

ALLIANCE ONE INTERNATIONAL, INC.
Form 10-Q/A
June 21, 2007

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q/A

Amendment No. 2

- QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 FOR THE QUARTERLY PERIOD ENDED June 30, 2006**
- TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 FOR THE TRANSITION PERIOD FROM _____ TO _____.**

Alliance One International, Inc.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Virginia

001-13684

54-1746567

(State or other jurisdiction of Incorporation)

(Commission File Number)

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

8001 Aerial Center Parkway
Morrisville, NC 27560-8417
(Address of principal executive offices)

(919) 379-4300
(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

| <u>Title of Each Class</u> | <u>Name of Exchange On Which Registered</u> |
|-----------------------------|---|
| Common Stock (no par value) | New York Stock Exchange |

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act: None

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months, and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, or a non-accelerated filer. See definition of accelerated filer and large accelerated filer in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer Accelerated Filer
Non-accelerated filer

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).
Yes No

As of August 1, 2006, the registrant had 94,990,000 shares outstanding of Common Stock (no par value), including 7,853,000 shares owned by a wholly-owned subsidiary.

Explanatory Note

The purpose of this second amendment on Form 10-Q/A to the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Alliance One International, Inc. for the quarter ended June 30, 2006 is to restate our unaudited Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations, Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets and Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows, for the three months ended June 30, 2006 to correct income tax errors as described in Note 15 to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

No attempt has been made in this Form 10-Q/A to modify or update other disclosures presented in the first amended report on Form 10-Q, except as required to reflect the effects of the restatement. Information not affected by the second restatement is unchanged and reflects the disclosures made at the time of the amended filing of the Form 10-Q on November 9, 2006. Accordingly, this Form 10-Q/A should be read in conjunction with our filings made with the Securities and Exchange Commission subsequent to the filing of the original Form 10-Q, including any amendments to those filings. The following items have been amended as a result of the restatement:

•

Part I Item 1 Financial Statements

•

Part I Item 2 Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

•

Part I Item 4 Controls and Procedures

As a result of the restatement described above, the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, with the assistance of other members of management, have re-evaluated the effectiveness of the Company's internal controls over financial reporting as of June 30, 2006, and, based on this re-evaluation, have determined that a material weakness in internal control over financial reporting existed at the end of the first quarter with respect to accounting for income taxes. This revised assessment is included under Part 1, Item 4 in this document.

Alliance One International, Inc. and Subsidiaries

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Part I. Financial Information

Item 1. Financial Statements

Alliance One International, Inc. and Subsidiaries
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS
 Three Months Ended June 30, 2006 and 2005
(Unaudited)

| <i>(in thousands, except per share amounts)</i> | June 30, 2006 As Restated, See Note 15 | June 30, 2005 |
|---|---|------------------|
| Sales and other operating revenues | \$493,485 | \$403,149 |

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| | | |
|--|----------|------------|
| Cost of goods and services sold | 415,981 | 359,171 |
| Gross profit | 77,504 | 43,978 |
| Selling, administrative and general expenses | 39,247 | 38,358 |
| Other income | 643 | 155 |
| Restructuring and asset impairment charges | 1,698 | 15,165 |
| Operating income (loss) | 37,202 | (9,390) |
| Debt retirement expense | - | 64,907 |
| Interest expense | 25,559 | 24,700 |
| Interest income | 15 | 1,157 |
| Derivative financial instruments income | 290 | 83 |
| Income (loss) before income taxes and other items | 11,948 | (97,757) |
| Income tax expense (benefit) | 3,527 | (19,570) |
| Equity in net income of investee companies | 72 | 19 |
| Minority interests income | (174) | (182) |
| Income (loss) from continuing operations | 8,667 | (77,986) |
| Loss from discontinued operations, net of tax | (3,794) | (2,672) |
| Cumulative effect of accounting changes, net of income taxes | (252) | - |
| Net income (loss) | \$ 4,621 | \$(80,658) |
| Basic earnings (loss) per share | | |
| Net income (loss) from continuing operations | \$.09 | \$(1.17) |
| Loss from discontinued operations | (.04) | (.04) |
| Net income (loss) | \$.05 | \$(1.21) |
| Diluted earnings (loss) per share | | |
| Net income (loss) from continuing operations | \$.09 | \$(1.17) |
| Loss from discontinued operations | (.04) | (.04) |
| Net income (loss) | \$.05 | \$(1.21) |
| Average number of shares outstanding: | | |
| Basic | 86,132 | 66,822 |
| Diluted | 87,317 | 66,822 |
| Cash dividends per share | \$.000 | \$.075 |

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements

Alliance One International, Inc. and Subsidiaries
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
(Unaudited)

| | June 30, 2006 | June 30, 2005 | March 31, 2006 |
|--|-----------------------------|------------------|-------------------|
| <i>(in thousands)</i> | As Restated, See Note 15 | | |
| ASSETS | | | |
| Current assets | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 14,564 | \$ 183,122 | \$ 25,985 |
| Notes receivable | 4,781 | 4,081 | 3,609 |
| Trade receivables, net of allowances | 225,609 | 257,977 | 320,865 |
| Inventories | | | |
| Tobacco | 838,700 | 977,540 | 726,846 |
| Other | 42,043 | 55,221 | 45,294 |
| Advances on purchases of tobacco | 67,228 | 92,330 | 103,147 |
| Current deferred and recoverable income taxes | 39,455 | 19,797 | 39,560 |
| Assets held for sale | 25,421 | - | 19,955 |
| Prepaid expenses and other assets | 49,206 | 35,570 | 36,880 |
| Assets of discontinued operations | 38,983 | 105,271 | 46,056 |
| Total current assets | 1,345,990 | 1,730,909 | 1,368,197 |
| Investments and other assets | | | |
| Equity method investees | 17,628 | 16,725 | 17,557 |
| Cost method investments | 26,234 | 2,337 | 27,206 |
| Notes receivable | 4,740 | 5,014 | 4,840 |
| Other | 94,895 | 83,248 | 86,764 |
| | 143,497 | 107,324 | 136,367 |
| Goodwill and intangible assets | | | |

| | | | |
|---|-------------|--------------|-------------|
| Goodwill | 4,186 | 286,628 | 4,186 |
| Customer relationship (\$31,805 at June 30, 2006; \$0 at June 30, 2005; and \$32,226 at March 31, 2006) and other | 32,936 | 3,418 | 33,756 |
| Pension asset | 1,927 | 1,856 | 1,927 |
| | 39,049 | 291,902 | 39,869 |
| Property, plant and equipment | | | |
| Land | 25,734 | 41,277 | 26,710 |
| Buildings | 184,205 | 241,215 | 184,950 |
| Machinery and equipment | 204,898 | 252,206 | 211,498 |
| Allowances for depreciation | (138,267) | (161,632) | (136,023) |
| | 276,570 | 373,066 | 287,135 |
| Deferred taxes and other deferred charges | 70,375 | 101,035 | 72,556 |
| | \$1,875,481 | \$ 2,604,236 | \$1,904,124 |

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements

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Alliance One International, Inc. and Subsidiaries
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
(Unaudited)

| | June 30, 2006 | June 30, 2005 | March 31, 2006 |
|-----------------------|-----------------------------|------------------|-------------------|
| <i>(in thousands)</i> | As Restated, See Note 15 | | |

**LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS
EQUITY**

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Current liabilities

| | | | |
|--|------------|------------|------------|
| Notes payable to banks | \$ 337,998 | \$ 580,442 | \$ 299,930 |
| Accounts payable | | | |
| Trade | 66,437 | 74,480 | 101,571 |
| Officers and employees | 10,823 | 9,507 | 7,491 |
| Other | 17,284 | 43,581 | 66,821 |
| Advances from customers | 248,393 | 183,408 | 226,413 |
| Accrued expenses | 57,894 | 63,948 | 68,265 |
| Income taxes | 18,982 | 11,898 | 22,176 |
| Long-term debt current | 26,694 | 14,512 | 28,091 |
| Liabilities of discontinued operations | 6,118 | 16,356 | 8,526 |
| Total current liabilities | 790,623 | 998,132 | 829,284 |

Long-term debt

| | | | |
|---------------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|
| Revolving credit notes and other | 313,000 | 318,125 | 318,500 |
| Senior notes and other long term debt | 339,785 | 348,158 | 334,386 |
| Subordinated debentures | 90,923 | 163,551 | 91,608 |
| | 743,708 | 829,834 | 744,494 |

Deferred credits

| | | | |
|-----------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|
| Income taxes | 7,439 | 59,723 | 7,405 |
| Pension, postretirement and other | 106,405 | 132,327 | 105,991 |
| | 113,844 | 192,050 | 113,396 |

| | | | |
|-----------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|
| Minority interest in subsidiaries | 2,588 | 2,800 | 2,763 |
|-----------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|

| | | | |
|-------------------------------|---|---|---|
| Commitments and contingencies | - | - | - |
|-------------------------------|---|---|---|

| Stockholders equity | June 30, <u>2006</u> | June 30, <u>2005</u> | March 31, <u>2006</u> | | | |
|----------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------|---------|---------|---------|
| Preferred Stock no par value: | | | | | | |
| Authorized | 10,000 | 10,000 | 10,000 | | | |
| Issued shares | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Common Stock no par value: | | | | | | |
| Authorized | 250,000 | 250,000 | 250,000 | | | |
| Issued shares | 94,990 | 94,455 | 94,963 | 449,200 | 448,891 | 451,388 |

| | | | |
|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Unearned compensation restricted stock | - | (3,489) | (3,134) |
| Retained earnings | (215,315) | 148,863 | (219,937) |
| Accumulated other comprehensive loss | (9,167) | (12,845) | (14,130) |
| | 224,718 | 581,420 | 214,187 |
| | \$1,875,481 | \$2,604,236 | \$1,904,124 |

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements

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Alliance One International, Inc. and Subsidiaries
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
 Three Months Ended June 30, 2006 and 2005
(Unaudited)

| <i>(in thousands)</i> | June 30, 2006 As Restated, See Note 15 | June 30, 2005 |
|--|---|------------------|
| Operating activities | | |
| Net income (loss) | \$ 4,621 | \$ (80,658) |
| Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities | | |
| Net loss from discontinued operations | 3,794 | 2,672 |
| Depreciation and amortization | 9,096 | 10,105 |
| Restructuring and asset impairment charges | 1,698 | 15,165 |
| Deferred items | 10,767 | (326) |
| Gain on foreign currency transactions | (1,887) | (3,768) |
| Changes in operating assets and liabilities | (68,993) | (57,134) |
| Net cash used by operating activities of continuing operations | (40,904) | (113,944) |
| Net cash provided (used) by operating activities of discontinued operations | 871 | (2,966) |

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| | | |
|---|-----------|------------|
| Net cash used by operating activities | (40,033) | (116,910) |
| Investing activities | | |
| Cash received in acquisition of business | - | 42,019 |
| Purchases of property and equipment | (2,333) | (3,072) |
| Proceeds on sale of property and equipment | 830 | 10,722 |
| Payments received on notes receivable | 220 | 4,018 |
| Payments for other investments and other assets | (1,196) | (3,258) |
| Net cash provided (used) by investing activities of continuing operations | (2,479) | 50,429 |
| Net cash provided (used) by investing activities of discontinued operations | - | (177) |
| Net cash provided (used) by investing activities | (2,479) | 50,252 |
| Financing activities | | |
| Net change in short-term borrowings | 36,511 | (74,030) |
| Proceeds from long-term borrowings | 19,855 | 781,878 |
| Repayment of long-term borrowings | (23,432) | (455,068) |
| Debt issuance cost | (425) | (21,910) |
| Proceeds from sale of stock | 14 | 149 |
| Cash dividends paid to Alliance One International, Inc. stockholders | - | (7,086) |
| Net cash provided by financing activities | 32,523 | 223,933 |
| Effect of exchange rate changes on cash | (1,432) | (3,281) |
| Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents | (11,421) | 153,994 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period | 25,985 | 29,128 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of period | \$ 14,564 | \$ 183,122 |

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements

(in thousands)

1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

Description of Business

The Company is principally engaged in purchasing, processing, storing, and selling leaf tobacco. The Company purchases tobacco primarily in the United States, Africa, Europe, South America and Asia for sale to customers in the United States, Europe, Africa and Asia.

Basis of Presentation

The Company was renamed Alliance One International, Inc. (Alliance One) concurrent with the merger of Standard Commercial Corporation (Standard) on May 13, 2005 with and into DIMON Incorporated.

Because the merger was completed after the close of the fiscal year ended March 31, 2005, the information contained in these condensed consolidated financial statements for the three months ended June 30, 2005 includes the operations of Standard since May 13, 2005 and a full three months of results of DIMON. See Note 2 Merger of Standard and DIMON to the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for further information.

The accounts of the Company and its consolidated subsidiaries are included in the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements after elimination of intercompany accounts and transactions. The Company uses the cost or equity method of accounting for its investments in affiliates; all of which are owned 50% or less. Because of the seasonal nature of the Company's business, the results of operations for any fiscal quarter will not necessarily be indicative of results to be expected for other quarters or a full fiscal year. All adjustments necessary to state fairly the results for the period have been included and were of a normal recurring nature. This Form 10-Q/A should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and notes thereto included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2006. The year ended March 31, 2006 is sometimes referred to herein as fiscal year 2006.

