

MORGAN STANLEY
Form 424B2
February 20, 2019

CALCULATION OF REGISTRATION FEE

<i>Title of Each Class of Securities Offered</i>	<i>Maximum Aggregate Amount of Registration</i>	
	<i>Offering Price</i>	<i>Fee</i>
Jump Securities with Auto-Callable Feature due 2025	\$1,578,000	\$191.25

February 2019

Pricing Supplement No. 1,523

Registration Statement Nos. 333-221595; 333-221595-01

Dated February 15, 2019

Filed pursuant to Rule 424(b)(2)

Morgan Stanley Finance LLC

Structured Investments

Opportunities in U.S. Equities

Jump Securities with Auto-Callable Feature due March 12, 2025

All Payments on the Securities Based on the Worst Performing of the S&P 500[®] Index, the Dow Jones Industrial AverageSM and the Russell 2000[®] Index

Fully and Unconditionally Guaranteed by Morgan Stanley

Principal at Risk Securities

The securities are unsecured obligations of Morgan Stanley Finance LLC (“MSFL”), fully and unconditionally guaranteed by Morgan Stanley, and have the terms described in the accompanying product supplement, index supplement and prospectus, as supplemented or modified by this document. The securities do not guarantee the repayment of principal and do not provide for the regular payment of interest. The securities will be automatically redeemed if the index closing value of **each** of the S&P 500[®] Index, the Dow Jones Industrial AverageSM and the Russell 2000[®] Index, which we refer to as the underlying indices, on any of the annual determination dates is greater than or equal to 90% of its respective initial index value, which we refer to as the respective call threshold level, for an early redemption payment that will increase over the term of the securities, as described below. No further payments

will be made on the securities once they have been redeemed. At maturity, if the securities have not previously been redeemed and the final index value of each underlying index is **greater than or equal to** its respective call threshold level, investors will receive a fixed positive return, as set forth below. If the securities have not previously been redeemed and the final index value of **any underlying index is less than** its respective call threshold level but the final index value of **each underlying index is greater than or equal to 70%** of its respective initial index value, which we refer to as the respective downside threshold level, investors will receive a payment at maturity of \$1,000 per \$1,000 security. However, if the securities are not redeemed prior to maturity and the final index value of **any underlying index is less than** its respective downside threshold level, investors will be exposed to the decline in the worst performing underlying index on a 1-to-1 basis, and will receive a payment at maturity that is less than 70% of the stated principal amount of the securities and could be zero. **Accordingly, investors in the securities must be willing to accept the risk of losing their entire initial investment.** These long-dated securities are for investors who are willing to forego current income and participation in the appreciation of any underlying index in exchange for the possibility of receiving an early redemption payment or payment at maturity greater than the stated principal amount if each underlying index closes at or above the respective call threshold level on an annual determination date or the final determination date, respectively. Because all payments on the securities are based on the worst performing of the underlying indices, a decline beyond the respective downside threshold level of any underlying index will result in a significant loss of your investment, even if the other underlying indices have appreciated or have not declined as much. Investors will not participate in any appreciation of any underlying index. The securities are notes issued as part of MSFL's Series A Global Medium-Term Notes program.

All payments are subject to our credit risk. If we default on our obligations, you could lose some or all of your investment. These securities are not secured obligations and you will not have any security interest in, or otherwise have any access to, any underlying reference asset or assets.

FINAL TERMS

Issuer:	Morgan Stanley Finance LLC
Guarantor:	Morgan Stanley
Underlying indices:	S&P 500 [®] Index (the "SPX Index"), Dow Jones Industrial Average SM (the "INDU Index") and Russell 2000 [®] Index (the "RTY Index")
Aggregate principal amount:	\$1,578,000
Stated principal amount:	\$1,000 per security
Issue price:	\$1,000 per security
Pricing date:	February 15, 2019
Original issue date:	February 22, 2019 (4 business days after the pricing date)
Maturity date:	March 12, 2025
Early redemption:	If, on any annual determination date, beginning on March 4, 2020, the index closing value of each underlying index is greater than or equal to its respective call threshold level, the securities will be automatically redeemed for the applicable early redemption payment on the related early redemption date.

The securities will not be redeemed early on any early redemption date if the index closing value of any underlying index is below its respective call threshold level on the related determination date.

Early redemption payment:

The early redemption payment will be an amount in cash per stated principal amount (corresponding to a return of approximately 7.50% *per annum*) for each annual determination date, as set forth under “Determination Dates and Early Redemption Payments” below.

No further payments will be made on the securities once they have been redeemed. Annually. See “Determination Dates and Early Redemption Payments” below.

