LSI INDUSTRIES INC Form 10-Q/A June 23, 2003

FORM 10-Q/A

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

[X] AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 FOR THE QUARTERLY PERIOD ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2002.

Commission File No. 0-13375

LSI Industries Inc.

State of Incorporation - Ohio

IRS Employer I.D. No. 31-0888951

10000 Alliance Road

Cincinnati, Ohio 45242

(513) 793-3200

Indicate by checkmark whether the Registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months, and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. YES [X] NO[]

Indicate by checkmark whether the Registrant is an accelerated filer (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). YES [X] NO[]

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the Registrant s classes of common stock as of the latest practicable date.

Common Shares, no par value: Shares outstanding at February 3, 2003: 15,767,751

LSI INDUSTRIES INC.

FORM 10-Q/A

FOR THE QUARTER ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2002

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Safe Harbor Statement under the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995

This Form 10-Q/A contains forward-looking statements regarding the earnings and projected business, among other things. These are forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933 and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 that involve substantial risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those expected. These risks and uncertainties include, but are not limited to, the impact of competitive products and services, product demand and market acceptance risks, reliance on key customers, financial difficulties experienced by customers, the adequacy of reserves and allowances for doubtful accounts, fluctuations in operating results or costs, unexpected difficulties in integrating acquired businesses, and the ability to retain key employees of acquired businesses.

EXPLANTATORY NOTE

LSI is filing this amendment to its Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q to conform the language used in the Section 302 certifications to the language required by the Securities and Exchange Commission.

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PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

LSI INDUSTRIES INC.

CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

	Three M Dece	Six Months Ended December 31			
(in thousands, except per share data)	2002	2001	2002	2001	
Net sales	\$ 57,275	\$ 76,694	\$ 113,320	\$ 143,743	
Cost of products sold	42,255	54,954	83,246	102,919	
Gross profit	15,020	21,740	30,074	40,824	
Selling and administrative expenses	10,624	14,133	22,928	26,917	
Operating income	4,396	7,607	7,146	13,907	
Interest (income)	(8)	(36)	(11)	(48)	
Interest expense	106	178	223	426	
Income before income taxes	4,298	7,465	6,934	13,529	
Income tax expense	1,611	2,858	2,032	5,220	

	_	Three M Deco	Ionth embe		Six Months Ended December 31					
Net income	\$	2,687	\$	4,607	\$	4,902	\$	8,309		
Earnings per common share Basic	\$.17	\$.29	\$.31	\$.53		
Diluted	\$.17	\$.29	\$.31	\$.52		
Weighted average common shares outstanding Basic		15,763		15,689		15,767		15,682		
Diluted		15,929		15,994		15,941		15,991		

The accompanying Notes to Financial Statements are an integral part of these financial statements.

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LSI INDUSTRIES INC.

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(Unaudited)

	Do	December 31, 2002		June 30, 2002
(In thousands, except share amounts) ASSETS Current Assets Cash and cash equivalents Accounts and notes receivable, net Inventories Other current assets	\$	354 34,582 37,822 2,442	\$	357 42,273 38,846 4,700
Total current assets Property, Plant and Equipment, net Goodwill, net Intangible Assets, net Other Assets, net	\$	75,200 55,820 41,825 5,436 1,291 179,572	\$	86,176 54,825 41,825 5,679 1,337 189,842
LIABILITIES & SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY Current Liabilities Current maturities of long-term debt Accounts payable Accrued expenses	\$	240 11,073 11,702	\$	365 14,910 15,108
Total current liabilities Long-Term Debt Deferred Income Taxes Shareholders' Equity Preferred shares, without par value; Authorized 1,000,000 shares; none issued Common shares, without par value;		23,015 11,672 2,482		30,383 17,688 2,422

	December 31, 2002	June 30, 2002
Ashareszer 30,000,000 shares; Retsing a carrier 5,768,741 and 15,776,702	52,542 89,861	52,497 86,852
Total shareholders' equity	142,403	139,349
	\$ 179,572	\$ 189,842

The accompanying Notes to Financial Statements are an integral part of these financial statements.

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LSI INDUSTRIES INC.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(Unaudited)

Six Months E	nded
December	31

	_	2002		2001
(In thousands)				
Cash Flows from Operating Activities				
Net income	\$	4,902	\$	8,309
Non-cash items included in income	·	,	·	- /
Depreciation and amortization		2,692		3,030
Deferred income taxes		60		618
Deferred compensation plan		128		133
Changes in				
Accounts receivable		7,691		3,748
Inventories		1,024		(4,128)
Accounts payable and other		(4,939)		2,272
Net liabilities from discontinued operations				(709)
Net cash flows from operating activities		11,558		13,273
Cash Flows from Investing Activities				
Purchase of property, plant and equipment		(3,444)		(6,282)
Net cash flows from investing activities		(3,444)		(6,282)
Cash Flows from Financing Activities				
Increase (decrease) of borrowings under line of credit				(552)
Payment of long-term debt		(7,381)		(5,168)
Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt		1,240		
Cash dividends paid		(1,893)		(1,830)
Exercise of stock options		91		512
Purchase of treasury shares		(174)		(187)
Net cash flows from financing activities		(8,117)		(7,225)
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(3)		(234)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		357		340
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$	354	\$	106
Supplemental Cash Flow Information				
Interest paid\$		184	\$	456
Income taxes paid	\$	187	\$	4,362
The accompanying Notes to Financial Statements are an integral part of these financial statem	ents			

The accompanying Notes to Financial Statements are an integral part of these financial statements.

