

INFRASOURCE SERVICES INC

Form 10-Q

August 07, 2007

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**UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549**

Form 10-Q

- QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d)
OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2007**
- OR**
- TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d)
OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
For the transition period from to**

Commission file number 001-32164

INFRASOURCE SERVICES, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware

*(State or other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization)*

03-0523754

*(I.R.S. Employer
Identification No.)*

100 West Sixth Street, Suite 300, Media, PA

(Address of principal executive offices)

19063

(Zip Code)

(610) 480-8000

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, or a non-accelerated filer. See definition of "accelerated filer and large accelerated filer" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):
Large accelerated filer Accelerated filer Non-accelerated filer

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

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At July 31, 2007 there were 41,012,416 shares of InfraSource Services, Inc. Common Stock, par value of \$.001, outstanding.

For the Quarter Ended June 30, 2007
FORM 10-Q
INFRASOURCE SERVICES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

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<u>Certification pursuant to Section 1350 of Chapter 63 of Title 18 of the United States Code</u>	

Table of Contents**PART I FINANCIAL INFORMATION****ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS****INFRASOURCE SERVICES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES****Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets**

	December 31, 2006	June 30, 2007
	(Unaudited)	
	(In thousands, except share data)	
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 26,209	\$ 18,868
Contract receivables (less allowances for doubtful accounts of \$3,770 and \$4,865, respectively)	166,780	144,359
Costs and estimated earnings in excess of billings	59,012	76,397
Inventories	5,443	4,421
Deferred income taxes	8,201	7,006
Other current assets	6,384	11,900
Current assets - discontinued operations	746	184
 Total current assets	 272,775	 263,135
 Property and equipment (less accumulated depreciation of \$73,302 and \$81,218, respectively)	 154,578	 176,183
Goodwill	146,933	147,276
Intangible assets, net	900	747
Deferred charges and other assets, net	5,529	4,862
Assets held for sale	517	400
 Total assets	 \$ 581,232	 \$ 592,603
 Current liabilities:		
Current portion of long-term debt and short-term borrowings	\$ 1,154	\$ 10,055
Other liabilities - related parties	766	940
Accounts payable	47,846	33,744
Accrued compensation and benefits	27,951	24,111
Other current and accrued liabilities	22,096	25,586
Accrued insurance reserves	36,166	35,272
Billings in excess of costs and estimated earnings	23,245	20,977
Deferred revenues	6,188	6,611
 Total current liabilities	 165,412	 157,296

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Long-term debt, net of current portion	50,070	50,043
Deferred revenues	16,347	15,617
Other long-term liabilities related party	900	
Deferred income taxes	3,750	2,233
Other long-term liabilities	5,568	6,494
Total liabilities	242,047	231,683
Commitments and contingencies		
Shareholders' equity:		
Preferred stock, \$.001 par value (authorized 12,000,000 shares; 0 shares issued and outstanding)		
Common stock, \$.001 par value (authorized 120,000,000 shares; issued 40,263,739 and 41,045,771 shares, respectively, and outstanding 40,233,869 and 41,015,901, respectively)	40	41
Treasury stock, at cost (29,870 shares)	(137)	(137)
Additional paid-in capital	288,517	301,727
Retained earnings	50,785	58,774
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	(20)	515
Total shareholders' equity	339,185	360,920
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$ 581,232	\$ 592,603

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

Table of Contents**INFRASOURCE SERVICES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES****Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations**

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2006	Three Months Ended June 30, 2007	Six Months Ended June 30, 2006	Six Months Ended June 30, 2007
	(Unaudited)			
	(In thousands, except per share data)			
Revenues	\$ 254,261	\$ 239,572	\$ 468,536	\$ 443,376
Cost of revenues	218,386	200,531	403,810	375,940
Gross profit	35,875	39,041	64,726	67,436
Selling, general and administrative expenses	22,612	23,831	45,305	49,439
Merger related costs		483		4,057
Provision for uncollectible accounts	41	780	31	943
Amortization of intangible assets	237	93	494	153
Income from operations	12,985	13,854	18,896	12,844
Interest income	173	144	409	472
Interest expense	(1,682)	(1,050)	(3,793)	(2,093)
Write-off of deferred financing costs	(4,296)		(4,296)	
Other income, net	1,487	2,074	1,584	2,187
Income from continuing operations before income taxes	8,667	15,022	12,800	13,410
Income tax expense	3,506	5,863	5,172	5,240
Income from continuing operations	5,161	9,159	7,628	8,170
Discontinued operations:				
Income (loss) from discontinued operations (net of income tax expense (benefit) of \$112, \$4, \$111 and \$(7), respectively)	166	6	165	(11)
Net income	\$ 5,327	\$ 9,165	\$ 7,793	\$ 8,159
Basic income per share:				
Income from continuing operations	\$ 0.13	\$ 0.23	\$ 0.19	\$ 0.20
Income (loss) from discontinued operations			0.01	
Net income	\$ 0.13	\$ 0.23	\$ 0.20	\$ 0.20

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Weighted average basic common shares outstanding	39,735	40,590	39,626	40,434
Diluted income per share:				
Income from continuing operations	\$ 0.13	\$ 0.22	\$ 0.19	\$ 0.20
Income (loss) from discontinued operations				
Net income	\$ 0.13	\$ 0.22	\$ 0.19	\$ 0.20
Weighted average diluted common shares outstanding	40,336	41,252	40,242	41,014

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

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Net income							8,159	8,159
Other comprehensive income						535		535
Balance as of June 30, 2007	41,045,771	\$ 41	(29,870)	\$ (137)	\$ 301,727	\$ 515	\$ 58,774	\$ 360,920

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

Table of Contents**INFRASOURCE SERVICES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES****Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows**

	Six Months Ended June 30, 2006	Six Months Ended June 30, 2007 (Unaudited) (In thousands)
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net income	\$ 7,793	\$ 8,159
Adjustments to reconcile net income to cash provided by operating activities:		
Loss (income) from discontinued operations net of taxes	(165)	11
Depreciation	13,603	10,666
Amortization of intangibles	494	153
Gain on sale of assets	(1,355)	(2,232)
Deferred income taxes	(643)	(1,510)
Share-based compensation	1,825	2,297
Write-off of deferred financing costs	4,296	
Provision for uncollectible accounts	31	943
Excess tax benefits from share-based compensation	(416)	(5,131)
Other	604	1,124
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Contract receivables, net	17	21,478
Costs and estimated earnings in excess of billings, net	(4,986)	(19,653)
Inventories and other current assets	966	677
Deferred charges and other assets	446	312
Accounts payable	(5,389)	(14,173)
Other liabilities related parties	(12)	
Other current liabilities	10,980	(536)
Other liabilities	150	1,135
Net cash flows provided by operating activities of continuing operations	28,239	3,720
Net cash flows provided by operating activities of discontinued operations	34	550
Net cash flows provided by operating activities	28,273	4,270
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Acquisitions of businesses, net of cash acquired	(10,565)	(835)
Proceeds from derivatives		62
Proceeds from sales of equipment	2,331	3,060
Additions to property and equipment	(18,886)	(33,405)

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Net cash flows used in investing activities of continuing operations	(27,120)	(31,118)
Net cash flows used in investing activities of discontinued operations	34	
Net cash flows used in investing activities	(27,154)	(31,118)
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Borrowings of short and long-term debt	75,000	10,000
Repayments of long-term debt and capital lease obligations	(83,833)	(1,127)
Debt issuance costs	(1,133)	
Repurchase of common stock		(87)
Excess tax benefits from share-based compensation	416	5,131
Proceeds from exercise of stock options and employee stock purchases	1,908	5,596
Net cash flows provided by (used in) financing activities	(7,642)	19,513
Cash and cash equivalents:		
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(6,523)	(7,335)
Cash and cash equivalents beginning of period	31,639	26,209
Effect of exchange rates on cash	8	(6)
Cash and cash equivalents end of period	\$ 25,124	\$ 18,868
Supplemental Disclosure of Non-Cash Investing Activities:		
Accounts payable balance related to purchases of property and equipment	\$ 1,444	\$ 3,118

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

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INFRASOURCE SERVICES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

**Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements
(Unaudited)**

1. Organization and Basis of Presentation

InfraSource Services, Inc. (*InfraSource*) was organized on May 30, 2003 as a Delaware corporation. *InfraSource* and its wholly owned subsidiaries are referred to herein as the Company, we, us, or our . The Company operates in two business segments. Our Infrastructure Construction Services (*ICS*) segment provides design, engineering, procurement, construction, testing, maintenance, and repair services for utility infrastructure. *ICS* customers include electric power utilities, natural gas utilities, telecommunication customers, government entities and heavy industrial companies, such as petrochemical, processing and refining businesses. Our Telecommunication Services (*TS*) segment leases point-to-point telecommunications infrastructure in select markets and provides design, procurement, construction and maintenance services for telecommunications infrastructure. *TS* customers include communication service providers, large industrial and financial services customers, school districts and other entities with high bandwidth telecommunication needs. The Company operates in multiple service territories throughout the United States and does not have significant operations or assets outside the United States.

