PESSIN NORMAN H Form SC 13D/A February 16, 2010

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

SCHEDULE 13D (Rule 13d-101)

INFORMATION TO BE INCLUDED IN STATEMENTS FILED PURSUANT TO § 240.13d-1(a) AND AMENDMENTS THERETO FILED PURSUANT TO § 240.13d-2(a)

(Amendment No. 2)1

Metropolitan Health Networks, Inc.

(Name of Issuer)

Common Stock, \$.001 par value (Title of Class of Securities)

592142103

(CUSIP Number)

STEVEN WOLOSKY, ESQ. OLSHAN GRUNDMAN FROME ROSENZWEIG & WOLOSKY LLP

Park Avenue Tower 65 East 55th Street New York, New York 10022 (212) 451-2300

(Name, Address and Telephone Number of Person

Authorized to Receive Notices and Communications)

February 11, 2010 (Date of Event Which Requires Filing of This Statement)

If the filing person has previously filed a statement on Schedule 13G to report the acquisition that is the subject of this Schedule 13D, and is filing this schedule because of §§ 240.13d-1(e), 240.13d-1(f) or 240.13d-1(g), check the following box ".

Note: Schedules filed in paper format shall include a signed original and five copies of the schedule, including all exhibits. See § 240.13d-7 for other parties to whom copies are to be sent.

¹ The remainder of this cover page shall be filled out for a reporting person's initial filing on this form with respect to the subject class of securities, and for any subsequent amendment containing information which would alter disclosures provided in a prior cover page.

The information required on the remainder of this cover page shall not be deemed to be "filed" for the purpose of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 ("Act") or otherwise subject to the liabilities of that section of the Act but shall be subject to all other provisions of the Act (however, see the Notes).

CUSIP NO. 592142103

1	NAME OF REPORTING PERSON			
2	NORMAN H. PESSIN CHECK THE APPROPRIATE BOX IF A MEMBER OF A GROUP (b) o SEC USE ONLY		* /	
4				
4	SOURCE OF FUNDS			
5	PF CHECK BOX IF DISCLOSURE OF LEGAL PROCEEDINGS " IS REQUIRED PURSUANT TO ITEM 2(d) OR 2(e)			
6	CITIZENSHIP OR PLACE OF ORGANIZATION			
	USA			
NUMBER OF		7	SOLE VOTING POWER	
SHARES BENEFICIALLY	•		2,277,334	
OWNED BY	, ,			
EACH REPORTING			- 0 -	
PERSON WITH				
			2 277 224	
		10	2,277,334 SHARED DISPOSITIVE POWE	R
			- 0 -	
11 AGGREGATE AMOUNT BENEFICIALLY OWNED BY EACH REPORTING PERSON				
	2,277,334			
12	CHECK BOX IF THE AGGREGATE AMOUNT IN ROW (11) o			
	EXCLUDES CERTAIN SHARES			
13	PERCENT OF CLASS REPRESENTED BY AMOUNT IN ROW (11)			
14	5.4% TYPE OF REPORTING PERSON			
	IN			
2				

CUSIP NO. 592142103

1	NAME OF REPORTING PERSON			
2	SANDRA F. PESSIN CHECK THE APPROPRIATE BOX IF A MEMBER OF A GROUP (b) o SEC USE ONLY			
4	SOURCE OF FUNDS			
5	PF CHECK BOX IF DISCLOSURE OF LEGAL PROCEEDINGS " IS REQUIRED PURSUANT TO ITEM 2(d) OR 2(e)			
6	CITIZENSHIP OR PLACE OF ORGANIZATION			
	USA			
NUMBER OF SHARES		7	SOLE VOTING POWER	
BENEFICIALLY OWNED BY EACH	•	8	950,310 SHARED VOTING POWER	
REPORTING			- 0 -	
PERSON WITH		9	SOLE DISPOSITIVE POWER	
		10	950,310 SHARED DISPOSITIVE POWE	ER .
11	AGGREGATE	E AMOUNT BEN	- 0 - EFICIALLY OWNED BY EACH	REPORTING PERSON
12	950,310 CHECK BOX IF THE AGGREGATE AMOUNT IN ROW (11) o EXCLUDES CERTAIN SHARES			
13	PERCENT OF CLASS REPRESENTED BY AMOUNT IN ROW (11)			
14	2.2% TYPE OF REPORTING PERSON			
	IN			
3				

CUSIP NO. 592142103

The following constitutes Amendment No. 2 to the Schedule 13D filed by the undersigned ("Amendment No. 2"). This Amendment No. 2 amends the Schedule 13D as specifically set forth herein.

Item 1. Security and Issuer.

Item 1 is hereby amended and restated to read as follows:

This statement relates to shares of the Common Stock, \$.001 par value per share (the "Shares"), of Metropolitan Health Networks, Inc. (the "Issuer"). The address of the principal executive offices of the Issuer is 250 Australian Avenue South, Suite 400, West Palm Beach, Florida 33401.

Item 2. Identity and Background.

Item 2 is hereby amended and restated to read as follows:

- (a) This statement is filed by Norman H. Pessin and Sandra F. Pessin. Each of the foregoing is referred to as a "Reporting Person" and collectively as the "Reporting Persons."
- (b) The principal business address of each of the Reporting Persons is 366 Madison Avenue, 14th Floor, New York, New York 10017.
- (c) Norman H. Pessin is an investor. Sandra F. Pessin is a housewife.
- (d) No Reporting Person has, during the last five years, been convicted in a criminal proceeding (excluding traffic violations or similar misdemeanors).
- (e) No Reporting Person has, during the last five years, been party to a civil proceeding of a judicial or administrative body of competent jurisdiction and as a result of such proceeding was or is subject to a judgment, decree or final order enjoining future violations of, or prohibiting or mandating activities subject to, federal or state securities laws or finding any violation with respect to such laws.
- (f) Each of the Reporting Persons is a citizen of the United States of America.

Item 3. Source and Amount of Funds or Other Consideration.

Item 3 is hereby amended and restated to read as follows:

The aggregate purchase price of the 2,277,334 Shares owned directly by Norman H. Pessin is approximately \$2,242,685, including brokerage commissions. The Shares owned directly by Norman H. Pessin were acquired with personal funds.

The aggregate purchase price of the 950,310 Shares owned directly by Sandra F. Pessin is approximately \$989,936, including brokerage commissions. The Shares owned directly by Sandra F. Pessin were acquired with personal funds.

CUSIP NO. 592142103

Item 4.

Purpose of Transaction.

Item 4 is hereby amended to add the following:

On February 11, 2010, Norman H. Pessin delivered a letter to the Chairman of the Board of the Issuer expressing Mr. Pessin's view that the Board of Directors of the Issuer should be reconstituted on a voluntary basis and that the Issuer should explore strategic alternatives.

No Reporting Person has any present plan or proposal which would relate to or result in any of the matters set forth in subparagraphs (a) - (j) of Item 4 of Schedule 13D except as set forth herein or such as would occur upon completion of any of the actions discussed above. The Reporting Persons intend to review their investment in the Issuer on a continuing basis and engage in discussions with management and the Board of Directors of the Issuer concerning the business, operations and future plans of the Issuer. Depending on various factors including, without limitation, the Issuer's financial position and investment strategy, the price levels of the Shares, conditions in the securities markets and general economic and industry conditions, the Reporting Persons may in the future take such actions with respect to their investment in the Issuer as they deem appropriate including, without limitation, seeking Board representation, making proposals to the Issuer concerning changes to the capitalization, ownership structure or operations of the Issuer, purchasing additional Shares, selling some or all of their Shares, engaging in short selling of or any hedging or similar transaction with respect to their Shares or changing their intention with respect to any and all matters referred to in Item 4.

Item 5. Interest in Securities of the Issuer.

Item 5 is hereby amended and restated to read as follows:

(a) The aggregate percentage of Shares reported owned by each person named herein is based upon 42,349,591 Shares outstanding, which is the total number of Shares outstanding as of October 30, 2009 as reported in the Issuer's Form 10-Q filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on November 5, 2009.

As of the close of business on February 12, 2010, Norman H. Pessin owned directly 2,277,334 Shares, constituting approximately 5.4% of the Shares outstanding.

As of the close of business on February 12, 2010, Sandra F. Pessin owned directly 950,310 Shares, constituting approximately 2.2% of the Shares outstanding.

(b) Norman H. Pessin has sole voting and dispositive power with respect to the Shares he owns directly.

Sandra F. Pessin has sole voting and dispositive power with respect to the Shares she owns directly.

- (c) Not applicable.
- (d) No person other than the Reporting Persons is known to have the right to receive, or the power to direct the receipt of dividends from, or proceeds from the sale of, the Shares,
- (e) Not applicable.

CUSIP NO. 592142103

Item 6. Contracts, Arrangements, Understandings or Relationships With Respect to Securities of the Issuer.

Item 6 is hereby amended and restated to read as follows:

Pursuant to Rule 13d-1(k) promulgated under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, the Reporting Persons have entered into an agreement with respect to the joint filing of this statement, and any amendment or amendments thereto. Except as set forth herein, there are no contracts, arrangements, understandings or relationships among the Reporting Persons, or between the Reporting Persons and any other person, with respect to the securities of the Issuer.

Item 7. Material to be Filed as Exhibits.

Item 7 is hereby amended to add the following exhibit:

99.1 Joint Filing Agreement by and between Norman H. Pessin and Sandra F. Pessin.

CUSIP NO. 592142103

SIGNATURES

After reasonable inquiry and to the best of his knowledge and belief, each of the undersigned certifies that the information set forth in this statement is true, complete and correct.

Dated: February 16, 2010 /s/ Norman H. Pessin

NORMAN H. PESSIN

/s/ Sandra F. Pessin SANDRA F. PESSIN

e="1" face="Times New Roman">(Unaudited)

For the Nine Months Ended September 30,		
(Unaudited) Year Ended December 31,		
2004		
2003		
2003		
	_	
	_	
(In Thousands, Except Per Share Data)		

nterest and Fees on Loans	
	28,097
	23,111
	31,134
nterest and Dividends on Investment Securities:	

Taxable	
	5,435
	5,175
	7,106
Exempt from Federal Income Taxes	
	191
	147
	206
Interest on Federal Funds Sold and Due From Time	

	74
	81
TOTAL INTEREST INCOME	
	33,862
	28,507
	38,527

INTEREST EXPENSE	
INTEREST EMERGE	
Interest on Deposits	
•	
	5,47-
	,
	5,160
	5,10
	6,81
	0,01
Interest on Short Term Borrowings	
	1,00.
	-,

	418
	627
Interest on Note Payable	
	41
	-0-
	-()-
Interest on Junior Subordinated Deferrable Debentures	
	203
	-0-
	-0-

TOTAL INTEREST EXPENSE	
	6,723
	5,584
	3,001
	7,437
NET INTEREST INCOME	

27,139

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	22,923
	31,090
LESS: PROVISION FOR LOAN LOSSES NOTE 4	
	1,500
	586
	880
NET INTEREST INCOME AFTER	

PROVISION FOR LOAN LOSSES	
	25,639
	22,337
	30,210
	50,210
NON-INTEREST INCOME	
NON-INTEREST INCOME	

Service Charges and Fees on Deposits	
	3,164
	2,562
	3,443
Gain on Sale of Investment Securities	
	32
	101
	230
Other Income	

		2,235
		2,233
		1,865
		,
		2,355
		,
TOTAL NON-INTEREST INCOM	IE .	
		5,431
		4,528
		1,520
		6,028
		3,020

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Salaries and Employee Benefits NOTE 17

Occupancy Expense Net

20

11,169

9,332

12,926

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	1,560
	,- 00
	1,260
	1,734
Furniture and Equipment Expense	
	1,670
	1,368
	1,877
Core Deposit Intangible Amortization	
	137
	-0-
	-0-

Other Real Estate Owned and Foreclosed Asset Expense	Net
	38
	15
	(4
)	
Other Expense NOTE 12	
	4,415
	1,115
	3,724
	4,920
<u> </u>	

TOTAL NON-INTEREST EXPENSE	
	18,989
	15,699
	21,453
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAXES	
	12,08
	11,166
	14,785

APPLICABLE INCOME TAXES	NOTE 13	
		4,238
		3,801
		5,017
NET INCOME		
\$		7,843
\$		
		7,365
\$		9,768

NET INCOME PER SHARE NOTE 18	
Basic	
\$	
	1.27
\$	
	1.19
\$	

1.59

Diluted	
	1.24
	1.17
	1.55
The accompanying Notes should be read with these financial statements.	
4	

SUMMIT BANCSHARES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

(Unaudited)
For the Three Months Ended
September 30,

	2004	2003
		Except Per Share
INTEREST INCOME		
Interest and Fees on Loans	\$ 10,297	\$ 7,754
Interest and Dividends on Investment Securities:		
Taxable	1,939	1,865
Exempt from Federal Income Taxes	74	53
Interest on Federal Funds Sold and Due From Time	51	37
TOTAL INTEREST INCOME	12,361	9,709
INTEREST EXPENSE		
Interest on Deposits	1,996	1,725
Interest on Short Term Borrowings	385	109
Interest on Notes Payable	25	-0-
Interest on Junior Subordinated Deferrable Debentures	127	-0-
TOTAL INTEREST EXPENSE	2,533	1,834
NET INTEREST INCOME	9,828	7,875
LESS: PROVISION FOR LOAN LOSSES NOTE 4	495	46
NET INTEREST INCOME AFTER PROVISION FOR LOAN LOSSES	9,333	7,829
NON-INTEREST INCOME		
Service Charges and Fees on Deposits	1,180	914
Gain on Sale of Investment Securities	32	89
Other Income	929	580
TOTAL NON-INTEREST INCOME	2,141	1,583
NON-INTEREST EXPENSE		
Salaries and Employee Benefits - NOTE 17	4,029	3,336
Occupancy Expense - Net	570	571
Furniture and Equipment Expense	610	493
Core Deposit Amortization	82	-0-
Other Real Estate Owned and Foreclosed Asset Expense - Net	23	28
Other Expense NOTE 12	1,795	1,228
TOTAL NON-INTEREST EXPENSE	7,109	5,656

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INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAXES	4,365		3,756
APPLICABLE INCOME TAXES NOTE 13	1,569		1,281
	 	_	
NET INCOME	\$ 2,796	\$	2,475
NET INCOME PER SHARE - NOTE 18			
Basic	\$ 0.45	\$	0.40
Diluted	0.44		0.39

The accompanying Notes should be read with these financial statements.