Determination dates:

The determination dates are subject to postponement for non-index business days and certain market disruption events.

Early redemption dates:

The third business day after the relevant determination date
With respect to the SPX Index, 1,942.92, which is 70% of its initial index value

Downside threshold level:

With respect to the INDU Index, 18,118.275, which is 70% of its initial index value

Call threshold level:

With respect to the RTY Index, 1,098.473, which is approximately 70% of its initial index value

With respect to the SPX Index, 2,498.04, which is 90% of its initial index value

With respect to the INDU Index, 23,294.925, which is 90% of its initial index value

With respect to the RTY Index, 1,412.322, which is approximately 90% of its initial index value

If the securities have not previously been redeemed, you will receive at maturity a cash payment per security as follows:

- If the final index value of **each underlying index is greater than or equal to** its respective call threshold level:

\$1,450

- If the final index value of **any underlying index is less than** its respective call threshold level but the final index value of **each underlying index is greater than or equal to** its respective downside threshold level:

Payment at maturity:

\$1,000

- If the final index value of **any underlying index is less than** its respective downside threshold level:

$\$1,000 \times$ index performance factor of the worst performing underlying index

Under these circumstances, you will lose more than 30%, and possibly all, of your investment.

Terms continued on the following page

Morgan Stanley & Co. LLC (“MS & Co.”), an affiliate of MSFL and a wholly owned subsidiary of Morgan Stanley. See “Supplemental information regarding plan of distribution; conflicts of interest.”

Agent:

Estimated value on the pricing date: \$960.40 per security. See “Investment Summary” beginning on page 3.

Commissions and issue price:	Price to public	Agent’s commissions⁽¹⁾	Proceeds to us⁽²⁾
Per security	\$1,000	\$22.50	\$977.50
Total	\$1,578,000	\$35,505	\$1,542,495

We also sold, pursuant to Pricing Supplement No. 1,524, a separate issuance of securities, being sold only to fee-based advisory accounts, with terms similar to those of this issuance but with higher early redemption payment amounts.

Selected dealers and their financial advisors will collectively receive from the agent, Morgan Stanley & Co. LLC, a fixed sales commission of \$22.50 for each security they sell. In addition, selected dealers and their financial (1)advisors will receive a structuring fee of \$4.00 for each security. See “Supplemental information regarding plan of distribution; conflicts of interest.” For additional information, see “Plan of Distribution (Conflicts of Interest)” in the accompanying product supplement.

(2)See “Use of proceeds and hedging” on page 23.

The securities involve risks not associated with an investment in ordinary debt securities. See “Risk Factors” beginning on page 9.

The Securities and Exchange Commission and state securities regulators have not approved or disapproved these securities, or determined if this document or the accompanying product supplement, index supplement and prospectus is truthful or complete. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

The securities are not deposits or savings accounts and are not insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other governmental agency or instrumentality, nor are they obligations of, or guaranteed by, a bank.

You should read this document together with the related product supplement, index supplement and prospectus, each of which can be accessed via the hyperlinks below. Please also see “Additional Terms of the Securities” and “Additional Information About the Securities” at the end of this document.

As used in this document, “we,” “us” and “our” refer to Morgan Stanley or MSFL, or Morgan Stanley and MSFL collectively, as the context requires.

Product Supplement for Auto-Callable Securities dated November 16, 2017 Index Supplement dated November 16, 2017 Prospectus dated November 16, 2017

Morgan Stanley Finance LLC

Jump Securities with Auto-Callable Feature due March 12, 2025

All Payments on the Securities Based on the Worst Performing of the S&P 500[®] Index, the Dow Jones Industrial AverageSM and the Russell 2000[®] Index

Principal at Risk Securities

Terms continued from previous page:

With respect to the SPX Index, 2,775.60, which is its index closing value on the pricing date

Initial index value: With respect to the INDU Index, 25,883.25, which is its index closing value on the pricing date

With respect to the RTY Index, 1,569.247, which is its index closing value on the pricing date

Final index value: With respect to each underlying index, the respective index closing value on the final determination date

Worst performing underlying index: The underlying index with the largest percentage decrease from the respective initial index value to the respective final index value

Index performance factor: With respect to each underlying index, the final index value *divided by* the initial index value

CUSIP / ISIN: 61768DH24 / US61768DH247

Listing: The securities will not be listed on any securities exchange.

Determination Dates and Early Redemption Payments

Determination Dates	Early Redemption Payments (per \$1,000 Security)
1 st determination date: 3/4/2020	\$1,075
2 nd determination date: 3/3/2021	\$1,150
3 rd determination date: 3/2/2022	\$1,225
4 th determination date: 3/1/2023	\$1,300

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5th determination date: 3/6/2024 \$1,375

Final determination date: 3/5/2025 See "Payment at maturity" above.