On September 24, 2003, the Company acquired all of the voting interests of *InfraSource Incorporated* and certain of its wholly owned subsidiaries, pursuant to a merger transaction (the *Exelon Merger*). On May 12, 2004, the Company completed an IPO of 8,500,000 shares of common stock.

At the time of the IPO, the Company's principal stockholders were *OCM/GFI Power Opportunities Fund, L.P.* and *OCM Principal Opportunities Fund, L.P.* (collectively, the former Principal Stockholders), both Delaware limited partnerships. In 2006, the former Principal Stockholders and certain other stockholders completed two secondary underwritten public offerings of our common stock. The first occurred on March 24, 2006, in which they sold 13,000,000 shares of common stock at \$17.50 per share (plus an additional 1,950,000 shares sold following exercise of the underwriters' over-allotment option). The second occurred on August 9, 2006, in which they sold 10,394,520 shares of common stock at \$17.25 per share (plus an additional 559,179 shares sold following exercise of the underwriters' over-allotment option). The Company did not issue any primary shares and did not receive any of the proceeds from those offerings. The former Principal Stockholders no longer own any of the Company's common stock.

Planned Merger:

On March 18, 2007, *InfraSource* entered into an Agreement and Plan of Merger (the *Merger Agreement*) with *Quanta Services, Inc.*, a Delaware corporation (*Quanta*), and *Quanta MS Acquisition, Inc.*, a wholly owned subsidiary of *Quanta* (*Merger Sub*) formed specifically for the purpose of the proposed merger. The *Merger Agreement* provides, upon the terms and subject to the conditions set forth in the *Merger Agreement*, for a strategic merger of *InfraSource* with *Merger Sub*, with *InfraSource* continuing as the surviving corporation and as a wholly owned subsidiary of *Quanta* (the *Merger*). As of the effective date of the *Merger* (the *Effective Date*), the stockholders of *InfraSource* (including holders of restricted stock) will receive shares of common stock of *Quanta*, par value \$0.00001 per share, at a negotiated exchange rate (the *Exchange Ratio*) of 1.223 shares of *Quanta* common stock for each share of *InfraSource* common stock, and all outstanding stock options issued under the Company's stock plans (see Note 7) will be converted, based on the *Exchange Ratio*, into stock options to receive shares of *Quanta* common stock. As of the *Effective Date*, three members of the Board of Directors of *InfraSource* will become members of the Board of Directors of *Quanta*. The *Merger* is expected to close on or about August 30, 2007, subject to receipt of stockholder approval by the stockholders of *InfraSource* and *Quanta*.

The Company has incurred and expects to incur substantial merger-related transaction costs related primarily to investment banking fees, legal fees and due diligence costs necessary to consummate the Merger. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2007, merger-related transaction costs totaled \$0.5 million and \$4.1 million, respectively. The Company has agreed to pay additional investment banking and legal fees of approximately

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INFRASOURCE SERVICES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

**Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)
(Unaudited)**

\$7.8 million, payable in the event the Merger is consummated. The Company must pay a fee of \$43 million to Quanta if the Merger is terminated under certain circumstances specified in the Merger Agreement.

Basis of Presentation:

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements reflect the Company's financial position as of December 31, 2006 and June 30, 2007; results of operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2007; and cash flows for the six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2007. The accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements are unaudited and have been prepared in accordance with the rules and regulations of the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC). These financial statements include all adjustments considered necessary for fair presentation of financial position, results of operations and cash flows for the interim periods presented. The December 31, 2006 condensed consolidated balance sheet data were derived from audited financial statements, but do not include all disclosures required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The results for interim periods are not necessarily indicative of results to be expected for a full year or future interim periods. These financial statements should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and related notes included in the Company's Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2006.

Certain amounts in the accompanying statements have been reclassified for comparative purposes. As of December 31, 2006, the Company revised the classification for book overdrafts in the condensed consolidated balance sheets and statements of cash flows. Such book overdrafts were related to outstanding checks on zero balance disbursement bank accounts that are funded, upon presentation for payment, from an investment account maintained by the Company at another financial institution. As originally reported, cash and cash equivalents as of June 30, 2006 included \$4.6 million of book overdrafts that have been reclassified to accounts payable in the condensed consolidated balance sheets for comparative purposes. Prior to the reclassification, those amounts were reported as a reduction in cash and accounts payable. Additionally, this revision increased net cash flows provided by operating activities by \$2.7 million for the six months ended June 30, 2006.

2. Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In July 2006, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued FASB Interpretation (FIN) No. 48, Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes—an interpretation of FASB Statement No. 109, which clarifies the accounting for uncertainty in tax positions. FIN No. 48 requires that the impact of a tax position be recognized if that position is more likely than not of being sustained on audit, based on the technical merits of the position. The tax position is measured at the largest amount of benefit that is greater than 50% likely of being realized upon the ultimate settlement. The provisions of FIN No. 48 are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2006, with any cumulative effect of the change in accounting principle recorded as an adjustment to opening retained earnings.

The adoption of FIN No. 48 as of January 1, 2007 resulted in a reduction of opening retained earnings of \$0.2 million. As of the adoption date, the Company had \$0.6 million of unrecognized tax benefits, \$0.2 million of which would reduce our effective tax rate if recognized. No significant increase or decrease in unrecognized tax benefits is currently anticipated during the next twelve months. As of date of adoption, interest and penalty assessment liabilities were less than \$0.1 million. Interest assessments are recorded in interest expense and tax penalties are recognized in selling, general and administrative expenses. Tax years beginning in 2005 remain open and subject to examination by the

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Internal Revenue Service. Tax years beginning with the Company's inception in 2003 remain open and subject to examination by state taxing jurisdictions.

In September 2006, the FASB issued SFAS No. 157, Fair Value Measurements. This statement defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and expands fair value measurement disclosures. SFAS No. 157 will be effective for fiscal years

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(Unaudited)**

beginning after November 15, 2007. The Company has not determined the effect, if any, the adoption of this statement will have on results of operations or financial position.

In February 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 159 The Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Liabilities Including an amendment of FASB Statement No. 115. SFAS No. 159 allows companies to choose, at specific election dates, to measure eligible financial assets and liabilities at fair value that are not otherwise required to be measured at fair value. If a company elects the fair value option for an eligible item, changes in that item's fair value in subsequent reporting periods must be recognized in current earnings. SFAS No. 159 is effective for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of SFAS No. 159.

3. Discontinued Operations

In the third and fourth quarters of 2006, the Company sold certain assets of Mechanical Specialties, Inc. (MSI) for approximately \$2.6 million in cash. In July 2007, the remaining inventory was purchased at cost by MSI's buyer. MSI was part of the ICS segment. In accordance with SFAS No. 144, Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets, MSI's financial position, results of operations and cash flows were reflected as discontinued operations in the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements through the disposition dates. The tables below present MSI's balance sheet and statement of operations information.

Balance sheet information for MSI:

	December 31, 2006	June 30, 2007
	(In thousands)	
Inventory	\$ 687	\$ 134
Deferred income taxes	59	50
Total current assets	746	184
Total assets	\$ 746	\$ 184
Net assets	\$ 746	\$ 184

Statement of operations information for MSI:

Three Months Ended	Three Months Ended	Six Months Ended	Six Months Ended
	June 30, 2007		

	June 30, 2006		June 30, 2006		June 30, 2007
			(In thousands)		
Revenues	\$ 3,766	\$	235	\$	6,731
Income (loss) before income taxes	278	\$	10	\$	276
					(18)

4. Costs And Estimated Earnings In Excess Of Billings

Included in costs and estimated earnings in excess of billings are costs related to claims and unapproved change orders of approximately \$3.1 million and \$9.6 million at December 31, 2006 and June 30, 2007, respectively. The increase was due primarily to claims on an industrial electric project resulting from inefficiencies caused by scheduling changes and also due to impacts of adverse weather conditions on an electric transmission project.

Estimated revenue related to claims, in amounts up to but not exceeding costs incurred, is recognized when realization is probable and amounts are estimable. Profit from claims is recorded in the period such amounts are agreed to with the customer.