SUMMIT BANCSHARES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2004 AND 2003 AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2003 (Unaudited)

	Common S	Stock Amount	Capital Surplus	Retained Earnings	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income - Net Unrealized Gain (Loss) on Investment Securities	Treasury Stock	Total Share- Holder s Equity
			(D-II : Th-		Per Share Data)		
Balance at January 1, 2003	6,158,542		,		,	\$ (403)	\$ 64,938
Stock Options Exercised	45,575	57	223	Ψ 17,000	φ 2,001	ψ (103)	280
Purchases of Stock Held in Treasury	13,373	37	223			(523)	(523)
Retirement of Stock Held in						(0-0)	(0 = 0)
Treasury	(39,188)	(49)		(726)		775	-0-
Cash Dividend38 Per Share	(-1, -1,	()		(2,343)			(2,343)
Net Income for the Nine Months				(=,= !=)			(=,0 10)
Ended September 30, 2003				7,365			7,365
Securities Available-for-Sale				·			ŕ
Adjustment					(1,705)		(1,705)
Total Comprehensive Income - NOTE 25							5,660
Balance at September 30, 2003	6,164,929	7,706	7,345	51,956	1,156	(151)	68,012
Stock Options Exercised	7,650	9	76				85
Purchases of Stock Held in							
Treasury						(486)	(486)
Retirement of Stock Held in							
Treasury	(20,250)	(25)		(509)		534	-0-
Cash Dividend14 Per Share				(862)			(862)
Net Income for the Three Months				2 402			2 402
Ended December 31, 2003				2,403			2,403
Securities Available-for-Sale					(460)		(4(0)
Adjustment					(468)		(468)
Total Comprehensive Income - NOTE 25							1,935
-							
Balance at December 31, 2003	6,152,329	7,690	7,421	52,988	688	(103)	68,684
Stock Options Exercised	38,970	49	159				208
Purchases of Stock Held							.=
in Treasury						(581)	(581)
Retirement of Stock Held	(0.4.000)	(20)		//FA		Z0.4	
in Treasury	(24,200)	(30)		(654)		684	-0- (2.590)
Cash Dividend42 Per Share				(2,589)			(2,589)
Net Income for the							
Nine Months Ended				7 0 4 2			7 0 1 2
September 30, 2004 Securities Available-				7,843			7,843
for-Sale Adjustment					(17)		(17)
101-3aic Aujusunent					(17)		(17)

Total Comprehensive Income - NOTE 25							7,826
Balance at September 30, 2004	6,167,099 \$	7,709 \$	7,580 \$	57,588 \$	671 \$	-0- \$	73,548

The accompanying Notes should be read with these financial statements.

SUMMIT BANCSHARES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2004 AND 2003 AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2003

Received that Properties
Net Income
Net Income \$ 7,843 \$ 7,365 \$ 9,768 Adjustments to Reconcile Net Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities: 1,204 997 1,370 Depreciation and Amortization 1,204 997 1,370 Net Premium Amortization of Investment Securities 1,035 1,117 1,486 Amortization of Core Deposit Intangible 137 -0- -0- Provision for Loan Losses 1,500 586 880 Deferred Income Taxes Expense (Benefit) (493) (108) 336 Net Gain on Sale of Investment Securities (32) (101) (230) Net Gain on Sale of Investment Securities (37) (46 (460) Net Increase in Accrued Income and Other Assets (3,146) (139) (68) Net Increase in Accrued Income and Other Assets 3,146 (139) (68) Net Increase in Accrued Income and Other Assets 8,048 8,963 13,154 CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: September 1,1598 3,386 NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES: September 2,1598 3,386 Ne
Adjustments to Reconcile Net Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities 1,204 997 1,370 1,370 Net Premium Amortization of Investment Securities 1,035 1,117 1,486 Amortization of Core Deposit Intangible 137 -0 -0 -0 Provision for Loan Losses 1,500 586 880 Deferred Income Taxes Expense (Benefit) (493) (108) 336 Net Gain on Sale of Investment Securities (32) (101) (230)
Depreciation and Amortization 1,204 997 1,370 Net Premium Amortization of Investment Securities 1,035 1,117 1,486 Amortization of Core Deposit Intangible 137 -0 -0 -0 Provision for Loan Losses 1,500 586 880 Deferred Income Taxes Expense (Benefit) (493) (108) 336 Net Gain on Sale of Investment Securities (32) (101) (230) Net (Gain) Loss From Sale of Other Real Estate & Repossessed Assets (69) 10 10 Net Gain From Sale of Premises and Equipment (37) (46)
Net Premium Amortization of Investment Securities 1,035 1,117 1,486 Amortization of Core Deposit Intagible 137 -0- -0- Provision for Loan Losses 1,500 586 880 Deferred Income Taxes Expense (Benefit) (493) (108) 336 Net Gain on Sale of Investment Securities (32) (101) (230) Net Gain Joss From Sale of Other Real Estate & Repossessed Assets (69) 10 10 Net Gain Income and Other Assets (3,146) (139) (68) Net Increase in Accrued Income and Other Assets (3,146) (139) (68) Net Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Expenses and Other Liabilities 106 (718) (352) Total Adjustments 205 1,598 3,386 NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES: 8,048 8,963 13,154 CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: 8,048 8,963 13,154 CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: 116,413 40,189 101,354 Proceeds from Matured and Prepaid Investment Securities 116,413 40,189 101,
Amortization of Core Deposit Intangible 137 -0 -0- Provision for Loan Losses 1,500 586 88 Deferred Income Taxes Expense (Benefit) (493) (108) 336 Net Gain on Sale of Investment Securities (32) (101) (230) Net Gain From Sale of Other Real Estate & Repossessed Assets (69) 10 10 Net Gain From Sale of Premises and Equipment (37) (46) (46) Net Gain From Sale of Premises and Equipment (37) (46) (46) Net Increase in Accrued Income and Other Assets (3,146) (139) (68) Net Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Expenses and Other Liabilities 106 (718) (352) Total Adjustments 205 1,598 3,386 NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES 8,048 8,963 13,154 CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES 8 8,048 8,963 13,154 CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES 8 8,048 8,963 13,154 CASH FLOWS FROM Investment Securities 5,291 (462)
Provision for Loan Losses 1,500 586 880 Deferred Income Taxes Expense (Benefit) (493) (108) 336 Net Gain on Sale of Investment Securities (32) (101) (230) Net (Gain) Loss From Sale of Other Real Estate & Repossessed Assets (69) 10 10 Net Gain From Sale of Premises and Equipment (37) (46) (46) Net Increase in Accrued Income and Other Assets (3,146) (139) (68) Net Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Expenses and Other Liabilities 106 (718) (352) Total Adjustments 205 1,598 3,386 NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES: 8,048 8,963 13,154 CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: 8 8,048 8,963 13,154 CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: 8 116,413 40,189 101,534 Proceeds from Matured and Prepaid Investment Securities 116,413 40,189 101,534 Proceeds from Matured and Prepaid Investment Securities 126,040 104,928 125,620 Purchase of Investment Securities
Deferred Income Taxes Expense (Benefit)
Net Gain on Sale of Investment Securities (32) (101) (230) Net (Gain) Loss From Sale of Other Real Estate & Repossessed Assets (69) 10 10 Net Gain From Sale of Premises and Equipment (37) (46) (46) Net Increase in Accrued Income and Other Assets (3,146) (139) (68) Net Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Expenses and Other Liabilities 106 (718) (352) Total Adjustments 205 1,598 3,386 NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES 8,048 8,963 13,154 CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Value of Cash
Net (Gain) Loss From Sale of Other Real Estate & Repossessed Assets (69) 10 10 Net Gain From Sale of Premises and Equipment (37) (46) (46) Net Increase in Accrued Income and Other Assets (3,146) (139) (68) Net Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Expenses and Other Liabilities 106 (718) (352) Total Adjustments 205 1,598 3,386 NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES 8,048 8,963 13,154 CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: 116,413 40,189 101,354 CASH FLOWS FROM MINVESTING ACTIVITIES: 116,413 40,189 101,354 Proceeds from Matured and Prepaid Investment Securities 122,306 104
Net Gain From Sale of Premises and Equipment (37) (46) (46) Net Increase in Accrued Income and Other Assets (3,146) (139) (68) Net Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Expenses and Other Liabilities 106 (718) (352) Total Adjustments 205 1,598 3,386 NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES 8,048 8,963 13,154 CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Value of the contractive of the
Net Increase in Accrued Income and Other Assets (3,146) (139) (68) Net Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Expenses and Other Liabilities 106 (718) (352) Total Adjustments 205 1,598 3,386 NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES 8,048 8,963 13,154 CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Net Decrease (Increase) in Federal Funds Sold and Due From Time 5,291 (462) (1,074) Proceeds from Matured and Prepaid Investment Securities 116,413 40,189 101,354 Proceeds from Sales of Investment Securities 22,306 104,928 125,620 Purchase of Investment Securities (162,740) (185,253) (253,971) Premium Paid for ANB Financial Corporation (10,538) -0- -0- Net Assets Acquired in the Purchase of ANB Financial Corporation (Net of Acquired Cash of \$3,871) (2,039) -0- -0- Loans Originated and Principal Repayments, Net (76,714) (49,224) (85,163) Recoveries of Loans Previously Charged-Off 289 567 737 Proceeds from Sale of Other Real Estate & Repossessed Assets
Net Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Expenses and Other Liabilities 106 (718) (352) Total Adjustments 205 1,598 3,386 NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES 8,048 8,963 13,154 CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Net Decrease (Increase) in Federal Funds Sold and Due From Time 5,291 (462) (1,074) Proceeds from Matured and Prepaid Investment Securities 116,413 40,189 101,354 Proceeds from Sales of Investment Securities 22,306 104,928 125,620 Purchase of Investment Securities (162,740) (185,253) (253,971) Premium Paid for ANB Financial Corporation (10,538) -0- -0- Net Assets Acquired in the Purchase of ANB Financial Corporation (Net of Acquired (2,039) -0- -0- Cash of \$3,871) (2,039) -0- -0- -0- Loans Originated and Principal Repayments, Net (76,714) (49,224) (85,163) Recoveries of Loans Previously Charged-Off 289 567 737 Proceeds from Sale of Other Real Estate & Repossessed Assets 638 1
Total Adjustments 205 1,598 3,386 NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES 8,048 8,963 13,154 CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Net Decrease (Increase) in Federal Funds Sold and Due From Time 5,291 (462) (1,074) Proceeds from Matured and Prepaid Investment Securities 116,413 40,189 101,354 Proceeds from Sales of Investment Securities 22,306 104,928 125,620 Purchase of Investment Securities (16,2740) (185,253) (253,971) Premium Paid for ANB Financial Corporation (10,538) -0- -0- Net Assets Acquired in the Purchase of ANB Financial Corporation (Net of Acquired (20,039) -0- -0- Cash of \$3,871) (2,039) -0- -0- Loans Originated and Principal Repayments, Net (76,714) (49,224) (85,163) Recoveries of Loans Previously Charged-Off 289 567 737 Proceeds from Sale of Other Real Estate & Repossessed Assets 638 1,257 1,257 Purchases of Premises and Equipment (1,524) (2,981) (3,038)
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Loans Originated and Principal Repayments, Net(76,714)(49,224)(85,163)Recoveries of Loans Previously Charged-Off289567737Proceeds from Sale of Premises and Equipment57278279Proceeds from Sale of Other Real Estate & Repossessed Assets6381,2571,257Purchases of Premises and Equipment(1,524)(2,981)(3,038)NET CASH USED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES(108,561)(90,701)(113,999)CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:
Recoveries of Loans Previously Charged-Off 289 567 737 Proceeds from Sale of Premises and Equipment 57 278 279 Proceeds from Sale of Other Real Estate & Repossessed Assets 638 1,257 1,257 Purchases of Premises and Equipment (1,524) (2,981) (3,038) NET CASH USED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES (108,561) (90,701) (113,999) CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:
Proceeds from Sale of Premises and Equipment 57 278 279 Proceeds from Sale of Other Real Estate & Repossessed Assets 638 1,257 1,257 Purchases of Premises and Equipment (1,524) (2,981) (3,038) NET CASH USED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES (108,561) (90,701) (113,999) CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:
Proceeds from Sale of Other Real Estate & Repossessed Assets Purchases of Premises and Equipment (1,524) (2,981) (3,038) NET CASH USED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES (108,561) (90,701) (113,999) CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:
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NET CASH USED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES (108,561) (90,701) (113,999) CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:
Net Increase in Demand Deposits, Savings
Accounts and Interest Bearing Transaction Accounts 51,368 47,052 49,540
Net Increase in Certificates of Deposit 15,202 8,470 9,892
Net Increase in Short Term Borrowings 24,499 31,975 44,979
Proceeds from Notes Payable 2,250 -0-
Proceeds from Issuance of Junior Subordinated Debentures 12,372 -0-
Payments of Cash Dividends (2,589) (2,343) (3,205)
Proceeds from Stock Options Exercised 208 280 365
Purchase of Treasury Stock (581) (523) (1,009)

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NET CASH PROVIDED BY FINANCING ACTIVITIES		102,729		84,911		100,562
			_		_	
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND DUE FROM BANKS		2,216		3,173		(283)
CASH AND DUE FROM BANKS AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD		28,620		28,903		28,903
			_		_	
CASH AND DUE FROM BANKS AT END OF PERIOD	\$	30,836	\$	32,076	\$	28,620
	_		_		_	
SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULE OF OPERATING AND INVESTING ACTIVITIES						
Interest Paid	\$	6,506	\$	5,612	\$	7,497
Income Taxes Paid		4,821		3,631		4,296
Other Real Estate and Other Assets Acquired in Settlement of Loans The accompanying Notes should be read with these financial statements.		55		-0-		-0-

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SUMMIT BANCSHARES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2004 AND 2003 (UNAUDITED) AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2003 (UNAUDITED)

NOTE 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting and reporting policies of Summit Bancshares, Inc. are in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and the prevailing practices within the banking industry. A summary of the more significant policies follows:

Basis of Presentation and Principles of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements of Summit Bancshares, Inc. (hereinafter, collectively with its subsidiaries, the Corporation), include its accounts and its direct and indirect wholly-owned subsidiaries, Summit Delaware Financial Corporation, Summit Bank, National Association (the Bank), SIA Insurance Agency, Inc. (SIA). All significant intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting periods. Actual results could differ materially from those estimates.