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LSI INDUSTRIES INC.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

NOTE 1: INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The interim financial statements are unaudited and are prepared in accordance with rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission. Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles have been condensed or omitted pursuant to such rules and regulations. In the opinion of Management, the interim financial statements include all normal adjustments and disclosures necessary to present fairly the Company's financial position as of December 31, 2002, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the periods ended December 31, 2002 and 2001. These statements should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and footnotes included in the fiscal 2002 annual report.

NOTE 2: RECENT PRONOUNCEMENTS

In June 2001, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 141 (SFAS No. 141), "Business Combinations," and issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 142 (SFAS No. 142), "Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets." SFAS No. 141 eliminated the pooling-of-interests method of accounting for business combinations and requires that all business combinations be accounted for as purchases. In addition, SFAS No. 141 establishes new rules concerning recognition of intangible assets arising in a purchase business combination and requires enhanced disclosure of information in the period in which a business combination is completed. SFAS No. 142 establishes new rules on accounting for goodwill whereby goodwill will no longer be amortized to expense, but rather will be subject to impairment review. SFAS No. 141 is effective for all business combinations initiated after June 30, 2001. The Company has adopted SFAS No. 142 effective July 1, 2002 and is currently evaluating the impact to its financial statements, financial position, results of operations and cash flows related to its implementation. Information related to the Company's goodwill and intangible assets is presented in Note 7.

In June 2001, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 143 (SFAS No. 143), "Accounting for Asset Retirement Obligations," and in August 2001 issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 144 (SFAS No. 144), "Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets." SFAS No. 143 establishes standards of accounting for asset retirement obligations (i.e., legal obligations associated with the retirement of long-lived assets that result from the acquisition, construction, development and/or the normal operation of a long-lived asset, except for certain obligations of lessees) and the associated asset retirement costs. SFAS No. 144 replaces existing accounting pronouncements related to impairment or disposal of long-lived assets. The Company adopted both SFAS No. 143 and No. 144 effective July 1, 2002 with no significant impact on its financial condition or results of operations.

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In June 2002, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards SFAS No. 146, "Accounting for Costs Associated with Exit or Disposal Activities." (SFAS) No. 146 addresses financial accounting and reporting for costs associated with exit or disposal of facilities, and must be implemented not later than December 31, 2002. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of these statements, but does not expect any significant impact on its financial condition or results of operations when they are implemented.

In November 2002, the Emerging Issues Task Force (EITF) of the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued consensus 00-21, "Revenue Arrangements with Multiple Deliverables." This consensus provides guidance and specific criteria to determine if and how multiple deliverables should be separated, and whether revenue associated with each deliverable should be recorded at a separate time. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of this consensus, but does not expect any significant impact on its financial condition or results of operations upon

implementation.

In December 2002, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standard No. 148 (SFAS No. 148), "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation - Transition and Disclosure." SFAS No. 148 amends SFAS No. 123, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation," to provide alternative methods of transition to the fair value method of accounting for stock-based employee compensation. SFAS No. 148 also amends the disclosure provisions to require disclosure in the summary of significant accounting policies of the effects of an entity's accounting policy with respect to stock-based employee compensation on reported net income and earnings per share. SFAS No. 148 does not require companies to expense employee stock options. The expanded annual disclosure requirements and the transition provisions are effective for fiscal years ending after December 15, 2002 (the Company's fiscal year 2003) and the new interim period disclosures are required in financial statements for interim periods beginning after December 15, 2002 (the Company's fiscal 2003 third quarter). The Company is currently evaluating the impact of this statement, but does not expect any significant impact on its financial condition or results of operations upon implementation.

NOTE 3: BUSINESS SEGMENT INFORMATION

LSI operates in two business segments - the Image Segment and the Commercial / Industrial Lighting Segment. The Image Segment manufactures and sells exterior and interior visual image elements (lighting, graphics, and menu board systems) for the petroleum / convenience store market and for multi-site retail operations. The Image Segment includes the operations of LSI Petroleum Lighting, LSI Automotive, LSI Images, LSI SGI Integrated Graphic Systems, LSI Grady McCauley, LSI Retail Graphics and LSI Adapt. The Commercial / Industrial Lighting Segment manufactures and sells primarily outdoor, indoor, and landscape lighting for the commercial / industrial and multi-site retail markets. The Commercial / Industrial Lighting Segment includes the operations of LSI Lighting Systems, LSI Courtsider Lighting, LSI Metal Fabrication, LSI Greenlee Lighting, LSI Marcole, LSI MidWest Lighting and LSI Lightron. The Company's most significant market is the petroleum / convenience store market with approximately 31% and 36% of net sales concentrated in this market in the three months ended December 31, 2002 and 2001, respectively, and approximately 30% and 35% of net sales concentrated in this market in the six months ended December 31, 2002 and 2001, respectively.

