

RITE AID CORP
Form 424B2
May 23, 2008

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A filing fee of \$6,210 relating to \$158,000,000 of 8.5% Convertible Senior Notes due 2015 offered from the registration statement by means of this prospectus supplement has been calculated in accordance with Rule 457(r) of the Securities Act and transmitted herewith.

PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT

(To Prospectus Dated February 9, 2007)

\$150,000,000

Rite Aid Corporation

8.5% Convertible Notes due 2015

The notes will bear interest at the rate of 8.5% per annum. Interest on the notes is payable on May 15 and November 15 of each year, beginning on November 15, 2008. The notes will mature on May 15, 2015.

The notes are convertible by holders into shares of our common stock at a conversion rate of 386.3614 shares of common stock per \$1,000 principal amount of notes (subject to certain adjustments as set forth in this prospectus supplement), which is equivalent to an initial conversion price of approximately \$2.59 per share of common stock.

We may not redeem the notes at our option. If a fundamental change occurs, holders will have the right to require us to repurchase the notes under the terms described in this prospectus. In addition, if certain fundamental changes occur, we may be required to increase the conversion rate for any notes converted in connection with such fundamental change by a specified number of shares of our common stock.

The notes will be unsubordinated, unsecured obligations of Rite Aid Corporation and will be equal in ranking with all existing and future unsubordinated, unsecured debt of the corporation. Our subsidiaries own substantially all of our operating assets, and the notes will be structurally subordinated to all indebtedness and other liabilities of our subsidiaries, including guarantees by such subsidiaries of our existing and future guaranteed debt. In the event of our bankruptcy or insolvency, our secured creditors would have a prior secured claim to any collateral securing debt owed to them.

We have granted to the underwriter an over-allotment option to purchase up to an additional \$8,000,000 principal amount of notes.

Our common stock is listed on the New York Stock Exchange under the symbol "RAD." The last reported sale price of our common stock on May 22, 2008 was \$2.03 per share.

Investing in the notes involves risks. See "Risk Factors" beginning on page S-10.

Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of these securities or determined if this prospectus is truthful or complete. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

Per Note

Total

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Public Offering Price	100.00%	\$	150,000,000
Underwriting Discount	3.00%	\$	4,500,000
Proceeds to Rite Aid (before expenses)	97.00%	\$	145,500,000

The underwriter expects to deliver the notes to purchasers on or about May 29, 2008.

Citi

May 22, 2008

You should rely only on the information contained or incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus. We have not authorized anyone to provide you with different information. We are not making an offer of these securities in any jurisdiction to any person to whom it is unlawful to make such offer in such jurisdiction. You should not assume that the information contained in this prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectus is accurate as of any dates on their respective covers.

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ABOUT THIS PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT

This document contains two parts. The first part consists of this prospectus supplement, which describes the specific terms of this offering. The second part, the accompanying prospectus, provides a summary of the terms of our securities offered hereby and more general information, some of which may not apply to this offering. If the description of the offering or our Company varies between this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus, you should rely on the information in this prospectus supplement.

Before purchasing any notes, you should carefully read both this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus, together with the additional information described under the heading "Where You Can Find More Information."

References to "Rite Aid," the "Company," "we," "our" and "us" and similar terms mean Rite Aid Corporation and its subsidiaries, unless the context otherwise requires.

References to "Jean Coutu Group" mean The Jean Coutu Group (PJC) Inc. and its subsidiaries, references to "Jean Coutu USA" mean The Jean Coutu Group (PJC) USA, Inc. and its subsidiaries and references to "Brooks Eckerd" mean the Brooks Eckerd drugstore chain, unless the context otherwise requires.

References to the "notes" mean the Convertible Notes due 2015 offered hereby, unless the context requires otherwise.

CAUTIONARY NOTE REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This prospectus supplement, and the documents incorporated by reference herein, include forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These forward-looking statements are often identified by terms and phrases such as "anticipate," "believe," "intend," "estimate," "expect," "continue," "should," "could," "may," "plan," "project," "predict," "will" and similar expressions and include references to assumptions and relate to our future prospects, developments and business strategies.

Factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed or implied in such forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to:

our high level of indebtedness;

our ability to make interest and principal payments on our debt and satisfy the other covenants contained in our senior secured credit facility and other debt agreements, including the indenture governing the notes offered hereby;

our ability to improve the operating performance of our existing stores in accordance with our long-term strategy;

our ability to realize the benefits of the acquisition of Brooks Eckerd;

our ability to hire and retain pharmacists and other store personnel;

our ability to open or relocate stores according to our real estate development program;

the efforts of private and public third party payors to reduce prescription drug reimbursement and encourage mail order;

competitive pricing pressures and continued consolidation of the drugstore industry;

changes in state or federal legislation or regulations;

the outcome of lawsuits and governmental investigations;

general economic conditions and inflation, interest rate movements and access to capital; and

other risks and uncertainties described from time to time in our filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC").

We undertake no obligation to update or revise the forward-looking statements included or incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, after the date of this prospectus supplement. Our actual results, performance or achievements could differ materially from the results expressed in, or implied by, these forward-looking statements. Factors that could cause or contribute to such differences are discussed in the sections entitled "Risk Factors" included in this prospectus supplement, and our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended March 1, 2008, which we filed with the SEC on April 29, 2008.

SUMMARY

This summary does not contain all of the information that you should consider before investing in the notes. You should read the entire prospectus supplement carefully, including the matters discussed under the caption "Risk Factors" and the detailed information and financial statements included or incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement. Unless otherwise indicated, references to fiscal year refer to the fiscal year of Rite Aid, which ends on the Saturday closest to February 29 or March 1 of that year. The fiscal years ended March 1, 2008, March 3, 2007, February 26, 2005 and February 28, 2004 included 52 weeks. The fiscal year ended March 4, 2006 included 53 weeks.

Our Business

We are the third-largest retail drugstore chain in the United States based on revenues and number of stores. We operate our drugstores in 31 states across the country and in the District of Columbia. As of March 1, 2008, we operated 5,059 stores. During fiscal 2008, we generated \$24.3 billion in revenue.

In our stores, we sell prescription drugs and a wide assortment of other merchandise, which we call "front end" products. In fiscal 2008, prescription drug sales accounted for 66.7% of our total sales. We believe that our pharmacy operations will continue to represent a significant part of our business due to favorable industry trends, including an aging population, increased life expectancy, the federally funded prescription drug benefit program ("Medicare Part D"), the discovery of new and better drug therapies and our ongoing program of purchasing prescription files from independent pharmacies. We offer approximately 26,300 front end products, which accounted for the remaining 33.3% of our total sales in fiscal 2008. Front end products include over-the-counter medications, health and beauty aids, personal care items, cosmetics, household items, beverages, convenience foods, greeting cards, seasonal merchandise and numerous other everyday and convenience products, as well as photo processing. We attempt to distinguish our stores from other national chain drugstores, in part, through our private brands and our strategic alliance with GNC, a leading retailer of vitamin and mineral supplements. We offer approximately 3,000 products under the Rite Aid private brand, which contributed approximately 12.9% of our front end sales in the categories where private brand products were offered in fiscal 2008.

The overall average size of each store in our chain is approximately 12,400 square feet. The average size of our stores is larger in the western United States. As of March 1, 2008, approximately 56% of our stores are freestanding; approximately 47% of our stores include a drive-thru pharmacy; approximately 62% include one-hour photo shops; and approximately 29% include a GNC store-within-Rite Aid-store.

Acquisition

On June 4, 2007, we acquired all of the membership interests of JCG (PJC) USA LLC, the holding company for the Brooks Eckerd drugstore chain ("Brooks Eckerd"), from Jean Coutu Group, pursuant to the terms of the Stock Purchase Agreement (the "Stock Purchase Agreement") dated August 23, 2006. As consideration for the acquisition of Jean Coutu USA (the "Acquisition"), we paid \$2.3 billion and issued 250 million shares of our common stock. We financed the cash payment via the establishment of a new term loan facility, issuance of senior notes and borrowings under our existing revolving credit facility. Our operating results include the results of the Brooks Eckerd stores from the date of the Acquisition.

As of March 1, 2008, the Jean Coutu Group owns 251.9 million shares of Rite Aid common stock, which represents approximately 28.6% of our total voting power. We expanded our board of directors to 14 members, with four of the seats being held by members designated by the Jean Coutu Group. In connection with the Acquisition, we entered into a stockholder agreement with Jean Coutu Group and certain Coutu family members. The agreement contains provisions relating to Jean Coutu Group's ownership interest in the Company, board and board committee composition, corporate governance,

stock ownership, stock purchase rights, transfer restrictions, voting arrangements and other matters. We also entered into a registration rights agreement giving Jean Coutu Group certain rights with respect to the registration under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"), of the shares of our common stock issued to Jean Coutu Group or acquired by Jean Coutu Group pursuant to certain stock purchase rights or open market rights under the stockholder agreement.

We believe the acquisition of Brooks Eckerd provides several strategic benefits, including the following:

a significant increase in the footprint and operating scale of our business, with increased presence in key strategic markets;

the creation of the leading drugstore retailer in the eastern United States, which we believe will allow us to achieve the scale necessary to remain competitive with our major competitors;

long-term value creation through net reductions in costs and expenses, achievement of meaningful synergies, including additional operational efficiencies, greater economies of scale and revenue enhancements resulting in higher operating cash flow and a decrease in our leverage ratio;

better positioning to capture additional growth in a sector where growth is projected; and

an opportunity to apply our scaleable infrastructure, including our programs, best practices and management capabilities, across a larger store network, which we believe will improve profitability through cost savings and sales growth.

Our Strategy

Our objectives and goals are to grow our sales, increase our market share and reach a leverage ratio that existed prior to the Acquisition. Our strategies for achieving our goals and objectives are to establish a marketing distinctiveness with our customers, improve the productivity of our existing stores, develop new and relocated stores in our strongest existing markets, leverage our size and scale for lower costs and improve our efficiencies and cost control. We believe that improving the sales of existing stores and growing our existing markets is critical to improving our profitability and cash flow. We believe the acquisition of Brooks Eckerd broadens and accelerates the achievement of our strategic goals and objectives.

The following paragraphs describe in more detail some of the components of our strategies to achieve our goals and objectives:

Complete the Integration of the Brooks Eckerd Stores. The Brooks Eckerd stores and distribution centers are being integrated in phases. We have completed integrating the six distribution centers and we expect to complete the systems conversions in all of the acquired stores by the end of May 2008. We have also begun the minor remodel phase of the Brooks Eckerd stores, which we expect to complete by October 2008.

Develop Stores in Existing Markets. Our new store, store relocation and store remodeling program is focused on our strongest existing markets. We expect to make significant investments for the next several years in new stores, store relocations and store remodels because we believe the best return on capital is to invest in the store base. However, we believe it is equally important that we complete the integration of the Brooks Eckerd stores, which includes the minor remodels described above, as well as maintain a balance between debt and operating cash flows that optimizes the cost of capital and provides reliable access to the capital and sale-leaseback markets. As a result, we will take these two factors into account when determining the number of new and relocated stores that we open and the number of stores that will be remodeled. We expect that more than 50% of the new stores that we open each year will be relocations. An integral part of the store development program is our new store

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prototype. At March 1, 2008, approximately 270 new or relocated stores have been constructed and opened utilizing our customer world prototype. We expect that almost all of the planned new and relocated stores will be the customer world prototype store.

Grow our Pharmacy Sales and Attract More Customers. We believe that customer service and convenience are key factors to growing pharmacy sales. To improve customer service, we are focused on our "With Us, It's Personal" program that is aimed at delivering more personalized service along with timely delivery to our customers. To help our pharmacists do this, we developed and implemented an automated customer satisfaction feedback and measurement system. Using the system, we establish improving customer satisfaction target goals each year, and those goals are the basis for a significant portion of incentive compensation for management throughout the company. We also developed and implemented a pharmacy management and dispensing system. This system, which we call "Nexgen," provides our pharmacists with better tools and information to meet our customers' needs. In addition, Nexgen provides management with important information about the performance of each pharmacy in critical operating areas that drive customer service. We provide our customers with an easy and convenient way to order refills over the telephone or the Internet using our automatic refill program. To provide better value to our customers we recommend, when appropriate, the utilization of generic drugs. Generic drugs, which cost our customers significantly less than branded drugs, are also more profitable for us. Our generic penetration continues to increase every year, and we are setting our goals even higher in future years to take advantage of the number of new generics expected to come to market.

The Medicare Part D program provides prescription drug coverage to senior citizens, including those who previously were not covered by any drug benefit program. We communicate information on the Medicare Part D program to senior citizens. We also offer senior citizens newsletters and prescription discounts through our Living More senior loyalty program. We have also expanded our home health category to target senior citizens with products like wheelchairs, canes, electric scooters and products that enhance bath safety.

To help grow sales and script count, we acquire pharmacy files from other drug stores and have initiatives designed to attract and retain those customers. Other initiatives that we expect to grow our pharmacy sales include the opening of in-store health clinics such as those in the Los Angeles, California, Sacramento, California and Boise, Idaho areas, the implementation of technology that will enable our pharmacists to better monitor patient prescription compliance and the continuing pilot of a medication therapy management program, a fee for service arrangement, in conjunction with physicians and the University of Pittsburgh. We believe these initiatives have been effective at growing sales in their target markets and have scalable, replicable potential for future expansion.

Grow Front End Sales. We intend to grow front end sales through continued emphasis on core drugstore categories, a commitment to health and wellness products to enhance our pharmacy position, a focus on seasonal and cross-merchandising opportunities, a wider selection of products and services to our customers, an emphasis on our private brand offerings and effective promotions in our weekly advertising circulars. Our focus for expanding our products and services includes several fully integrated health condition marketing programs, e.g., diabetes, allergy, vitamins, heart health, skincare, weight and pain management, a continued strengthening of our collaborative relationship with our suppliers, an emphasis on our Rite Aid private brand products, which provide better value for our customers and higher margins for us, ethnic products in selected markets, expansion of the number of GNC store- within-Rite Aid-stores, and state-of-the-art digital technology in our one-hour photo development through our new partnership with FUJI Film USA, Inc.