As of March 31, 2006, the Company deconsolidated its operations in Zimbabwe in accordance with the Accounting Research Bulletin 51, *Consolidated Financial Statements* (ARB 51). ARB 51 provides that when a parent does not have control over a subsidiary due to severe foreign exchange restrictions or governmentally imposed uncertainties, the subsidiary should not be consolidated. After the deconsolidation, a non-cash impairment charge was recorded to reduce the net investment in Zimbabwe operations to estimated fair value. The Company is accounting for the investment on the cost method and has reported it in Cost Method Investments in the June 30, 2006 condensed consolidated balance sheet. Business operations in

Zimbabwe were not impacted by the financial reporting change or the non-cash charge, and the Company intends to continue its operations there. The Company is continuing to evaluate strategies for operating under these foreign exchange controls. In addition, the Company is assessing opportunities to remit funds outside of Zimbabwe in order to satisfy external obligations. At June 30, 2006, the investment in the Zimbabwe operations was \$23,246.

Accounting Pronouncements

In June 2006, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued Interpretation No. 48, *Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes* (FIN 48). FIN 48 prescribes a more likely than not threshold for financial statement recognition and measurement of a tax position taken or expected to be taken in a tax return. This Interpretation also provides guidance on de-recognition of income tax assets and liabilities, classification of current and deferred income tax assets and liabilities, accounting for interest and penalties associated with tax positions, accounting for income taxes in interim periods, and income tax disclosures. This Interpretation is effective for the Company as of April 1, 2007. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of FIN 48 on its financial statements.

Equity and Cost Method Investments

The Company's equity method investments and its cost method investments, which include its Zimbabwe operations, are non-marketable securities. The Company reviews such investments for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an investment may not be recovered. For example, the Company would test such an investment for impairment if the investee were to lose a significant customer, suffer a large reduction in sales margins, experience a major change in its business environment, or undergo any other significant change in its normal business. In assessing the recoverability of equity or cost method investments, the Company uses discounted cash flow models. If the fair value of an equity investee is determined to be lower than its carrying value, an impairment loss is recognized. The preparation of discounted future operating cash flow analysis requires significant management judgment with respect to future operating earnings growth rates and the selection of an appropriate discount rate. The use of different assumptions could increase or decrease estimated future operating cash flows, and the discounted value of those cash flows, and therefore could increase or decrease any impairment charge.

2. MERGER OF STANDARD AND DIMON

On May 13, 2005, the Company completed the merger with Standard pursuant to the Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated as of November 7, 2004 (the "Merger Agreement"). Upon the consummation of the

merger, Standard was merged into DIMON, which simultaneously changed its name to Alliance One International, Inc.

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Alliance One International, Inc. and Subsidiaries

2. MERGER OF STANDARD AND DIMON *(Continued)*

Under the terms of the merger agreement, Standard shareholders received three shares of the Company's common stock for each Standard share owned. Approximately 41,243 shares of the Company's common stock were issued in exchange for all outstanding shares of common stock of Standard based on the three-for-one exchange ratio, at an aggregate value of \$264,368 (based on the average closing price of \$6.36 of DIMON common stock during the two business days before and after the date the merger was announced). The net share value, after consideration of unearned compensation restricted stock of \$2,463, is \$261,905. The common stock issuance combined with professional fees and charges incurred to effect the merger of \$12,205 resulted in a total purchase price of \$274,110.

The merger has been treated as a purchase business combination for accounting purposes, with the Company as the acquiring entity. As such, Standard's assets acquired and liabilities assumed have been recorded at their fair value and the results of operations after May 13, 2005 are included in the results of the Company. In identifying the Company as the acquiring entity, the companies took into account the relative share ownership of the surviving entity, the composition of the governing body of the combined entity and the designation of certain senior management positions. As a result, the historical financial statements of DIMON become the historical financial statements of the Company. The purchase price for the acquisition, including transaction costs, has been allocated to the assets acquired and liabilities assumed based on estimated fair values at the date of acquisition, May 13, 2005. The purchase price allocation was completed as of March 31, 2006 as follows:

| | |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------|
| | May 13, 2005 |
| Cash | \$ 42,019 |
| Accounts receivable trade | 100,781 |
| Inventory | 365,110 |
| Advances and deposits suppliers | 41,945 |
| Assets of discontinued operations | 68,567 |
| Other current assets | 22,705 |
| Property, plant and equipment | 172,281 |

| | |
|---|------------|
| Goodwill and intangible assets | 143,030 |
| Other | 42,281 |
| Total assets acquired | \$ 998,719 |
| Notes payable banks and other | \$ 442,205 |
| Accounts payable | 94,818 |
| Other current liabilities | 100,997 |
| Long term debt | 11,396 |
| Deferred income taxes | 48,123 |
| Deferred compensation and other | 21,613 |
| Other | 2,994 |
| Total liabilities | \$ 722,146 |
| Total unearned compensation restricted stock | \$ 2,463 |
| Net assets acquired | \$ 274,110 |

As indicated in the above table, the goodwill and intangible asset relative to the merger was \$143,030 and is non-deductible for tax purposes. See Note 4 Goodwill and Intangibles to the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for further information. Included within this balance is a finite lived customer relationship intangible of \$33,700, which is being amortized over a useful life of twenty years.

In 2006, the Company had established reserves for employee separation and operational exit costs related to the integration of certain Standard functions and operations into the Company. Costs associated with these integration actions did not impact earnings and were recognized as a component of purchase accounting, resulting in an adjustment to goodwill. See Note 3 Restructuring and Asset Impairment Charges to the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for further disclosure of the purchase accounting separation and exit costs.

Alliance One Selected Unaudited Pro Forma Combined Financial Information

The unaudited pro forma information in the table below summarizes the combined results of operations of DIMON and Standard for the three months ended June 30, 2005 as if the companies were combined as of April 1, 2005. The pro forma information is presented for informational purposes only and is not indicative of the results of operations that would have been achieved had the merger taken place at the beginning of each period or results of future periods. The following information has not been adjusted to reflect any anticipated cost savings or operating efficiencies that may be realized as a result of the merger.

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Alliance One International, Inc. and Subsidiaries

2. MERGER OF STANDARD AND DIMON (*Continued*)

| | Three Months Ended June 30, 2005 (1) |
|---|--|
| <i>(in thousands except per share data)</i> | |
| Revenues | \$477,298 |
| Operating loss | (11,886) |
| Loss from continuing operations | (81,792) |
| Loss from discontinued operations | (2,704) |
| Net loss | \$ (84,496) |
| Basic loss per share | |
| - from continuing operations | \$(0.95) |
| - from discontinued operations | (0.03) |
| Basic loss per share | \$(0.98) |

(1) Includes \$64,907 of merger related debt retirement expenses and \$17,215 of restructuring, impairment and integration costs related to merger.

3. RESTRUCTURING AND ASSET IMPAIRMENT CHARGES

The Company expects to realize significant savings as a result of the merger. With the assistance of outside consultants, the Company developed a detailed preliminary integration plan as of the closing of the merger with Standard that addressed each origin and functional area. Through the use of regional integration teams, assessments were made of each of DIMON's and Standard's processing facilities around the world as well as identification of countries in which there may be duplicative facilities and/or excess capacity and certain redundancies were determined. The plan also reviewed origin and corporate offices. As a result of these closures and redundancies, the plan also included a significant reduction in the global workforce.

Subsequent to the acquisition of Standard, the Company has continued assessing relevant information obtained as it relates to markets and customers that were not available prior to the merger which has resulted in modifications to the preliminary integration plan. The integration plan specifically identifies all significant actions to be taken to complete the plan, activities of the acquired company that will not be continued, including the method of disposition and location of those activities, and the plan's expected date of completion. Actions required by the plan were initiated immediately and throughout fiscal 2006 and are continuing in fiscal 2007.

Employee related severance costs in fiscal 2006 totaled \$30,944. Severance and other cash charges for fiscal 2006 totaled \$43,805. Related payments of \$30,161 were made in fiscal 2006 with the remaining \$13,644 to be paid in fiscal 2007. During the three months ended June 30, 2006, additional restructuring charges of \$1,753 were recorded primarily related to additional employee related severance costs which will substantially all be paid in fiscal 2007. Total employee related severance costs and other charges between \$15,000 and \$17,000 are expected to be incurred in fiscal 2007 due to the ongoing restructuring and integration plans.

In fiscal 2006, the integration charges resulting from the Company's decisions had different accounting treatment depending on whether they were related to former DIMON operations or former Standard operations. In accordance with Emerging Issues Task Force (EITF) 95-3, Recognition of Liabilities in Conjunction with a Purchase Business Combination, the Company has recorded the costs of a plan to (1) exit an activity of the former Standard operations, (2) involuntarily terminate employees of the former Standard

operations, or (3) relocate employees of the former Standard operations as liabilities assumed in a purchase business combination and included in the allocation of the acquisition cost resulting in an increase in goodwill. The Company concluded that these costs were not associated with or were not incurred to generate revenues of the combined entity after the consummation date, had no future economic benefit to the combined Company, were incremental to other costs incurred in the conduct of activities prior to the consummation date, and will be incurred as a direct result of the plan to exit an activity of the Standard. However, all costs of integration actions associated with former DIMON operations are recorded in earnings as restructuring and asset impairment costs.

In fiscal 2007, all costs of integration actions associated with former DIMON and former Standard operations are recorded in earnings as restructuring and asset impairment costs only when they are incurred or meet the criteria for recording in accordance with SFAS No. 144, Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets or SFAS No. 146, Accounting for Costs Associated with Exit or Disposal Activities .

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Alliance One International, Inc. and Subsidiaries

3. RESTRUCTURING AND ASSET IMPAIRMENT CHARGES *(Continued)*

The following table summarizes the restructuring and assets impairment costs recorded during the three months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005:

| | Three Months Ended June 30, | |
|---|--------------------------------|----------|
| Restructuring and Asset Impairment Charges | 2006 | 2005 |
| Employee separation and other cash charges: | | |
| Beginning balance* | \$ 13,644 | \$ - |
| Period Charges: | | |
| Severance charges | 1,558 | 9,534 |
| Other cash charges | 195 | - |
| Total employee separation and other cash charges | 1,753 | 9,534 |
| Payments through June 30 | (3,090) | (4,695) |
| Ending balance June 30 | \$ 12,307 | \$ 4,839 |

Asset impairments and other non-cash charges:

| | | |
|---|----------|-----------|
| CdF operations asset impairment charge (recovery) | \$ (55) | \$ 4,548 |
| Other non-cash charges | - | 1,083 |
| Total asset impairments and other non-cash charges | \$ (55) | \$ 5,631 |
| | | |
| Total restructuring and asset impairment charges for the period | \$ 1,698 | \$ 15,165 |

* Beginning balance represents March 31, 2006 ending balances for former DIMON employees of \$6,027 and former Standard Commercial Corporation employees of \$7,617.

| | Three Months Ended | |
|--|--------------------|----------|
| | June 30, | |
| Purchase Accounting Adjustments to Goodwill | 2006 | 2005 |
| Employee separation and other cash charges: | | |
| Beginning balance | \$ - | \$ - |
| Period Charges: | | |
| Severance charges | - | 15,886 |
| Other cash charges | - | 1,290 |
| Total employee separation and other cash charges | - | 17,176 |
| Payments through June 30 | - | (1,609) |
| Ending balance June 30 | \$ - | \$15,567 |

As of June 30, 2006, assets of \$25,421 were actively marketed and classified in the Company's balance sheet as assets held for sale. These assets were primarily production and administrative facilities that had become redundant as a result of the merger.

SFAS No. 144 - Asset Impairment

CdF - Sale of dark air-cured operations

As a consequence of the ongoing transition in overcapacity within certain markets of the industry, the Company began tentative negotiations to dispose of its dark air-cured operations. In June 2005, the Company reviewed its assets for impairment and a pre-tax impairment charge of \$4,548 was recorded which primarily related to intangibles of the dark air-cured tobacco operation in Indonesia. On January 23, 2006, the Company entered into a non-binding letter of intent to sell its ownership interest in Compania General de Tabacos de Filipinas, S.A. (CdF), the owner of the Company's dark air-cured tobacco business. In connection with this letter of intent, additional asset impairment charges of \$7,972 were recorded during fiscal 2006. The Company anticipates the sale will occur during fiscal 2007.

Alliance One International, Inc. and Subsidiaries

4. GOODWILL AND INTANGIBLES

Goodwill represents costs in excess of fair values assigned to the underlying net assets of acquired businesses. Goodwill is not subject to systematic amortization, but rather is tested for impairment annually and whenever events and circumstances indicate that an impairment may have occurred. The Company has chosen the first day of the last quarter of its fiscal year as the date to perform its annual goodwill impairment test.

The Company has no intangible assets with indefinite useful lives. It does have other intangible assets which are being amortized. The following table summarizes the changes in the Company's goodwill and other intangibles for the three months ended June 30, 2006.