Three Months Ended

Six Months Ended

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The following information is provided for the following periods:

	Three M. Dec	December 31			
	2002	2001	2002	2001	
(In thousands)					
Net sales:	Ф. 24.002	ф. 51.704	Φ (0.146	Φ 02.250	
Image Segment Commercial / Industrial Lighting Segment	\$ 34,892 22,383	\$ 51,724 24,970	\$ 68,146 45,174	\$ 93,259 50,484	
	\$ 57,275	\$ 76,694	\$ 113,320	\$ 143,743	
Operating income:					
Image Segment	\$ 3,687	\$ 6,574	\$ 5,790	\$ 11,756	
Commercial / Industrial Lighting Segment	709	1,033	1,356	2,151	
	\$ 4,396	\$ 7,607	\$ 7,146	\$ 13,907	
Capital expenditures:					
Image Segment	\$ 666	\$ 889	\$ 1,226	\$ 1,442	
Commercial / Industrial Lighting Segment	616	4,425	2,218	4,840	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	·	·	·	

	Three Months Ended December 31				Six Months Ended December 31				
	\$	1,282	\$	5,314	\$	3,444	\$	6,282	
Depreciation and amortization: Image Segment Commercial / Industrial Lighting Segment	\$	686 620	\$	878 636	\$	1,358 1,334	\$	1,711 1,319	
	\$	1,306	\$	1,514	\$	2,692	\$	3,030	
		Dece	mbe	r 31		Ju	ne 3	0	
		2002		2001		2002		2001	
Identifiable assets: Image Segment Commercial / Industrial Lighting Segment	\$	89,256 89,857	\$	107,057 79,127	\$	98,707 88,960	\$	105,072 75,416	
Corporate		179,113 459		186,184 1,575		187,667 2,175		180,488 1,271	
	\$	179,572	\$	187,759	\$	189,842	\$	181,759	

Operating income of the business segments includes sales less all operating expenses including allocations of corporate expense, but excluding interest expense. Sales between business segments are immaterial.

Identifiable assets are those assets used by each segment in its operations, including allocations of shared assets. Corporate assets consist primarily of cash and cash equivalents and refundable income taxes.

NOTE 4: EARNINGS PER COMMON SHARE

All share and per share data have been restated to reflect the Company s 3-for-2 stock split which was effective November 29, 2001. The following table presents the amounts used to compute earnings per common share and the effect of dilutive potential common shares on net income and weighted average shares outstanding (in thousands, except per share data):

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	Three Months Ended December 31			Six Months Ende December 31				
		2002		2001		2002		2001
BASIC EARNINGS PER SHARE Net income	\$	2,687	\$	4,607	\$	4,902	\$	8,309
Weighted average shares outstanding during the period, net of treasury shares		15,763		15,689		15,767		15,682
Basic earnings per share	\$.17	\$.29	\$.31	\$.53

	Three M Dece	Six Months Ended December 31			
	2002	2001	2002	2001	
DILUTED EARNINGS PER SHARE Net income	\$ 2,687	\$ 4,607	\$ 4,902	\$ 8,309	
Weighted average shares outstanding during the period, net of treasury shares Effect of dilutive securities (A): Impact of common shares to be issued under stock option plans,	15,763	15,689	15,767	15,682	
a deferred compensation plan and contingently issuable shares	166	305	174	309	
Weighted average shares outstanding (B)	15,929	15,994	15,941	15,911	
Diluted earnings per share	\$.17	\$.29	\$.31	\$.52	

- (A) Calculated using the Treasury Stock method as if dilutive securities were exercised and the funds were used to purchase Common Shares at the average market price during the period.
- (B) Options to purchase 293,560 common shares and 3,000 common shares during the three month periods ended December 31, 2002 and 2001, respectively, and options to purchase 295,220 common shares and 2,111 common shares during the six month periods ended December 31, 2002 and 2001, respectively, were not included in the computation of diluted earnings per share because the exercise price was greater than the average market value of the common shares.

NOTE 5: ACCOUNTS AND NOTES RECEIVABLE

The Image Segment has certain customers that have some concentration of accounts or notes receivable. As of December 31, 2002, one petroleum / convenience store customer owes the Company a total of \$2.1 million, of which \$1.9 million is supported by a collateralized note receivable. Additionally, as of December 31, 2002, the Company has open accounts receivable as well as dedicated inventory related to Kmart with a total exposure of approximately \$1.7 million. The Company believes that to the extent amounts are ultimately not collectible, adequate reserves have been established.

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NOTE 6: BALANCE SHEET DATA

The following information is provided as of the dates indicated (in thousands):

	I 	December 31, 2002	Ju	ne 30, 2002
Inventories Raw Materials	\$	17,978	\$	17,316
Work-in-Process and Finished Goods		19,844		21,530

Do	December 31, 2002		June 30, 2002	
\$	37,822	\$	38,846	
\$	5,105	\$	8,136	
	1,756		1,505	
	1,400		1,354	
	3,441		4,113	
\$	11,702	\$	15,108	
	\$	\$ 37,822 \$ 5,105 1,756 1,400 3,441	\$ 37,822 \$ \$ \$ \$ 1,756 \$ 1,400 \$ 3,441	

NOTE 7: GOODWILL AND INTANGIBLE ASSETS

The Company has completed the first phase of the transitional goodwill impairment test required by Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 142 (SFAS No. 142), Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets. This test required the Company to assess the fair value, as determined on a discounted cash flow basis, of each reporting unit that has goodwill on its balance sheet, and compare that value to the carrying value of the reporting unit s net assets. Based upon this analysis, there is an indication that the recorded net goodwill of two reporting units in the Commercial / Industrial Lighting Segment (totaling \$23,593,000) and two reporting units in the Image Segment (totaling \$3,868,000) may be significantly impaired. The second phase of the transitional goodwill impairment test and final determination of the amount of impairment will be completed not later than June 2003. The impairment will be a non-cash and non-operating charge, booked net of income tax as a change in accounting methods, and will be recorded as of the date of adoption of SFAS No. 142, July 1, 2002.