Focus on Customers and Associates. Our "With Us, It's Personal" commitment encourages associates to provide customers with a superior customer service experience. We obtain feedback on our customer service performance by utilizing an automated survey system that collects store-specific

information from customers shortly after the point of sale and from independent third party customer surveys. We also have programs in place that are designed to enhance customer satisfaction, an example of which is the maintenance of a customer support center that centrally receives and processes all customer calls. We continue to improve store-level operating procedures and monitor adherence to those standards and continue to develop and implement associate training programs such as our "Take 10" program to improve customer satisfaction and educate our associates about the products we offer. We have also implemented a customer focused store visit guide that can be used by field management to assess the quality of customer service provided by specific stores. We have implemented programs that create compensatory and other incentives for associates to provide customers with excellent service. We believe that the steps further enable and motivate our associates to deliver superior customer service.

Leverage Size and Reduce Expenses. Our strategy is to leverage our size and either lower expense or contain expense in order to increase the contribution from the pharmacy and front end sales growth strategies to achieve our goals and objectives described earlier with a focus on reduction of expense in non-retail categories. The general categories of anticipated cost and expense reduction opportunities are cost of product, corporate administrative expenses, advertising expenses and other expense reduction opportunities. We budget and monitor all areas of expense and have also targeted areas of spending for continuous improvement. Our targeted expense areas are subject to analysis of the processes involved, with an emphasis on collaboration between areas in the company and vendors, utilization of competition between vendors and consolidation of spending volumes to achieve economies of scale.

Recent Developments

On May 13, 2008, we sold 35 of our owned stores to an independent third party for net proceeds of \$100.0 million. Concurrent with this sale, we entered into agreements to lease the stores back from the purchaser over minimum lease terms of 20 years. We will account for 31 of these stores as operating leases and the remaining four using the financing method, as the lease agreements contain clauses that allow the buyer to force us to repurchase the property under certain conditions. We may enter into additional sale-leaseback transactions in the future.

The Offering

Issuer	Rite Aid Corporation, a Delaware corporation.
Securities Offered	\$150,000,000 aggregate principal amount of 8.5% convertible notes due May 15, 2015. We have also granted the underwriter an over-allotment option to purchase up to an additional \$8,000,000 aggregate principal amount of notes.
Maturity Date	May 15, 2015, unless earlier repurchased or converted.
Interest and Payment Dates	The notes will bear interest at an annual rate of 8.5%. Interest is payable on May 15 and November 15 of each year, beginning on November 15, 2008.
Ranking	<p>The notes will be:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">unsubordinated, unsecured obligations of the Company;effectively junior to all of our existing and future secured debt;structurally subordinated to all existing and future liabilities of our subsidiaries, including guarantees by such subsidiaries of our existing and future guaranteed debt;equal in ranking ("<i>pari passu</i>") with all existing and future unsubordinated, unsecured debt of the Company; andsenior in right of payment to any future subordinated debt. <p>In the event of our bankruptcy or liquidation, our secured creditors would have a prior secured claim to any collateral securing the debt owed to them to the extent of the value of the assets securing that debt. As of March 1, 2008, our debt that was guaranteed on a secured basis by substantially all of our subsidiaries totaled \$3.16 billion, net of unamortized original issue discount. As of such date, we had additional borrowing capacity under our revolving credit facility of approximately \$716.2 million, although, as a result of certain of our outstanding indebtedness we may only draw up to \$441.6 million of this amount under the facility at this time. Also, the notes are structurally subordinated to all existing and future liabilities and obligations of our subsidiaries, including guarantees by such subsidiaries of our existing and future guaranteed debt. As of March 1, 2008, after giving effect to this offering and the use of proceeds therefrom as described under "Use of Proceeds," \$5.01 billion of our debt, net of unamortized original issue discount, including the secured debt referred to in the preceding sentence, had the benefit of subsidiary guarantees. Of our indebtedness outstanding as of March 1, 2008, after giving effect to this offering and the use of proceeds therefrom as described under "Use of Proceeds," only \$757.8 million was debt of Rite Aid that does not have the benefit of subsidiary guarantees.</p>

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Optional Redemption	We do not have the right to redeem the notes at our option.
Conversion Rights	<p>Holder may convert their notes, at their option, on any business day immediately preceding the maturity date, into shares of our common stock at a conversion rate of 386.3614 shares per \$1,000 principal amount of notes (equivalent to a conversion price of approximately \$2.59 per share), subject to adjustment described under "Description of Notes Anti-Dilution Adjustments."</p> <p>Upon conversion, holders will not receive any cash representing accrued interest, except in limited circumstances. See "Description of Notes Conversion Rights."</p>
Fundamental Change	<p>If we experience a fundamental change, as described under "Description of Notes Repurchase at Option of Holders Upon a Fundamental Change," holders will, subject to specified conditions, have the right, at their option, to require us to repurchase all or a portion of their notes. The repurchase price will equal 100% of the principal amount of the notes to be repurchased together with interest accrued, if any, to, but not including, the repurchase date.</p> <p>In addition, if certain fundamental changes occur, we may be required to increase the conversion rate for any note converted in connection with such fundamental change by a specified number of shares of our common stock as described under "Description of Notes Adjustments to Conversion Rate upon Certain Fundamental Changes."</p>
Use of Proceeds	We intend to use the net proceeds of this offering plus cash on hand to redeem all of our \$150 million aggregate principal amount of our 6.125% Senior Notes due 2008 in accordance with their terms at a price equal to approximately 102% of their outstanding principal amount. See "Use of Proceeds."
Trading	The notes are a new issue of securities, and there is currently no established trading market for the notes. An active or liquid market may not develop for the notes or, if developed, be maintained. We have not applied, and do not intend to apply, for the listing of the notes on any national securities exchange or for quotation on any automated dealer quotation system. Our common stock is listed on the New York Stock Exchange ("NYSE") under the symbol "RAD."

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No Stockholder Rights for Holders of Notes

Holders of notes, as such, will not have any rights as our stockholders (including, without limitation, voting rights and rights to receive dividends or other distributions on our common stock).

Risk Factors

Investment in the notes involves risks. You should carefully consider the information under "Risk Factors" and all the other information included in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus before buying any notes.

Our headquarters are located at 30 Hunter Lane, Camp Hill, Pennsylvania 17011, and our telephone number is (717) 761-2633. We were incorporated in 1968 and are a Delaware corporation.

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Summary Historical Consolidated Financial Data

We derived the following summary financial data from our audited financial statements for fiscal years 2004 through 2008. Our audited financial statements for fiscal years 2006 through 2008 are incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement.

This information is only a summary. You should read the data set forth in the table below in conjunction with "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" and our audited consolidated financial statements and the accompanying notes incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement.

	Fiscal Year Ended				
	March 1, 2008 (52 weeks)	March 3, 2007 (52 weeks)	March 4, 2006 (53 weeks)	February 26, 2005 (52 weeks)	February 28, 2004 (52 weeks)
(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)					
Summary of Operations:					
Revenues(1)	\$ 24,326,846	\$ 17,399,383	\$ 17,163,044	\$ 16,715,598	\$ 16,501,227
Costs and expense:					
Cost of goods sold(2)	17,689,272	12,710,609	12,491,642	12,127,547	12,079,569
Selling general and administrative expenses(3)(4)	6,366,137	4,338,462	4,275,098	4,094,782	4,006,841
Store closing and impairment charges	86,166	49,317	68,692	35,655	22,074
Interest expense	449,596	275,219	277,017	294,871	313,498
Acquisition related financing commitment charge	12,900				
Loss (gain) on debt modifications and retirements, net		18,662	9,186	19,229	35,315
(Gain) loss on sale of assets and investments, net	(3,726)	(11,139)	(6,463)	2,247	2,022
Total costs and expenses	24,600,345	17,381,130	17,115,172	16,574,331	16,459,319
(Loss) income before income taxes	(273,499)	18,253	47,872	141,267	41,908
Income tax expense (benefit)(5)	802,701	(11,609)	(1,228,136)	(165,930)	(46,232)
Net (loss) income from continuing operations	(1,076,200)	29,862	1,276,008	307,197	88,140
Loss from discontinued operations net of gain on disposal and income tax benefit	(2,790)	(3,036)	(3,002)	(4,719)	(4,761)
Net (loss) income	\$ (1,078,990)	\$ 26,826	\$ 1,273,006	\$ 302,478	\$ 83,379
Basic and diluted (loss) income per share:					
Basic (loss) income per share	\$ (1.54)	\$ (0.01)	\$ 2.36	\$ 0.50	\$ 0.11
Diluted (loss) income per share	\$ (1.54)	\$ (0.01)	\$ 1.89	\$ 0.47	\$ 0.11
Year-End Financial Position:					
Working capital	\$ 2,123,855	\$ 1,363,063	\$ 741,488	\$ 1,335,017	\$ 1,894,247
Property, plant and equipment, net	2,873,009	1,743,104	1,717,022	1,733,694	1,882,763
Total assets	11,488,023	7,091,024	6,988,371	5,932,583	6,245,634
Total debt(6)	5,985,524	3,100,288	3,051,446	3,311,336	3,891,666
Stockholders' equity (deficit)	1,711,185	1,662,846	1,606,921	322,934	(8,277)

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Other Data:

Cash flows provided by (used in):

Operating activities	79,368	309,145	417,165	518,445	227,515
Investing activities	(2,933,744)	(312,780)	(231,084)	(118,985)	(242,150)
Financing activities	2,903,990	33,716	(272,835)	(571,395)	(15,931)
Capital expenditures	740,375	363,728	341,349	222,417	267,373
Basic weighted average shares	723,923,000	524,460,000	523,938,000	518,716,000	515,822,000
Diluted weighted average shares(7)	723,923,000	524,460,000	676,666,000	634,062,000	525,831,000
Number of retail drugstores	5,059	3,333	3,323	3,356	3,382
Number of associates	112,800	69,700	70,200	71,200	72,500

- (1) Revenues for the fiscal years 2007, 2006, 2005 and 2004 have been adjusted by \$108,336, \$107,924, \$100,841 and \$99,222, respectively, for the effect of discontinued operations.
- (2) Cost of goods sold for the fiscal years 2007, 2006, 2005 and 2004 have been adjusted by \$80,988, \$80,218, \$75,347 and \$84,166, respectively, for the effect of discontinued operations.
- (3) Selling, general and administrative expenses for the fiscal years 2007, 2006, 2005 and 2004 have been adjusted by \$32,019, \$32,323, \$32,754 and \$22,379, respectively, for the effect of discontinued operations.
- (4) Includes stock-based compensation expense. Stock-based compensation expense for the fiscal year ended March 1, 2008 and March 3, 2007 was determined using the fair value method set forth in SFAS No. 123(R), "Share Based Payment". Stock-based compensation expense for the fiscal years ended March 4, 2006, February 26, 2005 and February 28, 2004 was determined using the fair value method set forth in SFAS No. 123 "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation".
- (5) Income tax benefit for the fiscal years 2007, 2006, 2005 and 2004 has been adjusted by \$1,635, \$1,616, \$2,541 and \$2,563 respectively for the effect of discontinued operations.
- (6) Total debt included capital lease obligations of \$216.3 million, \$189.7 million, \$178.2 million, \$168.3 million and \$183.2 million, as of March 1, 2008, March 3, 2007, March 4, 2006, February 26, 2005 and February 28, 2004, respectively.
- (7) Diluted weighted average shares for the years ended March 4, 2006 and February 26, 2005 included the impact of stock options, as calculated under the treasury stock method and convertible debt and preferred stock, as calculated under the if-converted method. Diluted weighted average shares for the year ended February 28, 2004 included the impact of stock options, as calculated under the treasury stock method.

RISK FACTORS

An investment in the notes and our common stock involves a number of risks. You should consider carefully the following information about these risks, together with the other information included and incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement, before buying the notes and common stock offered hereby. Additional risks and uncertainties not presently known to us, or that we currently deem immaterial, may also impair our business operations. We cannot assure you that any of the events discussed in the risk factors below will not occur. If they do, our business, financial condition or results of operations could be materially and adversely affected. In such case, the trading price of our securities could decline, and you might lose all or part of your investment.

Risks Related to Our Financial Condition

We are highly leveraged. Our substantial indebtedness could limit cash flow available for our operations and could adversely affect our ability to service debt or obtain additional financing if necessary.

We had, as of March 1, 2008, \$6.0 billion of outstanding indebtedness and stockholders' equity of \$1.7 billion. We also had additional borrowing capacity under our existing \$1.75 billion senior secured revolving credit facility of approximately \$716.2 million at that time, net of outstanding letters of credit of \$184.8 million. Lien covenants in several of our outstanding indentures limit the amount of additional secured debt that we could have incurred as of March 1, 2008 and thereby limited our additional borrowing capacity under our revolver to approximately \$441.6 million. We recently undertook a consent solicitation to amend these covenants. Although we withdrew the consent solicitation, we may resume efforts to permit us to access the additional borrowing capacity under our senior secured revolving credit facility (which may include refinancing certain of our existing indebtedness that was not the subject of the consent solicitation) which, while improving our liquidity, may increase our leverage (including the amount of our secured debt). We cannot assure you that any such efforts will be successful.

Our debt obligations adversely affect our operations in a number of ways, and while we believe we have adequate sources of liquidity to meet our anticipated requirements for working capital, debt service and capital expenditures through fiscal year 2009, there can be no assurance that our cash flow from operations will be sufficient to service our debt, including the notes, which may require us to borrow additional funds for that purpose, restructure or otherwise refinance our debt or reduce planned capital expenditures. Our earnings were insufficient to cover fixed charges and preferred stock dividends for fiscal 2008, 2007, 2006, and 2004 by \$340.6 million, \$50.8 million, \$23.1 million, and \$2.6 million, respectively. Our ratio of earnings to fixed charges for fiscal 2005 was 1.15.

Our high level of indebtedness will continue to restrict our operations. Among other things, our indebtedness will:

limit our ability to obtain additional financing;

limit our flexibility in planning for, or reacting to, changes in the markets in which we compete;

place us at a competitive disadvantage relative to our competitors with less indebtedness;

render us more vulnerable to general adverse economic, regulatory and industry conditions; and

require us to dedicate a substantial portion of our cash flow to service our debt.

