or lessen competition substantially.

Section 102 of the Competition Act permits the Commissioner to issue an advance ruling certificate (an "ARC") in respect of a proposed acquisition where the Commissioner is satisfied that he would not have sufficient grounds on which to apply to the Tribunal for an order under Section 92 of the Competition Act. Once issued, an ARC prohibits the Commissioner from applying to the Tribunal for an order under Section 92 of the Competition Act solely on the basis of information that is the same or substantially the same as the information that was the basis upon which the ARC was issued, if the acquisition is substantially completed within one year after the ARC is issued.

The Competition Act provides that transactions exceeding certain financial thresholds must be notified in advance to the Commissioner, who heads the Competition Bureau. Given the size of Recall's operations in Canada, the Transaction is not required to be notified to the Commissioner in advance of closing. However, the parties have elected to voluntarily file an application for an ARC under Section 102 of the Competition Act. An application for an ARC was filed in connection with the Transaction on September 15, 2015. There is no statutory time period within which the Competition Bureau must complete its review of the Transaction, although the (non-binding) service standard for initial reviews of proposed transactions (i.e. the maximum time within which the Commissioner will endeavour to advise parties of his position in respect of a proposed transaction, assuming cooperation from the parties) is 45 days from filing. A more in depth review could be required depending on the complexity of the issues, and lead to a longer review period.

In the event that an ARC is not issued, the Commissioner may at any time up to one year after closing, seek an order to, among other things, prevent completion of the Transaction, to require the disposition of the assets or shares acquired in the event that the Transaction is completed, or to conditionally permit the completion of the Transaction upon the divestiture of certain assets. As an alternative to issuing an ARC, the Commissioner may issue a "no-action" letter, which indicates that as at the time of such letter, he does not intend to bring an application to the Tribunal under Section 92 of the Competition Act. The Transaction could be prevented from occurring if challenged successfully on antitrust grounds or if a divestiture of assets is required in the United States and Canada above the US\$30,000 threshold agreed to by Iron Mountain to address antitrust concerns. Iron Mountain has agreed to pay Recall a reimbursement fee of A\$76,500 if antitrust/competition approval is not obtained.

Table of Contents

Listing of Iron Mountain Common Stock (see page 95)

Iron Mountain has agreed to obtain listing approval from the NYSE for the Iron Mountain shares that will be issued in the Transaction. Iron Mountain has also agreed to establish a secondary listing on the ASX to allow Recall shareholders to trade Iron Mountain shares via CHESS Depository Interests (the "Iron Mountain CDIs") on the ASX.

Where a Recall shareholder has a registered address in Australia and is to receive Iron Mountain common stock as consideration under the Transaction, that Recall shareholder will receive Iron Mountain CDIs that will be tradable on ASX, but may request to receive that consideration in the form of Iron Mountain common stock (or a mix of Iron Mountain CDIs and Iron Mountain common stock).

Where a Recall shareholder's address on the Recall register is located outside of Australia and that shareholder is to receive Iron Mountain common stock as consideration under the Transaction, that Recall shareholder will receive Iron Mountain common stock that will be tradable on the NYSE, but may request to receive Iron Mountain CDIs (or a mix of Iron Mountain CDIs and Iron Mountain common stock), except that a Recall shareholder with an address outside Australia, New Zealand, the United Kingdom (except as provided below), Hong Kong, Singapore, Canada or the U.S. (an "Ineligible Foreign Shareholder") will not receive either Iron Mountain CDIs or Iron Mountain common stock; provided, however, that any Recall shareholder whose address as shown in the Recall register is within the United Kingdom that does not certify to the reasonable satisfaction of Iron Mountain that such shareholder. See "*The Transaction Agreement, Scheme and Deed Poll Ineligible Foreign Shareholders*" beginning on page 119 of this proxy statement for more information about the consideration Ineligible Foreign Shareholders will receive in the Transaction.

No Appraisal Rights (see page 91)

Under Delaware law, holders of shares of Iron Mountain common stock are not entitled to appraisal rights in connection with the Transaction or any of the matters to be acted on at the special meeting.

Conditions to Completion of the Transaction (see page 119)

As more fully described in this proxy statement and in the Transaction Agreement, completion of the Transaction is conditioned on the satisfaction or, where legally permissible, waiver of a number of conditions, including among others:

requisite Recall shareholder approval of the Transaction;

requisite Iron Mountain stockholder approval of the Transaction Proposal;

approval of the Transaction by the Sydney Federal Court (or such other competent court agreed by Iron Mountain and Recall);

receipt of certain required approvals and consents from the Australian Foreign Investment Review Board and New Zealand Overseas Investment Office;

approval by the NYSE and ASX of the listing of the Iron Mountain shares and Iron Mountain CDIs that will be issued in the Transaction; and

expiration or early termination of any applicable waiting period under the HSR Act and receipt of certain other competition law approvals.

Table of Contents

Each party's obligation to complete the Transaction is subject to certain other conditions, including the absence of any injunction, restraint or governmental restriction prohibiting the Transaction, the accuracy of the other party's representations and warranties contained in the Transaction Agreement subject to certain materiality qualifiers, material compliance by the other party with its obligations under the Transaction Agreement, and the absence of a material adverse effect related to the other party. Iron Mountain cannot be certain when, or if, the conditions to the Transaction will be satisfied or waived, or that the Transaction will be completed.

Iron Mountain's obligation to complete the Transaction is not conditioned on Iron Mountain's receipt of any financing. Iron Mountain's present intention is that the cash consideration to be paid to Recall shareholders will be funded out of some combination of Iron Mountain's existing cash reserves, availability under its revolving credit facility and public or private debt financing.

Non-Solicitation of Other Offers (see page 131)

The Transaction Agreement obliges each party to abide by certain restrictions on such party's ability to solicit competing proposals from third parties and to provide non-public information to and enter into discussions or negotiations with third parties regarding competing proposals. Notwithstanding this obligation, each party may under certain circumstances furnish information to and engage in discussions or negotiations with third parties with respect to unsolicited competing proposals if such company's board of directors determines, acting in good faith and in consultation with its financial advisor and outside legal counsel, that the competing proposal constitutes, or would reasonably be expected to result in, a superior proposal, as defined in the Transaction Agreement, and that not taking such action would likely be inconsistent with the directors' duties owed under applicable laws or would otherwise be unlawful.

Termination of the Transaction Agreement (see page 133)

The Transaction Agreement may be terminated by either Iron Mountain or Recall if:

before 8am (eastern Australia time) on the day of the Second Court Hearing, if the other party has materially breached any clause of the Transaction Agreement (other than the breaching party's respective representations and warranties) and the breach continues to exist for 20 business days (or any shorter period ending at 5pm (eastern Australia time) on the day before the Second Court Hearing) after a notice is given by the non-breaching party to the breaching party;

before 8am (eastern Australia time) on the day of the Second Court Hearing, if the other party has breached any of its respective representations and warranties such that the condition to close relating to the breaching party's representations and warranties could not be satisfied prior to June 8, 2016 (subject to extension in limited circumstances) and the breach continues to exist for 20 business days (or any shorter period ending at 5pm (eastern Australia time) on the day before the Second Court Hearing) after notice is given by the non-breaching party to the breaching party; and

a condition to closing described above under " *Conditions to Completion of the Transaction*" becomes incapable of being satisfied, and the parties are unable to reach an agreement to resolve the matter within ten business days of becoming aware of the relevant occurrence or by June 8, 2016 (subject to extension in limited circumstances).

Iron Mountain may terminate the Transaction Agreement if (1) the Iron Mountain board of directors has changed, withdrawn or modified its recommendation of the Transaction Proposal in accordance with the Transaction Agreement, (2) the Recall board of directors withdraws or adversely

Table of Contents

modifies its recommendation that Recall shareholders vote in favor of the Transaction or (3) the Recall board of directors recommends or supports any competing transaction.

Recall may terminate the Transaction Agreement if (1) the Recall board of directors has changed, withdrawn or modified its recommendation of the Transaction in accordance with the Transaction Agreement or (2) if the Iron Mountain board of directors has changed, withdrawn or adversely modified its recommendation in favor of the Transaction Proposal.

Expenses and Reimbursement Fees (see page 134)

In certain circumstances described under "*The Transaction Agreement, Scheme and Deed Poll Reimbursement Fees*" beginning on page 134 of this proxy statement, Iron Mountain may be obligated to pay Recall a reimbursement fee of A\$25,500 and Recall may be obligated to pay Iron Mountain a reimbursement fee of A\$25,500. If the Transaction Agreement is terminated because of a failure to obtain certain competition approvals under the HSR Act and certain other competition laws that are a condition to closing under the Transaction Agreement, Iron Mountain may be obligated to pay Recall a reimbursement fee of A\$76,500. The Transaction Agreement generally provides that each party will bear its costs and expenses, except as described under "*The Transaction Agreement, Scheme and Deed Poll Costs and Expenses*" beginning on page 135 of this proxy statement.

Questions

If you have additional questions about the Transaction or other matters discussed in this proxy statement after reading this proxy statement, you should contact Okapi Partners LLC, Iron Mountain's proxy solicitation agent. The address of Okapi Partners LLC is 437 Madison Avenue 28th Floor, New York, New York 10022. You can call Okapi Partners LLC at 877-279-2311.

Selected Historical Consolidated Financial Data of Iron Mountain

The following selected historical consolidated statements of operations of Iron Mountain for each of the fiscal years during the three-year period ended December 31, 2014 and the selected historical consolidated balance sheet data as of December 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively, have been derived from Iron Mountain's audited consolidated financial statements as of and for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2014 contained in its Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on May 7, 2015 (the "Iron Mountain May 7th Current Report"), which is incorporated by reference into this proxy statement. The selected historical consolidated statements of operations for each of the fiscal years ended December 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010, respectively, and the selected historical consolidated balance sheet data as of December 31, 2012, December 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010, respectively, have been derived from Iron Mountain's audited consolidated financial statements as of and for such years contained in Iron Mountain's other reports filed with the SEC, which are not incorporated by reference into this proxy statement.

The selected historical consolidated statements of operations for each of the six-month periods ended June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014 and the selected historical consolidated balance sheet data as of June 30, 2015 have been derived from Iron Mountain's unaudited consolidated financial statements as of and for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 contained in Iron Mountain's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2015 filed with the SEC on July 30, 2015 (the "Iron Mountain Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q"), which is incorporated by reference into this proxy statement. The selected historical consolidated balance sheet data as of June 30, 2014 contained in Iron Mountain's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 filed with the SEC on July 31, 2014, which is not incorporated by reference into this proxy statement. In Iron Mountain's view, the unaudited consolidated financial statements include all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring adjustments) necessary for fair presentation of the interim June 30, 2015 financial information. Interim results as of and for the six-month period ended June 30, 2015 are not necessarily indicative of, and are not projections for, the results to be expected for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2015.

The information set forth below is only a summary and is not necessarily indicative of the results of future operations of Iron Mountain, including following completion of the Transaction, and you should read the following information together with Iron Mountain's consolidated financial statements, the related notes and sections entitled "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" contained in the Iron Mountain May 7th Current Report and the Iron Mountain Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, which are incorporated by reference into this proxy statement, and in Iron Mountain's other reports filed with the SEC. For more information, see the section entitled "*Where You Can Find More Information*" beginning on page 140.

		Six Month June					
	2010(1)(2)	2011(1)(2)	2012(1)(2)	2013(1)(2)	2014	2014	2015
			(1	In thousands)			
Consolidated Statements of Operations Data:							
Revenues:							
Storage rental	\$ 1,598,718 \$, ,		\$ 1,784,721 \$		· · · · · ·	
Service	1,292,431	1,330,613	1,270,817	1,239,902	1,257,450	631,240	588,939
Total Revenues	2,891,149	3,013,603	3,003,955	3,024,623	3,117,693	1,557,018	1,509,020
Operating Expenses:							
Cost of sales (excluding depreciation and amortization)	1,192,862	1,245,200	1,277,113	1,288,878	1,344,636	672,106	647,937
Selling, general and administrative	772,811	834,591	850,371	924,031	869,572	428,587	412,299
Depreciation and amortization	304,205	319,499	316,344	322,037	353,143	175,374	173,500
Intangible impairments(3)	85,909	46,500					
(Gain) loss on disposal/write-down of property, plant and							
equipment (excluding real estate), net	(9,906)	995	4,661	430	1,065	1,045	848
Total Operating Expenses	2,345,881	2,446,785	2,448,489	2,535,376	2,568,416	1,277,112	1,234,584
Operating Income	545,268	566,818	555,466	489,247	549.277	279,906	274,436
Interest Expense, Net	204,559	205,256	242,599	254,174	260,717	124,513	130,985
Other Expense, Net	8,768	13,043	16,062	75,202	65,187	479	24,353
	0,1 00	,	,	,	,	,	,
Income from Continuing Operations Before Provision (Benefit) for Income Taxes and Gain on Sale of Real							
Estate	331,941	348,519	296,805	159,871	223,373	154,914	119,098
Provision (Benefit) for Income Taxes	166,720	105,139	114,304	62,127	(97,275)	(153,041)	23,352
Gain on Sale of Real Estate, Net of Tax	(786)	(2,361)	(206)	(1,417)	(8,307)	(7,468)	
Income from Continuing Operations	166,007	245,741	182,707	99,161	328,955	315,423	95,746
(Loss) Income from Discontinued Operations, Net of Tax	(219,417)	(47,439)	(6,774)	831	(209)	(938)	
Gain (Loss) on Sale of Discontinued Operations, Net of			(()	()	
Tax		200,619	(1,885)				
			()/				
Nat (Loss) Income	(52,410)	208 021	174 048	99,992	279 746	214 495	95,746
Net (Loss) Income Less: Net Income Attributable to Noncontrolling	(53,410)	398,921	174,048	99,992	328,746	314,485	95,740
Interests	4,908	4,054	3,126	3,530	2,627	1,181	1,320
Interests	4,908	4,034	5,120	5,550	2,027	1,101	1,520
Net (Loss) Income Attributable to Iron Mountain							
Incorporated	\$ (58,318) \$	394,867	\$ 170,922	\$ 96,462 \$	\$ 326,119 \$	313,304	\$ 94,426

				Year H	Ende	ed Decem	ber	31,			Six Mont Jun	
	20	10(1)	2	011(1)	2	012(1)	2	013(1)		2014	2014	2015
					(In	thousand	ds, e	xcept per	sha	re data)		
Earnings (Losses) per Share Basic:												
Income from Continuing Operations	\$	0.82	\$	1.26	\$	1.05	\$	0.52	\$	1.68	\$ 1.64	\$ 0.45
Total (Loss) Income from Discontinued Operations	\$	(1.09)	\$	0.79	\$	(0.05)	\$		\$		\$	\$

Net (Loss) Income Attributable to Iron Mountain Incorporated	\$ (0.29)	\$ 2.03	\$ 0.98	\$ 0.51	\$ 1.67	\$ 1.63	\$ 0.45
Earnings (Losses) per Share Diluted:							
Income from Continuing Operations	\$ 0.82	\$ 1.25	\$ 1.04	\$ 0.52	\$ 1.67	\$ 1.63	\$ 0.45
Total (Loss) Income from Discontinued Operations	\$ (1.09)	\$ 0.78	\$ (0.05)	\$	\$	\$	\$
Net (Loss) Income Attributable to Iron Mountain Incorporated	\$ (0.29)	\$ 2.02	\$ 0.98	\$ 0.50	\$ 1.66	\$ 1.62	\$ 0.45
Weighted Average Common Shares Outstanding Basic	201,991	194,777	173,604	190,994	195,278	192,130	210,468
Weighted Average Common Shares Outstanding Diluted	201,991	195,938	174,867	192,412	196,749	193,298	212,163
Dividends Declared per Common Share	\$ 0.3750	\$ 0.9375	\$ 5.1200	\$ 1.0800	\$ 5.3713	\$ 0.5405	\$ 0.9499

	Six Months EndedYear Ended December 31,June 30,													
	2010(1) 2	011(1)	20	12(1)	20	013(1)	20	14	20	14	20	15	
						(In tł	ousands)							
Other Data:														
Adjusted OIBDA(4)	\$ 925,4	76 \$	949,339	\$ 9	910,917	\$	894,581	\$ 92	5,797	\$ 47	0,373	\$ 45	64,446	
Adjusted OIBDA Margin(4)	3	2.0%	31.59	%	30.3	%	29.6%		29.7%		30.2%	6	30.1%	
Ratio of Earnings to Fixed														
Charges	2.	2 x	2.2 x		1.9 x		1.5 x		1.7 x		2.0 x		1.7 x	
				As	of Dece	ember	r 31,					As of ,	June 30,	
	20	010(1)	2011		of Dece 2012		r 31, 2013	(1)	201	4	20	As of ,)14	June 30, 20	
	20)10(1)	2011				,	· /		4	20		- ,	
Consolidated Balance Sheet Data:	20)10(1)	2011				2013	· /		4	20		- ,	
Consolidated Balance Sheet Data: Cash and Cash Equivalents)10(1) 258,693			2012		2013 (in thous	· /		4 5,933			20	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$		\$ 17	(1)	201 2 \$ 24	2(1)	2013 (in thous 5 \$ 120	ands)	\$ 12		\$ 1)14	20 \$ 1	
	\$ 6,	258,693	\$ 17	(1) 9,845	201 2 \$ 24	2(1) 13,415	2013 (in thous 5 \$ 120	sands)),526	\$ 12	5,933	\$ 1) 14 45,343	20 \$ 1	
Cash and Cash Equivalents Total Assets	\$ 6, nt	258,693	\$ 17 ⁴ 6,04	(1) 9,845	201 2 \$ 24 6,35	2(1) 13,415	2013 (in thous 5 \$ 120 0 6,653	sands)),526	\$ 12 6,57	5,933	\$ 1 6,7) 14 45,343	20 \$ 1 6,42	

Reconciliation of Operating Income to Adjusted OIBDA (in thousands):

		Year Ended December 31,										Six Mont June	
	20	010(1)(2)	20)11(1)(2)	20)12(1)(2)	20)13(1)(2)		2014		2014	2015
Operating Income	\$	545,268	\$	566,818	\$	555,466	\$	489,247	\$	549,277	\$	279,906	\$ 274,436
Add: Depreciation and Amoritization		304,205		319,499		316,344		322,037		353,143		175,374	173,500
Intangible Impairments		85,909		46,500									
(Gain) loss on disposal/write-down of property, plant and													
equipment (Excluding Real Estate), Net		(9,906)		995		4,661		430		1,065		1,045	848
REIT Costs				15,527		34,446		82,867		22,312		14,048	
Recall Costs													5,662
Adjusted OIBDA	\$	925,476	\$	949,339	\$	910,917	\$	894,581	\$	925,797	\$	470,373	\$ 454,446

(1)

During the second quarter of 2014, Iron Mountain identified contract billing inaccuracies arising from a single location which occurred over numerous years that resulted in an overstatement of prior years' reported revenue by an aggregate of \$10.0 million, as described in Note 2.y. to Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements included in the Iron Mountain May 7th Current Report. Revenue and Adjusted OIBDA, as defined below, for the years ended December 31, 2010, 2011, 2012 and 2013 have been restated to reflect a reduction in revenues of \$1.2 million, \$1.1 million, \$1.3 million and \$1.3 million, respectively, to correct the billing inaccuracies. The remaining overstated amount of \$5.1 million relates to the periods prior to 2010. The impact to income from continuing operations and net income is a reduction of \$0.7 million, \$0.7 million, \$0.8 million and \$0.8 million, respectively, for the after tax impact of the contract billing inaccuracies for the years ended December 31, 2010, 2011, 2012 and 2013, respectively. Earnings (loss) per share basic and earnings (loss) per share diluted have also been restated to reflect the restatement. In addition, total equity at December 31, 2010, 2011, 2012 and 2013 has been reduced by \$3.8 million, \$5.3 million and \$6.1 million, respectively, to account for the contract billing inaccuracies.

(2)

As a result of Iron Mountain's conversion to a REIT and in accordance with the SEC rules applicable to REITs, Iron Mountain no longer reports (gain) loss on sale of real estate as a component of operating income, but will continue to report it as a component of income (loss) from continuing operations. Iron Mountain will continue to report the (gain) loss on sale of property, plant and equipment (excluding real estate), along with any impairment, write-downs or involuntary conversions related to real estate, as a component of operating income. The results for the years ended December 31, 2010, 2011, 2012 and 2013 have been reclassified to conform to this presentation.

(3)

For the year ended December 31, 2010, Iron Mountain recorded a non-cash goodwill impairment charge of \$85.9 million related to its technology escrow services business, which Iron Mountain continues to own and operate and which was previously reflected in Iron Mountain's former worldwide digital business segment and is now reflected as a component of Iron Mountain's North American Records and Information Management Business

segment. For the year ended December 31, 2010, Iron Mountain recorded a \$197.9 million non-cash goodwill impairment charge related to its former worldwide digital business that is included in loss from discontinued operations, net of tax. For the year ended December 31, 2011, Iron Mountain recorded a non-cash goodwill impairment charge of \$46.5 million in its Continental Western Europe reporting unit, which is a component of Iron Mountain's Western European Business segment.

(4)

Adjusted OIBDA and Adjusted OIBDA Margin are non-GAAP measures. Adjusted OIBDA is defined as operating income before depreciation, amortization, intangible impairments, (gain) loss on disposal/write-down of property, plant and equipment, net (excluding real estate), REIT Costs (as defined below) and Recall Costs (as defined below). Adjusted OIBDA Margin is calculated by dividing Adjusted OIBDA by total revenues. REIT Costs includes costs associated with Iron Mountain's 2011 proxy contest, the previous work of the former Strategic Review Special Committee of the board of directors and costs associated with Iron Mountain's conversion to a REIT, excluding REIT compliance costs beginning January 1, 2014 which Iron Mountain expects to recur in future periods. Recall Costs includes costs associated with Iron Mountain costs associated with Iron Mountain costs associated with Iron Mountain's proposed acquisition of Recall, including costs

Table of Contents

to complete the acquisition (including advisory and professional fees) as well as costs incurred once Iron Mountain closes the Transaction to integrate Recall with Iron Mountain's existing operations (including moving, severance, facility upgrade, REIT conversion and system upgrade costs).

Iron Mountain believes Adjusted OIBDA and Adjusted OIBDA Margin provide current and potential investors with relevant and useful information regarding its ability to generate cash flow to support business investment. These measures are an integral part of the internal reporting system used to assess and evaluate the operating performance of its business. Adjusted OIBDA does not include certain items that Iron Mountain believes are not indicative of its core operating results, specifically: (1) (gain) loss on disposal/write-down of property, plant and equipment (excluding real estate), net; (2) (gain) loss on sale of real estate, net of tax; (3) intangible impairments; (4) Recall Costs; (5) REIT Costs; (6) other expense (income), net; (7) income (loss) from discontinued operations, net of tax; (8) gain (loss) on sale of discontinued operations, net of tax; and (9) net income (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests.

Adjusted OIBDA also does not include interest expense, net and the provision (benefit) for income taxes. These expenses are associated with its capitalization and tax structures, which Iron Mountain does not consider when evaluating the operating profitability of its core operations. Finally, Adjusted OIBDA does not include depreciation and amortization expenses, in order to eliminate the impact of capital investments, which Iron Mountain evaluates by comparing capital expenditures to incremental revenue generated and as a percentage of total revenues. Adjusted OIBDA and Adjusted OIBDA Margin should be considered in addition to, but not as a substitute for, other measures of financial performance reported in accordance with U.S. GAAP, such as operating or net income (loss) or cash flows from operating activities from continuing operations as determined in accordance with U.S. GAAP.

Selected Historical Consolidated Financial Information of Recall

The following selected historical consolidated income statement of Recall for the years ended June 30, 2015 (audited) and June 30, 2014 (unaudited) and the selected historical consolidated balance sheet data as of June 30, 2015 (audited) and June 30, 2014 (unaudited) have been derived from Recall's year ended June 30, 2015 historical financial statements and related notes thereto, which are included in Annex B to this proxy statement. The selected unaudited historical consolidated financial data of Recall for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013 and the selected unaudited balance sheet data as of June 30, 2013 have been derived from Recall's year ended June 30, 2014 unaudited historical financial statements and related notes, which is included in Annex B to this proxy statement. The historical income statement and balance sheet data as of and for Recall's fiscal years ended June 30, 2012 and June 30, 2011, respectively, are not presented below as such information was not available absent unreasonable effort.

The information set forth below is only a summary and is not necessarily indicative of the results of future operations of Recall, including following completion of the Transaction, and you should read the following information together with Recall's consolidated financial statements, the related notes and sections entitled "*Information about the Companies Recall Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations*" beginning on page 96 of this proxy statement.

Consolidated Income Statement

		Y	ear l	Ended June 30),(1)	
US\$M		2015		2014		2013
	(A	Audited)	(Unaudited)	J)	Unaudited)
Revenues	\$	827.8	\$	613.7	\$	225.3
Gain on sale of business		2.1		0.0		0.0
Operating expenses		(723.3)		(539.3)		(161.4)
Share of results of joint venture		0.1		0.2		0.0
Operating profit		106.7		74.6		63.9
Net finance costs		(21.6)		(12.3)		(0.6)
		(21.0)		(12.3)		(0.0)
Profit before tax		85.1		62.3		63.3
Tax expense		(20.1)		(20.3)		(20.0)
Net Income	\$	65.0	\$	42.0	\$	43.3
Depreciation and amortization (included in Operating expenses)	\$	69.8	\$	47.1	\$	13.1
Weighted Average Number of Shares Basic (millions)		313.4		208.7		42.3
Weighted Average Number of Shares Diluted (millions)		317.4		209.8		42.3
Basic earnings per share	\$	0.21	\$	0.20	\$	1.02
Diluted earnings per share	\$	0.21	\$	0.20	\$	1.02
Dividend per share (Australian dollar)	\$	0.19	\$	0.08	\$	
Balance Sheet						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	88.5	\$	72.1	\$	6.1
Total Assets	\$	1,504.0	\$	1,468.0	\$	305.9
Total Long-Term Debt (including Current Portion)	\$	648.5	\$	552.2	\$	0.0
Total Equity	\$	549.2	\$	599.4	\$	241.7

(1)

As a result of the demerger with Brambles, the Recall 2015 (audited), 2014 (unaudited) and 2013 (unaudited) financial information only reflects results of entities acquired as part of the demerger from the date of their respective acquisition from Brambles. Therefore, Recall's statutory financial performance for the years ended June 30, 2013 and June 30, 2014, as presented in the table above, includes results of a number of material Recall entities for only part of the respective financial year in which they were acquired. For a more detailed comparison of Recall's statutory results see "*Information about the Companies Recall Management's Discussion and*

Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations," beginning on page 96 of this proxy statement.

Table of Contents

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT DIFFERENCES BETWEEN IFRS AND U.S. GAAP

The financial information of Recall included in this proxy statement has been prepared and presented in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (as promulgated by the International Accounting Standards Board) ("IFRS"). Certain differences exist between IFRS and U.S. GAAP which might be material to the financial information included in this proxy statement.