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(Unaudited)****5. Goodwill and Intangible Assets**

Goodwill and intangible assets are comprised of:

	December 31, 2006	June 30, 2007
	(In thousands)	
Goodwill	\$ 146,933	\$ 147,276
Intangible assets:		
Volume agreements	4,561	2,061
Non-compete agreements	20	20
Total intangible assets	4,581	2,081
Accumulated amortization:		
Volume agreements	(3,681)	(1,333)
Non-compete agreements		(1)
Total accumulated amortization	(3,681)	(1,334)
Intangible assets, net	\$ 900	\$ 747

Goodwill by segments as of December 31, 2006 and June 30, 2007 are as follows:

	December 31, 2006	June 30, 2007
Infrastructure Construction Services	\$ 136,540	\$ 136,883
Telecommunications Services	10,393	10,393
Total	\$ 146,933	\$ 147,276

Expenses for the amortization of intangible assets were \$0.2 million and \$0.1 million for the three months ended June 30, 2006 and 2007, respectively, and \$0.5 million and \$0.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2007, respectively. The estimated aggregate amortization expense of intangible assets for the next five fiscal years is:

For the Year Ended December, 31,

	(In thousands)
2007 (excludes the six months ended June 30, 2007)	\$ 273
2008	301
2009	162
2010	3
Thereafter	8
Total	\$ 747

6. Computation of Per Share Earnings

Income per share is computed in accordance with SFAS No. 128, Earnings per Share (SFAS No. 128). In accordance with SFAS No. 128, incremental potential common shares from stock options and restricted stock are included in the calculation of diluted income per share except when the effect would be antidilutive.

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(Unaudited)**

The following table presents the calculations of basic and diluted income per share.

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2006	Three Months Ended June 30, 2007	Six Months Ended June 30, 2006	Six Months Ended June 30, 2007
	(In thousands)			
Income from continuing operations	\$ 5,161	\$ 9,159	\$ 7,628	\$ 8,170
Income (loss) from discontinued operations, net of tax expense (benefit) of \$112, \$4, \$111 and \$(7), respectively	166	6	165	(11)
Net income	\$ 5,327	\$ 9,165	\$ 7,793	\$ 8,159
Weighted average basic common shares outstanding	39,735	40,590	39,626	40,434
Effect of dilutive stock options and restricted stock	601	662	616	580
Weighted average diluted common shares outstanding	40,336	41,252	40,242	41,014
Basic income per share	\$ 0.13	\$ 0.23	\$ 0.20	\$ 0.20
Diluted income per share	\$ 0.13	\$ 0.22	\$ 0.19	\$ 0.20

For each of the three and six months ended June 30, 2006, there were 136,126 shares and for the six months ended June 30, 2007 there were 7,000 shares, under stock option grants excluded from the calculation of diluted income per share as the effect of these shares would have been antidilutive. Included in the effect of dilutive stock options for each of the three and six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2007 are early exercises of unvested stock option awards, which are excluded from the weighted average basic common shares outstanding calculation.

7. Share-based Compensation Plans

Share-based compensation expense included in results of operations is as follows:

Three Months Ended	Three Months Ended June 30, 2007	Six Months Ended	Six Months Ended
-----------------------------------	---	-----------------------------	-----------------------------

	June 30, 2006		June 30, 2006		June 30, 2007
			(In thousands)		
Stock option expense	\$ 639	\$ 736	\$ 1,301	\$ 1,440	
Restricted stock expense	115	251	218	632	
Employee stock purchase plan expense	201	107	306	225	
Total share-based compensation expense	\$ 955	\$ 1,094	\$ 1,825	\$ 2,297	
Share-based compensation expense included in:					
Cost of revenues	\$ 127	\$ 102	\$ 244	\$ 198	
Selling, general and administrative expenses	828	992	1,581	2,099	
Total share-based compensation expense	\$ 955	\$ 1,094	\$ 1,825	\$ 2,297	
Total tax benefit related to share-based compensation expense	\$ 386	\$ 427	\$ 737	\$ 898	

The provisions of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 123R Share-Based Payment and related interpretative guidance issued by the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) and the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) are applied to all share-based payment awards made to employees

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INFRASOURCE SERVICES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

**Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)
(Unaudited)**

and directors. SFAS 123R requires the measurement and recognition of compensation expense for all share-based payment awards including employee stock options, restricted stock and employee stock purchases under the Employee Stock Purchase Plan based on the grant-date fair values of the awards. The value of the portion of a share-based payment award that is ultimately expected to vest is determined as of the award's grant date and is expensed over its requisite service period in the Company's condensed consolidated statements of operations. Estimates of expected share-based payment award forfeitures are made to determine the number of equity award instruments that are not expected to vest.

As discussed in Note 1 Organization and Basis of Presentation, all outstanding stock options issued under the Company's stock plans will be converted, as of the Effective Date of the Merger and based on the Exchange Ratio, into stock options to receive shares of Quanta common stock. Immediately prior to the Effective Date, the Employee Stock Purchase Plan will be terminated in its entirety. Upon completion of the Merger, Quanta will assume the obligations and succeed to the rights of InfraSource under the Company's stock plans. Except with respect to 281,878 options and 30,210 shares of restricted stock, the vesting of outstanding stock options and restricted stock issued to employees under the Company's stock plans will not accelerate as a result of the Merger. The 281,878 options, the vesting of which will be accelerated, updates the previously disclosed information, including for the named executive officers, as described in footnote (3) of the Outstanding Equity Awards at 2006 Fiscal Year-End Table in the Company's annual report for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2006 on Form 10-K/A. Subsequent to the Merger, an employee's options or restricted stock may fully vest upon the employee's involuntary termination other than for cause. Outstanding stock options for 88,341 shares issued to non-employee directors under the Company's stock plans will vest upon completion of the Merger.

Stock Options

The 2003 Omnibus Stock Incentive Plan, as amended effective April 29, 2004 (the 2003 Stock Plan), was adopted to allow the grant of stock options and restricted stock to designated key employees and directors. Options currently outstanding under the 2003 Stock Plan consist of time-based options that vest over four years following the respective grant dates. All options have a maximum term of ten years. The 2003 Stock Plan was terminated upon completion of the IPO. Options previously issued under the 2003 Stock Plan remain outstanding.

The 2004 Omnibus Stock Incentive Plan (the 2004 Stock Plan) was adopted to allow the grant of stock options, stock appreciation rights, restricted stock, and deferred stock or performance shares to employees and directors. Options granted under the 2004 Stock Plan vest over a period of four years and have a maximum term of ten years. The aggregate number of shares reserved for under the 2004 Stock Plan is 800,000 plus an amount added annually on the first day of each fiscal year (beginning 2005) equal to the lesser of (i) 1,000,000 shares or (ii) two percent of the number of shares of common stock outstanding on the last day of the immediately preceding fiscal year. As of June 30, 2007, 3.2 million shares have been reserved for issuance under the 2004 Stock Plan.

The Black-Scholes model is used to determine the fair value of stock option grants and its results are based on various assumptions including expected volatility, expected holding period, risk-free interest rate and dividend yield. Expected stock price volatility is based on the historical volatility of the Company's common stock. The risk-free interest rate assumption is based on observed interest rates appropriate for the term of the options. The dividend yield assumption is zero, as the Company does not currently intend to declare dividends. The Company currently uses the simplified method to calculate expected holding period, as provided for under SEC Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 107.

Table of Contents**INFRASOURCE SERVICES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES****Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)
(Unaudited)**

Presented below are calculated weighted averages of the assumptions used in determining the fair values of grants made during the six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2007:

	Six Months Ended June 30, 2006	Six Months Ended June 30, 2007
Weighted Average Assumptions:		
Expected volatility	44%	40%
Dividend yield	0%	0%
Risk-free interest rate	4.93%	4.49%
Expected holding period (in years)	6.25	6.25

The weighted-average grant-date fair values of options granted during the six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2007 were \$8.84 and \$11.57 per share, respectively. As of June 30, 2007, there was approximately \$6.9 million of unrecognized compensation costs related to unvested stock options. That cost is expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of 2.7 years.

The following table summarizes information for the options outstanding and exercisable for the six months ended June 30, 2007:

	Number of Options	Weighted Average Exercise Price per Share	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Life	Aggregate Intrinsic Value
Outstanding as of December 31, 2006	2,230,989	\$ 11.79		
Granted	7,000	24.81		
Exercised	(557,711)	8.24		
Cancelled	(79,877)	15.15		
Outstanding as of June 30, 2007	1,600,401	\$ 12.92	7.9 years	\$ 38,705
Exercisable as of June 30, 2007	272,076	\$ 11.39	7.1 years	\$ 6,995

The aggregate intrinsic value of options exercised during the six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2007 was \$1.4 million and \$14.6 million, respectively.

Restricted Stock

Time-based: The following table presents a summary of the status of the number of unvested time-based shares of restricted stock as of June 30, 2007 and changes therein during the six months ended June 30, 2007:

	Number of Shares		Weighted- Average Grant- Date Fair Value
Unvested shares at December 31, 2006	77,331	\$	17.15
Shares issued	12,100		24.81
Shares vested	(23,500)		20.41
Unvested shares at June 30, 2007	65,931	\$	17.39

As of June 30, 2007, there was approximately \$0.5 million of unrecognized compensation costs related to unvested time-based restricted stock which is expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of 3.7 years.