February 2019 Page 2

Morgan Stanley Finance LLC

Jump Securities with Auto-Callable Feature due March 12, 2025

All Payments on the Securities Based on the Worst Performing of the S&P 500[®] Index, the Dow Jones Industrial AverageSM and the Russell 2000[®] Index

Principal at Risk Securities

Investment Summary

Jump Securities with Auto-Callable Feature

Principal at Risk Securities

The Jump Securities with Auto-Callable Feature due March 12, 2025 All Payments on the Securities Based on the Worst Performing of the S&P 500[®] Index, the Dow Jones Industrial AverageSM and the Russell 2000[®] Index (the “securities”) do not provide for the regular payment of interest. Instead, the securities will be automatically redeemed if the index closing value of **each of** the S&P 500[®] Index, the Dow Jones Industrial AverageSM and the Russell 2000[®] Index on any annual determination date is greater than or equal to its respective call threshold level, for an early redemption payment that will increase over the term of the securities, as described below. No further payments will be made on the securities once they have been redeemed. At maturity, if the securities have not previously been redeemed and the final index value of each underlying index is **greater than or equal to** its respective call threshold level, investors will receive a fixed positive return, as set forth below. If the securities have not previously been redeemed and the final index value of **any** underlying index is **less than** its respective call threshold level but the final index value of **each** underlying index is **greater than or equal to** its respective downside threshold level, investors will receive a payment of maturity of \$1,000 per \$1,000 security. However, if the securities are not redeemed prior to maturity and the final index value of **any underlying index** is less than its respective downside threshold level, investors will be exposed to the decline in the worst performing underlying index on a 1-to-1 basis, and will receive a payment at maturity that is less than 70% of the stated principal amount of the securities and could be zero. **Accordingly, investors in the securities must be willing to accept the risk of losing their entire initial investment.** Investors will not participate in any appreciation in any underlying index.

Maturity: Approximately 6 years

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Automatic early redemption: If, on any annual determination date, the index closing value of each underlying index is greater than or equal to its respective call threshold level, the securities will be automatically redeemed for the applicable early redemption payment on the related early redemption date.

The early redemption payment will be an amount in cash per stated principal amount (corresponding to a return of approximately *7.50% per annum*) for each annual determination date, as follows:

- 1st determination date: \$1,075
- 2nd determination date: \$1,150
- 3rd determination date: \$1,225
- 4th determination date: \$1,300
- 5th determination date: \$1,375

Early redemption payment:

No further payments will be made on the securities once they have been redeemed.

Payment at maturity:

If the securities have not previously been redeemed, you will receive at maturity a cash payment per security as follows:

- If the final index value of **each** underlying index is **greater than or equal to** its respective call threshold level:

\$1,450

- If the final index value of **any** underlying index is **less than** its respective call threshold level but the final index value of **each** underlying index is **greater than or equal to** its respective downside threshold level:

\$1,000

- If the final index value of **any** underlying index is **less than** its respective downside threshold level:

\$1,000 × index performance factor of the worst performing underlying index

Under these circumstances, investors will lose a significant portion or all of their

February 2019 Page 3

Morgan Stanley Finance LLC

Jump Securities with Auto-Callable Feature due March 12, 2025

All Payments on the Securities Based on the Worst Performing of the S&P 500[®] Index, the Dow Jones Industrial AverageSM and the Russell 2000[®] Index

Principal at Risk Securities

investment. Accordingly, investors in the securities must be willing to accept the risk of losing their entire initial investment.

The original issue price of each security is \$1,000. This price includes costs associated with issuing, selling, structuring and hedging the securities, which are borne by you, and, consequently, the estimated value of the securities on the pricing date is less than \$1,000. We estimate that the value of each security on the pricing date is \$960.40.

What goes into the estimated value on the pricing date?

In valuing the securities on the pricing date, we take into account that the securities comprise both a debt component and a performance-based component linked to the underlying indices. The estimated value of the securities is determined using our own pricing and valuation models, market inputs and assumptions relating to the underlying indices, instruments based on the underlying indices, volatility and other factors including current and expected interest rates, as well as an interest rate related to our secondary market credit spread, which is the implied interest rate at which our conventional fixed rate debt trades in the secondary market.

What determines the economic terms of the securities?

In determining the economic terms of the securities, including the early redemption payment amounts, the call threshold levels and the downside threshold levels, we use an internal funding rate, which is likely to be lower than our secondary market credit spreads and therefore advantageous to us. If the issuing, selling, structuring and hedging costs borne by you were lower or if the internal funding rate were higher, one or more of the economic terms of the securities would be more favorable to you.