The principal differences between U.S. GAAP and IFRS which might be material in the preparation of Recall's consolidated financial statements are described below. Because Iron Mountain did not have any access to non-public business or detailed financial information of Recall, Iron Mountain cannot be sure that the differences described below are complete or would in fact be the accounting principles creating the most significant differences between financial information of Recall prepared under IFRS and U.S. GAAP. The following summary does not include all differences that exist between IFRS and U.S. GAAP and is not intended to provide a comprehensive listing of all such differences specifically related to Iron Mountain, Recall or the industry in which Iron Mountain and Recall operate.

The differences described below reflect only those differences in accounting policies in force at the time of the preparation of the historical financial information of Recall. There has been no attempt to identify future differences between IFRS and U.S. GAAP as the result of prescribed changes in accounting standards, transactions or events that may occur in the future.

Deferred Tax

In accordance with IFRS, on a jurisdictional basis all deferred tax assets ("DTAs") and deferred tax liabilities ("DTLs") are netted together, and the net DTA or DTL is recorded on the balance sheet as a noncurrent DTA or DTL, respectively. Under U.S. GAAP, jurisdictional netting of DTAs and DTLs are performed on a current versus noncurrent basis.

Exit Activities

Under IFRS, liabilities for plant closures, lease terminations and other exit costs may generally be recognized when an entity has formally committed to a plan. U.S. GAAP prohibits the recognition of a liability based solely on an entity's commitment to a plan, and recognizion of a provision for lease termination usually is upon the date the property is no longer used and most categories of exit costs are recognized as incurred.

Debt Issuance Costs

Under IFRS, when a financial liability is not carried at fair value, transaction costs including third party costs and creditor fees are deducted from the carrying value of the financial liability and are not recorded as separate assets. Under U.S. GAAP, third party fees related to debt issuance are classified as assets.



Table of Contents

UNAUDITED PRO FORMA CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL INFORMATION

The following unaudited pro forma consolidated financial statements are derived from and should be read in conjunction with the historical consolidated financial statements and related notes of Iron Mountain, which are incorporated by reference, and Recall, which are included in this proxy statement.

The unaudited pro forma consolidated balance sheet as of June 30, 2015, and the unaudited pro forma consolidated statements of operations for the six months ended June 30, 2015 and the year ended December 31, 2014, are presented herein. The unaudited pro forma consolidated balance sheet combines the consolidated balance sheets of Iron Mountain and Recall as of June 30, 2015 and gives effect to the Transaction as if it had been completed on June 30, 2015. The unaudited pro forma consolidated statements of operations combine the historical results of Iron Mountain and Recall for the six months ended June 30, 2015 and the year ended December 31, 2014 and give effect to the Transaction as if it occurred on January 1, 2014. The historical financial information has been adjusted to give effect to pro forma adjustments that are (i) directly attributable to the Transaction, (ii) factually supportable, and (iii) with respect to the unaudited consolidated statements of operations, expected to have a continuing impact on the consolidated results.

The unaudited pro forma consolidated financial statements presented are based on the assumptions and adjustments described in the accompanying notes. The unaudited pro forma consolidated financial statements are presented for illustrative purposes and do not purport to represent what the financial position or results of operations would actually have been if the Transaction occurred as of the dates indicated or what financial position or results of operations would be for any future periods. The unaudited pro forma consolidated financial statements are based upon the respective historical consolidated financial statements of Iron Mountain and Recall, and should be read in conjunction with (1) the accompanying notes to the unaudited pro forma consolidated financial information, (2) the unaudited consolidated financial statements for the six months ended June 30, 2015 and notes thereto of Iron Mountain included in the Iron Mountain Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, filed with the SEC on July 30, 2015, (3) the audited consolidated financial statements for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2014 and notes thereto of Iron Mountain included in the Iron Mountain and notes thereto for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2015 (audited) and June 30, 2014 (unaudited) of Recall, which are included in Annex B to this proxy statement.

The unaudited pro forma consolidated statements of operations also include certain purchase accounting adjustments, including items expected to have a continuing impact on the combined results, such as increased amortization expense on acquired intangible assets. The unaudited pro forma consolidated statements of operations do not include the impact of any revenue, cost or other operating synergies that may result from the acquisition or any related restructuring costs.

IRON MOUNTAIN INCORPORATED UNAUDITED PRO FORMA CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET AS OF JUNE 30, 2015 (In thousands, except share and per share data)

			listorical U.S.				п	urchase						
	Iron	Recall (IFRS)	U.S. GAAP			Recall	-	counting		F	inancing			Pro
	Mountain	(Note 3)	Adjustments	(Note)	(U.S	S. GAAP)	Ad	justments	(Note)	Ad	justments	(Note)		Forma
ASSETS														
Current Assets:														
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 117,098 \$	88,500	\$		\$	88,500	\$	(321,593)	7(a)	\$	331,209	7(j)	\$	215,214
Accounts receivable, net	596,252	183,200				183,200								779,452
Deferred income taxes	21,609		17,389	5(a)(b)		17,389		(471)	7(h)					38,527
Prepaid expenses and other	139,768	18,600				18,600								158,368
Total Current Assets	874,727	290,300	17,389			307,689		(322,064)			331,209			1,191,561
Property, Plant and Equipment:	,	,	,			,		· · · /			,			, ,
Property, plant and equipment	4,681,792	836,400				836,400		(229.867)	7(b)					5,288,325
Less Accumulated depreciation	(2,188,779)	(423,300))			(423,300))	423,300	7(b)					(2,188,779)
L		,						<i>,</i>						
Property, Plant and Equipment,														
net	2,493,013	413,100				413,100		193,433	7(b)					3,099,546
Other Assets, net:	_,.,,,,,,,	,				,		.,.,	.(-)					-,,-
Goodwill	2,388,697	677,200				677,200		260,884	7(c)					3,326,781
Customer relationships and	, ,					,								- , ,
acquisition costs	595,468	109,500				109,500		1,099,500	7(d)					1,804,468
Deferred financing costs	43,827	,	6,091	5(c)		6.091		(6,091)	7(e)		27,500	7(j)		71,327
Other	26,845	13,900	(4,520)	~ /		9,380		51,276	~ /		.,			87,501
	,	<i>,</i>				<i>.</i>		·						*
Total Other Assets, net	3,054,837	800.600	1,571			802.171		1,405,569			27,500			5,290,077
	2,001,007	000,000	1,071			002,171		1,100,000			27,500			2,2,3,077
	¢ (100 577 ¢	1 504 000	¢ 10.070		¢	1 500 000	¢	1 076 020		¢	259 700		¢	0 501 104
Total Assets	\$ 6,422,577 \$	1,504,000	\$ 18,960		\$	1,522,960	\$	1,276,938		\$	358,709		\$	9,581,184

LIABILITIES AND EQUITY

Accumulated other

comprehensive items, net

(129,750)

(77,500)

Current Liabilities:									
Current portion of long-term									
debt	\$ 70,235 \$	21,800 \$		\$ 21,800 \$			\$ (17,400)	7(j)	\$ 74,635
Accounts payable	162,238	135,730		135,730	(1,497)	7(f)		0/	296,471
Accrued expenses	333,811	39,700	(19,552) 5(a)(b)	20,148	21	7(h)			353,980
Deferred revenue	185,851	29,970		29,970					215,821
Total Current Liabilities	752,135	227,200	(19,552)	207,648	(1,476)		(17,400)		940,907
Long-term Debt, net of current									
portion	4,718,915	626,700	6,091 5(c)	632,791			376,109	7(j)	5,727,815
Other Long-Term Liabilities	79,124	20,881	8,234 5(a)	29,115	13,890	7(g)			122,129
Deferred Rent	100,336	11,351		11,351	(11,351)	7(f)			100,336
Deferred Income Taxes	49,842	68,668	11,531 5(a)(b)	80,199	373,914	7(h)			503,955
Equity:									
Iron Mountain Incorporated									
Stockholders' Equity:									
Common stock	2,108				507	7(i)			2,615
Additional paid-in capital	1,603,278	380,600		380,600	1,082,710	7(i)			3,066,588
(Distributions in excess of									
earnings) Earnings in excess of									
distributions	(766,849)	246,100	12,656 5(b)	258,756	(258,756)	7(i)			(766,849

(77,500)

77,500 7(i)

(129,750)

Total Iron Mountain Incorporated Stockholders'							
Equity	708,787	549,200	12,656	561,856	901,961		2,172,604
Noncontrolling Interests	13,438						13,438
Total Equity	722,225	549,200	12,656	561,856	901,961		2,186,042
Total Liabilities and Equity	\$ 6,422,577 \$	1,504,000 \$	18,960	\$ 1,522,960 \$	1,276,938	\$ 358,709	\$ 9,581,184

See accompanying notes to unaudited pro forma consolidated financial information.

IRON MOUNTAIN INCORPORATED UNAUDITED PRO FORMA CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014 (In thousands, except per share data)

			listorical							
	Iron	Recall (IFRS)	U.S. GAAP			Purchase ccounting		Financing		Pro
	Mountain	· /		(Note)(l		0	(Note)	Adjustments	(Note)	Forma
Revenues:										
Storage rental	\$ 1,860,243	\$ 457,900	\$	9	\$ 457,900 \$			\$		\$ 2,318,14
Service	1,257,450	398,900			398,900					1,656,350
Total Revenues	3,117,693	856,800			856,800					3,974,49
Operating Expenses:										
Cost of sales (excluding depreciation and										
amortization)	1,344,636	454,200	(8,700)	5(b)	445,500	(655)	8(a)			1,789,48
Selling, general and administrative	869,572	228,200			228,200	(7,100)	8(b)			1,090,672
Depreciation and amortization	353,143	70,800			70,800	81,574	8(c)(d)			505,51
Loss (gain) on disposal/write-down of										
property, plant and equipment (excluding real										
estate), net	1,065	5,800			5,800					6,86
Total Operating Expenses	2,568,416	759,000	(-))		750,300	73,819				3,392,53
Operating Income (Loss)	549,277	97,800			106,500	(73,819)				581,95
Interest Expense, Net	260,717	20,100			20,100			50,641	8(g)	331,45
Other Expense (Income), Net	65,187	(1,600))		(1,600)					63,58
Income (Loss) from Continuing Operations Before Provision (Benefit) for Income Taxes										
and (Gain) Loss on Sale of Real Estate	223,373	79,300	8,700		88,000	(73,819)		(50,641)		186.91
(Benefit) Provision for Income Taxes	(97,275)		- /	5(b)	28,736	(20,669)	8(e)	5,771	8(g)	(83,43
(Gain) Loss on Sale of Real Estate, Net of Tax	(8,307)	· · · · ·	2,450	5(0)	20,750	(20,007)	0(0)	5,771	0(g)	(8,30
Income (Loss) from Continuing Operations	328,955	53,000	6,264		59,264	(53,150)		(56,412)		278,65
(Loss) Income from Discontinued Operations,										
Net of Tax	(209))								(209
Net Income (Loss)	328,746	53,000	6,264		59,264	(53,150)		(56,412)		278,44
Less: Net Income (Loss) Attributable to					, i					
Noncontrolling Interests	2,627									2,62
Net Income (Loss) Attributable to Iron	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		¢ (2):		50.244	(50.150)		6 (5 - 1 - 5)		
Mountain Incorporated	\$ 326,119	\$ 53,000	\$ 6,264	\$	59,264 \$	(53,150)		\$ (56,412)		\$ 275,82
	¢ 1.47									ф 1 1
Earnings per Share Basic	\$ 1.67									\$ 1.12 \$ 1.12
Earnings per Share Diluted	\$ 1.66									\$ 1.1
Weighted Average Common Shares	105 050					50 ((0	0(0			0.45.0.4
Outstanding Basic	195,278					50,669	8(f)			245,94
Weighted Average Common Shares	106 740					50 ((0	Q(f)			247 414
Outstanding Diluted	196,749					50,669	8(f)			247,41

See accompanying notes to unaudited pro forma consolidated financial information.

IRON MOUNTAIN INCORPORATED UNAUDITED PRO FORMA CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (In thousands, except per share data)

]								
	Iron	Recall (IFRS)	U.S. GAAP		Recall	Purchase Accounting		Financing		Pro
	Mountain	(Note 3)	Adjustments	(Note)(U		0	Note)	Adjustments	(Note)	Forma
Revenues:										
Storage rental	\$ 920,081	\$ 217,200	\$	\$	217,200	\$		\$		\$ 1,137,281
Service	588,939	183,600)		183,600					772,539
Total Revenues	1,509,020	400,800	1		400,800					1,909,820
Operating Expenses:										
Cost of sales (excluding depreciation and										
amortization)	647,937	207,800	(11,083)	5(b)	196,717	(328)	8(a)			844,326
Selling, general and administrative	412,299			- (-)	113,600	(16,051)				509,848
Depreciation and amortization	173,500				33,700	42,487 8				249,687
Loss (gain) on disposal/write-down of	170,000	22,700			22,700	12,107)(e)(a)			210,007
property, plant and equipment (excluding real										
estate), net	848	(1,500)		(1,500)					(652)
Tetal Operation Frances	1 224 594	252 (00	(11.092)		242 517	26 109				1 (02 200
Total Operating Expenses	1,234,584				342,517	26,108				1,603,209
Operating Income (Loss)	274,436	,			58,283	(26,108)		20.200	0()	306,611
Interest Expense, Net	130,985				11,800			28,268	8(g)	171,053
Other Expense (Income), Net	24,353	1,700			1,700					26,053
Income (Loss) from Continuing Operations Before Provision (Benefit) for Income Taxes										
and (Gain) Loss on Sale of Real Estate	119,098	33,700	11,083		44,783	(26,108)		(28,268)		109,505
Provision (Benefit) for Income Taxes	23,352	1,200	3,103	5(b)	4,303	(7,310)	8(e)	2,979	8(g)	23,324
(Gain) Loss on Sale of Real Estate, Net of Tax									-	
Income (Loss) from Continuing Operations	95,746	32,500	7,980		40,480	(18,798)		(31,247)		86,181
(Loss) Income from Discontinued Operations,										
Net of Tax										
Net Income (Loss)	95,746	32,500	7,980		40,480	(18,798)		(31,247)		86,181
Less: Net Income (Loss) Attributable to	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	02,000	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		10,100	(10,750)		(01,217)		00,101
Noncontrolling Interests	1,320									1,320
Net Income (Loss) Attributable to Iron										
Mountain Incorporated	\$ 94,426	\$ 32,500	\$ 7,980	\$	40,480	\$ (18,798)		\$ (31,247)		\$ 84,861
Earnings per Share Basic	\$ 0.45									\$ 0.32
Earnings per Share Diluted	\$ 0.43 \$ 0.45									\$ 0.32 \$ 0.32
Weighted Average Common Shares	φ 0.43									φ 0.52
Outstanding Basic	210,468					50,669	8(f)			261,137
Weighted Average Common Shares	210,400					50,007	0(1)			201,137
Outstanding Diluted	212,163					50.669	8(f)			262,832
Sublanding Diluted	212,103					50,007	5(1)			202,052

See accompanying notes to unaudited pro forma consolidated financial information.

NOTES TO UNAUDITED PRO FORMA CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL INFORMATION

(In thousands, except share and per share amounts)

NOTE 1 DESCRIPTION OF THE TRANSACTION

On June 8, 2015, Iron Mountain and Recall entered into the Transaction Agreement, pursuant to which Recall will propose a scheme of arrangement under Australian corporate law between it and its shareholders that, if approved by Recall shareholders and the Sydney Federal Court (or such other competent court agreed by Iron Mountain and Recall) and implemented, will have the effect that Iron Mountain Sub will acquire all of the outstanding shares of Recall. The Iron Mountain stockholders have to approve the Transaction Proposal. As a result of the Transaction, Recall will become a wholly-owned subsidiary of Iron Mountain.

Subject to the terms and conditions of the Transaction Agreement, upon the completion of the Transaction, Recall shareholders shall be entitled to receive for each outstanding share of Recall common stock the Australian dollar equivalent of US\$0.50 in cash (the "Cash Supplement") as well as either (1) 0.1722 of a newly issued share of Iron Mountain common stock (the "Equity Election") or (2) A\$8.50 less the Australian dollar equivalent of US\$0.50 in cash (the "Cash Election"). The Cash Election is subject to a proration mechanism that will cap the total amount of cash paid to Recall shareholders opting for the Cash Election at A\$225,000 (the "Cash Election Cap") with the remainder to be received as newly issued Iron Mountain common stock. Amounts paid to Recall shareholders that represent the Cash Supplement are excluded from the calculation of the Cash Election Cap.

NOTE 2 BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying unaudited pro forma consolidated financial statements were prepared in accordance with Article 11 of SEC Regulation S-X. The unaudited pro forma consolidated balance sheet was prepared using the historical balance sheets of Iron Mountain and Recall as of June 30, 2015. Recall's fiscal year ends on June 30 and Iron Mountain's fiscal year ends on December 31. As the fiscal years differ by more than 93 days, financial information for Recall for the year ended December 31, 2014 and the six months ended June 30, 2015 has been derived for purposes of the preparation of the unaudited pro forma consolidated financial statements. The unaudited pro forma consolidated statements of operations were prepared using:

the historical unaudited statement of operations of Iron Mountain for the six months ended June 30, 2015;

the historical audited statement of operations of Iron Mountain for the year ended December 31, 2014;

the historical unaudited consolidated income statement of Recall for the twelve months ended December 31, 2014, which has been derived by adding the financial data from the historical unaudited consolidated income statement for the six months ended December 31, 2014, to the financial data from the historical unaudited consolidated income statement for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, and subtracting the financial data from the historical unaudited consolidated income statement for the six months ended December 31, 2013; and

the historical unaudited consolidated income statement of Recall for the six months ended June 30, 2015, which has been derived by subtracting the financial data from the historical unaudited consolidated income statement for the six months ended December 31, 2014 from the historical audited consolidated income statement for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015.

The unaudited pro forma consolidated financial information was prepared using the acquisition method of accounting with Iron Mountain treated as the acquiring entity. Accordingly, the historical consolidated financial information has been adjusted to give effect to the impact of the consideration

(In thousands, except share and per share amounts)

NOTE 2 BASIS OF PRESENTATION (Continued)

issued in connection with the Transaction. In the unaudited pro forma consolidated balance sheet, Iron Mountain's purchase price has been allocated to the assets acquired and liabilities assumed based upon management's preliminary estimate of their respective fair values as of the date of the Transaction. Any differences between the fair value of the consideration issued and the fair value of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed will be recorded as goodwill. The amounts allocated to the assets acquired and liabilities assumed in the unaudited pro forma consolidated financial statements are based on management's preliminary valuation estimates. Definitive allocations will be performed and finalized based on certain valuations and other studies that will be performed by Iron Mountain with the services of outside valuation specialists after the closing of the Transaction. Accordingly, the purchase price allocation adjustments and related depreciation and amortization reflected in the unaudited pro forma consolidated financial statements are preliminary, have been made solely for the purpose of preparing these statements and are subject to revision based on a final determination of fair value upon the closing of the Transaction.

The unaudited pro forma consolidated statements of operations also include certain purchase accounting adjustments, including items expected to have a continuing impact on the combined results, such as increased amortization expense on acquired intangible assets. The unaudited pro forma consolidated statements of operations do not include the impacts of any revenue, cost or other operating synergies that may result from the Transaction or any related restructuring costs. Iron Mountain and Recall have just recently begun collecting information in order to formulate detailed integration plans to deliver planned synergies. However, at this time, the integration plans are in their preliminary stages and the related acquisition related costs are not yet estimable and, therefore, are not factually supportable for purposes of inclusion in the unaudited pro forma consolidated financial information.

Financing Arrangement

Prior to, and conditioned upon the closing of the Transaction, Iron Mountain intends to enter into a financing arrangement (the "Recall Financing"), the proceeds of which will be used to finance a portion of the cash consideration of the purchase price to be paid in exchange for Recall common stock pursuant to the Transaction Agreement, and to repay Recall's outstanding indebtedness at the time of closing. Upon consummation of the Transaction, Iron Mountain expects outstanding borrowings under the Recall Financing to be approximately \$1,000,000. These borrowings under the Recall Financing will bear interest at LIBOR plus a margin resulting in an interest rate starting at 6.25%. The interest rate on borrowings under the Recall Financing resets quarterly and is capped at 7.75%. The Recall financing may not be available on favorable terms, if at all. If Iron Mountain is unable to obtain sufficient financing and consummate the Transaction, Iron Mountain may be subject to significant monetary or other damages under the Transaction Agreement.

24

(In thousands, except share and per share amounts)

NOTE 3 RECLASSIFICATIONS

Certain balances presented in the historical Recall financial statements included within these unaudited pro forma consolidated financial statements were reclassified to conform their presentation to that of Iron Mountain as indicated in the tables below:

Balance Sheet as of June 30, 2015

Item	Amount	Presentation in Recall's IFRS Statutory Financial Statements	Presentation in Unaudited Pro Forma Consolidated Financial Statements
Inventories	\$ 2,100	Inventories	Prepaid expenses and other
Other assets	16,500	Other assets	Prepaid expenses and other
Customer relationships	78,900	Intangible assets	Customer relationships and acquisition costs
Customer acquisition costs	30,600	Intangible assets	Customer relationships and acquisition costs
Other intangible assets	2,000	Intangible assets	Other
Computer software	23,300	Intangible assets	Property, plant and equipment, net
Deferred revenue	29,970	Trade and other payables	Deferred revenue
Deferred rent	11,351	Other liabilities	Deferred rent

The following balances have been included in other assets, accrued expenses and other long-term liabilities as follows:

Item	A	mount	Presentation in Unaudited Pro Forma Consolidated Financial Statements
Other receivables	\$	6,700	Other
Deferred tax assets		4,804	Other
Derivative financial instruments		100	Other
Other assets		296	Other
Taxes payable		7,500	Accrued expenses
Provisions		32,200	Accrued expenses
Derivative financial instruments		800	Other long-term liabilities
Provisions		12,000	Other long-term liabilities
Other liabilities		8,081	Other long-term liabilities

Unaudited Pro Forma Consolidated Statements of Operations Adjustments:

Certain line items in Recall's consolidated income statements have been reclassified to conform to Iron Mountain's presentation in the unaudited pro forma consolidated statements of operations as follows:

Operating expenses have been reclassified to selling, general and administrative, cost of sales and depreciation and amortization;

Gain on sale of business has been reclassified to (loss) gain on disposal/write-down of property, plant and equipment (excluding real estate), net;

Share of results of joint venture have been reclassified to selling, general and administrative;

Table of Contents

NOTES TO UNAUDITED PRO FORMA CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL INFORMATION (Continued)

(In thousands, except share and per share amounts)

NOTE 3 RECLASSIFICATIONS (Continued)

Finance revenue has been reclassified to interest expense, net; and

Finance costs have been reclassified to interest expense, net and other expense (income), net.

NOTE 4 PURCHASE PRICE

For the purpose of preparing the accompanying unaudited pro forma consolidated balance sheet as of June 30, 2015, the preliminary estimate of the purchase price was calculated as follows:

Recall shares issued and outstanding prior to closing of the Transaction(1)	323,100,000
Closing price per share of Iron Mountain common stock on September 15, 2015	\$ 28.89
Exchange ratio	0.1722
Consideration per share for Equity Election (rounded)	\$ 4.97486

Cash price per share in Australian dollars	A\$	8.50
U.S. dollar to Australian dollar exchange rate as of September 15, 2015		0.7113
Cash price per share in U.S. dollars	\$	6.04605
Less: Cash Supplement per share		(0.50)
Consideration per share for Cash Election (rounded)	\$	5.54605

Fair value of Cash Supplement in U.S. dollars(2) Fair value of consideration for Cash Election in U.S. dollars(3)	\$ 161,550 160,043
Fair value of consideration for Equity Election in U.S. dollars(4)	1,463,817
Total estimated purchase price in U.S. dollars	\$ 1,785,410

The estimated purchase price reflected in these unaudited pro forma consolidated financial statements does not purport to represent what the actual purchase price will be when the Transaction is consummated. In accordance with ASC 805, the fair value of equity securities issued as part of the consideration transferred will be measured on the closing date of the Transaction at the then-current market price. This requirement will likely result in a per-share equity component different from the \$28.89 assumed in these unaudited pro forma consolidated financial statements and that difference may be material. Iron Mountain believes that an increase or decrease of 24% in the market price of Iron Mountain's common stock on the closing date of the Transaction as compared to the market price of Iron Mountain's common stock assumed for purposes of these unaudited pro forma consolidated financial statements is possible based upon the recent history of the market price of Iron Mountain's common stock. This amount was derived based on historical volatility of Iron Mountain's common stock and is not indicative of Iron Mountain's future stock performance. Assuming that Recall shareholders elect the Cash Election up to the Cash Election Cap, a change of this

magnitude would increase or decrease the purchase price by approximately \$351,000, which would result in a corresponding increase or decrease to goodwill in these unaudited pro forma consolidated financial statements.

(1)

In accordance with the Transaction Agreement, prior to the completion of the Transaction, all outstanding rights to acquire any ordinary shares of Recall under Recall's equity incentive arrangements, including all unvested performance rights and retention rights (the "Recall Equity Awards") will vest and Recall will issue the number of Recall shares required by the Recall Equity

Table of Contents

NOTES TO UNAUDITED PRO FORMA CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL INFORMATION (Continued)

(In thousands, except share and per share amounts)

NOTE 4 PURCHASE PRICE (Continued)

Awards so that the relevant former holders of the Recall Equity Awards can participate in the Transaction. The number of Recall shares included in the table above represents the number of Recall shares outstanding as if the Transaction was completed as of June 30, 2015, including approximately 313,675,000 Recall shares outstanding as of June 30, 2015, as well as 9,425,000 Recall shares to be issued in connection with the Recall Equity Awards (inclusive of approximately 2,330,000 Recall shares related to Recall Equity Awards expected to be granted between June 30, 2015 and the close of the Transaction, as mutually agreed to by Recall and Iron Mountain).

(2)

The aggregate amount of the Cash Supplement upon the closing of the Transaction has been calculated as follows:

Cash Supplement per share of Recall common stock Recall shares issued and outstanding prior to closing of the Transaction	\$ 0.50 323,100,000
Total Cash Supplement	\$ 161,550

(3)

As noted in the table above, the estimated per-share consideration for the Equity Election based on the closing market price of Iron Mountain common stock as of September 15, 2015 is less than the estimated Cash Election per share based on the closing market price of Iron Mountain's common stock and the U.S. dollar to Australian dollar exchange rate of \$0.7113 to A\$1.00 in effect as of September 15, 2015. As a result, for the purpose of preparing these unaudited pro forma consolidated financial statements, Iron Mountain has assumed that Recall shareholders would elect the Cash Election up to the Cash Election Cap of \$160,043 (A\$225,000 translated at the exchange rate of \$0.7113 to A\$1.00 as of September 15, 2015).