Our ability to meet our cash requirements, including our debt service obligations, is dependent upon our ability to substantially improve our operating performance, which will be subject to general economic and competitive conditions and to financial, business and other factors, many of which are or may be beyond our control. In addition, some of our debt service obligations, including our existing

credit facility, have interest payments that are subject to variable interest rates and are therefore dependent upon future interest rate which are beyond our control. We cannot provide assurance that our business will generate sufficient cash flows from operations to fund our cash requirements and debt service obligations, including the notes. If our operating results, cash flow or capital resources prove inadequate, or if interest rates increase significantly, we could face substantial liquidity problems and might be required to dispose of material assets or operations to meet our debt and other obligations. If we are unable to service our debt, we could be forced to reduce or delay planned capital expenditures, sell assets, restructure or refinance our debt or seek additional equity capital, and we may be unable to take any of the actions on satisfactory terms or in a timely manner. Further, any of these actions may not be sufficient to allow us to service our debt obligations or may have an adverse impact on our business. Our existing debt agreements limit our ability to take certain of these actions. Our failure to generate sufficient operating cash flow to pay our debts or to successfully undertake any of these actions could have a material adverse effect on us.

Borrowings under our senior secured credit facility and expenses related to the sale of our accounts receivable under our receivables securitization agreements are based upon variable rates of interest, which could result in higher expense in the event of increases in interest rates.

Approximately \$2.1 billion of our outstanding indebtedness as of March 1, 2008 bears interest at a rate that varies depending upon the London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR"). If we borrow additional amounts under our senior credit facility, the interest rate on those borrowings will also vary depending upon LIBOR. Further, we pay ongoing program fees under our receivables securitization agreements that are indexed to a commercial paper rate that approximates 1-month LIBOR. If LIBOR rises, the interest rates on outstanding debt and related program fees under our receivables securitization program will increase. Therefore an increase in LIBOR would increase our interest payment obligations under these loans, increase our receivables securitization program fee payments and have a negative effect on our cash flow and financial condition. We currently do not maintain any hedging contracts that would limit our exposure to variable rates of interest.

The covenants in our current indebtedness may limit our operating and financial flexibility.

The covenants in the instruments that govern our current indebtedness limit our ability to:

incur liens and debt (including, as described above, our ability to access the full amount of additional borrowing capacity under our senior secured revolving credit facility);

pay dividends;

make redemptions and repurchases of capital stock;

make loans and investments;

prepay, redeem or repurchase debt;

engage in acquisitions, consolidations, assets dispositions, sale-leaseback transactions and affiliate transactions;

change our business;

amend some of our debt and other material agreements;

issue and sell capital stock of subsidiaries;

restrict distributions from subsidiaries; and

grant negative pledges to other creditors.

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In addition, if we have less than \$100 million of revolver availability under our senior secured credit facility, we will be subject to a fixed charge coverage ratio maintenance test. If we are unable to meet the terms of the financial covenants or if we breach any of these covenants, a default could result under one or more of these agreements. A default, if not waived by our lenders, could result in the acceleration of our outstanding indebtedness and cause our debt to become immediately due and payable. If acceleration occurs, we would not be able to repay our debt and it is unlikely that we would be able to borrow sufficient additional funds to refinance such debt. Even if new financing is made available to us, it may not be available on terms acceptable to us. If we obtain modifications of our agreements, or are required to obtain waivers of defaults, we may incur significant fees and transaction costs.

Risks Related to Our Operations

We need to continue to improve our operations in order to improve our financial condition, but our operations will not improve if we cannot continue to effectively implement our business strategy or if our strategy is negatively affected by general economic conditions.

We have not yet achieved the sales productivity level of our major competitors. We believe that improving the sales of existing stores, including the acquired Brooks Eckerd stores, is important to improving profitability and operating cash flow. We believe it is going to take more time than we initially anticipated for the acquired stores to improve their performance to the levels we expect. If we are not successful in implementing our strategy, or if our strategy is not effective, we may not be able to improve our operations. In addition, any adverse change in general economic conditions or major industries can adversely affect drug benefit plans and reduce our pharmacy sales. Adverse changes in general economic conditions, such as changes that have recently occurred, affect consumer buying practices, generally making consumers more cautious, and consequently reduce our sales of front end products, and cause a decrease in our profitability. Failure to continue to improve operations or a decline in major industries or a lack of improvement in general economic conditions would adversely affect our results of operations, financial condition and cash flows and our ability to make principal or interest payments on our debt, including the notes.

Although we expect that the acquisition of Brooks Eckerd will result in benefits to us, we may not realize those benefits because of integration difficulties.

Integrating the operations of Brooks Eckerd successfully or otherwise realizing any of the anticipated benefits of the acquisition, including anticipated cost savings and additional revenue opportunities, involve a number of potential challenges. The failure to meet these integration challenges could seriously harm our results of operations.

Realizing the benefits of the acquisition will depend in part on the integration of information technology, operations and personnel. These integration activities are complex and time-consuming, and we have and may continue to encounter unexpected difficulties or incur unexpected costs, including:

diversion of management attention from ongoing business concerns to integration matters;

difficulties in integrating the Brooks Eckerd store operations to serve the combined customer base of Rite Aid and Brooks Eckerd;

difficulties in combining corporate cultures, maintaining associate morale and retaining key associates; and

challenges in demonstrating to our customers and to customers of Brooks Eckerd that the acquisition will not result in adverse changes in customer service standards or business focus.

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During fiscal 2008, we incurred approximately \$240 million of integration-related capital expenditures and approximately \$154 million of integration-related, non-recurring expenses. We expect to spend approximately \$430 million of integration-related capital expenditures and to incur approximately \$260 million of integration-related non-recurring expenses during the anticipated integration period. Integration activities during fiscal 2008 had certain negative impacts on our advertising and on other marketing programs. If the anticipated benefits are not realized, if Brooks Eckerd sales levels do not improve and we do not achieve our anticipated sales, or if the integration-related expenses and capital requirements are greater than anticipated, the accretive effect of the acquisition could be decreased or delayed, which could cause a decline in the price of our common stock, and our revenue assumptions could be inaccurate.

For so long as Jean Coutu Group (and, subject to certain conditions, certain members of the Coutu family) maintain certain levels of Rite Aid stock ownership, Jean Coutu Group (and, subject to certain conditions, certain members of the Coutu family) could exercise significant influence over us.

At March 1, 2008 Jean Coutu Group owns approximately 28.6% of the voting power of Rite Aid. As a result, Jean Coutu Group (and, subject to certain conditions, certain members of the Coutu family) generally has the ability to significantly influence the outcome of any matter submitted for the vote of our stockholders. The stockholder agreement provides that Jean Coutu Group (and, subject to certain conditions, certain members of the Coutu family) designate four of the fourteen members of our board of directors, subject to adjustment based on its ownership position in us. Accordingly, Jean Coutu Group generally is able to significantly influence the outcome of all matters that come before our board of directors. As a result of its significant interest in us, Jean Coutu Group may have the power, subject to applicable law (including the fiduciary duties of the directors designated by Jean Coutu Group), to significantly influence actions that might be favorable to Jean Coutu Group, but not necessarily favorable to our financial condition and results of operations. In addition, the ownership position and governance rights of Jean Coutu Group could discourage a third party from proposing a change of control or other strategic transaction concerning us. Additionally, the stockholder agreement provides the Jean Coutu Group with certain preemptive rights and the ability to maintain their ownership percentage in Rite Aid.

Conflicts of interest may arise between us and Jean Coutu Group, which may be resolved in a manner that adversely affects our business, financial condition or results of operations.

Following the acquisition, Jean Coutu Group has continued its Canadian operations but no longer has any operations in the United States; we currently have no operations in Canada. Despite the lack of geographic overlap after the acquisition, conflicts of interest may arise between us and Jean Coutu Group in areas relating to past, ongoing and future relationships, including corporate opportunities, potential acquisitions or financing transactions, sales or other dispositions by Jean Coutu Group of its interests in us and the exercise by Jean Coutu Group of its influence over our management and affairs.

As a result of the acquisition, a number of the directors on our board of directors are persons who are also officers or directors of Jean Coutu Group or its subsidiaries. Service as a director or officer of both Rite Aid and Jean Coutu Group or its other subsidiaries could create conflicts of interest if such directors or officers are faced with decisions that could have materially different implications for Rite Aid and for Jean Coutu Group. Apart from the conflicts of interest policy contained in our Code of Ethics and Business Conduct and applicable to our directors, we and Jean Coutu Group have not established any formal procedures for us and Jean Coutu Group to resolve potential or actual conflicts of interest between us. There can be no assurance that any of the foregoing conflicts will be resolved in a manner that does not adversely affect our business, financial condition or results of operations.

We are dependent on Jean Coutu Group for certain transitional services pursuant to a transition services agreement. The failure of Jean Coutu Group to perform its obligations under the transition services agreement could adversely affect our business, financial condition or results of operations.

Our ability to effectively monitor and control the operations of Brooks Eckerd depends to a large extent on the proper functioning of our information technology and business support systems. Currently, we are dependent upon Jean Coutu Group to continue to provide certain information technology, network and support services to the Brooks Eckerd stores for a period of time following the acquisition to facilitate the Brooks Eckerd transition. The terms of these arrangements are governed by a transition services agreement entered into at the time of the Acquisition. If Jean Coutu Group fails to perform its obligations under the transition services agreement, we may not be able to perform such services ourselves or obtain such services from third parties at all or on terms favorable to us. In addition, upon termination of the transition services agreement, if we are unable to develop the systems, resources and controls necessary to allow us to provide the services formerly provided by Jean Coutu Group or to obtain such services from third parties, it could adversely affect our business, financial condition or results of operations.

Our new store and store relocation development program requires entering construction and development commitments and occasionally purchasing land that will not be utilized for several years, which may limit our financial flexibility.

We will enter into significant construction and development commitments as part of our new store and store relocation development program. Also, we will occasionally make capital expenditures to acquire land that may not be used for several years. Even if there are significant negative economic or competitive developments in our industry, financial condition or the regions where we have made these commitments, we are obligated to fulfill these commitments. Further, if we subsequently dispose of the property that we acquire, we may receive less than our purchase price or the net book value of such property, which may result in financial loss.

We are dependent on our management team, and the loss of their services could have a material adverse effect on our business and the results of our operations or financial condition.

The success of our business is materially dependent upon the continued services of our executive management team. The loss of key personnel could have a material adverse effect on the results of our operations, financial condition or cash flows. Additionally, we cannot assure you that we will be able to attract or retain other skilled personnel in the future.

We are substantially dependent on a single wholesaler of branded pharmaceutical products to sell products to us on satisfactory terms. A disruption in this relationship may have a negative effect on our results of operations, financial condition and cash flow.

We purchase all of our brand prescription drugs from a single wholesaler, McKesson Corporation ("McKesson"), pursuant to a contract that runs through April 2010. Pharmacy sales represented approximately 66.7% of our total sales during fiscal 2008, and, therefore, our relationship with McKesson is important to us. Any significant disruptions in our relationship with McKesson would make it difficult for us to continue to operate our business until we executed a replacement wholesaler agreement or developed and implemented self-distribution processes. There can be no assurance that we would be able to find a replacement wholesaler on a timely basis or that such wholesaler would be able to fulfill our demands on similar terms, which would have a material adverse effect on our results of operations, financial condition and cash flows.

Risks Related to Our Industry

The markets in which we operate are very competitive, and further increases in competition could adversely affect us.

We face intense competition with local, regional and national companies, including other drugstore chains, independently owned drugstores, supermarkets, mass merchandisers, discount stores, dollar stores and mail order pharmacies. Our industry also faces growing competition from companies that import drugs directly from other countries, such as Canada, as well as from large-scale retailers that offer generic drugs at a substantial discount. Some of our competitors have merged with or acquired or may merge with or acquire pharmaceutical services companies, which may further increase competition. We may not be able to effectively compete against them because our existing or potential competitors may have financial and other resources that are superior to ours. In addition, we may be at a competitive disadvantage because we are more highly leveraged than our competitors. The ability of our stores to achieve profitability depends on their ability to achieve a critical mass of customers. We believe that the continued consolidation of the drugstore industry will further increase competitive pressures in the industry. As competition increases, a significant increase in general pricing pressures could occur (such as recently occurred as a result of the introduction of certain generic prescription products by certain of our competitors), which would require us to increase our sales volume and to sell higher-margin products and services in order to remain competitive. We cannot assure you that we will be able to continue to effectively compete in our markets or increase our sales volume in response to further increased competition.

Drug benefit plan sponsors and third party payors could change their plan eligibility criteria and further encourage or require the use of mail-order prescriptions, which could decrease our sales and reduce our margins and have a material adverse effect on our business.

An adverse trend for drugstore retailing has been initiatives to contain rising healthcare costs leading to the rapid growth in mail-order prescription processors. These prescription distribution methods have grown in market share relative to drugstores as a result of the rapid rise in drug costs experienced in recent years and are predicted to continue to rise. Mail-order prescription distribution methods are perceived by employers and insurers as being less costly than traditional distribution methods and are being encouraged and in some cases required by third party pharmacy benefit managers, employers and unions that administer benefits. As a result, some labor unions and employers are requiring, and others may encourage or require, that their members or employees obtain medications from mail-order pharmacies which offer drug prescriptions at prices lower than we are able to offer.

Another adverse trend for drugstore retailing has been for drug benefit plan sponsors and third party payors to change their plan eligibility requirements, resulting in fewer beneficiaries covered and a reduction in the number of prescriptions allowed.

Mail-order prescription distribution and drug benefit plan eligibility changes have negatively affected sales for traditional chain drug retailers, including us, in the last few years, and we expect such negative effects to continue in the future. There can be no assurance that our efforts to offset the effects of mail order and eligibility changes will be successful.

The availability of pharmacy drugs is subject to governmental regulations.

The continued conversion of various prescription drugs to over-the-counter medications may reduce our pharmacy sales, and customers may seek to purchase such medications at non-pharmacy stores. Also, if the rate at which new prescription drugs become available slows or if new prescription drugs that are introduced into the market fail to achieve popularity, our pharmacy sales may be

adversely affected. The withdrawal of certain drugs from the market or concerns about the safety or effectiveness of certain drugs or negative publicity surrounding certain categories of drugs may also have a negative effect on our pharmacy sales or may cause shifts in our pharmacy or front end product mix.

Changes in third party reimbursement levels for prescription drugs could reduce our margins and have a material adverse effect on our business.