What is the relationship between the estimated value on the pricing date and the secondary market price of the securities?

The price at which MS & Co. purchases the securities in the secondary market, absent changes in market conditions, including those related to the underlying indices, may vary from, and be lower than, the estimated value on the pricing date, because the secondary market price takes into account our secondary market credit spread as well as the bid-offer spread that MS & Co. would charge in a secondary market transaction of this type and other factors. However, because the costs associated with issuing, selling, structuring and hedging the securities are not fully deducted upon issuance, for a period of up to 6 months following the issue date, to the extent that MS & Co. may buy or sell the securities in the secondary market, absent changes in market conditions, including those related to the underlying indices, and to our secondary market credit spreads, it would do so based on values higher than the estimated value. We expect that those higher values will also be reflected in your brokerage account statements.

MS & Co. may, but is not obligated to, make a market in the securities, and, if it once chooses to make a market, may cease doing so at any time.

February 2019 Page 4

Morgan Stanley Finance LLC

Jump Securities with Auto-Callable Feature due March 12, 2025

All Payments on the Securities Based on the Worst Performing of the S&P 500[®] Index, the Dow Jones Industrial AverageSM and the Russell 2000[®] Index

Principal at Risk Securities

Key Investment Rationale

The securities do not provide for the regular payment of interest. Instead, the securities will be automatically redeemed if the index closing value of **each of** the S&P 500[®] Index, the Dow Jones Industrial AverageSM and the Russell 2000[®] Index on any annual determination date is greater than or equal to its respective call threshold level.

The following scenarios are for illustrative purposes only to demonstrate how an automatic early redemption payment or the payment at maturity (if the securities have not previously been redeemed) are calculated, and do not attempt to demonstrate every situation that may occur. Accordingly, the securities may or may not be redeemed prior to maturity and the payment at maturity may be less than 70% of the stated principal amount of the securities and may be zero.

Scenario 1: The securities are redeemed prior to maturity

When each underlying index closes at or above its respective call threshold level on any annual determination date, the securities will be automatically redeemed for the applicable early redemption payment on the related early redemption date. Investors do not participate in any appreciation in any underlying index.

Scenario 2: The securities are not redeemed prior to maturity, and investors receive a fixed positive return at maturity

This scenario assumes that any underlying index closes below its respective call threshold level on each of the annual determination dates. Consequently, the securities are not redeemed prior to maturity. On the final determination date, each underlying index closes at or above its respective call threshold level. At maturity, investors will receive a cash payment equal to \$1,450 per stated principal amount. Investors do not participate in any appreciation in any underlying index.

Scenario 3: The securities are not redeemed prior to maturity, and investors receive the return of

This scenario assumes that any underlying index closes below its respective call threshold level on each of the annual determination dates. Consequently, the securities are not redeemed prior to maturity. On the final determination date, at least one underlying index closes below its respective call threshold level, but the final index value of each underlying index is greater than or equal to its respective downside threshold

principal at maturity

level. At maturity, investors will receive a cash payment equal to \$1,000 per \$1,000 security.

Scenario 4: The securities are not redeemed prior to maturity, and investors suffer a substantial loss of principal at maturity

This scenario assumes that any underlying index closes below its respective call threshold level on each of the annual determination dates. Consequently, the securities are not redeemed prior to maturity. On the final determination date, any underlying index closes below its respective downside threshold level. At maturity, investors will receive an amount equal to the stated principal amount multiplied by the index performance factor of the worst performing underlying index. Under these circumstances, the payment at maturity will be significantly less than the stated principal amount and could be zero.

Morgan Stanley Finance LLC

Jump Securities with Auto-Callable Feature due March 12, 2025

All Payments on the Securities Based on the Worst Performing of the S&P 500® Index, the Dow Jones Industrial AverageSM and the Russell 2000® Index

Principal at Risk Securities

Hypothetical Examples

The following hypothetical examples are for illustrative purposes only. Whether the securities are redeemed prior to maturity will be determined by reference to the index closing value of each underlying index on each of the annual determination dates, and the payment at maturity, if any, will be determined by reference to the index closing value of each underlying index on the final determination date. The actual initial index values, call threshold levels and downside threshold levels are set forth on the cover of this document. Some numbers appearing in the examples below have been rounded for ease of analysis. All payments on the securities are subject to our credit risk. The below examples are based on the following terms:

The early redemption payment will be an amount in cash per stated principal amount (corresponding to a return of approximately *7.50% per annum*) for each annual determination date, as follows:

- Early Redemption Payment:
- 1st determination date: \$1,075
 - 2nd determination date: \$1,150
 - 3rd determination date: \$1,225
 - 4th determination date: \$1,300
 - 5th determination date: \$1,375

No further payments will be made on the securities once they have been redeemed.