Aggregate Cash Election amount	\$ 160,043
Cash Election consideration per share of Recall common stock (rounded)	5.54605
Shares of Recall common stock allocated to Cash Election	28,857,115

(4)

Represents the portion of consideration to be paid assuming a closing price of Iron Mountain common stock on September 15, 2015 of \$28.89 per share as follows:

Recall shares issued and outstanding prior to closing of the Transaction Shares of Recall common stock allocated to the Cash Election	323,100,000 (28,857,115)
Remaining Recall shares allocated to the Equity Election Fair value of total consideration per Recall share for Equity Election (rounded)	294,242,885 4.97486
Fair value of consideration for Equity Election	\$ 1,463,817

Fair value of consideration for Equity Election	\$ 1,463,817
Divided by Closing price per share of Iron Mountain common stock on September 15, 2015	28.89
Total Iron Mountain shares issued to satisfy Equity Election	50,668,640

Table of Contents

NOTES TO UNAUDITED PRO FORMA CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL INFORMATION (Continued)

(In thousands, except share and per share amounts)

NOTE 4 PURCHASE PRICE (Continued)

The following is a summary of the preliminary allocation of the above purchase price as reflected in the unaudited pro forma consolidated balance sheet as of June 30, 2015:

Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 88,500
Accounts receivable, net	183,200
Prepaid expenses and other	18,600
Property, plant and equipment	606,533
Customer relationship intangible asset	1,209,000
Other intangible assets	48,940
Deferred income tax assets, including current portion	21,538
Other assets long term	7,096
Accounts payable	(134,233)
Accrued expenses	(19,917)
Deferred revenue	(29,970)
Long-term debt, including current portion	(654,591)
Unfavorable lease liabilities	(13,890)
Other long-term liabilities	(29,115)
Deferred income tax liabilities, including current portion	(454,365)
Estimated fair value of net assets acquired	847,326
Preliminary allocation to goodwill	938,084
Estimated purchase price	\$ 1,785,410

The goodwill balance is primarily attributed to the assembled workforce, expanded market opportunities and cost and other operating synergies anticipated upon the integration of the operations of Iron Mountain and Recall. See Note 7 for a discussion of the methods used to determine the fair value of Recall's identifiable assets.

NOTE 5 IFRS TO U.S. GAAP ADJUSTMENTS

(a)

Reflects adjustments to the presentation of deferred income taxes as a result of the application of U.S. GAAP. In accordance with IFRS, on a jurisdictional basis all deferred tax assets ("DTAs") and deferred tax liabilities ("DTLs") are netted together, and the net DTA or DTL is recorded on the balance sheet as a noncurrent DTA or DTL, respectively. Under U.S. GAAP, jurisdictional netting of DTAs and DTLs are performed on a current versus noncurrent basis. The following table reflects the adjustments to current and noncurrent DTAs and DTLs as a result of the application of U.S. GAAP.

	А	mount	Balance Sheet Classification
Current deferred tax assets	\$	19,370	Deferred income taxes
Long-term deferred tax assets		423	Other
Current deferred tax liabilities		231	Accrued expenses
Uncertain tax position liability		8,234	Other long-term liabilities
Long-term deferred tax liabilities		11,328	Deferred income taxes

Reflects adjustments to reverse accrued expenses and related tax effects for restructuring actions taken by Recall during the year ended December 31, 2014 and the six months ended June 30, 2015 due to differences in the timing of recognition of such liabilities permitted under IFRS and U.S. GAAP. Under IFRS, liabilities for plant closures, lease terminations and other exit costs may

(In thousands, except share and per share amounts)

NOTE 5 IFRS TO U.S. GAAP ADJUSTMENTS (Continued)

generally be recognized when an entity has formally committed to a plan. U.S. GAAP prohibits the recognition of a liability based solely on an entity's commitment to a plan, and recognition of a provision for lease termination usually is upon the date the property is no longer used and most categories of exit costs are recognized as incurred.

Unaudited Pro Forma Balance Sheet Adjustments

	Adj	ustment	Balance Sheet Classification
Current deferred tax assets	\$	(1,981)	Deferred income taxes
Long-term deferred tax assets		(4,943)	Other
Accrued expenses		(19,783)	Accrued expenses
Long-term deferred tax liabilities		203	Deferred income taxes
Earnings in excess of distributions		12,656	Earnings in excess of distributions

Unaudited Pro Forma Statement of Operations Adjustments Year Ended December 31, 2014

Adjustment							
Cost of sales	\$	(8,700)					
Provision for income taxes		2,436					

Unaudited Pro Forma Statement of Operations Adjustments Six Months Ended June 30, 2015

	Adjustment					
Cost of sales	\$ (11,083)					
Provision for income taxes	3,103					

(c)

Reflects an adjustment to reclassify \$6,091 of unamortized debt issuance costs associated with Recall's outstanding indebtedness that were presented as a reduction of the debt liability. Under IFRS, when a financial liability is not carried at fair value, transaction costs including third party costs and creditor fees are deducted from the carrying value of the financial liability and are not recorded as separate assets. Under U.S. GAAP, third party fees related to debt issuance are classified as assets.

NOTE 6 CONFORMING ACCOUNTING POLICIES

At this time, except for the adjustments noted in (i) Note 5 to restate the consolidated financial statements of Recall previously issued under IFRS to be consistent with U.S. GAAP and (ii) Note 3 to reclassify certain balances presented in the historical financial statements of Recall to conform their presentation to that of Iron Mountain, Iron Mountain is not aware of any material differences between the accounting policies of the two companies that would continue to exist subsequent to the application of purchase accounting. Following the Transaction, Iron Mountain will conduct a more detailed review of Recall's accounting policies in an effort to determine if differences in accounting policies require further reclassification of Recall's results of operations or reclassification of assets or liabilities to conform to Iron Mountain's accounting policies and classifications. As a result, Iron Mountain may identify additional differences between the accounting policies of the two companies that, when conformed, could have a material impact on these unaudited pro forma consolidated financial statements.

Table of Contents

NOTES TO UNAUDITED PRO FORMA CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL INFORMATION (Continued)

(In thousands, except share and per share amounts)

NOTE 7 UNAUDITED PRO FORMA CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET ADJUSTMENTS

Purchase Accounting Adjustments:

(a)

Reflects the cash portion of the purchase price paid to Recall common shareholders, calculated as follows:

Cash paid to Recall common shareholders pursuant to Cash Supplement	\$ 161,550
Cash paid to Recall common shareholders pursuant to Cash Election	160,043
Total cash consideration	\$ 321,593

(b)

Reflects an increase in book value for Recall's property, plant and equipment balance to reflect their acquisition-date fair values of \$193,433 (consisting primarily of an increase in the value of racking structures of \$171,006), resulting in a total fair value of acquired property, plant and equipment of \$606,533. The fair value estimate for property, plant and equipment is preliminary and has been determined based on the assumptions that management believes market participants would use in pricing an asset, based on the most advantageous market for the asset (i.e., its highest and best use). This preliminary fair value estimate could include assets that are not intended to be used, may be sold or are intended to be used in a manner other than their highest and best use. For purposes of the accompanying unaudited pro forma consolidated financial statements, it is assumed that all assets will be used in a manner that represents their highest and best use. The final fair value determination for property, plant and equipment may differ materially from this preliminary determination.

(c)

Goodwill is calculated as the difference between the fair value of the purchase price and the values assigned to the identifiable tangible and intangible assets acquired and liabilities assumed. See Note 4 for the calculation of the amount of goodwill recognized in connection with the Transaction.

(d)

Reflects identifiable intangible assets expected to be recognized in connection with the Transaction, consisting of the following:

	Est	timated Fair	
Description		Value	Balance Sheet Classification
Customer relationships	\$	1,209,000	Customer relationships and acquisition costs
Recall trade name		34,000	Other
Favorable leases		14,940	Other
Total identifiable intangible assets	\$	1,257,940	

The fair value of the customer relationships intangible asset was valued using a multi-period excess earnings method, a form of the income approach, which incorporates the estimated future cash flows to be generated from Recall's existing customer base. Excess earnings are the earnings remaining after deducting the market rates of return on the estimated values of contributory assets, including debt-free net working capital, tangible assets, and other identifiable intangible assets. The excess earnings are thereby calculated for each year of a multi-year projection period and discounted to present value. Accordingly, the primary components of this method

consist of the determination of excess earnings and an appropriate rate of return.

The Recall trade name was valued using the relief from royalty method under the income approach, which estimates the cost savings generated by a company related to the ownership of an

(In thousands, except share and per share amounts)

NOTE 7 UNAUDITED PRO FORMA CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET ADJUSTMENTS (Continued)

asset for which it would otherwise have had to pay royalties or license fees on revenues earned through the use of the asset. The discount rate used is determined at the time of measurement based on an analysis of the implied internal rate of return of the transaction, weighted average cost of capital and weighted average return on assets.

The estimated value of favorable lease assets is \$14,940 and reflects leases with contractual rents that are less than current market rents.

The fair value estimate for all identifiable intangible assets is preliminary and is based on assumptions that management believes market participants would use in pricing an asset, based on the most advantageous market for the asset (i.e., its highest and best use). This preliminary fair value estimate could include assets that are not intended to be used, may be sold or are intended to be used in a manner other than their highest and best use. For purposes of the accompanying unaudited pro forma consolidated financial statements, it is assumed that all assets will be used in a manner that represents their highest and best use. The final fair value determinations for identifiable intangible assets may differ from this preliminary determination and those differences may be material.

(e)

Reflects the removal of capitalized borrowing costs of \$6,091 associated with Recall's outstanding indebtedness as a result of the application of purchase accounting.

(f)

Reflects an adjustment to eliminate the previously existing current and long-term deferred rent liabilities of Recall of \$1,497 and \$11,351 as a result of the application of purchase accounting.

(g)

Reflects an adjustment to record the fair value of unfavorable lease obligations of \$13,890 for leases with contractual rents that are greater than current market rents. The final fair value determination for unfavorable lease obligations may differ from this preliminary determination and those differences may be material.

(h)

Reflects the adjustments to record the step up of deferred income tax assets and liabilities resulting from pro forma fair value adjustments for the assets acquired and liabilities assumed as follows:

	Amount		Balance Sheet Classification
Current deferred tax assets	\$	(471)	Deferred income taxes
Long-term deferred tax assets		4,336	Other
Current deferred tax liabilities		21	Accrued expenses
Long-term deferred tax liabilities		373,914	Deferred income taxes

This estimate of deferred taxes was determined based on the changes in the book basis of the net assets to be acquired compared to the historical basis reflected in Recall's financial statements using a blended statutory tax rate of 28%. This statutory tax rate does not assume that the U.S. subsidiary of Recall will qualify as a REIT for U.S. income tax reporting purposes, as it is not factually supportable at this time. If the U.S. subsidiary of Recall were to qualify as a REIT, the estimated net deferred tax liability recorded at acquisition would be reduced by approximately \$228,000. Adjustments to established deferred tax assets and liabilities due to refined determination of statutory rates as well as the recognition of additional deferred tax assets and liabilities upon detailed analysis of the acquired assets and assumed liabilities may occur in conjunction with the finalization of the purchase accounting and these items could be material.

Table of Contents

NOTES TO UNAUDITED PRO FORMA CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL INFORMATION (Continued)

(In thousands, except share and per share amounts)

NOTE 7 UNAUDITED PRO FORMA CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET ADJUSTMENTS (Continued)

(i)

Reflects an adjustment of \$561,856 to eliminate Recall's historical stockholders' equity, which represents the historical book value of Recall's net assets, as a result of the application of purchase accounting.

Reflects adjustments of \$507 and \$1,082,710 to common stock and additional paid-in capital, respectively, to reflect the issuance of 50,668,640 shares of Iron Mountain common stock with a par value of \$0.01 per share to satisfy the Equity Election pursuant to the Transaction Agreement, assuming a closing price of Iron Mountain common stock on September 15, 2015 of \$28.89 per share (see Note 4).

Financing Adjustments

(j)

Prior to, and conditioned upon, the closing of the Transaction, Iron Mountain intends to enter into the Recall Financing, the proceeds of which will be used to finance a portion of the cash consideration of the purchase price to be paid in exchange for Recall common stock pursuant to the Transaction Agreement, and to repay Recall's outstanding indebtedness at the time of closing. Upon consummation of the Transaction, Iron Mountain expects outstanding borrowings under the Recall Financing to be approximately \$1,000,000, and that the cash proceeds to Iron Mountain will be approximately \$972,500 (net of approximately \$27,500 of financing costs that are expected to be deferred and amortized over the term of the Recall Financing to interest expense). Iron Mountain expects that these borrowings under the Recall Financing will bear interest at LIBOR plus a margin resulting in an interest rate starting at 6.25%. The interest rate on borrowings under the Recall Financing resets quarterly and is capped at 7.75%.

The pro forma adjustment reflects the entry into the Recall Financing as well as the repayment of \$641,291 of Recall's outstanding indebtedness as of June 30, 2015.

NOTE 8 UNAUDITED PRO FORMA CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS ADJUSTMENTS

(a)

Reflects adjustments to cost of sales of \$655 and \$328 for the year ended December 31, 2014 and the six months ended June 30, 2015, respectively, representing a net decrease in rent expense related to the amortization of favorable and unfavorable lease assets and liabilities recognized as part of purchase accounting related to above- or below-market leases.

(b)

Reflects an adjustment to selling, general and administrative expense of \$11,451 for the six months ended June 30, 2015 representing the elimination of the advisory, legal and accounting expenses incurred by both Iron Mountain and Recall in connection with the Transaction, which are not expected to have a continuing impact on results of operations.

Reflects adjustments to selling, general and administrative expense of \$7,100 and \$4,600 related to 7,107,730 and 7,071,410 performance and retention rights outstanding during the year ended December 31, 2014 and the six months ended June 30, 2015, respectively, representing the elimination of the Recall share-based compensation expense for each respective period as, in accordance with the Transaction Agreement, prior to the completion of the Transaction, all Recall Equity Awards will vest and Recall will issue the number of Recall shares required by the Recall Equity Awards so that the relevant former holders of the Recall Equity Awards can participate in

(In thousands, except share and per share amounts)

NOTE 8 UNAUDITED PRO FORMA CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS ADJUSTMENTS (Continued)

the Transaction. The unaudited pro forma consolidated statements of operations assume that the vesting and settlement of these awards occurred prior to January 1, 2014.

(c)

Reflects adjustments to depreciation and amortization expense of \$70,750 and \$34,025 for the year ended December 31, 2014 and the six months ended June 30, 2015, respectively, representing an increase in amortization expense related to the fair value of identified intangible assets with definite lives. The following table shows the pre-tax impact on amortization expense:

	Estimated		Amortization Expense Year Ended Six Mon			Expense Six Months
Description	Useful Life	Estimated Fair Value	-	ear Endeu ecember 31, 2014	E	nded June 30, 2015
Customer relationships	15	\$ 1,209,000	\$	80,600	\$	40,300
Recall trade name	8	34,000		4,250		2,125
Amortization expense				84,850		42,425
Less: Recall historical amortization				(14,100)		(8,400)
Additional amortization expense			\$	70,750	\$	34,025

Preliminary estimated future amortization expense, based upon Iron Mountain's newly acquired intangible assets at June 30, 2015, is as follows:

Year ending December 31, Amount					
Remaining 2015	\$	42,425			
2016		84,850			
2017		84,850			
2018		84,850			
2019		84,850			
Thereafter		861,175			
Total	\$	1,243,000			

(d)

Reflects adjustments to depreciation and amortization of \$10,824 and \$8,462 for the year ended December 31, 2014 and the six months ended June 30, 2015, respectively, representing increased

(In thousands, except share and per share amounts)

NOTE 8 UNAUDITED PRO FORMA CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS ADJUSTMENTS (Continued)

depreciation expense related to the fair value step-up of property, plant and equipment, with estimated lives ranging from 3 to 35 years, as follows:

	Estimated		Ye	Depreciati ar Ended	Expense Six Months
Description	Useful Life	 stimated air Value	Dec	cember 31, 2014	nded June 30, 2015
Racking	12	\$ 373,406	\$	31,117	\$ 15,559
Land	N/A	22,251		N/A	N/A
Warehouse equipment and vehicles	4	42,700		10,675	5,338
Computer hardware and software	3	31,600		10,533	5,267
Buildings	35	73,576		2,102	1,051
Other property, plant and equipment	5	63,000		13,097	6,547
Depreciation expense				67,524	33,762
Less: Recall historical depreciation				(56,700)	(25,300)
Additional depreciation expense			\$	10,824	\$ 8,462

(e)

Reflects adjustments to provision for income taxes of \$20,669 and \$7,310 for the year ended December 31, 2014 and six months ended June 30, 2015, respectively, to reflect the tax effect of the pro forma adjustments based on an estimated blended statutory tax rate of 28%. This statutory tax rate does not assume that the U.S. subsidiary of Recall will qualify as a REIT for U.S. income tax reporting purposes, as it is not factually supportable at this time. Because the tax rate used for these unaudited pro forma consolidated financial statements is an estimate, it will likely vary from the effective rate in periods subsequent to the completion of the Transaction and those differences may be material.

(f)

The weighted average shares outstanding used to compute basic and diluted net loss per share for the year ended December 31, 2014 and the six months ended June 30, 2015 have been adjusted to give effect to the issuance of 50,668,640 shares of Iron Mountain common stock to satisfy the Equity Election (assuming a closing price of Iron Mountain common stock on September 15, 2015 of \$28.89 per share) as if such issuances had occurred on January 1, 2014.

Financing Adjustments

(g)

Reflects the following adjustments to interest expense resulting from the anticipated Recall Financing entered into by Iron Mountain upon the closing of the Transaction as well as the repayment in full of Recall's outstanding indebtedness:

(i)

increase to interest expense of \$67,812 and \$37,187 for the year ended December 31, 2014 and six months ended June 30, 2015, respectively, reflecting estimated interest expense associated with the Recall Financing using a weighted average interest rate of 7.00% per year;

(ii)

increase to interest expense reflecting amortization of estimated deferred financing costs of \$3,438 and \$1,719 for the year ended December 31, 2014 and the six months ended June 30, 2015, respectively, associated with the establishment of the Recall Financing; and

(iii)

the elimination of interest expense of \$20,609 and \$10,638 and a corresponding tax expense of \$5,771 and \$2,979 for the year ended December 31, 2014 and the six months ended June 30, 2015, respectively, related to Recall's outstanding indebtedness that will be repaid in full upon

(In thousands, except share and per share amounts)

NOTE 8 UNAUDITED PRO FORMA CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS ADJUSTMENTS (Continued)

the closing of the Transaction, which is assumed, for the purposes of the unaudited pro forma consolidated statements of operations, to have occurred on January 1, 2014.

The Recall Financing is expected to be denominated in U.S. dollars and is expected to be borrowed by Iron Mountain Incorporated ("IMI"), Iron Mountain's U.S. parent. As IMI qualifies as a REIT, the unaudited pro forma consolidated statements of operations for the year ended December 31, 2014 and the six months ended June 30, 2015, respectively, do not reflect a tax benefit related to the pro forma interest expense and amortization of deferred financing costs associated with the Recall Financing.

A 1/8th percent increase in the assumed rates would result in an aggregate increase to the above noted interest expense of \$1,250 and \$625 for the year ended December 31, 2014 and the six months ended June 30, 2015, respectively.

The unaudited pro forma consolidated statement of operations adjustments for the year ended December 31, 2014 have not been adjusted to remove the one-time net tax benefit recorded by Iron Mountain during the year ended December 31, 2014 as discussed in Note 7 to the consolidated financial statements included within the Iron Mountain May 7th Current Report, which has been incorporated by reference into this proxy statement, as this adjustment is not directly attributable to the Transaction.

NOTE 9 SUPPLEMENTARY UNAUDITED PRO FORMA CONSOLIDATED REVENUE INFORMATION

The following tables provide certain unaudited supplementary data for Iron Mountain, Recall and the combined company on a pro forma basis. See Note 2 within the notes to the unaudited pro forma consolidated financial information beginning on page 23 for information concerning how the historical consolidated statement of operations information of Iron Mountain and Recall for the twelve months ended December 31, 2014 and the six months ended June 30, 2015 were derived.

35

Table of Contents

NOTES TO UNAUDITED PRO FORMA CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL INFORMATION (Continued)

(In thousands, except share and per share amounts)

NOTE 9 SUPPLEMENTARY UNAUDITED PRO FORMA CONSOLIDATED REVENUE INFORMATION (Continued)

Revenues by Geography

	(as the	n Mountain reported for six months led June 30, 2015)	Recall (for the six months ended June 30, 2015)	Pro Forma (for the six months ended June 30, 2015)		
North America(1)	\$	1,097,635	\$ 161,700	\$	1,259,335	
Latin America(2)		116,569	30,500		147,069	
Europe(3)		250,208	88,800		339,008	
Asia Pacific(4)		44,608	119,800		164,408	
	\$	1,509,020	\$ 400,800	\$	1,909,820	

	(as the	n Mountain reported for year ended ecember 31, 2014)	Rec (for twelve mor December	the nths ended	Pro Forma (for the year ended December 31, 2014)		
North America(1)	\$	2,199,148	\$	306,900	\$	2,506,048	
Latin America(2)		247,318		69,700		317,018	
Europe(3)		569,018		214,700		783,718	
Asia Pacific(4)		102,209		265,500		367,709	
	\$	3,117,693	\$	856,800	\$	3,974,493	

(1)

Includes the United States and Canada.

(2)

Includes Argentina, Brazil, Chile, Colombia, Mexico and Peru.

(3)

Includes Austria, Belgium, Czech Republic, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Ireland, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Romania, Russia, Serbia, Slovakia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey, Ukraine and the United Kingdom.

(4)

Includes Australia, India, China, Hong Kong-SAR, Malaysia, New Zealand, Singapore, Taiwan and Thailand.

(In thousands, except share and per share amounts)

NOTE 9 SUPPLEMENTARY UNAUDITED PRO FORMA CONSOLIDATED REVENUE INFORMATION (Continued)

Revenues by Product and Service Line

	(Iron Mountain (as reported for the six months ended June 30, 2015)		Recall (for the six months ended June 30, 2015)	Pro Forma (for the six months ended June 30, 2015)		
Records Management(1)(2)	\$	1,128,065	\$	311,100	\$	1,439,165	
Data Management(1)(3)		262,636		41,800		304,436	
Destruction(1)(4)		118,319		47,900		166,219	
	\$	1,509,020	\$	400,800	\$	1,909,820	

	(as th	on Mountain s reported for e year ended becember 31, 2014)	Recall (for the twelve months ended December 31, 2014)		Pro Forma (for the year ended December 31, 2014)	
Records Management(1)(2)	\$	2,329,546	\$	658,500	\$	2,988,046
Data Management(1)(3)		531,516		88,700		620,216
Destruction(1)(4)		256,631		109,600		366,231
	\$	3,117,693	\$	856,800	\$	3,974,493

(1)

Each of the offerings within the product and service lines has a component of revenue that is storage rental related and a component that is service revenues, except the Destruction service offering, which does not have a storage component.

(2)

Includes business records management, compliant records management and consulting services, document management solutions, fulfillment services, health information management solutions, energy data services, dedicated facilities management and technology escrow services.

Includes data protection and recovery services and entertainment services.

(4)

Includes secure shredding and compliant information destruction.

⁽³⁾

Table of Contents

COMPARATIVE PER SHARE DATA

The table set forth below depicts the basic and diluted earnings per share, cash dividends declared per share and book value per share for (a) Iron Mountain and Recall on a historical basis, (b) the combination of Iron Mountain and Recall on an unaudited pro forma consolidated basis and (c) Recall in comparison with the equivalent pro forma net income and book value per share attributable to 0.1722 of a newly issued share of Iron Mountain common stock that will be received for each ordinary share of Recall exchanged in the Transaction, based on the closing market price of Iron Mountain's common stock as well as the exchange ratio between the U.S. dollar and the Australian dollar as of September 15, 2015, and assuming the Cash Election is fully utilized. The unaudited pro forma consolidated data of the combined company was derived by combining the historical consolidated financial information of Iron Mountain and Recall using the acquisition method of accounting for business combinations as described in the section of this proxy statement entitled, "*Accounting Treatment*." For a discussion of the assumptions and adjustments made in the preparation of the unaudited pro forma consolidated financial information presented in this proxy statement, see the section entitled "*Unaudited Pro Forma Consolidated Financial Information*" beginning on page 19 of this proxy statement.

Recall's consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with IFRS, which differs in a number of significant respects from U.S. GAAP. For a general discussion of the significant differences between IFRS and U.S. GAAP, please see the section entitled "Summary of Significant Differences between IFRS and U.S. GAAP" on page 18 of this proxy statement.

You should read the information presented in the table below together with the historical financial statements of Iron Mountain and Recall and the related notes and the Unaudited Pro Forma Consolidated Financial Information appearing elsewhere in this proxy statement or incorporated herein by reference. The pro forma data are unaudited and for illustrative purposes only. The companies may have performed differently had they always been combined. You should not rely on this information as being indicative of the historical results that would have been achieved had the companies always been combined or the future results that the combined company will achieve after the consummation of the Transaction.

Historical Data Per Share

The historical book value per share data for Iron Mountain presented below is computed by dividing total Iron Mountain Incorporated stockholders' equity of \$856.4 million on December 31, 2014 and \$708.8 million on June 30, 2015, by the number of shares outstanding on those dates.

	Yea	Iron Mo of and for ar Ended ber 31, 2014	Siz	in As of and for x Months Ended June 30, 2015
Income (loss) from continuing operations per common share				
Basic	\$	1.68	\$	0.45
Diluted		1.67		0.45
Shares used in calculating basic and diluted income (loss) from continuing operations per common share				
Basic		195,278		210,468
Diluted		196,749		212,163
Book value per share	\$	4.08	\$	3.36
. 38				

Table of Contents

The historical book value per share data for Recall presented below is computed by dividing total Recall Holdings Limited total equity of \$599.4 million on June 30, 2014 and \$549.2 million on June 30, 2015, respectively, by the number of shares outstanding on those dates.

	Recall			
	As of and for Year Ended June 30, 2014			s of and for Year Ended une 30, 2015
Earnings per share				
Basic	\$	0.20	\$	0.21
Diluted		0.20		0.21
Shares used in calculating basic and diluted earnings per common share				
Basic		208,700		313,400
Diluted		209,800		317,400
Book value per share	\$	1.92	\$	1.75

Unaudited Pro Forma Consolidated Data Per Share

The pro forma book value per share as of June 30, 2015 is computed by dividing pro forma consolidated Iron Mountain Incorporated Stockholders' Equity of \$2,172.6 million on June 30, 2015 by the pro forma number of shares assumed to be outstanding on that date.