Sales of prescription drugs, as a percentage of sales, and the percentage of prescription sales reimbursed by third parties, have been increasing, and we expect them to continue to increase. In fiscal 2008, sales of prescription drugs represented 66.7% of our sales, and 95.9% of all of the prescription drugs that we sold were with third party payors. During fiscal 2008, the top five third-party payors accounted for approximately 36.3% of our total sales, the largest of which represented 11.3% of our total sales. Third party payors could reduce the levels at which they will reimburse us for the prescription drugs that we provide to their members. Any significant loss of third party payor business or any significant reduction in reimbursement levels could have a material adverse effect on our business and results of operations.

In fiscal 2008, approximately 6.3% of our revenues were from state-sponsored Medicaid agencies, the largest of which accounted for less than 2% of our total sales. In fiscal 2008, approximately 10.2% of our total sales were to customers covered by Medicare Part D, and we expect these sales to continue. There have been a number of recent proposals and enactments by the federal government and various states to reduce Medicaid reimbursement levels in response to budget problems, some of which propose to reduce reimbursement levels in the applicable states significantly, and we expect other similar proposals in the future. If third party payors reduce their reimbursement levels or if Medicare Part D or state Medicaid programs cover prescription drugs at lower reimbursement levels, our margins on these sales would be reduced, and the profitability of our business and our results of operations, financial condition or cash flows could be adversely affected.

We are subject to governmental regulations, procedures and requirements; our noncompliance or a significant regulatory change could adversely affect our business, the results of our operations or our financial condition.

Our business is subject to federal, state and local government laws, regulations and administrative practices. We must comply with numerous provisions regulating health and safety, equal employment opportunity, minimum wage and licensing for the sale of drugs, alcoholic beverages, tobacco and other products. In addition, we must comply with regulations pertaining to product labeling, dating and pricing. Our pharmacy business is subject to local registrations in the states where our pharmacies are located, applicable Medicare and Medicaid regulations and prohibitions against paid referrals of patients. Failure to properly adhere to these and other applicable regulations could result in the imposition of civil and criminal penalties, including suspension of payments from government programs; loss of required government certifications; loss of authorizations to participate in or exclusion from government reimbursement programs, such as the Medicare and Medicaid programs; loss of licenses; and significant fines or monetary penalties for anti-kickback law violations, submission of false claims or other failures to meet reimbursement program requirements. The imposition of such penalties could adversely affect the continued operation of our business.

Our pharmacy business is subject to patient privacy and other obligations, including corporate, pharmacy and associate responsibility, imposed by the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act. As a covered entity, we are required to implement privacy standards, train our associates on the permitted use and disclosures of protected health information, provide a notice of privacy practice to our pharmacy customers and permit pharmacy health customers to access and amend their records and

receive an accounting of disclosures of protected health information. Failure to properly adhere to these requirements could result in the imposition of civil as well as criminal penalties.

Federal and state reform programs, such as healthcare reform and enforcement initiatives of federal and state governments, may also affect our pharmacy business. These initiatives include:

proposals designed to significantly reduce spending on Medicare, Medicaid and other government programs;

changes in programs providing for reimbursement for the cost of prescription drugs by third party plans;

increased scrutiny of, and litigation relating to, prescription drug manufacturers' pricing and marketing practices; and

regulatory changes relating to the approval process for prescription drugs.

These initiatives could lead to the enactment of, or changes to, federal regulations and state regulations that could adversely impact our prescription drug sales and, accordingly, our results of operations, financial condition or cash flows. It is uncertain at this time what additional healthcare reform initiatives, if any, will be implemented, or whether there will be other changes in the administration of governmental healthcare programs or interpretations of governmental policies or other changes affecting the healthcare system. Future healthcare or budget legislation or other changes, including those referenced above, may materially adversely impact our pharmacy sales.

Certain risks are inherent in providing pharmacy services; our insurance may not be adequate to cover any claims against us.

Pharmacies are exposed to risks inherent in the packaging and distribution of pharmaceuticals and other healthcare products, such as with respect to improper filling or labeling of prescriptions, adequacy of warnings and unintentional distribution of counterfeit drugs. In addition, federal and state laws that require our pharmacists to offer counseling, without additional charge, to their customers about medication, dosage, delivery systems, common side effects and other information the pharmacists deem significant can impact our business. Our pharmacists may also have a duty to warn customers regarding any potential negative effects of a prescription drug if the warning could reduce or negate these effects. Although we maintain professional liability and errors and omissions liability insurance, from time to time, claims result in the payment of significant amounts, some portions of which are not funded by insurance. We cannot assure you that the coverage limits under our insurance programs will be adequate to protect us against future claims, or that we will be able to maintain this insurance on acceptable terms in the future. Our results of operations, financial condition or cash flows may be adversely affected if in the future our insurance coverage proves to be inadequate or unavailable or there is an increase in liability for which we self-insure or we suffer reputational harm as a result of an error or omission.

We will not be able to compete effectively if we are unable to attract, hire and retain qualified pharmacists.

There is a nationwide shortage of qualified pharmacists. Accordingly, we may not be able to attract, hire and retain enough qualified pharmacists. This could adversely affect our operations.

We may be subject to significant liability should the consumption of any of our products cause injury, illness or death.

Products that we sell could become subject to contamination, product tampering, mislabeling or other damage requiring us to recall our private label products. In addition, errors in the dispensing and packaging of pharmaceuticals could lead to serious injury or death. Product liability claims may be asserted against us with respect to any of the products or pharmaceuticals we sell and we may be obligated to recall our private brand products. A product liability judgment against us or a product recall could have a material, adverse effect on our business, financial condition or results of operations.

Risks Related to this Offering and the Notes

The indenture does not restrict our ability to incur additional debt, repurchase our securities or to take other actions that could negatively impact holders of the notes.

The indenture governing the notes does not restrict us from incurring additional debt, including secured debt or debt issued or guaranteed by our subsidiaries. In addition, the indenture does not require us to achieve or maintain any minimum financial ratios relating to our financial position or results of operations. Also, the indenture does not restrict us from paying dividends or repurchasing shares of our common stock or other securities. Accordingly, the indenture does not limit our ability to take actions that could have the effect of diminishing our ability to make payments on the notes when due, and require us to dedicate a substantial portion of our cash flow to fund our operations, working capital and capital expenditures.

Since the notes are unsecured and not guaranteed, your right to receive payments on the notes is effectively subordinated to all of our existing and future secured debt, and structurally subordinated to all existing and future liabilities of our subsidiaries.

The notes are unsecured, unsubordinated obligations that rank equal in right of payment with all our existing and future unsecured and unsubordinated debt. However, the notes are effectively subordinated to all our secured debt to the extent of the value of the assets securing that debt. In addition, the notes are structurally subordinated to all existing and future obligations of our subsidiaries, including guarantees of our debt.

We are a holding company with no direct operations. Our principal assets are the equity interests we hold in our operating subsidiaries. As a result, we are dependent upon dividends and other payments from our subsidiaries to generate the funds necessary to meet our financial obligations, including the payment of principal and interest on our outstanding debt. Our subsidiaries are legally distinct from us and have no obligation to pay amounts due on our debt or to make funds available to us for such payment.

The notes will not be secured by any of our assets or those of our subsidiaries. As a result, the notes will be effectively subordinated to any secured debt we may have or incur. In any liquidation, dissolution, bankruptcy or other similar proceeding, holders of our secured debt may assert rights against any assets securing such debt in order to receive full payment of their debt before those assets may be used to pay the holders of the notes. In such an event, we may not have sufficient assets remaining to pay amounts due on any or all of the notes. As of March 1, 2008, Rite Aid debt that was guaranteed on a secured basis by substantially all of our subsidiaries totaled \$3.16 billion.

Also, none of our subsidiaries will guarantee our obligations under, or have any obligation to pay any amounts due on, the notes. As a result, the notes will be effectively subordinated to all liabilities of our subsidiaries, including trade payables. Our rights and the rights of our creditors, including holders of the notes, to participate in the assets of any of our subsidiaries upon their liquidation or

recapitalization will generally be subject to the prior claims of those subsidiaries' creditors. Accordingly, our debt that is not guaranteed by our subsidiaries, including the notes, is structurally subordinated to the debt and other liabilities of our subsidiaries. As of March 1, 2008, after giving effect to this offering and the use of proceeds therefrom as described under "Use of Proceeds," \$5.01 billion of our debt, including the secured debt referred to in the preceding paragraph, had the benefit of subsidiary guarantees.

We continuously evaluate potential alternatives to improve our capital structure including but not limited to maintaining an appropriate amount of debt, improving our liquidity and borrowing capacity and improving our maturity profile. From time-to-time, we may undertake certain actions that we believe will improve our capital structure, which could include the refinancing of existing indebtedness and issuance of indebtedness that could have the benefit of security or guarantees and, accordingly, be effectively senior to the notes.

There may not be an active trading market for the notes, and their price may be volatile. Holders may be unable to sell their notes at the price desired or at all.

There is no existing trading market for the notes. As a result, there can be no assurance that a liquid market will develop or be maintained for the notes, that holders will be able to sell any of the notes at a particular time (if at all) or that the prices holders receive if or when they sell the notes will be above their initial offering price. If the notes are traded after their initial issuance, they may trade at a discount from their initial offering price, depending on prevailing interest rates, the market for similar securities, the price and volatility in the price of our common stock, our performance and other factors. We do not intend to list the notes on any national securities exchange.

The underwriter has advised us that it intends to make a market in the notes after this offering is completed, but it has no obligation to do so and may cease its market-making at any time without notice. In addition, market-making will be subject to the limits imposed by the Securities Act and the Exchange Act. The liquidity of the trading market in the notes, and the market price quoted for the notes, may be adversely affected by, among other things, changes in the overall market for debt securities, changes in our financial performance or prospects, the prospects for companies in our industry generally, the number of holders of the notes, the interest of securities dealers in making a market for the notes, prevailing interest rates and the price of our common stock.

Our stock price has been volatile historically and may continue to be volatile. The price of our common stock, and therefore the price of the notes, may fluctuate significantly, which may make it difficult for holders to resell the notes or any shares of our common stock issuable upon conversion of the notes when desired or at attractive prices.

The trading price of our common stock has been and may continue to be subject to wide fluctuations. Since the beginning of fiscal year 2007, the closing sale price of our common stock on the NYSE ranged from \$1.95 to \$6.70 per share. Additionally, the amount of our leverage may hinder the demand for our common stock. Our stock price may fluctuate in response to a number of events and factors, such as those described elsewhere in this "Risk Factors" section.

Subject to certain limitations, Jean Coutu Group may sell Rite Aid common stock at any time, which could cause our stock price to decrease.

The shares of Rite Aid common stock that the Jean Coutu Group currently holds are restricted, but Jean Coutu Group may sell these shares under certain circumstances, including pursuant to a registered underwritten public offering under the Securities Act or in accordance with Rule 144 under the Securities Act. We have entered into a registration rights agreement with Jean Coutu Group, which

will give Jean Coutu Group the right to require us to register all or a portion of its shares at any time (subject to certain exceptions). The sale of a substantial number of our shares by Jean Coutu Group or our other stockholders within a short period of time could cause our stock price to decrease, make it more difficult for us to raise funds through future offerings of Rite Aid common stock or acquire other businesses using Rite Aid common stock as consideration.

Sales of a significant number of shares of our common stock in the public markets, or the perception of such sales, could depress the market price of the notes.

Sales of a substantial number of shares of our common stock or other equity-related securities in the public markets could depress the market price of the notes, our common stock, or both, and impair our ability to raise capital through the sale of additional equity securities. We cannot predict the effect that future sales of our common stock or other equity-related securities would have on the market price of our common stock or the value of the notes. The price of our common stock could be affected by possible sales of our common stock by investors who view the notes as a more attractive means of equity participation in our company and by hedging or arbitrage trading activity which we expect to occur involving our common stock. This hedging or arbitrage could, in turn, affect the market price of the notes.

Holders of the notes will not be entitled to any rights with respect to our common stock, but will be subject to all changes made with respect to our common stock.

Holders of the notes will not be entitled to any rights with respect to our common stock (including, without limitation, voting rights or rights to receive any dividends or other distributions on our common stock), but will be subject to all changes affecting our common stock. Holders will only be entitled to rights in respect of our common stock if and when we deliver shares of our common stock upon conversion for their notes and, to a limited extent, under the conversion rate adjustments applicable to the notes. For example, in the event that an amendment is proposed to our certificate of incorporation or bylaws requiring stockholder approval and the record date for determining the stockholders of record entitled to vote on the amendment occurs prior to a holder's conversion of notes, the holder will not be entitled to vote on the amendment, although the holder will nevertheless be subject to any changes in the powers, preferences or rights of our common stock that result from such amendment.

The conversion rate of the notes may not be adjusted for all dilutive events.

The conversion rate of the notes is subject to adjustment for certain events including, but not limited to, the issuance of stock dividends on our common stock; subdivisions or combinations of our common stock; the issuance of certain rights or warrants; certain distributions of securities, indebtedness or assets; cash dividends; and certain tender or exchange offers as more fully described under "Description of Notes Anti-dilution Adjustments Adjustment Events." However, the conversion rate will not be adjusted for other events, such as a third party tender or exchange offer or an issuance of our common stock for cash, that may adversely affect the trading price of the notes or our common stock. An event may occur that adversely affects the value of the notes but does not result in an adjustment to the conversion rate.

The adjustment to the conversion rate for notes converted in connection with a specified corporate transaction may not adequately compensate holders for any lost value of their notes as a result of such transaction.

If a fundamental change occurs, under certain circumstances we will increase the conversion rate by a number of additional shares of our common stock for notes converted in connection with such fundamental change. The increase in the conversion rate will be determined based on the date on which the fundamental change becomes effective and the price paid per share of our common stock in such transaction, or the market price of our common stock at such time, as described below under "Description of Notes Adjustment to Conversion Rate upon Certain Fundamental Changes." The adjustment to the conversion rate for notes converted in connection with a fundamental change may not adequately compensate holders for any lost value of their notes as a result of such transaction. In addition, if the price of our common stock in the transaction is greater than \$10.00 per share or less than \$2.03 per share (in each case, subject to adjustment), no adjustment will be made to the conversion rate. In no event will the number of additional shares added to the conversion rate, as a result of a change of control, exceed 106.2493 per \$1,000 principal amount of notes, regardless of when the transaction becomes effective or the price paid per share of our common stock in the transaction, subject to adjustment as set forth under "Description of Notes Adjustment to Conversion Rate upon Certain Fundamental Changes."