Goodwill and Intangible Asset Rollforward:

| | Goodwill | | | Amortizable Intangibles | | Total |
|--|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------|----------------------------------|--|-----------|
| | South America Segment | Other Regions Segment | Total | Customer Relationship Intangible | Production and Supply Contract Intangibles | |
| Weighted average remaining useful life in years as of March 31, 2006 | | | | 19 | 2 | |
| March 31, 2005 balance: | | | | | | |
| Gross carrying amount | \$151,772 | \$ - | \$151,772 | \$ - | \$ 19,662 | \$171,434 |
| Accumulated amortization | - | - | - | - | (10,952) | (10,952) |
| Net March 31, 2005 | 151,772 | - | 151,772 | - | 8,710 | 160,482 |
| Purchase goodwill and intangibles | 36,267 | 98,589 | 134,856 | - | - | 134,856 |
| Amortization expense | - | - | - | - | (744) | (744) |
| Asset Impairment | - | - | - | - | (4,548) | (4,548) |
| Net June 30, 2005 | 188,039 | 98,589 | 286,628 | - | 3,418 | 290,046 |
| Purchase goodwill and intangibles | (6,865) | (18,661) | (25,526) | 33,700 | - | 8,174 |
| Amortization expense | - | - | - | (1,474) | (1,325) | (2,799) |

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| | | | | | | |
|----------------------|-----------|----------|-----------|----------|----------|-----------|
| Asset Impairment | (181,174) | (75,742) | (256,916) | - | (563) | (257,479) |
| Net March 31, 2006 | - | 4,186 | 4,186 | 32,226 | 1,530 | 37,942 |
| Amortization expense | - | - | - | (421) | (399) | (820) |
| Net June 30, 2006 | \$ - | \$ 4,186 | \$ 4,186 | \$31,805 | \$ 1,131 | \$ 37,122 |

Estimated Intangible Asset Amortization Expense:

| | Customer Relationship Intangible | Production and Supply Contract Intangibles | Total |
|---------------------|--|--|-----------|
| For year ended 2007 | \$ 1,685 | \$ 1,144 | \$ 2,829 |
| For year ended 2008 | 1,685 | 386 | 2,071 |
| For year ended 2009 | 1,685 | - | 1,685 |
| For year ended 2010 | 1,685 | - | 1,685 |
| For year ended 2011 | 1,685 | - | 1,685 |
| Later years | 23,801 | - | 23,801 |
| | \$ 32,226 | \$ 1,530 | \$ 33,756 |

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Alliance One International, Inc. and Subsidiaries

5. DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

The Company continually evaluates its component operations to assure they are consistent with its business plan. Each operation that has been identified as discontinued is presented separately following the summary of discontinued operations.

Summary of Discontinued Operations

Three Months Ended
June 30,
2006 2005

| | | |
|--|------------|------------|
| Sales and other revenues | \$ 4,817 | \$ 10,616 |
| Loss from discontinued operations, net of tax: | | |
| Loss from discontinued operations, before tax | \$ (1,910) | \$ (2,672) |
| Income tax expense | (1,884) | - |
| Loss from discontinued operations, net of tax | \$ (3,794) | \$ (2,672) |

| | 2006 | June 30, 2005 | March 31, 2006 |
|---|-----------|------------------|-------------------|
| Assets of discontinued operations: | | | |
| Cash | \$ 802 | \$ 4,792 | \$ 1,352 |
| Trade receivables, net of allowances | 8,797 | 20,028 | 9,925 |
| Inventory and advances | 22,993 | 56,360 | 23,396 |
| Net property, plant and equipment | 6,131 | 13,053 | 7,174 |
| Other assets | 260 | 11,038 | 4,209 |
| | \$ 38,983 | \$ 105,271 | \$ 46,056 |
| Liabilities of discontinued operations: | | | |
| Accounts payable | \$ 1,636 | \$ 4,844 | \$ 2,625 |
| Advances from customers | 122 | 2,970 | 156 |
| Accrued expenses | 4,360 | 8,360 | 5,745 |
| Other liabilities | - | 182 | - |
| | \$ 6,118 | \$ 16,356 | \$ 8,526 |

Discontinued Italian Operations, Other Regions Segment

On September 30, 2004, concurrent with the sale of the Italian processing facility, the Company made a decision to discontinue all of its former DIMON Italian operations as part of its ongoing plans to realign its operations to more closely reflect worldwide changes in the sourcing of tobacco. As a result of the merger on May 13, 2005, the remaining net assets of the discontinued Italian operations of Standard were acquired. The Company has completed the sale of the Italian operations. The collection of the accounts receivable and the liquidation of the inventory not acquired by the purchaser are continuing and are expected to be completed within the next twelve months. Due to the merger between DIMON and Standard these efforts have taken longer than originally anticipated.

Results of operations and the assets and liabilities, other than subsidiary debt guaranteed by the Company and the related interest expense, are reported as discontinued operations. Sales and operating losses for the three months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005 are presented below. This information is summarized for the appropriate fiscal periods as follows:

| | Three Months Ended | |
|--|--------------------|----------|
| | June 30, | |
| | 2006 | 2005 |
| Sales and other revenues | \$ 1,542 | \$ 5,413 |
| Loss from discontinued operations, net of tax: | | |
| Loss from discontinued operations, before tax | \$ (1,715) | \$ (526) |
| Income tax expense | - | - |
| Loss from discontinued operations, net of tax | \$ (1,715) | \$ (526) |

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Alliance One International, Inc. and Subsidiaries

5. DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS *(Continued)*

| | June 30, | | March 31, |
|--|----------|-----------|-----------|
| | 2006 | 2005 | 2006 |
| Assets of discontinued operations: | | | |
| Trade receivables, net of allowances | \$ 8,336 | \$ 10,143 | \$ 8,557 |
| Inventory and advances | 18,654 | 33,839 | 20,325 |
| Net property, plant and equipment | - | 521 | - |
| Other assets | 198 | 1,971 | 280 |
| Total assets of discontinued operations | \$27,188 | \$ 46,474 | \$29,162 |
| Liabilities of discontinued operations: | | | |
| Accounts payable | \$ 1,465 | \$ 2,940 | \$1,624 |
| Advances from customers | - | 2,671 | 156 |
| Accrued expenses | 1,310 | 1,586 | 1,348 |
| Other liabilities | - | 182 | - |
| Total liabilities of discontinued operations | \$ 2,775 | \$ 7,379 | \$3,128 |

Discontinued Wool Operations, Other Regions Segment

As a result of the merger, the Company acquired the remaining net assets of Standard's discontinued wool operations. The liquidation of these assets is continuing. The remaining assets are primarily in France and, along with the remaining trading operations in France, are the subjects of separate sales agreements pending governmental approval. Due to unexpected delays in conjunction with obtaining approval from the French government the sale of these operations has been delayed. The Company is obtaining approval from the French government as expeditiously as possible.

Results of operations and the assets and liabilities, other than subsidiary debt guaranteed by the Company, are reported as discontinued operations. This information is summarized for the appropriate fiscal periods as follows:

| | Three Months Ended | |
|--|--------------------|------|
| | June 30, | |
| | 2006 | 2005 |
| Loss from discontinued operations, net of tax: | | |
| Loss from discontinued operations, before tax | \$(8) | \$ - |
| Income tax expense | - | - |
| Loss from discontinued operations, net of tax | \$(8) | \$ - |

| | June 30, | | March 31, |
|---|----------|----------|-----------|
| | 2006 | 2005 | 2006 |
| Assets of discontinued operations: | | | |
| Cash | \$ 802 | \$ 4,792 | \$ 1,352 |
| Trade receivables, net of allowances | 367 | 9,214 | 556 |
| Inventory and advances | - | 1,082 | - |
| Net property, plant and equipment | 5,020 | 6,538 | 4,830 |
| Other assets | - | 3,856 | 3,450 |
| Notes receivable | - | 4,491 | - |
| Total assets of discontinued operations | \$6,189 | \$29,973 | \$10,188 |

5. DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (Continued)

| | 2006 | June 30, 2005 | March 31, 2006 |
|--|---------|------------------|-------------------|
| Liabilities of discontinued operations: | | | |
| Accounts payable | \$ 8 | \$ 744 | \$ 96 |
| Accrued Expenses | 2,254 | 4,186 | 2,603 |
| Total liabilities of discontinued operations | \$2,262 | \$ 4,930 | \$2,699 |

Discontinued Mozambique Operations, Other Regions Segment

On March 16, 2006, the Board of Directors of the Company made a decision to discontinue operations in Mozambique after the procurement of the 2006 crop. This decision involves the closure of its three operating entities and will affect approximately 550 permanent employees.

As a result of the merger, the Company's concession to promote tobacco production in the Chifunde district of Mozambique was terminated by the government for the fiscal 2006 crop year. In conjunction with the appeal process the Company received a letter on October 11, 2005 from the Minister of Agriculture of Mozambique referring the case back to the local government. At that point the Company entered into discussions with the local government of the Chifunde district to secure the concession for the 2007 crop year. These discussions continued through January 31, 2006 at which time the Company concluded that it was unlikely that the local government would issue a concession for the crop year in fiscal 2007 to the Company. Due to this decision by the local government the Company initiated a process to evaluate the strategic alternatives for its remaining Mozambique operations without the Chifunde district and determined that it was not in the Company's economic interest to remain in Mozambique without this strategic district. The Company evaluated the criteria of SFAS No. 144 and concluded that the Mozambique operations qualify to be presented as assets held for sale and accordingly, the assets have been written down to their fair value less any selling costs.

Results of operations and the assets and liabilities of our businesses reported as discontinued operations were as follows:

| | Three Months Ended June 30, | |
|--|--------------------------------|-----------|
| | 2006 | 2005 |
| Sales and other revenues | \$3,270 | \$ 5,096 |
| Loss from discontinued operations, net of tax: | | |
| Loss from discontinued operations, before tax | \$ (229) | \$(1,820) |
| Income tax expense | - | - |
| Loss from discontinued operations, net of tax | \$ (229) | \$(1,820) |

| | June 30, 2006 | June 30, 2005 | March 31, 2006 |
|--|------------------|------------------|-------------------|
|--|------------------|------------------|-------------------|

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Assets of discontinued operations:

| | | | |
|--------------------------------------|---------|----------|---------|
| Trade receivables, net of allowances | \$ 94 | \$ 647 | \$ 792 |
| Inventory and advances | 4,339 | 20,983 | 3,071 |
| Net property, plant and equipment | 1,111 | 3,152 | 1,244 |
| Other assets | 62 | 213 | 54 |
| | \$5,606 | \$24,995 | \$5,161 |

Liabilities of discontinued operations:

| | | | |
|--|---------|----------|---------|
| Accounts payable | \$ 163 | \$ 446 | \$ 187 |
| Advances from customers | 122 | 299 | - |
| Accrued expenses | 796 | 2,491 | 1,683 |
| Total liabilities of discontinued operations | \$1,081 | \$ 3,236 | \$1,870 |

Alliance One International, Inc. and Subsidiaries

5. DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS *(Continued)***Discontinued Non-Tobacco Operations, Other Regions Segment**

In January 2004, the Company acquired a majority interest in a non-tobacco entity previously reported using the equity method of accounting. Production expectations and the development of emerging markets have not met management's expectations. As a result, the Company began investigating strategic alternatives for its non-tobacco operation in fiscal 2006, which led to an impairment evaluation in accordance with SFAS No. 144. The Company recorded asset impairment charges of \$1,764 during the three months ended December 31, 2005. The Company reevaluated the criteria for classifying the assets as held for sale and reporting the results of operations as discontinued operation in the fourth quarter of fiscal 2006 and concluded that the Company now met all of the criteria prescribed by SFAS No. 144. The assets of the non-tobacco operations were reclassified as held for sale and the results of operations, including the impairment charge, were presented as discontinued operations. The Company sold the assets on April 13, 2006. The transaction resulted in no material gain or loss. The Company is reporting a tax charge to discontinued operations for the sale of Green Natural Fibers that relates to an increase in the Valuation Allowance for a portion of the loss that may be characterized as a capital loss, which cannot be deducted against operating income. While the Company has performed a preliminary evaluation of the loss allocation between capital and ordinary, the Company is still in the process of evaluating this allocation.

Results of operations and the assets and liabilities of our business reported as discontinued operations were as follows:

| | Three Months Ended June 30, | |
|---|--------------------------------|----------|
| | 2006 | 2005 |
| Sales and other revenues | \$ 5 | \$ 107 |
| Income (loss) from discontinued operations, net of tax: | | |
| Income (loss) from discontinued operations, before tax | \$ 42 | \$ (326) |
| Income tax expense | (1,884) | - |
| Loss from discontinued operations, net of tax | \$(1,842) | \$ (326) |

June 30,

March 31,

| | 2006 | 2005 | 2006 |
|--|------|----------|---------|
| Assets of discontinued operations: | | | |
| Trade receivables, net of allowances | \$ - | \$ 24 | \$ 20 |
| Inventory and advances | - | 456 | - |
| Net property, plant and equipment | - | 2,842 | 1,100 |
| Other assets | - | 507 | 425 |
| | \$ - | \$ 3,829 | \$1,545 |
| Liabilities of discontinued operations: | | | |
| Accounts payable | \$ - | \$ 714 | \$ 718 |
| Accrued expenses | - | 97 | 111 |
| Total liabilities of discontinued operations | \$ - | \$ 811 | \$ 829 |

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Alliance One International, Inc. and Subsidiaries

6. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Company purchase, processes, sells and stores leaf tobacco. Tobacco is purchased in more than 45 countries and shipped to more than 90 countries. The sales, logistics and billing functions of the Company are primarily concentrated in service centers outside of the producing areas to facilitate access to our major customers. Within certain quality and grade constraints, tobacco is fungible and, subject to these constraints, customers may choose to fulfill their needs from any of the areas where the Company purchases tobacco.

Selling, logistics, billing, and administrative overhead, including depreciation, which originates primarily from the Company's corporate and sales offices are allocated to the segments based upon segment operating income. The Company reviews performance data from purchase through sale based on the source of the product and all intercompany transactions are allocated to the region that either purchases or processes the tobacco.