	Iron Mountain & Recall Pro Forma Consolidated			
		For ar Ended ber 31, 2014	Six I	s of and for Months Ended 1ne 30, 2015
Income (loss) from continuing operations per common share				
Basic	\$	1.12	\$	0.32
Diluted		1.11		0.32
Shares used in calculating basic and diluted income (loss) from continuing operations per common share				
Basic		245,947		261,137
Diluted		247,418		262,832
Book value per share(1)			\$	0.12

(1)

Pro forma book value per share is only calculated for a June 30, 2015 Transaction date.

39

Table of Contents

COMPARATIVE PER SHARE MARKET PRICE AND DIVIDEND INFORMATION

Shares of Iron Mountain common stock are currently listed and principally traded on the NYSE under the symbol "IRM." Ordinary shares of Recall are currently listed and principally traded on the ASX under the symbol "REC." The following table sets forth, for the periods indicated, the high and low sales prices per share of Iron Mountain common stock and Recall ordinary shares as reported on the NYSE and the ASX, respectively. Price per share information for Recall ordinary shares is presented in Australian dollars.

Iron Mountain:

Fiscal Year Ending December 31, 2015	High	Low
Third Quarter (through September 15, 2015)	\$ 32.25	\$ 26.49
Second Quarter	\$ 38.49	\$ 30.95
First Quarter	\$ 41.53	\$ 35.60

Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2014	High			Low
Fourth Quarter	\$	40.41	\$	31.11
Third Quarter	\$	37.10	\$	31.17
Second Quarter	\$	31.15	\$	25.95
First Quarter	\$	30.48	\$	25.74

Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2013	High	Low
Fourth Quarter	\$ 30.80	\$ 25.03
Third Quarter	\$ 29.12	\$ 25.53
Second Quarter	\$ 39.71	\$ 25.91
First Quarter	\$ 36.67	\$ 31.45
Recall:		

Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2016	Hi	gh	I	Low
First Quarter (through September 15, 2015)	A\$	7.33	A\$	6.52

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015	Н	igh	I	Low
Fourth Quarter	A\$	7.92	A\$	6.71
Third Quarter	A\$	8.09	A\$	6.77
Second Quarter	A\$	7.75	A\$	5.36
First Quarter	A\$	5.71	A\$	4.54

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014	н	igh	I	JOW
Fourth Quarter	A\$	4.95	A\$	4.37
Third Quarter	A\$	4.91	A\$	4.01
Second Quarter (from December 10, 2013)	A\$	4.53	A\$	3.65

The table below sets forth the closing sale prices of Iron Mountain common stock and Recall ordinary shares as reported on the NYSE and ASX, respectively, on April 27, 2015 (the last trading day prior to the announcement of an agreement in principle between Iron Mountain and Recall pursuant to which Iron Mountain would acquire Recall), on June 5, 2015 (the last trading day prior to the public announcement of the Transaction), and September 15, 2015. The table also shows the implied value of one ordinary share of Recall, which was calculated by multiplying the closing price of Iron Mountain common stock on that date by the exchange ratio of 0.1722 (the "exchange ratio") and adding the Cash

Table of Contents

Supplement (except in the case of April 27, 2015 because the Cash Supplement was not included in the agreement in principle announced by the parties on April 28, 2015). The market prices of Iron Mountain common stock and Recall ordinary shares likely will fluctuate between the date of this proxy statement and the time of the Iron Mountain and Recall shareholder approvals and the completion of the Transaction. No assurance can be given concerning the market prices of Iron Mountain common stock or Recall ordinary shares before the completion of the Transaction or the market price of Iron Mountain common stock after the completion of the Transaction.

The Transaction consideration is fixed in the Transaction Agreement and will not be adjusted for changes in the market value of the Iron Mountain common stock or Recall ordinary shares. As a result, the market value of the Iron Mountain common stock that Recall shareholders will receive in the Transaction may vary significantly from the prices shown in the table below.

	Recall Ordinary Share		Iron Mountain Common Stock	Share Conversion	Su	Cash pplement	U.S. dollar to Australian dollar exchange	Implied Value of Recall Ordinary	
Date		(A\$)(3)	(US\$)(4)	Ratio	(US\$)(5)	rate(6)	S	hare (A\$)
April 27, 2015(1)	\$	7.69	\$ 36.24	0.1722	\$		0.7812	\$	7.99
June 5, 2015(2)	\$	7.02	\$ 32.65	0.1722	\$	0.50	0.7724	\$	7.93
September 15, 2015	\$	6.87	\$ 28.89	0.1722	\$	0.50	0.7113	\$	7.70

(1)

Represents the last trading day prior to announcement of an agreement in principle between Iron Mountain and Recall whereby Iron Mountain would acquire 100% of the issued share capital of Recall.

(2)

Represents the last trading day prior to announcement of the Transaction Agreement.

(3)

Trading price of Recall common stock upon the close of trading on the ASX on the date indicated.

(4)

Trading price of Iron Mountain common stock upon the close of trading on the NYSE on the date indicated.

(5)

Represents the Cash Supplement as agreed upon in the Transaction Agreement. Cash Supplement is not included for the April 27, 2015 calculation as the Cash Supplement was not contemplated in the original agreement in principle.

(6)

Historical exchange rates based on ending exchange rate for the date indicated per Oanda.com.

Iron Mountain stockholders should obtain current market prices for shares of Iron Mountain common stock and Recall ordinary shares in deciding whether to vote for the approval of the Transaction Proposal.

Dividends

Iron Mountain

In February 2010, the Iron Mountain board of directors adopted a dividend policy under which Iron Mountain has paid, and in the future intends to pay, quarterly cash dividends on its common stock. Declaration and payment of future quarterly dividends is at the discretion of the Iron Mountain board of directors.

On September 15, 2014, Iron Mountain announced a special distribution of \$700,000 (the "Special Distribution") payable to stockholders of record as of September 30, 2014. The Special Distribution represented the remaining amount of Iron Mountain's undistributed earnings and profits attributable to all taxable periods ending on or prior to December 31, 2013, which in accordance with tax rules applicable to REIT conversions, Iron Mountain was required to pay to its stockholders on or before December 31, 2014. The Special Distribution also included certain items of taxable income that Iron Mountain recognized in 2014, such as depreciation recapture in respect of accounting method changes commenced in Iron Mountain's pre-REIT period as well as foreign earnings and profits recognized as

Table of Contents

dividend income. The Special Distribution followed an initial special distribution of \$700,000 paid to Iron Mountain stockholders in November 2012.

The Special Distribution was paid on November 4, 2014 (the "Payment Date") to stockholders of record as of September 30, 2014 in a combination of common stock and cash. Stockholders had the right to elect to be paid their pro rata portion of the Special Distribution in all common stock or all cash, with the total cash payment to stockholders limited to no more than \$140,000 or 20% of the total Special Distribution, not including cash paid in lieu of fractional shares. Based on stockholder elections, Iron Mountain paid \$140,000 of the Special Distribution in cash, not including cash paid in lieu of fractional shares, with the balance paid in the form of common stock. Iron Mountain's shares of common stock were valued for purposes of the Special Distribution based upon the average closing price on the three trading days following October 24, 2014, or \$35.55 per share, and as a result, Iron Mountain issued approximately 15,750,000 shares of common stock in the Special Distribution. These shares impacted weighted average shares outstanding from the date of issuance, and thus impact Iron Mountain's earnings per share data prospectively from the Payment Date.

In November 2014, the Iron Mountain board of directors declared a distribution of \$0.255 per share (the "Catch-Up Distribution") payable on December 15, 2014 to stockholders of record on November 28, 2014. The Iron Mountain board of directors declared the Catch-Up Distribution because Iron Mountain's cash distributions paid from January 2014 through July 2014 were declared and paid before the Iron Mountain's board of directors had determined that Iron Mountain would elect REIT status effective January 1, 2014 and were therefore less than they otherwise would have been if the final determination to elect REIT status effective January 1, 2014 had been made prior to such distributions.

In 2013, 2014 and during the first six months of 2015, the Iron Mountain board of directors declared and paid the following dividends:

Declaration Date	 vidend r Share	Record Date	Amount ousands)	Payment Date
March 14, 2013	\$ 0.2700	March 25, 2013	\$ 51,460	April 15, 2013
June 6, 2013	0.2700	June 25, 2013	51,597	July 15, 2013
September 11, 2013	0.2700	September 25, 2013	51,625	October 15, 2013
December 16, 2013	0.2700	December 27, 2013	51,683	January 15, 2014
March 14, 2014	0.2700	March 25, 2014	51,812	April 15, 2014
May 28, 2014	0.2700	June 25, 2014	52,033	July 15, 2014
September 15, 2014	0.4750	September 25, 2014	91,993	October 15, 2014
September 15, 2014(1)	3.6144	September 30, 2014	700,000	November 4, 2014
November 17, 2014(2)	0.2550	November 28, 2014	53,450	December 15, 2014
November 17, 2014	0.4750	December 5, 2014	99,617	December 22, 2014
February 19, 2015	0.4750	March 6, 2015	99,795	March 20, 2015
May 28, 2015	0.4750	June 12, 2015	100,119	June 26, 2015

(1)

Represents Special Distribution

(2)

Represents Catch-Up Distribution

During the years ended December 31, 2012, 2013 and 2014, Iron Mountain's board of directors declared distributions to Iron Mountain stockholders of \$886,896, \$206,365 and \$1,048,905 respectively. These distributions represent approximately \$5.12 per share, \$1.08 per share and \$5.37 per share for the years ended December 31, 2012, 2013 and 2014, respectively, based on the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during each respective year. For each of 2012 and 2014, total amounts distributed included special distributions of \$700,000 or \$4.07 and \$3.61 per share,

Table of Contents

respectively, associated with Iron Mountain's conversion to a REIT. A portion of these distributions were paid to Iron Mountain stockholders in the form of Iron Mountain common stock.

For federal income tax purposes, distributions to Iron Mountain's stockholders are generally treated as nonqualified ordinary dividends, qualified ordinary dividends or return of capital. The United States Internal Revenue Service (the "IRS") requires historical C corporation earnings and profits to be distributed prior to any REIT distributions, which may affect the character of each distribution to Iron Mountain stockholders, including whether and to what extent each distribution is characterized as a qualified or nonqualified ordinary dividend. For the years ended December 31, 2012, 2013 and 2014, the dividends Iron Mountain paid on its common stock were classified as follows:

	Year Ended December 31,				
	2012	2013	2014		
Nonqualified ordinary dividends	0.0%	0.0%	26.4%		
Qualified ordinary dividends	100.0%	100.0%	56.4%		
Return of capital	0.0%	0.0%	17.2%		
	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%		

Recall

On August 24, 2014, the Recall board of directors adopted a dividend policy under which Recall has paid, and in the future intends to pay, certain dividends on its shares. Recall's dividend policy has a long-term target dividend pay-out ratio of 55-70% of underlying net profit after tax, after taking account of the future funding needs of the business. Recall established a Dividend Reinvestment Plan in August 2014. However, Recall has not yet activated that plan.

Under the Corporations Act, Recall may not pay a dividend unless Recall's assets exceed its liabilities immediately before the dividend is declared and the excess is sufficient for the payment of the dividend, the payment of the dividend is fair and reasonable to Recall shareholders as a whole and the payment of the dividend does not materially prejudice Recall's ability to pay creditors. Subject to the Corporations Act, the constitution of Recall and the terms of issue or rights of any shares with special rights to dividends, the Recall directors may declare or determine that a dividend is payable, fix the amount and the time for payment and authorize the payment or crediting by Recall to, or at the direction of, each Recall shareholder entitled to that dividend.

In 2014 and 2015, the Recall board of directors declared and paid the following dividends:

Balance Date	Dividend Per Share		Total Amount			
			Record Date	(in thousands)		Payment Date
June 30, 2015	A\$	0.10	October 7, 2015	A\$	31,370	October 27, 2015
December 31, 2014	A\$	0.09	April 7, 2015	A\$	28,200	April 24, 2015
June 30, 2014	A\$	0.08	October 1, 2014	A\$	25,100	October 23, 2014

In the 2013-14 financial year, the Recall board of directors determined to pay a dividend of A\$0.08 per Recall share. The dividend was unfranked and 100% was classified as conduit foreign income.

In the first half of the 2014-15 financial year, the Recall board of directors determined to pay a dividend of A\$0.09 per Recall share. The dividend was 30% franked and 70% was classified as conduit foreign income. In the second half of the 2014-15 financial year, the Recall board of directors determined to pay a dividend of A\$0.10 per Recall share. The dividend was 40% franked and 60% was classified as conduit foreign income.

In December 2013, Brambles Limited, an Australian public company limited by shares ("Brambles"), implemented a demerger transaction by way of a distribution of shares of Recall to

Table of Contents

Brambles' shareholders (the "Demerger"). As part of the Demerger process, Recall paid a dividend of \$23,800 to Brambles on December 18, 2013. This dividend was unfranked.

As part of Recall's dividend policy, Recall intends to frank future dividends to the extent practicable, which is likely to mean partial franking in the medium term. The unfranked component of Recall's dividends paid to non-Australian residents is intended to be conduit foreign income to the extent possible and therefore not subject to Australian withholding tax. However, there is a risk that some, or all, of the unfranked component may be subject to Australian withholding tax.

On the basis that the Transaction will become effective after December 31, 2015, the Recall board of directors intends to pay a dividend for the period from July 1, 2015 to December 31, 2015 (i.e. first half of 2016) subject to law and consistent with Recall's existing dividend policy.

44

Table of Contents

QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS ABOUT THE SPECIAL MEETING PROPOSALS

The following are some questions that you, as a stockholder of Iron Mountain, may have regarding the Transaction and the other matters being considered at the special meeting of Iron Mountain stockholders, as well as answers to those questions. Iron Mountain urges you to read this proxy statement carefully and in its entirety because the information in this section does not provide all of the information that might be important to you with respect to the Transaction. Additional important information is also contained in the annexes to, and the documents incorporated by reference into, this proxy statement.

Q:

Why am I receiving this proxy statement?

A:

Iron Mountain is proposing to acquire Recall in the Transaction pursuant to the terms and conditions of the Transaction Agreement, the Scheme and the Deed Poll that are described in this proxy statement. In the Transaction, Iron Mountain Sub will acquire all of the outstanding ordinary shares of Recall in exchange for cash and newly issued shares of Iron Mountain common stock pursuant to a scheme of arrangement under Australian corporate law. As a result, Recall will become a wholly-owned subsidiary of Iron Mountain Sub. Upon the completion of the Transaction, shares of Iron Mountain common stock representing approximately 19% to 21%, depending upon the extent to which the Cash Election is made, of the outstanding common stock of Iron Mountain will be issued to former Recall shareholders, and the shares of common stock held by existing Iron Mountain stockholders will represent approximately 79% to 81% of the outstanding common stock of Iron Mountain immediately after the completion of the Transaction. A copy of the Transaction Agreement is attached to this proxy statement as Annex A. A copy of the draft Scheme forms Annexure 2 to the Transaction Agreement, and a copy of the draft Deed Poll forms Annexure 3 to the Transaction Agreement.

In order to complete the Transaction, Recall shareholders and the Sydney Federal Court (or such other competent court agreed by Iron Mountain and Recall) must approve the Transaction and all other conditions to the Transaction must be satisfied or waived.

Iron Mountain will hold a special meeting of its stockholders to obtain the required approval of its stockholders, and Recall will hold a separate special meeting of its shareholders to obtain the required approval of its shareholders.

What will I receive in the Transaction?

A:

Q:

Iron Mountain stockholders will continue to own their existing shares of Iron Mountain common stock after the Transaction. Immediately after the completion of the Transaction, Iron Mountain's existing stockholders will collectively own approximately 79% to 81%, depending upon the extent to which the Cash Election is made, of the outstanding common stock of Iron Mountain, and Recall's former shareholders will collectively own approximately 19% to 21% of the outstanding common stock of Iron Mountain.

Q:

When and where will Iron Mountain hold its special meeting?

A:

The special meeting will be held at 9:00 a.m. local time on November 19, 2015, at One Federal Street, 9th floor, Boston, MA, to consider and vote on each of the proposals described below.

Q:

What will the Iron Mountain stockholders be asked to vote upon at the special meeting?

A:

At the special meeting, Iron Mountain's stockholders will be asked to consider and vote upon the following proposals:

1.

the Transaction Proposal; and

Table of Contents

2.

to approve one or more adjournments of the special meeting, if necessary or appropriate, including adjournments to permit further solicitation of proxies if there are insufficient votes at the time of the special meeting to approve the Transaction Proposal.

Q: What will the Recall shareholders be asked to vote upon?

A:

Recall shareholders will not be asked to vote on any of the proposals to be considered and voted upon at the Iron Mountain special meeting. Rather, if, at the First Court Hearing, the Sydney Federal Court (or such other competent court agreed by Iron Mountain and Recall), grants the necessary orders to convene a meeting of Recall shareholders to consider and vote upon a resolution to approve the Transaction, Recall will hold a separate special meeting of its shareholders pursuant to those orders.

Q:

Who is eligible to vote at the special meeting?

A:

Holders of Iron Mountain common stock as of the close of business on October 5, 2015, the record date for the special meeting, are eligible to vote.

Q:

How many votes do Iron Mountain's stockholders have?

A:

Holders of Iron Mountain's common stock are entitled to cast one vote on each proposal properly brought before the special meeting for each share of Iron Mountain common stock that such holder owned at the close of business on the record date.

Q:

What constitutes a quorum for the special meeting?

A:

A majority of the outstanding shares of Iron Mountain common stock entitled to vote being present in person or represented by proxy constitutes a quorum for the special meeting. Abstentions will be counted for purposes of determining the presence of a quorum at the special meeting but will not be considered as votes cast. Banks, brokers and other nominees that hold their customers' shares in street name may not vote their customers' shares on "non-routine" matters without instructions from their customers. As each of the proposals to be voted upon at the special meeting is considered "non-routine," such organizations do not have discretion to vote on any proposal for which they do not receive instructions from their customers (this is referred to in this context as a "broker non-vote"). As a result, if you fail to provide your broker, bank or other nominee with any instructions regarding how to vote your shares, your shares will not be considered present at the special meeting, will not be counted for purposes of determining the presence of a quorum and will not be voted on any of the proposals. If you provide instructions to your broker, bank or other nominee which indicate how to vote your shares with respect to a proposal but not with respect to the other proposal, your shares will not be voted with respect to the other proposal.

If a quorum is not present at the meeting, the chairman of the meeting may adjourn the meeting to continue to solicit proxies.

What vote by the Iron Mountain stockholders is required to approve the Transaction Proposal?

A:

Q:

Pursuant to Section 312.03 of the NYSE Listed Company Manual, approval of the Transaction Proposal will require the affirmative vote of, in person or by proxy, holders of a majority of the total votes cast with respect to the Transaction Proposal.

Table of Contents

Why is my vote important?

A:

Q:

Q:

In order to complete the Transaction, Iron Mountain stockholders must approve the Transaction Proposal.

Why am I being asked to consider and vote upon the Transaction Proposal?

A:

Because Iron Mountain common stock is listed for trading on the NYSE, issuances of shares of Iron Mountain common stock are subject to the NYSE Listed Company Manual. Section 312.03 of the NYSE Listed Company Manual requires stockholder approval for the issuance of shares of Iron Mountain common stock in instances where the number of securities issued or issuable in payment of the purchase price in a transaction exceeds 20% of the number of securities of the listed issuer which are outstanding, on a non-diluted basis before the new issuance. Because the Transaction Agreement, the Scheme and Deed Poll contemplate the issuance of shares of Iron Mountain common stock in excess of this threshold on a non-diluted basis, Iron Mountain is asking you to approve the Transaction Proposal.

Q:

Will the newly issued shares of Iron Mountain common stock be traded on an exchange?

A:

It is a condition to the completion of the Transaction that the shares of common stock of Iron Mountain to be issued pursuant to the Transaction be approved for listing on the NYSE and on the ASX.

Accordingly, Iron Mountain has agreed to obtain listing approval from the NYSE for the Iron Mountain shares that will be issued in the Transaction. Iron Mountain has also agreed to establish a secondary listing on the ASX to allow Recall shareholders to trade Iron Mountain shares via Iron Mountain CDIs on the ASX.

What are Iron Mountain and Recall's reasons for proposing the Transaction and entering into the Transaction Agreement?

A:

Q:

The Iron Mountain board of directors concluded that there are significant potential benefits in the Transaction, including, among other things, an expanded global footprint, increased economies of scale, significant synergies and the potential future share appreciation of Iron Mountain, that outweigh the uncertainties, risks and potentially negative factors relevant to the Transaction. For a more detailed discussion of the reasoning of Iron Mountain's board of directors, see "*The Transaction Iron Mountain's Reasons for the Transaction*" beginning on page 75 of this proxy statement and "*The Transaction Recommendations of the Iron Mountain Board of Directors*" beginning on page 77 of this proxy statement.

Q:

What is a scheme of arrangement?

A:

A scheme of arrangement is a statutory procedure under Australian corporate law that allows companies to carry out transactions with shareholders and court approval that becomes binding on all shareholders by operation of law. The scheme of arrangement that is being proposed by Recall will allow Iron Mountain Sub to acquire all of the outstanding Recall ordinary shares.

Q:

How does Iron Mountain's board of directors recommend that I vote?

A:

Iron Mountain's board of directors unanimously recommends that you vote "FOR" each of the proposals to be considered and voted upon at the special meeting.

Table of Contents

Q:

What do I need to do now?

A:

Please read this proxy statement carefully, including its annexes, to consider how the Transaction affects you. After you read this proxy statement, you should complete, sign and date your proxy card and mail it in the enclosed return envelope or submit your proxy over the telephone or over the Internet as soon as possible so that your shares can be voted at the special meeting. If you sign, date and mail your proxy card without indicating how you wish to vote, your vote will be counted as a vote "**FOR**" each of the proposals being considered and voted upon at the special meeting. If your shares are held in "street name" by your broker, bank or other nominee, you should follow the directions provided by your broker, bank or other nominee. Your broker, bank or other nominee will vote your shares only if you provide instructions on how you would like your shares to be voted.

Q:

How do I vote?

A:

If you are a stockholder of record, you may vote in any of the following ways:

To vote in person, come to the special meeting and you will be able to vote by ballot. To ensure that your shares are voted at the special meeting, Iron Mountain's board of directors recommends that you submit a proxy even if you plan to attend the special meeting.

To vote using the enclosed proxy card, simply complete, sign and date the enclosed proxy card and return it promptly in the enclosed return envelope. If you return your signed proxy card to Iron Mountain before the special meeting, Iron Mountain will vote your shares as you direct.

To vote by telephone, dial the toll-free telephone number located on the enclosed proxy card and follow the recorded instructions. You will be asked to provide the control number from the enclosed proxy card. Your vote must be received by 11:59 pm (eastern U.S. time) on November 18, 2015 to be counted.

To vote over the Internet, go to the web address located on the enclosed proxy card to complete an electronic proxy card. You will be asked to provide the control number from the enclosed proxy card. Your vote must be received by 11:59 pm (eastern U.S. time) on November 18, 2015 to be counted.

If your shares of common stock are held in "street name" by your broker, bank or other nominee, you should have received a voting instruction form with these proxy materials from that organization rather than from Iron Mountain. Your broker, bank or other nominee will vote your shares only if you provide instructions to that organization on how to vote. You should provide your broker, bank or other nominee with instructions regarding how to vote your shares by following the enclosed procedures provided by that organization. Your shares will not be voted with respect to any proposal for which you fail to provide instructions, which will have no effect on approval of the proposals.

A control number, located on your proxy card or voting instruction form, is designed to verify your identity and allow you to vote your shares of Iron Mountain common stock, and to confirm that your voting instructions have been properly recorded when voting over the Internet or by telephone.

What does it mean if I receive more than one set of materials?

A:

Q:

This means you own shares of Iron Mountain common stock that are registered under different names. For example, you may own some shares directly as a stockholder of record and other shares through a broker or you may own shares through more than one broker, bank or other nominee. In these situations, you will receive multiple sets of proxy materials. You must complete,

Table of Contents

sign, date and return each of the proxy cards and voting instruction forms that you receive, or vote all of your shares over the telephone or over the Internet in accordance with the instructions above in order to vote all of the shares you own. Each proxy card you receive comes with its own prepaid return envelope and control number(s). If you vote by mail, make sure you return each proxy card in the return envelope that accompanies that proxy card or voting instruction form, and if you vote by telephone or via the Internet, please follow the enclosed instructions and use your control number(s).

Q:

What happens if I sell my shares of common stock before the special meeting?

A:

The record date for stockholders entitled to vote at the special meeting is earlier than the date of the special meeting. If you transfer your shares of Iron Mountain common stock after the record date, but before the date of the special meeting, you will retain your right to vote at the special meeting unless special arrangements are made between you and the person to whom you transfer your shares.

Q:

May I vote in person?

A:

If you are the stockholder of record of shares of Iron Mountain common stock, you have the right to vote in person at the special meeting with respect to those shares. If you are the beneficial owner of shares of Iron Mountain common stock, you are invited to attend the special meeting but, since you are not the stockholder of record, you may not vote these shares in person at the special meeting, unless you obtain a document called a "legal proxy" from your broker, bank or other nominee giving you the right to vote the shares at the special meeting. Even if you plan to attend the special meeting as a stockholder of record, Iron Mountain recommends that you also submit your proxy card or voting instructions as described above under "How do I vote?" so that your vote will be counted if you later decide not to attend the special meeting.

Q:

How can I change or revoke my vote?

A:

You have the right to revoke a proxy delivered by mail, by telephone, or over the Internet at any time before it is exercised by voting again at a later date through any of the methods available to you, by delivering written notice of revocation to Iron Mountain's Corporate Secretary by the time the special meeting begins, or by attending the special meeting and voting in person.

Q:

Am I entitled to appraisal rights?

A:

No. Under Delaware law, holders of shares of Iron Mountain common stock are not entitled to appraisal rights in connection with the Transaction or any of the matters to be acted on at the special meeting.

Q:

Is completion of the Transaction subject to any conditions?

A:

Yes. Iron Mountain and Recall are not required to complete the Transaction unless a number of conditions are satisfied or waived, including receipt of the required approvals from the Iron Mountain stockholders, Recall shareholders and the Sydney Federal Court (or such other competent court agreed by Iron Mountain and Recall). See "*The Transaction Agreement, Scheme and Deed Poll Conditions Precedent to the Scheme*" beginning on page 119 of this proxy statement for a more complete summary of the conditions that must be satisfied or waived prior to completion of the Transaction.

Table of Contents

Q:

When is the Scheme expected to be completed?

A:

The Scheme is expected to be completed in the first half of 2016 subject to the satisfaction or waiver of the various closing conditions set forth in the Transaction Agreement. In order for the Scheme to be completed, it must first become effective. To become effective it must (among other things) be approved by the Sydney Federal Court (or such other competent court agreed by Iron Mountain and Recall), at the Second Court Hearing. Recall will apply to the Sydney Federal Court (or such other competent court agreed by Iron Mountain and Recall), for an order approving the Scheme if the Scheme is approved by the requisite majorities of Recall shareholders voting at the Recall special meeting and all other conditions precedent to the Scheme (other than approval of the Sydney Federal Court or such other competent court agreed by Iron Mountain and Recall) have been satisfied or waived.