Cash and Due From Banks

The Bank is required to maintain certain noninterest-bearing cash balances at the Federal Reserve Bank based on its level of deposits. During the first nine months of 2004, the average cash balance maintained at the Federal Reserve Bank was \$2,422,000. Compensating balances held at other correspondent banks, to minimize service charges, averaged approximately \$21,722,000 during the same period.

Investment Securities

The Corporation has adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 115, Accounting for Certain Investments in Debt and Equity Securities (SFAS 115). At the date of purchase, the Corporation is required to classify debt and equity securities into one of three categories: held-to-maturity, trading or available-for-sale. At each reporting date, the appropriateness of the classification is reassessed. Investments in debt securities are classified as held-to-maturity and measured at amortized cost in the financial statements only if management has the positive intent and ability to hold those securities to maturity. Securities that are bought and held principally for the purpose of selling them in the near term are classified as trading and measured at fair value in the financial statements with unrealized gains and losses included in earnings. Investments not classified as either held-to-maturity or trading are classified as available-for-sale and measured at fair value in the financial statements with unrealized gains and losses reported, net of tax, in a separate component of shareholders equity until realized.

The Corporation has the ability and intent to hold to maturity its investment securities classified as held-to-maturity; accordingly, no adjustment has been made for the excess, if any, of amortized cost over market. In determining the investment category classifications at the time of purchase of securities, management considers its asset/liability strategy, changes in interest rates and prepayment risk, the need to increase capital and other factors. Under certain circumstances (including the deterioration of the issuer s creditworthiness, a change in tax law, or statutory or regulatory requirements), the Corporation may change the investment security classification. In the periods reported for 2004 and 2003, the Corporation held no securities that would have been classified as trading securities.

All investment securities are adjusted for amortization of premiums and accretion of discounts. Amortization of premiums and accretion of discounts are recorded to income over the contractual maturity or estimated life of the individual investment on the level yield method. Gain or loss on sale of investments is based upon the specific identification method and the gain or loss is recorded in non-interest income. Income earned on the Corporation s investments in state and political subdivisions is not taxable.

Loans and Allowance for Loan Losses

Loans are stated at the principal amount outstanding less unearned discount, deferred fees and the allowance for loan losses. Unearned discount on installment loans is recognized as income over the terms of the loans by a method approximating the interest method. Interest

income on all other loans is recognized based upon the principal amounts outstanding, the simple interest method. Loan origination fee income, net of direct loan origination costs, is deferred and amortized over the life of the related loan. The accrual of interest on a loan is discontinued when, in the opinion of management, there is doubt about the ability of the borrower to pay interest or principal. Interest previously earned, but uncollected on such loans, is written off. After loans are placed on non-accrual all payments received are applied to principal and no interest income is recorded until the loan is returned to accrual status or the principal has been reduced to zero.

NOTE 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (cont d.)

The Corporation has adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 114, Accounting by Creditors for Impairment of a Loan, as amended by Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 118, Accounting by Creditors for Impairment of a Loan - Income Recognition and Disclosure. Under this standard, the allowance for loan losses related to loans that are identified for evaluation in accordance with Statement No. 114 (impaired loans) is based on discounted cash flows using the loan s initial effective rate or the fair value of the collateral for certain collateral dependent loans.

The allowance for loan losses is comprised of amounts charged against income in the form of a provision for loan losses for certain loans when it is probable that all amounts due pursuant to the contractual terms of the loan will not be collected. In these situations, a reserve is recorded when the carrying amount of the loan exceeds the discounted cash flows using the loan s initial effective interest rate or the fair value of the collateral for certain collateral dependent loans. Income on impaired loans is recognized based on the collectibility of the principal amount. Adjustments to the allowance for loan losses will be reported in the period such adjustments become known or are reasonably estimable.

The amount maintained in the allowance reflects management s continuing assessment of the potential losses inherent in its loan portfolio based on its evaluation of a number of factors, including the Bank s loss experience in relation to outstanding loans and the existing level of the allowance, prevailing and prospective economic conditions, and management s continuing review of the discounted cash flow values of impaired loans and its evaluation of the quality of the loan portfolio. Loans are charged against the allowance for loan losses when management believes that the collectibility of the principal is unlikely.

The evaluation of the adequacy of loan collateral is often based upon estimates and appraisals. Because of changing economic conditions, the valuations determined from such estimates and appraisals may also change. Accordingly, the Corporation may ultimately incur losses which vary from management scurrent estimates.

Premises and Equipment

Land is carried at cost. Premises and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and amortization. Depreciation expense is computed on the straight-line method based upon the estimated useful lives of the assets ranging from three to forty years. Maintenance and repairs are charged to non-interest expense. Renewals and betterments are added to the asset accounts and depreciated over the periods benefited. Depreciable assets sold or retired are removed from the asset and related accumulated depreciation accounts and any gain or loss is reflected in the income and expense accounts.

Goodwill

Goodwill represents the excess of the purchase price over the fair value of net assets acquired in business combinations under the purchase method of accounting. The Corporation has adopted Financial Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 142 (FAS 142), Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets . FAS 142 eliminates amortization of goodwill associated with business combinations completed after June 30, 2001. Goodwill is periodically assessed for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value of the asset may not be recoverable. The Corporation bases its evaluation on such impairment factors as the nature of the assets, the future economic benefit of the assets, any historical or future profitability measurements, as well as other external market conditions or factors that may be present.

Amortization of Core Deposit Intangibles

Core Deposit Intangibles (CDI) are amortized using a straight line amortization method over an estimated useful life of eight years.

Other Real Estate

Other real estate is foreclosed property held pending disposition and is valued at the lower of its fair value or the recorded investment in the related loan. At foreclosure, if the fair value, less estimated costs to sell, of the real estate acquired is less than the Corporation s recorded investment in the related loan, a write-down is recognized through a charge to the allowance for loan losses. Any subsequent reduction in value is recognized by a charge to income. Operating expenses of such properties, net of related income, and gains and losses on their disposition are included in non-interest expense.

Federal Income Taxes

The Corporation joins with its subsidiaries in filing a consolidated federal income tax return. The subsidiaries pay to the parent a charge equivalent to their current federal income tax based on the separate taxable income of the subsidiaries.

The Corporation and its subsidiaries maintain their records for financial reporting and income tax reporting purposes on the accrual basis of accounting. Deferred income taxes are provided in accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 109, Accounting for Income Taxes. Deferred income taxes are provided for accumulated temporary differences due to basic differences for assets and liabilities for financial reporting and income tax purposes.

Realization of net deferred tax assets is dependent on generating sufficient future taxable income. Although realization is not assured, management believes it is more likely than not that all of the net deferred tax assets will be realized. The amount of the net deferred tax asset considered realizable, however, could be reduced in the near term if estimates of future taxable income are reduced.

NOTE 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (cont d.)

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For the purpose of presentation in the Statements of Cash Flows, cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, clearings and exchanges, and balances due from correspondent banks.

Reclassification

Certain reclassifications have been made to the 2003 financial statements to conform to the 2004 presentation.

Earnings Per Common and Common Equivalent Shares

Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 128 (SFAS 128), Earnings Per Share, requires presentation of basic and diluted earnings per share. Basic earnings per share has been computed by dividing net income available to common shareholders by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding for the reporting period. Diluted earnings per share reflects the potential dilution that could occur if securities or other contracts to issue common stock were exercised or converted into common stock. Net income per share for all periods presented has been calculated in accordance with SFAS 128. Outstanding stock options issued by the Corporation represent the only dilutive effect reflected in diluted weighted average shares.

Stock Based Compensation

The Corporation accounts for stock-based compensation in accordance with the intrinsic value based method recommended by Accounting Principles Board Opinion No. 25, Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees. Under the intrinsic value based method, compensation cost is the excess, if any, of the quoted market price of the stock at grant date over the amount an employee must pay to acquire the stock. The impact on the financial statements of using this method is disclosed below.

Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 123, Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation, as amended by Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 148 (SFAS 123), requires proforma disclosures of net income and earnings per share for companies not adopting its fair value accounting method for stock-based compensation. The proforma disclosures presented below use the fair value method of SFAS 123 to measure compensation expense for stock-based compensation plans.

The Corporation accounts for its stock-based compensation plans under the recognition and measurement principles of Accounting Principles Board Opinion No. 25, Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees, under which no compensation cost has been recognized for options granted. The following table illustrates the effect on net income and earnings per share if the Corporation had applied the fair value recognition provisions of SFAS No. 123 to stock-based compensation:

	M F Sep	Nine Ionths Ended otember 0, 2004	Year Ended December 31, 2003
Net Income, as Reported	\$	7,843	\$ 9,768
Deduct: Total stock-based compensation expense determined under fair value based method for all awards, net of related tax effects		(99)	(135)
Pro Forma Net Income	\$	7,744	\$ 9,633
	_		
Earnings Per Share:			
Basic as Reported	\$	1.27	\$ 1.59
Basic Pro Forma		1.26	1.56
Diluted as Reported		1.24	1.55
Diluted Pro Forma		1.22	1.52
Comprehensive Income			

Comprehensive income includes all changes in shareholders—equity during a period, except those resulting from investments by and distributions to owners and treasury stock transactions. Besides net income, the other component of the Corporation—s comprehensive income is the after tax effect of changes in the fair value of available-for-sale securities. Comprehensive income for the periods ended September 30, 2004 and 2003 and for the year ended December 31, 2003 is reported in Note 25, Comprehensive Income.

NOTE 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (cont d.)

Audited Financial Statements

The consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2003, and the consolidated statements of income, changes in shareholders equity and cash flows for the year ended December 31, 2003 are headed unaudited in these financial statements. These statements were reported as audited in our Annual Report of Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2003 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission but are required to be reflected in these statements as unaudited because of the absence of an independent auditor s report.

NOTE 2 Acquisitions

On May 1, 2004, the Corporation completed its merger with ANB Financial Corporation and its wholly-owned subsidiary, Arlington National Bank of Arlington, Texas (collectively, ANB). Under the terms of the merger agreement with ANB, the Corporation acquired ANB for approximately \$16.0 million in cash. ANB was privately held and operated four (4) banking offices in Arlington, Texas. On May 1, 2004, ANB had total assets of \$89.0 million, loans of \$59.4 million, deposits of \$83.6 million and shareholder s equity of \$3.1 million. This acquisition was partially funded through the formation of Summit Bancshares, Inc. Statutory Trust I and its subsequent issuance of \$12.0 million of its floating rate Capital Securities.

NOTE 3 - Investment Securities

A summary of amortized cost and estimated fair values of investment securities is as follows (in thousands):

		September 30, 2004									
	Amortized Unit Cost		Uni	Gross realized Gains	Uı	Gross nrealized Losses		Fair Value			
Investment Securities Available-for-Sale											
U.S. Government Agencies and Corporations	\$	155,191	\$	1,813	\$	(512)	\$	156,492			
U.S. Government Agency Mortgage Backed Securities		45,967		112		(643)		45,436			
Obligations of States and Political Subdivisions		8,024		168		(17)		8,175			
Community Reinvestment Act Investment Fund		3,000		96		-0-		3,096			
Federal Reserve and Federal Home Loan Bank Stock		5,989		-0-		-0-		5,989			
Other		76		-0-		-0-		76			
							_				
Total Available-for-Sale Securities		218,247		2,189		(1,172)		219,264			
	_										
Total Investment Securities	\$	218,247	\$	2,189	\$	(1,172)	\$	219,264			

All investment securities are carried on the consolidated balance sheet as of September 30, 2004 at fair value. The net unrealized gain of \$1,017,000 is included in the Available-for-Sale Investment Securities balance. The unrealized gain, net of tax, is included in Shareholders Equity.

Included in the Federal Reserve and Federal Home Loan Bank Stock category at September 30, 2004 is \$5,189,000 of Federal Home Loan Bank Stock and \$800,000 of Federal Reserve Stock which are classified as restricted investment securities, carried at cost, and evaluated for impairment. No impairment losses were recorded as of September 30, 2004. The Corporation was required at September 30, 2004 to have stock holdings of Federal Home Loan Bank Stock equal to .20% of the Corporation s total assets as of the previous year end plus 4.25% of its outstanding advancements from the Federal Home Loan Bank (FHLB). The Corporation is also required to have stock holdings of Federal Reserve Stock equal to 6% of its Capital Stock and Surplus.

NOTE 3 - Investment Securities (cont d.)