Table of Contents**INFRASOURCE SERVICES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES****Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)
(Unaudited)**

The total fair value of shares vested during the six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2007 was \$0.6 million and \$0.5 million, respectively.

Performance-based: 87,200 shares of performance-based restricted stock granted in November 2006 will vest on the seventh anniversary of the grant date, unless vesting is accelerated due to the achievement of certain performance targets. Currently, the cost is recognized on a straight-line basis over seven years. The Company's performance relative to targets is assessed each quarter and, if such targets are expected to be achieved, the remaining expense will be recognized on an accelerated basis. If the Merger with Quanta occurs, the vesting schedule will change to time-based vesting and one-third of the shares will vest on each of the first three anniversaries of the closing date of the Merger, subject to earlier vesting upon termination of employment for each restricted stockholder who is party to a management agreement with the Company containing such provision.

The following table presents a summary of the status of the number of performance-based shares of unvested restricted stock as of June 30, 2007 and changes therein during the six months ended June 30, 2007:

	Number of Shares	Weighted- Average Grant- Date Fair Value
Unvested shares at December 31, 2006	87,200	\$ 20.55
Shares forfeited	(3,800)	20.55
Unvested shares at June 30, 2007	83,400	\$ 20.55

Employee Stock Purchase Plan

In April 2004, the 2004 Employee Stock Purchase Plan was adopted for the benefit of all employees meeting its eligibility criteria. Under this plan, eligible employees may purchase shares of common stock, subject to certain limitations, at 85% of the market value. Purchases are limited to 15% of an employee's eligible compensation, up to a maximum of 2,000 shares per purchase period. The maximum aggregate number of shares reserved for issuance under the plan is 2,000,000, plus an annual increase to be added on the first day of each fiscal year (beginning 2005) equal to the lesser of (i) 600,000 shares or (ii) one percent of the total shares of common stock outstanding on the last day of the immediately preceding fiscal year. As of June 30, 2007, 3.2 million shares have been reserved for issuance under the 2004 Employee Stock Purchase Plan. Immediately prior to the Effective Date of the Merger, the Employee Stock Purchase Plan will be terminated in its entirety. Enrollments for share purchases under the Employee Stock Purchase Plan ceased immediately following share purchases made on May 15, 2007.

8. Concentration of Credit Risk

A significant portion of the Company's revenues is derived from a small group of customers. Our top ten customers accounted for 54% and 42% of consolidated revenues for the three months ended June 30, 2006 and 2007,

respectively, and 47% and 42% of consolidated revenues for the six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2007, respectively. Exelon Corporation (Exelon) accounted for approximately 18% and 13% of consolidated revenues for the three months ended June 30, 2006 and 2007, respectively, and 17% and 12% of consolidated revenues for the six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2007, respectively.

At December 31, 2006 and June 30, 2007 accounts receivable due from Exelon, inclusive of amounts due from a prime contractor for Exelon work, represented 7% and 12%, respectively, of the total accounts receivable balance.

Table of Contents**INFRASOURCE SERVICES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES****Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)
(Unaudited)****9. Comprehensive Income**

The following table presents the components of comprehensive income for the periods presented:

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2006	Three Months Ended June 30, 2007	Six Months Ended June 30, 2006	Six Months Ended June 30, 2007
	(In thousands)			
Net income	\$ 5,327	\$ 9,165	\$ 7,793	\$ 8,159
Fair value adjustments on derivative instruments	(480)	39	(480)	39
Foreign currency translation adjustment	126	441	111	496
Comprehensive income	\$ 4,973	\$ 9,645	\$ 7,424	\$ 8,694

During the second quarter of 2007, the Company entered into a forward foreign currency contract arrangement to hedge purchases forecasted to occur through January 2008, effectively fixing the ultimate cost of such purchases. As this arrangement has been designated as a cash flow hedge for purposes of accounting recognition, the changes in the fair value of the forward contracts are recorded in other comprehensive income. Any gain or loss resulting from the settlements of the forward foreign currency contracts will be reclassified into earnings in the same period during which the hedged purchase affects earnings.

The Company's Canadian operations are translated into U.S. dollars and a translation adjustment is recorded in other comprehensive income.

10. Segment Information

We operate in two business segments. Our ICS segment provides design, engineering, procurement, construction, testing, maintenance and repair services for utility infrastructure. ICS customers include electric power utilities, natural gas utilities, telecommunication customers, government entities and heavy industrial companies, such as petrochemical, processing and refining businesses. ICS services are provided by five operating units, all of which have been aggregated into one reportable segment due to their similar economic characteristics, customer bases, products and production and distribution methods. Our TS segment, consisting of a single operating unit, leases point-to-point telecommunications infrastructure in select markets and provides design, procurement, construction and maintenance services for telecommunications infrastructure. TS customers include communication service providers, large industrial and financial services customers, school districts and other entities with high bandwidth telecommunication needs. Within the TS segment, we are regulated as a public telecommunication utility in various states. We operate in multiple territories throughout the United States. We do not have significant operations or assets outside the United

States.

Business segment performance measurement and resource allocation for the reportable segments are designed to facilitate evaluation of operating unit performance and based on many factors. The primary financial measures used to evaluate segment operations are revenues and income (loss) from operations as adjusted, a non-GAAP financial measure. Income (loss) from operations as adjusted excludes expenses for the amortization of intangibles related to acquisitions, share-based compensation and merger-related costs, because those expenses do not reflect the core performance of business segments operations. A reconciliation of income (loss) from operations as adjusted to the nearest GAAP equivalent, income (loss) from operations is provided below.

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Income (loss) from operations as adjusted	\$ 21,641	\$ 9,222	\$ (9,648)	\$ 21,215
Less: Amortization and shared-based compensation	1,630	59	630	2,319
Income (loss) from operations	20,011	9,163	(10,278)	18,896
Interest income	989	1,033	(1,613)	409
Interest expense	(3,382)	(642)	231	(3,793)
Write-off of deferred financing costs	(3,535)	(677)	(84)	(4,296)
Other income, net	1,456	2	126	1,584
Income (loss) before income taxes	\$ 15,539	\$ 8,879	\$ (11,618)	\$ 12,800

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Telecommunications	29,742	33,237	54,054	58,393
Other	2,408	4,691	4,593	10,855
	\$ 254,261	\$ 239,572	\$ 468,536	\$ 443,376

All electric, gas and other end market revenues are included in the ICS segment, while telecommunications end market revenue is included in both the ICS and TS segments. Approximately 32% and 35% of telecommunications end market revenues for the three months ended June 30, 2006 and 2007, respectively, were from the TS segment. Approximately 36% and 39% of telecommunications end market revenues for the six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2007, respectively, were from the TS segment.

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INFRASOURCE SERVICES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

**Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)
(Unaudited)**

11. Related Party Transactions

The Company leases office and warehouse space from Coleman Properties, of which three officers of one of our subsidiaries are general partners. The lease for this space continues through October 2008. Annual lease payments under this agreement are approximately \$0.1 million.

The Company leases ducts in two river bores under the Delaware River from Coleman Properties. The lease commenced on May 1, 2005 with a term of five years and an option to extend. The annual lease payment is \$0.02 million for each pair of fiber installed in the conduit up to a maximum of \$0.2 million per year if additional ducts are leased.

The Company leases office and warehouse facilities in Michigan which are owned by an employee and his family members. Leases for these properties expire in 2011, with annual lease payments of \$0.4 million.

As of June 30, 2007, \$0.9 million due in June 2008 to Realtime Utility Engineers, Inc. (RUE) stockholders, and currently employees of the Company, was accrued in other liabilities related party.

12. Debt

In June 2007, the Company borrowed \$10.0 million under its secured revolving credit facility to fund working capital needs. In July 2007, this borrowing was repaid in full.

13. Commitments and Contingencies

On September 21, 2005, a petition, as amended, was filed against InfraSource, certain of its officers and directors and various other defendants in the Harris County, Texas District Court seeking unspecified damages. The plaintiffs allege that the defendants violated their fiduciary duties and committed constructive fraud by failing to maximize shareholder value in connection with certain acquisitions which closed in 1999 and 2000 and the Exelon Merger and committed other acts of misconduct following the filing of the petition. At this time, it is too early to form a definitive opinion concerning the ultimate outcome of this litigation. InfraSource plans to vigorously defend against this claim.

Pursuant to service contracts, the Company generally indemnifies customers for the services provided under such contracts. Furthermore, because the Company's services are integral to the operation and performance of the electric power transmission and distribution infrastructure, we may become subject to lawsuits or claims for any failure of the systems that we work on, even if our services are not the cause for such failures, and we could be subject to civil and criminal liabilities to the extent that our services contributed to any property damage or blackout. The outcome of those proceedings could result in significant costs and diversion of management's attention to ongoing business activities. Payments of significant amounts, even if reserved, could adversely affect the Company's reputation and liquidity position.