Our obligation to increase the conversion rate in connection with any such change of control could be considered a penalty, in which case the enforceability thereof would be subject to general principles of reasonableness of economic remedies.

Conversion of the notes will dilute the ownership interests of existing stockholders.

Upon conversion of the notes, the ownership interests of existing stockholders will be diluted. Any sales in the public market of our common stock issuable upon such conversion could adversely affect prevailing market prices of our common stock. In addition, the existence of the notes may encourage short selling by market participants because the conversion of the notes could depress the price of our common stock.

We may not have the ability to repurchase the notes in cash upon the occurrence of a fundamental change as required by the indenture governing the notes.

Holders of the notes will have the right to require us to repurchase the notes upon the occurrence of a fundamental change as described under "Description of Notes Repurchase at Option of Holders upon a Fundamental Change." The fundamental change repurchase feature of the notes may not protect you if we undergo a highly leveraged transaction, reorganization, restructuring, acquisition or similar transaction that may adversely affect you, unless the transaction constitutes a fundamental change under the indenture.

Our senior secured credit facility provides that the occurrence of certain events that would constitute a fundamental change constitutes a default under such facility. Substantially all of our other debt also requires us to repurchase such debt upon certain events that would constitute a fundamental change for the purposes of the notes. Other future debt may contain prohibitions of events that would constitute a fundamental change or that would require such debt to be repurchased upon a fundamental change. Moreover, the exercise by holders of notes of their right to require us to repurchase their notes could cause a default under our existing or future debt, even if the fundamental change itself does not result in a default under existing or future debt, due to the financial effect of such repurchase on us. Finally, our ability to pay cash to holders of notes upon a repurchase may be limited by our financial resources at the time of such repurchase. Therefore, we cannot assure you that

sufficient funds will be available when necessary to make any required repurchases. Our failure to purchase notes in connection with a fundamental change would result in a default under the indenture governing the notes. Such a default would, in turn, constitute a default under much of our existing debt, and may constitute a default under future debt as well. Some significant restructuring transactions may not constitute a fundamental change, in which case we would not be obligated to offer to repurchase the notes.

The notes may not be rated or may receive a lower rating than anticipated by investors.

We intend to seek a rating on the notes. If one or more rating agencies rates the notes and assigns the notes a rating lower than the rating expected by investors, or reduces their rating in the future, the market price of the notes and our common stock could be harmed.

Holders may be subject to tax if we make or fail to make certain adjustments to the conversion rate of the notes even though they do not receive a corresponding cash distribution.

The conversion rate of the notes is subject to adjustment in certain circumstances, including the payment of cash dividends. If the conversion rate is adjusted as a result of a distribution that is taxable to our common stockholders, such as a cash dividend, you will be deemed to have received a taxable dividend to the extent of our earnings and profits that will be subject to U.S. federal income tax without the receipt of any cash. If you are a Non-U.S. Holder (as defined in "Certain U.S. Federal Income Tax Consequences"), such deemed dividend may be subject to U.S. federal withholding tax (currently at a 30% rate, or such lower rate as may be specified by an applicable treaty), which may be withheld from subsequent payments on the notes.

If a fundamental change occurs on or prior to the maturity date of the notes, under some circumstances we may increase the conversion rate for notes converted in connection with the change of control. Such increase may be treated as a distribution subject to U.S. federal income tax as a dividend.

USE OF PROCEEDS

The net proceeds of this offering will be approximately \$144,500,000 (or \$152,260,000 if the underwriter exercises in full its over-allotment option to purchase additional notes) after deducting \$4,500,000 in underwriters' discounts and commissions (or \$4,740,000 if the underwriter exercises in full its over-allotment option to purchase additional notes) and approximately \$1,000,000 of other fees and expenses. We intend to use the net proceeds of this offering plus cash on hand to redeem all of the \$150 million aggregate principal amount of our 6.125% Senior Notes due 2008, which mature on December 15, 2008, in accordance with their terms at a price equal to approximately 102% of their outstanding principal amount.

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CAPITALIZATION

The following table sets forth our unaudited consolidated cash and cash equivalents and our capitalization as of March 1, 2008 (i) on an actual basis, and (ii) on an as adjusted basis to give effect to the offering and the application of the proceeds described herein. You should read the data set forth in the table below in conjunction with "Unaudited Pro Forma Combined Financial Statement" and "Summary Historical Consolidated Financial Data" included in this prospectus supplement and "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" and our audited consolidated financial statements and the accompanying notes incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement.

	March 1, 2008	
	Actual	As Adjusted(1)
(Dollars in thousands)		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 155,762	\$ 147,079
Secured Debt:		
Senior secured revolving credit facility	\$ 849,000	\$ 849,000
Tranche 1 Term Loan	145,000	145,000
Tranche 2 Term Loan	1,105,000	1,105,000
8.125% senior secured notes due 2010	358,500	358,500(2)
7.5% senior secured notes due 2015	200,000	200,000
7.5% senior secured notes due 2017	500,000	500,000
Other	2,740	2,740
	3,160,240	3,160,240
Guaranteed Unsecured Debt:		
9.25% senior notes due 2013	148,739	148,739(2)
8.625% senior notes due 2015	500,000	500,000
9.375% senior notes due 2015	404,542	404,542(2)
9.5% senior notes due 2017	797,967	797,967(2)
	1,851,248	1,851,248
Unsecured Debt:		
6.125% fixed-rate senior notes due 2008	150,000	
6.875% senior debentures due 2013	184,773	184,773
7.7% notes due 2027	295,000	295,000
6.875% fixed-rate senior notes due 2028	128,000	128,000
8.5% convertible notes due 2015		150,000
	757,773	757,773(2)
Lease Financing Obligations	216,263	216,263
Total debt	5,985,524	5,985,524
Stockholders' equity:		
Preferred stock series G, par value \$1 per share; liquidation value \$100 per share; 2,000 shares authorized; shares issued and outstanding 1,393	139,253	139,253
Preferred stock series H, par value \$1 per share; liquidation value \$100 per share; 2,000 shares authorized; shares issued and outstanding 1,352	135,202	135,202
Preferred stock series I, par value \$1 per share; liquidation value \$25 per share; 5,200 shares authorized; shares issued and outstanding 4,820(3)	116,415	116,415
	830,209	830,209

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March 1, 2008

Common stock, par value \$1 per share; 1,500,000 shares authorized; shares issued and outstanding 830,209		
Additional paid-in capital	4,047,499	4,047,499
Accumulated deficit	(3,537,276)	(3,537,276)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(20,117)	(20,117)
Total stockholders' equity	1,711,185	1,711,185
Total capitalization	\$ 7,696,709	\$ 7,696,709

- (1) Assumes no exercise by the underwriters of their over-allotment option.
- (2) Represents principal amount less unamortized discount.
- (3) Does not reflect exchanges of 2,404,020 shares of series I preferred stock for 14,647,085 shares of common stock, which occurred in May 2008. The remaining 2,415,980 shares of series I preferred stock will automatically convert into shares of common stock on November 17, 2008.

RATIO OF EARNINGS TO FIXED CHARGES AND RATIO OF EARNINGS TO COMBINED FIXED CHARGES AND PREFERRED STOCK DIVIDENDS

We have calculated the ratio of earnings to fixed charges and the ratio of earnings to combined fixed charges and preferred stock dividends in the following table by dividing the sum of fixed charges and preferred stock dividends by earnings. For this purpose, earnings include pre-tax income from continuing operations plus fixed charges, before capitalized interest. Fixed charges include interest, whether expensed or capitalized, amortization of debt expense, preferred stock dividend requirement and that portion of rental expense which is representative of the interest factor in those rentals.

	Fiscal Year Ended				
	March 1, 2008 (52 weeks)	March 3, 2007 (52 weeks)	March 4, 2006 (53 weeks)	February 26, 2005 (52 weeks)	February 28, 2004 (52 weeks)
(Dollars in thousands)					
Fixed charges:					
Interest expense	\$ 449,596	\$ 275,219	\$ 277,017	\$ 294,871	\$ 313,498
Interest portion of net rental expense(1)	287,934	195,592	189,756	185,313	184,391
Fixed charges before capitalized interest	737,530	470,811	466,773	480,184	497,889
Capitalized interest	2,069	1,474	934	250	133
Total fixed charges	\$ 739,599	\$ 472,285	\$ 467,707	\$ 480,434	\$ 498,022
Preferred stock dividend requirement(2)	65,066	62,910	65,446	54,194	37,074
Total combined fixed charges and preferred stock dividends	\$ 804,665	\$ 535,195	\$ 533,153	\$ 534,628	\$ 535,096
Earnings:					
Income (loss) before income taxes	\$ (273,499)	\$ 13,582	\$ 43,254	\$ 134,007	\$ 34,584
Fixed charges before capitalized interest	737,530	470,811	466,773	480,184	497,889
Total earnings and fixed charges	\$ 464,031	\$ 484,393	\$ 510,027	\$ 614,191	\$ 532,473
Ratio of earnings to fixed charges(3)		1.03	1.09	1.28	1.07
Ratio of earnings to combined fixed charges and preferred stock dividends(4)				1.15	
Deficiency of earnings to fixed charges	\$ (275,568)	\$	\$	\$	\$
Deficiency of earnings to combined fixed charges and preferred stock dividends	\$ (340,634)	\$ (50,802)	\$ (23,126)	\$	\$ (2,623)

(1)

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The interest portion of net rental expense is estimated to be equal to one-third of the minimum rental expense for the period.

(2) The preferred stock dividend requirement is computed as the pre-tax earnings that would be required to cover preferred stock dividends.

(3) For the year ended March 1, 2008 earnings were insufficient to cover fixed charges by approximately \$275.6 million.

(4) For the years ended February 28, 2004, March 4, 2006, March 3, 2007, and March 1, 2008 earnings were insufficient to cover combined fixed charges and preferred stock dividends by approximately \$2.6 million, \$23.1 million, \$50.8 million and \$340.6 million, respectively.

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UNAUDITED PRO FORMA COMBINED STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS

The following unaudited pro forma combined statement of operations was prepared using the historical consolidated financial statements of Rite Aid and Jean Coutu USA. This information should be read in conjunction with, and is qualified in its entirety by, the consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes of Rite Aid and Jean Coutu USA incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement. The unaudited pro forma combined statement of operations for the 52-week fiscal year ended March 1, 2008 assumes that the Acquisition and the financings to consummate the Acquisition took place on the first day of the period presented (March 4, 2007).

The accompanying unaudited pro forma combined statement of operations gives pro forma effect to our Acquisition of Jean Coutu USA, which closed on June 4, 2007, for a purchase price of \$2.31 billion in cash and the issuance of 250 million shares of our common stock, using the purchase method of accounting.

Reclassifications have been made to the statements of operations of Jean Coutu USA to conform it to our financial statement classifications. The pro forma financial information is based on the estimates and assumptions set forth in the notes to such information. The pro forma information does not purport to be indicative of the results that actually would have been achieved if the operations were combined during the periods presented and is not intended to be a projection of future results or trends.

RITE AID CORPORATION

UNAUDITED PRO FORMA COMBINED STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS

(In thousands, except per share amounts)

	Rite Aid Corporation 52 weeks ended March 1, 2008	Jean Coutu USA 13 weeks ended June 2, 2007	Pro Forma Adjustments	Pro Forma Combined 52 weeks ended March 1, 2008
Revenues	\$ 24,326,846	\$ 2,392,768	\$	\$ 26,719,614
Costs and expenses:				
Cost of goods sold	17,689,272	1,783,282	10,649 (1)	19,483,203
Selling, general and administrative expenses	6,366,137	569,679	25,148 (2)	6,960,964
Store closing and impairment charges	86,166		22,352 (3)	108,518
Interest expense	449,596	70,990	(17,174)(4)	503,412
Acquisition related financing commitment charge	12,900			12,900
Gain on sale of assets and investments, net	(3,726)			(3,726)
Depreciation and amortization		59,744	(59,744)(5)	
Interest income		(1,595)	1,595 (6)	
Foreign currency loss		24,491	(24,491)(7)	
Income (loss) before income taxes	(273,499)	(113,823)	41,665	(345,657)
Income tax (benefit) expense	802,701	(43,195)		(8) 759,506
Net income (loss) from continuing operations	\$ (1,076,200)	\$ (70,628)	\$ 41,665	\$ (1,105,163)
Loss per share	\$ (1.53)			\$ (1.45)

See accompanying notes to unaudited pro forma combined statement of operations, including Note 2 for an explanation of the preliminary pro forma adjustments.

Note 1 Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited pro forma combined statement of operations for the year ended March 1, 2008 assumes that the Acquisition took place on the first day of the period presented (i.e., March 4, 2007). Reclassifications have been made to the statement of operations of Jean Coutu USA to conform it to our financial statement classifications, as described in Note 2.

You should be advised that the following pro forma statement of operations has been prepared for illustrative purposes only and does not purport to be indicative of the actual results that would have been achieved by the combined company for the period presented, or that will be achieved by us in future periods.

Note 2 Unaudited Pro Forma Adjustments

The adjustments to the pro forma statement of operations for the year ended March 1, 2008 are preliminary and subject to change as the allocation of the purchase price and estimated transaction costs have not yet been completed. As part of the preparation of this pro forma statement of operations, we considered the impact of the adjustments made to allocate the purchase price on depreciation and amortization recorded in this pro forma statement, and concluded the impact of this

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adjustment was not material. We expect to finalize the allocation of the purchase price in the quarter ended May 31, 2008. Following is a description of the pro forma adjustments:

1. Adjustments reflect a reclassification of a portion of the depreciation and amortization expense of Jean Coutu USA to cost of goods sold.
2. Adjustments include a reclassification of a portion of the depreciation and amortization of Jean Coutu USA to selling, general and administrative expense (increase of \$49.1 million), a reclassification of closed store and impairment charges of Jean Coutu USA out of selling, general and administrative expense to conform with our presentation (decrease of \$22.4 million) and a reclassification of other income of Jean Coutu USA into selling, general and administrative expense (decrease of \$1.6 million).
3. Adjustments reflect a reclassification of closed store and impairment charges of Jean Coutu USA to conform to our classification.
4. Adjustments reflect the impact of eliminating the historical interest expense incurred by Jean Coutu USA for intercompany debt to Jean Coutu Group and adding interest expense incurred for debt issued for the Acquisition.
5. Adjustments reflect the reclassification of depreciation and amortization of Jean Coutu USA to cost of goods sold and selling, general and administrative expense.
6. Adjustments reflect the reclassification of interest income of Jean Coutu USA to selling, general and administrative expense.
7. Adjustments reflect the elimination of loss on foreign currency exchange between Jean Coutu USA and Jean Coutu Group related to the Canadian dollar intercompany debt that was not acquired as part of the Acquisition.
8. The tax effect of the pro forma adjustments is estimated to be zero as the Company's overall tax expense would not have been impacted by the pro forma adjustments.