The following tables present information about the Company s Goodwill and Intangible Assets on the dates or for the periods indicated.

(in thousands)

	 Image Segment	 Commercial/ Industrial Lighting Segment	 Total
Carrying Amount (cost)			
of Goodwill	\$ 20,671	\$ 25,353	\$ 46,024
Goodwill, net, as of			
June 30, 2002	\$ 17,911	\$ 23,914	\$ 41,825
Goodwill acquired			
during fiscal 2003			
Impairment losses			
Goodwill, net, as of			
December 31, 2002	\$ 17,911	\$ 23,914	\$ 41,825
	Page 10		

(in thousands)

Commercial/	
Industrial	
Lighting	
Segment	Total
	Industrial Lighting

	Image Segment		Commercial/ Industrial Lighting Segment			Total
Carrying Amount (cost)	•		ф.	6.450	Ф.	(450
of Intangibles	\$		\$	6,450	\$	6,450
Intangible Assets, net, as						
of June 30, 2002	\$		\$	5,679	\$	5,679
Intangible Assets acquired						
during fiscal 2003						
Amortization Expense				(243)		(243)
Impairment losses						
Intangible Assets, net, as						
=	\$		\$	5,436	\$	5 126
of December 31, 2002	Þ		Ф	3,430	Ф	5,436

Amortization Expense

	_					
	_	Goodwill		Intangible ill Assets		Total
Three months ended:						
December 31, 2002	\$		\$	122	\$	122
December 31, 2001	\$	335	\$	122	\$	457
Six months ended:						
December 31, 2002	\$		\$	243	\$	243
December 31, 2001	\$	668	\$	243	\$	911

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The following table presents the effect of the Company s adoption of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 142 (Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets).

		Three Months Ended			Six Months Ended			Ended
	_	12/31/02		12/31/01		12/31/02		12/31/01
(In thousands, except per share data)								
Reported net income	\$	2,687	\$	4,607	\$	4,902	\$	8,309
Add back: Goodwill								
amortization, net of tax				231				461
Adjusted net income	\$	2,687	\$	4,838	\$	4,902	\$	8,770
Basic Earnings Per Share: Reported basic earnings								
per share	\$.17	\$.29	\$.31	\$.53
Goodwill amortization				.02				.03

	Three Months Ended		Six Months En			Ended	
Adjusted basic earnings per share	\$.17	\$.31	\$.31	\$.56
Diluted Earnings Per Share: Reported diluted earnings per share Goodwill amortization	\$.17	\$.29 .01	\$.31	\$.52
Adjusted diluted earnings per share	\$.17	\$.30	\$.31	\$.55

NOTE 8: REVOLVING LINES OF CREDIT AND LONG-TERM DEBT

The Company has an unsecured \$50 million revolving line of credit with its bank group. As of December 31, 2002 the available portion of this line of credit was \$39.1 million. A portion of this credit facility is a \$20 million line of credit that expires in the third quarter of fiscal 2003. The remainder of the credit facility is a \$30 million three year committed line of credit that expires in fiscal 2005. Annually in the third quarter, the credit facility is renewable with respect to adding an additional year of commitment to replace the year just ended. Interest on the revolving lines of credit is charged based upon an increment over the LIBOR rate as periodically determined, an increment over the Federal Funds Rate as periodically determined, or at the bank s base lending rate, at the Company s option. The increment over the LIBOR borrowing rate, as periodically determined, fluctuates between 50 and 75 basis points depending upon the ratio of indebtedness to earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization (EBITDA). The increment over the Federal Funds borrowing rate, as periodically determined, fluctuates between 150 and 200 basis points, and the commitment fee on the unused balance of the \$30 million committed portion of the line of credit fluctuates between 15 and 25 basis points based upon the same leverage ratio. At December 31, 2002 the average interest rate on borrowings under this revolving line of credit was approximately 2.2%. Under terms of these agreements, the Company has agreed to a negative pledge of assets, to maintain minimum levels of profitability and net worth, and is subject to certain maximum levels of leverage.

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Long-term debt: (In thousands)

	December 31 2002	 ne 30, 2002
Revolving Line of Credit (3 year committed line)	\$ 10,878	\$ 16,422
Industrial Revenue Development Bond at 1.67%	780	780
Equipment loans (average rate of 7.4%)	254	 851
Total long-term debt	11,912	18,053
Less current maturities of long-term debt	240	 365
Long-term debt	\$ 11,672	\$ 17,688

NOTE 9: CASH DIVIDENDS

The Company paid cash dividends of \$1,893,000 and \$1,830,000 in the six month periods ended December 31, 2002 and 2001, respectively. In January 2003, the Company s Board of Directors declared a \$0.06 per share regular quarterly cash dividend (approximately \$946,000) payable on February 18, 2003 to shareholders of record February 11, 2003.

NOTE 10: SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY

The Company has a non-qualified Deferred Compensation Plan with all Plan investments in common shares of the Company. A total of 141,439 and 124,478 common shares were held in the Plan as of December 31, 2002 and June 30, 2002, respectively, and, accordingly, have been recorded as treasury shares.