If the Sydney Federal Court (or such other competent court agreed by Iron Mountain and Recall), approves the Scheme, Recall will lodge a copy of the court orders with ASIC under section 411(10) of the Corporations Act. On the date on which the copies of the court orders approving the Scheme are lodged with ASIC, the Scheme will become effective. This is expected to occur on, or on the business day after, the date of issue of the court orders approving the Scheme.

It is expected that trading in ordinary shares of Recall on the ASX will be suspended from the close of trading on the Effective Date of the Scheme. A record date (which will be on or about the fifth business day following the suspension of trading of Recall shares on ASX) will be set to determine the Recall shareholders who will transfer their Recall shares and be entitled to receive consideration under the Transaction. It is scheduled that the Transaction consideration will be provided to Recall shareholders four business days after such record date (or such other date as agreed between Iron Mountain and Recall) and the Transaction will be deemed to have been completed or implemented on that date.

Q:

What happens if the Scheme is not completed?

A:

If the Scheme does not proceed, Recall shareholders will not receive shares of Iron Mountain common stock, the Iron Mountain CDIs or cash; Recall will remain listed on ASX, the market price of Iron Mountain common stock may fall in the short term; and, in certain circumstances, Iron Mountain may have to pay Recall a reimbursement fee. In certain other circumstances, Recall may have to pay Iron Mountain a reimbursement fee if the Scheme does not proceed.

Q:

Who can help answer my questions?

A:

The information provided above in the question-and-answer format is for your convenience only and is merely a summary of some of the information in this proxy statement. You should carefully read the entire proxy statement, including its annexes. If you would like additional copies of this proxy statement, without charge, or if you have questions about the Transaction, including the procedures for voting your shares, you should contact Okapi Partners LLC, Iron Mountain's proxy solicitation agent. The address of Okapi Partners LLC is 437 Madison Avenue-28th Floor, New York, New York 10022. You can call Okapi Partners LLC at 877-279-2311.

You may also wish to consult your legal, tax and/or financial advisors with respect to any aspect of the Transaction, the Transaction Agreement, the Scheme or Deed Poll or other matters discussed in this proxy statement.

50

Table of Contents

RISK FACTORS

You should carefully consider the following risk factors related to the Transaction and the anticipated business of Iron Mountain after the closing of the Transaction, as well as the other information contained in this proxy statement, including the attached annexes, in evaluating whether to approve the Transaction Proposal. If any of the risks described below, or elsewhere in this proxy statement, actually occurs, the business, financial condition, operating results or stock price of Iron Mountain could be materially adversely affected.

Risks Related to the Transaction

The integration of Recall will subject Iron Mountain to liabilities that may exist at Recall or may arise in connection with the consummation of the Transaction.

The integration of Recall with Iron Mountain may pose special risks, including one-time write-offs or restructuring charges, unanticipated costs, and the loss of key employees. There can be no assurance that the integration of Iron Mountain and Recall will be accomplished effectively or in a timely manner. In addition, the integration of Recall will subject Iron Mountain to liabilities (including tax liabilities) that may exist at Recall or may arise in connection with the consummation of the Transaction, some of which may be unknown. Although Iron Mountain and its advisors have conducted due diligence on the operations of Recall, there can be no guarantee that Iron Mountain is aware of any and all liabilities of Recall. These liabilities, and any additional risks and uncertainties related to the Transaction not currently known to Iron Mountain or that Iron Mountain may currently deem immaterial or unlikely to occur, could negatively impact Iron Mountain's future business, financial condition and results of operations.

The price of Iron Mountain's common stock and Iron Mountain's results of operations after the Transaction may be affected by factors different from those currently affecting the price of Iron Mountain common stock and Iron Mountain's results of operations.

Recall's business is different in certain ways from that of Iron Mountain, and Iron Mountain's results of operations, as well as the price of Iron Mountain's common stock after the Transaction, may be affected by factors different from those currently affecting Iron Mountain's results of operations and the price of Iron Mountain common stock. The price of Iron Mountain's common stock may fluctuate significantly following the Transaction, including as a result of factors over which Iron Mountain and Recall have no control. See "*Risks Related to Recall and Iron Mountain*" beginning on page 56 of this proxy statement for a discussion of Recall's business and certain factors to consider in connection with such business.

Iron Mountain will incur significant transaction and combination-related costs in connection with the Transaction.

Iron Mountain and Recall expect to incur significant costs associated with the Transaction and combining the operations of the two companies. Iron Mountain's fees and expenses related to the Transaction include financial advisors' fees, filing fees, legal and accounting fees, soliciting fees and regulatory fees, some of which will be paid regardless of whether the Transaction is completed. Furthermore, Iron Mountain will incur costs associated with combining the operations of the two companies. However, it is difficult to predict the amount of these costs before Iron Mountain begins the integration process. Iron Mountain may incur additional unanticipated costs as a consequence of difficulties arising from efforts to integrate the companies.



Table of Contents

Iron Mountain will need additional financing, which may not be available on favorable terms, if at all, in order to consummate the Transaction.

Iron Mountain currently anticipates that it will need to raise additional debt financing to consummate the Transaction. Such additional financing may not be available on favorable terms, if at all. If Iron Mountain is unable to obtain sufficient financing and consummate the Scheme, Iron Mountain may be subject to significant monetary or other damages under the Transaction Agreement.

The Transaction Agreement limits Iron Mountain's ability to pursue alternatives to the Transaction, and in certain instances requires payment of a reimbursement fee, which could deter a third party from proposing an alternative transaction to the Transaction.

While the Transaction Agreement is in effect, subject to certain limited exceptions, Iron Mountain is prohibited from soliciting, initiating, encouraging or entering into certain transactions, such as a merger, sale of assets or other business combination, with any third party. See "*The Transaction Agreement, Scheme and Deed Poll Exclusivity;* beginning on page 131 of this proxy statement for a description of the foregoing limitations. As a result of these limitations, Iron Mountain may lose opportunities to enter into a more favorable transaction than the Transaction.

Moreover, under specified circumstances, Iron Mountain could be required to pay Recall a reimbursement fee of A\$25,500 in connection with the termination of the Transaction Agreement. See "*The Transaction Agreement, Scheme and Deed Poll Reimbursement Fees*" beginning on page 134 of this proxy statement for a description of the foregoing limitations. The reimbursement fee could deter a third party from proposing an alternative to the Transaction.

The Transaction is subject to conditions to closing that could result in the Transaction being delayed or not completed and the Transaction Agreement can be terminated in certain circumstances, each of which could negatively impact the price of the Iron Mountain common stock and Iron Mountain's future business and operations.

Consummation of the Transaction is subject to conditions, including, among others:

the approval by the Recall shareholders of the Transaction;

the approval by Iron Mountain's stockholders of the Transaction Proposal;

the approval of the Scheme by the Sydney Federal Court (or such other competent court agreed by Iron Mountain and Recall);

the absence of any law, order or injunction that would prohibit, restrain or make illegal the Transaction;

the receipt of regulatory approvals;

the approval for listing on the NYSE of the Iron Mountain common stock to be issued in the Transaction and the establishment of a secondary listing on the ASX to allow shareholders of Recall to trade Iron Mountain CDI's on the ASX;

the accuracy of the representations and warranties and compliance with the respective covenants of the parties, subject to specified materiality qualifiers; and

no events having occurred that would have a material adverse effect on Recall or Iron Mountain.

In addition, Iron Mountain and Recall each has the right, in certain circumstances, to terminate the Transaction Agreement. If the Transaction Agreement is terminated or any of the conditions to closing are not satisfied and, where permissible, not waived, the Transaction will not be completed.

Table of Contents

Failure to complete the Transaction or any delay in the completion of the Transaction or any uncertainty about the completion of the Transaction may adversely affect the price of Iron Mountain's common stock or have an adverse impact on Iron Mountain's future business and operations.

If the Transaction is not completed, Iron Mountain's ongoing business may be adversely affected and, without realizing any of the benefits of having completed the Transaction, Iron Mountain would be subject to a number of risks, including the following:

negative reactions from the financial markets;

incurring and paying significant expenses in connection with the Transaction, such as financial advisors' fees, filing fees, legal and accounting fees, soliciting fees, regulatory fees and other related expenses;

paying a reimbursement fee of A\$25,500 if the Transaction Agreement is terminated in certain circumstances; and

paying a reimbursement fee of A\$76,500 if the Transaction Agreement is terminated due to Iron Mountain being unable to obtain the necessary antitrust/competition approvals required to consummate the Transaction.

In addition, Iron Mountain could be subject to litigation related to any failure to complete the Transaction or seeking to require Iron Mountain to perform its obligations under the Transaction Agreement, the Scheme or the Deed Poll.

The exchange ratio is fixed and will not be adjusted in the event of any change in either Recall's share price or Iron Mountain's stock price.

Subject to the terms and conditions set forth in the Transaction Agreement, after the Effective Date of the Scheme and upon the completion of the Transaction, each outstanding ordinary share of Recall will be transferred to Iron Mountain in exchange for the Cash Supplement and either (1) 0.1722 of a newly issued share of Iron Mountain common stock or (2) the Cash Election, subject to the Cash Election Cap. The exchange ratio is fixed and will not be adjusted for changes in the market price of either Recall shares or Iron Mountain's shares. Changes in the price of Iron Mountain's shares prior to completion of the Scheme may affect the market value that holders of Recall shares will receive on the date of the effective time for the Scheme. Share price changes may result from a variety of factors (many of which are beyond Iron Mountain's or Recall's control).

If the share price of Iron Mountain's common stock increases before the closing of the Transaction, Recall shareholders will receive shares of Iron Mountain common stock that have a market value that is greater than the current market value of such shares. Alternatively, if the share price of Iron Mountain's common stock decreases before the closing of the Transaction, Recall shareholders will receive shares of Iron Mountain's common stock that have a market value that is less than the current market value of such shares. Therefore, because the exchange ratio is fixed, prior to the closing of the Transaction, Iron Mountain stockholders and Recall shareholders cannot be sure of the market value of the share consideration that will be paid to Recall shareholders upon completion of the Transaction.

Obtaining required governmental and court approvals necessary to satisfy closing conditions may delay or prevent completion of the Transaction.

Completion of the Transaction is conditioned upon the receipt of certain governmental authorizations, consents, orders or other approvals, including approvals, clearances, filings or expiration or termination of waiting periods required in relation to the Transaction under antitrust laws of Australia, the United States and the United Kingdom. The Transaction must also be approved by the Sydney Federal Court (or such other competent court agreed by Iron Mountain and Recall). No

Table of Contents

assurance can be given that the approvals will be obtained. Even if such approvals or conditional approvals are obtained, no assurance can be given as to the terms, conditions and timing of the approvals or that they will satisfy the terms of the Transaction Agreement. Iron Mountain has agreed to pay a reimbursement fee of A\$76,500 if antitrust/competition approval is not obtained. See "*The Transaction Agreement, Scheme and Deed Poll Conditions Precedent to the Scheme*" beginning on page 119 for a discussion of the conditions to the completion of the Transaction.

The pro forma financial information is presented for illustrative purposes only and may not be an indication of Iron Mountain's financial condition or results of operations following the Transaction.

The unaudited pro forma consolidated financial information contained in this proxy statement is presented for illustrative purposes only and may not be an indication of Iron Mountain's financial condition or results of operations following the Transaction for several reasons. For example, the unaudited pro forma consolidated financial information has been derived from the historical financial statements of Iron Mountain and Recall and certain adjustments and assumptions have been made regarding Iron Mountain after giving effect to the Transaction. The information upon which these adjustments and assumptions have been made is preliminary, and these kinds of adjustments and assumptions are difficult to make with complete accuracy. Moreover, the unaudited pro forma consolidated financial information does not reflect all costs that are expected to be incurred by Iron Mountain in connection with the Transaction. For example, the impact of any incremental costs incurred in integrating Iron Mountain and Recall is not reflected in the unaudited pro forma consolidated financial information. As a result, the actual financial condition and results of operations of Iron Mountain following the Transaction may not be consistent with, or evident from, the unaudited pro forma consolidated financial information. Additionally, the purchase price used in preparing the pro forma financial information is based on the closing market price of Iron Mountain's shares, as well as the exchange rate between the U.S. dollar and the Australian dollar, as of September 15, 2015, which may be materially different from the closing price of Iron Mountain's shares and the exchange rate between the U.S. dollar and the Australian dollar on the completion date of the Transaction. The assumptions used in preparing the unaudited pro forma consolidated financial information may not prove to be accurate, and other factors may affect Iron Mountain's financial condition or results of operations following the Transaction. Iron Mountain's stock price may be adversely affected if the actual results of Iron Mountain fall short of the historical results reflected in the unaudited pro forma consolidated financial information contained in this proxy statement. See "Unaudited Pro Forma Consolidated Financial Information" beginning on page 19 of this proxy statement.

Recall's public filings are subject to Australian disclosure standards, which differ from SEC requirements.

Recall is an Australian issuer that is required to prepare and file its periodic and other filings in accordance with Australian securities laws. As a result, certain of the information about Recall, including any management's discussion and analysis, that is contained in this proxy statement was prepared in conjunction with Recall's financial statements that were prepared in accordance with IFRS and other Australian disclosure regulations, rather than the requirements that would apply in the United States. Because Australian disclosure requirements are different from SEC requirements, the information about Recall contained in this proxy statement may not be comparable to similar information available about Iron Mountain or other United States issuers.

Following the Transaction, Iron Mountain's exposure to foreign exchange translation risk will be increased.

Iron Mountain is currently subject to foreign exchange translation risk because it conducts business operations in several foreign countries through its foreign subsidiaries or affiliates, which conduct business in their respective local currencies. Recall conducts a significant portion of its operations outside of the United States through its foreign subsidiaries or affiliates, which also operate in their

Table of Contents

respective local currencies. Therefore, following the completion of the Transaction, Iron Mountain's international operations will account for a more significant portion of Iron Mountain's overall operations than they do presently. Because Iron Mountain's financial statements will continue to be presented in U.S. dollars subsequent to the Transaction, the local currencies will be translated into U.S. dollars at the applicable exchange rates for inclusion in Iron Mountain's consolidated financial statements. The results of operations of, and certain of Iron Mountain's international storage and information management services businesses will continue to be exposed to foreign exchange rate fluctuations, and due to the Transaction, Iron Mountain's exposure to exchange rate fluctuations will increase. Upon translation, operating results may differ materially from expectations, and significant shifts in foreign currencies can impact Iron Mountain's short-term results, as well as Iron Mountain's long-term forecasts and targets.

Because the Transaction will be completed after the date of the special meeting, at the time of the special meeting, you will not know the exact market value of the Iron Mountain shares that Recall shareholders will receive upon completion of the Transaction.

If the share price of Iron Mountain common stock increases between the date of the Iron Mountain special meeting and the completion of the Transaction, Recall shareholders will receive Iron Mountain shares that have a market value that is greater than the market value of such shares at the time of the approval of the Transaction Proposal by Iron Mountain stockholders. If the share price of Iron Mountain common stock decreases between the date of the Iron Mountain special meeting and the completion of the Transaction, Recall shareholders will receive Iron Mountain shares that have a market value that is less than the market value of such shares at the time of the approval of the Transaction Proposal by Iron Mountain stockholders. Therefore, because the exchange ratio is fixed, Iron Mountain stockholders cannot be sure at the time of the special meeting of the market value of the share consideration that will be paid to Recall shareholders upon completion of the Transaction.

In certain circumstances, if the Transaction Agreement is terminated without any payment of a termination payment by Recall, Iron Mountain may not be fully reimbursed for its out of pocket expenses.

Under the Transaction Agreement, Recall would be required to reimburse Iron Mountain for Iron Mountain's reasonable, documented out of pocket expenses actually incurred in connection with the Transaction up to a maximum of \$5,000 if (i) the Recall board of directors withdraws or adversely modifies its recommendation that Recall shareholders vote in favor of the resolution to approve the Transaction as a result of the report of the independent expert opining that the Transaction is not in the best interests of Recall's shareholders (other than where the reason for such opinion is a Recall competing transaction) and (ii) the Transaction Agreement is terminated by Recall or Iron Mountain prior to the Recall shareholders meeting. Given that such reimbursed expenses cannot exceed \$5,000 Iron Mountain may not be fully reimbursed for its out of pocket expenses in the event of such a termination.

Iron Mountain's due diligence of Recall may have failed to identify key issues that could have an adverse effect on Iron Mountain's performance and financial condition.

Before executing the Transaction Agreement, Recall and Iron Mountain undertook a period of mutual due diligence for the purpose of negotiating the terms of the Transaction. Although Recall and Iron Mountain decided to proceed with the Transaction following that due diligence exercise, there is a risk that the due diligence undertaken was insufficient or failed to identify key issues. Furthermore, after implementation of the Transaction, Iron Mountain will be subject to any unknown liabilities of Recall which could have an adverse effect on Iron Mountain's performance and financial condition.



Table of Contents

Iron Mountain will guarantee certain obligations of Recall to Brambles relating to Brambles' prior demerger transaction.

On December 18, 2013, Brambles implemented the Demerger of Recall from Brambles. Prior to and in connection with the Demerger, Brambles spun off certain of its United States and Canadian subsidiaries, directly or indirectly, to Recall. Such spin-offs were intended to be tax-free or tax-deferred under United States and Canadian tax laws, respectively, and Brambles obtained rulings from the IRS (with respect to the United States spin-off) and the Canada Revenue Agency (with respect to the Canadian spin-off), as well as opinions of its tax advisors, to such effect. However, the tax-free status of the spin-off of such United States subsidiaries could be adversely affected under certain circumstances if a 50% or greater interest in such United States subsidiaries were acquired as part of a plan or series of related transactions that included such spin-off. Similarly, the tax-deferred status of the spin-off of the Canadian subsidiaries could be adversely affected under certain circumstances if control of such subsidiaries were acquired as part of a series of transactions or events that included such spin-off.

In connection with the Demerger, Recall agreed to indemnify Brambles and certain of its affiliates for taxes to the extent that actions by Recall (e.g., an acquisition of Recall shares) resulted in the United States spin-off or the Canadian spin-off described above failing to qualify as tax-free or tax-deferred for United States or Canadian tax purposes, respectively. In addition, Recall agreed, among other things, that it would not, within two years of the 2013 spin-offs, enter into a proposed acquisition transaction, merger or consolidation (with respect to the United States spin-off) or take any action that could reasonably be expected to jeopardize, directly or indirectly, any of the conclusions reached in the Canadian tax ruling or opinion, without obtaining either a supplemental tax ruling from the relevant taxing authority, the consent of Brambles or an opinion of a tax advisor, acceptable to Brambles in its reasonable discretion, that such transaction should not result in the spin-offs failing to be tax-free under United States federal income tax law or Canadian tax law, respectively. Recall has obtained or intends to obtain such tax opinions, based on, among other things, representations and warranties made by Recall and Iron Mountain. Such opinions, once accepted by Brambles, do not affect Recall's obligation to indemnify Brambles for an adverse impact on the tax-free status of such prior spin-offs. The delivery of those opinions is a condition to Iron Mountain's obligation to consummate the Transaction.

Iron Mountain has agreed, contingent on the consummation of the Transaction, to guarantee the foregoing indemnification obligations of Recall. Consistent with the foregoing tax opinions, Iron Mountain believes that the Transaction is not part of a plan or series of related transactions, or part of a series of transactions or events, that included the United States spin-off or the Canadian spin-off, respectively. However, if the IRS or the Canadian Revenue Agency were to prevail in asserting a contrary view, Iron Mountain and Recall would be liable for the resulting taxes, which could be material.

Risks Related to Recall and Iron Mountain

The failure to integrate successfully the businesses of Iron Mountain and Recall in the expected time frame would adversely affect Iron Mountain's future results.

The success of the Transaction will depend, in large part, on the ability of Iron Mountain to realize the anticipated benefits, including cost savings from combining the businesses of Iron Mountain and Recall. To realize these anticipated benefits, the businesses of Iron Mountain and Recall must be successfully integrated. This integration will be complex and time-consuming. The failure to integrate successfully and to manage successfully the challenges presented by the integration process may result in Iron Mountain not fully achieving the anticipated benefits of the Transaction.

Table of Contents

Potential difficulties that may be encountered in the integration process include the following:

challenges and difficulties associated with managing the larger, more complex, combined company;

conforming standards, controls, procedures and policies, business cultures and compensation structures between the entities;

integrating personnel from the two entities while maintaining focus on developing, producing and delivering consistent, high quality services;

consolidating corporate and administrative infrastructures;

coordinating geographically dispersed organizations;

potential unknown liabilities and unforeseen expenses, delays or regulatory conditions associated with the Transaction;

performance shortfalls at one or both of the entities as a result of the diversion of management's attention caused by completing the Transaction and integrating the entities' operations; and

the ability of Iron Mountain to deliver on its strategy going forward.

The financial analyses and forecasts considered by Iron Mountain and provided to its financial advisor may not be realized, which may adversely affect the market price of Iron Mountain common stock following the Transaction.

In performing its financial analysis and rendering its opinion regarding the fairness, from a financial point of view, of the Aggregate Consideration (as defined in the written opinion), the financial advisor to Iron Mountain was provided with and relied on with Iron Mountain's consent, among other things, internal stand-alone and pro forma financial analyses and forecasts prepared by Iron Mountain's management. See "*The Transaction Summary of Certain Financial Projections Provided to the Iron Mountain Board and Iron Mountain's Financial Advisors*" beginning on page 84 of this proxy statement for additional information. These analyses and forecasts were prepared by, or as directed by, the management of Iron Mountain. None of these analyses or forecasts were prepared with a view towards public disclosure or compliance with the guidelines established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants for preparation and presentation of prospective financial information. These projections are inherently based on various estimates and assumptions that are subject to the judgment of those preparing them. These projections are also subject to significant economic, competitive, industry and other uncertainties and contingencies, all of which are difficult or impossible to predict and many of which are beyond the control of Iron Mountain and Recall. Accordingly, there can be no assurance that Iron Mountain's financial condition or results of operations will be consistent with those set forth in such analyses and forecasts prepared by Iron Mountain's management, which could have a material adverse effect on the market price of Iron Mountain or on the combined company's ordinary shares following the Transaction.

Iron Mountain would incur adverse tax consequences if the combined company following the Transaction failed to qualify as a REIT for United States federal income tax purposes.

Iron Mountain believes that, following the Transaction, Iron Mountain will integrate Recall's assets and operations in a manner that will allow Iron Mountain to timely satisfy the REIT income, asset, and distribution tests applicable to Iron Mountain. However, if Iron Mountain fails to do so, it could jeopardize or lose its qualification for taxation as a REIT, particularly if Iron Mountain were ineligible to utilize relief provisions set forth in the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"). For any taxable year that Iron Mountain fails to qualify for taxation as a REIT, Iron Mountain would not be allowed a deduction for distributions to Iron Mountain stockholders in computing its taxable

Table of Contents

income, and thus would be subject to United States federal and state income tax at the regular corporate rates on all of its United States federal and state taxable income in the manner of a regular corporation. Those corporate level taxes would reduce the amount of cash available for distribution to Iron Mountain stockholders or for reinvestment or other purposes, and would adversely affect Iron Mountain's earnings. As a result, Iron Mountain's failure to qualify for taxation as a REIT during any taxable year could have a material adverse effect upon Iron Mountain and Iron Mountain stockholders. Furthermore, unless prescribed relief provisions apply, Iron Mountain would not be eligible to elect REIT status again until the fifth taxable year that begins after the first year for which Iron Mountain failed to qualify as a REIT. Finally, even if Iron Mountain is able to utilize relief provisions and thereby avoid disqualification for taxation as a REIT, relief provisions typically involve paying a penalty tax in proportion to the severity and duration of the noncompliance with REIT requirements, and thus these penalty taxes could be significant in the context of noncompliance stemming from a transaction as large as the Transaction.

The Transaction, if completed, will dilute the ownership position of Iron Mountain's current stockholders.

If the Transaction is completed, the Recall shareholders are expected to beneficially own a significant percentage of the issued and outstanding shares of common stock of Iron Mountain. Consequently, Iron Mountain's current stockholders will own a smaller proportion of Iron Mountain's common stock than the proportion of common stock they owned before the Transaction and, as a result, they will have less influence on Iron Mountain's management and policies following the Transaction than they now have on Iron Mountain's management and policies.

Iron Mountain and Recall's business relationships may be subject to disruption due to uncertainty associated with the Transaction, which could have an adverse effect on Iron Mountain and Recall's results of operations, cash flows and financial position and, following the completion of the Transaction, Iron Mountain.

Parties with which Iron Mountain and Recall do business may experience uncertainty associated with the Transaction, including with respect to current or future business relationships with Iron Mountain, Recall or the combined company following the completion of the Transaction. Iron Mountain's and Recall's relationships may be subject to disruption as customers, suppliers and other persons with whom Iron Mountain and Recall have a business relationship may delay or defer certain business decisions or might decide to seek to terminate, change or renegotiate their relationships with Iron Mountain or Recall, as applicable, or consider entering into business relationships with parties other than Iron Mountain or Recall. These disruptions could have an adverse effect on the results of operations, cash flows and financial position of Iron Mountain, Recall or the combined company following the completion of the Transaction, including an adverse effect on Iron Mountain's ability to realize the expected synergies and other benefits of the Transaction. The risk, and adverse effect, of any disruption could be exacerbated by a delay in the completion of the Transaction of the Transaction Agreement.

Risk Factors listed in Iron Mountain's 10-K and 10-Q.

In addition to considering the other information in this proxy statement, Iron Mountain stockholders should consider carefully the risk factors set forth in Iron Mountain's Annual Report on Form 10-K as of and for the year ended December 31, 2014 (except for items 1, 2, 6, 7 and 15 which were restated in the Iron Mountain May 7th Current Report), filed with the SEC on February 27, 2015 (the "Iron Mountain Annual Report"), and the Iron Mountain Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, each of which is incorporated by reference into this proxy statement.



