WHITE MOUNTAINS INSURANCE GROUP LTD

Form 10-Q

November 05, 2018

**UNITED STATES** 

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

#### FORM 10-Q

x QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the period ended September 30, 2018

OR

o TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from to

Commission file number 1-8993

#### WHITE MOUNTAINS INSURANCE GROUP, LTD.

(Exact name of Registrant as specified in its charter)

Bermuda 94-2708455
(State or other jurisdiction of (I.R.S. Employer incorporation or organization) Identification No.)

80 South Main Street, 03755-2053 Hanover, New Hampshire (Zip Code)

(Address of principal executive offices)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (603) 640-2200

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months, and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes ý No o

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months. Yes ý No o

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer ý Accelerated Non-accelerated filer o

Smaller reporting company o Emerging growth company o

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act. o

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes o No ý

As of November 2, 2018, 3,180,540 common shares with a par value of \$1.00 per share were outstanding (which includes 41,509 restricted common shares that were not vested at such date).

## WHITE MOUNTAINS INSURANCE GROUP, LTD.

Table of Contents

		Page No
<u>PART I.</u>	FINANCIAL INFORMATION	
Item 1.	Financial Statements (Unaudited)	
	Consolidated Balance Sheets, September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017	<u>1</u>
	Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income. Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2018 and 2017	<u>3</u>
	Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity, Nine Months Ended September 30, 2018 and 2017	<u>5</u>
	Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows, Nine Months Ended September 30, 2018 and 2017	<u>6</u>
	Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements	7
Item 2.	Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations	<u>41</u>
	Results of Operations for the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2018 and 2017	<u>41</u>
	Liquidity and Capital Resources	<u>58</u>
	Fair Value Considerations	<u>63</u>
	Non-GAAP Financial Measures	<u>64</u>
	Critical Accounting Estimates	<u>65</u>
	Forward-Looking Statements	<u>65</u>
Item 3.	Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk	<u>66</u>
Item 4.	Controls and Procedures	<u>66</u>
<u>PART II</u>	OTHER INFORMATION	<u>66</u>
Items 1 t	through 6.	<u>66</u>
<u>SIGNAT</u>	<u>rures</u>	<u>67</u>

September December

#### Part I.FINANCIAL INFORMATION.

Item 1. Financial Statements

# WHITE MOUNTAINS INSURANCE GROUP, LTD. CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

NOTE: 4.1 1 1	•	21 2017
Millions, except share and per share amounts	30, 2018	31, 2017
Assets	Unaudited	
Financial Guarantee (HG Global/BAM)		
Fixed maturity investments, at fair value	\$ 677.7	\$623.6
Short-term investments, at fair value	35.9	69.8
Total investments	713.6	693.4
Cash	17.9	25.6
Insurance premiums receivable	6.3	4.5
Deferred acquisition costs	17.6	14.8
Accrued investment income	4.8	3.4
Accounts receivable on unsettled investment sales	.2	.1
Other assets	5.1	5.6
Total Financial Guarantee assets	765.5	747.4
	, 55.6	, .,,.
Specialty Insurance Distribution (NSM)		
Short-term investments, at fair value	.9	
Cash (restricted \$41.2)	60.6	_
Premium and commission receivable	29.1	
Goodwill and other intangible assets	431.0	
Other assets	18.8	
Total Specialty Insurance Distribution assets	540.4	
Total Specialty Insurance Distribution assets	310.1	
Marketing Technology (MediaAlpha)		
Cash	13.0	9.1
Goodwill and other intangible assets	45.9	53.7
Accounts receivable from publishers and advertisers	35.9	32.4
Other assets	2.2	1.3
Total Marketing Technology assets	97.0	96.5
Total Marketing Technology assets	97.0	90.5
Other		
Fixed maturity investments, at fair value	354.2	1,506.1
Short-term investments, at fair value	276.9	106.3
Common equity securities, at fair value	1,043.5	866.1
- ·	289.7	208.8
Other long-term investments		
Total investments	1,964.3	2,687.3
Cash	20.7	62.4
Accrued investment income	5.7	13.9
Accounts receivable on unsettled investment sales	3.3	20.9
Goodwill and other intangible assets	8.3	8.4
Other assets	14.3	19.1
Assets held for sale	3.3	3.3
Total Other assets	2,019.9	2,815.3
Total assets	\$ 3,422.8	\$3,659.2
See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements		

## CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (CONTINUED)

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (CONTINUED)	Sentember	December
Millions, except share and per share amounts	30, 2018	31, 2017
Liabilities	Unaudited	•
Financial Guarantee (HG Global/BAM)		
Unearned insurance premiums	\$156.2	\$136.8
Accounts payable on unsettled investment purchases	6.5	.6
Other liabilities	30.0	29.6
Total Financial Guarantee liabilities	192.7	167.0
Specialty Insurance Distribution (NSM)		
Debt	149.3	
Premiums payable	56.6	
Contingent consideration earnout liabilities	20.1	
Other liabilities	27.7	_
Total Specialty Insurance Distribution liabilities	253.7	_
Marketing Technology (MediaAlpha)		
Debt	15.0	23.8
Amounts due to publishers and advertisers	37.7	31.6
Other liabilities	3.9	4.4
Total Marketing Technology liabilities	56.6	59.8
Other		
Accrued incentive compensation	40.3	60.6
Accounts payable on unsettled investment purchases	14.2	
Other liabilities	25.7	11.0
Total Other liabilities	80.2	71.6
Total liabilities	583.2	298.4
Equity		
White Mountains's common shareholders' equity		
White Mountains's common shares at \$1 par value per share—authorized 50,000,00	0, ,	2.0
shares; issued and outstanding 3,180,540 and 3,750,171 shares	3.2	3.8
Paid-in surplus	576.3	666.8
Retained earnings	2,407.3	2,823.2
Accumulated other comprehensive loss, after-tax:		
Net unrealized foreign currency translation losses and interest rate swap	(2.8)	(1.3)
Total White Mountains's common shareholders' equity	2,984.0	3,492.5
Non-controlling interests		(131.7)
Total equity	2,839.6	3,360.8
Total liabilities and equity	\$3,422.8	\$3,659.2
See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements		

# WHITE MOUNTAINS INSURANCE GROUP, LTD. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended September 30,			Months nber 30,
Millions	2018	2017	2018	2017
Revenues:				
Financial Guarantee (HG Global/BAM)				
Earned insurance premiums	\$3.3	\$2.4	\$9.7	\$6.6
Net investment income	4.8	3.3	12.5	8.9
Net realized and unrealized investment (losses) gains	(4.1)		(14.4)	3.2
Other revenues	.2	.2	.8	.8
Total Financial Guarantee revenues	4.2	6.7	8.6	19.5
Specialty Insurance Distribution (NSM)				
Commission revenues	36.6	_	59.2	
Other revenues	3.1	_	4.0	
Total Specialty Insurance Distribution revenues	39.7	_	63.2	
Marketing Technology (MediaAlpha)				
Advertising and commission revenues	74.5	37.9	216.4	101.2
Other revenues			1.6	
Total Marketing Technology revenues	74.5	37.9	218.0	101.2
Other				
Net investment income	8.6	8.9	32.4	30.8
Net realized and unrealized investment gains	70.2	31.7	37.3	99.3
Advertising and commission revenues	1.1	.9	3.0	2.7
Other revenues	.4	1.4	.6	6.3
Total Other revenues	80.3	42.9	73.3	139.1
Total revenues	198.7	87.5	363.1	259.8
Emanage				
Expenses:  Financial Guarantee (HC Clabel/PAM)				
Financial Guarantee (HG Global/BAM)	1.2	0	2.0	2.0
Insurance acquisition expenses	1.2	.9 .1	3.9	3.0
Other underwriting expenses			.3	.3 31.5
General and administrative expenses	11.3	10.6	36.5	
Total Financial Guarantee expenses	12.6	11.6	40.7	34.8
Specialty Insurance Distribution (NSM)	25.8		27.0	
General and administrative expenses			37.9	
Broker commission expense	10.9		17.5	
Amortization of other intangible assets	5.0		5.0	
Interest expense Total Specialty Income a Distribution expenses	3.2		4.8	_
Total Specialty Insurance Distribution expenses	44.9	_	65.2	_
Marketing Technology (MediaAlpha)	(1.0	22.2	170.1	96.0
Cost of sales	61.8	32.2	179.1	86.0
General and administrative expenses	5.4	3.8	21.2	10.7
Amortization of other intangible assets	2.4	2.3	7.8	7.2
Interest expense	.2	.1	.9	.6
Total Marketing Technology expenses	69.8	38.4	209.0	104.5
Other	1.1	0	2.0	2.7
Cost of sales	1.1	.9	2.9	2.7