From time to time, we are a party to various other lawsuits, claims, other legal proceedings and are subject, due to the nature of our business, to governmental agency oversight, audits, investigations and review. Such actions may seek, among other things, compensation for alleged personal injury, breach of contract, property damage, punitive damages,

civil penalties or other losses, or injunctive or declaratory relief. Under such governmental audits and investigations, we may become subject to fines and penalties or other monetary damages. With respect to such lawsuits, claims, proceedings and governmental investigations and audits, we accrue reserves when it is probable a liability has been incurred and the amount of loss can be reasonably estimated. We do not believe any of the pending proceedings, individually or in the aggregate, will have a material adverse effect on results of operations, cash flows or financial condition.

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Item 2. *MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS*

Forward-Looking and Cautionary Statements

In this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, we have made forward-looking statements. Generally, these forward-looking statements can be identified by words like may, will, should, expect, intend, anticipate, believe, estimate, potential, or continue or the negative of those words and other comparable words. These forward-looking statements generally relate to the Company's plans, objectives and expectations for future operations and are based upon current estimates and projections of future results or trends. Although we believe that plans and objectives reflected in or suggested by these forward-looking statements are reasonable, we may not achieve these plans or objectives. These statements are subject to known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that could cause the actual results to differ materially from those contemplated by the statements. These statements only reflect our predictions. Except as required by law, we will not update forward-looking statements even though circumstances may change in the future. With respect to forward-looking statements, we claim the protection of the safe harbor for forward-looking statements contained in the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995.

The factors that could affect future results and could cause those results to differ materially from those expressed in the forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, those described under Item 1, Business Risk Factors in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2006 and other risks outlined in our filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC).

Specific factors that might cause actual results to differ from expectations or may affect the value of the Company's common stock include, but are not limited to: (i) the possibility that the pending merger with Quanta Services, Inc. will not be consummated; (ii) the award of new contracts and the timing of the award and performance of those contracts; (iii) exposure to fluctuations in profitability resulting from participation in fixed-price contracts; (iv) the determination that any of contracts are in a loss position; (v) cyclical changes that could reduce the demand for the services we provide; (vi) the nature of our contracts, particularly fixed-price contracts; (vii) the effect of percentage-of-completion accounting policies; (viii) loss of key customers; (ix) failure to attract and retain qualified personnel; (x) skilled labor shortages and increased labor costs; (xi) the uncertainty of the effects of the Energy Act; (xii) failure to profitably realize backlog; (xiii) project delays or cancellations; (xiv) work hindrance due to seasonal and other variations, including adverse weather conditions; (xv) the failure to meet schedule or performance requirements of contracts; (xvi) significant competition in our industry; (xvii) the presence of competitors with greater financial resources and the impact of competitive products, services and pricing; (xviii) ability to successfully identify, integrate and complete acquisitions; (xix) the effectiveness of internal controls over financial reporting; (xx) limitations in financing agreements that restrict business operations; (xxi) ability to obtain surety bonds; (xxii) construction accidents and injuries; (xxiii) the impact of our unionized workforce on operations; and (xxiv) a change in government laws or regulations.

Introduction

The following discussion should be read in conjunction with the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements and notes of InfraSource Services, Inc. and its wholly owned subsidiaries included elsewhere in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and with the Management Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations and audited financial statements and notes included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K.

Overview

We are one of the largest specialty contractors servicing electric, natural gas and telecommunications infrastructure in the United States based on market share. We operate in two business segments, Infrastructure Construction Services and Telecommunication Services. We operate in multiple service territories throughout the United States and do not have significant operations or assets outside the United States.

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In December 2006, we acquired all of the voting interests of Realtime Utility Engineers, Inc. (RUE), a company that provides substation and transmission line engineering services for electric utilities.

During the second quarter of 2007:

Revenues decreased \$14.7 million, or 6%, to \$239.6 million as compared to the three months ended June 30, 2006. Natural gas revenues decreased \$15.4 million, or 21%, due primarily to a decline in housing starts.

Gross profit increased \$3.2 million, or 9%, to \$39.0 million, as compared to the three months ended June 30, 2006. During the second quarter of 2006, we incurred a \$6.6 million charge on an electric transmission contract and earned performance bonuses of \$2.3 million for strong operating performance on certain electric distribution and substation projects. Excluding these items, gross profit decreased \$1.1 million, due primarily to lower profitability on electric transmission construction projects and lower revenue in our natural gas business, which was caused primarily by a decline in housing starts. Partially offsetting these declines were higher gross profits resulting from an increase in the volume of dark fiber lease revenue and gross profits generated by RUE following its December 2006 acquisition.

In July 2007, we were awarded a contract for the construction of a 73-mile long, 500 kV electric transmission line in California, known as the Tehachapi Renewable Transmission Project. The estimated contract value is \$93.2 million.

During June and July 2007, we acquired \$14.4 million of dark fiber related assets.

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2007, revenues were \$239.6 million and \$443.4 million, respectively, as compared with \$254.3 million and \$468.5 million, respectively, for the three and six months ended June 30, 2006. The revenue mix by end market for those periods is presented in the table below:

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2006	Three Months Ended June 30, 2007	Six Months Ended June 30, 2006	Six Months Ended June 30, 2007
Electric Transmission	23%	25%	25%	27%
Electric Substation	23%	19%	20%	21%
Utility Distribution and Industrial Electric	13%	16%	15%	15%
Total Electric	59%	60%	60%	63%
Natural Gas	28%	24%	27%	21%
Telecommunications	12%	14%	12%	13%
Other	1%	2%	1%	3%

The Company's top ten customers accounted for approximately 54% and 42% of consolidated revenues for the three months ended June 30, 2006 and 2007, respectively, and 47% and 42% of consolidated revenues for the six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2007, respectively. Exelon accounted for approximately 18% and 13% of consolidated revenues for the three months ended June 30, 2006 and 2007, respectively, and 17% and 12% of consolidated revenues for the six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2007, respectively. Approximately 32% and 35% of telecommunications end market revenues for the three months ended June 30, 2006 and 2007, respectively, were from

the TS segment. Approximately 36% and 39% of telecommunications end market revenues for the six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2007, respectively, were from the TS segment.

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Below is a period-over-period (second quarter 2006 as to second quarter 2007) and sequential (first quarter 2007 as to second quarter 2007) comparison of end market backlog, which does not include the \$93.2 million contract awarded in July 2007 for the Tehachapi Renewable Transmission Project:

End Market	Backlog as of		Increase/	Increase/
	June 30, 2006	June 30, 2007	(Decrease) (\$)	(Decrease) (%)
	(In millions)			
Electric Transmission	\$ 214.7	\$ 134.5	\$ (80.2)	(37.4)%
Electric Substation	136.5	157.4	20.9	15.3%
Utility Distribution and Industrial Electric	88.1	191.9	103.8	117.8%
Total Electric	439.3	483.8	44.5	10.1%
Natural Gas	247.4	196.5	(50.9)	(20.6)%
Telecommunications	221.4	222.0	0.6	0.3%
Other	7.7	17.0	9.3	120.8%
Total	\$ 915.8	\$ 919.3	\$ 3.5	0.4%

End Market	Backlog as of		Increase/	Increase/
	March 31, 2007	June 30, 2007	(Decrease) (\$)	(Decrease) (%)
	(In millions)			
Electric Transmission	\$ 171.8	\$ 134.5	\$ (37.3)	(21.7)%
Electric Substation	181.1	157.4	(23.7)	(13.1)%
Utility Distribution and Industrial Electric	203.0	191.9	(11.1)	(5.5)%
Total Electric	555.9	483.8	(72.1)	(13.0)%
Natural Gas	231.5	196.5	(35.0)	(15.1)%
Telecommunications	237.7	222.0	(15.7)	(6.6)%
Other	22.4	17.0	(5.4)	(24.1)%
Total	\$ 1,047.5	\$ 919.3	\$ (128.2)	(12.2)%

Below is a period-over-period (second quarter 2006 as to second quarter 2007) and sequential (first quarter 2007 as to second quarter 2007) comparison of backlog by business segment:

	Backlog as of		Increase/	Increase/
	June 30, 2006	June 30, 2007	(Decrease) (\$)	(Decrease) (%)
	(In millions)			

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ICS	\$ 781.5	\$ 791.9	\$ 10.4	1.3%
TS	134.3	127.4	(6.9)	(5.1)%
Total	\$ 915.8	\$ 919.3	\$ 3.5	0.4%

	Backlog as of March 31, 2007	June 30, 2007	Increase/ (Decrease) (\$)	Increase/ (Decrease) (%)
	(In millions)			
ICS	\$ 923.1	\$ 791.9	\$ (131.2)	(14.2)%
TS	124.4	127.4	3.0	2.4%
Total	\$ 1,047.5	\$ 919.3	\$ (128.2)	(12.2)%

Table of Contents**Results of Operations***Seasonality and Cyclical*

The ICS segment's results of operations are subject to seasonal variations. During the winter months, demand for new projects and new maintenance service arrangements is normally lower in some geographic areas due to reduced construction activity, especially for services to natural gas distribution customers. Therefore, the ICS segment typically generates lower gross profit and operating income in the first quarter. However, demand for repair and maintenance services attributable to damage caused by inclement weather may partially offset the loss of revenues from lower demand for new projects and new maintenance service agreements. During the three months ended March 31, 2006, unusually mild weather contributed to increased volume and financial performance in natural gas, underground telecommunications and electric transmission services. For the same period in 2007, adverse weather conditions accounted for a portion of revenue decline as compared to 2006.