Table of Contents

CAUTIONARY STATEMENT REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

Certain statements contained in this communication may constitute "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These statements include, but are not limited to, the projections, the synergies and statements regarding Iron Mountain's operations, economic performance, financial condition, goals, beliefs, future growth strategies, investment objectives, plans and current expectations, including the expected timing of the Transaction and the completion of the potential acquisition of Recall, the benefits of the potential acquisition, including anticipated future financial and operating results, potential synergies, timing to realize synergies, Recall's and Iron Mountain's anticipated dividend payments, expectations relating to future equity and debt issuances by Iron Mountain and the combined company's plans, objectives, expectations and other statements that are not historical facts. Such statements are based on the views and assumptions of the management of Iron Mountain and are subject to significant risks and uncertainties. Actual future events or results may differ materially from these statements. Such differences may result from the following factors: (i) Iron Mountain's expected dividends may be materially different from its estimates; (ii) the cost to comply with current and future laws, regulations and customer demands relating to privacy issues; (iii) the impact of litigation or disputes that may arise in connection with incidents in which Iron Mountain fails to protect its customers' information; (iv) changes in the price for Iron Mountain's storage and information management services relative to the cost of providing such storage and information management services; (v) changes in customer preferences and demand for Iron Mountain's storage and information management services; (vi) the adoption of alternative technologies and shifts by Iron Mountain's customers to storage of data through non-paper based technologies; (vii) the cost or potential liabilities associated with real estate necessary for Iron Mountain's business; (viii) the performance of business partners upon whom Iron Mountain depends for technical assistance or management expertise outside the U.S.; (ix) changes in the political and economic environments in the countries in which Iron Mountain's international subsidiaries operate; (x) claims that Iron Mountain's technology violates the intellectual property rights of a third party; (xi) changes in the cost of Iron Mountain's debt; (xii) the impact of alternative, more attractive investments on dividends; (xiii) Iron Mountain's ability to qualify or remain qualified for taxation as a REIT; (xiv) the ability to close the Transaction on the terms and within the anticipated time period, or at all, which is dependent on the parties' ability to satisfy certain closing conditions, including the receipt of governmental approvals; (xv) the risk that the benefits of the potential transaction with Recall, including potential cost synergies and other synergies (including tax synergies), may not be fully realized or may take longer to realize than expected; (xvi) the impact of the transaction with Recall on third-party relationships; (xvii) actions taken by either Iron Mountain or Recall; and (xviii) changes in regulatory, social and political conditions, as well as general economic conditions. Additional risks and factors that may affect results are set forth in Iron Mountain's filings with the SEC, including the Iron Mountain Annual Report, the Iron Mountain May 7th Current Report and the Iron Mountain Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, as well as Recall's filings with the ASX, including Recall's Annual Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015.

Table of Contents

THE SPECIAL MEETING

Date, Time and Place

The special meeting of Iron Mountain stockholders will take place at 9:00 a.m., local time, on November 19, 2015, at One Federal Street, 9th floor, Boston, MA.

Purpose

At the special meeting, the holders of Iron Mountain's common stock, par value \$0.01 per share, will be asked to consider and vote upon the following two proposals:

1.

the Transaction Proposal and

2.

to approve one or more adjournments of the special meeting, if necessary or appropriate, including adjournments to permit further solicitation of proxies if there are insufficient votes at the time of the special meeting to approve the Transaction Proposal.

Board Recommendation

After determining that it is advisable and in the best interests of Iron Mountain and its stockholders to consummate the Transaction as contemplated by the Transaction Agreement, Iron Mountain's board of directors unanimously authorized, approved, and declared advisable the issuance of shares of Iron Mountain common stock. Accordingly, Iron Mountain's board of directors unanimously recommends that Iron Mountain's stockholders vote "**FOR**" each of the foregoing proposals.

The Iron Mountain stockholders can cast separate votes on each proposal.

There are certain risks associated with the Transaction. See "*Risk Factors*" beginning on page 51 of this proxy statement for more information regarding such risks. Iron Mountain stockholders should carefully read this proxy statement in its entirety for more detailed information concerning the Transaction. In particular, Iron Mountain stockholders are directed to the Transaction Agreement, which is attached as Annex A to this proxy statement.

Record Date; Outstanding Shares; Shares Entitled to Vote

Iron Mountain's board of directors has fixed the close of business on October 5, 2015 as the record date for determination of stockholders entitled to notice of, and to vote at, the special meeting. Only stockholders of record of shares of Iron Mountain common stock as of the close of business on the record date will receive notice of, and be entitled to vote at, the special meeting and any adjournments, postponements or continuations of the special meeting.

As of the close of business on the record date for the special meeting, there were 211,082,766 shares of Iron Mountain common stock outstanding and held by approximately 422 holders of record. Each stockholder is entitled to one vote at the special meeting for each share of Iron Mountain common stock held by that stockholder at the close of business on the record date. Iron Mountain's common stock is the only security the holders of which are entitled to notice of, and to vote at, the special meeting.

If you own shares that are registered in the name of someone else, such as a broker, bank or other nominee, you need to direct that organization to vote those shares or obtain an authorization from them and vote the shares yourself at the meeting.

Table of Contents

Quorum

The holders of issued and outstanding shares of Iron Mountain common stock which represent a majority of the votes entitled to be cast at the special meeting, present in person or represented by proxy, will constitute a quorum for the transaction of business at the special meeting. A quorum must be present in order for the vote on the Transaction Proposal. It is important that Iron Mountain stockholders vote promptly so that their shares are counted toward the quorum.

Abstentions will be counted for purposes of determining the presence of a quorum at the special meeting but will not be considered as votes cast. Banks, brokers and other nominees that hold their customers' shares in street name may not vote their customers' shares on "non-routine" matters without instructions from their customers. As each of the proposals to be voted upon at the special meeting is considered "non-routine," such organizations do not have discretion to vote on any proposal for which they do not receive instructions from their customers (this is referred to in this context as a "broker non-vote"). As a result, if you fail to provide your broker, bank or other nominee with any instructions regarding how to vote your shares, your shares will not be considered present at the special meeting, will not be counted for purposes of determining the presence of a quorum and will not be voted on either of the proposals. If you provide instructions to your broker, bank or other nominee which indicate how to vote your shares with respect to a proposal but not with respect to the other proposal, your shares will be considered present at the special meeting and be counted for purposes of determining the presence of a quorum but will not be voted with respect to the other proposal.

Iron Mountain may seek to adjourn the special meeting if a quorum is not present at the meeting.

Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management

The following table reflects certain information known to Iron Mountain as to Iron Mountain common stock beneficially owned by: (i) each current director, (ii) each named executive officer, (iii) all current directors and executive officers of Iron Mountain as a group, and (iv) each stockholder known by Iron Mountain to be the beneficial owner of more than 5% of Iron Mountain common stock. Such information is presented as of August 31, 2015, except as otherwise noted. It is expected that Iron Mountain's directors and executive officers will vote "**FOR**" each of the proposals.

	Amount of Beneficial Ov						
Name and Addresses(2)	Shares	Percent Owned					
Directors and Named Executive Officers							
Jennifer Allerton(3)	6,562	*					
Ted R. Antenucci(4)	9,786	*					
Pamela M. Arway(5)	8,401	*					
Clarke H. Bailey(6)	228,906	*					
Ernest W. Cloutier(7)	240,196	*					
Kent P. Dauten(8)	2,218,640	1.1%					
Roderick Day(9)	56,847	*					
Paul F. Deninger(10)	49,280	*					
Marc A. Duale(11)	65,774	*					
Per-Kristian Halvorsen(12)	17,197	*					
William L. Meaney(13)	310,023	*					
Walter C. Rakowich(14)	138	*					
John Tomovcsik(15)	76,453	*					
Alfred J. Verrecchia(16)	29,934	*					
All directors and executive officers as a group(17)	3,471,739	1.6%					
	61						

Table of Contents

	Amount of Benefic	ial Ownership(1)
Name and Addresses(2)	Shares	Percent Owned
Five Percent Stockholders:		
The Vanguard Group(18)	26,267,170.00	12.5%
Capital World Investors(19)	24,940,333.00	11.8%
Vincent J. Ryan(20)	15,894,566.85	7.6%
Blackrock Inc.(21)	12,080,477.00	6.2%
Parnassus Investments(22)	10,556,778.00	5.0%

.

Less than 1%

(1)

Except as otherwise indicated, the persons named in the table above have sole voting and investment power with respect to all shares of Common Stock shown as beneficially owned by them.

(2)

Unless specified otherwise, the address of each of our directors, nominees for director and Named Executive Officers is c/o Iron Mountain Incorporated, One Federal Street, Boston, Massachusetts 02110.

(3)

Ms. Allerton is a director of the Company.

(4)

Mr. Antenucci is a director of the Company. Does not include the 19,078.5828 vested shares of phantom stock previously reported on Forms 4 filed with the SEC as of August 31, 2015. Shares of phantom stock, or the Phantom Stock, have been acquired pursuant to the Iron Mountain Incorporated Directors Deferred Compensation Plan, or the DDCP, and each share of Phantom Stock is the economic equivalent of one share of Common Stock.

(5)

Ms. Arway is a director of the Company.

(6)

Mr. Bailey is a director of the Company. Includes 12,409 shares held by the Clarke H. Bailey GST Trust for the benefit of Trent S. Bailey and 12,409 shares held by the Clarke H. Bailey GST Trust for the benefit of Turner H. Bailey. Includes 52,494 shares that Mr. Bailey has the right to acquire pursuant to currently exercisable options or options exercisable within 60 days of August 31, 2015. Does not include the 23,495.1758 vested shares of Phantom Stock previously reported on Forms 4 filed with the SEC as of August 31, 2015.

(7)

Mr. Cloutier is executive vice president, U.S. federal, security and legal of the Company. Includes 212,715 shares that Mr. Cloutier has the right to acquire pursuant to currently exercisable options or options exercisable within 60 days of August 31, 2015.

(8)

Mr. Dauten is a director of the Company. Consists of 2,175,918 shares held in a joint securities account and 42,722 shares that Mr. Dauten has the right to acquire pursuant to currently exercisable options or options exercisable within 60 days of August 31, 2015.

(9)

Mr. Day is executive vice president, chief financial officer of the Company. Includes 42,426 shares that Mr. Day has the right to acquire pursuant to currently exercisable options or options exercisable within 60 days of August 31, 2015.

(10)

Mr. Deninger is a director of the Company. Includes 13,390 shares that Mr. Deninger has the right to acquire pursuant to currently exercisable options or options exercisable within 60 days of August 31, 2015.

(11)

Mr. Duale is president, Iron Mountain International. Includes 20,101 shares that Mr. Duale has the right to acquire pursuant to currently exercisable options or options exercisable within 60 days of August 31, 2015.

Table of Contents

(12) Mr. Halvorsen is a director of the Company. Does not include the 13,392.7654 vested shares of Phantom Stock previously reported on Forms 4 filed with the SEC as of August 31, 2015.

(13)

Mr. Meaney is CEO and a director of the Company. Includes 282,903 shares that Mr. Meaney has the right to acquire pursuant to currently exercisable options or options exercisable within 60 days of August 31, 2015.

(14)

Mr. Rakowich is a director of the Company. Does not include the 13,625.2375 vested shares of Phantom Stock previously reported on Forms 4 filed with the SEC as of August 31, 2015.

(15)

Mr. Tomovcsik is executive vice president & general manager, records and information management of the Company. Includes (1) 46,942 shares that Mr. Tomovcsik has the right to acquire pursuant to currently exercisable options or options exercisable within 60 days of August 31, 2015 and (2) 3,650 Restricted Stock Units, or RSUs, that will vest within 60 days of August 31, 2015. Each RSU represents a contingent right to receive one share of Common Stock.

(16)

Mr. Verrecchia is a director of the Company. Includes 18,290 shares that Mr. Verrecchia has the right to acquire pursuant to currently exercisable options or options exercisable within 60 days of August 31, 2015. Does not include the 19,929.9408 vested shares of Phantom Stock previously reported on Forms 4 filed with the SEC as of August 31, 2015.

(17)

Includes (1) 828,296 shares that directors and executive officers have the right to acquire pursuant to currently exercisable options or options exercisable within 60 days of August 31, 2015 and (2) 2,740 RSUs that will vest within 60 days of August 31, 2015.

(18)

This information is as of December 31, 2014 and is based solely on a Schedule 13G/A filed by The Vanguard Group with the SEC on February 10, 2015, or The Vanguard Group Schedule 13G. In accordance with the disclosures set forth in The Vanguard Group Schedule 13G, The Vanguard Group reports sole voting power over 320,699 shares and sole dispositive power over 25,971,363 shares. The percent owned is based on the calculation provided by The Vanguard Group in The Vanguard Group Schedule 13G. Based on the information provided in The Vanguard Group Schedule 13G, the address of The Vanguard Group is 100 Vanguard Boulevard, Malvern, Pennsylvania 19355.

(19)

This information is as of December 31, 2014 and is based solely on a Schedule 13G/A filed by Capital World Investors with the SEC on February 13, 2015, or the Capital World Investors Schedule 13G/A. In accordance with the disclosures set forth in the Capital World Investors Schedule 13G/A, Capital World Investors reports sole voting power and sole dispositive power over 24,940,333 shares. The percent owned is based on the calculation provided by Capital World Investors in the Capital World Investors Schedule 13G/A. Based on the information provided in the Capital World Investors Schedule 13G/A, the address of Capital World Investors is 333 South Hope Street, Los Angeles, California 90071.

(20)

This information is as of December 31, 2014 and is based solely on a Schedule 13G/A filed by Mr. Vincent J. Ryan with the SEC on February 13, 2015, or the Ryan Schedule 13G/A. Mr. Ryan is a former director of the Company who retired from the Board effective November 1, 2014. In accordance with the disclosures set forth in the Ryan Schedule 13G/A, Mr. Ryan reports sole voting power over 9,617,614.366 shares and sole dispositive power over 12,373,651.236 shares. The percent owned is based on the calculation provided by Mr. Ryan in the Ryan Schedule 13G/A. Based on the information provided in the Ryan Schedule 13G/A, the address of Mr. Ryan is c/o Schooner Capital LLC, 60 South Street, Suite 1120, Boston, Massachusetts 02111.

(21)

This information is as of December 31, 2014 and is based solely on a Schedule 13G filed by Blackrock, Inc. with the SEC on February 2, 2015, or the Blackrock Schedule 13G. In accordance with the disclosures set forth in the Blackrock Schedule 13G, Blackrock, Inc. reports sole voting

Table of Contents

power over 10,579,530 shares and sole dispositive power over 12,080,477 shares. The percent owned is based on the calculation provided by Blackrock, Inc. in the Blackrock Schedule 13G. Based on the information provided in the Blackrock Schedule 13G, the address of Blackrock, Inc. is 55 East 52nd Street, New York, NY 10022.

(22)

This information is as of December 31, 2014 and is based solely on a Schedule 13G filed by Parnassus Investments with the SEC on February 12, 2015, or the Parnassus Schedule 13G. In accordance with the disclosures set forth in the Parnassus Schedule 13G, Parnassus Investments reports sole voting power and sole dispositive power over 10,556,778 shares. The percent owned is based on the calculation provided by Parnassus Investments in the Parnassus Schedule 13G. Based on the information provided in the Parnassus Schedule 13G, the address of Parnassus Investments is 1 Market Street, Suite 1600, San Francisco, CA 94105.

Required Vote

Assuming a quorum is present at the special meeting, approval of the Transaction Proposal will require the affirmative vote of a majority of the shares of Iron Mountain's common stock properly cast on the proposal at the special meeting. An abstention from voting on this proposal will have no effect on the outcome of the vote on this proposal. If you fail to submit a proxy and do not attend the special meeting in person, or if you fail to provide instructions to your broker, bank or other nominee to vote on your behalf, your shares will not affect whether this proposal is approved.

Approval of one or more adjournments of the special meeting, if necessary or appropriate, including adjournments to permit further solicitation of proxies in favor of the Transaction Proposal, will require the affirmative vote of the holders of a majority of the shares of Iron Mountain's common stock properly cast on the proposal at the special meeting. An abstention from voting on this proposal will have no effect on the outcome of the vote on this proposal. If you fail to submit a proxy and do not attend the special meeting in person, or if you fail to provide instructions to your broker, bank or other nominee to vote on your behalf, your shares will not affect whether these proposals are approved.

Voting by Proxy

This proxy statement is being sent to you on behalf of Iron Mountain's board of directors for the purpose of requesting that you allow your shares of Iron Mountain common stock to be represented at the special meeting by the persons named in the enclosed proxy card. All shares of Iron Mountain common stock represented at the meeting by properly executed proxy cards, voted over the telephone or voted over the Internet will be voted in accordance with the instructions indicated on those proxies. If you sign and return a proxy card without giving voting instructions, your shares will be voted as follows:

"FOR" approval of the Transaction Proposal and

"**FOR**" approval of one or more adjournments of the special meeting, if necessary or appropriate, including adjournments to permit further solicitation of proxies if there are insufficient votes at the time of the special meeting to approve the Transaction Proposal.

How to Vote

Whether or not you plan to attend the special meeting in person, you should submit your proxy as soon as possible.

If you own shares of Iron Mountain common stock in your own name, you are an owner or holder of record. This means that you may use the enclosed proxy card or the Internet or telephone voting

Table of Contents

options to tell the persons named as proxies how to vote your shares of Iron Mountain common stock. You have four voting options:

In Person. To vote in person, come to the special meeting and you will be able to vote by ballot. To ensure that your shares are voted at the special meeting, Iron Mountain's board of directors recommends that you submit a proxy even if you plan to attend the special meeting.

Mail. To vote using the enclosed proxy card, simply complete, sign and date the enclosed proxy card and return it promptly in the enclosed return envelope. If you return your signed proxy card to Iron Mountain before the special meeting, Iron Mountain will vote your shares as you direct.

Telephone. To vote by telephone, dial the toll-free telephone number located on the enclosed proxy card using a phone and follow the recorded instructions. You will be asked to provide the control number from the enclosed proxy card. Your vote must be received by 11:59 pm (eastern U.S. time) on November 18, 2015 to be counted.

Internet. To vote over the Internet, go to the web address located on the enclosed proxy card to complete an electronic proxy card. You will be asked to provide the control number from the enclosed proxy card. Your vote must be received by 11:59 pm (eastern U.S. time) on November 18, 2015 to be counted.

If your shares of common stock are held in "street name" by your broker, bank or other nominee, you should have received a voting instruction form, as well as voting instructions with these proxy materials from that organization rather than from Iron Mountain. Your broker, bank or other nominee will vote your shares only if you provide instructions to that organization on how to vote. You should provide your broker, bank or other nominee with instructions regarding how to vote your shares by following the enclosed instructions provided by that organization. Your shares will not be voted with respect to any proposal for which you fail to provide instructions, which will have no effect on the approval of the proposals.

The Internet and telephone voting options available to holders of record are designed to authenticate stockholders' identities, to allow stockholders to give their proxy voting instructions and to confirm that these instructions have been properly recorded. Proxies submitted over the Internet or by telephone through such a program must be received by 11:59 pm (eastern U.S. time) on November 18, 2015. Submitting a proxy will not affect your right to vote in person if you decide to attend the special meeting.

Revoking Your Proxy

Your grant of a proxy on the enclosed proxy card or through one of the alternative methods discussed above does not prevent you from voting in person or otherwise revoking your proxy at any time before it is voted at the special meeting. If your shares of Iron Mountain common stock are registered in your own name, you may revoke your proxy in one of the following ways:

by submitting another proxy card bearing a later date and mailing it so that it is received before the special meeting;

by submitting another proxy using the Internet or telephone voting procedures; or

by attending the special meeting and voting in person, although simply attending the meeting will not revoke your proxy, as you must deliver a notice of revocation or vote at the special meeting in order to revoke a prior proxy.

Your last vote is the vote that will be counted.

Table of Contents

If you have instructed a broker, bank or other nominee to vote your shares, you must follow the directions received from your broker, bank or other nominee if you wish to change your vote.

Voting in Person at the Special Meeting

All stockholders of record may vote their shares in person by attending the special meeting and submitting the ballot that will be provided there. If your shares are held in "street name," you may vote in person at the special meeting if you have a document known as a "legal proxy" from the holder of record. You will need to ask the broker, bank or other nominee holding your shares for a legal proxy and bring the legal proxy with you to the special meeting. If your shares are held in "street name", you will not be able to vote your shares at the meeting without a legal proxy. If you request a legal proxy, any previously executed proxy will be revoked, and your vote will not be counted unless you appear at the special meeting and vote in person or legally appoint another proxy to vote on your behalf.

Adjournments and Postponements

Although it is not currently expected, the special meeting may be adjourned or postponed to a later date. Any adjournment or postponement to a date not more than 30 days after the date originally fixed for the special meeting may be made without notice, other than by an announcement made at the special meeting of the time and place of the adjourned meeting. Any adjournment or postponement to a date more than 30 days after the date originally fixed for the special meeting will require that notice of the hour, date and place of the adjourned meeting be given to Iron Mountain's stockholders entitled to vote thereat. Any adjournment of the special meeting for the purpose of soliciting additional proxies will allow Iron Mountain's stockholders who have already sent in their proxies to revoke them at any time before voting occurs at the special meeting as adjourned. See "*Proposal 2: Adjournment of Special Meeting*" beginning on page 138 of this proxy statement for more information about the proposal relating to adjournments of the special meeting.

Householding

Certain of Iron Mountain's stockholders who share an address are being delivered only one copy of this proxy statement unless Iron Mountain or one of its mailing agents has received contrary instructions. Upon the written or oral request of a stockholder at a shared address to which a single copy of this proxy statement was delivered, Iron Mountain will promptly deliver a separate copy of such document to the requesting stockholder. Written requests should be made to the Secretary of Iron Mountain Incorporated, One Federal Street, Boston, Massachusetts 02110, and oral requests may be made by calling Iron Mountain Investor Relations at (617) 535-8341.

In addition, Iron Mountain stockholders who wish to receive a separate copy of Iron Mountain's proxy statements and annual reports, if any, in the future should notify Iron Mountain either in writing addressed to the foregoing address or by calling the foregoing telephone number. Iron Mountain stockholders sharing an address who are receiving multiple copies of Iron Mountain's notice of Internet availability of proxy materials and/or proxy statements and annual reports may request delivery of a single copy of such documents by writing Iron Mountain at the address above or calling Iron Mountain at the telephone number above.

Solicitation of Proxies

Iron Mountain is soliciting proxies for the special meeting from Iron Mountain stockholders. Iron Mountain will bear the entire cost of soliciting proxies from Iron Mountain stockholders, including the expenses incurred in connection with the preparation of the proxy statement and its filing with the SEC. In addition to this mailing, Iron Mountain's directors, officers and employees, who will not



Table of Contents

receive any additional compensation for their services, may solicit proxies personally, electronically or by telephone. Arrangements also will be made with brokerage firms and other custodians, nominees and fiduciaries to forward proxy solicitation materials to the beneficial owners of Iron Mountain common stock held of record by those persons, and Iron Mountain will reimburse these brokerage firms, custodians, nominees and fiduciaries for related, reasonable out-of-pocket expenses they incur.

Iron Mountain has engaged Okapi Partners LLC to assist in the solicitation of proxies for the special meeting and will pay Okapi Partners LLC a fee of approximately \$17, plus reimbursement of out-of-pocket expenses. The address of Okapi Partners LLC is 437 Madison Avenue 28th Floor, New York, New York 10022. You can call Okapi Partners LLC at 877-279-2311.

A list of stockholders entitled to vote at the special meeting will be open for examination by any Iron Mountain stockholder, for any purpose germane to the meeting, during ordinary business hours for a period of ten days before the meeting at Iron Mountain's principal executive offices at One Federal Street, Boston, MA 02110, and at the time and place of the meeting during the entire time of the meeting.

Other Business

Iron Mountain does not expect that any matter other than the proposals listed above will be brought before the special meeting. If, however, other matters are properly brought before the special meeting, or any adjournment or postponement of the special meeting, the persons named as proxies will vote in accordance with their judgment.

Assistance

If you need assistance in completing your proxy card or have questions regarding the various voting options with respect to the special meeting, please contact Iron Mountain's proxy solicitor, Okapi Partners LLC at 877-279-2311.

Table of Contents

THE TRANSACTION

The following discussion contains important information relating to the Transaction. You are urged to read this discussion together with the Transaction Agreement and related documents attached as annexes to this proxy statement and incorporated herein by reference before voting on the issuance of Iron Mountain common stock in the Transaction, and the other proposal to be considered and voted upon at the special meeting.

Structure of the Transaction

Iron Mountain and Recall are proposing to engage in a business combination under Australian corporate law, pursuant to which Iron Mountain Sub will acquire all of the outstanding ordinary shares of Recall, and Recall will thereby become a wholly-owned subsidiary of Iron Mountain Sub. As set forth in the Transaction Agreement, the business combination will be carried out in accordance with a scheme of arrangement to be submitted for approval by Recall shareholders and the Sydney Federal Court (or such other competent court agreed by Iron Mountain and Recall).

Subject to the terms and conditions set forth in the Transaction Agreement, after the Effective Time of the Scheme and upon the completion of the Transaction, each outstanding ordinary share of Recall will be transferred to Iron Mountain Sub in exchange for the Cash Supplement as well as either (1) 0.1722 of a newly issued share of Iron Mountain common stock or (2) the Cash Election. The Cash Election is subject to the Cash Election Cap (with preferential access to the Cash Election for up to the first 5,000 shares for each Recall shareholder who was a shareholder as of June 11, 2015 or such lower number as determined by the Recall board of directors if the number of priority shares would cause the Cash Election Cap to exceed A\$225,000) with any remaining Recall shares to be received as Iron Mountain common stock, in accordance with the exchange ratio, per each Recall share as of the record date for the Transaction. Amounts paid to Recall shareholders that represent the Cash Supplement are excluded from the calculation of the Cash Election Cap. As a result of the Transaction, Recall will become a wholly-owned subsidiary of Iron Mountain Sub.

The Transaction will be accounted for using the acquisition method of accounting in accordance with ASC 805 under U.S. GAAP, as described under "*Accounting Treatment*" beginning on page 88 of this proxy statement.

The Transaction is expected to be completed in the first half of 2016 subject to satisfaction or waiver of the various closing conditions set forth in the Transaction Agreement. See "*The Transaction Agreement, Scheme and Deed Poll Conditions Precedent to the Scheme*" beginning on page 119 of this proxy statement for more information regarding the conditions to closing the Transaction.

Background of the Transaction

On August 17, 2011, Brambles publicly announced its plan to sell Recall, its information management business. On October 4, 2011, Iron Mountain's general counsel contacted Brambles' general counsel to explore the possibility of Iron Mountain participating in Brambles' process to sell Recall. Several weeks later (but prior to the commencement of any discussions with Iron Mountain about a Recall sale), on November 9, 2011, Brambles' general counsel informed Iron Mountain's general counsel that due to Brambles' desire to quickly complete a transaction, Iron Mountain would not be included in the Recall sale process. On June 4, 2012, Brambles publicly announced that, following an extensive process, it had determined not to sell Recall.

In February 2013, Iron Mountain and Birch Hill Equity Partners Management Inc. ("Birch Hill") engaged in several discussions regarding the possibility of Iron Mountain purchasing certain assets of Recall in the event Birch Hill were able to successfully acquire certain Recall assets from Brambles. However, there were no discussions between Brambles and Iron Mountain at such time.

Table of Contents

In April 2013, Birch Hill contacted Iron Mountain and informed them that Brambles had decided to spin-off Recall unless it was able to attract a certain valuation for Recall in a sale. Iron Mountain had no further discussions with Birch Hill regarding the acquisition of certain assets of Recall.