General and administrative and other expenses	26.0	27.3	79.0	113.9
•	20.0	21.3	17.0	
Amortization of other intangible assets	_	.1	.1	.1
Interest expense		.8	.3	1.2
Total Other expenses	27.1	29.1	82.3	117.9
Total expenses	154.4	79.1	397.2	257.2
Pre-tax income (loss) from continuing operations	44.3	8.4	(34.1)	2.6
Income tax benefit	3.6	4.0	.4	5.3
Net income (loss) from continuing operations	47.9	12.4	(33.7)	7.9
Net (loss) gain from sale of discontinued operations, net of tax	(17.3)	554.3	(17.2)	552.7
Net (loss) income from discontinued operations, net of tax	_	(15.2)		20.5
Net income (loss)	30.6	551.5	(50.9)	581.1
Net loss attributable to non-controlling interests	10.2	10.6	47.2	23.6
Net income (loss) attributable to White Mountains's common shareholders	\$40.8	\$562.1	\$(3.7)	\$604.7
See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements				

# WHITE MOUNTAINS INSURANCE GROUP, LTD. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (Unaudited)

	Three Months		s Nine Months		
	Ended		Ended		
	Septen	nber 30,	Septen	nber 30,	
Millions	2018	2017	2018	2017	
Net income (loss) attributable to White Mountains's common shareholders	\$40.8	\$562.1	\$(3.7)	\$604.7	
Other comprehensive income, net of tax:					
Other comprehensive (loss) income, net of tax	(.8)		(1.7)	.2	
Comprehensive income from discontinued operations, net of tax	_	3.0	_	3.2	
Comprehensive income	40.0	565.1	(5.4)	608.1	
Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to non-controlling interests	.2	_	.2	(.1)	
Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to White Mountains's common shareholders	\$40.2	\$565.1	\$(5.2)	\$608.0	
See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.					

# WHITE MOUNTAINS INSURANCE GROUP, LTD.

EARNINGS PER SHARE (Unaudited)

	Three Months		Nine Months	
	Ended S	Ended September		
	30,	30,		ber 30,
	2018	2017	2018	2017
Basic earnings (loss) per share				
Continuing operations	\$18.27	\$5.36	\$3.90	\$7.03
Discontinued operations	(5.44)	125.45	(4.98)	128.03
Total consolidated operations	\$12.83	\$130.81	\$(1.08)	\$135.06
Diluted earnings (loss) per share				
Continuing operations	\$18.27	\$5.36	\$3.90	\$7.03
Discontinued operations	(5.44)	125.45	(4.98)	128.03
Total consolidated operations	\$12.83	\$130.81	\$(1.08)	\$135.06
Dividends declared and paid per White Mountains's common share	<b>\$</b> —	<b>\$</b> —	\$1.00	\$1.00
See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.				