During the three months ended June 30, 2006, the Company entered into an agreement with local government in Brazil, which provides for realization of accumulated intrastate trade taxes related to the 2005 crop on a monthly basis as stipulated therein. As a result, intrastate trade taxes related to the 2005 crop of \$19,225 previously recorded as cost of goods sold in fiscal 2006 were reversed during the quarter.

| Analysis of Segment Operations | Quarter Ended June 30, 2006 | Quarter Ended June 30, 2005 |
|---|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Sales and other Operating Revenues: | | |
| South America | \$ 238,897 | \$ 201,195 |
| Other Regions | 254,588 | 201,954 |
| Total Revenue | \$ 493,485 | \$ 403,149 |
| Operating Income (Loss): | | |
| South America | \$ 28,939 | \$ (2,241) |
| Other Regions | 8,263 | (7,149) |
| Total Operating Income (Loss) | 37,202 | (9,390) |
| Debt Retirement Expense | - | 64,907 |
| Interest Expense | 25,559 | 24,700 |
| Interest Income | 15 | 1,157 |
| Derivative Financial Instruments Income | 290 | 83 |
| Income (loss) before income taxes and other items | \$ 11,948 | \$ (97,757) |

| Analysis of Segment Assets | Quarter Ended June 30, 2006 | Quarter Ended June 30, 2005 | Year Ended March 31, 2006 |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Segment Assets: | | | |
| South America | \$ 814,425 | \$ 1,140,792 | \$ 652,004 |
| Other Regions | 1,061,056 | 1,463,444 | 1,252,120 |
| Total Assets | \$1,875,481 | \$2,604,236 | \$1,904,124 |

7. EARNINGS (LOSS) PER SHARE

Basic earnings per share are computed by dividing earnings by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding. The weighted average number of common shares outstanding is reported as the weighted average of the total shares of common stock outstanding net of shares of common stock held by a wholly-owned subsidiary. Shares of common stock owned by the subsidiary was 7,853 at June 30, 2006. This subsidiary does not receive dividends on these shares and it does not have the right to vote.

In connection with the closing of the merger with Standard many of the Company's financing arrangements were refinanced, including in July of 2005, the Company's \$73,328 of convertible subordinated

debentures due 2007. The diluted earnings per share calculation assumes that all of the 6 1/4 % Convertible Subordinated Debentures due 2007 outstanding during the periods presented were converted into shares of common stock at the beginning of the reporting period thereby increasing the weighted average number of shares considered outstanding during each period and reducing the after-tax interest expense. The weighted average number of shares outstanding are further increased by shares of common stock equivalents for employee stock options and restricted shares outstanding.

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Alliance One International, Inc. and Subsidiaries

7. EARNINGS (LOSS) PER SHARE *(Continued)*

For the three months ended June 30, 2006, the weighted average number of shares outstanding was increased by a total of 1,185 shares of common stock equivalents for employee stock options and restricted shares outstanding for the computation of diluted earnings per share. Certain potentially dilutive options were not included in the computation of earnings per dilutive share because their exercise prices were greater than the average market price of the shares of common stock during the period and their effect would be antidilutive.

These shares totaled 2,795 at a weighted average exercise price of \$8.98 per share.

For the three months ended June 30, 2005, the computation of diluted earnings per share did not assume the conversion of the convertible subordinated debentures into 2,549 shares at the beginning of the period and the reduction of after-tax interest expense by \$745 because the inclusion would have been antidilutive. For the three months ended June 30, 2005, all outstanding restricted stock and stock options were excluded because the effect of their inclusion would have been antidilutive.

8. COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)

The components of comprehensive income (loss) were as follows:

| Three Months Ended | |
|--------------------|------|
| June 30, | |
| 2006 | 2005 |

| | | |
|--|----------|------------|
| Net income (loss) | \$ 4,621 | \$(80,658) |
| Equity currency conversion adjustment | 4,963 | (5,402) |
| Derivative financial instruments, net of tax of \$13 in 2005 | - | 24 |
| Total comprehensive income (loss) | \$ 9,584 | \$(86,036) |

9. STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION

On April 1, 2006, the Company adopted SFAS No. 123(R), Share-Based Payment. This statement requires the Company to expense the fair value of grants of various stock-based compensation programs at fair value over the vesting period of the awards. The Company elected to adopt this statement using the Modified Prospective Application (MPA) transition method which does not result in the restatement of previously issued financial statements. Application of the MPA transition method requires compensation costs to be recognized beginning on the effective date for the estimated fair value at date of grant in accordance with the original provision of SFAS No. 123, Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation, for all stock-based compensation awards granted prior to, but not yet vested as of April 1, 2006. Awards granted after April 1, 2006 will be recognized as compensation expense based on the grant-date fair value estimated in accordance with the provisions of SFAS No. 123(R). The MPA transition method also requires that any unearned or deferred compensation recorded in contra-equity accounts be eliminated against the equity accounts that will be affected by the on-going recognition of stock based compensation. Accordingly, the Company has reclassified \$3,134 from Unearned Compensation Restricted Stock to Common Stock.

Prior to adoption of SFAS No. 123(R), all benefits of tax deductions resulting from the exercise of share-based compensation were presented as operating cash flows in the Company's Statement of Cash Flows. SFAS 123(R) requires that benefits of tax deductions in excess of deductions for compensation cost recognized (excess tax benefits) be classified as financing cash flows.

For the three months ended June 30, 2006, compensation expense for stock-based compensation plans was \$890. The corresponding income tax benefit recognized for stock-based compensation plans was \$217.

The Company currently has three types of stock based compensation awards; Stock Options, Stock Options with Stock Appreciation Rights, and Restricted Stock. These various types of grants are made in accordance with the Alliance One International, Inc. 2003 Incentive Plan (the Plan) which was approved by shareholders of the Company in November 2003. This plan authorizes the issuance of the various stock based compensation awards to any employee of the Company or any subsidiary and any member of the Board that the Executive Compensation Committee determines has

contributed to the profits or growth of the Company or its affiliates.

There are 6,000 share based compensation awards authorized under the Plan of which 4,188 are outstanding and 1,812 are available for future awards. Shares issued under the Plan are new shares which have been authorized and designated for award under the Plan. The individual awards are discussed in greater detail below.

Stock Option Awards

Stock options allow for the purchase of common stock at a price determined at the time the option is granted. This price has historically been the stock price on the date of grant. Stock options generally vest at the end of three years and generally expire after ten years. The fair value of these options is determined at grant date using the Black-Scholes valuation model. The fair value is then recognized as compensation expense ratably over the vesting term of the options.

There were no grants of stock options during the three months ended June 30, 2006 or June 30, 2005.

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Alliance One International, Inc. and Subsidiaries

9. STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION *(Continued)*

A summary of option activity for stock options follows:

| Options | Shares | Weighted Average Exercise Price | Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Term (Years) | Aggregate Intrinsic Value |
|-------------------------------|--------|--|--|---------------------------------|
| Outstanding at March 31, 2006 | 4,283 | 7.55 | 5.49 | (11,137) |
| Exercised | (5) | 2.81 | 4.15 | (9) |
| Forfeited | (90) | 8.26 | 5.87 | (334) |
| Outstanding at June 30, 2006 | 4,188 | 7.54 | 5.48 | (12,979) |
| Vested and expected to vest | 4,114 | 7.57 | 5.44 | (12,857) |
| Exercisable at June 30, 2006 | 2,861 | 8.43 | 4.23 | (11,396) |

The intrinsic values in the table above represent the total pre-tax intrinsic value (the difference between the Company's closing stock price and the exercise price multiplied by the number of options). The closing price will be subject to the share price on the last trading day of the respective period ending dates,

thus the amounts are not additive. Cash received from the exercise of options was \$14. As of June 30, 2006, there was \$1,409 of remaining unamortized stock-based compensation related to unvested options which will be expensed over the remaining service period through July 2008.

The table below shows the movement in unvested shares from March 31, 2006 to June 30, 2006.

| | Shares | Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value | Aggregate Grant Date Fair Value |
|-------------------------|--------|---|------------------------------------|
| Unvested March 31, 2006 | 1,427 | \$1.91 | \$2,728 |
| Forfeited | (74) | 2.08 | (155) |
| Cancelled | - | - | - |
| Vested | (26) | 2.68 | (69) |
| Unvested June 30, 2006 | 1,327 | 1.88 | \$2,504 |

Stock Options with Stock Appreciation Rights

Stock appreciation rights (SARs) have historically been granted in tandem with certain option grants under which the employee may choose to receive in cash the excess of the market price of the share on the exercise date over the market price on the grant date (the intrinsic value of the share) rather than purchase the shares.

The choice to receive cash is limited to five years after grant. After the fifth year and up to the tenth year after grant, the employee will continue to be able to purchase shares under the award but no longer has the choice of receiving the intrinsic value of the shares. Compensation expense for Stock Options with Stock Appreciation Rights is treated as a liability due to the express ability of the employee to make the choice of whether to receive cash or purchase shares. Prior to the adoption of SFAS 123(R), the intrinsic value of SARs outstanding was multiplied by the cumulative vesting in each SAR award to determine the liability at each balance sheet date. Amounts charged to compensation expense resulted from the change in the vested intrinsic value between balance sheet dates. Following adoption of SFAS 123(R), the fair value of SARs are determined at each balance sheet date using a Black-Scholes valuation model multiplied by the cumulative vesting of each SAR award. After consideration for estimated forfeitures, this change in accounting resulted in a cumulative effect of accounting change adjustment of \$252. SARs awards have historically been given to non-U.S. recipients and the Company has not realized a tax benefit.

| Options with Attached SARs | Shares | Weighted Average Exercise Price | SAR Term | Aggregate Intrinsic Value | Aggregate Fair Value |
|------------------------------|--------|---------------------------------------|----------|------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Outstanding at April 1, 2006 | 520 | \$6.72 | 2.12 | \$ (965) | \$ 435 |
| Forfeited | (56) | \$6.78 | 1.88 | \$ 107 | \$ (42) |
| Outstanding at June 30, 2006 | 464 | \$6.71 | 1.90 | \$(1,052) | \$ 307 |
| Exercisable at June 30, 2006 | 206 | \$6.76 | 0.73 | \$ (478) | \$ 55 |
| Vested and Expected to Vest | 426 | \$6.71 | 1.81 | \$ (978) | \$ 271 |

Alliance One International, Inc. and Subsidiaries

9. STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION *(Continued)*

As of June 30, 2006, there was \$94 of remaining unearned compensation expense related to stock options with attached SARs which will be expensed over the remaining service period through October 2007. However, since actual compensation expense will be determined by the change in fair value of the SARs from period to period, actual compensation expense related to these awards may be different from this amount. The Company recognized expense (income) of \$(43) and \$(45) in the three months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005 related to stock options with attached SARs.

The table below shows the movement in unvested SARs from March 31, 2006 to June 30, 2006.

| | Shares | Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value | Aggregate Grant Date Fair Value |
|-------------------------|--------|---|------------------------------------|
| Unvested March 31, 2006 | 271 | \$2.19 | \$594 |
| Forfeited | (13) | 2.63 | (34) |
| Unvested June 30, 2006 | 258 | 2.15 | \$560 |

Assumptions used to determine the fair value of SARs as of June 30, 2006 included the following:

| | |
|------------------------|--------|
| Stock Price | \$4.44 |
| Exercise Price | \$6.71 |
| Expected Life in Years | 1.9 |
| Annualized Volatility | 47% |
| Annual Dividend Rate | 0% |
| Discount Rate | 5% |

As the exercise price of these SARs is below the current stock price, the expected life has been determined to be the maximum time period the SAR may be exercised. The discount rate used is the risk free treasury bill rate consistent with the expected life. Volatility is based on historical volatility of the Company.

Restricted Stock

Restricted stock is common stock that is both nontransferable and forfeitable unless and until certain conditions are satisfied. The fair value of restricted shares is determined on grant date and is amortized over the vesting period which is generally three years.

| Restricted Stock | Shares | Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value |
|------------------------------|--------|--|
| Restricted at March 31, 2006 | 1,068 | \$5.56 |
| Vested | (151) | \$6.01 |
| Forfeited | (9) | \$5.54 |
| Restricted at June 30, 2006 | 908 | \$5.48 |

As of June 30, 2006, there was \$2,371 of remaining unamortized deferred compensation associated with restricted stock awards that will be expensed over the remaining service period through July 2008. Expense recognized due to the vesting of restricted stock awards was \$709 and \$605 for the three months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively.

Fair Value Disclosures Prior to Adoption of SFAS No. 123(R)

The following table illustrates the effect on net income and earnings per share if the Company had applied the fair value recognition provisions of SFAS No. 123, Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation, to stock-based employee compensation for the three months ended June 30, 2005.