Working capital needs are influenced by the seasonality of our business. Generally, additional working capital is required during the spring and summer when outdoor construction increases in weather-affected regions of the country. Conversely, working capital assets are typically converted to cash during the winter months.

Activity in our industry and the available volume of work is affected by the highly cyclical spending patterns in the telecommunications and independent power producers sectors. As a result, volume of business may be adversely affected by declines in new projects in various geographic regions or industries in the United States. The TS segment's leasing of point-to-point telecommunications infrastructure is not significantly affected by seasonality.

Consolidated Results*Three months ended June 30, 2007 compared to the three months ended June 30, 2006*

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2006	% of Revenue	Three Months Ended June 30, 2007	% of Revenue
Revenues	\$ 254,261	100.0%	\$ 239,572	100.0%
Gross profit	35,875	14.1%	39,041	16.3%
Selling, general and administrative expenses	22,612	8.9%	23,831	9.9%
Merger related costs		0.0%	483	0.2%
Provision for uncollectible accounts	41	0.0%	780	0.3%
Amortization of intangible assets	237	0.1%	93	0.1%
Income from operations	12,985	5.1%	13,854	5.8%
Interest income	173	0.1%	144	0.1%
Interest expense	(1,682)	(0.7)%	(1,050)	(0.5)%
Write-off of deferred financing costs	(4,296)	(1.7)%		
Other income, net	1,487	0.6%	2,074	0.9%
Income from continuing operations before income taxes	8,667	3.4%	15,022	6.3%
Income tax expense	3,506	1.4%	5,863	2.5%

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Income from continuing operations	\$	5,161	2.0%	\$	9,159	3.8%
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Revenues: Second quarter 2007 revenues decreased \$14.7 million, or 6%, to \$239.6 million, as compared to the three months ended June 30, 2006. Electric revenues decreased by \$5.1 million, natural gas revenues decreased by \$15.4 million, telecommunications revenues increased by \$3.5 million and other revenues increased by \$2.3 million.

Gross profit: Gross profit increased \$3.2 million, or 9%, to \$39.0 million, as compared to the second quarter of 2006. Gross profit margins increased from 14.1% in 2006 to 16.3% in 2007. During the second quarter of 2006,

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we incurred a \$6.6 million charge for an electric transmission contract determined to be in a loss position and earned performance bonuses of \$2.3 million for strong operating performance on certain electric distribution and substation projects. Excluding these items, second quarter 2007 gross profit decreased \$1.1 million and gross margin percentage increased less than 1% as compared to the same period in 2006. The decrease in gross profit resulted primarily from lower profitability on electric transmission construction projects and lower revenue in our natural gas business, which was caused primarily by a decline in housing starts. Partially offsetting these declines were higher gross profits resulting from an increase in the volume of dark fiber lease revenue and gross profits generated by RUE following its December 2006 acquisition.

Selling, general and administrative expenses: Second quarter 2007 selling, general and administrative expenses increased \$1.2 million, or 5%, as compared to the three months ended June 30, 2006. The increase was due primarily to an increase in salaries and benefits of \$0.8 million for additional personnel hired to manage business growth.

Provision for uncollectible accounts: Second quarter 2007 provision for uncollectible accounts increased approximately \$0.7 million, as compared to the second quarter 2006, due primarily to reaching an agreement to settle a long outstanding receivable to avoid continued litigation costs.

Interest expense: Second quarter 2007 interest expense decreased \$0.6 million, as compared to the second quarter 2006, due to lower average debt levels and interest rates, the latter a consequence of the refinancing of our senior credit facility in 2006.

Provision for income taxes: The provision for income taxes was up approximately \$2.4 million, as compared to the three months ended June 30, 2006, due primarily to higher taxable income in the second quarter of 2007.

Discontinued operations, net of tax: Income from discontinued operations in both the second quarters of 2006 and 2007 reflect MSI's results of operations.

Six months ended June 30, 2007 compared to the six months ended June 30, 2006

	Six Months Ended June 30, 2006	% of Revenue	Six Months Ended June 30, 2007	% of Revenue
Revenues	\$ 468,536	100.0%	\$ 443,376	100.0%
Gross profit	64,726	13.8%	67,436	15.2%
Selling, general and administrative expenses	45,305	9.7%	49,439	11.2%
Merger related costs		0.0%	4,057	0.9%
Provision for uncollectible accounts	31	0.0%	943	0.2%
Amortization of intangible assets	494	0.1%	153	0.0%
Income from operations	18,896	4.0%	12,844	2.9%
Interest income	409	0.1%	472	0.1%
Interest expense	(3,793)	(0.8)%	(2,093)	(0.5)%
Write-off of deferred financing costs	(4,296)	(0.9)%		
Other income, net	1,584	0.3%	2,187	0.5%
	12,800	2.7%	13,410	3.0%

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Income from continuing operations before
income taxes

Income tax expense	5,172	1.1%	5,240	1.2%
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Income from continuing operations	\$ 7,628	1.6%	\$ 8,170	1.8%
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Revenues: First half 2007 revenues decreased \$25.2 million, or 5%. Electric revenues decreased by \$4.3 million, natural gas revenues decreased by \$31.5 million, telecommunications revenues increased by \$4.3 million and other revenues increased by \$6.3 million.

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Gross profit: First half 2007 gross profit increased \$2.7 million, or 4%. Gross profit margins for the same periods increased from 13.8% in 2006 to 15.2% in 2007. During the second quarter of 2006, we incurred a \$6.6 million charge for an electric transmission contract determined to be in a loss position and earned performance bonuses of \$2.3 million for strong operating performance on certain electric distribution and substation projects. Excluding these items, gross profit decreased \$1.6 million and gross margin percentage increased by less than 1% during the six months ended June 30, 2007, as compared to the same period in 2006. The decrease in gross profit resulted primarily from lower profitability on electric transmission construction projects and lower revenue in our natural gas business, which was caused primarily by a decline in housing starts, the planned exit of certain low margin contracts and more severe weather in the first quarter of 2007, partially offset by an increase in the volume of dark fiber lease revenue and gross profits generated by RUE following its December 2006 acquisition.

Selling, general and administrative expenses: Selling, general and administrative expenses increased \$4.1 million, or 9%, due primarily to a \$3.5 million increase in salaries and benefits for additional personnel hired to manage business growth.

Provision for uncollectible accounts: The first half 2007 provision for uncollectible accounts was up approximately \$0.9 million due primarily to reaching an agreement to settle a long outstanding receivable to avoid continued litigation costs.

Interest expense: Interest expense decreased \$1.7 million due to the effects of lower average debt levels and interest rates, the latter resulting from the refinancing of our senior credit facility in 2006.

Provision for income taxes: The provision for income taxes increased \$0.1 million due primarily to higher taxable income in 2007.

Discontinued operations, net of tax: Income (loss) from discontinued operations for the six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2007 included MSI's results of operations.

Segment Results

Operations are managed in two segments, ICS and TS. The primary financial measures used to evaluate segment operations are revenues and income (loss) from operations as adjusted, a non-GAAP financial measure. Income (loss) from operations as adjusted excludes expenses for the amortization of intangibles related to acquisitions, share-based compensation and merger related costs, because we believe those expenses do not reflect the core performance of business segments' operations. A reconciliation of income (loss) from operations as adjusted to the nearest GAAP equivalent, income (loss) from operations, is provided in Note 10 to condensed consolidated financial statements, included elsewhere in this report on Form 10-Q.

Corporate overhead expenses have not been allocated to segments because segment performance is evaluated based on revenues and expenses within their control, without the effect of corporate expenses.