On December 18, 2013, Brambles implemented the Demerger of Recall by way of a court approved scheme of arrangement. As a result of the Demerger, Recall was separately listed on the ASX and was no longer a part of Brambles.

On April 25, 2014, Iron Mountain's chief executive officer and Recall's chief executive officer had a brief in-person meeting. The meeting was introductory and the possibility of a potential transaction involving Iron Mountain and Recall was briefly mentioned, but no details regarding a potential transaction were discussed.

On June 27, 2014, Iron Mountain's general counsel and Recall's general counsel held an introductory meeting in Boston and discussed issues relating to the industry and Iron Mountain and Recall. The possibility of a potential transaction involving Iron Mountain and Recall was briefly mentioned, but not discussed.

On July 25, 2014, Iron Mountain's chief executive officer and Recall's chief executive officer met in Chicago for dinner. During dinner the possibility of a potential transaction involving Iron Mountain and Recall was briefly mentioned and Iron Mountain's chief executive officer and Recall's chief executive officer agreed to meet in Sydney in August to further discuss.

In late August 2014, Iron Mountain's chief executive officer traveled to Sydney, Australia for an investor meeting. During such visit, Iron Mountain's chief executive officer met with Recall's chief executive officer for dinner on August 27, 2014 and discussed a potential transaction. Iron Mountain's chief executive officer stated that Iron Mountain would consider the possibility of a potential transaction further and revisit the issue with Recall in the future.

On September 30, 2014, in response to market rumors regarding potential discussions between the parties with respect to a business combination transaction, Recall issued a press release stating that it was not engaged in discussions with Iron Mountain or any other potential buyer. Iron Mountain declined to comment on the market speculation of a potential transaction. Following Recall's issuance of the press release, Iron Mountain's chief executive officer called Recall's chief executive officer to inform him that Iron Mountain was considering the possibility of a transaction, but did not intend to engage with Recall before November 2014.

On October 13, 2014, Iron Mountain's board of directors held a meeting, which included representatives of Weil, Gotshal and Manges LLP ("Weil") and Sullivan & Worcester LLP ("S&W"), Iron Mountain's legal counsel, Minter Ellison LLP, Iron Mountain's Australian legal counsel ("Minter Ellison") and Goldman Sachs, Iron Mountain's financial advisor. At this meeting, Iron Mountain's chief executive officer discussed a potential acquisition of Recall with the Iron Mountain board of directors. Iron Mountain's chief executive officer reviewed a preliminary analysis of a potential acquisition that had been undertaken to date, as well as the various areas where more information would be needed. At the conclusion of this meeting, the Iron Mountain board of directors authorized management to engage outside advisors (including legal, financial, tax and accounting) specifically to assist Iron Mountain in its evaluation of the potential transaction. The Iron Mountain board of directors in connection with a potential transaction with Recall. The Company engaged Goldman Sachs to serve as its exclusive financial advisor in connection with the Transaction based on Goldman Sachs' experience in merger and acquisition transactions, its industry knowledge and other relevant factors.

In the following weeks, Goldman Sachs prepared a preliminary financial overview of Recall and a potential acquisition. On October 20, 2014, the finance committee of the Iron Mountain board of

Table of Contents

directors, whose duties include the review of strategic investments and dispositions, including acquisitions and divestitures, held a meeting, which included representatives of Goldman Sachs. At this meeting Goldman Sachs presented preliminary perspectives on a potential transaction with Recall relating to valuation, costs and REIT compliance.

On October 27, 2014, the finance committee of the Iron Mountain board of directors met again. At that meeting, representatives from Goldman Sachs presented a preliminary financial overview of Recall and the potential acquisition and reviewed, among other things, various scenarios surrounding the potential transaction and the potential benefits and considerations.

The Iron Mountain board of directors held meetings on October 28, 2014 and October 29, 2014, which included Iron Mountain's management and representatives from Weil, S&W and Goldman Sachs, to discuss the next steps for evaluating a potential transaction involving Recall. The discussion of the Iron Mountain board of directors included a review of the potential structures, considerations for pursuing various alternatives, the potential benefits to Iron Mountain and Recall shareholders and a strategy for moving forward. The discussion also included a presentation from Weil regarding the regulatory approvals that would be required in the transaction. Following this presentation, the Iron Mountain board of directors authorized Iron Mountain's management to explore alternatives to a transaction with Recall and to continue to evaluate a potential transaction with Recall. In addition, the Iron Mountain board of directors authorized price not to exceed A\$7.00 per share with a minimum 50% of the transaction consideration to be paid in shares of Iron Mountain common stock and to determine allocation of risk and process for due diligence and information sharing with Recall.

Throughout the fall of 2014, Iron Mountain and its advisors continued to evaluate a potential transaction with Recall with its advisors, including assessing Iron Mountain's pro forma leverage following a potential transaction, potential sources of debt and equity financing and alternative forms and mix of consideration that could be used to acquire Recall. Iron Mountain engaged in preliminary discussions and entered into non-disclosure agreements with several private debt and equity capital sources during November and December 2014.

In late November 2014, Iron Mountain's chief executive officer and Recall's chief executive officer spoke briefly about a potential acquisition of Recall by Iron Mountain. However, no discussion took place regarding the terms of any such potential offer.

In early December 2014, Iron Mountain, with its advisors, began to finalize the terms of a potential offer to Recall. The terms were reflected in a letter to Recall that included an initial offer consisting of a combination of cash and shares of Iron Mountain common stock valued at approximately A\$2,147,000, or A\$6.75 per Recall share. This offer gave Recall shareholders the right to receive A\$333,000 in cash and the equivalent of A\$1,814,000 in shares of Iron Mountain common stock. In addition, Iron Mountain proposed giving Recall shareholders the option to elect to receive all or a portion of the consideration in cash or shares of Iron Mountain common stock subject to a proration mechanism that would cap the total amount of cash consideration to be paid to Recall shareholders at A\$333,000.

On December 5, 2014, Iron Mountain's chief executive officer met with Recall's chief executive officer and Recall's chairman to discuss the potential transaction. At the meeting, Iron Mountain's chief executive officer presented Recall's chief executive officer with a draft unsigned proposal letter outlining these terms and explained the basis for Iron Mountain's offer. Recall's chief executive officer expressed his disapproval of the offer price and valuation and asserted that Iron Mountain underestimated the synergies created by a transaction.

Table of Contents

On December 10, 2014, following discussions between Iron Mountain's chief executive officer and Recall's chief executive officer, Iron Mountain sent Recall's chief executive officer a signed offer letter, increasing the offer price to A\$7.00 per Recall share. On December 15, 2014, Recall issued a press release announcing its rejection of Iron Mountain's offer. The press release stated that the Iron Mountain proposal did not reflect the significant and unique value creation that a combination of the two companies would generate and included the potential synergies and accretion and the range of value sharing that Recall believed should be taken into account, as well as the Recall board's reasons for rejecting the offer. Later that day, Iron Mountain issued a press release in response confirming the offer to acquire Recall for a price of A\$7.00 per Recall share. The press release disclosed the key economic terms of Iron Mountain's offer and urged Recall to allow the full due diligence necessary for Iron Mountain to determine whether an increase in offer price was justified.

In late January and February 2015, Goldman Sachs engaged in periodic discussions with Recall's financial advisors regarding considerations relating to a potential transaction.

On February 6, 2015, the Iron Mountain board of directors met and authorized management to re-engage Recall in further negotiations with an increased proposed purchase price and Iron Mountain's general counsel and Recall's general counsel had a conversation on February 7, 2015, regarding Iron Mountain's suggestion that the parties enter into a non-disclosure agreement in order to facilitate Iron Mountain's review of Recall's expected earnings release. Over the next several weeks Iron Mountain and Recall began to negotiate the terms of a potential acquisition by way of a court approved scheme of arrangement.

On February 12, 2015, the chief executive officers and general counsels of Iron Mountain and Recall met in New York to discuss possible terms of a transaction. During that meeting, Iron Mountain delivered an outline of a proposal describing, in a high level manner, some key terms for the potential transaction to Recall. The outline provided for an all-stock offer with a fixed exchange ratio of 0.1678 of a share of Iron Mountain common stock for each Recall ordinary share with a cash option and cash pool capped at A\$404,000. The outline also contemplated a reverse termination fee payable by Iron Mountain if regulatory approval could not be obtained (equal to 2% of total transaction value) and a termination fee (equal to 1% of total transaction value) payable by Recall if, among other things, Recall terminated the definitive transaction agreement to enter into a superior proposal. The meeting concluded without an agreement being reached.

The following day, on February 13, 2015, Recall's chief executive officer sent Iron Mountain's chief executive officer a revised term sheet. Recall's term sheet provided for an offer price of A\$8.50 per Recall share, including a cash option, which was to be capped at A\$404,000. In addition, Recall requested that Iron Mountain pay a 1% termination fee in the event the Iron Mountain board of directors did not support the transaction or changed its recommendation to Iron Mountain stockholders. Recall also requested a separate termination fee (the value of which was to be determined at a later date) in the event Iron Mountain was unable to obtain regulatory clearance. Finally, Recall asked that Iron Mountain commit to significant divestitures in order to obtain regulatory clearance and commit to litigate any regulatory attempt to restrain the potential transaction.

On February 17, 2015, Recall circulated a further revised term sheet in response to Iron Mountain's February 12, 2015 proposal. The term sheet set forth an all-stock transaction with a fixed exchange ratio valued at A\$8.50 per Recall share based on Iron Mountain's closing stock price and the Australian dollar to U.S. dollar exchange rate, each as of February 17, 2015. Recall's term sheet maintained the A\$404,000 cash option and proposed that Iron Mountain commit to greater divestitures in order to obtain the necessary antitrust approvals, including a commitment to divest assets accounting for up to US\$20,000 in revenues with respect to the records management business in the United States and Canada and a commitment to divest whatever assets were necessary to obtain regulatory approvals with respect to all other business lines worldwide and the records management business in all



Table of Contents

jurisdictions other than the United States and Canada. Recall also proposed that Iron Mountain pay a reverse termination fee equal to 3% of the transaction's equity value if the transaction did not close because of a failure to obtain regulatory clearance. Finally, Recall proposed a brief due diligence review limited to high level financial due diligence and tax considerations.

After receiving the February 17, 2015 term sheet, Iron Mountain continued to negotiate the terms of the proposed transaction with Recall, including the exchange ratio pursuant to which the Recall ordinary shares would be converted to shares of Iron Mountain common stock, competition approvals and the other terms and conditions of the definitive transaction agreement.

On February 18 and 19, 2015, Iron Mountain's board of directors held a regularly scheduled meeting to discuss certain issues relating to the management and operation of Iron Mountain's business, and Iron Mountain's management provided an update to the board regarding recent discussions with Recall relating to a potential transaction during the meeting.

On February 25, 2015, Iron Mountain delivered a revised term sheet to Recall. Iron Mountain stated it was willing to divest assets accounting for up to US\$20,000 in revenues in the aggregate to obtain regulatory clearance with respect to the records management business in the United States and Canada. Iron Mountain also was willing to divest any record management business assets necessary to obtain regulatory clearance in Australia. Iron Mountain proposed a commitment to divest assets totaling up to US\$10,000 in revenue for all other business lines worldwide and the records management business in all jurisdictions other than the United States, Canada and Australia. In addition, Iron Mountain reduced the proposed reverse termination fee in the event that that transaction did not close due to failure to obtain regulatory clearance to 2.5% of the proposed transaction's equity value. Iron Mountain also requested that Recall allow for a longer, more comprehensive due diligence process.

Shortly after Iron Mountain sent the February 25, 2015 revised term sheet, Recall's chief executive officer and Iron Mountain's chief executive officer spoke. Recall's chief executive officer noted that, in his view, the February 25, 2015 revised term sheet included materially different terms from those previously discussed between the parties that were unacceptable to Recall. During the discussion, Iron Mountain's chief executive officer informed Recall's chief executive officer that in light of a decline in Iron Mountain's stock price during the week of February 16, 2015, the transaction as negotiated was no longer possible given Iron Mountain's current stock price and that absent an agreement on an acceptable exchange ratio, Iron Mountain would need to pursue other opportunities.

On April 15, 2015, Iron Mountain's chief executive officer and Recall's chief executive officer had a chance meeting in Sydney, Australia, when both chief executive officers were engaged in business matters unrelated to the potential transaction. On April 17, 2015, Recall's chief executive officer sent Iron Mountain's chief executive officer an e-mail regarding the acquisition of Recall for a fixed exchange ratio of 0.175 of a share of Iron Mountain common stock per Recall ordinary share.

On April 18, 2015, Iron Mountain contacted Owl Creek Asset Management LP ("Owl Creek"), an investor owning shares of both Iron Mountain and Recall that had previously contacted Iron Mountain regarding a potential transaction between Iron Mountain and Recall, as to whether Owl Creek would be interested in continuing discussions with respect to Recall and a potential transaction. Iron Mountain and Owl Creek entered into a non-disclosure agreement on April 18, 2015. Iron Mountain also contacted Deccan Value Investors L.P. ("Deccan") to discuss Recall. Deccan, which was Recall's largest single shareholder and also an investor in Iron Mountain, had previously contacted Iron Mountain regarding a potential transaction between Iron Mountain and Recall. Deccan, however, declined to enter into a non-disclosure agreement with Iron Mountain, and Iron Mountain limited future communications with Deccan to publicly available information.



Table of Contents

On April 19, 2015, Recall's chief executive officer informed Iron Mountain's chief executive officer that Recall would be willing to consider reducing the cash portion of the transaction consideration to facilitate reaching an agreement, provided that the total cash and stock consideration offered implied an offer value of A\$8.50 per share. That evening, Iron Mountain submitted a written revised offer in anticipation of Recall's upcoming board meeting scheduled to be held from April 21 to April 23, 2015, in Singapore. Pursuant to this written offer, Recall shareholders would be offered consideration of 0.1722 of a newly issued share of Iron Mountain common stock for each Recall ordinary share. Recall shareholders would also be offered the option to elect to receive alternative consideration of A\$8.50 in cash per Recall share, subject to a proration mechanism which would cap the total amount of cash consideration to be paid to Recall shareholders at A\$225,000. Iron Mountain also agreed to commit to the following potential divestitures, if required to obtain antitrust clearance: (i) with respect to the records management business in the United States and Canada, Iron Mountain would commit to divest assets accounting for up to US\$30,000 in revenues, in the aggregate, (ii) with respect to the records management business in Australia, Iron Mountain would commit to undertake divestitures in Australia as necessary to address any competition issues that might arise under Australian law and (iii) with respect to (a) all other business lines worldwide and (b) the records management business in all jurisdictions, other than the United States, Canada and Australia, Iron Mountain would commit to divest assets accounting for up to US\$10,000 in revenues in any one country and up to US\$30,000 in revenues in the aggregate. In addition, Iron Mountain proposed to pay a reverse break fee equal to 3% of the transaction equity value in the event that the transaction did not close as a result of the regulatory approval condition not being satisfied or waived, but all other conditions being satisfied as of the outside date, which would be 12 months from the date of execution of the definitive transaction agreement.

On April 23, 2015, following the conclusion of a meeting of the Recall board of directors, Recall submitted a counter-proposal agreeing in principle to Iron Mountain's proposed exchange ratio, but identifying certain timing, due diligence and antitrust matters as issues for further negotiation.

On April 25, 2015, the Iron Mountain board of directors convened a meeting to consider Recall's counter-proposal. In attendance at that meeting were members of Iron Mountain's management and representatives of Weil, Minter Ellison and Goldman Sachs. After reviewing Recall's counter-proposal and discussing certain changes to the counter-proposal proposed by Iron Mountain's management, the Iron Mountain board of directors (i) approved the transaction (as reflected in the counter-proposal as revised by Iron Mountain management), (ii) determined that entering into the transaction was advisable and in the best interests of Iron Mountain and its stockholders and (iii) authorized certain officers of Iron Mountain to negotiate the terms of the transaction agreement contemplated by the term sheet.

On April 26, 2015, Iron Mountain and Recall executed a non-disclosure agreement dated April 25, 2015 with a customary standstill provision.

On April 29, 2015 Iron Mountain and Recall announced that the parties had reached an agreement in principle and entered into the term sheet reflecting the transaction.

Following the April 29, 2015 announcement, Iron Mountain engaged in confirmatory due diligence with Recall, including meetings between members of management of Iron Mountain and Recall, which included presentations on sales and marketing, product and technology, finance, accounting, tax and human resources.

On May 13, 2015, representatives of Sidley Austin LLP ("Sidley") and Allens ("Allens"), Recall's U.S. and Australian legal counsel, respectively, delivered a draft of the Transaction Agreement to representatives of Iron Mountain. During the next three weeks, the parties, together with their legal counsel, negotiated the terms of the Transaction Agreement, including the deal protection provision, the size of the termination fee potentially payable, regulatory approvals, closing certainty and other matters.



Table of Contents

On May 26, 2015, Recall's chief executive officer called Iron Mountain's chief executive officer, and then sent an email with a proposal regarding a price of A\$8.50 per share implied offer value and the need for price protection in the form of a collar mechanism as a result of Iron Mountain's then current stock price resulting in an implied offer value of less than A\$8.50 per share. Iron Mountain's chief executive officer rejected this proposal.

On May 27, 2015, Recall's chairman sent a letter to Iron Mountain's chairman regarding the proposal, describing certain desired aspects of the communications plan relating to the proposal and providing additional detail relating to the form of price protection requested by Recall. On May 28, 2015, Iron Mountain's chairman responded to the May 27th letter sent by Recall's chairman, rejecting such proposal.

During the week of June 1, 2015, various discussions between the parties and the chief executive officers of Recall and Iron Mountain took place regarding price, price protection and other key terms (including with respect to tax considerations, due diligence, marketing strategy and announced accretion and synergy levels).

On June 3, 2015, Recall sent a summary proposal to Iron Mountain to resolve the remaining open issues in the Transaction Agreement, including the tax status of the transaction (but excluding price protection). Iron Mountain's chief executive officer spoke with Recall's chief executive officer via telephone shortly after the proposal was received by Iron Mountain. Iron Mountain's chief executive officer proposed either (i) structuring the transaction in a manner intended to qualify as a "reorganization" for United States federal income tax purposes or (ii) structuring the transaction in a manner intended to be treated as a fully taxable transaction for United States federal income tax purposes to Recall's shareholders but offering shareholders a special cash dividend of approximately A\$0.20 per share. Recall's chief executive officer informed Recall's chief executive officer informed as "collar" mechanism. Iron Mountain's chief executive officer informed Recall's chief executive officer that Iron Mountain would not agree to a "collar" mechanism. Recall's chief executive officer indicated that at least US\$0.50 per share of additional cash consideration was needed absent price protection and in light of the anticipated tax benefits to Iron Mountain as a result of the transaction.

Later that evening, the Iron Mountain board of directors convened a meeting to consider the terms of the proposed transaction. In attendance at such meeting were members of Iron Mountain's management and representatives of Weil. Iron Mountain's chief executive officer provided an update on the potential transaction, including with respect to the open points and issues being discussed by the parties. Iron Mountain's chief executive officer also updated the board of directors regarding the results of due diligence and described the parties' positions with respect to price protection, level of accretion and transaction structure for U.S. tax purposes. Representatives of Weil reviewed the key terms of the Transaction Agreement and described an illustrative transaction timeline and potential antitrust approval process relating to the potential transaction. Weil also again reviewed the Iron Mountain board of directors' fiduciary duties. The Iron Mountain board supported continuing negotiations with Recall regarding the potential transaction.

Iron Mountain and Recall engaged in several negotiations over the course of June 4 and 5, 2015 regarding price protection and the tax status of the potential transaction. Following such negotiations, the parties agreed, subject to Iron Mountain and Recall board approval, that, for Recall shareholders receiving stock consideration, in addition to receiving 0.1722 of a newly issued share of Iron Mountain common stock for each ordinary share of Recall, those shareholders also would receive US\$0.50 in cash for each Recall share and that the transaction would be structured as one intended to be treated as fully taxable to Recall's shareholders for United States federal income tax purposes.

Table of Contents

On June 4, 2015, representatives of Iron Mountain and Recall engaged in several discussions with Brambles with respect to the requirements of the tax matters agreement entered into by Recall and Brambles in connection with the Demerger, including the delivery by Recall of appropriate tax opinions to Brambles. Also on June 4, 2015, representatives of Iron Mountain and Brambles discussed Iron Mountain's intention to provide to Brambles a guaranty of Recall's obligations under the tax matters agreement and the Demerger deed. Iron Mountain provided a draft of the guaranty to Brambles, which Brambles stated could be finalized after signing.

On June 6, 2015, the Iron Mountain board of directors convened a special meeting to consider the terms of the proposed transaction. Also in attendance were members of Iron Mountain's management and representatives of Weil, Minter Ellison and Goldman Sachs. Representatives of Weil reviewed the key terms of the Transaction Agreement and the Iron Mountain board of directors' fiduciary duties. Representatives of Goldman Sachs reviewed its financial analyses of the aggregate consideration to be paid by a subsidiary of Iron Mountain pursuant to the Transaction Agreement, and then delivered to the Iron Mountain board of directors Goldman Sachs's oral opinion, subsequently confirmed in writing by delivery of a written opinion dated June 8, 2015, that, as of such date, based upon and subject to the factors, assumptions, considerations, limitations and other matters set forth in its written opinion, the aggregate consideration to be paid by a subsidiary of Iron Mountain about Goldman Sachs's opinion, see the section of this proxy statement below captioned " *Opinion of Financial Advisor to the Iron Mountain Board of Directors*" and Annex C to this proxy statement.

After discussing potential reasons for and against the Transaction (see below under the heading " *Iron Mountain's Reasons for the Transaction*"), the Iron Mountain board of directors unanimously approved the Transaction Agreement, the consummation of the Scheme and authorized execution of the Transaction Agreement.

On June 6 and June 7, 2015 Weil, Minter Ellison, Sidley and Allens, together with executives from Recall and Iron Mountain, engaged in numerous discussions in an effort to finalize the terms of the Transaction Agreement. On June 7, 2015, representatives of Iron Mountain and Recall met in Boston to finalize the terms of the Transaction Agreement and discuss and finalize communications plans for an announcement. In the early hours of June 8, 2015, the parties executed the Transaction Agreement. Following the execution of the Transaction Agreement, the parties issued a joint press release announcing the Transaction.

Iron Mountain's Reasons for the Transaction

In reaching its unanimous determination that it is advisable and in the best interests of Iron Mountain and its stockholders to complete the Transaction as contemplated by the Transaction Agreement and to recommend that Iron Mountain stockholders vote "**FOR**" the Transaction Proposal described in this proxy statement, Iron Mountain's board of directors consulted and received advice from its financial and legal advisors and from Iron Mountain's management and considered a number of factors, including the following material factors:

the Transaction will allow Iron Mountain stockholders to participate in the benefits of the combined company, including the future potential value of the combined company's marketed products and services;

the combination of Iron Mountain and Recall will provide substantial financial resources for the execution of near-term goals and further development of new products and services ;

the recent and historical market prices of Recall's common stock;

the Transaction is expected to generate substantial synergies, which Iron Mountain management estimates to equal \$15,000 in 2016, \$110,000 in 2017, \$140,000 in 2018 and \$155,000 once fully

Table of Contents

synergized. Estimates of potential synergies available through the Transaction are preliminary and may increase as ongoing analysis and refinement of synergies progresses. The synergies reflect the combined impact of estimated EBITDA gains from integration, tax benefits, value pass-through to customers, regulatory conditions and customer attrition, while excluding the impact of one-time integration expenses and costs to achieve synergies;

the Transaction is expected to generate accretion to adjusted EPS, FFO (Normalized) per share and AFFO. See " *Summary of Certain Financial Projections Provided to the Iron Mountain Board and Iron Mountain's Financial Advisors*" beginning on page 84 of this proxy statement for more information;

(i) the oral opinion of Goldman Sachs rendered to the board of directors of Iron Mountain on June 6, 2015 (subsequently confirmed in writing on June 8, 2015) in connection with its consideration of the Transaction to the effect that, as of the date of its opinion and subject to the factors, assumptions, considerations, limitations and other matters set forth in Goldman Sachs' written opinion (attached as Annex C to this proxy statement), the Aggregate Consideration (as defined in the written opinion) to be paid by a subsidiary of Iron Mountain pursuant to the Transaction Agreement was fair from a financial point of view to Iron Mountain and (ii) the financial analyses presented by Goldman Sachs to the board of directors of Iron Mountain in connection with the rendering of its opinion, all as more fully described below under the caption " *Opinion of Financial Advisor to the Iron Mountain Board of Directors*";

the Transaction will create a leading global provider of document storage and information management services;

the Transaction increases Iron Mountain's ability to penetrate the global market;

the Iron Mountain board of directors' and management's understanding of Recall's business and operations, and its current and historical results of operations, financial prospects and conditions;

Iron Mountain's proven management team will be combined with Recall's high-quality operations and talented employees;

Iron Mountain has a proven track record of achieving synergies;

Iron Mountain will have enhanced operational capabilities and geographic reach with a diversified business; and

the Iron Mountain board of directors' understanding of the current and prospective competitive space in the industries in which Iron Mountain and Recall operate.

In the course of its deliberations, Iron Mountain's board of directors also considered a variety of risks and other potentially negative factors related to the Transaction, including the following material factors:

the integration of Recall with Iron Mountain will subject Iron Mountain to liabilities that may exist at Recall;

Iron Mountain will incur significant transaction and combination-related costs in connection with the Transaction; and

the risk that the Transaction could be delayed or not completed, or that the Transaction Agreement could be terminated, each of which could negatively impact the price of Iron Mountain common stock and Iron Mountain's future business and operations.

The foregoing discussion of the factors considered by Iron Mountain's board of directors is not intended to be exhaustive, but rather includes the material factors considered by the board. In reaching

Table of Contents

its decision that it is advisable and in the best interests of Iron Mountain and its stockholders to complete the Transaction as contemplated by the Transaction Agreement and to recommend that Iron Mountain stockholders vote "**FOR**" the Transaction Proposal set forth in this proxy statement, Iron Mountain's board of directors did not quantify, rank or otherwise assign relative weights to the factors considered and individual members of the board may have given different weight to different factors. Iron Mountain's board of directors based its decision on the totality of the information presented.

Recommendations of the Iron Mountain Board of Directors

After careful consideration, Iron Mountain's board of directors has determined that it is advisable and in the best interests of Iron Mountain and its stockholders to consummate the Transaction as contemplated by the Transaction Agreement. Accordingly, Iron Mountain's board of directors unanimously recommends that Iron Mountain's stockholders vote:

"FOR" approval of the Transaction Proposal; and

"**FOR**" approval of one or more adjournments of the special meeting, if necessary or appropriate, including adjournments to permit further solicitation of proxies if there are insufficient votes at the time of the special meeting to approve the Transaction Proposal.

Opinion of Financial Advisor to the Iron Mountain Board of Directors

Opinion of Goldman Sachs & Co.