Payment at Maturity

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If the securities have not previously been redeemed, you will receive at maturity a cash payment per security as follows:

- If the final index value of **each** underlying index is **greater than or equal to** its respective call threshold level:

\$1,450

- If the final index value of **any** underlying index is **less than** its respective call threshold level but the final index value of **each** underlying index is **greater than or equal to** its respective downside threshold level:

\$1,000

- If the final index value of **any** underlying index is **less than** its respective downside threshold level:

$\$1,000 \times$ index performance factor of the worst performing underlying index.

Under these circumstances, you will lose a significant portion or all of your investment.

Stated Principal Amount:

\$1,000

With respect to the SPX Index: 2,500

Hypothetical Initial Index Value:

With respect to the INDU Index: 24,000

With respect to the RTY Index: 1,200

With respect to the SPX Index: 1,750, which is 70% of its hypothetical initial index value

Hypothetical Downside Threshold Level:

With respect to the INDU Index: 16,800, which is 70% of its hypothetical initial index value

With respect to the RTY Index: 840, which is 70% of its hypothetical initial index value

Hypothetical Call Threshold Level:

With respect to the SPX Index: 2,250, which is 90% of its hypothetical initial index value

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With respect to the INDU Index: 21,600, which is 90% of its hypothetical initial index value

With respect to the RTY Index: 1,080, which is 90% of its hypothetical initial index value

February 2019 Page 6

Morgan Stanley Finance LLC

Jump Securities with Auto-Callable Feature due March 12, 2025

All Payments on the Securities Based on the Worst Performing of the S&P 500® Index, the Dow Jones Industrial AverageSM and the Russell 2000® Index**Principal at Risk Securities****Automatic Call:****Example 1 — the securities are redeemed following the second determination date**

Date	SPX Index Closing Value	INDU Index Closing Value	RTY Index Closing Value	Payment (per Security)
1 st Determination Date	2,000 (below the call threshold level)	26,000 (at or above the call threshold level)	1,400 (at or above the call threshold level)	--
2 nd Determination Date	2,800 (at or above the call threshold level)	27,500 (at or above the call threshold level)	1,750 (at or above the call threshold level)	\$1,150

In this example, on the first determination date, the index closing values of two of the underlying indices are at or above their respective call threshold levels, but the index closing value of the other underlying index is below its respective call threshold level. Therefore, the securities are not redeemed. On the second determination date, the index closing value of each underlying index is at or above the respective call threshold level. Therefore, the securities are automatically redeemed on the second early redemption date. Investors will receive a payment of \$1,150 per security on the related early redemption date. No further payments will be made on the securities once they have been redeemed, and investors do not participate in the appreciation in any underlying index.

How to calculate the payment at maturity:

In the following examples, one or more of the underlying indices close below the respective call threshold level(s) on each of the annual determination dates, and, consequently, the securities are not automatically redeemed prior to, and remain outstanding until, maturity.

	SPX Index Final Index Value	INDU Index Final Index Value	RTY Index Final Index Value	Payment at Maturity (per Security)
Example 1:	4,000 (at or above its call threshold level)	30,000 (at or above its call threshold level)	2,500 (at or above its call threshold level)	\$1,450
Example 2:	3,000 (at or above its call threshold level and below its downside threshold level)	19,200 (below its call threshold level but at or above its downside threshold level)	1,320 (at or above its call threshold level and below its downside threshold level)	\$1,000
Example 3:	3,000 (at or above its call threshold level and below its downside threshold level)	30,000 (at or above its call threshold level and below its downside threshold level)	480 (below its downside threshold level)	$\$1,000 \times (480 / 1,200) = \400
Example 4:	3,000 (at or above its call threshold level and below its downside threshold level)	4,800 (below its downside threshold level)	900 (below its call threshold level but at or above its downside threshold level)	$\$1,000 \times (4,800 / 24,000) = \200
Example 5:	500 (below its downside threshold level)	10,800 (below its downside threshold level)	600 (below its downside threshold level)	$\$1,000 \times (500 / 2,500) = \200

In example 1, the final index value of each underlying index is at or above its respective call threshold level. Therefore, investors receive at maturity a fixed positive return. Investors do not participate in any appreciation in any underlying index.