Alliance One International, Inc. and Subsidiaries

9. STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION *(Continued)*

| | Three Months Ended June 30, 2005 |
|--|--|
| <i>(in thousands except per share data)</i> | |
| Net loss, as reported | \$(80,658) |
| Add: Stock-based employee compensation expense (income) | |
| included in reported net (loss) income net of related tax effects | (29) |
| Deduct: Total stock-based employee compensation expense | |
| determined under fair value based method for all awards, net of deferred tax effects | (189) |
| Pro forma net loss | \$(80,876) |
| Loss per share | |
| Basic as reported | \$ (1.21) |
| Basic pro forma | (1.21) |
| Diluted as reported | \$ (1.21) |
| Diluted pro forma | (1.21) |

10. CONTINGENCIES

Tax

During June 2004, the Company received from Brazilian tax officials notices of proposed adjustments to income tax returns for the Company's Brazil operations for tax years 1999 through 2002, inclusive, that total \$54,360 as of March 31, 2005. Of these proposed adjustments \$39,446 related to disallowance of local currency foreign exchange losses on U.S. dollar funding. In March 2005, the Taxpayer's Council dismissed the assessment relating to the disallowance of local currency foreign exchange losses. The remaining \$14,914 related to disallowance of other sales related expenses. As of June 30, 2006, this amount is valued at \$19,391 due to the devaluation of the U.S. dollar to the Brazilian real. The Company is continuing to argue its position on the disallowance of sales related expenses, and believes it has strong defenses to these adjustments. No provision has been set up for this issue as the outcome is not considered probable.

In 1993 and 1996, the Company received notices from Brazilian tax authorities of proposed adjustments to the income tax returns of the Company's entities located in Brazil for the calendar years ending 1988 through 1992. The Company has successfully defeated many of the proposed adjustments in litigation and settled the other issues under REFIS and Tax Amnesty programs. As of June 30, 2006, total estimated tax, penalties and interest relating to still unresolved issues is \$2,195. The Company has set up a reserve of \$2,195 for this assessment as it is considered probable and estimable.

On August 21, 2001, the Company's subsidiary in Brazil won a claim related to certain excise taxes (IPI credit bonus) for the years 1983 through 1990 and is now pursuing collection. The collection procedures are not clear and the total realization process could potentially extend over many years. Through March 2005, the Company has utilized \$20,377 of IPI credit bonus in lieu of cash payments for Brazilian federal income and other taxes. No benefit for this IPI credit bonus has been recognized, and it has been recorded as deferred revenue, because the Company has been unable to predict whether the Brazilian Government will require payment of amounts offset. In January 2005, the Company received a Judicial Order to suspend the IPI compensation. An appeal was filed and the Company received notification from the tax authorities in March 2005 to present all documentation pertaining to the IPI credit bonus. On April 24, 2006, the Company received an assessment of \$26,600 for federal income taxes in 2005 that were offset by the IPI credit bonus. The Company has appealed the assessment and believes it has properly utilized the IPI credit bonus. No provision has been set up for this issue as the outcome is not considered probable.

On October 31, 2002, the Company received an assessment from the tax authorities in Germany regarding the taxable gain from the sale of its flower operations, Florimex, in September 1998. The report concluded the values of the real estate located in Germany were greater than those arrived at with the buyer of the flower operation. The proposed adjustment to income tax, including interest, as of June 30, 2006 is equivalent to approximately \$5,101 for federal corporate income tax and \$2,882 for local trade income tax. The Company has challenged this finding with valuations that support the values used in the original filings and is currently discussing the issue with the tax officials in Germany. During March 2005, the Company received an official rejection of its appeal from the tax administration officials in Germany. The Company has now appealed to the tax court and believes it has a strong case. During the quarter ended December 31, 2005, the Company was informed that its hearing will not take place before August 2006. This case is still ongoing as of June 30, 2006. The Company has established a reserve of \$2,792 for this issue as it is considered probable and estimable.

Alliance One International, Inc. and Subsidiaries

10. CONTINGENCIES (*Continued*)

Tax (*Continued*)

In September 2002 and in January 2004, the Company's Tanzanian operations received assessments for income taxes equivalent to approximately \$1,515 and \$4,785, respectively as of June 30, 2006. In September 2005, additional assessments for 2001, 2002, 2003 and 2004 were received. The assessments for 2001, 2002 and 2003 reduce tax loss carryovers equivalent to \$8,525 as of June 30, 2006. The 2004 assessment reduces tax loss carryovers equivalent to \$1,667 as of June 30, 2006. The Company has filed protests and appeals and is currently awaiting replies. The Company has established a reserve of \$921 for this assessment as it is considered probable and estimable.

The Company has other tax audits and reviews ongoing in Indonesia, Luxembourg, the United Kingdom and Italy. None of these are material and the Company believes it has supportable positions to all possible tax issues. No provision has been set up for this issue as the outcome is not considered probable.

As discussed in other footnotes, the Company does business in countries and taxing jurisdictions where the rules are unclear and the enforcement is inconsistent. These inherent risks are most pronounced in the area of the pricing of intercompany sales and services. The Company has estimated a reserve for probable transfer pricing issues of \$4,000.

The Company believes it has properly reported its income and provided for taxes in Brazil, Germany and Tanzania in accordance with applicable laws and intends to vigorously contest the proposed adjustments.

Although the final resolution of the proposed adjustments is uncertain and involves unsettled areas of the law, based on currently available information, the Company has provided for the probable liability associated with these matters. While the resolution of these issues may result in tax liabilities that may differ from the accruals of \$10,804 established for the matters, the Company currently believes that the resolution will not have a material adverse effect on its financial position or liquidity. However, an unfavorable resolution could have a material adverse effect on its results of operations or cash flows in the quarter and year in which an adjustment is recorded or the tax is due or paid. As the Company is no farther than the initial stages of the appeals process for any of the above matters, the timing

of the ultimate resolution and any payments that may be required for the above matters cannot be determined at this time.

Other

Since October 2001, the Directorate General for Competition (DGCOMP) of the European Commission (EC) has been conducting an administrative investigation into certain tobacco buying and selling practices alleged to have occurred within the leaf tobacco industry in some countries within the European Union, including Spain, Italy, Greece and potentially other countries. The Company and its subsidiaries in Spain, Italy and Greece have been subject to these investigations. In respect of the investigation into practices in Spain, in 2004, the EC fined DIMON and its Spanish subsidiaries €2,592 (US\$3,378) and Standard and its Spanish subsidiaries €1,823 (US\$2,263). In respect of the investigation into practices in Italy, in October 2005, the EC announced that the Company and Mindo (its former subsidiary) have been assessed a fine in the aggregate amount of €10,000 (US\$12,000) and that, in addition, the Company and Transcatab, a subsidiary of Standard prior to its merger into DIMON, have been assessed a fine in the aggregate amount of €14,000 (US\$16,800). With respect to both the Spanish and Italian investigations, the fines imposed on the Company and its predecessors and subsidiaries were part of fines assessed on several participants in the applicable industry. With respect to the investigation relating to Greece, the EC informed DIMON and Standard in March 2005 it had closed its investigation in relation to the Greek leaf tobacco industry buying and selling practices. The Company, along with its applicable subsidiaries, has appealed the decisions of the Commission with respect to Spain and Italy to the Court of First Instance of the European Commission for the annulment or modification of the decision; but the outcome of the appeals process as to both timing and results is uncertain. The Company has fully recognized the impact of each of the fines set forth above, and actually paid all of such fines as part of the appeal process.

The Company received correspondence from a former employee alleging that the Company has engaged in employment practices with respect to some employees located in certain foreign jurisdictions in violation of such jurisdictions' laws and which could subject the Company to fines and penalties. The Company has reported these allegations to the Audit Committee of the Board of Directors and is currently engaged in an extensive review in order to determine and take any appropriate remedial measures.

The Company has recently received correspondence from an Italian company, Mindo S.r.l., which was the purchaser, in June, 2004, of the Company's Italian subsidiary, DIMON Italia S.r.l., alleging that the Company and various of its subsidiaries, employees and other individuals not employed by the Company, failed to disclose, at the time of Mindo's purchase, certain events or circumstances which, if disclosed, would have caused Mindo not to purchase the Company's

subsidiary and which amount to a breach of the purchase agreement. Although no formal legal proceeding has yet been filed, Mindo is apparently contending that it is entitled to the rescission of the purchase agreement. The Company has investigated the claims, believes them to be without merit and intends to vigorously defend any legal proceeding which might be brought.

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Alliance One International, Inc. and Subsidiaries

10. CONTINGENCIES *(Continued)*

Other *(Continued)*

The Company and certain of its foreign subsidiaries guarantee bank loans to growers to finance their crop. Under longer-term arrangements, the Company may also guarantee financing on growers' construction of curing barns or other tobacco production assets. The Company also guarantees bank loans to certain tobacco cooperatives to assist with the financing of their growers' crops.

Guaranteed loans are generally repaid concurrent with the delivery of tobacco to the Company. The Company is obligated to repay any guaranteed loan should the grower or tobacco cooperative default. If default occurs, the Company has recourse against the grower or cooperative. At June 30, 2006, the Company was guarantor of an amount not to exceed \$332,462 with \$238,409 outstanding under these guarantees. The majority of the current outstanding guarantees expire within the respective annual crop cycle. The Company considers the risk of significant loss under these guarantees and other contingencies to be remote and the accrual recorded for exposure under them was not material at June 30, 2006.

Zimbabwe remains in a period of civil unrest and has a deteriorating economy. Should the current political situation continue, the Company could experience disruptions and delays associated with its Zimbabwe operations. If the political and economic situation in Zimbabwe continues to deteriorate, there could be further impairment of the cost method investment. At March 31, 2006, the Company recorded an impairment charge of \$47,899. As a result, the Zimbabwe cost method subsidiaries are recorded at an estimated fair value of approximately \$23,246 at June 30, 2006.

11. REFINANCING OF DEBT ARRANGMENTS

On May 13, 2005, many of the Company's existing financing arrangements were refinanced in connection with the closing of the

merger with Standard because of change of control clauses in agreements governing such financings, or because the merged company would not have been able to comply with certain of the financial covenants contained in those agreements as of the closing of, or immediately after, the merger. The specific financing arrangements that were refinanced were:

-

DIMON s \$150,000 senior credit facility;

-

DIMON s \$200,000 of 9 5/8% senior notes due 2011;

-

DIMON s \$125,000 of 7 3/4% senior notes due 2013;

-

DIMON s \$73,328 of convertible subordinated debentures due 2007 (July 2005);

-

Standard s \$150,000 senior credit facility; and

-

Standard s \$150,000 of 8% senior notes due 2012.

The Company raised capital to tender for, repay or redeem these financings and pay the costs and expenses of the refinancing through the following financing arrangements, as amended, all of which were effective with the closing of the merger on May 13, 2005 and are described in more detail below:

-

the issuance of \$315,000 of 11% senior notes due 2012;

-

the issuance of \$100,000 of 12 3/4% senior subordinated notes due 2012 sold at a 10% original issue discount (reflecting a 15% yield to maturity); and

-

a new \$650,000 senior secured credit facility with a syndicate of banks consisting of (1) a three-year \$300,000 senior secured revolving credit line, which accrues interest at a rate of LIBOR plus a margin of 3.25%, (2) a three-year \$150,000 senior secured term loan, which accrues interest at an annual rate equal to LIBOR plus 3.25%, and (3) a five-year \$200,000 senior secured term loan, which accrues interest at an annual rate equal to LIBOR plus 3.50%.

The Company and Intabex Netherlands, B.V., or Intabex (one of the Company's primary wholly-owned foreign holding companies), are co-borrowers under the new \$300,000 senior secured revolving credit line, and the Company's borrowings under that line are limited to \$150,000 principal amount outstanding at any one time. Intabex is the sole borrower under each of the new senior secured term loans.

One of the Company's primary foreign trading companies, Alliance One International AG, or AOIAG, is a guarantor of Intabex's obligations under the new senior secured credit facility.

Our new senior credit facility is secured by a pledge of certain of its assets as collateral for borrowings thereunder. Borrowings of the Company under the new senior secured credit facility are secured by a first priority pledge of:

-

100% of the capital stock of any material domestic subsidiaries;

-

65% of the capital stock of any material first tier foreign subsidiaries of the Company or of its domestic subsidiaries;

-

intercompany notes evidencing loans or advances made by the Company on or following the closing date to subsidiaries that are not guarantors; and

-

U.S. accounts receivable and U.S. inventory owned by the Company and its material domestic subsidiaries (other than inventory the title of which has passed to a customer and inventory financed through customer advances).

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Alliance One International, Inc. and Subsidiaries

11. REFINANCING OF DEBT ARRANGMENTS *(Continued)*

In addition, Intabex's borrowings under the new senior secured credit facility are guaranteed by the Company, all of its present or future material direct or indirect domestic subsidiaries and AOIAG.

The new senior secured credit facility includes certain financial covenants and requires the Company to maintain certain financial ratios, including a minimum consolidated interest coverage ratio; a maximum consolidated leverage ratio; a maximum consolidated total senior debt to borrowing base ratio; and a maximum amount of annual capital expenditures.

The new senior notes indentures contain certain covenants that, among other things, limit the Company's ability to incur additional indebtedness; issue preferred stock; merge, consolidate or dispose of substantially all of its assets; grant liens on its assets; pay dividends, redeem stock or make other distributions or restricted payments; repurchase or redeem capital stock or prepay subordinated debt; make certain investments; agree to restrictions on the payment of dividends to the Company by its subsidiaries; sell or otherwise dispose of assets, including equity interests of its subsidiaries; enter into transactions with its affiliates; and enter into certain sale and leaseback transactions.

From time to time the Company may need to enter into various amendments and or waivers under its Senior Secured Credit Agreement seeking specific modification to covenants or provisions therein related to changes in the normal course of business, special one time occurrences, financial performance or other unforeseeable events. On October 28, 2005 the Company and the Lenders agreed to the First Amendment to the May 13, 2005 Senior Secured Credit Agreement where a provision was established permitting the payment of fines up to €24,000 (US\$28,800) related to European Commission anti-competition litigation. The changes effected by the Second Amendment are described in detail in the Current Report on Form 8-K filed by the Company on December 1, 2005.