Note 3 Unaudited Pro Forma Loss per Share

Unaudited pro forma loss per share is computed in accordance with SFAS No. 128, "Earnings per Share." Pro forma loss per share is computed by dividing net income available to common stockholders by the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding for the period, calculated as if the Acquisition had taken place as of the beginning of the period. Diluted loss per share reflects the potential dilution that could occur if securities or other contracts to issue common stock were exercised or converted into common stock or resulted in the issuance of common stock that then shared in the income of the Company, subject to anti-dilution limitations. Because we experienced a pro forma loss, the effect of such exercises or conversions would be anti-dilutive and, accordingly, are not given effect for purposes of calculating diluted loss per share.

		Pro forma 52 weeks ended March 1, 2008
<hr style="border: 1px solid black;"/>		
Numerator for loss per share:		
Net loss from continuing operations	\$	(1,105,163)
Accretion of redeemable preferred stock		(102)
Cumulative preferred stock dividends		(32,533)
Preferred stock beneficial conversion		(556)
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	Pro forma 52 weeks ended March 1, 2008
Loss attributable to common stockholders	\$ (1,138,354)
Basic and diluted weighted average shares	787,100
Basic and diluted loss per share	\$ (1.45)

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PRICE RANGE OF COMMON STOCK AND DIVIDEND POLICY

Our common stock, par value \$1.00 per share, is listed on the NYSE under the symbol "RAD." As of May 22, 2008, we had approximately 9,918 stockholders of record and had outstanding 842,904,690 shares of common stock. Quarterly high and low stock prices, based on NYSE composite transactions, are shown below. The last reported sale price for our common stock on May 22, 2008 was \$2.03 per share.

	<u>High</u>	<u>Low</u>
Fiscal Year 2007		
First quarter	\$ 4.85	\$ 3.79
Second quarter	\$ 4.74	\$ 4.07
Third quarter	\$ 4.87	\$ 4.28
Fourth quarter	\$ 6.36	\$ 4.75
Fiscal Year 2008		
First quarter	\$ 6.59	\$ 5.53
Second quarter	\$ 6.70	\$ 4.84
Third quarter	\$ 5.11	\$ 3.48
Fourth quarter	\$ 4.41	\$ 1.95
Fiscal Year 2009		
First quarter (through May 22, 2008)	\$ 3.03	\$ 2.00

We have not declared or paid any cash dividends on our common stock since the third quarter of fiscal year 2000 and we do not anticipate paying cash dividends on our common stock in the foreseeable future. Our senior secured credit facility and some of the indentures that govern our other outstanding indebtedness restrict our ability to pay dividends.

DESCRIPTION OF COMMON STOCK

General

As of the date of this prospectus supplement, we are authorized to issue up to 1.5 billion shares of common stock, par value of \$1.00 per share.

As of May 22, 2008, approximately 842,904,690 shares of common stock were issued and outstanding and approximately 128,458,719 shares of common stock were issuable upon conversion of convertible preferred stock or upon exercise of stock options.

Our common stock is listed on the NYSE under the trading symbol of "RAD." American Stock Transfer & Trust Company serves as the transfer agent and registrar of our common stock.

The following summary is not complete. You should refer to the applicable provisions of our charter and by-laws and to Delaware corporate law for a complete statement of the terms and rights of our common stock.

Dividends

The holders of our common stock are entitled to receive ratably, from funds legally available for the payment thereof, dividends when and as declared by resolution of our board of directors, subject to any preferential dividend rights granted to the holders of any outstanding preferred stock.

Voting Rights

Each holder of our common stock is entitled to one vote for each share held on record on all matters submitted to a vote of our security holders. Except as otherwise provided by law, the holders of our common stock vote as one class. The shares of our common stock do not have cumulative voting rights. As a result, subject to the voting rights of the holders of any shares of our preferred stock, the holders of our common stock entitled to exercise more than 50% of the voting rights in an election of directors can elect 100% of the directors to be elected in a particular year if they choose to do so. In such event, the holders of the remaining common stock voting for the election of directors will not be able to elect any persons to our board of directors.

Rights Upon Liquidation

In the event of our liquidation or dissolution, holders of our common stock are entitled to share equally in all assets remaining after payment of liabilities and the liquidation preference of any outstanding series of preferred stock.

Other Rights

Holders of our common stock do not have preemptive, subscription, redemption or conversion rights. The outstanding shares of our common stock are, and any shares of common stock that we sell in any offering will be, duly authorized, validly issued, fully paid and nonassessable, which means that its holders will have paid their purchase price in full and we may not require them to pay additional funds.

Anti-Takeover Effects of Delaware Laws and Our Charter and Bylaw Provisions

Some provisions of Delaware law and our certificate of incorporation and bylaws could make the following more difficult: acquisition of us by means of a tender offer; acquisition of control of us by means of a proxy contest or otherwise; or removal of our incumbent officers and directors.

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These provisions are designed to discourage coercive takeover practices and inadequate takeover bids. These provisions are also designed to encourage persons seeking to acquire control of us to first negotiate with our board of directors. We believe that the benefits of increased protection give us the potential ability to negotiate with the proponent of an unfriendly or unsolicited proposal to acquire or restructure us, and that the benefits of this increased protection outweigh the disadvantages of discouraging those proposals, because negotiation of those proposals could result in an improvement of their terms.

Charter and By-Law Provisions

Our certificate of incorporation specifies that our board of directors shall be divided into three classes, as nearly equal in number as possible, and shall consist of not less than three nor more than 15 directors elected for staggered three-year terms. The term of one class of directors expires at each annual meeting of security holders. Our bylaws provide that the number of directors on our board may be fixed by our board only. The number of directors may be increased or decreased by our board only. In the interim period between annual meetings of security holders or of special meetings of security holders, vacancies and newly created directorships may be filled by our board. Any directors so elected will hold office until the next election of the class to which such directors have been elected. Our certificate of incorporation requires that any mergers, consolidations, asset dispositions and other transactions involving a beneficial owner of more than 10% of the voting power of the then-outstanding classes of stock entitled to vote in the election of directors be approved, unless certain conditions are satisfied, by the affirmative vote of the holders of shares representing not less than 75% of the outstanding shares of stock entitled to vote. These special voting requirements do not apply if the transaction is approved by a majority of the Continuing Directors (as defined below) or the consideration offered to our security holders meets specified fair price standards (including related procedural requirements as to the form of consideration and continued payment of dividends). "Continuing Director" as defined in our certificate of incorporation means a member of our board who was not affiliated with a Related Person (as defined below) and was a member of our board prior to the time that the Related Person acquired the last shares of common stock entitling such Related Person to exercise, in the aggregate, in excess of 10% of the total voting power of all classes of voting stock, or any individual, corporation, partnership, person or other entity ("Person") recommended to succeed a Continuing Director by a majority of Continuing Directors. "Related Person," as defined in our certificate of incorporation, means any Person or affiliate or associate of such Person, who has beneficial ownership directly or indirectly of shares of stock of Rite Aid entitling such Person to exercise more than 10% of the total voting power of all classes of voting stock. Under our certificate of incorporation and bylaws, security holders may consent to any action required or permitted to be taken at any meeting of security holders without prior notice or a vote if a written consent or consents, setting forth the action so taken, shall be signed by holders of outstanding stock having not less than the minimum number of votes that would be necessary to take the action at a meeting at which all shares entitled to vote thereon were present and voted.

Other Limitations on Stockholder Actions

Our certificate of incorporation also provides that no director shall be personally liable to us or our stockholders for monetary damages for breach of fiduciary duty as a director, except as required by law, as in effect from time to time. Currently, Delaware law requires that liability be imposed for the following: any breach of the director's duty of loyalty to our company or our stockholders; any act or omission not in good faith or which involved intentional misconduct or a knowing violation of law; unlawful payments of dividends or unlawful stock repurchases or redemptions; and any transaction from which the director derived an improper personal benefit.

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Our bylaws also provide that we will indemnify any person who was or is a party or is threatened to be made a party to any threatened, pending or completed action, suit or proceeding (other than an action by or in the right of us) arising out of the fact that such person is or was our director or officer, or served any other enterprise at our request as a director, officer, employee, agent or fiduciary. We will reimburse the expenses, including attorneys' fees, actually and reasonably incurred by such person in connection with such action, suit or proceeding if such person acted in good faith and in a manner such person reasonably believed to be in or not opposed to our best interests.

Delaware Anti-Takeover Law

We are subject to Section 203 of the Delaware General Corporation Law. Section 203 prohibits Delaware corporations from engaging in a wide range of specified transactions with any interested stockholder. An interested stockholder is any person, other than the corporation and any of its majority-owned subsidiaries, who owns 15% or more of any class or series of stock entitled to vote generally in the election of directors. Section 203 may tend to deter any potential unfriendly offers or other efforts to obtain control of our company that are not approved by our board. This may deprive the stockholders of opportunities to sell shares of our common stock at prices higher than the prevailing market price.

Stockholder Agreement

Concurrently with entering into the stock purchase agreement relating to the Acquisition, Rite Aid, Jean Coutu Group and certain Coutu family members entered into a stockholder agreement. The stockholder agreement contains provisions relating to board and board committee composition, corporate governance, stock ownership, stock purchase rights, transfer restrictions, voting arrangements and other matters.

Board and Board Committee Representation. The stockholder agreement provides that Jean Coutu Group initially will have the right to designate four members of our Board of Directors. Thereafter, Jean Coutu Group will have the right to designate a certain number of director nominees for election to our Board, taking into account Jean Coutu Group designees then serving in a class or classes of directors whose terms are not yet expiring, subject to Jean Coutu Group's maintenance of specified percentage thresholds of our total voting power.

Percentage of Total Voting Power	Number of Directors/Director Nominees
25% and above	4
17.9%-24.9%	3
10.7%-17.8%	2
5%-10.6%	1

For so long as Jean Coutu Group is entitled to designate at least two directors, subject to NYSE independence requirements for directors, Jean Coutu Group will have the right to designate one of its designees to each of the Audit, Compensation and Nominating and Governance Committees of our Board. In the event that only one of Jean Coutu Group's designees qualifies as an independent director of Rite Aid, that designee will be appointed to one of the three committees and other Jean Coutu Group designees will be provided "observer status" to attend committee meetings (subject to the committees meeting in executive session) of the other two committees.

Voting Arrangements. The stockholder agreement provides that for a period of five years after the closing of the Acquisition, Jean Coutu Group agrees to vote its shares for each director nominee recommended by our Board. Thereafter, Jean Coutu Group will vote its shares for each Rite Aid director nominee it designated and, in its discretion, either for each other director nominee recommended by our Board or for each other director nominee recommended by our Board and for

nominees recommended by other persons in the same proportion as votes cast by all other stockholders for those nominees.

Right to Purchase Securities. For so long as Jean Coutu Group owns at least 20% of our total voting power, Jean Coutu Group will have the right to purchase securities in future issuances of our voting securities (other than in certain types of issuances described below) to permit Jean Coutu Group to maintain the same percentage of total voting power it held prior to the issuance. Jean Coutu Group has waived this right in connection with this offering. These purchase rights will not apply to issuances of our stock in connection with conversions of convertible preferred stock, equity compensation plan awards, acquisitions by Rite Aid, equity-for-debt exchanges and certain other types of issuances. Subject to certain conditions, under circumstances in which Jean Coutu Group is not permitted to purchase voting securities in an issuance of our voting securities, Jean Coutu Group will be permitted to make open market purchases of our common stock in order to maintain the same percentage of total voting power it held prior to the issuance.

Standstill Restrictions. For so long as Jean Coutu Group (or any Coutu family stockholder or group of Coutu family stockholders) owns at least 5% of our total voting power and for nine months thereafter, Jean Coutu Group or such Coutu family stockholders or group of Coutu family stockholders will be subject to restrictions on the acquisition of additional voting securities, other than with our consent or through the stock purchase rights discussed above, as well as restrictions on taking certain actions relating to Rite Aid.

Transfer Restrictions. For so long as Jean Coutu Group owns 5% or more of the voting power of Rite Aid's securities and for nine months thereafter, Rite Aid voting securities owned by Jean Coutu Group will be subject to restrictions on transfer included in the stockholder agreement, other than transfers in accordance with Rule 144, in a registered public offering, in connection with a pro rata dividend, spinoff or distribution to Jean Coutu Group stockholders and certain other permitted transfers.

In addition, subject to the foregoing, Jean Coutu Group may not transfer shares to someone who, as a result of the transfer, would own more than 5% of the outstanding shares of our common stock.

Supermajority Board Approval. For so long as Jean Coutu Group owns at least 25% of the total voting power of Rite Aid, certain matters will require the approval of two-thirds of our Board of Directors, including increases in the number of authorized shares, significant issuances of our equity securities, mergers, reorganizations, consolidations or similar business combinations involving Rite Aid, significant asset sales and certain other actions specified in the stockholder agreement.

DESCRIPTION OF OTHER INDEBTEDNESS

Senior Secured Credit Facility

Our senior secured credit facility includes a \$1.75 billion revolving credit facility. Borrowings under the revolving credit facility currently bear interest at LIBOR plus 1.50%, if we choose to make LIBOR borrowings, or at Citibank's base rate plus 0.50%. The interest rate can fluctuate depending on the amount of revolver availability, as specified in the senior secured credit facility. We are required to pay fees of 0.25% per annum on the daily unused amount of the revolving credit facility. The amounts drawn on the revolving credit facility become due and payable in September 2010.