Three months ended June 30, 2007 compared to the three months ended June 30, 2006

Three Months Ended June 30, 2006	Three Months Ended June 30, 2007	Change
		\$
		%

(In thousands)

Revenues:

Infrastructure Construction Services	\$ 241,227	\$ 228,031	\$ (13,196)	(5.5)%
Telecommunications Services	9,503	11,606	2,103	22.1%
Total segment revenues	250,730	239,637	(11,093)	(4.4)%
Corporate and eliminations	3,531	(65)	(3,596)	(101.8)%
Total revenues	\$ 254,261	\$ 239,572	\$ (14,689)	(5.8)%

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	Three Months Ended June 30, 2006	Three Months Ended June 30, 2007 (In thousands)	Change	
			\$	%
Income from operations as adjusted:				
Infrastructure Construction Services	\$ 13,273	\$ 14,162	\$ 889	6.7%
Telecommunications Services	4,743	6,510	1,767	37.3%
Total segment income from operations as adjusted	18,016	20,672	2,656	14.7%
Corporate and eliminations	(3,839)	(5,148)	(1,309)	(34.1)%
Total income from operations as adjusted	\$ 14,177	\$ 15,524	\$ 1,347	9.5%

ICS

Revenues: ICS revenues decreased \$13.2 million, or 5%, as compared to the three months ended June 30, 2006. Natural gas revenues decreased \$15.4 million, or 21%, due primarily to a decline in housing starts. Electric revenues decreased \$5.1 million, due primarily to project delays for certain electric substation and industrial electric construction projects partially offset by RUE revenues following its December 2006 acquisition. Other revenues and telecommunication revenues increased \$2.3 million and \$1.4 million, respectively.

Income from operations as adjusted: Income from operations as adjusted increased \$0.9 million, or 7%, as compared to the three months ended June 30, 2006. During the second quarter of 2006, we incurred a \$6.6 million charge for an electric transmission contract determined to be in a loss position and earned performance bonuses of \$1.3 million for strong operating performance on certain electric distribution and substation projects. Excluding these items, income from operations as adjusted decreased, due primarily to lower profitability on electric transmission construction projects and lower revenue in our natural gas business, which was caused primarily by a decline in housing starts. Partially offsetting these declines were profits generated by RUE following its December 2006 acquisition.

TS

Revenues: TS revenues increased \$2.1 million, or 22%, as compared to the three months ended June 30, 2006, due primarily to an increase in the volume of dark fiber lease revenues.

Income from operations as adjusted: Income from operations as adjusted increased \$1.8 million, or 37%, as compared to the three months ended June 30, 2006, due primarily to an increase in dark fiber lease revenues.

Corporate

The decreases in revenues and income from operations as adjusted were due primarily to a significant reduction in the scope of administrative services work provided to one of our customers and the absence of \$1.0 million of performance related bonuses earned in the three months ended June 30, 2006.

Six months ended June 30, 2007 compared to the six months ended June 30, 2006

	Six Months Ended June 30, 2006	Six Months Ended June 30, 2007 (In thousands)	Change	
			\$	%
Revenues:				
Infrastructure Construction Services	\$ 443,769	\$ 420,261	\$ (23,508)	(5.3)%
Telecommunications Services	19,576	23,063	3,487	17.8%
Total segment revenues	463,345	443,324	(20,021)	(4.3)%
Corporate and eliminations	5,191	52	(5,139)	99.0%
Total revenues	\$ 468,536	\$ 443,376	\$ (25,160)	(5.4)%

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	Six Months Ended June 30, 2006	Six Months Ended June 30, 2007 (In thousands)	Change	
			\$	%
Income from operations as adjusted:				
Infrastructure Construction Services	\$ 21,641	\$ 17,703	\$ (3,938)	(18.2)%
Telecommunications Services	9,222	11,991	2,769	30.0%
Total segment income from operations as adjusted	30,863	29,694	(1,169)	(3.8)%
Corporate and eliminations	(9,648)	(10,343)	(695)	(7.2)%
Total income from operations as adjusted	\$ 21,215	\$ 19,351	\$ (1,864)	(8.8)%

ICS

Revenues: ICS revenues decreased \$23.5 million, or 5%, as compared to the six months ended June 30, 2006. Natural gas revenues decreased \$31.5 million, or 25%, due primarily to a decline in housing starts. Electric revenues decreased \$4.3 million, due primarily to a \$3.9 million decrease in electric substation services. Other revenues and telecommunications revenues increased \$6.3 million and \$0.9 million, respectively.

Income from operations as adjusted: Income from operations as adjusted decreased \$3.9 million, or 18%, as compared to the six months ended June 30, 2006. During the second quarter of 2006, we incurred a \$6.6 million charge for an electric transmission contract determined to be in a loss position and earned performance bonuses of \$1.3 million for strong operating performance on certain electric distribution and substation projects. Excluding these items, income from operations as adjusted decreased, due primarily to lower profitability on electric transmission construction projects and lower revenue in our natural gas business, which was caused primarily by a decline in housing starts, the planned exit of certain low margin contracts and more severe weather in 2007. Partially offsetting these declines were profits generated by RUE following its December 2006 acquisition.

TS

Revenues: TS revenues increased \$3.5 million, or 18%, as compared to the six months ended June 30, 2006, due primarily to an increase in the volume of dark fiber lease revenues.

Income from operations as adjusted: Income from operations as adjusted increased \$2.8 million, or 30%, as compared to the six months ended June 30, 2006. The increase was due primarily to an increase in dark fiber lease revenues.

Corporate

The decreases in revenues and income from operations as adjusted were due primarily to a significant reduction in the scope of administrative services work provided to one of our customers and the absence of \$1.0 million of performance related bonuses earned in the six months ended June 30, 2006.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Cash, Working Capital Requirements and Capital Expenditures

Cash and cash equivalents as of June 30, 2007, our senior credit facility and future cash flow from operations are expected to provide sufficient cash to meet operating, investing and financing needs for the next twelve months, based on currently predicted levels of business, capital expenditures and debt service. However, if the proposed merger does not occur, we may find it necessary or desirable to seek additional financing to support further growth, such as increased demand for services as a result of the Energy Policy Act of 2005, or fund strategic initiatives, such as acquisitions. This could require an increase in our senior credit facility or the issuance of new debt or additional equity, which could be dilutive to existing shareholders.

Working capital needs are generally higher during the spring season due to increased construction in weather-affected regions of the country. Conversely, working capital assets are typically converted to cash during the winter

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months. Capital expenditures are expected to range from \$60 million to \$70 million for 2007, depending on the timing of awards and work releases for new contracts. Approximately 75% of expected capital expenditures are targeted for dark fiber expansion. We intend to fund capital expenditures primarily with operating cash flows.

Sources and Uses of Cash

As of June 30, 2007, cash and cash equivalents totaled \$18.9 million and working capital was \$105.8 million. As of the same date, we had \$60.0 million in borrowings and \$36.7 million in letters of credit outstanding under our senior credit facility, leaving \$128.8 million in unutilized capacity. Balances at December 31, 2006 were \$26.2 million in cash and cash equivalents and \$107.4 million in working capital. As of the same date, we had \$50.0 million in borrowings and \$33.6 million in letters of credit outstanding under our senior credit facility, and \$1.1 million drawn under our short-term credit facility, leaving \$141.9 million in unutilized capacity.

Cash from operating activities from continuing operations. During the six months ended June 30, 2007, net cash provided by operating activities from continuing operations was \$4.3 million, as compared to \$28.2 million for the same period in 2006. The principal uses of operating cash during the first half of 2007 were payments for labor and materials related to performance of services and selling, general, and administrative expenses. The principal source of operating cash during the six months ended June 30, 2007 was payments received from customers for contract services performed. Changes in operating assets and liabilities during the six months ended June 30, 2007 used \$10.8 million of operating cash flow from continuing operations, as compared with providing \$2.2 million of operating cash flow during the first six months of 2006. The decrease in 2007 sources of cash from changes in operating assets and liabilities was due primarily to the reduction in accounts payable.

Cash from investing activities from continuing operations. The primary use of cash for the six months ended June 30, 2007 was for purchases of equipment totaling \$33.4 million, which was comprised primarily of dark fiber network construction expenditures. The primary use of cash for the six months ended June 30, 2006 was for purchases of equipment totaling \$18.9 million and payments of \$10.6 million to the owners of previously acquired businesses.

Cash from financing activities from continuing operations. Cash provided by financing activities for the six months ended June 30, 2007 was related primarily to the \$10.0 million short-term borrowing under our secured revolving credit facility and proceeds of \$5.6 million from exercises of stock options and purchases of common stock under our Employee Stock Purchase Plan. Cash used in financing activities for the six months ended June 30, 2006 consisted primarily of the net payment to reduce long-term debt upon refinancing our credit facility.

Related Party Transactions

In the normal course of business, from time to time we enter into transactions with related parties. We have entered into transactions with the former Principal Stockholders and some of the Company's officers and employees. For more information, see Notes 7 and 11 to our condensed consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this report on Form 10-Q and Item 13 Certain Relationships and Related Transactions in the Company's report on Form 10-K/A for the year ended December 31, 2006.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

The preparation of condensed consolidated financial statements requires estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities known to exist at the date of the condensed consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. We evaluate such estimates on an ongoing basis, based on historical experience and on various other assumptions that we believe to be reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Refer to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for critical accounting policies and estimates.