In example 2, the final index values of two of the underlying indices are at or above their call threshold levels and downside threshold levels, but the final index value of the other underlying index is below its call threshold level and at or above its downside threshold level. The SPX Index has increased 20% from its initial index value to its final index value, the RTY Index has increased 10% from its initial index value to its final index value and the INDU Index has declined 20% from its initial index value to its final index value. Therefore, investors receive \$1,000 per security at maturity. Investors do not participate in any appreciation in any underlying index.

In example 3, the final index values of two of the underlying indices are at or above their call threshold levels and downside threshold levels, but the final index value of the other underlying index is below its respective downside threshold level. Therefore,

Morgan Stanley Finance LLC

Jump Securities with Auto-Callable Feature due March 12, 2025

All Payments on the Securities Based on the Worst Performing of the S&P 500[®] Index, the Dow Jones Industrial AverageSM and the Russell 2000[®] Index

Principal at Risk Securities

investors are exposed to the downside performance of the worst performing underlying index at maturity. The SPX Index has increased 20% from its initial index value to its final index value, the INDU Index has increased 25% from its initial index value to its final index value and the RTY Index has declined 60% from its initial index value to its final index value. Therefore, investors receive at maturity an amount equal to the stated principal amount times the index performance factor of the RTY Index, which is the worst performing underlying index in this example.

In example 4, the final index value of one of the underlying indices is at or above its call threshold level and downside threshold level, the final index value of one of the underlying indices is below its call threshold level and at or above its downside threshold level, and the final index value of the other underlying index is below its respective downside threshold level. Therefore, investors are exposed to the downside performance of the worst performing underlying index at maturity. The SPX Index has increased 20% from its initial index value to its final index value, the RTY Index has declined 25% from its initial index value to its final index value and the INDU Index has declined 80% from its initial index value to its final index value. Therefore, investors receive at maturity an amount equal to the stated principal amount times the index performance factor of the INDU Index, which is the worst performing underlying index in this example.

In example 5, the final index value of each underlying index is below its respective downside threshold level, and investors receive at maturity an amount equal to the stated principal amount *times* the index performance factor of the worst performing underlying index. The SPX Index has declined 80% from its initial index value to its final index value, the INDU Index has declined 55% from its initial index value to its final index value and the RTY Index has declined 50% from its initial index value to its final index value. Therefore, the payment at maturity equals the stated principal amount *times* the index performance factor of the SPX Index, which is the worst performing underlying index in this example.

If the final index value of any underlying index is below its respective downside threshold level, you will be exposed to the downside performance of the worst performing underlying index at maturity, and your payment at maturity will be less than 70% of the stated principal amount per security and could be zero.

Morgan Stanley Finance LLC

Jump Securities with Auto-Callable Feature due March 12, 2025

All Payments on the Securities Based on the Worst Performing of the S&P 500[®] Index, the Dow Jones Industrial AverageSM and the Russell 2000[®] Index

Principal at Risk Securities

Risk Factors

The following is a list of certain key risk factors for investors in the securities. For further discussion of these and other risks, you should read the section entitled “Risk Factors” in the accompanying product supplement, index supplement and prospectus. We also urge you to consult with your investment, legal, tax, accounting and other advisers in connection with your investment in the securities.

The securities do not pay interest or guarantee the return of any principal. The terms of the securities differ from those of ordinary debt securities in that they do not pay interest or guarantee the return of any of the principal amount at maturity. If the securities have not been automatically redeemed prior to maturity and if the final index value of **any underlying index** is less than its respective downside threshold level of 70% of its initial index value, § you will be exposed to the decline in the value of the worst performing underlying index, as compared to its initial index value, on a 1-to-1 basis, and you will receive for each security that you hold at maturity an amount equal to the stated principal amount *times* the index performance factor of the worst performing underlying index. In this case, the payment at maturity will be less than 70% of the stated principal amount and could be zero.

The appreciation potential of the securities is limited by the fixed early redemption payment or payment at maturity specified for each determination date. The appreciation potential of the securities is limited to the fixed § early redemption payment specified for each determination date if each underlying index closes at or above its respective call threshold level on any annual determination date, or to the fixed upside payment at maturity if the securities have not been redeemed and the final index value of each underlying index is at or above its call threshold level. In all cases, you will not participate in any appreciation of any underlying index, which could be significant.