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Net Sales by Business Segment

(In thousands, unaudited)

	Three Months Ended December 31			Six Months Ended December 31			
	 2002		2001		2002		2001
Image Segment	\$ 34,892	\$	51,724	\$	68,146	\$	93,259
Commercial / Industrial Lighting Segment	22,383		24,970		45,174		50,484
	\$ 57,275	\$	76,694	\$	113,320	\$	143,743

Results of Operations

THREE MONTHS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2002 COMPARED TO THREE MONTHS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2001

Net sales of \$57,275,000 in the second quarter of fiscal 2003 decreased 25% from the second quarter fiscal 2002 net sales of \$76,694,000. Commercial / Industrial Lighting Segment net sales decreased 10% and Image Segment net sales decreased 33% as compared to the prior year. The decrease in Commercial / Industrial Lighting Segment net sales is attributed to

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economic softness in the commercial / industrial market. The decrease in Image Segment net sales is primarily attributed to continued softness in the petroleum / convenience store market for both lighting and graphics products. Additionally, net sales of the significant menu board program originally scheduled to conclude in the second quarter were down 65% as compared to last year s second quarter. The Company expects some additional sales in the third and fourth quarters of fiscal 2003 as the remaining restaurants implement this new menu board system. A different customer, who had previously indicated that they would initiate a new menu board program late in the third quarter of fiscal 2003, has now postponed the program at least six months. Net sales of the Image Segment to the petroleum / convenience store market represented 31% and 36% of total net sales in second quarters of fiscal 2003 and fiscal 2002, respectively. Sales to this market decreased 37% in the second quarter of fiscal 2003 as compared to the same period last year due to general economic conditions in this market and much lower volume associated with an image conversion program of a major oil company. The Company believes concerns about the Middle East have had the effect of reducing spending by the major oil companies. The Company believes this slow down is temporary and that the re-imaging programs will start back up in the second half of fiscal 2003. The petroleum / convenience store market has been, and will continue to be a very important niche market for the Company. While sales prices in some markets that the Company serves were increased, inflation did not have a significant impact on sales in fiscal 2003 as competitive pricing pressures held price increases to a minimum. During this temporary period of economic softness, in certain situations the Company has accepted lower-than-normal sales prices and lower-than-normal margins where necessary to protect market share.

Gross profit of \$15,020,000 in the second quarter of fiscal 2003 decreased 31% from last year s gross profit of \$21,740,000. The decrease in amount of gross profit is due primarily to the 25% decrease in net sales, product mix and competitive pressures. Selling and administrative expenses decreased 25% to \$10,624,000 from \$14,133,000, with the reduction primarily the result of reduced sales. The Company adopted Financial Accounting Standards Statement No. 142 effective July 1, 2002, and accordingly did not record any goodwill amortization expense in fiscal 2003. Second quarter 2002 selling and administrative expense includes \$335,000 of goodwill amortization expense. As a percentage of net sales, selling and administrative expenses were at 18.5% in the second quarter of fiscal 2003 as compared to 18.4% last year. The Company

continued the task of converting its business operating software system company-wide. Total implementation costs expensed were \$296,000 (\$0.01 per share, diluted) in the second quarter of fiscal 2003, as compared to expense of \$173,000 (\$0.01 per share, diluted) in the same period last year. Expenditures are expected to continue into calendar year 2004. See additional discussion in Liquidity and Capital Resources regarding depreciation of this business operating system.

The Company reported interest expense of \$106,000 in the second quarter of fiscal 2003 as compared to \$223,000 in the same period last year. The change between years is primarily reflective of both reduced interest rates and reduced average outstanding borrowings on the Company s line of credit. The effective tax rate in the second quarter of fiscal 2003 was 37.5% as compared to 38.3% in the same period last year.

Net income of \$2,687,000 in the second quarter of fiscal 2003 decreased 42% from \$4,607,000 in the same period last year. The decrease is primarily the result of decreased gross profit from decreased net sales, partially offset by decreased operating expenses, interest expense and income taxes. Diluted earnings per share of \$0.17 in the second quarter of fiscal 2003 decreased 41% from \$0.29 per share reported in the same period of fiscal 2002. The weighted average common shares outstanding for purposes of computing diluted earnings per share in the second quarter of fiscal 2003 was 15,929,000 shares as compared to 15,994,000 shares in the same period of last year.

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SIX MONTHS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2002 COMPARED TO SIX MONTHS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2001

Net sales of \$113,320,000 in the second quarter of fiscal 2003 decreased 21% from the first half fiscal 2002 net sales of \$143,743,000. Commercial / Industrial Lighting Segment net sales decreased 11% and Image Segment net sales decreased 27% as compared to the prior year. The decrease in Commercial / Industrial Lighting Segment net sales is attributed to economic softness in the commercial / industrial market. The decrease in Image Segment net sales is primarily attributed to continued softness in the petroleum / convenience store market for both lighting and graphics products. Additionally, net sales of the significant menu board program originally scheduled to conclude in the second quarter of fiscal 2003 were down 56% as compared to last year s first half. The Company expects some additional sales in the third and fourth quarters of fiscal 2003 as the remaining restaurants implement this new menu board system. A different customer, who had previously indicated that they would initiate a new menu board program late in the third quarter of fiscal 2003, has now postponed the program at least six months. Net sales of the Image Segment to the petroleum / convenience store market represented 30% and 35% of total net sales in first half of fiscal 2003 and fiscal 2002, respectively. Sales to this market decreased 33% in the first half of fiscal 2003 as compared to the same period last year due to general economic conditions in this market and much lower volume associated with an image conversion program of a major oil company. The Company believes concerns about the Middle East have had the effect of reducing spending by the major oil companies. The Company believes this slow down is temporary and that the re-imaging programs will start back up in the second half of fiscal 2003. The petroleum / convenience store market has been, and will continue to be a very important niche market for the Company. While sales prices in some markets that the Company serves were increased, inflation did not have a significant impact on sales in fiscal 2003 as competitive pricing pressures held price increases to a minimum. During this temporary period of economic softness, in certain situations the Company has accepted lower-than-normal sales prices and lower-than-normal margins where necessary to protect market share.