At the special meeting of the Iron Mountain board of directors held on June 6, 2015 to consider the Transaction, Goldman Sachs rendered its oral opinion, subsequently confirmed in writing on June 8, 2015, to the effect that, as of the date of its opinion, and based upon and subject to the factors, assumptions, considerations, limitations and other matters set forth in Goldman Sachs' written opinion, the Aggregate Consideration (as defined in the written opinion) to be paid by a subsidiary of Iron Mountain pursuant to the Transaction Agreement for the outstanding fully paid ordinary shares of Recall was fair from a financial point of view to Iron Mountain.

The full text of the written opinion of Goldman Sachs, dated June 8, 2015, which sets forth the assumptions made, procedures followed, matters considered, qualifications and limitations on the review undertaken in connection with the opinion, is attached to this proxy statement as Annex C. The summary of the Goldman Sachs opinion provided in this proxy statement is qualified in its entirety by reference to the full text of Goldman Sachs' written opinion. Goldman Sachs' advisory services and opinion were provided for the information and assistance of the board of directors of Iron Mountain in connection with its evaluation of the Transaction and the opinion does not constitute a recommendation as to how any stockholder of Iron Mountain should vote with respect to the Transaction Proposal or any other matter.

In connection with rendering the opinion described above and performing its related financial analyses, Goldman Sachs reviewed, among other things:

the Transaction Agreement;

annual reports to stockholders and Annual Reports on Form 10-K of Iron Mountain for the 2010 to 2014 fiscal years;

the annual report to stockholders of Recall for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, as well as the summary of the pro forma historical information of Recall (reflecting pro forma adjustments to the financial information of Recall in connection with the Demerger of Recall from Brambles) for the years ended June 30, 2011, 2012 and 2013 included in the Scheme Booklet for the Demerger of Recall by Brambles;

certain interim reports to stockholders and Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q of Iron Mountain;

certain other communications from Iron Mountain and Recall to their respective stockholders;

certain publicly available research analyst reports for Iron Mountain and Recall;

certain internal financial analyses and forecasts for Recall prepared by Recall management; and

certain internal financial analyses and forecasts for Iron Mountain and certain financial analyses and forecasts for Recall, in each case as prepared by management of Iron Mountain and approved for Goldman Sachs' use by Iron Mountain (the "Forecasts"), and certain operating synergies projected by the management of Iron Mountain to result from the Transaction, as approved for Goldman Sachs' use by Iron Mountain (the "Synergies"). See " *Summary of Certain Financial Projections Provided to the Iron Mountain Board and Iron Mountain's Financial Advisors*" beginning on page 84 of this proxy statement for more information about the Forecasts and Synergies.

Goldman Sachs held discussions with members of senior management of Iron Mountain regarding their assessment of the past and current business operations, financial condition and future prospects of Recall, and with the members of senior management of Iron Mountain regarding their assessment of the past and current business operations, financial condition and future prospects of Iron Mountain and the strategic rationale for, and the potential benefits of, the Transaction. Goldman Sachs also (i) reviewed the reported price and trading activity of the shares of Iron Mountain common stock and the Recall shares, (ii) compared certain financial and stock information for Iron Mountain and Recall with similar information for certain other companies the securities of which are publicly traded, (iii) reviewed the financial terms of certain recent business combinations in the business services industry and in other industries and (iv) performed such other studies and analyses, and considered such other factors, as Goldman Sachs deemed appropriate.

For purposes of rendering its opinion, Goldman Sachs, with the consent of Iron Mountain, relied upon and assumed the accuracy and completeness of all of the financial, legal, regulatory, tax, accounting and other information provided to, discussed with or reviewed by Goldman Sachs without assuming any responsibility for independent verification thereof. In that regard, Goldman Sachs assumed with the consent of the board of directors of Iron Mountain that the Forecasts and the Synergies had been reasonably prepared on a basis reflecting the best currently available estimates and judgments of the management of Iron Mountain. Goldman Sachs did not make any independent evaluation or appraisal of the assets and liabilities (including any contingent, derivative or other off-balance-sheet assets and liabilities) of Iron Mountain or Recall or any of their respective subsidiaries and Goldman Sachs was not furnished with any such evaluation or appraisal. Goldman Sachs assumed that all governmental, regulatory or other consents and approvals necessary for the consummation of the Transaction would be obtained without any adverse effect on Iron Mountain or Recall or on the expected benefits of the Transaction Agreement, without the waiver or modification of any term or condition the effect of which would be in any way meaningful to its analysis.

Goldman Sachs' opinion did not address the underlying business decision of Iron Mountain to engage in the Transaction or the relative merits of the Transaction as compared to any strategic alternatives that may be available to Iron Mountain; nor did it address any legal, regulatory, tax or accounting matters. Goldman Sachs' opinion addressed only the fairness from a financial point of view to Iron Mountain, as of the date of the opinion, of the Aggregate Consideration to be paid by a subsidiary of Iron Mountain for the outstanding ordinary shares of Recall pursuant to the Transaction Agreement. Goldman Sachs did not express any view on, and its opinion did not address, any other term or aspect of the Transaction Agreement or the Transaction or any term or aspect of any other

Table of Contents

agreement or instrument contemplated by the Transaction Agreement or entered into or amended in connection with the Transaction, including the fairness of the Transaction to, or any consideration received in connection therewith by, the holders of any class of securities, creditors, or other constituencies of Iron Mountain; nor did Goldman Sachs express any view on, and its opinion did not address, the fairness of the amount or nature of any compensation to be paid or payable to any of the officers, directors or employees of Iron Mountain or Recall, or any class of such persons in connection with the Transaction, whether relative to the Aggregate Consideration to be paid pursuant to the Transaction Agreement or otherwise. Goldman Sachs did not express any opinion as to the prices at which shares of Iron Mountain common stock would trade at any time or as to the impact of the Transaction on the solvency or viability of Iron Mountain or Recall or the ability of Iron Mountain or Recall to pay their respective obligations when they come due. Goldman Sachs' opinion was necessarily based on economic, monetary, market and other conditions as in effect on, and the information made available to Goldman Sachs as of the date of its opinion, and Goldman Sachs assumed no responsibility for updating, revising or reaffirming its opinion based on circumstances, developments or events occurring after the date of its opinion. Goldman Sachs' advisory services and opinion were provided for the information and assistance of the board of directors of Iron Mountain in connection with its consideration of the Transaction and such opinion does not constitute a recommendation as to how any holder of common stock of Iron Mountain should vote with respect to the Transaction Proposal or any other matter. Goldman Sachs' opinion was approved by a fairness committee of Goldman Sachs.

The following is a summary of the material financial analyses presented by Goldman Sachs to the board of directors of Iron Mountain on June 6, 2015 (subsequently confirmed in writing on June 8, 2015), in connection with rendering the opinion described above. The following summary, however, does not purport to be a complete description of the financial analyses performed by Goldman Sachs, nor does the order of analyses described represent relative importance or weight given to those analyses by Goldman Sachs. Some of the summaries of the financial analyses include information presented in tabular format. The tables must be read together with the full text of each summary and are alone not a complete description of Goldman Sachs' financial analyses. Except as otherwise noted, the following quantitative information, to the extent that it is based on market data, is based on market data as it existed on or before June 3, 2015 and is not necessarily indicative of current market conditions.

Illustrative Contribution Analysis

Goldman Sachs performed an illustrative contribution analysis using the Forecasts for the years 2015, 2016 and 2017. Goldman Sachs reviewed market capitalization information for Iron Mountain and Recall and specific estimated future operating information including, among other information, estimated 2015, 2016 and 2017 revenue, EBITDA and adjusted net income for Iron Mountain and Recall set forth in the Forecasts. Goldman Sachs analyzed the weighted relative income statement contributions of Iron Mountain and Recall using appropriate blended multiples and adjusting for the capital structures of each company. In order to calculate the blended multiple, Goldman Sachs used the aggregate metrics for a particular year.

Table of Contents

The results of the analysis are summarized below:

		Metr (US\$ in n		ons)	Weighte Contribution	Implied	
FYE December 31		Iron ountain	1	Recall	Iron Mountain	Recall	Exchange Ratio
Revenue	IVIO	Juntain	J	Kecan	Niountain	Recall	Katio
2015E	\$	3,075	\$	837	72.5%	27.5%	0.2476 x
2016E		3,175		848	73.0%	27.0%	0.2416 x
2017E		3,289		879	73.0%	27.0%	0.2419 x
EBITDA							
2015E		937		200	78.5%	21.5%	0.1790 x
2016E		991		224	77.1%	22.9%	0.1936 x
2017E		1,043		233	77.5%	22.5%	0.1900 x
Adjusted Net Income							
2015E		276		65	80.8%	19.2%	0.1550 x
2016E		305		86	77.9%	22.1%	0.1848 x
2017E		327		91	78.2%	21.8%	0.1815 x
Market Capitalization (as of June 3, 2015)	\$	7,233	\$	1,811	80.0%	20.0%	0.1635 x

Illustrative Discounted Cash Flow Analyses

Goldman Sachs performed an illustrative unlevered discounted cash flow analysis on Recall using the Forecasts to determine a range of illustrative present values per ordinary share of Recall on a standalone basis as of December 31, 2014. For purpose of this analysis, Goldman Sachs derived illustrative ranges of implied enterprise values by applying discount rates ranging from 6.0% to 8.0%, reflecting estimates of Recall's weighted average cost of capital, to (a) Recall's estimated unlevered free cash flow for the years 2015 through 2021, and (b) illustrative terminal values for Recall in 2021, calculated using perpetuity growth rates ranging from 2.0% to 4.0%. Goldman Sachs then derived the implied equity value per ordinary share of Recall by dividing the result by the number of fully diluted ordinary shares outstanding of Recall in accordance with information contained in the Forecasts. The analysis resulted in a range of illustrative values of A\$4.64 to A\$16.36 per ordinary share of Recall.

Goldman Sachs also performed an illustrative unlevered discounted cash flow analysis on Recall using the Forecasts and the Synergies to determine a range of illustrative present values per ordinary share of Recall as of December 31, 2014 giving effect to the Synergies. For purpose of this analysis, Goldman Sachs derived illustrative ranges of implied enterprise values by applying discount rates ranging from 6.0% to 8.0%, reflecting estimates of Recall's weighted average cost of capital, to (a) Recall's estimated unlevered free cash flow, taking into account the Synergies, for the years 2015 through 2021, and (b) illustrative terminal values for Recall, taking into account the Synergies, in 2021, calculated using perpetuity growth rates ranging from 2.0% to 4.0%. Goldman Sachs then derived the implied equity value per ordinary share of Recall by dividing the result by the number of fully diluted ordinary shares outstanding of Recall in accordance with information contained in the Forecasts. The analysis resulted in a range of illustrative values of A\$10.30 to A\$33.41 per ordinary share of Recall.

In addition, Goldman Sachs also performed an illustrative levered discounted cash flow analysis on Iron Mountain using the Forecasts to determine a range of illustrative present values per share of Iron Mountain common stock as of December 31, 2014. For purpose of this analysis, Goldman Sachs applied discount rates ranging from 8.0% to 10.0%, reflecting estimates of Iron Mountain's cost of equity, to (a) Iron Mountain's levered cash flows for the years 2015 through 2024, and (b) illustrative terminal values calculated using perpetuity growth rates ranging from 3.0% to 5.0%. The analysis resulted in a range of illustrative values of \$27.22 to \$52.14 per share of Iron Mountain common stock.

Table of Contents

Goldman Sachs also performed an illustrative discounted cash flow-based contribution analysis to calculate illustrative implied exchange ratios for Recall and Iron Mountain with and without the Synergies. In order to do this, Goldman Sachs used the unlevered discounted cash flow analysis undertaken for Iron Mountain, both as described above. Using a discount rate of 6.0% to 8.0%, reflecting estimates of Recall's weighted average cost of capital, and a discount rate for Iron Mountain of 8.0% to 10.0%, reflecting estimates of Iron Mountain's cost of equity, this analysis resulted in an illustrative range of implied exchange ratios without synergies of 0.2210 to 0.5876.

Illustrative Public Market Future Stock Price Analyses

Goldman Sachs calculated illustrative ranges of implied present values per share of common stock of Iron Mountain on a standalone basis and on a pro forma basis assuming a partial cash election. For these analyses, Goldman Sachs used the Forecasts for fiscal years 2016 through 2018 and the Synergies.

For shares of Iron Mountain common stock on a standalone basis, Goldman Sachs performed an analysis of the illustrative present value of the future share price of Iron Mountain. First Goldman Sachs derived an implied enterprise value by multiplying the projected EBITDA for fiscal years 2017 through 2019 by a forward EBITDA multiple of 13.0x to arrive at the implied enterprise value for fiscal years 2016 through 2018. Goldman Sachs then subtracted Iron Mountain's projected net debt from the resulting implied enterprise value to yield an implied equity value. Goldman Sachs then divided the implied equity value by the implied diluted shares outstanding to derive the implied nominal share price. Applying illustrative EBITDA multiple estimates of 12.0x, 13.0x and 14.0x yielded implied per share future equity values of \$34.41 to \$45.99. These implied per share future equity values for fiscal years 2016 through 2018 were then discounted to June 30, 2015 using a discount rate of 9.0%, reflecting an estimate of Iron Mountain's cost of equity. Goldman Sachs then added the cumulative present value of forecasted Iron Mountain dividends to these implied per share present equity values. This analysis yielded an illustrative range of implied per share present values of \$31.62 to \$39.78 for fiscal years 2016 through 2018.

For shares of Iron Mountain common stock on a pro forma basis, Goldman Sachs performed an analysis of the illustrative present value of the future share price of the combined company. First Goldman Sachs derived an implied enterprise value for Iron Mountain on a pro forma basis by multiplying the pro forma projected EBITDA for fiscal years 2017 through 2019 by a forward EBITDA multiple of 13.0x, to arrive at the implied enterprise value for fiscal years 2016 through 2018. Goldman Sachs then subtracted Iron Mountain's projected pro forma net debt from the resulting implied enterprise value to yield an implied equity value. Goldman Sachs then divided the implied equity value by the implied diluted shares outstanding to derive the implied nominal share price. Applying illustrative EBITDA multiple estimates of 12.0x, 13.0x and 14.0x yielded implied per share future equity values of \$34.25 to \$52.88. These implied per share future equity values for fiscal years 2016 through 2018 were then discounted to June 30, 2015 using a discount rate of 9.0%, reflecting an estimate of Iron Mountain's cost of equity on a pro forma basis. Goldman Sachs then added the cumulative present value of forecasted Iron Mountain dividends on a pro forma basis to these implied per share present equity values. This analysis yielded an illustrative range of implied per share present values of Iron Mountain common stock on a pro forma basis of \$31.81 to \$43.55 for fiscal years 2016 through 2018.

Table of Contents

Selected Companies Analysis

Goldman Sachs reviewed and compared certain financial information, ratios and public market multiples for Iron Mountain and Recall to corresponding financial information, ratios and public market multiples for the following publicly traded companies in the sectors noted:

Industrial

DCT Industrial Trust Inc.

Duke Realty Corporation

EastGroup Properties, Inc.

First Industrial Realty Trust, Inc.

Liberty Property Trust

Prologis, Inc.

STAG Industrial, Inc. Data Center

DuPont Fabros Technology, Inc.

Digital Realty Trust, Inc.

CyrusOne Inc.

CoreSite Realty Corporation

QTS Realty Trust, Inc.

Storage

CubeSmart

Extra Space Storage Inc.

Public Storage

Sovran Self Storage, Inc.

Although none of the selected companies is directly comparable to Iron Mountain or Recall, the companies included were chosen because they are publicly traded REITs with operations that, for purposes of analysis, may be considered similar to certain operations of Iron Mountain and Recall.

The multiples and ratios of Iron Mountain, Recall and the selected companies were based on the closing prices of their respective common shares on June 3, 2015; financial data obtained from SEC filings; estimates from Institutional Brokers' Estimate System; and other Wall Street research sources.

With respect to each of the selected companies and Iron Mountain and Recall, Goldman Sachs calculated, among other things:

Net Debt/Enterprise Value;

Net Debt/estimated 2015 EBITDA;

Estimated EBITDA multiples for 2015 and 2016.

Estimated funds from operations ("FFO") multiples for 2015 and 2016.

Table of Contents

The results of these analyses are summarized as follows:

	Net Debt /	Net Debt / 2015E	Multiples		FFO Mu	ıltiples
Company	EV	EBITDA	2015E	2016E	2015E	2016E
Iron Mountain	38.8%	5.0 x	12.8 x	12.3 x	16.3 x	15.5 x
Recall	23.2	2.5	10.6	9.8	NA	NA
REIT Peers						
High	40.9	7.4	23.1	21.3	23.0	21.0
Mean	25.7	5.3	18.5	16.8	17.0	15.4
Median	28.7	6.0	18.1	16.6	16.5	14.9
Low	0.0	2.1	14.2	12.3	12.7	12.1

General

The preparation of a fairness opinion is a complex process and is not necessarily susceptible to partial analysis or summary description. Selecting portions of the analyses or of the summary set forth above, without considering the analyses as a whole, could create an incomplete view of the processes underlying Goldman Sachs' opinion. In arriving at its fairness determination, Goldman Sachs considered the results of all of its analyses and did not attribute any particular weight to any factor or analysis considered by it. Rather, Goldman Sachs made its determination as to fairness on the basis of its experience and professional judgment after considering the results of all of its analyses. No company used in the above analyses as a comparison is directly comparable to Iron Mountain, Recall or the Transaction.

Goldman Sachs prepared these analyses for purposes of providing its opinion to the board of directors of Iron Mountain as to the fairness from a financial point of view to Iron Mountain, as of the date of the opinion, of the Aggregate Consideration to be paid by Iron Mountain pursuant to the Transaction Agreement. These analyses do not purport to be appraisals nor do they necessarily reflect the prices at which businesses or securities actually may be sold. Analyses based upon projections of future results are not necessarily indicative of actual future results, which may be significantly more or less favorable than suggested by these analyses. Because these analyses are inherently subject to uncertainty, being based upon numerous factors or events beyond the control of the parties or their respective advisors, none of Iron Mountain, Goldman Sachs or any other person assumes responsibility if future results are materially different from those forecast.

The Aggregate Consideration was determined through arm's-length negotiations between Iron Mountain and Recall, and was approved by the board of directors of Iron Mountain. Goldman Sachs provided advice to Iron Mountain during these negotiations. Goldman Sachs did not, however, recommend any specific amount of consideration to Iron Mountain or that any specific amount of consideration constituted the only appropriate consideration for the Transaction.

As described above, Goldman Sachs' opinion was one of many factors taken into consideration by Iron Mountain's board of directors in making its recommendation to the stockholders of Iron Mountain to vote in favor of the Transaction Proposal. The foregoing summary does not purport to be a complete description of the analyses performed by Goldman Sachs in connection with the delivery of its fairness opinion to Iron Mountain's board of directors and is qualified in its entirety by reference to the written opinion of Goldman Sachs attached as Annex C to this proxy statement.

Goldman, Sachs & Co. and its affiliates are engaged in advisory, underwriting and financing, principal investing, sales and trading, research, investment management and other financial and non-financial activities and services for various persons and entities. Goldman, Sachs & Co. and its affiliates and employees, and funds or other entities they manage or in which they invest or have other

Table of Contents

economic interests or with which they co-invest, may at any time purchase, sell, hold or vote long or short positions and investments in securities, derivatives, loans, commodities, currencies, credit default swaps and other financial instruments of Iron Mountain, Recall and any of their respective affiliates and third parties, or any currency or commodity that may be involved in the Transaction. Goldman Sachs has provided certain financial advisory and/or underwriting services to Iron Mountain and/or its affiliates from time to time for which its Investment Banking Division has received, and may receive, compensation, including having acted as lender in Iron Mountain's term loan facility, aggregate principal amount \$400,000, since August 2014 and as a co-manager in the September 2014 offering by Iron Mountain Europe PLC, a subsidiary of Iron Mountain, of £400,000 aggregate principal amount of 6.125% GPB Senior Notes due 2022. Goldman Sachs may also in the future provide financial advisory and/or underwriting services to Iron Mountain, Recall and their respective affiliates for which its Investment Banking Division may receive compensation.

Iron Mountain selected Goldman Sachs as its financial advisor because it is an internationally recognized investment banking firm that has substantial experience in transactions similar to the Transaction. Pursuant to a letter agreement, dated November 5, 2014, Iron Mountain's board of directors engaged Goldman Sachs to act as its financial advisor in connection with the Transaction. Pursuant to the terms of this engagement letter, Iron Mountain agreed to pay Goldman Sachs a fee of \$18,000, consisting of \$1,000 that was due upon announcement of the Transaction and the remainder due upon consummation of the Transaction (or consummation of any transaction involving 50% or more of the outstanding common stock or assets of Recall). In addition, Iron Mountain agreed to reimburse Goldman Sachs for certain of its expenses, including attorneys' fees and disbursements, and to indemnify Goldman Sachs and related persons against certain liabilities that may arise out of its engagement.

Summary of Certain Financial Projections Provided to the Iron Mountain Board and Iron Mountain's Financial Advisors

In connection with Iron Mountain's consideration and evaluation of the Transaction, Iron Mountain's management prepared and provided to its board of directors and to Goldman Sachs prior to finalizing the Transaction Agreement certain financial projections with respect to each of Iron Mountain (the "Iron Mountain Projections"), Recall (the "Recall Projections") and the combined company following the completion of the Transaction (the "Combined Pro Forma Projections") and, together with the Iron Mountain Projections, the Recall Projections and the Combined Pro Forma Projections").

Iron Mountain's management did not request that Recall or any of its affiliates, advisors or other representatives approve the Projections (including the Recall Projections). Neither Recall nor any of its affiliates, advisors or other representatives assumes any responsibility whatsoever for the validity, reasonableness, accuracy or completeness of the Projections and further disclaims any association with the Projections. Iron Mountain did not prepare the Projections with a view toward public disclosure or the guidelines established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants for preparation and presentation of prospective financial information. Neither Iron Mountain's nor Recall's independent registered public accounting firm, nor any other independent accountants, have compiled, examined or performed any procedures with respect to the Projections, nor has any of them expressed any opinion or any other form of assurance on the Projections or the achievability of the results reflected in the Projections, and none of them assumes any responsibility for, and each of them disclaims any association with, the Projections. Consequently, the inclusion of the Projections should not be regarded as an indication that the Iron Mountain board of directors, Iron Mountain's management, Iron Mountain, the Recall board of directors, Recall, Goldman Sachs or any recipient of this information considered, or now considers, it to be an assurance of the achievement of future results.

Table of Contents

The Projections were prepared based on certain financial information regarding Iron Mountain and Recall available to Iron Mountain management prior to finalizing the Transaction Agreement. In developing the Projections, Iron Mountain management applied a number of hypothetical assumptions in respect of a number of future matters that impact the Projections. Further, the Projections were developed based on Iron Mountain management's opinions and judgments in respect of a number of future matters that impact the Projections. The Projections, and the assumptions, opinions and judgments applied in developing the Projections, were based on Iron Mountain management's then best estimates and were not the subject of independent verification. As such, there can be no assurance that such assumptions, speculation, opinions or judgments are correct, nor that the Projections will be achieved. Based on this, the Projections may not be an accurate representation of equivalent measures as at the date of this proxy statement. Moreover, they have not been updated or revised to reflect information or results after the date the Iron Mountain Projections, the date the Recall Projections, and the date the Combined Pro Forma Projections were prepared or as of the date of this proxy statement.

The Projections should be read in conjunction with the considerations described below under " Important Information about the Projections."

The following tables present a summary of the Iron Mountain Projections.

	Iron Mountain Projections (\$ in millions, other than per share)													
Fiscal Year Ended December	2015		2016		2017		2018		2019		2020			2021
Revenue	\$	3,075	\$	3,175	\$	3,289	\$	3,412	\$	3,537	\$	3,652	\$	3,753
EBITDA(1)	\$	937	\$	991	\$	1,043	\$	1,092	\$	1,144	\$	1,195	\$	1,241
Adjusted Net Income(2)	\$	276	\$	305	\$	327	\$	347	\$	370	\$	406	\$	431
AFFO(3) per share	\$	2.22	\$	2.31	\$	2.40	\$	2.48	\$	2.57	\$	2.67	\$	2.76
Adjusted EPS(4)	\$	1.26	\$	1.32	\$	1.38	\$	1.42	\$	1.47	\$	1.58	\$	1.67
FFO (Normalized)(5) per share	\$	2.04	\$	2.12	\$	2.20	\$	2.27	\$	2.35	\$	2.46	\$	2.56

(1)

EBITDA means earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization.

(2)

Adjusted Net Income means earnings adjusted for extraordinary income / expenses.

(3)

AFFO means FFO (Normalized) excluding non-cash rent expense or income, plus depreciation on non-real estate assets, amortization expense (including amortization of deferred financing costs) and non-cash equity compensation expense, less maintenance capital expenditures and non-real estate investments.

(4)

Adjusted EPS means reported earnings per share from continuing operations excluding: (1) (gain) loss on disposal/write-down of property, plant and equipment (excluding real estate), net; (2) (gain) loss on sale of real estate, net of tax; (3) intangible impairments; (4) Recall costs; (5) REIT costs; (6) other expense (income), net; and (7) the tax impact of reconciling items and discrete tax items.

(5)

FFO (Normalized) means net income excluding gains and losses on the sale or write-down of real estate assets plus depreciation on real estate assets. FFO (Normalized) also excludes other items that Iron Mountain believes do not appropriately reflect Iron Mountain's underlying operations, such as intangible impairment charges, other income and expense (including foreign exchange gains and losses), income and losses from discontinued operations, provision or benefit from deferred taxes and REIT costs.

	Iron Mountain Projections (cont.) (\$ in millions, other than per share)											
Fiscal Year Ended December	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024		
Dividend per share(1)	\$ 1.90	\$ 1.94	\$ 1.98	\$ 2.02	\$ 2.06	\$ 2.10	\$ 2.14	\$ 2.18	\$ 2.23	\$ 2.27		

(1)

Dividend per share, which reflects an assumed annual growth rate of 2%, was used by Goldman Sachs as levered cash flows in the illustrative discounted levered cash flow analysis referred to on page 80 of this proxy statement.

Table of Contents

The following table presents a summary of the Recall Projections (as estimated by Iron Mountain management).

	Recall Projections (as estimated by Iron Mountain management))	
	(\$ in millions, other than per share)													
Calendar Year Ended December	2015 2016			2016	2017		2018		2019		2020		2021	
Revenue	\$	837	\$	848	\$	879	\$	912	\$	944	\$	975	\$	1,001
EBITDA(1)	\$	200(1)) \$	224	\$	233	\$	241	\$	250	\$	258	\$	264
Adjusted Net Income	\$	65	\$	86	\$	91	\$	96	\$	101				

Recall Projections (as estimated by Iron Mountain management)