New Accounting Pronouncements

In July 2006, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued FASB Interpretation (FIN) No. 48, Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes an interpretation of FASB Statement No. 109, which clarifies the

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accounting for uncertainty in tax positions. FIN No. 48 requires that the impact of a tax position be recognized if that position is more likely than not of being sustained on audit, based on the technical merits of the position. The tax position is measured at the largest amount of benefit that is greater than 50% likely of being realized upon the ultimate settlement. The provisions of FIN No. 48 are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2006, with any cumulative effect of the change in accounting principle recorded as an adjustment to opening retained earnings.

The adoption of FIN No. 48 as of January 1, 2007 resulted in a reduction of opening retained earnings of \$0.2 million. As of the adoption date, the Company had \$0.6 million of unrecognized tax benefits, \$0.2 million of which would reduce our effective tax rate if recognized. No significant increase or decrease in unrecognized tax benefits is currently anticipated during the next twelve months. As of date of adoption, interest and penalty assessment liabilities were less than \$0.1 million. Interest assessments are recorded in interest expense and tax penalties are recognized in selling, general and administrative expenses. Tax years beginning in 2005 remain open and subject to examination by the Internal Revenue Service. Tax years beginning with the Company's inception in 2003 remain open and subject to examination by state taxing jurisdictions.

In September 2006, the FASB issued SFAS No. 157, Fair Value Measurements. This statement defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. SFAS No. 157 is effective for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007. We have not determined the effect, if any, the adoption of this statement will have on results of operations or financial position.

In February 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 159 The Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Liabilities Including an amendment of FASB Statement No. 115. SFAS No. 159 allows companies to choose, at specific election dates, to measure eligible financial assets and liabilities at fair value that are not otherwise required to be measured at fair value. If a company elects the fair value option for an eligible item, changes in that item's fair value in subsequent reporting periods must be recognized in current earnings. SFAS No. 159 is effective for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of SFAS No. 159.

Item 3. *QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK*

We are exposed to market risks, primarily related to increases in fuel prices and adverse changes in interest rates, as discussed below. We have not historically and do not intend to use derivative financial instruments for trading or to speculate on changes in interest rates or commodity prices. We are not exposed to any significant market risks, foreign currency exchange risk or interest rate risk from the use of derivative financial instruments.

The sensitivity analysis below, which illustrates hypothetical potential market risk exposure, estimates the effects of hypothetical sudden and sustained changes in the applicable market conditions on 2007 earnings. The sensitivity analysis presented does not consider any additional actions we may take to mitigate exposure to such changes. The hypothetical changes and assumptions may be different from what actually occurs in the future.

Interest Rates. As of June 30, 2007, the \$60.0 million borrowing under our senior credit facility was subject to floating interest rates. We are exposed to earnings and fair value risk due to changes in interest rates with respect to long-term obligations. The detrimental effect on quarterly pre-tax earnings of a hypothetical 50 basis point increase in interest rates would be approximately \$0.1 million.

Currency Risk. During the second quarter of 2007, the Company entered into a forward foreign currency contract arrangement to hedge purchases forecasted to occur through January 2008, effectively fixing the ultimate cost of such purchases. As this arrangement has been designated as a cash flow hedge for purposes of accounting recognition, the changes in the fair value of the forward contracts are recorded in other comprehensive income. Any gain or loss

resulting from the settlements of the forward foreign currency contracts will be reclassified into earnings in the same period during which the hedged purchase affects earnings. The total notional amount of these contracts in U.S. Dollars is \$9.2 million.

The Canadian subsidiary is subject to currency fluctuations. We do not expect any such currency risk to be material.

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Gasoline and Diesel Fuel. In December 2006, we entered into fuel price cap agreements to mitigate a portion of our exposure to price fluctuations of gasoline and diesel fuel. These derivative instruments have not been designated as cash flow hedges, therefore changes in fair value are recorded in current period income. Operating income will be affected to the extent that increases in fuel prices are not or cannot be mitigated through the use of derivative instruments.

Item 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Disclosure Controls and Procedures

The Company has designed and maintains a system of disclosure controls and procedures to give reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed in the Company's reports submitted under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the rules and forms of the SEC. These controls and procedures give reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed in such reports is accumulated and communicated to management to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosures. The Company's management, with the participation of the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, evaluated the effectiveness of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures (as such term is defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the Exchange Act)) as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based on that evaluation, the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the period covered by this report were effective at a reasonable assurance level.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

No change in the Company's internal control over financial reporting (as such term is defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) under the Exchange Act) occurred during the Company's most recent fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

PART II OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS.

On September 21, 2005, a petition, as amended, was filed against InfraSource, certain of its officers and directors and various other defendants in the Harris County, Texas District Court seeking unspecified damages. The plaintiffs allege that the defendants violated their fiduciary duties and committed constructive fraud by failing to maximize shareholder value in connection with certain acquisitions which closed in 1999 and 2000 and the Exelon Merger and committed other acts of misconduct following the filing of the petition. At this time, it is too early to form a definitive opinion concerning the ultimate outcome of this litigation. Management of InfraSource plans to vigorously defend against this claim.

We generally indemnify customers for the services provided under contracts. Furthermore, because our services are integral to the operation and performance of the electric power transmission and distribution infrastructure, we may become subject to lawsuits or claims for any failure of the systems that we work on, even if our services are not the cause for such failures, and we could be subject to civil and criminal liabilities to the extent that our services contributed to any property damage or blackout. The outcome of these proceedings could result in significant costs and diversion of management's attention to the business. Payments of significant amounts, even if reserved, could adversely affect the Company's reputation and liquidity.

From time to time, we are a party to various other lawsuits, claims, other legal proceedings and are subject, due to the nature of our business, to governmental agency oversight, audits, investigations and review. Such actions may seek, among other things, compensation for alleged personal injury, breach of contract, property damage, punitive damages, civil penalties or other losses, or injunctive or declaratory relief. Under such governmental audits and investigations, we may become subject to fines and penalties or other monetary damages. With respect to such lawsuits, claims, proceedings and governmental investigations and audits, we accrue reserves when it is probable a

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liability has been incurred and the amount of loss can be reasonably estimated. We do not believe any of these proceedings currently pending, individually or in the aggregate, would be expected to have a material adverse effect on results of operations, cash flows or financial condition.

Item 1A. RISK FACTORS.

No updates.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds.

The following table contains information about the Company's purchases of equity securities during the three months ended June 30, 2007.

ISSUER PURCHASES OF EQUITY SECURITIES

Period	(a) Total Number of Shares (or Units) Purchased	(b) Average Price Paid per Share (or Unit)	(c) Total Number of Shares (or Units) Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs	(d) Maximum Number (or Approximate Dollar Value) of Shares (or Units) that May yet be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs
April 1 through April 30, 2007				
May 1 through May 31, 2007	2,600(1)	\$ 33.26	N/A	N/A
June 1 through June 30, 2007				

(1) Shares were purchased by the Company from certain non-employee directors to satisfy tax withholding obligations in connection with the vesting of restricted stock awards pursuant to the 2004 Stock Plan. The Company has no publicly announced plans or programs to purchase shares of Company common stock.

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities.

None.

Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders.

None.

Item 5. Other Information.

None.

Item 6. Exhibits.

- 2.1 Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated as of March 18, 2007, by and among InfraSource Services, Inc., Quanta Services, Inc. and Quanta MS Acquisition, Inc.(2)
- 3.1 Restated Certificate of Incorporation of InfraSource Services, Inc.(1)
- 3.1.1 Certificate of Amendment to the Restated Certificate of Incorporation of InfraSource Services, Inc.(1)
- 3.2 Amended and Restated Bylaws of InfraSource Services, Inc.(1)
- 3.3 Specimen of Common Stock certificate of InfraSource Services Inc.(1)
- 31.1 Rule 13a-14(a)/Rule 15d-14(a) Certification of Chief Executive Officer.*
- 31.2 Rule 13a-14(a)/Rule 15d-14(a) Certification of Chief Financial Officer.*
- 32.1 Certification pursuant to Section 1350 of Chapter 63 of Title 18 of the United States Code.*

* Filed herewith

- (1) Filed as an exhibit to the Registrant's Registration Statement on Form S-8 (Registration No. 333-115648) filed with the Commission on May 19, 2004.
- (2) Filed as an exhibit to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Commission on March 20, 2007.

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

INFRASOURCE SERVICES, INC.
(Registrant)

By: /s/ TERENCE R. MONTGOMERY

Terence R. Montgomery
Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

Date: August 7, 2007