Gross profit of \$30,074,000 in the first half of fiscal 2003 decreased 26% from last year s gross profit of \$40,824,000. The decrease in amount of gross profit is due primarily to the 21% decrease in net sales, product mix and competitive pressures. Selling and administrative expenses decreased 15% to \$22,928,000 from \$26,917,000. The Company recorded \$0.7 million more bad debt expense in the first half of fiscal 2003 as compared to the same period last year. The Company adopted Financial Accounting Standards Statement No. 142 effective July 1, 2002, and accordingly did not record any goodwill amortization expense in fiscal 2003. First half 2002 selling and administrative expense includes \$668,000 of goodwill amortization expense. As a percentage of net sales, selling and administrative expenses were at 20.2% in the first half of fiscal 2003 as compared to 18.7% last year. Excluding the goodwill amortization and incremental bad debt expense, selling and administrative expenses in the first half of fiscal 2003 as compared to the same period last year would have decreased 15%, primarily as a result of the 21% reduction in net sales. The Company continued the task of converting its business operating software system company-wide. Total implementation costs expensed were \$609,000 (\$0.01 per share, diluted) in the first half of fiscal 2003, as compared to expense of \$307,000 (\$0.01 per share, diluted) in the same period last year. Expenditures are expected to continue into calendar year 2004. See additional discussion in Liquidity and Capital Resources regarding depreciation of this business operating system.

The Company reported interest expense of \$223,000 in the first half of fiscal 2003 as compared to \$426,000 in the same period last year. The change between years is primarily reflective of both reduced interest rates and reduced average outstanding borrowings on the

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Company s line of credit. The effective tax rate in the first half of fiscal 2003 was reduced to 29.3%, compared to 38.6% last year, as a result of the Company recording federal and state income tax credits that had not previously been recognized. The Company expects a 37.5% effective income tax rate in the remaining quarters of fiscal 2003.

Net income of \$4,902,000 in the first half of fiscal 2003 decreased 41% from \$8,309,000 in the same period last year. The decrease is primarily the result of decreased gross profit from decreased net sales, partially offset by decreased operating expenses, interest expense and income taxes. Diluted earnings per share of \$0.31 in the first half of fiscal 2003 decreased 40% from \$0.52 per share reported in the same period of fiscal 2002. The weighted average common shares outstanding for purposes of computing diluted earnings per share in the first half of fiscal 2003 was 15,941,000 shares as compared to 15,991,000 shares in the same period of last year.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

The Company considers its level of cash on hand, its current ratio and working capital levels to be its most important measures of short-term liquidity. For long-term liquidity indicators, the Company believes its ratio of long-term debt to equity and its historical levels of net cash flows from operating activities to be the most important measures.

At December 31, 2002 the Company had working capital of \$52.2 million, compared to \$55.8 million at June 30, 2002. The ratio of current assets to current liabilities increased to 3.27 to 1 from 2.84 to 1. The decreased working capital is primarily attributed to decreased inventories, other current assets, and accounts and notes receivable, partially offset by decreased accounts payable and accrued expenses. The reduction in accounts receivable is attributed to a reduction in the days sales outstanding. The reduction in accrued expenses is primarily due to the first quarter funding of compensation and benefit plans, and reductions of performance-based compensation and benefit plan accruals.

The Company generated \$11.6 million of cash from operating activities in the first half of fiscal 2003 as compared to \$13.3 million in the same period of fiscal 2002. The decrease in net cash flows from operating activities in the first half of fiscal 2003 is primarily the net result of decreased net income, decreases in accounts payable and accrued expenses, and decreased depreciation and amortization expense, partially offset by a larger decrease in accounts receivable and a decrease in inventories.

As of December 31, 2002, the Company s days sales outstanding were at approximately 61 days, down 3 days from June 30, 2002. Net accounts and notes receivables were \$34.6 million and \$42.3 million at December 31, 2002 and June 30, 2002, respectively. Collection cycles from a few large customers in the Image Segment, as well as several other customers, have been very slow due to a combination of factors, including customer cash availability and economic conditions. The majority of one such open customer account (petroleum / convenience store customer) was converted into a collateralized note receivable during fiscal 2002, with the balance of the note at \$1.9 million and the unsecured receivable at \$0.2 million as of December 31, 2002. This note provides for scheduled payments, to which the customer is behind. The Company also has unsecured accounts receivable, as well as dedicated inventory, from Kmart, the large national retailer that filed Chapter 11 bankruptcy in January 2002. The Company s total exposure is approximately \$1.7 million. Subject to continual review, shipments to Kmart have resumed on a limited basis on open account. Two additional customers in the Image Segment filed bankruptcy in the first quarter of fiscal 2003. The Company recorded an additional \$1.0 million bad debt expense and \$0.2 million inventory

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obsolescence expense as a result of these unexpected bankruptcies, with just over half of this total expense to cover exposure to these bankruptcies and the remainder to provide additional reserves for unknown loss exposures. The four customers discussed above represent approximately 10% of the Company s total net accounts and notes receivable. The Company believes that the receivables and inventory discussed above are ultimately collectible or recoverable, net of certain reserves, and that aggregate allowances for doubtful accounts are adequate.