§ **You are exposed to the price risk of each underlying index.** Your return on the securities is not linked to a basket consisting of each underlying index. Rather, it will be contingent upon the independent performance of each underlying index. Unlike an instrument with a return linked to a basket of underlying assets, in which risk is mitigated and diversified among all the components of the basket, you will be exposed to the risks related to each underlying index. Poor performance by **any underlying index** over the term of the securities may negatively affect

your return and will not be offset or mitigated by any positive performance by the other underlying indices. To receive an early redemption payment, **each underlying index** must close at or above its respective call threshold level on the applicable determination date. In addition, if the securities have not been redeemed and **any underlying index** has declined to below its respective downside threshold level as of the final determination date, you will be **fully exposed** to the decline in the worst performing underlying index over the term of the securities on a 1-to-1 basis, even if the other underlying indices have appreciated or have not declined as much. Under this scenario, the value of any such payment at maturity will be less than 70% of the stated principal amount and could be zero. Accordingly, your investment is subject to the price risk of each underlying index.

The market price will be influenced by many unpredictable factors. Several factors, many of which are beyond our control, will influence the value of the securities in the secondary market and the price at which MS & Co. may be willing to purchase or sell the securities in the secondary market. We expect that generally the level of interest rates available in the market and the value of each underlying index on any day, including in relation to its respective call threshold level and downside threshold level, will affect the value of the securities more than any other factors. Other factors that may influence the value of the securities include:

- o the volatility (frequency and magnitude of changes in value) of the underlying indices,

geopolitical conditions and economic, financial, political, regulatory or judicial events that affect the component stocks of the underlying indices or securities markets generally and which may affect the value of each underlying index,

- o dividend rates on the securities underlying the underlying indices,
 - o the time remaining until the securities mature,
 - o interest and yield rates in the market,
 - o the availability of comparable instruments,

Morgan Stanley Finance LLC

Jump Securities with Auto-Callable Feature due March 12, 2025

All Payments on the Securities Based on the Worst Performing of the S&P 500[®] Index, the Dow Jones Industrial AverageSM and the Russell 2000[®] Index

Principal at Risk Securities

- o the composition of the underlying indices and changes in the constituent stocks of such indices, and
- o any actual or anticipated changes in our credit ratings or credit spreads.

Generally, the longer the time remaining to maturity, the more the market price of the securities will be affected by the other factors described above. Some or all of these factors will influence the price that you will receive if you sell your securities prior to maturity. For example, you may have to sell your securities at a substantial discount from the stated principal amount of \$1,000 per security if the price of any underlying index at the time of sale is near or below its downside threshold level or if market interest rates rise.

You cannot predict the future performance of any underlying index based on its historical performance. The value(s) of one or more of the underlying indices may decrease so that you will receive no return on your investment and receive a payment at maturity that is less than 70% of the stated principal amount. See “S&P 500[®] Index Overview,” “Dow Jones Industrial AverageSM Overview” and “Russell 2000[®] Index Overview” below.

The securities are subject to our credit risk, and any actual or anticipated changes to our credit ratings or credit spreads may adversely affect the market value of the securities. You are dependent on our ability to pay all amounts due on the securities upon an early redemption or at maturity and therefore you are subject to our credit risk. If we default on our obligations under the securities, your investment would be at risk and you could lose some § or all of your investment. As a result, the market value of the securities prior to maturity will be affected by changes in the market’s view of our creditworthiness. Any actual or anticipated decline in our credit ratings or increase in the credit spreads charged by the market for taking our credit risk is likely to adversely affect the market value of the securities.

§ **As a finance subsidiary, MSFL has no independent operations and will have no independent assets.** As a finance subsidiary, MSFL has no independent operations beyond the issuance and administration of its securities and will have no independent assets available for distributions to holders of MSFL securities if they make claims in

respect of such securities in a bankruptcy, resolution or similar proceeding. Accordingly, any recoveries by such holders will be limited to those available under the related guarantee by Morgan Stanley and that guarantee will rank *pari passu* with all other unsecured, unsubordinated obligations of Morgan Stanley. Holders will have recourse only to a single claim against Morgan Stanley and its assets under the guarantee. Holders of securities issued by MSFL should accordingly assume that in any such proceedings they would not have any priority over and should be treated *pari passu* with the claims of other unsecured, unsubordinated creditors of Morgan Stanley, including holders of Morgan Stanley-issued securities.

The securities are linked to the Russell 2000® Index and are subject to risks associated with small-capitalization companies. As the Russell 2000® Index is one of the underlying indices, and the Russell 2000® Index consists of stocks issued by companies with relatively small market capitalization, the securities are linked to the value of small-capitalization companies. These companies often have greater stock price volatility, lower trading volume and less liquidity than large-capitalization companies and therefore the Russell 2000® Index may be more volatile than indices that consist of stocks issued by large-capitalization companies. Stock prices of § small-capitalization companies are also more vulnerable than those of large-capitalization companies to adverse business and economic developments, and the stocks of small-capitalization companies may be thinly traded. In addition, small capitalization companies are typically less well-established and less stable financially than large-capitalization companies and may depend on a small number of key personnel, making them more vulnerable to loss of personnel. Such companies tend to have smaller revenues, less diverse product lines, smaller shares of their product or service markets, fewer financial resources and less competitive strengths than large-capitalization companies and are more susceptible to adverse developments related to their products.