A summary of amortized cost and estimated fair values of investment securities is as follows (in thousands):

Ser	tembei	• 30.	2003

	Amortized Cost		Gross Unrealized Gains		Gross Unrealized Losses			Fair Value
Investment Securities Available-for-Sale								
U.S. Government Agencies and Corporations	\$	135,192	\$	2,509	\$	(776)	\$	136,925
U.S. Government Agency Mortgage Backed Securities		60,396		148		(308)		60,236
Obligations of States and Political Subdivisions		6,865		144		(47)		6,962
Community Reinvestment Act Investment Fund		3,000		82		-0-		3,082
Federal Reserve and Federal Home Loan Bank Stock		2,843		-0-		-0-		2,843
							_	
Total Available-for-Sale Securities		208,296		2,883		(1,131)		210,048
							_	
Total Investment Securities	\$	208,296	\$	2,883	\$	(1,131)	\$	210,048

All investment securities are carried on the consolidated balance sheet as of September 30, 2003 at fair value. The net unrealized gain of \$1,752,000 is included in the Available-for-Sale Investment Securities balance. The unrealized gain, net of tax, is included in Shareholders Equity.

Included in the Federal Reserve and Federal Home Loan Bank Stock category at September 30, 2003 was \$2,523,000 of Federal Home Loan Bank Stock and \$320,000 of Federal Reserve Stock which are classified as restricted investment securities, carried at cost, and evaluated for impairment. No impairment losses were recorded as of September 30, 2003. The Corporation was required at September 30, 2003 to have stock holdings of Federal Home Loan Bank Stock equal to .20% of the Corporation s total assets as of the previous year end plus 4.25% of its outstanding advancements from the FHLB. The Corporation was also required to have stock holdings of Federal Reserve Stock equal to 6% of its Capital Stock and Surplus.

NOTE 4 - Loans and Allowance for Loan Losses

The book values of loans by major type are as follows (in thousands):

		Septem	0,			
	2004 2003			2003		2003
Commercial	\$	257,721	\$	211,616	\$	219,805
Real Estate Mortgage - Commercial		198,796		142,317		159,082
Real Estate Mortgage - Residential		81,318		61,676		67,635
Real Estate Construction		111,641		69,840		74,069
Loans to Individuals		40,430		32,545		33,178
					_	
		689,906		517,994		553,769
Allowance for Loan Losses		(10,079)		(7,483)		(7,784)
					_	
Loans - Net	\$	679,827	\$	510,511	\$	545,985

Loans are net of unearned income of \$890,000 and \$629,000 at September 30, 2004 and 2003, respectively, and \$690,000 at December 31, 2003.

NOTE 4 - Loans and Allowance for Loan Losses (cont d.)

Transactions in the allowance for loan losses are summarized as follows (in thousands):

		Nine Months Ended September 30,				ar Ended ecember 31,
		2004 2003			2003	
Balance, Beginning of Period	\$	7,784	\$	6,706	\$	6,706
Balance Acquired in the Arlington National Bank Acquisition		1,254		-0-		-0-
Provisions, Charged to Income		1,500		586		880
Loans Charged-Off		(748)		(376)		(539)
Recoveries of Loans Previously						
Charged-Off		289		567		737
	_		_			
Net Loans (Charged-Off) Recovered		(459)		191		198
Balance, End of Period	\$	10,079	\$	7,483	\$	7,784
					_	

The provisions for loan losses charged to operating expenses during the nine months ended September 30, 2004 and September 30, 2003 of \$1,500,000 and \$586,000, respectively, were considered adequate to maintain the allowance in accordance with the policy discussed in Note 1, Summary of Significant Accounting Policies . For the year ended December 31, 2003, a provision of \$880,000 was recorded.

At September 30, 2004, the recorded investment in loans that are considered to be impaired under Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 114 was \$1,606,000 (of which \$1,606,000 were on non-accrual status). The related allowance for loan losses for these loans was \$227,000. The average recorded investment in impaired loans during the nine months ended September 30, 2004 was approximately \$1,599,000. For this period the Corporation recognized no interest income on these impaired loans.

NOTE 5 - Premises and Equipment

The investment in premises and equipment stated at cost and net of accumulated amortization and depreciation is as follows (in thousands):

		Septem	0,				
		2004			December 31, 2003		
Land	\$	3,038	\$	2,212	\$	2,212	
Buildings and Improvements		12,056		10,209		10,209	
Furniture & Equipment		11,695		10,674		10,515	
Total Cost		26,789		23,095		22,936	
Less: Accumulated Amortization and Depreciation		11,146		9,858		10,016	
Net Book Value	\$	15,643	\$	13,237	\$	12,920	

NOTE 6 Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets

Goodwill represents the excess of the purchase price over the fair value of net assets acquired in business combinations under the purchase method of accounting. The Corporation has adopted Financial Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 142 (FAS 142), Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets . FAS 142 eliminates amortization of goodwill associated with business combinations completed after June 30, 2001. Goodwill is periodically assessed for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value of the asset may not be recoverable. The Corporation bases its evaluation on such impairment factors as the nature of the assets, the future economic benefit of the assets, any historical or future profitability measurements, as well as other external market conditions or factors that may be present. On May 1,

2004, the Corporation completed its acquisition of ANB. A premium of \$10.7 million was paid in connection with the acquisition of ANB, \$2.7 million of which was identified as core deposit intangibles. The remaining \$8.0 million has been recorded as goodwill. In accordance with FAS 142, the goodwill will not be amortized. The core deposit intangibles are being amortized using a straight line method over their estimated useful life of 8 years. Amortization expense of \$137,000 has been recorded on the core deposit intangibles through September 30, 2004.

NOTE 7 - Other Real Estate

The carrying value of other real estate is as follows (in thousands):

		Septem	2003			- December 31,		
	_	2004		2003		2003		
Other Real Estate	\$	-0-	\$	-0-	\$	-0-		

There was no Other Real Estate at September 30, 2004. There were no direct write-downs of other real estate charged to income for the nine months ended September 30, 2004 or September 30, 2003. There were also no direct write-downs of other real estate charged to income for the year ended December 31, 2003.

Included in Other Assets at September 30, 2004 was \$4,000 of Other Foreclosed Assets. These assets were comprised of motor vehicles. There were no direct write-downs of these assets as of September 30, 2004. There were no Other Foreclosed Assets as of September 30, 2003.

NOTE 8 - Deposits

The book values of deposits by major type are as follows (in thousands):

		Septen	30,			
	_	2004		2003		cember 31, 2003
Noninterest-Bearing Demand Deposits	\$	232,586	\$	180,765	\$	192,877
Interest-Bearing Deposits:						
Interest-Bearing Transaction						
Accounts and Money Market Funds		245,472		208,176		195,184
Savings		160,338		124,262		127,630
Certificates of Deposits under \$100,000 and IRA s		72,462		62,722		62,275
Certificates of Deposits \$100,000 or more		80,450		61,230		63,099
Other		216		316		316
					_	
Total		558,938		456,706		448,504
Total Deposits	\$	791,524	\$	637,471	\$	641,381

NOTE 9 - Short Term Borrowings

Securities sold under repurchase agreements generally represent borrowings with maturities ranging from one to thirty days. Information relating to these borrowings is summarized as follows (in thousands):

		Nine Mon Septem			ear Ended	
	2004			2003	De	2003
Securities Sold Under Repurchase Agreements:						
Average Balance	\$	31,558	\$	20,175	\$	26,850
Period-End Balance		36,733		27,030		32,234
Maximum Month-End Balance During Period		36,733		27,030		32,234
Interest Rate:						
Average		0.64%	,	0.49%)	0.31%
Period-End		1.14% 0.53)	0.44%

Federal Home Loan Bank Advances:					
Average Balance	\$ 71,423	\$	25,637	\$	30,532
Period-End Balance	70,000		27,000		50,000
Maximum Month-End Balance During Period	100,000		34,300		50,000
Interest Rate:					
Average	1.56%)	1.80%	1.65%	
Period-End	1.80%)	1.53%		1.52%
Federal Funds Purchased:					
Average Balance	\$ 2,197	\$	2,007	\$	2,774
Period-End Balance	-0-		7,200		-0-
Maximum Month-End Balance During Period	21,525		7,200		7,200
Interest Rate:					
Average	1.32%)	1.50%	1.41%	
Period-End	0.00%)	1.36%		0.00%

Note 9 Short Term Borrowings (cont d.)

The Corporation has available a line of credit with the FHLB of Dallas which allows it to borrow on a collateralized basis at a fixed term. The borrowings are collateralized by a blanket floating lien on all first mortgage loans, the FHLB capital stock owned by the Corporation and any funds on deposit with FHLB. At September 30, 2004, the Corporation had \$70.0 million of borrowings outstanding under the line of credit at a rate of 1.80%, \$20.0 million of which matures in 2004, \$40.0 million of which matures in 2005 and the last \$10.0 million of which matures in April 2006. Through September 30, 2004, the Corporation had average borrowings on this line of \$71.4 million. At September 30, 2003, the Corporation had \$27.0 million of borrowings outstanding under the line of credit at an average rate of 1.51%. In addition, at September 30, 2003, the Corporation had another \$8.0 million borrowed under an arrangement to purchase an investment security which matured in October 2003.

NOTE 10 Notes Payable

On September 15, 2004, the Corporation obtained a line of credit from a bank under which the Corporation may borrow \$10,000,000 at a floating rate (three month LIBOR plus a margin of 2.00%). The line of credit is secured by stock of the Bank and matures on September 15, 2005, whereupon, if balances are outstanding, the line converts to term notes having five year terms. The Corporation will not pay a fee for any unused portion of the line. At September 30, 2004, \$2,250,000 had been borrowed under this line. The rate at September 30, 2004 was 3.61%.

NOTE 11 Junior Subordinated Deferrable Debentures

On May 3, 2004, the Corporation formed Summit Bancshares, Inc. Statutory Trust I (SBI Trust) and SBI Trust subsequently issued \$12.0 million of floating rate (three month LIBOR plus a margin of 2.65%) Capital Securities (the Trust Capital Securities). Concurrent with the issuance of the Trust Capital Securities, SBI Trust issued trust common securities to the Corporation in the aggregate liquidation value of \$372,000. The proceeds of the issuance of the Trust Capital Securities and trust common securities were invested in the Corporation s Floating Rate Junior Subordinated Deferrable Debentures (the Deferrable Debentures), which mature on July 7, 2034 and have a call feature that permits the Corporation to redeem any or all of the securities after July 7, 2009. The interest rate on the Deferrable Debentures at September 30, 2004 was 4.25%. The Deferrable Debentures, which are the only assets of SBI Trust, are subordinated and junior in right of payment to all present and future senior indebtedness (as defined in the Indenture dated May 3, 2004) of the Corporation.

NOTE 12 - Other Non-Interest Expense

The significant components of other non-interest expense are as follows (in thousands):

	Nine Months Ended September 30,					Year Ended		
	2004			2003		ember 31, 2003		
Business Development	\$	641	\$	594	\$	762		
Legal and Professional Fees		793		503		688		
Item Processing		653		532		672		
Printing and Supplies		303		315		435		
Regulatory Fees and Assessments		224		186		250		
Other		1,801		1,594		2,113		
	-							
Total	\$	4,415	\$	3,724	\$	4,920		

NOTE 13 - Income Taxes

Federal income taxes included in the consolidated balance sheets are as follows (in thousands):

		Septer	mber .	30,			
	_	2004	2003		December 31, 2003		
	-		_				
set (Liability)	\$	563	\$	69	\$	(39)	

Net Deferred Tax Asset	 2,715	1,879	1,677
Total Included in Other Assets	\$ 3,278	\$ 1,948	\$ 1,638

The net deferred tax asset at September 30, 2004 of \$2,715,000 included \$(346,000) related to unrealized gains on Available-for-Sale Securities.

NOTE 13 - Income Taxes (cont d.)

The components of income tax expense are as follows (in thousands):

		Nine Mon Septem	Year Ended			
		2004	2003			2003
Federal Income Tax Expense:						
Current	\$	4,731	\$	3,909	\$	4,681
Deferred (benefit)		(493)		(108)		336
Total Federal Income Tax Expense	\$	4,238	\$	3,801	\$	5,017
	_					
Effective Tax Rates		35.00%		34.00%		34.00%

The reasons for the difference between income tax expense and the amount computed by applying the statutory federal income tax rate to operating earnings are as follows (in thousands):

	· ·	Nine Months Ended September 30,				ear Ended
	2004 2003		2003			
Federal Income Taxes at Statutory Rate of 34.9%	\$	4,216	\$	3,830	\$	5,071
Effect of Tax Exempt Interest Income		(65)		(69)		(94)
Non-deductible Expenses		124		51		70
Other		(37)	_	(11)		(30)
Income Taxes Per Income Statement	\$	4,238	\$	3,801	\$	5,017

Deferred income tax expense (benefit) results from differences between amounts of assets and liabilities as measured for income tax return and financial reporting purposes. The significant components of federal deferred tax assets and liabilities are in the following table (in thousands):

	Nine Months Ended September 30,					Year Ended		
	2	004	2003		Dec	2003		
Federal Deferred Tax Assets:								
Allowance for Loan Losses	\$	3,517	\$	2,566	\$	2,667		
Valuation Reserves Other Real Estate		-0-		2		2		
Interest on Non-accrual Loans		181		171		121		
Unrealized Losses on Available-for-Sale Securities		-0-		-0-		-0-		
Deferred Compensation		599		542		541		
Net Operating Loss Carryforward		161		-0-		-0-		
Gross Federal Deferred Tax Assets		4,458		3,281		3,331		
Federal Deferred Tax Liabilities:								
Depreciation and Amortization		1,201		530		1,087		
Accretion		27		203		135		
Unrealized Gains on Available-for-Sale Securities		346		595		354		

Gross Federal Deferred Tax Liabilities 1,743 1,402 1,654	Other	169	74	78
Gross Federal Deferred Tax Liabilities 1,743 1,402 1,654		 	 	
	Gross Federal Deferred Tax Liabilities	1,743	1,402	1,654
Net Deferred Tax Asset \$ 2,715 \$ 1,879 \$ 1,677	Net Deferred Tax Asset	\$ 2,715	\$ 1,879	\$ 1,677

NOTE 14 - Related Party Transactions

The Bank has made transactions in the ordinary course of business with certain of its and the Corporation s officers, directors and their affiliates. All loans included in such transactions are made on substantially the same terms, including interest rate and

collateral, as those prevailing at the time for comparable transactions with other persons and all loans are current as to principal and interest payments. Total loans outstanding to such parties amounted to approximately \$10,599,000 at September 30, 2004, \$9,389,000 at December 31, 2003 and \$10,560,000 at September 30, 2003.