Additionally, effective November 30, 2005 the Company and the Lenders agreed to the Second Amendment to the May 13, 2005 Senior Secured Credit Agreement, where several sections were modified. The Second Amendment relaxes certain financial covenants contained in the Credit Agreement, including but not limited to:

- a reduction of the minimum consolidated interest coverage ratio that must be maintained;
- an increase in the maximum consolidated leverage ratio that must be maintained; and
- the establishment of a fixed maximum consolidated total senior debt to borrowing base ratio that must be maintained.

The Second Amendment also changes certain negative covenants in the Credit Agreement, including but not limited to:

- a reduction in the maximum permitted amount of uncommitted inventory;
- a decrease in the maximum capital expenditures to \$40 million per year; and
- a prohibition of certain restricted payments, including dividends to holders of Alliance One common stock, from the date of the Second Amendment until the first fiscal quarter during which the borrowers have fully complied with the original financial covenants set forth in the Credit Agreement (the Pricing Period).

The Second Amendment also provides that no borrowings may be drawn under the revolving credit facility or swingline facility if Alliance One has more than \$110 million of unrestricted cash and cash equivalents in the aggregate on its consolidated balance sheet at the time of such draw. Further, if unrestricted cash and cash equivalents exceed \$110 million for any ten consecutive days, unrestricted cash and cash equivalents in excess of \$110 million must be used to repay borrowings under the swingline or revolving credit facility.

The Second Amendment provides that during the Pricing Period, the interest rate margin applicable to the revolving credit facility and term loan A borrowings shall be 3.25% over LIBOR or 2.25% over the Agent's base rate. In addition, the Second Amendment permanently increases the interest rate on the term loan B to 3.50% over LIBOR or 2.50% over the Agent's base rate.

The Company continuously monitors its compliance with these covenants. No default exists as of June 30, 2006.

12. DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Floating to Fixed Rate Interest Swaps

Prior to the implementation of SFAS No. 133, Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities, the Company entered into multiple interest rate swaps to convert a portion of its worldwide debt portfolio from floating to fixed interest rates to reduce its exposure to interest rate volatility. At June 30, 2006, all instruments of this type had been terminated. SFAS No. 133 eliminated hedge accounting treatment for these instruments because they do not meet certain criteria. Accordingly, the Company is required to reflect the full amount of all changes in their fair value, without offset, in its current earnings. These fair

value adjustments have caused substantial volatility in the Company's reported earnings. For the three months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, the Company recognized non-cash income before income taxes of \$290 and \$83, respectively from the change in fair value of these derivative financial instruments. With the recognition of each income or expense relating to these instruments, a corresponding amount is recognized in Deferred Credits Pension, Postretirement and Other.

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Alliance One International, Inc. and Subsidiaries

12. DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS *(Continued)*

Forward Currency Contracts

The Company periodically enters into forward currency contracts to protect against volatility associated with certain non-U.S. dollar denominated forecasted transactions. In accordance with SFAS No. 133, when these derivatives qualify for hedge accounting treatment, they are accounted for as cash flow hedges and are recorded in other comprehensive income, net of deferred taxes.

The Company has entered into forward currency contracts to hedge cash outflows in foreign currencies around the world for green tobacco purchases and processing costs. Some of these contracts do not meet the requirements for hedge accounting treatment under SFAS No. 133, and as such, are reported in income. For the three months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, income of \$1,672 and \$0, respectively, has been recorded in cost of goods and services sold.

Fair Value of Derivative Financial Instruments

In accordance with SFAS No. 133, the Company recognizes all derivative financial instruments, such as interest rate swap contracts and foreign exchange contracts, at fair value regardless of the purpose or intent for holding the instrument. Changes in the fair value of derivative financial instruments are either recognized periodically in income or in stockholders' equity as a component of comprehensive income depending on whether the derivative financial instrument qualifies for hedge accounting, and if so, whether it qualifies as a fair value hedge or cash flow hedge. Changes in fair values of derivatives accounted for as fair value hedges are recorded in income along with the portions of the changes in the fair values of the hedged items that relate to the hedged risk(s). Changes in fair values of derivatives accounted for as cash flow hedges, to the extent they are effective as

hedges, are recorded in other comprehensive income net of deferred taxes. Changes in fair values of derivatives not qualifying as hedges are reported in income.

The fair value estimates presented herein are based on quoted market prices. There were no fair value hedges during the three months ended June 30, 2006. During the three months ended June 30, 2005, accumulated other comprehensive income decreased by \$24, net of deferred taxes of \$13 due to the reclassification into earnings, primarily as cost of goods and services sold, as transactions were fulfilled.

13. PENSION AND POSTRETIREMENT BENEFITS

The Company has a defined benefit plan that provides retirement benefits for substantially all U.S. salaried personnel based on years of service rendered, age and compensation. The Company also maintains various other Excess Benefit and Supplemental Plans that provide additional benefits to (1) certain individuals whose compensation and the resulting benefits that would have actually been paid are limited by regulations imposed by the Internal Revenue Code and (2) certain individuals in key positions. The Company funds these plans in amounts consistent with the funding requirements of Federal Law and Regulations.

Additional non-U.S. defined benefit plans sponsored by certain subsidiaries cover certain full-time employees located in Germany, Greece, Turkey and United Kingdom.

Components of Net Periodic Benefit Cost

Net periodic pension cost for continuing operations consisted of the following:

| | Three Months Ended | |
|------------------------------------|--------------------|----------|
| | June 30, | |
| | 2006 | 2005 |
| Service cost | \$ 869 | \$ 1,462 |
| Interest expense | 1,348 | 1,940 |
| Expected return on plan assets | (897) | (1,286) |
| Amortization of prior service cost | 491 | 668 |
| Actuarial loss | 148 | 222 |
| Net periodic pension cost | \$1,959 | \$ 3,006 |

Employer Contributions

The Company's investment objectives are to generate consistent total investment return to pay anticipated plan benefits, while minimizing

long-term costs. Financial objectives underlying this policy include maintaining plan contributions at a reasonable level relative to benefits provided and assuring that unfunded obligations do not grow to a level to adversely affect the Company's financial health. As of June 30, 2006, contributions of \$1,185 were made to pension plans for fiscal 2007. Additional contributions to pension plans of approximately \$4,015 are expected during the rest of fiscal 2007.

However, this amount is subject to change, due primarily to potential plan combinations, asset performance significantly above or below the assumed long-term rate of return on pension assets and significant changes in interest rates.

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Alliance One International, Inc. and Subsidiaries

13. PENSION AND POSTRETIREMENT BENEFITS *(Continued)*

Postretirement Health and Life Insurance Benefits

The Company also provides certain health and life insurance benefits to retired U.S. employees, and their eligible dependents, who meet specified age and service requirements. The Company has amended the plan effective September 1, 2005 to limit benefits paid to retirees under the age of 65 to a maximum of two thousand five hundred dollars per year. Employees joining after August 31, 2005 will not be eligible for any retiree medical benefits. The Company contributed \$213 for the June quarter and expects to contribute \$850 for fiscal 2007. The Company retains the right, subject to existing agreements, to modify or eliminate the medical benefits.

Components of Net Periodic Benefit Cost

Net periodic benefit cost consisted of the following:

| | Three Months Ended | |
|------------------------------------|--------------------|-------|
| | June 30, | |
| | 2006 | 2005 |
| Service cost | \$ 22 | \$191 |
| Interest expense | 132 | 387 |
| Expected return on plan assets | (1) | (2) |
| Amortization of prior service cost | (405) | (77) |
| Actuarial loss | 87 | 72 |
| Net periodic pension cost | \$(165) | \$571 |

14. INCOME TAXES

The effective tax rate used for the three months ended June 30, 2006 was an expense of 29.5% compared to a benefit of 20.0% for the three months ended June 30, 2005. The effective tax rates for these periods are based on the current estimate of full year results after the affect of taxes related to specific events which are recorded in the interim period in which they occur. Due to significant separately stated items recorded in the quarter ended June 30, 2006 and the rules for tax accounting for multiple jurisdictions found in FIN 18, the effective tax rate reported at June 30, 2006 will change during the year. The Company forecasts the tax rate for the year ended March 31, 2007 will be 42.9% after absorption of discrete items. For the three months ended June 30, 2006, the company recorded a specific event adjustment benefit of \$898 bringing the effective tax rate estimated for the quarter of 37.0% to 29.5%. This specific event adjustment benefit relates primarily to the reduction of tax rates in Turkey. During the quarter ended June 30, 2005, adjustments of \$17,742 related to valuation allowance adjustments as a result of changes in judgment about the realizability of certain deferred tax assets were recorded as specific events. The net effect of these adjustments on the tax provision was to decrease the effective tax rate for the three months ended June 30, 2005 from a benefit of 37.0% to 20.0%. The Company continuously updates its estimates and forecasts of tax expense and adjusts the effective tax rate accordingly.

15. RESTATEMENT

Subsequent to the issuance of the Company's first amended Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2006 filed on November 9, 2006, the Company identified material errors in its accounting for income taxes which impact the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations, Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets and Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the three months ended June 30, 2006. As a result, the Company has restated these financial statements, correcting the income tax errors for the three months ended June 30, 2006. The following is a description of the nature of the errors:

1.

deferred income tax expense was not recognized when certain assets were written off for statutory tax purposes. The net impact of this error in accounting for income taxes was to understate deferred income tax expense by \$3,342 for the three months ended June 30, 2006.

2.

deferred income tax benefits were not recognized as a result of the write-off of related assets for financial statement reporting purposes.

The net impact of these errors in accounting for income taxes was to overstate deferred income tax expense by \$2,360 for the three months ended June 30, 2006.

3.

deferred income tax expense was not recognized on an unrealized foreign exchange gain that is taxable in a future period for statutory tax purposes. The net impact of this error in accounting for income taxes was to understate deferred income tax expense by \$1,090 for the three months ended June 30, 2006.

4.

other income tax related adjustments that were not material, individually and in the aggregate, are included in these restated financial statements. The net impact of these errors in accounting for income taxes was to overstate deferred income tax expense by \$614 for the six months ended June 30, 2006.

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Alliance One International, Inc. and Subsidiaries

15. RESTATEMENT (*Continued*)

The impact of the restatement on the applicable line items in the financial statements of the Company are presented below:

| | As Previously Reported | As Restated |
|---|------------------------------|----------------|
| <u>Condensed Consolidated Statement of Operation Information</u> | | |
| <u>Three Months Ended June 30, 2006:</u> | | |
| Income tax expense | \$ 2,069 | \$ 3,527 |
| Income from continuing operations | \$ 10,125 | \$ 8,667 |
| Net income | \$ 6,079 | \$ 4,621 |
| Basic earnings per share | | |
| Net income from continuing operations | \$.11 | \$.09 |
| Net income | \$.07 | \$.05 |

Diluted earnings per share

| | | |
|---------------------------------------|--------|--------|
| Net income from continuing operations | \$.11 | \$.09 |
| Net income | \$.07 | \$.05 |

Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet Information**June 30, 2006:**

| | | |
|--|--------------|--------------|
| Deferred taxes and other deferred charges | \$ 73,717 | \$ 70,375 |
| Total assets | \$ 1,878,823 | \$ 1,875,481 |
| Income taxes | \$ 17,892 | \$ 18,982 |
| Total current liabilities | \$ 789,533 | \$ 790,623 |
| Deferred credits | | |
| Income taxes | \$ 10,413 | \$ 7,439 |
| Total deferred credits | \$ 116,818 | \$ 113,844 |
| Retained Earnings | \$ (213,857) | \$ (215,315) |
| Stockholders' equity | \$ 226,176 | \$ 224,718 |
| Total liabilities and stockholders' equity | \$ 1,878,823 | \$ 1,875,481 |

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flow Information**Three Months Ended June 30, 2006:**

Operating Activities:

| | | |
|----------------|----------|-----------|
| Net income | \$ 6,079 | \$ 4,621 |
| Deferred items | \$ 9,309 | \$ 10,767 |

16. SUBSEQUENT EVENT

As previously disclosed, on February 1, 2006, the Company entered into an agreement to sell Agroexpansion, S.A., its former DIMON Spanish operation, and World Wide Tobacco Espana, S.A., its former Standard Spanish operation. On August 1, 2006, the Company completed its sale of these operations to Agrosalga S.A. as planned. The completion of this sale is not expected to result in a material gain or loss to the Company. See the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2006 for asset impairment and restructuring charges recorded in connection with the decision to dispose of its Spanish processing facilities.