Our ability to borrow under our senior secured credit facility is based upon a specified borrowing base consisting of accounts receivable, inventory and prescription files. At March 1, 2008, we had \$849.0 million of borrowings outstanding under the revolving credit facility. At March 1, 2008, we also had letters of credit outstanding against the revolving credit facility of \$184.8 million, which gave us additional borrowing capacity of \$716.2 million. However, our 8.125% senior secured notes due 2010 and our 7.5% senior secured notes due 2015 limit the amount of secured debt we may incur in such a manner that we cannot fully draw our revolver. This limitation is based upon the amount of outstanding inventory and accounts receivable that we have available under the borrowing base calculations in the indentures governing the outstanding notes and is more restrictive than our secured debt incurrence availability in the same bond indentures. As of March 1, 2008, the limitations on liens under the 8.125% senior secured notes due 2010 and our 7.5% senior secured notes due 2015 limited our additional borrowing capacity under our revolving credit facility to \$441.6 million. We recently undertook a consent solicitation to amend these covenants. Although we withdrew the consent solicitation, we may resume efforts to permit us to access the additional borrowing capacity under our senior secured revolving credit facility (which may include refinancing certain of our existing indebtedness that was not the subject of the consent solicitation). We cannot assure you that any such efforts will be successful.

In November 2006, we entered into an amendment of our senior secured credit facility to permit the closing of the Acquisition. Pursuant to the terms of the senior secured credit facility amendment, we borrowed \$145.0 million under a senior secured term loan (the "Tranche 1 Term Loans"). The Tranche 1 Term Loans currently bear interest at LIBOR plus 1.50%, if we choose to make LIBOR borrowings, or at Citibank's base rate plus 0.50%. The interest rate can fluctuate depending on the amount of availability under our revolving credit facility, as specified in the senior secured credit facility. The amounts outstanding under the Tranche 1 Term Loans become due and payable on September 30, 2010, or earlier, if there is a shortfall in our borrowing base under our revolving credit facility.

On June 4, 2007, we amended our senior secured credit facility to establish a new senior secured term loan in the aggregate principal amount of \$1.105 billion and borrowed the full amount thereunder. A portion of the proceeds from the borrowings under this senior secured term loan (the "Tranche 2 Term Loans") were used to fund the Acquisition. The Tranche 2 Term Loans will mature on June 4, 2014 and currently bear interest at LIBOR plus 1.75%, if we choose to make LIBOR borrowings, or at Citibank's base rate plus 0.75%. The Tranche 2 Term Loans amortize at a rate of 1% *per annum* (payable in equal quarterly installments, commencing on June 30, 2008), with the entire unpaid balance becoming due and payable at maturity. We must make mandatory prepayments of the Tranche 2 Term Loans with the proceeds of asset dispositions (subject to certain limitations), with a portion of any excess cash flow generated by us and with the proceeds of certain issuances of equity and debt (subject to certain exceptions). If at any time there is a shortfall in our borrowing base under our revolving credit facility, prepayment of the Tranche 2 Term Loans may also be required.

Our senior secured credit facility includes an accordion feature under which, prior to June 4, 2014, the borrower may request the addition of a new tranche of term loans, an incremental revolving credit

facility or any combination thereof, in an aggregate principal amount not in excess of \$350.0 million, subject to satisfaction of certain conditions. Our senior secured credit facility allows us to have outstanding, at any time, up to \$1.5 billion in secured second priority debt and unsecured debt in addition to borrowings under the senior secured credit facility and existing indebtedness, provided that no more than \$750.0 million of such secured second priority debt and unsecured debt shall mature or require scheduled payments of principal prior to three months after June 4, 2014. Our senior secured credit facility allows us to incur an unlimited amount of unsecured debt not guaranteed by any subsidiary with a maturity beyond three months after June 4, 2014. Our senior secured facility also allows for the repurchase of any debt with a maturity on or before June 4, 2014 and for the repurchase of debt with a maturity after June 4, 2014 if we maintain borrowing availability under the revolving credit facility of at least \$100.0 million.

Our senior secured credit facility contains covenants, which place restrictions on the incurrence of debt beyond the restrictions described above, the payment of dividends, mergers and acquisitions and the granting of liens. Our senior secured credit facility also requires us to maintain a minimum fixed charge coverage ratio, but only if borrowing availability under the revolving credit facility is less than \$100.0 million.

Our senior secured credit facility provides for events of default including nonpayment, misrepresentation, breach of covenants and bankruptcy. It is also an event of default if we fail to make any required payment on debt having a principal amount in excess of \$50.0 million or any event occurs that enables, or which with the giving of notice or the lapse of time would enable, the holder of such debt to accelerate the maturity of such debt.

The guarantees of our senior secured credit facility are currently secured by a first priority lien on the accounts receivable and chattel paper, deposit accounts, cash management accounts, contracts, documents, general intangibles, instruments, intellectual property, inventory and prescription files of the subsidiaries that guarantee our obligations under our senior secured credit facility (the "Collateral"). Pursuant to the security agreements and a collateral trust and intercreditor agreement, the holders of the first priority liens will, at all times, control all rights and remedies with respect to the Collateral while our senior secured credit facility is outstanding. The holders of the first priority liens will receive all proceeds from any realization on the Collateral until the obligations secured by the first priority liens are paid in full. Our subsidiaries own substantially all of our operating assets.

Accounts Receivable Securitization Program

We maintain securitization agreements with several multi-seller asset-backed commercial paper vehicles ("CPVs"). Under the terms of the securitization agreements, we sell substantially all of our eligible third party pharmaceutical receivables to a bankruptcy remote Special Purpose Entity ("SPE") and retain servicing responsibility. The assets of the SPE are not available to satisfy the creditors of any other person, including any of our affiliates. These agreements provide for us to sell, and for the SPE to purchase these receivables. The SPE then transfers an interest in these receivables to various CPVs.

The amount of transferred receivables outstanding at any one time is dependent upon a formula that takes into account such factors as default history, obligor concentrations and potential dilution ("Securitization Formula"). Adjustments to this amount can occur on a weekly basis. At March 1, 2008 and March 3, 2007, the total of outstanding receivables that have been transferred to the CPVs were \$435.0 million and \$350.0 million, respectively. At March 1, 2008 and March 3, 2007, we retained an interest in the third party pharmaceutical receivables not transferred to the CPVs of \$493.8 million and \$255.1 million, respectively, inclusive of the allowance for uncollectible accounts, which is included in accounts receivable, net, on our consolidated balance sheet.

On September 18, 2007 we amended our securitization agreements. As a result of this amendment the total amount of interest in receivables that can be transferred to the CPV was increased to

\$650.0 million from \$400.0 million. The ongoing program fee was decreased from the CPVs' commercial paper rate (which often approximates 1-month LIBOR) plus 1.125% to the CPVs' commercial paper rate plus 1.00%. The liquidity fee was reduced from 0.375% to 0.25%.

Rite Aid guarantees certain performance obligations of its affiliates under the securitization agreements, which include continued servicing of such receivables, but does not guarantee the collectibility of the receivables and obligor creditworthiness. The CPVs have a commitment to purchase that ends September 2008 with the option to annually extend the commitment to purchase. Should any of the CPVs fail to renew their commitment under these securitization agreements, we have access to a backstop credit facility, which is backed by the CPVs and which expires in September 2010. It is our intent to renew our receivables securitization agreements with the CPVs.

Proceeds from the collections under the receivables securitization agreements are submitted to an independent trustee on a daily basis. The trustee withholds any cash necessary to (1) fund amounts owed to the CPVs as a result of such collections and, (2) fund the CPVs when the Securitization Formula indicates a lesser amount of outstanding receivables transferred is warranted. The remaining collections are swept to our corporate concentration account.

Debt Securities

Secured Debt

8.125% Senior Secured Notes due 2010

We currently have \$360.0 million aggregate principal amount of our 8.125% senior secured notes due 2010 outstanding. These notes are unsecured, unsubordinated obligations of Rite Aid and rank equally in right of payment with all other unsecured, unsubordinated indebtedness of Rite Aid. Our obligations under the notes are fully and unconditionally guaranteed, jointly and severally, subject to certain limitations, by all of our subsidiaries that guarantee our obligations under our senior secured credit facility and other secured notes. The guarantees are secured, subject to the permitted liens, by shared second priority liens, with the holders of our 7.5% senior secured notes due 2015 and our 7.5% senior secured notes due 2017, granted by subsidiary guarantors on all their assets that secure the obligations under the senior secured credit facility, subject to certain exceptions.

The notes will mature on May 1, 2010. Interest on the notes is payable semi-annually on May 1 and November 1 of each year. We may redeem some or all of the notes at specified redemption prices. Under certain circumstances, holders of the notes will have the right to require us to repurchase the notes. The securities do not have the benefit of any sinking fund.

The indenture governing the 8.125% senior secured notes contains customary covenant provisions that, among other things, include limitations on our ability to pay dividends, make investments or other restricted payments, incur debt, grant liens, sell assets and enter into sale-leaseback transactions.

7.5% Senior Secured Notes due 2015

We currently have \$200.0 million aggregate principal amount of our 7.5% senior secured notes due 2015 outstanding. These notes are unsecured, unsubordinated obligations of Rite Aid and rank equally in right of payment with all other unsecured, unsubordinated indebtedness. Our obligations under the notes are fully and unconditionally guaranteed, jointly and severally, subject to certain limitations, by all of our subsidiaries that guarantee our obligations under our senior secured credit facility and other secured notes. The guarantees are secured, subject to the permitted liens, by shared second priority liens, with holders of our 8.125% senior secured notes due 2010 and our 7.5% senior secured notes due 2017, granted by subsidiary guarantors on all their assets that secure the obligations under the senior secured credit facility, subject to certain exceptions.

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The notes will mature on January 15, 2015. Interest on the notes is payable semi-annually on January 15 and July 15 of each year. Prior to January 15, 2010, we may redeem some or all of the notes at any time at specified make-whole premiums. Beginning on January 15, 2010, we may redeem some or all of the notes at specified redemption prices. Under certain circumstances, holders of the notes will have the right to require us to repurchase the notes. The securities do not have the benefit of any sinking fund.

The indenture governing the 7.5% senior secured notes contains customary covenant provisions that, among other things, include limitations on our ability to pay dividends, make investments or other restricted payments, incur debt, grant liens, sell assets and enter into sale-leaseback transactions.

7.5% Senior Secured Notes due 2017

We currently have \$500.0 million aggregate principal amount of our 7.5% senior secured notes due 2017 outstanding. These notes are unsecured, unsubordinated obligations of Rite Aid and rank equally in right of payment with all other unsecured, unsubordinated indebtedness. Our obligations under the notes are fully and unconditionally guaranteed, jointly and severally, subject to certain limitations, by all of our subsidiaries that guarantee our obligations under our senior secured credit facility and other secured notes. The guarantees are secured, subject to the permitted liens, by shared second priority liens, with holders of our 8.125% senior secured notes due 2010 and our 7.5% senior secured notes due 2015, granted by subsidiary guarantors on all their assets that secure the obligations under the senior secured credit facility, subject to certain exceptions.

The notes will mature on March 1, 2017. Interest on the notes is payable semi-annually on March 1 and September 1 of each year. Prior to March 1, 2012, we may redeem some or all of the notes at any time at specified make-whole premiums. Beginning on March 1, 2012, we may redeem some or all of the notes at specified redemption prices. Under certain circumstances, holders of the notes will have the right to require us to repurchase the notes. The securities do not have the benefit of any sinking fund.

The indenture governing the 7.5% senior secured notes contains covenant provisions that, among other things, include limitations on our ability to pay dividends, make investments or other restricted payments, incur debt, grant liens, sell assets and enter into sale-leaseback transactions.

Guaranteed Unsecured Debt

9.25% Senior Notes due 2013

We currently have \$150.0 million aggregate principal amount of our 9.25% senior notes due 2013 outstanding. These notes are unsecured, unsubordinated obligations of Rite Aid and rank equally in right of payment with all other unsecured, unsubordinated indebtedness. The notes are fully and unconditionally guaranteed, jointly and severally, subject to certain limitations, by all of our subsidiaries that guarantee our obligations under our senior secured credit facility and other outstanding senior notes.

The notes will mature on June 1, 2013. Interest on the notes is payable semi-annually on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The notes may be redeemed at our option in whole at any time or in part from time to time and do not have the benefit of any sinking fund.

The indenture governing the 9.25% senior notes contains customary covenant provisions that, among other things, include limitations on our ability to incur debt, grant liens and enter into sale-leaseback transactions.

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8.625% Senior Notes due 2015

We currently have \$500.0 million aggregate principal amount of our 8.625% senior notes due 2015 outstanding. These notes are unsecured, unsubordinated obligations of Rite Aid and rank equally in right of payment with all other unsecured, unsubordinated indebtedness. The notes are fully and unconditionally guaranteed, jointly and severally, subject to certain limitations, by all of our subsidiaries that guarantee our obligations under our senior secured credit facility and other outstanding senior notes.

The notes will mature on March 1, 2015. Interest on the notes is payable semi-annually on March 1 and September 1 of each year. Prior to March 1, 2011, we may redeem some or all of the notes at any time at specified make-whole premiums. Beginning on March 1, 2011, we may redeem some or all of the notes at specified redemption prices. Under certain circumstances, holders of the notes will have the right to require us to repurchase the notes. The securities do not have the benefit of any sinking fund.

The indenture governing the 8.625% senior notes contains covenant provisions that, among other things, include limitations on our ability to pay dividends, make investments or other restricted payments, incur debt, grant liens, sell assets and enter into sale-leaseback transactions.

9.375% Senior Notes due 2015

We currently have \$410.0 million aggregate principal amount of our 9.375% senior notes due 2015 outstanding. These notes are unsecured, unsubordinated obligations of Rite Aid and rank equally in right of payment with all other unsecured, unsubordinated indebtedness. The notes are fully and unconditionally guaranteed, jointly and severally, subject to certain limitations, by all of our subsidiaries that guarantee our obligations under our senior secured credit facility and other outstanding senior notes.

The notes will mature on December 15, 2015. Interest on the notes is payable semi-annually on June 15 and December 15 of each year. Prior to June 15, 2011, we may redeem some or all of the notes at any time at specified make-whole premiums. Beginning on June 15, 2011, we may redeem some or all of the notes at specified redemption prices. Under certain circumstances, holders of the notes will have the right to require us to repurchase the notes. The securities do not have the benefit of any sinking fund.