NOTE 15 - Commitments and Contingent Liabilities

In the normal course of business, there are various outstanding commitments and contingent liabilities, such as guarantees and commitments to extend credit, which are not reflected in the financial statements. No losses are anticipated as a result of these transactions. Commitments are most frequently extended for real estate, commercial and industrial loans.

At September 30, 2004, outstanding documentary and standby letters of credit totaled \$5,339,000 and commitments to extend credit totaled \$181,304,000.

In addition, the Corporation leases certain office facilities under operating leases. Rent expense for all operating leases totaled \$814,000 and \$737,000 for the nine months ended September 30, 2004 and 2003, respectively, and \$981,000 for the year ended December 31, 2003. Included in the September 30, 2004 totals is \$69,000 of lease expense related to the ANB facilities.

NOTE 16 - Stock Option Plans

The Corporation has two Incentive Stock Option Plans, the 1993 Plan and the 1997 Plan, (each, a Plan, and, collectively, the Plans). Each Plan has reserved 600,000 shares (adjusted for two-for-one stock splits in 1995 and 1997) of common stock for grants thereunder. The Plans provide for the granting to executive management and other key employees of the Corporation and its subsidiaries incentive stock options, as defined under the current tax law. The options under the Plans will be exercisable for ten years from the date of grant and generally vest ratably over a five year period. Options will be and have been granted at prices which will not be less than 100-110% of the fair market value of the underlying common stock at the date of grant.

The following is a summary of transactions during the periods presented:

	Shares Unde	r Option
	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2004	Year Ended December 31, 2003
Outstanding, Beginning of Period	379,659	418,934
Additional Options Granted During the Period	34,000	25,000
Forfeited During the Period	(19,000)	(11,050)
Exercised During the Period	(38,970)	(53,225)
Outstanding, End of Period	355,689	379,659

Options outstanding at September 30, 2004 ranged in price from \$5.25 to \$31.76 per share with a weighted average exercise price of \$15.13 and 277,249 shares exercisable. At September 30, 2004, there remained 321,250 shares reserved for future grants of options under the 1997 Plan. See Note 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Stock Based Compensation for information regarding the dilutive impact of these stock options.

NOTE 17 - Employee Benefit Plans

401(k) Plan

The Corporation implemented a 401(k) plan in December 1997 covering substantially all employees. The Corporation made no contribution to this plan in 1999 or 1998. Beginning in 2000, the Corporation has made matching contributions, not to exceed 6% of the employee s annual compensation, to the participant s deferrals of compensation up to 100% of the employee contributions.

The amount expensed in support of the 401(k) plan was \$417,000 and \$311,000 during the first nine months of 2004 and 2003, respectively, and \$411,000 for the year ended December 31, 2003.

Supplemental Executive Retirement Plan

In 2002, the Corporation established a Supplemental Executive Retirement Plan (the Retirement Plan) to provide key employees with retirement, death or disability benefits. For currently employed employees, the Retirement Plan replaces the previous Management Security Plan. The Retirement Plan is a defined contribution plan. The expense charged to earnings for such future obligations was \$126,000 and \$158,000 for the first nine months of 2004 and 2003, respectively, and \$202,000 for the year ended December 31, 2003.

Employment Contracts

The Chief Executive Officer of the Corporation has entered into a severance agreement providing for salary and fringe benefits in the event of termination, other than for cause, and under certain changes in control of the Corporation.

Other Post Retirement Benefits

The Corporation provides certain health care benefits for certain retired employees who bear all costs of these benefits. These benefits are covered under the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act (COBRA).

NOTE 18 - Earnings per Share

The following data shows the amounts used in computing earnings per share and the weighted average number of shares of dilutive potential common stock (dollars in thousands):

	Nine Months Ended September 30,					ear Ended	
	2004 2003			2003	December 31 2003		
Net income	\$	7,843	\$	7,365	\$	9,768	
Weighted average number of common shares used in Basic EPS Effect of dilutive stock options	_	6,159,432 173,877	_	6,162,702 146,798	_	6,160,780 156,382	
Weighted number of common shares and dilutive potential common stock used in Diluted EPS	6,333,309 6,309,50					6,317,162	

NOTE 19 - Financial Instruments with Off-Balance Sheet Risk

The Corporation is a party to financial instruments with off-balance sheet risk in the normal course of business to meet the financing needs of its customers. These financial instruments include loan commitments, standby letters of credit and documentary letters of credit. The instruments involve, to varying degrees, elements of credit and interest rate risk in excess of the amount recognized in the financial statements.

The Corporation s exposure to credit loss in the event of non-performance by the other party of these loan commitments and standby letters of credit is represented by the contractual amount of those instruments. The Corporation uses the same credit policies in making commitments and conditional obligations as it does for on-balance sheet instruments.

The total contractual amounts of financial instruments with off-balance sheet risk are as follows (in thousands):

		Septem	DCI 3	υ,
		2004		2003
Financial Instruments Whose Contract Amounts Represent Credit Risk:				
Loan Commitments Including Unfunded Lines of Credit	\$	181,304	\$	147,313
Standby Letters of Credit		5,339		5,196

Loan commitments are agreements to lend to a customer as long as there is no customer violation of any condition established in the contract. Commitments generally have fixed expiration dates or other termination clauses and may require payment of a fee. Standby letters of credit are conditional commitments by the Corporation to guarantee the performance of a customer to a third party. The credit risk involved in issuing letters of credit is essentially the same as that involved in extending loan facilities to customers.

Since many of the loan commitments and letters of credit may expire without being drawn upon, the total commitment amount does not necessarily represent future cash requirements. The Corporation evaluates each customer s credit worthiness on a case-by-case basis. The amount of collateral obtained, if deemed necessary by the Corporation upon extension of credit, is based on management s credit evaluation of the counterparty. Collateral held varies but may include accounts receivable, inventory, property, plant and equipment, owner occupied real estate and income-producing commercial properties.

NOTE 20 - Concentrations of Credit Risk

The Bank makes commercial, consumer and real estate loans in its direct market which is defined as Fort Worth and its surrounding area. The Board of Directors of the Bank monitors concentrations of credit by purpose, collateral and industry at least quarterly. Certain limitations for concentration are set by the Board of Directors of the Bank. Additional loans in excess of these limits must have prior approval of the Bank s directors loan committee. Although the Bank has a diversified loan portfolio, a substantial portion of its debtors abilities to honor their contracts is dependent upon the strength of the local and state economy.

Sentember 30

NOTE 21 - Litigation

The Corporation is involved in legal actions arising in the ordinary course of business. It is the opinion of management, after reviewing such actions with outside legal counsel, that the settlement of these matters will not materially affect the Corporation s financial position.

NOTE 22 - Stock Repurchase Plan

On April 20, 2004, the Board of Directors of the Corporation approved a stock repurchase plan. The plan authorized management to purchase up to 307,680 shares of the Corporation s common stock over the next twelve months through the open market or in privately negotiated transactions in accordance with all applicable state and federal laws and regulations.

In the nine months ended September 30, 2004, 20,500 shares were purchased by the Corporation pursuant to the stock repurchase plan through the open market.

NOTE 23 - Subsequent Event

Letters of credit

On October 19, 2004, the Board of Directors of the Corporation approved a quarterly dividend of \$.14 per share to be paid on November 15, 2004 to shareholders of record on November 1, 2004.

NOTE 24 - Fair Values of Financial Instruments

The following methods and assumptions were used by the Corporation in estimating its fair value disclosures for financial instruments:

Cash and cash equivalents: The carrying amounts reported in the balance sheet for cash and due from banks and federal funds sold approximate those assets fair values.

Investment securities (including mortgage-backed securities): Fair values for investment securities are based on quoted market prices, where available. If quoted market prices are not available, fair values are based on quoted market prices of comparable instruments.

Loans: For variable-rate loans, fair values are based on carrying values. The fair values for fixed rate loans such as mortgage loans (e.g., one-to-four family residential) and installment loans are estimated using discounted cash flow analysis. The carrying amount of accrued interest receivable approximates its fair value.

Deposit liabilities: The fair value disclosed for interest-bearing and noninterest-bearing demand deposits, passbook savings, and certain types of money market accounts are, by definition, equal to the amount payable on demand at the reporting date or their carrying amounts. Fair values for fixed rate certificates of deposit are estimated using a discounted cash flow calculation that applies interest rates currently being offered on certificates to a schedule of aggregated expected monthly maturities on time deposits.

September 30,

5,339

Short-term borrowings: The carrying amounts of borrowings under repurchase agreements approximate their fair values.

The estimated fair values of the Corporation s financial instruments are as follows (in thousands):

	 2004						
	 Carrying Fair Amount Value						Fair Value
Financial Assets							
Cash and due from banks	\$ 30,836	\$	30,836	\$	32,076	\$	32,076
Federal funds sold and Due From Time	19,467		19,467		724		724
Securities	219,264		219,264		210,048		210,048
Loans	689,906		686,988		517,994		520,121
Allowance for loan losses	(10,079)		(10,079)		(7,483)		(7,483)
Financial Liabilities							
Deposits	791,524		792,869		637,471		639,440
Short Term Borrowings	106,733		106,679		69,230		69,021
Off-balance Sheet Financial Instruments							
Loan commitments			181,304				147,313

5,196

NOTE 25 - Comprehensive Income

The Corporation has adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 130 Reporting Comprehensive Income. This standard requires an entity to report and display comprehensive income and its components. Comprehensive income is as follows (in thousands):

	 Nine Months Ended September 30,				ar Ended ember 31,	
	 2004 2003			2003		
Net Income Other Comprehensive Income:	\$ 7,843	\$	7,365	\$	9,768	
Unrealized loss on securities available-for-sale, net of tax benefit	 (17)		(1,705)		(2,173)	
Comprehensive Income	\$ 7,826	\$	5,660	\$	7,595	

Item 2 - Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The following discussion should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements, accompanying notes and selected financial data appearing elsewhere in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2003 and may contain certain forward-looking statements that are based on current management expectations. Generally, verbs expect, anticipate, estimate, in the future tense and the words believe, intends, opinion, potential and similar expressions identify forward-looking statements. Examples of this forward-looking information include, but are not limited to, the discussion of allowance for loan losses, continued loan growth and loan growth rates and liquidity. Our actual results could differ materially from those management expectations. Further information concerning our business, including additional risk factors and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from the forward-looking statements contained in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, are set forth below under the heading Factors That May Affect Future Results. These risks and uncertainties should be considered in evaluating forward-looking statements and undue reliance should not be placed on such statements. The forward-looking statements contained herein speak only as of the date of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and, except as may be required by applicable law and regulation, we do not undertake, and specifically disclaim any obligation to, publicly update or revise such statements to reflect events or circumstances after the date of such statements or to reflect the occurrence of anticipated or unanticipated events. Except as the context otherwise requires, references herein to the Corporation, we, or our refer to the business of Summit Bancshares, Inc. and its consolidated subsidiaries.

Overview

Our business has been conducted primarily through our wholly-owned subsidiaries, Summit Bank, National Association, (the Bank), Summit Delaware Financial Corporation, SIA Insurance Agency, Inc. (SIA) and Summit Bancshares, Inc. Statutory Trust I (SBI Trust). The Bank currently operates its branch offices in twelve locations in Tarrant County.

Our results of operations are primarily dependent on net interest income, which is the difference between the income earned on our loans and investment portfolios and our cost of funds, consisting of the interest paid on deposits and borrowings. Results of operations are also affected by our allowance for loan losses, investment activities, loan servicing fees and other fees. Our non-interest expense principally consists of compensation and benefits, occupancy and equipment expense, advertising costs, data processing expense and other expenses.

Net income for the third quarter of 2004 was \$2,796,000, an increase of \$321,000, or 13.0%, compared to \$2,475,000 recorded for the third quarter of 2003. On a weighted average share basis, net income for the third quarter of 2004 was \$0.44 per diluted share as compared to \$0.39 per diluted share for the third quarter of 2003. Net income for the first nine months of 2004 was \$7,843,000, an increase of \$478,000, or 6.5%, compared to net income of \$7,365,000 for the first nine months of 2003. On a weighted average share basis, net income for the first nine months of 2004 was \$1.24 per diluted share compared to \$1.17 per diluted share for the first nine months of 2003. The increase in earnings during the third quarter of 2004 and for the first nine months of 2004 was primarily due to an increase in net interest income (tax equivalent) of \$1,955,000 for the third quarter of 2004 over the third quarter of 2003 and \$4,216,000 for the first nine months of 2004 over the first nine months of 2003. The increase in net interest income for these periods was primarily due to the growth in average loans and the acquisition of ANB Financial Corporation and its wholly-owned subsidiary, Arlington National Bank (collectively ANB). Average loans for the third quarter of 2004, excluding the impact of the ANB acquisition, grew 22.6% compared to the third quarter of 2003. Including the ANB acquisition, average loans for the third quarter of 2004 were 34.7% more than average loans for the first nine months ended September 30, 2004 were 28.1% higher than the average for loans for the first nine months ended September 30, 2003.