Cash generated from operations is the Company s primary source of liquidity. In addition, the Company has an unsecured \$50 million revolving line of credit with its bank group. As of January 22, 2003 there was approximately \$40.7 million available on this line of credit. This line of credit is composed of a \$30 million three year committed credit facility expiring in fiscal 2005 and a \$20 million credit facility with an annual renewal in the third quarter of fiscal 2003. The Company believes that the total of available lines of credit plus cash flows from operating activities is adequate for the Company s fiscal 2003 operational and capital expenditure needs. The Company is in compliance with all of its loan covenants.

Capital expenditures of \$3.4 million in the first half of fiscal 2003 compares to \$6.3 million in the same period of fiscal 2002. The primary spending in fiscal 2002 was for a new manufacturing facility for LSI Lightron. Fiscal 2003 spending is for completion of this facility as well as tooling and equipment throughout the Company. Capital expenditures in fiscal 2003 are expected to be approximately \$8 million, exclusive of business acquisitions.

The Company used \$8.1 million in financing activities in the first half of fiscal 2003 as compared to a use of \$7.2 million in the same period of fiscal 2002. The change is the net result of less stock option exercises and a \$1.2 million borrowing of long-term debt in fiscal 2003, and a higher amount of repayment of funded debt in the first half of fiscal 2003 as compared to same period last year.

The Company has been implementing a fully integrated enterprise resource planning / business operating system over the past three fiscal years, and will continue to do so into fiscal 2004. A certain portion of the \$7.8 million of software expenditures that are capitalized to date are

being depreciated by the subsidiary companies currently using the software. More of this capitalized asset will be depreciated as additional companies implement this software, with scheduled full write-off to occur in fiscal 2008. Some additional capitalization of this internal-use software is expected.

On January 28, 2003 the Board of Directors declared a regular quarterly cash dividend of \$0.06 per share (approximately \$946,000), payable February 18, 2003 to shareholders of record on February 11, 2003. During the first half of fiscal 2003, the Company paid cash dividends in the amount of \$1,893,000, as compared to \$1,830,000 in the same period of fiscal 2002.

In June 2001, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 141 (SFAS No. 141), Business Combinations, and issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 142 (SFAS No. 142), Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets. SFAS No. 141 eliminated the pooling-of-interests method of accounting for business combinations and requires that all business combinations be accounted for as purchases. In addition, SFAS No. 141 establishes new rules concerning recognition of intangible assets arising in a purchase business combination and requires enhanced disclosure of information in the period in which a business combination is completed. SFAS No. 142 establishes new rules on accounting for goodwill whereby goodwill will no longer be amortized

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to expense, but rather will be subject to impairment review. SFAS No. 141 is effective for all business combinations initiated after June 30, 2001. The Company has adopted SFAS No. 142 effective July 1, 2002 and is currently evaluating the impact to its financial statements, financial position, results of operations and cash flows related to its implementation.

The Company has completed the first phase of the transitional goodwill impairment test required by Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 142 (SFAS No. 142), Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets. This test required the Company to assess the fair value, as determined on a discounted cash flow basis, of each reporting unit that has goodwill on its balance sheet, and compare that value to the carrying value of the reporting unit s net assets. Based upon this analysis, there is an indication that the recorded net goodwill of two reporting units in the Commercial / Industrial Lighting Segment (totaling \$23,593,000) and two reporting units in the Image Segment (totaling \$3,868,000) may be significantly impaired. The second phase of the transitional goodwill impairment test and final determination of the amount of impairment will be completed not later than June 2003. The impairment will be a non-cash and non-operating charge, booked net of income tax as a change in accounting methods, and will be recorded as of the date of adoption of SFAS No. 142, July 1, 2002.

In June 2001, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 143 (SFAS No. 143), "Accounting for Asset Retirement Obligations," and in August 2001 issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 144 (SFAS No. 144), "Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets." SFAS No. 143 establishes standards of accounting for asset retirement obligations (i.e., legal obligations associated with the retirement of long-lived assets that result from the acquisition, construction, development and/or the normal operation of a long-lived asset, except for certain obligations of lessees) and the associated asset retirement costs. SFAS No. 144 replaces existing accounting pronouncements related to impairment or disposal of long-lived assets. The Company adopted both SFAS No. 143 and No. 144 effective July 1, 2002 with no significant impact on its financial condition or results of operations.

In June 2002, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS No. 146), Accounting for Costs Associated with Exit or Disposal Activities. SFAS No. 146 addresses financial accounting and reporting for costs associated with exit or disposal of facilities, and must be implemented not later than December 31, 2002. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of these statements, but does not expect any significant impact on its financial condition or results of operations when they are implemented.

In November 2002, the Emerging Issues Task Force (EITF) of the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued consensus 00 21, Revenue Arrangements with Multiple Deliverables. This consensus provides guidance and specific criteria to determine if and how multiple deliverables should be separated, and whether revenue associated with each deliverable should be recorded at a separate time. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of this consensus, but does not expect any significant impact on its financial condition or results of operations upon implementation.

In December 2002, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standard No. 148 (SFAS No. 148), Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation Transition and Disclosure. SFAS No. 148 amends SFAS No. 123, Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation, to provide alternative methods of transition to the fair value method of accounting for stock-based employee compensation. SFAS No. 148 also amends the disclosure provisions to require disclosure in the summary of significant accounting policies of the effects of an entity s accounting policy with respect to stock-based employee compensation on reported net income and earnings per share. SFAS No. 148 does not require companies to

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expense employee stock options. The expanded annual disclosure requirements and the transition provisions are effective for fiscal years ending after December 15, 2002 (the Company s fiscal year 2003) and the new interim period disclosures are required in financial statements for interim

periods beginning after December 15, 2002 (the Company s fiscal 2003 third quarter). The Company is currently evaluating the impact of this statement, but does not expect any significant impact on its financial condition or results of operations upon implementation.