White Mountains's Common Shareholders' Equity

# WHITE MOUNTAINS INSURANCE GROUP, LTD. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY (Unaudited)

		Juntains 8 Co.	illilloli Sil	arenoiders E	quity	
(Millions)	Common shares and paid-in	Retained earnings	AOCI, after tax	Total	Non-controlli interest	ngTotal Equity
Balance at January 1, 2018 Net loss	surplus \$ 670.6	\$ 2,823.2 (3.7	\$(1.3)	\$ 3,492.5 (3.7	\$ (131.7 ) ) (47.2 )	\$3,360.8 (50.9)
Net change in foreign currency translation	_		(1.5)	(1.5	) —	(1.5)
and other Total comprehensive loss		(3.7		(5.2	(47.2)	(52.4)
Dividends declared on common shares	_	(3.8)	(1.5 ) —	(3.8)	) <del>(4</del> 7.2 )	(3.8)
Dividends to non-controlling interests					(6.0)	(6.0 )
Repurchases and retirements of common shares	(104.6	(408.4)		(513.0	) —	(513.0)
Issuances of common shares	2.0	_	_	2.0	_	2.0
Recognition of equity-based units of subsidiary	4.5			4.5	2.3	6.8
Dilution from equity-based units of subsidiary	(1.1	· —		(1.1	1.1	_
Capital contributions from BAM members, net of tax	_	_			22.9	22.9
Amortization of restricted share awards	9.7	_		9.7		9.7
Non-controlling interests from acquisition of NSM	<u> </u>	_	_	_	14.2	14.2
Acquisition from non-controlling interests - other	(1.6			(1.6	) —	(1.6)
Balance at September 30, 2018	\$ 579.5	\$ 2,407.3	\$ (2.8)	\$ 2,984.0	\$ (144.4)	\$2,839.6
	White Mo	ountains's Co	mmon Sh	areholders' E	quity	
(Millions)	shares and paid-in surplus	Retained earnings	AOCI, after tax	Total	Non-controlli interest	ngFotal Equity
Balance at January 1, 2017	\$ 810.7	\$ 2,776.6	\$ (4.6)	\$ 3,582.7	\$ 133.3	\$3,716.0
Net income (loss)	_	604.7	_	604.7	(23.6)	581.1
Net change in foreign currency translation and other		_	.4	.4	.1	.5
Recognition of foreign currency translation and						
other accumulated comprehensive items	_	_	2.9	2.9	_	2.9
from the sale of Sirius Group						
Total comprehensive income (loss)	_	604.7	3.3	608.0	(23.5)	584.5
Dividends declared on common shares Dividends to non-controlling interests	_	(4.6	_	(4.6	) — (17.7 )	(4.6 ) (17.7 )
Dividends to non-controlling interests					(17.7	(17.7

Edgar Filing: WHITE MOUNTAINS INSURANCE GROUP LTD - Form 10-Q

Repurchases and retirements of common	(147.9	)	(575.9)	_	(723.8	)	(5.2	)	(729.0	)
shares	•				•				•	
Issuance of common shares	1.7		_	_	1.7		_		1.7	
Dilution from restricted shares issued at	(4.1	)	_		(4.1	)	4.7		.6	
OneBeacon	(7.1	,			(4.1	,	т. /		.0	
Capital contributions from BAM members, net of tax	_		_	_			18.7		18.7	
	10.6				10.6		0		11 /	
Amortization of restricted share awards	10.6				10.6		.8		11.4	
Deconsolidation of non-controlling interests associated with the sale of Sirius Group	_		_	_	_		(238.3	)	(238.3	)
Deconsolidation of non-controlling interests associated with the sale of Star & Shield	_		_	_	_		(4.4	)	(4.4	)
Net contributions from non-controlling interests	(1.7	)	_		(1.7	)	_		(1.7	)
Balance at September 30, 2017	\$ 669.3		\$ 2,800.8	\$ (1.3)	\$ 3,468.8		\$ (131.6	)	\$3,337.2	2
See Notes to Consolidated Financial Stateme	ents		•		• •				,	

# WHITE MOUNTAINS INSURANCE GROUP, LTD. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited)

	Nine Months
	Ended
	September 30,
(Millions)	2018 2017
Cash flows from operations:	
Net (loss) income	\$(50.9) \$581.1
Charges (credits) to reconcile net income to net cash used for operations:	
Net realized and unrealized investment gains	(22.9 ) (102.5 )
Deferred income benefit	(4.7 ) (6.9 )
Net income from discontinued operations	<b>—</b> (20.5 )
Net loss (gain) from sale of discontinued operations, net of tax	17.2 (552.7)
Amortization of restricted share and option awards	9.7 10.1
Amortization and depreciation	18.4 15.8
Other operating items:	
Net change in unearned insurance premiums	19.4 36.2
Net change in deferred acquisition costs	(2.8)(3.5)
Net change in restricted cash	(12.1) —
Net change in other assets and liabilities, net	(1.8 ) (21.5 )
Net cash used for operations - continuing operations	(30.5) (64.4)
Net cash (used for) provided from operations - discontinued operations	<b>—</b> 157.0
Net cash (used for) provided from operations	(30.5 ) 92.6
Cash flows from investing activities:	,
Net change in short-term investments	(138.5) (612.2)
Sales of fixed maturity and convertible investments	1,768.5 1,631.2
Maturities, calls and paydowns of fixed maturity and convertible investments	124.4 178.6
Sales of common equity securities	129.8 407.8
Distributions and redemptions of other long-term investments and settlements of forward contracts	(5.5) 1.3
Sales of unconsolidated affiliates and consolidated subsidiaries, net of cash sold	
Net settlement of investment cash flows and contributions with discontinued operations	<b>—</b> 167.7
Purchases of other long-term investments	(65.9 ) (67.7 )
Purchases of common equity securities	(253.0) (818.6)
Purchases of fixed maturity and convertible investments	(833.1 ) (1,189.8
Purchases of consolidated subsidiaries, net of cash acquired of \$71.9	(252.1) —
Other investing activities, net	33.8 (134.6)
Net cash provided from investing activities - continuing operations	508.4 694.7
Net cash provided from investing activities - discontinued operations	— 3.0
Net cash provided from investing activities	508.4 697.7
Cash flows from financing activities:	0,717
Draw down of debt and revolving line of credit	50.9 361.0
Repayment of debt and revolving line of credit	(11.2 ) (364.6 )
Cash dividends paid to the Company's common shareholders	(3.8) (4.6)
Common shares repurchased	(504.7) (714.6)
Distribution to non-controlling interest shareholders	(4.6) (.9)
Contributions from discontinued operations	— 45.2
Payments on contingent consideration earnout liability	(2.6)
Capital contributions from BAM members	26.9 25.7
Acquisition of additional subsidiary shares from non-controlling interest	(1.7) $(.7)$
Acquisition of additional substituting shares from hon-controlling filterest	(1.7)