Not equivalent to investing in the underlying indices. Investing in the securities is not equivalent to investing in any underlying index or the component stocks of any underlying index. Investors in the securities will not participate § in any positive performance of any underlying index, and will not have voting rights or rights to receive dividends or other distributions or any other rights with respect to stocks that constitute any underlying index.

Reinvestment risk. The term of your investment in the securities may be shortened due to the automatic early § redemption feature of the securities. If the securities are redeemed prior to maturity, you will receive no further

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Principal at Risk Securities

payments on the securities and may be forced to invest in a lower interest rate environment and may not be able to reinvest at comparable terms or returns.

The securities will not be listed on any securities exchange and secondary trading may be limited, and accordingly, you should be willing to hold your securities for the entire 6-year term of the securities. The securities will not be listed on any securities exchange. Therefore, there may be little or no secondary market for the securities. MS & Co. may, but is not obligated to, make a market in the securities and, if it once chooses to make a market, may cease doing so at any time. When it does make a market, it will generally do so for transactions of routine secondary market size at prices based on its estimate of the current value of the securities, taking into account its bid/offer spread, our credit spreads, market volatility, the notional size of the proposed sale, the cost of unwinding any related hedging positions, the time remaining to maturity and the likelihood that it will be able to resell the securities. Even if there is a secondary market, it may not provide enough liquidity to allow you to trade or sell the securities easily. Since other broker-dealers may not participate significantly in the secondary market for the securities, the price at which you may be able to trade your securities is likely to depend on the price, if any, at which MS & Co. is willing to transact. If, at any time, MS & Co. were to cease making a market in the securities, it is likely that there would be no secondary market for the securities. Accordingly, you should be willing to hold your securities to maturity.

The rate we are willing to pay for securities of this type, maturity and issuance size is likely to be lower than the rate implied by our secondary market credit spreads and advantageous to us. Both the lower rate and the inclusion of costs associated with issuing, selling, structuring and hedging the securities in the original issue price reduce the economic terms of the securities, cause the estimated value of the securities to be less than the original issue price and will adversely affect secondary market prices. Assuming no change in market conditions or any other relevant factors, the prices, if any, at which dealers, including MS & Co., may be willing to purchase the securities in secondary market transactions will likely be significantly lower than the original issue price, because secondary market prices will exclude the issuing, selling, structuring and hedging-related costs that are included in the original issue price and borne by you and because the secondary market prices will reflect our secondary market credit spreads and the bid-offer spread that any dealer would charge in a secondary market transaction of this type as well as other factors.

The inclusion of the costs of issuing, selling, structuring and hedging the securities in the original issue price and the lower rate we are willing to pay as issuer make the economic terms of the securities less favorable to you than they otherwise would be.

However, because the costs associated with issuing, selling, structuring and hedging the securities are not fully deducted upon issuance, for a period of up to 6 months following the issue date, to the extent that MS & Co. may buy or sell the securities in the secondary market, absent changes in market conditions, including those related to the underlying indices, and to our secondary market credit spreads, it would do so based on values higher than the estimated value, and we expect that those higher values will also be reflected in your brokerage account statements.

The estimated value of the securities is determined by reference to our pricing and valuation models, which may differ from those of other dealers, and is not a maximum or minimum secondary market price. These pricing and valuation models are proprietary and rely in part on subjective views of certain market inputs and certain assumptions about future events, which may prove to be incorrect. As a result, because there is no market-standard way to value these types of securities, our models may yield a higher estimated value of the securities than those generated by others, including other dealers in the market, if they attempted to value the securities. In addition, the estimated value on the pricing date does not represent a minimum or maximum price at which dealers, including MS & Co., would be willing to purchase your securities in the secondary market (if any exists) at any time. The value of your securities at any time after the date of this document will vary based on many factors that cannot be predicted with accuracy, including our creditworthiness and changes in market conditions. See also “The market price will be influenced by many unpredictable factors” above.

Hedging and trading activity by our affiliates could potentially affect the value of the securities. One or more of our affiliates and/or third-party dealers have carried out, and will continue to carry out, hedging activities related to the securities (and to other instruments linked to the underlying indices or their component stocks), including trading in the stocks that constitute the underlying indices as well as in other instruments related to the underlying indices. As a

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Principal at Risk Securities