The Company continues to seek opportunities to invest in new products and markets, and in acquisitions which fit its strategic growth plans in the lighting and graphics markets. The Company believes that adequate financing for any such investments or acquisitions will be available through future borrowings or through the issuance of common or preferred shares in payment for acquired businesses.

ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK.

Nothing to report.

ITEM4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES.

(a) Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures.

An evaluation was performed as of December 31, 2002 under the supervision and with the participation of the Registrant s management, including its principal executive officer and principal financial officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of the Registrant s disclosure controls and procedures. Based upon this evaluation, these disclosure controls and procedures were found to be effective with no significant weaknesses noted.

(b) Changes in Internal Controls.

There were no significant changes in the Registrant s internal controls or in other factors that could significantly affect these controls after the date of their evaluation.

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 4. SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS

At the Company s Annual Meeting of Shareholders held November 14, 2002, the following actions were taken by shareholders:

4.1 All persons nominated as Class B Directors were elected with the votes for each person being:

<u>Name</u>	Shares For	Shares - Withheld Authority	Shares <u>Abstained</u>
Wilfred T. O'Gara	14,117,552.419	297,943.537	N/A
James P. Sferra	11,471,264.794	2,944,231.163	N/A

4.2 Ratification of the appointment of Grant Thornton LLP as independent certified public accountants for fiscal 2003.

Shares For	Shares Against	Shares Abstained	Broker Non-Votes
14,178,862.616	228,091.000	8,542.341	N/A
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ITEM 6. EXHIBITS AND REPORTS ON FORM 8-K

a) Exhibits

Exhibit 99.1 - Chief Executive Officer's Certification pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

Exhibit 99.2 - Chief Financial Officer's Certification pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

b) Reports on Form 8-K

None

[All other items required in Part II have been omitted because they are not applicable or are not required.]

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this amended report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

LSI Industries Inc.

BY: /s/ Robert J. Ready

Robert J. Ready President and Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)

BY: /s/ Ronald S. Stowell

Ronald S. Stowell Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer (Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)

June 23, 2003

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CERTIFICATION OF PRINCIPAL EXECUTIVE OFFICER

PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

AND SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION RELEASE 34-46427

- I, Robert J. Ready, the principal executive officer of LSI Industries Inc., certify that:
- 1. I have reviewed this amendment to the quarterly report on Form 10-Q of LSI Industries Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this amendment to the quarterly report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this amendment to the quarterly report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this amendment to the quarterly report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this amendment to the quarterly report;
- 4. The registrant s other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-14 and 15d-14) for the registrant and we have:
 - (a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this amendment to the quarterly report is being prepared;
 - (b) evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant s disclosure controls and procedures as of a date within 90 days prior to the filing date of this amendment to the quarterly report (the Evaluation Date); and

- (c) presented in this amendment to the quarterly report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures based on our evaluation as of the Evaluation Date;
- 5. The registrant s other certifying officers and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation, to the registrant s auditors and the audit committee of registrant s board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent function):
 - (a) all significant deficiencies in the design or operation of internal controls which could adversely affect the registrant s ability to record, process, summarize and report financial data, and have identified for the registrant s auditors any material weaknesses in internal controls; and
 - (b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant s internal controls; and

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6. The registrant s other certifying officers and I have indicated in this amendment to the quarterly report whether or not there were significant changes in internal controls or in other factors that could significantly affect internal controls subsequent to the date of our most recent evaluation, including any corrective actions with regard to significant deficiencies and material weaknesses.

Date: June 23, 2003

/s/ Robert J. Ready
Robert J. Ready
Principal Executive Officer
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CERTIFICATION OF PRINCIPAL FINANCIAL OFFICER

PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

AND SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION RELEASE 34-46427

- I, Ronald S. Stowell, the principal financial officer of LSI Industries Inc., certify that:
- 1. I have reviewed this amendment to the quarterly report on Form 10-Q of LSI Industries Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this amendment to the quarterly report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this amendment to the quarterly report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this amendment to the quarterly report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this amendment to the quarterly report;
- 4. The registrant s other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-14 and 15d-14) for the registrant and we have:
 - (a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this amendment to the quarterly report is being prepared;
 - (b) evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant s disclosure controls and procedures as of a date within 90 days prior to the filing date of this amendment to the quarterly report (the Evaluation Date); and
 - (c) presented in this amendment to the quarterly report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures based on our evaluation as of the Evaluation Date;

- 5. The registrant s other certifying officers and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation, to the registrant s auditors and the audit committee of registrant s board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent function):
 - (a) all significant deficiencies in the design or operation of internal controls which could adversely affect the registrant s ability to record, process, summarize and report financial data, and have identified for the registrant s auditors any material weaknesses in internal controls; and
 - (b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant s internal controls; and

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6. The registrant s other certifying officers and I have indicated in this amendment to the quarterly report whether or not there were significant changes in internal controls or in other factors that could significantly affect internal controls subsequent to the date of our most recent evaluation, including any corrective actions with regard to significant deficiencies and material weaknesses.

Date: June 23, 2003

/s/ Ronald S. Stowell

Ronald S. Stowell Principal Financial Officer

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