Fidus Re premium payment	(3.0)	) —	
Restricted share statutory withholding tax payments	(8.4)	(9.3	)
Net cash used for financing activities - continuing operations	(462.2)	(662.8	)
Net cash used for financing activities - discontinued operations	_	(61.9	)
Net cash used for financing activities	(462.2)	(724.7	)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash	(.6	) —	
Net change in cash during the period - continuing operations	15.7	(32.5	)
Cash balances at beginning of period (excludes discontinued operations cash balances of \$0.0 and \$70.5)	97.1	80.2	
Add: cash held for sale, excluding discontinued operations, at the beginning of period	_	.9	
Less: cash held for sale, excluding discontinued operations, at the end of period	_		
Cash balances at end of period (excludes discontinued operations cash balances of \$0.0 and \$0.0)	\$112.2	\$48.6	
Supplemental cash flows information:			
Interest paid	\$(5.3)	\$(.5	)
Net income tax refunds	\$(.5)	) \$—	
See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements			
6			

#### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

Note 1. Basis of Presentation and Significant Accounting Policies

#### **Basis of Presentation**

The Company is an exempted Bermuda limited liability company whose principal businesses are conducted through its insurance subsidiaries and other affiliates. The Company's headquarters is located at 26 Reid Street, Hamilton, Bermuda HM 11, its principal executive office is located at 80 South Main Street, Hanover, New Hampshire 03755-2053 and its registered office is located at Clarendon House, 2 Church Street, Hamilton, Bermuda HM 11. The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States ("GAAP") and include the accounts of White Mountains Insurance Group, Ltd. (the "Company" or the "Registrant"), its subsidiaries (collectively with the Company, "White Mountains") and other entities required to be consolidated under GAAP.

#### **Consolidation Principles**

Under GAAP, the Company is required to consolidate any entity in which it holds a controlling financial interest. A controlling financial interest is usually in the form of an investment representing the majority of the subsidiary's voting interests. However, a controlling financial interest may also arise from a financial interest in a variable interest entity ("VIE") through arrangements that do not involve ownership of voting interests. The Company consolidates a VIE if it determines that it is the primary beneficiary. The primary beneficiary is defined as the entity who holds a variable interest that gives it both the power to direct the VIE's activities that most significantly impact its economic performance and the obligation to absorb losses of, or the right to receive returns from, the VIE that could potentially be significant to the VIE.

Intercompany transactions have been eliminated in consolidation. Certain amounts in the prior period financial statements have been reclassified to conform to the current presentation. These interim financial statements include all adjustments considered necessary by management to fairly state the financial position, results of operations and cash flows of White Mountains. These interim financial statements may not be indicative of financial results for the full year and should be read in conjunction with the Company's 2017 Annual Report on Form 10-K.