Based on an improving economy in our market area and the ANB acquisition, total loans at September 30, 2004 were \$689.9 million, which represented an increase of \$136.1 million, or 24.6%, over total loans at December 31, 2003 and an increase of \$171.9 million, or 33.2% over total loans at September 30, 2003. Excluding the impact of the ANB acquisition, total loans at September 30, 2004 increased \$114.3 million, or 22.1% from the prior year period. Although we do not expect to see loan growth rates from quarter to quarter to be as high as they have been the past few quarters, we do expect double digit loan growth for the full year of 2004. Total deposits at September 30, 2004 of \$791.5 million increased \$150.1 million, or 23.4% from December 31, 2003 and increased \$154.0 million, or 24.2% from \$637.5 million at September 30, 2003. Excluding the impact of the ANB acquisition, total deposits at September 30, 2004 grew \$51.1 million, or 8.0% from the prior year period. Compared to the third quarter of 2003, we experienced growth in every category of deposits during the third quarter of 2004 with the largest growth coming in demand deposits and interest-bearing transaction accounts which increased \$51.8 million and \$37.3 million, respectively. Shareholders equity was \$73.5 million at September 30, 2004, an increase of \$5.5 million, or 8.1%, compared to shareholders equity of \$68.0 million at September 30, 2003. See the Statement of Changes in Stockholders Equity on page 6 for a detail of the changes.

The following table shows selected performance ratios for the first six months of 2004 and 2003 that management believes to be key indicators of our performance:

	Septemb	
	2004	2003
Annualized Return on Average Assets (ROAA)	1.15%	1.36%
Annualized Return on Average Shareholders Equity (ROAE)	14.82	14.60
Shareholders Equity to Assets Average	7.81	9.32
Dividend Payout Ratio	33.01	31.81
Net Interest Margin (tax equivalent)	4.28	4.85
Efficiency Ratio	58.11	56.93

The return on average assets ratio is calculated by dividing net income by average total assets for the period. Management believes our return on average asset ratio of 1.15% for the first nine months of 2004 is comparable to the return on average assets of other financial institutions in our peer group, which was 1.24% for the first nine months of 2004. Our peer group is comprised of other publicly traded bank holding companies headquartered in Texas and was selected by our management.

The return on average shareholders equity ratio is calculated by dividing net income by average shareholders equity for the period. Management believes our return on average shareholders equity ratio of 14.82% for the first nine months of 2004 compares favorably to the return on average shareholders equity ratio of other financial institutions in our peer group, which was 14.26% for the first nine months of 2004.

The shareholders equity to assets ratio is calculated by dividing average shareholders equity by average total assets for the period. Management believes our average shareholders equity to average assets ratio of 7.81% for the first nine months of 2004 is comparable to the average shareholders equity to average asset ratio of other financial institutions in our peer group, which was 8.95% for the first nine months of 2004.

The dividend payout ratio is determined by dividing the total dividends paid by net income for the period. Our dividend payout ratio results in a yield-to-market price return equal to or greater than our peer group.

Net interest margin is calculated by dividing net interest income on a tax equivalent basis by average total earning assets. Management believes our net interest margin of 4.28% for the first nine months of 2004 compares favorably to the net interest margin ratio of other financial institutions in our peer group, which was 4.10% for the first nine months of 2004.

The efficiency ratio is calculated by dividing non-interest expenses by the sum of total non-interest income and net interest income for the period. The efficiency ratio provides a measure of the extent to which our revenues are absorbed by our non-interest expenses. Management believes our efficiency ratio of 58.11% for the first nine months of 2004 compares favorably to the average efficiency ratio of other financial institutions in our peer group, which was 61.31% for the first nine months of 2004.

Nine Months Ended

Summary of Earning Assets and Interest-Bearing Liabilities

The following schedule presents average balance sheets that highlight earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities and their related rates earned and paid for the third quarter of 2004 and 2003 (rates on tax equivalent basis):

Three Months Ended September 30,

	Time Promis Ended September 50,										
		2004		2003							
	Average Balances	Interest	Average Yield/Rate	Average Balances	Interest	Average Yield/Rate					
			(Dollars in 7	Thousands)							
Earning Assets:											
Federal Funds Sold & Due From Time	\$ 16,849	\$ 51	1.21%	\$ 15,298	\$ 37	0.97%					
Investment Securities (Taxable)	211,298	1,939	3.65%	193,232	1,865	3.83%					
Investment Securities (Tax-exempt)	7,533	113	5.98%	6,135	82	5.27%					
Loans, Net of Unearned Discount ⁽¹⁾	678,915	10,297	6.03%	503,936	7,762	6.11%					
Total Earning Assets	914,595	12,400	5.39%	718,601	9,746	5.38%					
Non-interest Ferming Assets:											
Non-interest Earning Assets: Cash and Due From Banks	31,213			26,189							
Other Assets	41,022			23,926							
Allowance for Loan Losses	(9,919	١		(7,438)							
Allowance for Loan Losses	(9,919	,		(7,436)							
Total Assets	\$ 976,911			\$ 761,278							
Interest Descripe Liebilities											
Interest-Bearing Liabilities: Interest-Bearing Transaction											
Accounts and Money Market Funds	\$ 253,642	672	1.05%	\$ 207,787	566	1.08%					
Savings	154,980	462	1.19%	120,124	380	1.26%					
Certificates of Deposit under \$100,000 and	71.260	20.4	2 200	62.257	202	2.400					
IRA s	71,360	394	2.20%	,	383	2.40%					
Certificates of Deposit \$100,000 or more	77,033	466	2.40%	, -	394	2.57%					
Other Time	314	2	2.29%		2	2.17%					
Other Borrowings	118,083	537	1.81%	61,199	109	0.70%					
Total Interest-Bearing Liabilities	675,412	2,533	1.49%	513,524	1,834	1.42%					
Non-interest Descrine Liebilities											
Non-interest Bearing Liabilities: Demand Deposits	226,462			176,478							
•	,										
Other Liabilities	3,999			3,003							
Shareholders Equity	71,038			68,273							
Total Liabilities and Shareholders Equity	\$ 976,911			\$ 761,278							
Net Interest Income and Margin											
(Tax-equivalent Basis) ⁽²⁾		\$ 9,867	4.29%		\$ 7,912	4.37%					

⁽¹⁾ Loan interest income includes various loan fees and loan volumes include loans on non-accrual. The loan fees include loan origination fees which are considered adjustments to interest income. These fees aggregated \$390,000 and \$319,000 for the quarter ended September 30, 2004 and 2003, respectively, and \$1,248,000 for the year ended December 31, 2003. Related loan origination costs are not separately allocated

to loans, but are charged to non-interest expense. For the purpose of calculating loan yields, average loan balances include non-accrual loans with no related interest income.

(2) Presented on tax equivalent basis (T/E) using a federal income tax rate of 34% both years.

The net interest margin was 4.29% for the third quarter of 2004, which represented a decrease of 8 basis points from the third quarter of 2003. This decrease in net interest margin reflected a 1 basis point increase in yield on earning assets from the third quarter of 2003 to the third quarter of 2004, which was offset by a 7 basis point increase in rates paid on interest-bearing liabilities from the third quarter of 2003 to the third quarter of 2004. The impact of the decrease in the net interest margin was offset by a 27.3% growth in earning assets resulting in the 24.7% increase in net interest income from the third quarter of 2003 to the third quarter of 2004. The growth in earning assets and a 41 basis point increase in the average prime lending rate from the third quarter of 2003 to the third quarter of 2004 were the catalyst behind the net interest income growth overcoming the drop in net interest margin. The increase in the average prime lending rate had a positive impact on only a portion of the earning assets as less than 45% of earning assets benefited immediately from the changes in market interest rates. The increase in rates paid on interest-bearing liabilities was primarily due to the increase in rates paid on the subordinated debentures and notes payable issued by the Corporation to fund the ANB acquisition. The rates paid on both of these borrowings are based on three month Libor rates which have been impacted considerably by the recent increase in short term market rates.

Summary of Earning Assets and Interest-Bearing Liabilities (cont d.)

The following schedule presents average balance sheets that highlight earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities and their related rates earned and paid for the first nine months of 2004 and 2003 (rates on tax equivalent basis):

Nine Months Ended September 30,

							. /					
	2004						2003					
		Average Balances		Interest	Average Yield/Rate		Average Balances	Interest		Average Yield/Rate		
				_	(Dollars in T	hou	ısands)					
Earning Assets:												
Federal Funds Sold & Due From Time	\$	17,813	\$	139	1.04%	\$	9,476	\$	74	1.05%		
Investment Securities (Taxable)		194,295		5,435	3.73%		173,216		5,175	3.99%		
Investment Securities (Tax-exempt)		7,032		291	5.51%		5,415		224	5.53%		
Loans, Net of Unearned Discount ⁽¹⁾		632,076		28,102	5.94%		493,361		23,139	6.27%		
	_											
Total Earning Assets		851,216		33,967	5.33%		681,468		28,612	5.61%		
Non-interest Earning Assets:												
Cash and Due From Banks		28,398					26,601					
Other Assets		33,314					22,428					
Allowance for Loan Losses		(9,077)					(7,274)					
	_	(2,011)					(,,=,,,)					
Total Assets	\$	903,851				\$	723,223					
Total Fishers	Ψ	703,031				Ψ	723,223					
Interest-Bearing Liabilities:												
Interest-Bearing Transaction												
Accounts and Money Market Funds	\$	229,841		1,827	1.06%	\$	192,650		1,599	1.11%		
Savings		143,237		1,255	1.17%		116,997		1,187	1.36%		
Certificates of Deposit under \$100,000 and												
IRA s		67,304		1,105	2.19%		63,095		1,210	2.56%		
Certificates of Deposit \$100,000 or more		70,636		1,281	2.42%		58,112		1,165	2.68%		
Other Time		315		6	2.66%		315		5	2.21%		
Other Borrowings		113,559		1,249	1.47%		52,741		418	1.06%		
	_											
Total Interest-Bearing Liabilities		624,892		6,723	1.44%		483,910		5,584	1.54%		
			_					_				
Non-interest Bearing Liabilities:												
Demand Deposits		204,638					168,968					
Other Liabilities		3,740					2,916					
Shareholders Equity		70,581					67,429					
Total Liabilities and Shareholders Equity	\$	903,851				\$	723,223					
	-	,					3,3					
Net Interest Income and Margin												
(Tax-equivalent Basis) ⁽²⁾			\$	27,244	4.28%			\$	23,028	4.52%		
								_				

⁽¹⁾ Loan interest income includes various loan fees and loan volumes include loans on non-accrual. The loan fees include loan origination fees which are considered adjustments to interest income. These fees aggregated \$1,124,000 and \$912,000 through September 30, 2004 and 2003, respectively, and \$1,248,000 for the year ended December 31, 2003. Related loan origination costs are not separately allocated to loans, but are charged to non-interest expense. For the purpose of calculating loan yields, average loan balances include non-accrual loans with no related interest income.

(2) Presented on tax equivalent basis (T/E) using a federal income tax rate of 34% both years.

The net interest margin for the nine months ended September 30, 2004 was 4.28%, which represented a decrease of 24 basis points from the 4.52% net interest margin earned for the nine months ended September 30, 2003. This decrease in net interest margin for the nine months ended September 30, 2004 reflected a 28 basis point decrease in yield on earning assets, which was partially offset by a 10 basis point decrease in rates paid on interest-bearing liabilities from the prior year period. The decrease in net interest margin also reflected less earned income from our investment in earning assets funded by our non-interest bearing fundings of demand deposits and shareholders equity.

In the event that our average loans continue to grow during the last quarter of 2004 and we are unable to fund any such growth solely through the generation of additional deposits, we may be required to obtain funding from secondary sources, such as the

Federal Home Loan Bank. Because of the composition of our balance sheet and our emphasis on commercial lending, we are market interest rate sensitive and expect to benefit from market interest rate increases, including the three separate 25 basis point increases in the prime lending rate effected by the Federal Reserve Board beginning in late June 2004, assuming deposit interest rates do not increase significantly faster than interest rates on earning assets.

Net Interest Income

Net interest income (tax equivalent) for the third quarter of 2004 was \$9,867,000, which represented an increase of \$1,955,000, or 24.7%, over the third quarter of 2003. In this same period, tax equivalent interest income increased \$2,654,000, or 27.2%, while interest expense increased \$699,000, or 38.1%, compared to the third quarter of 2003. The net increases in net interest income resulted from the 27.3% growth in average earning assets for the third quarter of 2004 compared to the third quarter of 2003 and the 41 basis point increase in the average prime lending rate for the third quarter of 2004 compared to the same period in the prior year.

Net interest income (tax equivalent) for the first nine months of 2004 was \$27,244,000, which represented an increase of \$4,216,000, or 18.3%, over the first nine months of 2003. In this same period, tax equivalent interest income increased \$5,355,000, or 18.7%, while interest expense increased \$1,139,000, or 20.4%, compared to the first nine months of 2003. The net increases in net interest income resulted from the 24.9% growth in average earning assets for the first nine months of 2004 compared to the first nine months of 2003, which offset a 4 basis point decrease in the average prime lending rate for the first nine months of 2004 compared to the first nine months of 2003.