The indenture governing the 9.375% senior notes contains customary covenant provisions that, among other things, limit our ability and the ability of our restricted subsidiaries to, among other things incur additional debt, pay dividends or make other restricted payments, purchase, redeem or retire capital stock or subordinated debt, make asset sales, enter into transactions with affiliates, incur liens, enter into sale-leaseback transactions, provide subsidiary guarantees, make investments and merge or consolidate with any other persons.

9.5% Senior Notes due 2017

We currently have \$810.0 million aggregate principal amount of our 9.5% senior notes due 2017 outstanding. These notes are unsecured, unsubordinated obligations of Rite Aid and rank equally in right of payment with all other unsecured, unsubordinated indebtedness. The notes are fully and unconditionally guaranteed, jointly and severally, subject to certain limitations, by all of our subsidiaries that guarantee our obligations under our senior secured credit facility and other outstanding senior notes.

The notes will mature on June 15, 2017. Interest on the notes is payable semi-annually on June 15 and December 15 of each year. Prior to June 15, 2012, we may redeem some or all of the notes at any time at specified "make-whole" premiums. Beginning on June 15, 2012, we may redeem some or all of

the notes at specified redemption prices. Under certain circumstances, holders of the notes will have the right to require us to repurchase the notes. The securities do not have the benefit of any sinking fund.

The indenture governing the 9.5% senior notes contains customary covenant provisions that, among other things, limit our ability and the ability of our restricted subsidiaries to, among other things; incur additional debt, pay dividends or make other restricted payments, purchase, redeem or retire capital stock or subordinated debt, make asset sales, enter into transactions with affiliates, incur liens, enter into sale-leaseback transactions, provide subsidiary guarantees, make investments and merge or consolidate with any other persons.

Other Unsecured Debt

6.875% Senior Debentures due 2013

The 6.875% senior debentures due 2013 are our unsecured obligations and we currently have \$184.8 million aggregate principal amount of these securities outstanding.

The debentures will mature on August 15, 2013. Interest on the debentures is payable semi-annually on February 15 and August 15 of each year. The debentures may not be redeemed prior to maturity and do not have the benefit of any sinking fund.

The indenture governing the 6.875% senior debentures contains customary covenant provisions that, among other things, include a limitation on our ability to incur certain debt, grant liens and enter into sale-leaseback transactions.

7.7% Notes due 2027

The 7.7% notes due 2027 are our unsecured obligations and we currently have \$295.0 million aggregate principal amount of these securities outstanding.

The notes will mature on February 15, 2027. Interest on the notes is payable semi-annually on August 15 and February 15 of each year. The notes may not be redeemed prior to maturity and do not have the benefit of any sinking fund.

The indenture governing the 7.7% notes contains customary covenant provisions that, among other things, include a limitation on our ability to incur certain debt, grant liens and enter into sale-leaseback transactions.

6.125% Fixed-Rate Senior Notes due 2008 and 6.875% Fixed-Rate Senior Notes due 2028

The 6.125% fixed-rate senior notes due 2008 and 6.875% fixed-rate senior notes due 2028 were issued pursuant to the same indenture dated December 21, 1998. We intend to redeem the 6.125% senior notes with the proceeds of this offering. The 6.125% senior notes are our unsecured obligations and we currently have \$150.0 million aggregate principal amount of these securities outstanding and the 6.875% senior notes are our unsecured obligations and we currently have \$128.0 million aggregate principal amount of these securities outstanding.

The 6.125% senior notes will mature on December 15, 2008 and the 6.875% senior notes will mature on December 15, 2028. Interest on the notes is payable semi-annually on June 15 and December 15 of each year. The notes may be redeemed at our option in whole at any time or in part from time to time and do not have the benefit of any sinking fund.

The indenture governing the notes contains customary covenant provisions that, among other things, include a limitation on our ability to incur certain debt, grant liens and enter into sale-leaseback transactions.

DESCRIPTION OF NOTES

In this description, the words "Company" and "we," "us" and "our" refer only to Rite Aid Corporation and not to any of its subsidiaries.

We will issue the notes under a senior indenture dated as of May 29, 2008, as supplemented by a supplemental indenture dated as of May 29, 2008 (collectively referred to as the "indenture"), between the Company and The Bank of New York Trust Company, N.A., as trustee.

Wherever particular defined terms of the indenture are referred to, such defined terms are incorporated herein by reference.

We urge you to read the indenture because it, and not this description, defines your rights as a holder of these notes. The terms of the notes include those set forth in the indenture and those made part of the indenture by reference to the Trust Indenture Act of 1939, as amended (the "Trust Indenture Act"). We have incorporated by reference a copy of the proposed form of indenture with the SEC as an exhibit to the registration statement of which this prospectus supplement is a part, and you can access this information as described under "Where You Can Find More Information."

General

The notes will be unsecured unsubordinated obligations of the Company, will be limited to \$150,000,000 aggregate principal amount (\$158,000,000 if the underwriter's over-allotment option is exercised in full), and will mature on May 15, 2015. Payment in full of the principal amount of the notes will be due on May 15, 2015. The notes will bear interest at the rate of 8.5% per annum from the issue date, payable semiannually in arrears on May 15 and November 15 of each year, commencing on November 15, 2008. We will pay interest in cash to the person in whose name a note is registered at the close of business on May 1 or November 1 of each year, whether or not a business day, immediately preceding the relevant interest payment date. Interest on the notes will be computed on the basis of 360-day year comprised of twelve 30-day months.

The notes will be convertible into shares of common stock of the Company, par value \$1.00 per share (the "common stock"), initially at the conversion price stated on the cover page of this prospectus supplement, subject to adjustment upon the occurrence of certain events described under " Conversion Rights," at any time prior to the close of business on the business day immediately preceding the maturity date, unless previously repurchased.

The notes are also subject to repurchase by the Company at the option of the holders, as described below under " Repurchase at Option of Holders Upon a Fundamental Change."

The indenture does not contain any financial covenants or any restrictions on the payment of dividends, the incurrence of indebtedness or the repurchase of our other securities.

Ranking

The notes will be:

unsubordinated, unsecured obligations of the Company;

effectively junior to future secured debt of the Company;

structurally subordinated to all existing and future liabilities and obligations of our subsidiaries, including guarantees by such subsidiaries of our debt;

equal in ranking ("pari passu") with all existing and future unsubordinated, unsecured debt of the Company; and

senior in right of payment to any future subordinated debt.

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As of March 1, 2008 after giving effect to this offering and the use of the net proceeds therefrom as described under "Use of Proceeds," the Company and its subsidiaries would have had approximately \$6.0 billion of outstanding indebtedness. As of such date, the Company had additional borrowing capacity under its revolving credit facility of approximately \$716.2 million, although certain of the Company's outstanding indebtedness currently limits its ability to fully draw under the revolver. Of our indebtedness outstanding as of March 1, 2008, after giving effect to this offering and the use of proceeds therefrom as described under "Use of Proceeds," only \$757.8 million, including \$150.0 million of the notes, was debt of Rite Aid Corporation that did not have the benefit of subsidiary guarantees, which consist of our 6.875% senior notes due 2028, our 7.7% notes due 2027, our 6.875% senior debentures due 2013 and the notes.

The notes are effectively subordinated to all of our secured debt to the extent of the value of the assets securing that debt. Also, the notes are structurally subordinated to all existing and future liabilities and obligations of our subsidiaries, including guarantees by such subsidiaries of our debt. As of March 1, 2008, after giving effect to this offering and the use of proceeds therefrom as described under "Use of Proceeds," approximately \$5.01 billion of our debt had the benefit of subsidiary guarantees.

We are a holding company with no direct operations. Our principal assets are the equity interests we hold in our operating subsidiaries. As a result, we are dependent upon dividends and other payments from our subsidiaries to generate the funds necessary to meet our financial obligations, including the payment of principal of and interest on our outstanding debt. Our subsidiaries are legally distinct from us and have no obligation to pay amounts due on the notes or to make funds available to us for such payment. As of March 1, 2008, after giving effect to this offering and the use of the proceeds therefrom as described under "Use of Proceeds," we would have had approximately \$5.01 billion of indebtedness (excluding lease financing obligations but including guarantees of approximately \$5.01 billion of indebtedness of Rite Aid Corporation) to which the notes would have been structurally subordinated in right of payment. In addition, the notes are structurally subordinated to a substantial amount of other liabilities, including trade payables, that do not constitute indebtedness.

Because the obligations under our credit facility, our 8.125% senior secured notes due 2010, our 7.5% senior secured notes due 2015 and our 7.5% senior secured notes due 2017, which as of March 1, 2008 totaled approximately \$3.2 billion, are guaranteed on a secured basis by substantially all of our subsidiaries, failure to comply with those obligations or our inability to pay that indebtedness when due would entitle those creditors immediately to foreclose on certain of our assets in the case of our senior credit facility, and substantially all of the assets of our subsidiaries, which serve as collateral. In this event, those secured lenders would be entitled to be repaid in full from the proceeds of the liquidation of those assets before those assets would be available for distribution to other creditors, and, lastly to the holders of capital stock of our subsidiaries, including Rite Aid Corporation.

Holders of the notes will only be creditors of Rite Aid Corporation and not of our subsidiaries. The ability of our creditors, including you, to participate in any distribution of assets of any of our subsidiaries upon liquidation or bankruptcy will be subject to the prior claims of that subsidiary's creditors, including trade creditors, and any prior or equal claim of any equity holder of that subsidiary. As a result, you may receive less, proportionately, than our secured creditors and the creditors of our subsidiaries.

Conversion Rights

General

The holder of any note will have the right, at the holder's option, to convert any portion of the principal amount of a note that is an integral multiple of \$1,000, into shares of common stock at any

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time prior to the close of business on the business day immediately preceding the maturity date, unless previously repurchased, at a conversion rate of 386.3614 shares per \$1,000 principal amount of notes (equivalent to a conversion price of approximately \$2.59 per share) (subject to adjustment described under " Anti-dilution Adjustments Adjustment Events").

If the notes are subject to repurchase following a fundamental change, a holder's conversion rights on the notes subject to repurchase will terminate at the close of business on the business day immediately preceding the repurchase date unless we default in the payment of the repurchase price, in which case a holder's conversion right will terminate at the close of business on the date the default is cured and the notes are repurchased. If a holder has submitted notes for repurchase following a fundamental change, the holder may convert the notes only if it withdraws its election in accordance with the indenture. See " Repurchase at Option of Holders upon a Fundamental Change."

Upon conversion of a note, a holder will not receive any cash payment of interest (unless such conversion occurs between a regular record date and the interest payment date to which it relates) and we will not adjust the conversion rate to account for accrued and unpaid interest. Our delivery to the holder of the full number of shares of our common stock into which the note is convertible, together with any cash payment for fractional shares, will be deemed to satisfy our obligation with respect to such note. Accordingly, any accrued but unpaid interest will be deemed to be paid in full upon conversion, rather than cancelled, extinguished or forfeited. For a discussion of the tax treatment to a holder of notes receiving shares of our common stock upon conversion, see "Certain United States Federal Income Tax Consequences".

Notwithstanding the preceding paragraph, holders of notes at the close of business on a regular record date will receive payment of interest payable on the corresponding interest payment date notwithstanding the conversion of such notes at any time after the close of business on the applicable regular record date. Notes surrendered for conversion by a holder during the period from the close of business on any regular record date to the opening of business on the next interest payment date must be accompanied by funds equal to the amount of such interest payable on the notes so converted, provided that no such payment need be made:

if we have specified a fundamental change repurchase date that is after a regular record date and on or prior to the corresponding interest payment date;

for conversions following the regular record date immediately preceding the final interest payment date; or

to the extent of overdue interest, if any overdue interest exists at the time of conversion with respect to such note.

Accordingly, a holder who chooses to convert its notes under any of the circumstances described in the preceding bullets will not be required to pay us, at the time it surrenders the notes for conversion, the amount of interest payable on the notes on the next interest payment date.

We will pay any documentary, stamp or similar issue or transfer tax due on the issuance of shares of our common stock upon the conversion of notes, if any, unless the tax is due because the holder requests the shares to be issued or delivered to a person other than the holder, in which case the holder is responsible for the payment of that tax.

The trustee will initially act as the conversion agent.

Conversion Procedures

To convert a note into shares of our common stock the holder must:

complete and manually sign the conversion notice on the back of the note or a facsimile of the conversion notice, which is irrevocable, and deliver the notice to the conversion agent;

surrender the note to the conversion agent;

if required, furnish appropriate endorsements and transfer documents;

if required, pay all transfer or similar taxes; and

if required, pay funds equal to interest payable on the next interest payment date.

The date a holder complies with these requirements is the conversion date under the indenture. If the holder's interest is a beneficial interest in a global note, to convert the holder must comply with the last three requirements listed above and comply with DTC's procedures for exchanging a beneficial interest in a global note.

The conversion agent will, on a holder's behalf, convert the notes into shares of our common stock, together with any cash in lieu of fractional shares as described above. A holder may obtain copies of the required form of the conversion notice from the conversion agent. Settlement of our obligation to deliver shares and cash in lieu of fractional shares will occur no later than the third business day immediately following the conversion date. Delivery of shares will be accomplished by delivery to the conversion agent of certificates for the relevant number of shares, other than in the case of holders of notes in book-entry form with DTC, which shares shall be delivered in accordance with DTC customary practices.

Anti-dilution Adjustments

Adjustment Events. The conversion rate will be adjusted for the following events:

- (1) the issuance of our common stock as a dividend or distribution to all holders of our common stock, or certain subdivisions and combinations of our common stock, in which event the conversion rate will be adjusted based on the following formula:

$$CR_1 = CR_0 \times \frac{OS_1}{OS_0}$$

where,

- CR₀ = the conversion rate in effect immediately prior to the ex-date for such dividend or distribution or the effective date of such subdivision or combination, as the case may be;
- CR₁ = the conversion rate in effect immediately on and after the ex-date for such dividend or distribution or the effective date of such subdivision or combination, as the case may be;
- OS₀ = the number of shares of our common stock outstanding immediately prior to the ex-date for such dividend or distribution or the effective date of such subdivision or combination, as the case may be; and
- OS₁ = the