#### **Business Combinations**

White Mountains accounts for purchases of businesses using the acquisition method, which requires the measurement of assets acquired, including goodwill and other intangible assets and liabilities assumed, including contingent liabilities, at their estimated fair values as of the acquisition date. The acquisition date fair values represent management's best estimates and are based upon established valuation techniques, reasonable assumptions and, where appropriate, valuations performed by independent third parties. In circumstances where additional information is required in order to determine the acquisition date fair value of balance sheet amounts, provisional amounts may be recorded as of the acquisition date and may be subject to subsequent adjustment throughout the measurement period, which is one year from the acquisition date. Measurement period adjustments are recognized in the period in which they are determined. The results of operations and cash flows of businesses acquired are included in the consolidated financial statements from the date of acquisition.

#### Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities as of the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### Reportable Segments

White Mountains has determined its reportable segments based on the nature of the underlying businesses, the manner in which the Company's subsidiaries and affiliates are organized and managed and the organization of the financial information provided to the chief operating decision maker to assess performance and make decisions regarding allocation of resources. White Mountains's reportable segments are HG Global/BAM, NSM, MediaAlpha and Other Operations. See Note 12 — "Segment Information".

The HG Global/BAM segment consists of HG Global Ltd. and its wholly-owned subsidiaries ("HG Global") and the consolidated results of Build America Mutual Assurance Company ("BAM") (collectively, "HG Global/BAM"). BAM is the first and only mutual municipal bond insurance company in the United States. By insuring the timely payment of principal and interest, BAM provides market access to, and lowers interest expense for, issuers of municipal bonds used to finance essential public purposes such as schools, utilities and transportation facilities. BAM is owned by and operated for the benefit of its members, the municipalities that purchase BAM's insurance for their debt issuances, HG Global was established to fund the startup of BAM and, through its wholly-owned subsidiary, HG Re Ltd. ("HG Re"), to provide up to 15%-of-par, first loss reinsurance protection for policies underwritten by BAM. HG Global, together with its subsidiaries, provided the initial capitalization of BAM through the purchase of \$503.0 million of surplus notes issued by BAM (the "BAM Surplus Notes"). As of September 30, 2018, \$499.0 million of the surplus notes remain outstanding. As of September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, White Mountains owned 96.9% of HG Global's preferred equity and 88.4% of its common equity. White Mountains does not have an ownership interest in BAM. However, White Mountains is required to consolidate BAM's results in its financial statements because BAM is a VIE for which White Mountains is the primary beneficiary. BAM's results are attributed to non-controlling interests. The NSM segment consists of NSM Insurance HoldCo, LLC and its wholly-owned subsidiaries (collectively, "NSM"). NSM is a full service managing general agency and program administrator for specialty property and casualty insurance. NSM manages all aspects of the placement process on behalf of its carrier partners, including product development, marketing, underwriting and policy issuance. NSM specializes in niche sectors including collector cars, social services and behavioral health, specialty real estate, sports and fitness centers, and pet insurance. White Mountains acquired a 95% ownership share in NSM on May 11, 2018. The NSM segment also includes White Mountains Catskill Holdings, Inc. See Note 2 - "Significant Transactions".

The MediaAlpha segment consists of QL Holdings LLC and its wholly-owned subsidiary QuoteLab, LLC (collectively "MediaAlpha"). MediaAlpha is a leading marketing technology company that develops technology that enables the programmatic buying and selling of vertical-specific, performance-based media between advertisers (buyers of advertising inventory) and publishers (sellers of advertising inventory) through cost-per-click, cost-per-call and cost-per-lead pricing models. MediaAlpha's media buying platform enables advertisers to create and automate data-driven bidding strategies designed to improve the efficiency and enhance overall performance of their marketing campaigns that target high-intent consumers at the time and place they are ready to purchase. MediaAlpha's publisher platform is used by publishers to sell their vertical-specific, performance-based media to advertisers through transparent, programmatic, auction-based marketplaces. MediaAlpha works with 600 advertisers and 330 publishers across a number of insurance (auto, motorcycle, home, renter, health and life) and non-insurance (travel, education, personal finance and home services) verticals.

White Mountains's Other Operations segment consists of the Company, its wholly-owned subsidiary, White Mountains Capital, Inc. ("WM Capital"), its wholly-owned investment management subsidiary, White Mountains Advisors LLC ("WM Advisors"), and its other intermediate holding companies, as well as certain consolidated and unconsolidated private capital and other investments. The consolidated private capital investments include Wobi Insurance Agency Ltd. ("Wobi") and Removal Stars Ltd. ("Buzzmove").