The following table summarizes the effects of changes in interest rates, average volumes of earning assets and interest bearing liabilities on net interest income (tax equivalent) for the periods ended September 30, 2004 and 2003:

ANALYSIS OF CHANGES IN NET INTEREST INCOME (Dollars in Thousands)

		Ì	04 vs. 3rd Qt ase (Decrease o Changes in	003	Nine Months 2004 vs. Nine Months 2003 Increase (Decrease) Due to Changes in:							
	Vo	Volume		Rate		Total		Volume		Rate		Total
Interest Earning Assets:												
Federal Funds Sold	\$	4	\$	10	\$	14	\$	65	\$	-0-	\$	65
Investment Securities (Taxable)		172		(98)		74		618		(358)		260
Investment Securities (Tax-exempt)		18		13		31		68		(1)		67
Loans, Net of Unearned Discount		2,688		(153)		2,535		6,512		(1,549)		4,963
			_		_		_		_		_	
Total Interest Income		2,882		(228)		2,654		7,263		(1,908)		5,355
			_		_		_		_		_	
Interest-Bearing Liabilities:												
Deposits		382		(111)		271		894		(586)		308
Other Borrowings		227		201		428		661		170		831
			_				_		_		_	
Total Interest Expense		609		90		699		1,555		(416)		1,139
					_		_				_	
Net Interest Income	\$	2,273	\$	(318)	\$	1,955	\$	5,708	\$	(1,492)	\$	4,216
					_						_	

Non-Interest Income

Non-interest income for the third quarter of 2004 was \$2,141,000, which represented an increase of \$558,000, or 35.2%, over the third quarter of 2003. Non-interest income for the first nine months of 2004 was \$5,431,000, which represented and increase of \$903,000, or 19.9%, compared to the first nine months of 2003. The major component of non-interest income is service charges on deposits. Other service fees are the majority of other non-interest income. The following table reflects the changes in non-interest income during the periods presented (dollars in thousands):

Three Months Ended September 30,

Nine Months Ended September 30,

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	 2004	2003	% Change	2004		2003	% Change		
Service Charges on Deposit Accounts	\$ 1,180	\$ 914	29.1%	\$ 3,164	\$	2,562	23.5%		
Gain on Sale of Securities	32	89	(64.0)	32		101	(68.3)		
Gain on Sale of Student Loans	176	-0-	100.0	176		-0-	100.0		
Non-recurring Income	37	4	825.0	204		46	343.5		
Other Non-interest Income	716	576	24.3	1,855		1,819	2.0		
Total Non-interest Income	\$ 2,141	\$ 1,583	35.2%	\$ 5,431	\$	4,528	19.9%		
					_				

The increase in service charges on deposit accounts during the third quarter of 2004 and for the first nine months of 2004 resulted primarily from growth in insufficient funds charges which have increased 37.2% and 33.8% from the third quarter of 2003 and the first nine months of 2003, respectively. This increase in insufficient funds charges is due to a growing number of free checking accounts which offer overdraft protection and a pricing change that occurred during the second quarter of 2004. Included in the total deposit charges for the third quarter of 2004 and the nine months ended September 30, 2004 was \$213,000 and \$333,000, respectively, added as a result of the ANB acquisition.

The non-recurring income for the first nine months of 2004 resulted from the gain of \$167,000 on the sale of an asset previously carried in Other Assets during the first quarter of 2004 and a gain of \$37,000 on the partial sale of land carried in Premises and Equipment during the third quarter of 2004 that was previously held for future branch expansion.

The increase in other non-interest income for the third quarter of 2004 and the first nine months of 2004, as compared to the same periods last year, was primarily due to increases in ATM income, insurance sales and trust income. Insurance sales, which began in the third quarter of 2003 through the formation of SIA, totaled \$50,000 for the nine months ended September 30, 2004. Revenues from trust services, a product previously offered by ANB and now by the Corporation, totaled \$79,000 in the third quarter of 2004 and \$114,000 for the nine months ended September 30, 2004. These increases have been partially offset by declines in mortgage brokerage/origination fees, investment services fees and letter of credit fees for the nine months ended September 30, 2004. Although mortgage brokerage/origination fees were up \$12,000 in the third quarter of 2004 compared to the third quarter of 2003, these fees for the nine months ended September 30, 2004 are still \$130,000 below the level of fees generated in 2003 when the lower rate environment generated a large amount of mortgage refinances. Investment services fees were \$34,000 lower in the third quarter of 2004 versus the similar quarter of 2003 and are \$73,000 lower for the nine months ended September 30, 2004 than the previous year and. Letter of credit fees were \$7,000 and \$75,000 for the quarter ended and nine months ended September 30, 2004, respectively, than in the similar periods of 2003.

Non-interest Expense

Non-interest expenses include all expenses other than interest expense, the provision for loan losses and income tax expense. The following table summarizes the changes in non-interest expense during the periods presented (dollars in thousands):

	Three Months Ended September 30,						Nine Months Ended September 30,					
	2004		2003	% Change	2004	2003		% Change				
Salaries & Employee Benefits	\$ 4,029	\$	3,336	20.8%	\$ 11,169	\$	9,332	19.7%				
Occupancy Expense Net	570		571	(0.2)	1,560		1,260	23.8				
Furniture and Equipment Expense	610		493	23.7	1,670		1,368	22.1				
Other Real Estate and Foreclosed												
Asset Expense Net	23		28	(17.9)	38		15	153.3				
Core Deposit Amortization	82		-0-	100.0	137		-0-	100.0				
Other Expenses:												
Business Development	221		146	51.4	641		594	7.9				
Insurance Other	74		61	21.3	208		184	13.0				
Legal & Professional Fees	395		173	128.3	793		503	57.7				
Item Processing	272		175	55.4	653		532	22.7				
Taxes Other	7		19	(63.2)	40		46	(13.0)				
Postage & Courier	98		95	3.2	315		274	15.0				
Printing & Supplies	120		109	10.1	303		315	(3.8)				
Regulatory Fees & Assessments	81		62	30.6	224		186	20.4				
Other Operating Expenses	 527		388	35.8	1,238		1,090	13.6				
Total Other Expenses	1,795		1,228	46.2	4,415		3,724	18.6				
Total Non-interest Expense	\$ 7,109	\$	5,656	25.7%	\$ 18,989	\$	15,699	21.0%				

Total non-interest expense increased 25.7% in the third quarter of 2004 over the third quarter of 2003, reflecting increases in salaries and benefits, equipment, business development, legal and professional, item processing and other operating expenses. As a percent of average assets, non-interest expenses were 2.89% in the third quarter of 2004 (annualized) and 2.95% in the same period of 2003. The efficiency ratio

(non-interest expenses divided by total non-interest income plus net interest income) was 59.23% for the third quarter of 2004 compared to 59.57% for the third quarter of 2003. The efficiency ratio for the third quarter of 2004 was higher compared to the Corporation s historical efficiency ratio due to the cost of new facilities and costs associated with the operating expenses of ANB.

The increase in salaries and benefits during the third quarter of 2004 compared to the prior year period was due to salary merit raises, additions to staff, the cost of employee insurance, training expenses and costs associated with ANB personnel. The increase in personnel expenses in the third quarter of 2004 excluding ANB personnel was 5.5%.

The increase in equipment expense and item processing expense are primarily associated with the ANB acquisition and the Euless branch opened during the second quarter of 2004. Costs associated with ANB created nearly 80% of the increase in equipment expenses when comparing the third quarter of 2004 to the prior year period and created virtually all of the increase in item processing expense between the third quarters of the two years.

Business development expenses increased in the third quarter of 2004 compared to the prior year period due to increases in advertising costs, charitable contributions and due to costs associated with ANB.

Legal and professional expenses increased in the third quarter of 2004 compared to the prior year period due to expenses incurred in relation to compliance with the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 and other corporate governance initiatives.

Other expenses increased in the third quarter of 2004 compared to 2003 and for the nine months ended September 30, 2004 compared to the prior year due to ANB expenses which added \$108,000 for the quarter and \$180,000 as of September 30,2004.

Allowance for Loan Losses and Non-Performing Assets

The Corporation s allowance for loan losses was \$10,079,000, or 1.46% of total loans, as of September 30, 2004 compared to \$7,483,000, or 1.45% of total loans, as of September 30, 2003. For the nine months ended September 30, 2004 and 2003, net charge-offs (recoveries) were .07% and (.04)% of total loans, respectively, not annualized.

Transactions in the provision for loan losses are summarized as follows (in thousands):

	 Three Mor Septem			nded 0,			
	2004				2004		2003
Balance, Beginning of Period	\$ 9,844	\$	7,412	\$	7,784	\$	6,706
Balance Acquired in the Arlington National Bank Acquisition	-0-		-0-		1,254		-0-
Provisions, Charged to Income	495		46		1,500		586
Loans Charged-Off	(415)		(24)		(748)		(376)
Recoveries of Loans Previously Charged-Off	155		49		289		567
	 			_			
Net Loans (Charged-Off) Recovered	(260)		25		(459)		191
Balance, End of Period	\$ 10,079	\$	7,483	\$	10,079	\$	7,483

The following table summarizes the non-performing assets as of the end of the last five quarters (in thousands):

	September 30, 2004		June 30, 2004		March 31, 2004		December 31, 2003		Sej	otember 30, 2003
Non-Accrual Loans	\$	2,545	\$	2,832	\$	2,405	\$	2,351	\$	1,514
Renegotiated Loans	Ψ	-0-	Ψ	-0-	Ψ	-0-	Ψ	-0-	Ψ	-0-
Other Real Estate Owned and Other Foreclosed Assets		4		369		7		-0-		-0-
			_		_		_			
Total Non-Performing Assets	\$	2,549	\$	3,201	\$	2,412	\$	2,351	\$	1,514
			_		_		_		_	
As a Percent of:										
Total Assets		0.25%)	0.33%)	0.28%		0.30%)	0.19%
Total Loans and Other Real Estate/										
Foreclosed Assets		0.37%)	0.48%)	0.41%		0.42%)	0.29%
Loans Past Due 90 days or More and Still Accruing	\$	2,300	\$	111	\$	-0-	\$	55	\$	-0-

At September 30, 2004, the ratio of non-accrual loans to total loans was .37% and non-performing assets represented .37% of loans and other real estate owned/foreclosed assets at the same date.

As of September 30, 2004, non-accrual loans were comprised of \$1,561,000 in commercial loans, \$718,000 in real estate mortgage loans, \$129,000 in interim construction loans and \$137,000 in consumer loans. The \$2.3 million loan reported above as 90 days past due and still accruing was collected shortly after the end of the third quarter of 2004 with no loss to the Corporation.

As of September 30, 2004, there was no Other Real Estate. The Corporation has \$4,000 in Other Foreclosed Assets, reported in Other Assets on the Balance Sheet, which represents a motor vehicle. This asset is in process of liquidation, however the process could take several months. The cost of liquidation will be recorded as a current period expense.

The following table summarizes the relationship between non-performing loans, criticized loans and the allowance for loan losses (dollars in thousands):

	Sept	2004		June 30, 2004	N	farch 31, 2004	Dec	2003	Sep	tember 30, 2003
Non-Performing Loans	\$	2,545	\$	2,832	\$	2,405	\$	2,351	\$	1,514
Criticized Loans		40,289		34,218		26,888		27,737		31,933
Allowance for Loan Losses		10,079		9,844		8,320		7,784		7,483
Allowance for Loan Losses as a Percent of:										
Non-Performing Loans		396%	,	348%)	346%)	331%	,	494%
Criticized Loans		25%	,	29%	,	31%)	28%	,	23%

Loans are graded on a system similar to that used by the banking industry regulators. The first level of criticized loans is Other Assets Especially Mentioned (OAEM). These loans are fundamentally sound but have potential weaknesses which may, if not corrected, weaken the asset or inadequately protect the Bank's credit position at some future date. The second level is Substandard, which are loans inadequately protected by current sound net worth, paying capacity or pledged collateral of the borrower. The last level of criticized loans, before they are charged off, is Doubtful. Doubtful loans are considered to have inherent weaknesses because collection or liquidation in full is highly questionable. In addition to the above grading system, the Corporation maintains a separate watch list which further aids the Corporation in monitoring loan quality. Watch list loans show warning elements where the present status portrays one or more deficiencies that require attention in the short run or where pertinent ratios of the account have weakened to a point where more frequent monitoring is warranted.

Criticized loans at September 30, 2004, loans classified as OAEM, Substandard or Doubtful as noted above, have increased when compared to September 30, 2003. The majority of the increase from the prior year can be attributed to criticized loans within the ANB portfolio. The remainder of the increase is due to enhanced classification procedures and the employment of a Chief Credit Officer in the third quarter of 2001 who is responsible for monitoring loan quality by ensuring that the quality is sustained, that individual loans perform as agreed and that the Bank receives an appropriate return for the risk in the portfolio. This aggressiveness in recognizing any weakness in our borrowers is the primary reason for the increase in criticized loans from June 30, 2004 to September 30, 2004. The Corporation remains diligent in its efforts to identify any loan that might reflect weakness of the borrower as soon as possible. Management is not aware of any potential loan problems that have not been disclosed to which serious doubts exist as to the ability of the borrower to substantially comply with the present repayment terms and the Corporation does not anticipate any significant losses from these downgraded credits.

Interest Rate Sensitivity

Interest rate sensitivity is the relationship between changes in market interest rates and net interest income due to the repricing characteristics of assets and liabilities.

The following table, commonly referred to as a static GAP report, indicates the interest rate sensitivity position at September 30, 2004 and may not be reflective of positions in subsequent periods (dollars in thousands):

		Matı	ires o	r Reprices wi	thin:	Total Rate		Repriced After				
		30 Days or Less	31-180 Days		181 to One Year		Sensitive One Year or Less		1 Year or Non-interest Sensitive			Total
Earning Assets:												
Loans	\$	352,465	\$	58,882	\$	52,079	\$	463,426	\$	226,480	\$	689,906
Investment Securities		10,503		12,853		17,986		41,342		177,922		219,264
Federal Funds Sold and Due From												
Time		19,467		-0-		-0-		19,467		-0-		19,467
Total Earning Assets		382,435		71,735		70,065		524,235		404,402		928,637
	_		_								_	
Interest Bearing Liabilities:												
Interest-Bearing Transaction												
Accounts and Savings		405,810		-0-		-0-		405,810		-0-		405,810
Certificate of Deposits under		100,000						100,000				,
\$100,000 and IRA s		5,110		18,895		17,066		41,071		31,391		72,462
Certificates of Deposits \$100,000 or		-,		-,		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		,		,,,,,		, ,
more		6,657		22,135		11,253		40,045		40,621		80,666
Other Borrowings		56,733		15,000		25,000		96,733		24,622		121,355
C												
Total Interest Bearing Liabilities		474,310		56,030		53,319		583,659		96,634		680,293
Town Interest Bearing Education		.,,,,,,,			_					70,02		000,270
Interest Sensitivity GAP	\$	(91,875)	\$	15,705	\$	16,746	\$	(59,424)	\$	307,768	\$	248,344
interest sensitivity of it	Ψ	(71,073)	Ψ	13,703	Ψ	10,710	Ψ	(37,121)	Ψ	307,700	Ψ	210,311
Cumulative GAP	\$	(91,875)	\$	(76,170)	\$	(59,424)						
Camalad VC O/H	Ψ	(71,073)	Ψ	(70,170)	Ψ	(37,727)						
Cumulativa GAD to Total Earning				-		_						
Cumulative GAP to Total Earning Assets		(9.89)%		(8.20)%	,	(6.40)%	70					
Cumulative GAP to Total Assets		(9.89)%		(8.20)%		(6.40)%						
Cumulative GAP to Total Assets		(9.28)%				(0.00)%	41			A . 1		1

The preceding static GAP report reflects a cumulative liability sensitive position during the one year horizon. An inherent weakness of this report is that it ignores the relative volatility any one category may have in relation to other categories or market rates in general. For instance, the rate paid on NOW accounts typically moves slower than the three month T-Bill. Management attempts to capture this relative volatility by utilizing a simulation model with a beta factor adjustment which estimates the volatility of rate sensitive assets and/or liabilities in relation to other market rates.