Alliance One International, Inc. and Subsidiaries

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of
Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The accompanying management's discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations gives effect to the restatement of the Company's unaudited condensed consolidated statements for the three months ended June 30, 2006 as discussed in Note 15 to the Company's condensed consolidated financial statements in Item 1.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES:

The following table is a summary of items from the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet and Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows.

| | As of | | |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|------------------|
| | June 30 2006 | June 30 2005 | March 31 2006 |
| <i>(in millions except for current ratio)</i> | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 14.6 | \$ 183.1 | \$ 26.0 |
| Net trade receivables | 225.6 | 258.0 | 320.9 |
| Inventories and advances on purchases of tobacco | 948.0 | 1,125.1 | 875.3 |
| Total current assets | 1,346.0 | 1,730.9 | 1,368.2 |
| Notes payable to banks | 338.0 | 580.4 | 299.9 |
| Accounts payable | 94.5 | 127.6 | 175.9 |
| Total current liabilities | 790.6 | 998.1 | 829.3 |
| Current ratio | 1.7 to 1 | 1.7 to 1 | 1.6 to 1 |
| Working capital | 555.4 | 732.8 | 538.9 |
| Bank credit facility | 313.0 | 318.1 | 318.5 |
| Subordinated debt | 90.9 | 163.6 | 91.6 |
| Senior notes and other long term debt | 339.8 | 348.2 | 334.4 |
| Stockholders' equity | 224.7 | 581.4 | 214.2 |

Selected cash flow information:

| | Three Months Ended June 30, | |
|--|--------------------------------|--------|
| | 2006 | 2005 |
| Purchase of property and equipment | \$ 2.3 | \$ 3.1 |
| Proceeds from sale of property and equipment | 0.8 | 10.7 |
| Depreciation and amortization | 9.1 | 10.1 |

The purchasing and processing activities of our business are seasonal. Our need for capital fluctuates and, at any one of several seasonal peaks, our outstanding indebtedness may be significantly greater or less than at year-end. We historically have needed capital in excess of cash flow from operations to finance inventory and accounts receivable. We also pre-finance tobacco crops in numerous foreign countries, including Argentina, Brazil, Guatemala, Malawi, Mexico, Tanzania, Turkey and Zambia.

Our working capital increased from \$538.9 million at March 31, 2006 to \$555.4 million at June 30, 2006. Our current ratio was 1.7 to 1 at June 30, 2006 compared to 1.6 to 1 at March 31, 2006. The increase in working capital is primarily related to an increase in inventories and advances on purchases of tobacco partially offset by decreases in accounts receivable.

Net cash used by operating activities was \$40.0 million in 2006 compared to \$116.9 million in 2005. The decrease in cash used was primarily due to \$4.6 million net income in 2006 compared to a net loss of \$80.7 million in 2005. Cash used was further decreased by a \$11.1 million change in deferred items and a \$3.8 million change in discontinued operations. The decrease in cash used was partially offset by a \$13.5 million change in restructuring and asset impairment charges and an \$11.9 million increase in cash used by operating assets and liabilities primarily due to increases in inventories and advances on purchases of tobacco.

Net cash used by investing activities was \$2.5 million in 2006 compared to cash provided of \$50.3 million in 2005. The decrease in cash provided by investing activities is primarily due to \$42.0 million provided in the prior year by the purchase and merger of Standard Commercial Corporation into Alliance One, \$9.9 million less cash provided from sales of property and equipment, \$3.8 million less cash provided by notes receivable partially offset by \$2.1 million less cash used for payments for other assets.

Net cash provided by financing activities was \$32.5 million in 2006 compared to \$223.9 million in 2005. Decreases of \$330.3 million were due to net decreases in long term borrowings resulting from new arrangements in the prior year, partially offset by the repayment of former long term debt in the prior year. The decrease from long term borrowings was partially offset by \$110.5 million more cash provided by short term borrowings in 2006, \$21.5 million less cash used for debt issuance costs in 2006 compared to 2005 and an the discontinuance of dividends to shareholders of \$7.1 million.

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Alliance One International, Inc. and Subsidiaries

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES: *(Continued)*

At June 30, 2006, we had seasonally adjusted available lines of credit of \$515.5 million of which \$337.8 was outstanding with a weighted average interest rate of 6.0%. Unused short-term lines of credit amounted to \$128.6 million. At June 30, 2006 we had \$23.5 million letters of credit outstanding and an additional \$25.4 million of letters of credit lines available. Total maximum borrowings, excluding the long-term credit agreements, during the quarter were \$420.3 million.

No cash dividends were paid to stockholders during the quarter.

On May 13, 2005 we completed a new \$650 million senior secured credit facility, as amended, with a syndicate of banks consisting of (1) a three-year \$300 million senior secured revolving credit line, which accrues interest at a rate of LIBOR plus a margin of 3.25%, (2) a three-year \$150 million senior secured term loan, which accrues interest at an annual rate equal to LIBOR plus 3.25%, and (3) a five-year \$200 million senior secured term

loan, which accrues interest at an annual rate equal to LIBOR plus 3.50%. One of our primary foreign holding companies, Intabex Netherlands, B.V. (Intabex), is co-borrower under the new senior secured revolving credit line, and our portion of the borrowings under that line are limited to \$150.0 million principal amount outstanding at any one time. Intabex is the sole borrower under each of the new senior secured term loans. One of our primary foreign trading companies, Alliance One International AG (AOIAG), is a guarantor of Intabex's obligations under the new senior secured credit facility.

From time to time we may need to enter into various amendments and or waivers under our Senior Secured Credit Agreement seeking specific modification to covenants or provisions therein related to changes in the normal course of business, special one time occurrences, financial performance or other unforeseeable events. On October 28, 2005 we agreed to the First Amendment with the Lenders to the May 13, 2005 Senior Secured Credit Agreement, where a provision was established permitting the payment of fines up to €24 million related to European Commission anti-competition litigation. Additionally, effective November 30, 2005 the Lenders and ourselves, agreed to the Second Amendment to the May 13, 2005 Senior Secured Credit Agreement, where several sections were modified. The changes effected by the Second Amendment are described in the Current Report on Form 8-K filed by us on December 1, 2005.

The new senior credit facility is secured by a pledge of certain of our assets as collateral for borrowings thereunder. Our borrowings under the new senior secured credit facility are secured by a first priority pledge of:

-
- 100% of the capital stock of any material domestic subsidiaries;
-
- 65% of the capital stock of any material first tier foreign subsidiaries, or of its domestic subsidiaries;
-
- intercompany notes evidencing loans or advances we make on or following the closing date to subsidiaries that are not guarantors; and
-
- U.S. accounts receivable and U.S. inventory owned by us or our material domestic subsidiaries (other than inventory the title of which has passed to a customer and inventory financed through customer advances).

In addition, Intabex's borrowings under the new senior secured credit facility are secured by a pledge of 100% of the capital stock of Intabex, AOIAG, and certain of our and Intabex's material foreign subsidiaries. They are also guaranteed by us, all of our present or future material direct or indirect domestic subsidiaries, and AOIAG.

The new senior secured credit facility includes certain financial covenants and requires us to maintain certain financial ratios, including a minimum consolidated interest coverage ratio; a maximum consolidated leverage ratio; a maximum consolidated total senior debt to borrowing base ratio; and a maximum amount of annual capital expenditures.

We continuously monitor our compliance with these covenants and we are not in default as of, or for the quarter ended, June 30, 2006. If we were in default or were going to be in default and were unable to obtain the necessary amendments or waivers under our senior secured credit facility, we could be in default with respect to our financial covenants in future quarters, which would give the lenders under that facility the right to terminate that facility and demand repayment of borrowings thereunder. A demand for repayment under the senior secured credit facility would result in a cross default under the indentures governing our senior notes and senior subordinated notes and could impair access to our seasonal operating lines of credit in local jurisdictions. A default under our senior secured credit facility would have a material adverse effect on our liquidity and financial condition.

Also on May 13, 2005 we issued \$315 million of 11% senior notes due 2012, and \$100 million of 12 3/4% senior subordinated notes due 2012, with the latter sold at a 10% original issue discount (reflecting a 15% yield to maturity). The new senior notes indentures contain certain covenants that, among other things, limit our ability to incur additional indebtedness; issue preferred stock; merge, consolidate or dispose of substantially all of our assets; grant liens on our assets; pay dividends, redeem stock or make other distributions or restricted payments; repurchase or redeem capital stock or prepay subordinated debt; make certain investments; agree to restrictions on the payment of dividends to us by our subsidiaries; sell or otherwise dispose of assets, including equity interests of its subsidiaries; enter into transactions with our affiliates; and enter into certain sale and leaseback transactions.

Repayments of debt as of June 30, 2006 are scheduled as follows: \$143.8 million in fiscal 2007 and 2008, \$194.0 million in fiscal years 2009 and 2010, and \$405.9 million in fiscal years 2011 and thereafter.

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Alliance One International, Inc. and Subsidiaries

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES: *(Continued)*

We have historically financed our operations through a combination of short-term lines of credit, revolving credit arrangements, long-term debt securities, customer advances and cash from operations. At June 30, 2006, we had no material capital expenditure commitments. We believe that these sources of funds will be sufficient to fund our anticipated needs for fiscal year 2007. There can be no assurance, however, that these sources of capital will be available in the future or, if available, that any such sources will be available on favorable terms.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS:

The merger of DIMON and Standard was completed during the first quarter of fiscal 2006. As a result, total revenues and expenses for the three months ended June 30, 2005 only includes Standard's results since May 13, 2005 and DIMON's results for the three months.

Condensed Consolidated Statement of Operations

| | Three Months Ended June 30, | | | |
|------------------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------|------|---------|
| <i>(in millions)</i> | 2006 | Increase/ (Decrease) | % | 2005 |
| Sales and other operating revenues | \$493.5 | \$90.4 | 22.4 | \$403.1 |
| Gross profit | 77.5 | 33.5 | 76.1 | 44.0 |

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| | | | | |
|--|--------|---------|-----|-----------|
| Selling, administrative and general expenses | 39.2 | 0.8 | 2.1 | 38.4 |
| Other income | 0.6 | 0.4 | | 0.2 |
| Restructuring and asset impairment charges | 1.7 | (13.5) | | 15.2 |
| Debt retirement expense | - | (64.9) | | 64.9 |
| Interest expense | 25.6 | 0.9 | | 24.7 |
| Interest income | - | (1.2) | | 1.2 |
| Derivative financial instruments income | 0.3 | 0.2 | | 0.1 |
| Income taxes (benefit) | 3.5 | (23.1) | | (19.6) |
| Equity in net income of investee companies | 0.1 | 0.1 | | - |
| Minority interests (income) | (0.2) | - | | (0.2) |
| Loss from discontinued operations, net of tax | (3.8) | 1.1 | | (2.7) |
| Cumulative effect of accounting changes, net of income tax | (0.3) | (0.3) | | - |
| Net Income (Loss) | \$ 4.6 | \$85.3* | | \$(80.7)* |

* Amounts do not equal column totals due to rounding.

Sales and Other Operating Revenue Supplemental Information

Three Months Ended June 30,

| <i>(in millions, except per kilo amounts)</i> | 2006 | Increase/ (Decrease) | % | 2005 |
|---|---------|-------------------------|------|---------|
| Tobacco sales and other operating revenues: | | | | |
| Sales and other operating revenues | \$488.3 | \$87.1 | 21.7 | \$401.2 |
| Kilos | 146.0 | 20.0 | 15.9 | 126.0 |
| Average price per kilo | \$ 3.34 | \$.16 | 5.0 | \$ 3.18 |
| Processing and other revenues | \$ 5.2 | \$ 3.3 | | \$ 1.9 |
| Total sales and other operating revenues | \$493.5 | \$90.4 | 22.4 | \$403.1 |

Alliance One International, Inc. and Subsidiaries

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS: *(Continued)*

Three Months Ended June 30, 2006 Compared to Three Months Ended June 30, 2005

Sales and other operating revenues increased 22.4% from \$403.1 million in 2005 to \$493.5 million in 2006 which includes a full three months of the merged company. The \$90.4 million increase is the result of a 15.9% or 20.0 million kilo increase in quantities sold and a 5.0% or \$0.16 per kilo increase in average sales prices. Revenues from the South America operating segment increased \$37.5 million or 18.6% resulting from an increase of \$0.29 per kilo in average sales prices combined with an increase in volumes of 5.6 million kilos. Increased customer sales prices related to the increased costs of the 2006 crop are the primary reason for the South America operating segment price increases. Revenues from the Other Regions operating segment increased \$49.6 million or 24.8% primarily as a result of an opportunistic sale of U.S. inventories. Volumes in the Other Regions operating segment increased 14.3 million kilos and average sales prices increased \$0.07 per kilo as well. Processing and other service revenues in the Other Regions operating segment increased \$3.3 million primarily related to greater quantities of U.S. customer-owned tobacco processed.

Gross profit as a percentage of sales increased from 10.9% in 2005 to 15.7% in 2006. Gross profit also increased \$33.5 million or 76.1% from \$44.0 million in 2005 to \$77.5 million in 2006. The increases in gross profit as well as the gross profit percentage are primarily attributable to two factors. In the South America operating segment, as disclosed throughout the prior year, gross profit in Brazil had been negatively impacted due to increased costs from the absorption of local intrastate trade taxes resulting from a change in local laws. During the current quarter, we entered into an agreement with the government of Rio Grande do Sul, the state in which our processing facilities in Brazil are located. Per the agreement we will be able to transfer accumulated intrastate trade tax credits related to the 2005 crop instead of having to absorb those costs. As a result, intrastate trade taxes related to the 2005 crop of \$19.2 million previously recorded as expense in fiscal 2006 have been reversed during the quarter. Partially offsetting the increased gross profit in the South America operating segment is the impact of the quality of the 2006 crop and decreased demand. The 2006 Brazilian crop was expected to be an average quality crop. However, the quality declined significantly due to weather related growing conditions in the latter part of the season. In addition, demand is projected to decline as well. As a result, the 2006 crop provision for grower bad debt has increased. This increase has negatively impacted the current quarter gross profit and will continue to negatively impact gross profit in future quarters relative to 2006 crop sales. Second, the reduction of gross profit on sales of inventory acquired in the merger as a result of purchase accounting inventory adjustments was \$9.4 million in 2005 compared to \$1.1 million in 2006, primarily in the South America operating segment. The elimination of these prior year purchase accounting inventory adjustments from the current year will continue to improve gross profit as well as gross profit percentages in future quarters.