#### Discontinued Operations and Assets and Liabilities Held for Sale

On September 28, 2017, Intact Financial Corporation completed its acquisition of OneBeacon Insurance Group, Ltd. ("OneBeacon") in an all-cash transaction for \$18.10 per share (the "OneBeacon Transaction"). On July 21, 2016, White Mountains completed its sale of Tranzact Holdings, LLC ("Tranzact") to an affiliate of Clayton, Dubilier & Rice, LLC. On April 18, 2016, White Mountains completed its sale of Sirius International Insurance Group, Ltd. ("Sirius Group") to CM International Pte. Ltd. and CM Bermuda Limited (collectively "CMI"), the Singapore-based investment arm of China Minsheng Investment Corp., Ltd. White Mountains has presented the results of OneBeacon, Tranzact and Sirius Group as discontinued operations in the statement of operations and comprehensive income and their assets and liabilities as held for sale in the balance sheet for all periods prior to the completion of each transaction. White Mountains has classified its Guilford, Connecticut property, which consists of an office building and adjacent land, as held for sale as of September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017. See Note 16 — "Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations".

#### Derivatives

White Mountains holds from time to time derivative financial instruments for risk management purposes. White Mountains recognizes all derivatives as either assets or liabilities on the balance sheet measured at fair value. During the quarter ended June 30, 2018, White Mountains entered into an interest rate swap to hedge its exposure to the interest rate risk associated with the interest payments on NSM's variable rate debt. In order to qualify for hedge accounting, a derivative instrument must be both highly effective in offsetting the exposure to the hedged risk and designated as a hedge at inception. The swap meets both of these requirements and is being accounted for as a hedge. Changes in the fair value of the swap are recognized in other comprehensive income until changes in the interest rate on the debt cause an increase in the hedged cash flows. When the hedged cash flows increase, then the effective portion of the gains or losses arising from the change in the fair value of the swap are reclassified into earnings from other comprehensive income. The amounts reclassified are included in the same financial statement caption as the related interest expense, effectively fixing the debt interest at the fixed rate in the swap for the hedged portion of the interest cash flows. Any portion of the change in the fair value of a derivative instrument designated as a cash flow hedge that represents hedge ineffectiveness is recognized in current period pre-tax income. Hedge ineffectiveness is measured as the amount by which changes in the fair value of a derivative designated as a hedge exceed the change in the fair value of the related hedged cash flows. White Mountains formally evaluates and documents the relationship between derivatives used as hedges and the related hedged cash flows, including its risk-management objective and strategy for undertaking a hedging transaction. White Mountains formally assesses the effectiveness of the hedging transaction at both inception and on an ongoing basis. White Mountains also held certain foreign currency forward contracts which were held for risk management purposes, but not designated as hedges. These contracts were measured at fair value with the changes therein recognized through current period pre-tax income. See Note 7 — "Derivatives".

#### Reinsurance Contracts Accounted for as Deposits

Reinsurance contracts that do not meet the risk transfer requirements necessary to be accounted for as reinsurance are accounted for using the deposit method under GAAP. BAM entered into a reinsurance contract agreement with Fidus Reinsurance Ltd. ("Fidus Re") in 2018, which is accounted for using the deposit method. See Note 8 — "Municipal Bond Guarantee Insurance". The nonrefundable consideration paid by BAM to Fidus Re is charged to financing expense within general and administrative expenses.

#### Restricted Cash

Cash includes amounts on hand and demand deposits with banks and other financial institutions. Cash balances which are not immediately available for general corporate purposes, including fiduciary accounts, are classified as restricted. Restricted amounts included within cash are disclosed parenthetically on the balance sheet. Amounts presented in the statement of cash flows are shown net of balances acquired and sold in the purchase or sale of White Mountains's consolidated subsidiaries. Changes in restricted cash balances are presented as a separate caption within the operations, investing and financing activities sections of the statement of cash flows.

#### Significant Accounting Policies

Refer to the Company's 2017 Annual Report on Form 10-K for a complete discussion regarding White Mountains's significant accounting policies.

Recently Adopted Changes in Accounting Principles

#### Revenue Recognition

On January 1, 2018, White Mountains adopted ASU 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (ASC 606), which modifies the guidance for revenue recognition. Under ASU 2014-09, revenue is recognized at an amount that reflects the consideration to which an entity expects to be entitled once it fulfills its performance obligations under the terms of its contract with the customer. The scope of the new guidance includes agent commissions and other

non-insurance revenues. Adoption of ASU 2014-09 did not have any impact on White Mountains's financial statements.