Beta factors are an estimation of the long term, multiple interest rate environment relation between an individual account and market rates in general. For instance, NOW, savings and money market accounts, which are repriceable within 30 days will have considerably lower beta factors than variable rate loans and most investment categories. Taking this into consideration, it is quite possible for a bank with a negative cumulative GAP to total asset ratio to have a positive beta adjusted GAP risk position. As a result of applying the beta factors established by management to the earning assets and interest bearing liabilities in the static GAP report via a simulation model, the negative cumulative GAP to total assets ratio at one year of (6.00%) was reversed to a positive 28.43% beta adjusted GAP position. Management feels that the beta adjusted GAP risk technique more accurately reflects the Corporation s GAP position.

Capital

At September 30, 2004, shareholders equity totaled \$73.5 million, compared to shareholders equity at December 31, 2003 of \$68.7 million and \$68.0 million at September 30, 2003. This reflected an increase in retained earnings less the change in unrealized gain/loss on available for sale securities and the payment of dividends. During the third quarter of 2004, we did not repurchase any shares of Common Stock. Our ability to repurchase shares of Common Stock is subject to various banking laws, regulations and policies as well as rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission. Our board of directors has authorized the repurchase of up to 5% of our outstanding Common Stock over the twelve-month period beginning April 20, 2004.

The Corporation and the Bank are subject to capital adequacy guidelines established by the Federal Reserve Board and other regulatory authorities. The table below illustrates the Bank s and our compliance with the capital adequacy guidelines as of September 30, 2004 and 2003 (dollars in thousands):

	September :	30, 2	September 30, 2003				
	 The nsolidated rporation		Summit ank, N.A.		The onsolidated orporation		Summit ank, N.A.
Total Assets	\$ 990,406	\$	989,950	\$	777,558	\$	777,523
Risk Weighted Assets	743,942		743,488		562,020		561,991
Equity Capital (Tier 1)	74,325		76,236		66,856		65,886
Qualifying Allowance for Loan Losses	9,309		9,303		7,031		7,030
Total Capital	83,634		85,539		73,887		72,916
Leverage Ratio	7.69%		7.81%)	8.78%		8.67%
Risk Capital Ratio:							
Tier I Capital	9.99%		10.25%)	11.90%		11.72%
Total Capital	11.24		11.51		13.15		12.97

As of September 30, 2004, the Bank exceeded the risk-based capital and leverage requirements set by regulatory authorities and satisfied the criteria for classification as a well capitalized institution under the rules of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation Improvement Act of 1991.

Liquidity

Our primary internal sources of liquidity consist of the federal funds that we sell and our portfolio of marketable investment securities, particularly those with shorter maturities. Federal funds sold and investment securities maturing within 30 days represented \$30.0 million, or 3.0%, of total assets as of September 30, 2004. Additionally, our ability to sell loan participations, purchase federal funds and obtain advances from the Federal Home Loan Bank serve as secondary sources of liquidity. The Bank has approved federal funds lines at other banks.

Our liquidity is enhanced by the fact that 89.8% of our total deposits at September 30, 2004 were core deposits. For this purpose, core deposits are defined as total deposits less public funds and certificates of deposit greater than \$100,000. Our loan to deposit ratio averaged 86.6% for the three month period ended September 30, 2004 and 88.3% for the nine month period ended September 30,2004.

In the event that our average loans continue to grow during the last quarter of 2004 and we are unable to fund any such growth solely through the generation of additional deposits, we may be required to obtain funding from secondary sources, including purchasing federal funds, obtaining advances from the Federal Home Loan Bank or other secondary sources. In such event, our business, results of operations and financial condition could be somewhat negatively impacted.

Our income, which provides funds for the payment of dividends to our shareholders and for other corporate purposes, is derived from our investment in the Bank.

On May 3, 2004, the Corporation formed SBI Trust and SBI Trust subsequently issued \$12.0 million of floating rate (three month LIBOR plus a margin of 2.65%) Capital Securities (the Trust Capital Securities). Concurrent with the issuance of the Trust Capital Securities, SBI Trust issued trust common securities to the Corporation in the aggregate liquidation value of \$372,000. The proceeds of the issuance of the Trust Capital Securities and trust common securities were invested in the Corporation s Floating Rate Junior Subordinated Deferrable Debentures (the Deferrable Debentures), which mature on July 7, 2034 and have a call feature that permits the Corporation to redeem any or all of the securities after July 7, 2009. The interest rate on the Deferrable Debentures at September 30, 2004 was 4.25%. The Deferrable Debentures, which are the only asset of SBI Trust, are subordinated and junior in right of payment to all present and future senior indebtedness (as defined in the Indenture date May 3, 2004) of the Corporation.

On September 15,2004, we obtained a line of credit from a bank under which we may borrow \$10,000,000 at a floating rate (three month LIBOR plus a margin of 2.00%). The line of credit is secured by stock of the Bank and matures on September 15, 2005, whereupon, if balances are outstanding, the line converts to a term note having a five year term. The Corporation will not pay a fee for any unused portion of this line. At September 30, 2004, \$2,250,000 had been borrowed under the line. The rate on this line at September 30, 2004 was 3.61%. The purpose of the line was to provide an additional liquidity source and the current amount outstanding was used to help fund the acquisition of ANB.

Off-Balance-Sheet Arrangements, Commitments, Guaranteed and Contractual Obligations

Except as set forth herein, there have been no material changes in our contractual obligations as set forth in Item 7: Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations Off-Balance-Sheet Arrangements, Commitments, Guarantees and Contractual Obligations in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2003.

The Corporation has available a line of credit with the FHLB of Dallas which allows it to borrow on a collateralized basis at a fixed term. The borrowings are collateralized by a blanket floating lien on all first mortgage loans, the FHLB capital stock owned by the Corporation and any funds on deposit with FHLB. At September 30, 2004, the Corporation had \$70.0 million of borrowings outstanding under the line of credit at a rate of 1.80%, \$20.0 million of which matures in 2004, \$40.0 million of which matures in 2005 and the last \$10.0 million of which matures in April 2006. Through September 30, 2004, the Corporation had average borrowings on this line of \$71.4 million. Borrowings at December 31, 2003 totaled \$50.0 million. The increase in borrowings was required to fund earnings asset growth.

At September 30, 2004, outstanding documentary and standby letters of credit totaled \$5,339,000 and commitments to extend credit totaled \$181,304,000. Documentary and standby letters of credit and commitments to extend credit totaled \$6,234,000 and \$145,777,000 at December 31, 2003. The commitments have increased in conjunction with the overall loan growth of the Corporation and the acquisition of ANB.

Related Party Transactions

The Bank has made transactions in the ordinary course of business with certain of its and the Corporation s officers, directors and their affiliates. All loans included in such transactions are made on substantially the same terms, including interest rate and collateral, as those prevailing at the time for comparable transactions with other persons and all loans are current as to principal and interest payments. Total loans outstanding to such parties amounted to approximately \$10,599,000 at September 30, 2004, \$9,389,000 at December 31, 2003 and \$10,560,000 at September 30, 2003.

Subsequent Events

On October 19, 2004, the Board of Directors of the Corporation approved a quarterly dividend of \$.14 per share to be paid on November 15, 2004 to shareholders of record on November 1, 2004.

Critical Accounting Policies

Our accounting policies are fundamental to understanding management s discussion and analysis of results of operations and financial condition. We have identified our policy with respect to allowance for loan losses as critical because it requires management to make particularly difficult, subjective or complex judgments about matters that are inherently uncertain and because of the likelihood that materially different amounts would be reported under different conditions or using different assumptions. There have been no material changes in our application of accounting policies since December 31, 2003. We, in consultation with our Audit Committee of the Board of Directors, have reviewed and approved this critical accounting policy, which is further described under the captions Loan and Allowance for Loan Losses in Note 1 (Summary of Significant Accounting Policies) to the Financial Statements.

These evaluations are inherently subjective because, even though they are based on objective data, it is management s interpretation of that data that determines the amount of the appropriate allowance. Therefore, from time to time (but at least quarterly), management reviews the actual performance and write-off history of the loan portfolio and compares that to previously determined allowance coverage percentages. In this manner, management evaluates the impact the previously mentioned variables may have had on the loan portfolio to determine which changes, if any, should be made to the assumptions and analyses. Recent analysis has indicated that projections of estimated losses inherent in the loan portfolio has approximated actual write-off experience during the current economic environment.

Actual results could differ materially from estimates as a result of changes in economic or market conditions and other factors. Changes in our evaluations and the assumptions underlying these evaluations could result in a material change in the allowance. While we believe that the allowance for loan losses has been established and maintained at levels adequate to reflect the risks inherent in the loan portfolio, future increases may be necessary if economic or market conditions and other factors differ substantially from the conditions that existed at the time of the initial determination.

Factors That May Affect Future Results

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q contains forward-looking statements concerning the business, results of operations and financial condition of us and our subsidiaries. The forward-looking statements are based upon management s current expectations and assumptions about future events. Such expectations and assumptions have been expressed in good faith, and management believes that there is a reasonable basis for them.

A number of risks and uncertainties could cause our actual results to differ materially from the forward-looking statements contained in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. These risks and uncertainties include, without limitation:

Changes in, or the effects of, competition for our products and services;

Our ability to effectively manage interest rate risk and other market, credit and operation risks;

Our ability to develop competitive new products and services in a timely manner and the acceptance of such products and services by our customers and potential customers;

The costs and effects of litigation involving us and of unexpected or adverse outcomes in such litigation;

Our ability to successfully integrate, and to achieve anticipated cost savings and revenue enhancements with respect to, the ANB acquisition and any other businesses and operations that we may acquire in the future;

Our ability to attract and retain key employees;

Changes in general local, regional and international economic conditions;

Changes in, or the effects of, trade, monetary and fiscal policies, laws and regulations, including interest rate policies, of the Federal Reserve Board and other regulatory authorities;

Changes in accounting policies and practices, as may be adopted by regulatory agencies, the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board or the Financial Accounting Standards Board;

Changes in consumer and business spending, borrowing and saving habits;

Changes in laws, regulations and policies applicable to us; and

Political instability and acts of war or terrorism.

Item 3 Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosure about Market Risk

There have been no material changes in market risks faced by the Corporation since December 31, 2003. For more information regarding quantitative and qualitative disclosures about market risk, please refer to the Corporation s Annual Report on Form 10-K as of and for the year ended December 31, 2003, and in particular, Item 7: Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations Interest Rate Sensitivity and Liquidity.

Item 4 Controls and Procedures

The Corporation s management, including the Corporation s principal executive officer and principal financial officer, has evaluated the effectiveness of the Corporation s disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934) as of the end of the Corporation s fiscal quarter ended September 30, 2004. Based on that evaluation, the Corporation s principal executive officer and principal financial officer have concluded that the Corporation s disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of the end of the Corporation s fiscal quarter ended September 30, 2004.

There were no changes in the Corporation s internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the Corporation s fiscal quarter ended September 30, 2004 that have materially affected, or are likely to materially affect, the Corporation s internal control over financial reporting.

PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

Not applicable

Item 2. Change in Securities, Use of Proceeds and Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities

Not applicable

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities

Not applicable

Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders

Exhibits

- 4(a) Junior Subordinated Debt Securities Indenture Agreement dated May 3, 2004
- 4(b) Junior Subordinated Debt Securities Due 2034

Item 5. Other Information

Not applicable

Item 6. Exhibits and Reports on Form 8-K

(a)	Exhibits	
	10	Fifth Amendment to Loan Agreement dated September 15, 2004 between the Corporation and Frost National Bank
	11	Computation of Earnings Per Common Share
	31.1	Certification of Principal Executive Officer of Summit Bancshares, Inc. pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.
	31.2	Certification of Principal Financial Officer of Summit Bancshares, Inc. pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.
	32.1	Certification of Principal Executive Officer of Summit Bancshares, Inc. pursuant to Section 1350, Chapter 63 of Title 18 of the United States Code, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
	32.2	Certification of Principal Financial Officer of Summit Bancshares, Inc. pursuant to Section 1350, Chapter 63 of Title 18 of the United States Code, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

(b) Current Reports of Form 8-K:

The Corporation furnished a Current Report on Form 8-K under Items 2.02, 7.01 and 9.01 on October 12, 2004 relating to its issuance of a press release announcing its earnings for the third quarter of 2004

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Date: 10-25-04

By: /s/ Phillip E. Norwood, Chairman & President and Chief Executive Officer

Date: 10-25-04

By: /s/ Bob G. Scott, Executive Vice President

Bob G. Scott, Executive Vice President and Chief Operating Officer (Chief Financial Officer)

EXHIBIT INDEX

Exhibit	Description
4A	Indenture Dated as of May 3, 2004
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