Selling, administrative and general expenses increased \$0.8 million or 2.1% from \$38.4 million in 2005 to \$39.2 million in 2006. The increase is primarily due to increased costs as a result of 2006 including a full three months of the merged company including increased legal and professional costs. Expenses were further increased by the impact of expenses denominated in foreign currencies, primarily the Brazilian real. If 2005 had included the full

three months of the merged company, the selling, administrative and general expenses in 2006 would have decreased \$10.1 million or 20.5%.

Other Income of \$0.6 million in 2006 and \$0.2 million in 2005 relate primarily to fixed asset sales.

Restructuring, asset impairment and integration charges were \$1.7 million in 2006 compared to \$15.2 million in 2005. The 2006 costs relate to employee severance and other integration related charges as a result of the merger. The 2005 costs include \$4.5 million related to asset impairment charges and \$10.7 million related to employee severance and other integration related charges as a result of the merger. See Note 3 *Restructuring and Asset Impairment Charges* to the *Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements* for further information.

Debt retirement expense of \$64.9 million in 2005 relates to one time costs of retiring DIMON debt as a result of the merger. These costs include tender premiums paid for the redemption of senior notes, the reversal of debt issuance costs associated with former DIMON debt instruments, termination of certain interest rate swap agreements and other related costs.

Interest expense increased \$0.9 million from \$24.7 million in 2005 to \$25.6 million in 2006 due to higher average rates partially offset by lower average borrowings.

Derivative financial instruments resulted in a benefit of \$0.3 million in 2006 and \$0.1 million in 2005. These items are derived from changes in the fair value of interest rate swap agreements that did not qualify for hedge accounting treatment.

Alliance One International, Inc. and Subsidiaries

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS: *(Continued)*

Three Months Ended June 30, 2006 Compared to Three Months Ended June 30, 2005 *(Continued)*

Effective tax rates were an expense of 29.5% in 2006 and a benefit of 20% in 2005. The rates are based on the current estimate of full year results after the effect for any taxes related to specific events which are recorded in the interim period in which they occur. During the quarter ended June 30, 2006, benefit adjustments of \$0.9 million related to specific events were recorded which decreased the estimated effective tax rate for the quarter from 37.0% to 29.5%. We estimate the effective tax rate for the full fiscal year to be 42.9% after absorption of discrete items. During the quarter ended June 30, 2005, adjustments of \$17.7 million related to deferred tax asset valuation allowance adjustments were recorded as specific events. The net effect on the 2005 tax provision was to decrease the effective tax rate from a benefit of 37% to 20%.

Losses from discontinued operations of \$3.8 million in 2006 and \$2.7 million in 2005 are attributable to the discontinuation of operations in Italy and Mozambique of the combined company, non-tobacco operations of former DIMON and the wool operations of Standard. See Note 5 *Discontinued Operations* to the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for further information.

OUTLOOK AND OTHER INFORMATION:

We entered fiscal 2007 as a stronger company following our merger and last year's considerable merger related restructuring charges and significant challenges posed by our industry operating environment. We continue to execute our merger integration according to plan and are on track to complete the integration process and further refine our footprint in fiscal 2007. We remain focused on profit improvement and return on assets through a combination of improved pricing, cost reductions, efficiency improvements and on debt reduction through aggressive working capital management.

We are beginning to make some progress in increasing prices against a backdrop of increasing costs of production, rising interest rates and a weak U.S. dollar. However, the environment remains challenging particularly in Brazil. The 2006 Brazilian crop started the year as an average quality crop, however, the quality declined significantly due to weather related growing conditions in the latter part of the season. This has impacted both demand and pricing. We plan to reduce tobacco production in Brazil for the 2007 crop based on our current global projections of supply and demand. As a result of these factors we have increased the 2006 crop provision for grower bad debt on advances to farmers.

During the current quarter, we entered into an agreement with the government of Rio Grande do Sul, the state in which our processing facilities are located in Brazil. We will be able to transfer accumulated intrastate trade taxes related to the 2005 crop instead of having to absorb those costs. This transference is in accordance with agreed upon amounts and timing in future quarters. We are evaluating options to determine the most feasible strategy to minimize the impact of intrastate trade taxes related to future crops.

MERGER INTEGRATION

Merger integration remains in line with our strategic plan including over \$50 million in cost savings realized in fiscal 2006 which we anticipate will increase to \$115 million annually by fiscal 2007. The review process is continuing and remaining one time cash costs to complete the integration are currently estimated at approximately \$15 million to \$17 million in 2007. As part of the integration process to strengthen our core business overall, we have focused on achieving appropriate returns that support the strategic rationale for our merger, including undertaking asset sales that will continue to have an important role in refining our footprint. As announced in February, an agreement was reached to sell our Spanish production facilities. This sale was concluded on August 1, 2006. We previously disclosed that we had also entered into a non-binding letter of intent to sell our interest in the dark air-cured tobacco business, Compañia General de Tabacos de Filipinas, S.A. These negotiations are proceeding.

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Alliance One International, Inc. and Subsidiaries

FACTORS THAT MAY AFFECT FUTURE RESULTS:

Readers are cautioned that the statements contained herein regarding expectations for our performance are forward-looking statements as defined in the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These statements are based on current expectations of future events. If underlying assumptions prove inaccurate or unknown risks or uncertainties materialize, actual results could vary materially from our expectations and projections. Risks and uncertainties include changes in the timing of anticipated shipments, changes in anticipated geographic product sourcing, political instability in sourcing locations, currency and interest rate fluctuations, shifts in the global supply and demand position for our tobacco products, and the impact of regulation and litigation on our customers. A further list and description of these risks, uncertainties and other factors can be found in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2006 and other filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission. We assume no obligation to update any forward-looking statements as a result of new information or future events or developments, except as required by law.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

Derivatives Policies: Hedging interest rate exposure using swaps and hedging foreign exchange exposure using forward contracts are specifically contemplated to manage risk in keeping with management's policies. We may use derivative instruments, such as swaps or forwards, which are based directly or indirectly upon interest rates and currencies to manage and reduce the risks inherent in interest rate and currency fluctuations.

We do not utilize derivatives for speculative purposes, and we do not enter into market risk sensitive instruments for trading purposes. Derivatives are transaction specific so that a specific debt instrument, contract, or invoice determines the amount, maturity, and other specifics of the hedge.

Foreign exchange rates: Our business is generally conducted in U.S. dollars, as is the business of the tobacco industry as a whole. However, local country operating costs, including the purchasing and processing costs for tobaccos, are subject to the effects of exchange fluctuations of the local currency against the U.S. dollar. We attempt to minimize such currency risks by matching the timing of our working capital borrowing needs against the tobacco purchasing and processing funds requirements in the currency of the country where the tobacco is grown.

Also, in some cases, our sales pricing arrangements with our customers allow adjustments for the effect of currency exchange fluctuations on local purchasing and processing costs. Fluctuations in the value of foreign currencies can significantly affect our operating results. We have recognized exchange gains in cost of goods and services sold of \$1.9 million and \$5.2 million for the three months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively.

Our consolidated selling, administrative and general expenses denominated in foreign currencies are subject to translation risks from currency exchange fluctuations. These foreign denominated expenses are primarily denominated in the euro, sterling and Brazilian real. The weakening U.S. dollar against the real may continue to significantly impact translated results.

Interest rates: We manage our exposure to interest rate risk through the proportion of fixed rate and variable rate debt in our total debt portfolio. A 1% change in interest rates would increase or decrease our reported interest cost by approximately \$2.7 million for the three months ended June 30, 2006. A substantial portion of our borrowings are denominated in U.S. dollars and bear interest at commonly quoted rates.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

Disclosure Controls and Procedures

We maintain disclosure controls and procedures that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in reports we file under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the Securities and Exchange Commission's rules and forms and that such information is accumulated and communicated to management, including our Chief Executive Officer, Chief Operating Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate, to allow for timely decisions regarding required disclosure. In conjunction with the filing of this amended Form 10-Q, as a result of the restatement described in Note 15 to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements, our Chief Executive Officer, Chief Operating Officer and Chief Financial Officer, with the participation of other members of management, have re-evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rule 13a-15(e)), as of June 30, 2006, and, based on this re-evaluation, have determined that disclosure controls and procedures were not effective due to a material weakness in internal control over financial reporting that existed at the end of the first quarter with respect to the preparation and review of the condensed consolidated statements of cash flows and accounting for income taxes.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures (*Continued*)

Cash Flow Reporting

Subsequent to the completion of the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2006 filed on August 9, 2006 the Company identified classification errors included in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows in its June 30, 2006 Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. The details of the restatement are more fully described in Note 15 in the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements of the first amended filing on November 9, 2006. The Company believes this error resulted from insufficient review of the Condensed Statements of Consolidated Cash Flows to determine items are presented in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Management has concluded that these control deficiencies in cash flow reporting constitute a material weakness in the Company's internal controls over financial reporting as defined by the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board, or PCAOB. The PCAOB defines a material weakness in internal controls over financial reporting as a significant deficiency, or a combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the annual or interim financial statements will not be prevented or detected.

Accounting for Income Taxes

Subsequent to the completion of the first amended Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2006 filed on November 9, 2006 the Company identified errors in its accounting for income taxes which impact the financial statements in its June 30, 2006 Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. The details of the restatement are more fully described in Note 15 in the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements. The Company believes this error resulted from insufficient review of tax workpapers by management on an interim basis. Management has concluded that these control deficiencies in accounting for income taxes constitute a material weakness in the Company's internal controls over financial reporting as defined by the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board, or PCAOB. The PCAOB defines a material weakness in internal controls over financial reporting as a significant deficiency, or a combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the annual or interim financial statements will not be prevented or detected.

Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In addition, as required by Rule 13a-15(d) under the Exchange Act, the Company's management, including the Company's Chief Executive Officer, Chief Operating Officer and Chief Financial Officer, have evaluated the Company's internal control over financial reporting to determine whether any changes occurred during the quarter covered by this quarterly report that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

As noted above management identified material weaknesses related to the preparation of the Condensed Statements of Consolidated Cash Flows which was discovered during the second quarter and accounting for income taxes which was discovered during the fourth quarter. Specifically, there was

insufficient review of the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows and the tax workpapers by management on an interim basis. There were no other changes that materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting during the period covered by this report.

In connection with the material weaknesses in internal controls over financial reporting the Company has taken or plans to take the following remedial measures subsequent to June 30, 2006:

Cash Flow Reporting

-

The Company is training additional personnel to ensure the adequate preparation and review of quarterly cash flow statements.

-

The Company is implementing new procedures, which provide more automation in the preparation of the cash flow statement and assists with the facilitation of the review.

Accounting for Income Taxes

-

Review and approval of effective tax rates and reconciliation of these rates by the local preparers and their supervisor.

-

Review and approval of effective tax rates and reconciliation of these rates by the Corporate Foreign Tax Manager and their supervisor.

-

Increased rate reconciliation procedure, including a checklist of specific steps to be followed by subsidiaries and reviewers.

-

Increase the visibility of statutory write-offs through changes in local accounting systems.

Alliance One International, Inc. and Subsidiaries

Part II. Other Information

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

Since October 2001, the Directorate General for Competition (DGCOMP) of the European Commission (EC) has been conducting an administrative investigation into certain tobacco buying and selling practices alleged to have occurred within the leaf tobacco industry in some countries within the European Union, including Spain, Italy, Greece and potentially other countries. DIMON and Standard subsidiaries in Spain, Italy and Greece have been subject to these investigations. In respect of the investigation into practices in Spain, in 2004, the EC fined DIMON and its Spanish subsidiaries €2.6 million (US\$3.4 million) and Standard and its Spanish subsidiaries €1.82 million (US\$2.3 million). In respect of the investigation into practices in Italy, in October 2005, the EC announced that Alliance One and Mindo (our former subsidiary) have been assessed a fine in the aggregate amount of €10 million (US\$12 million) and that, in addition, Alliance One and Transcatab, a subsidiary of Standard prior to its merger into DIMON, have been assessed a fine in the aggregate amount of €14 million (US\$16.8 million). With respect to both the Spanish and Italian investigations, the fines imposed on us and our predecessors and subsidiaries were part of fines assessed on several participants in the applicable industry. With respect to the investigation relating to Greece, the EC informed DIMON and Standard in March 2005 it had closed its investigation in relation to the Greek leaf tobacco industry buying and selling practices. We, along with our applicable subsidiaries, have appealed the decisions of the Commission with respect to Spain and Italy to the Court of First Instance of the European Commission for the annulment or modification of the decision; but the outcome of the appeals process as to both timing and results is uncertain. We fully recognized the impact of each of the fines set forth above, and actually paid all of such fines as part of the appeal process.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

No changes

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

None

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities

None

Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders

None

Item 5. Other Information

None.

Item 6. Exhibits

- | | |
|--------------|--|
| <u>31.01</u> | Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (filed herewith). |
| <u>31.02</u> | Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (filed herewith). |
| <u>32</u> | Certification of Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (filed herewith). |

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Alliance One International, Inc. and Subsidiaries

SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Alliance One International, Inc.

/s/ Thomas G.

Reynolds

Thomas G. Reynolds
Vice President - Controller
(Chief Accounting Officer)

Date: June 21, 2007

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Alliance One International, Inc. and Subsidiaries

INDEX OF EXHIBITS

Exhibits

- | | |
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