**Share-Based Compensation** 

On January 1, 2018, White Mountains adopted ASU 2017-09, Stock Compensation: Scope of Modification Accounting (ASC 718), which narrows the scope of transactions subject to modification accounting to changes in terms of an award that result in a change in the award's fair value, vesting conditions or classification. Adoption of ASU 2017-09 did not have any impact on White Mountains's financial statements.

On January 1, 2017, White Mountains adopted ASU 2016-09, Improvements to Employee Share-Based Payment Accounting (ASC 718) which simplifies certain aspects of the accounting for share-based compensation. The new guidance provides an accounting policy election to account for forfeitures by either applying an assumption, as required under existing guidance, or by recognizing forfeitures when they actually occur. At adoption, White Mountains did not change its accounting policy for forfeitures, which is to apply an assumed forfeiture rate. The new guidance has also changed the threshold for partial cash settlement to settle statutory withholding requirements for equity classified awards, increasing the threshold up to the maximum statutory tax rate. As a result of adoption, White Mountains reported \$8.4 million and \$9.2 million of statutory withholding tax payments made in connection with the settlement of restricted shares as financing cash flows for the nine months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017. Such payments were classified as operating cash flows prior to adoption. In addition, the new guidance changed the treatment for excess tax benefits that arise from the difference between the deduction for tax purposes and the compensation costs recognized for financial reporting. Under the new guidance, a reporting entity recognizes excess tax benefits or expense in current period earnings, regardless of whether it is in a taxes payable position.

#### **Business Combinations**

On January 1, 2018, White Mountains adopted ASU 2017-01, Business Combinations: Clarifying the Definition of a Business (ASC 805), which clarifies the definition of a business and affects the determination of whether acquisitions or disposals are accounted for as assets or as a business. Under the new guidance, when substantially all of the fair value of the assets is concentrated in a single identifiable asset or group of similar assets, it is not a business. Adoption of ASU 2017-01 did not have any impact on White Mountains's financial statements.

#### Cash Flow Statement

On January 1, 2018, White Mountains adopted ASU 2016-15, Statement of Cash Flows: Classification of Certain Cash Receipts and Cash Payments (ASC 230), which addresses the classification and presentation of certain items, including debt prepayment and extinguishment costs, contingent consideration payments made after a business combination and distributions received from equity method investees, for which there was diversity in practice prior to the issuance of ASU 2016-15. Also on January 1, 2018, White Mountains adopted ASU 2016-18, Statement of Cash Flows: Restricted Cash (ASC 230), which modifies the guidance for the treatment of restricted cash amounts in the cash flow statement. The new guidance requires restricted cash to be included in the reconciliation of beginning and end-of-period amounts presented on the statement of cash flows and requires a description of the nature of the changes in restricted cash during the periods presented. Adoption of ASU 2016-15 and ASU 2016-18 did not have any impact on White Mountains's statement of cash flows.

#### Financial Instruments - Recognition and Measurement

On January 1, 2018, White Mountains adopted ASU 2016-01, Recognition and Measurement of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities (ASC 825-10), which modifies the guidance for financial instruments, including investments in equity securities. Under the new guidance, all equity securities with readily determinable fair values are required to be measured at fair value with changes therein recognized through current period earnings. In addition, the new ASU requires a qualitative assessment for equity securities without readily determinable fair values to identify impairment, and for impaired equity securities to be measured at fair value. White Mountains measures its portfolio of investment securities at fair value with changes therein recognized through current period earnings and, accordingly, adoption of ASU 2016-01 did not have any impact on White Mountains's financial statements.

#### **Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements**

#### Premium Amortization on Callable Debt Securities

In March 2017, the FASB issued ASU 2017-08, Premium Amortization on Purchased Callable Debt Securities (ASC 310-20), which changes the amortization period for certain purchased callable debt securities. Under the new guidance, for investments in callable debt securities held at a premium, the premium will be amortized over the period to the earliest call date. The new guidance does not change the amortization period for callable debt securities held at a

discount. ASU 2017-08 is not expected to have any impact on White Mountains's financial statements at adoption but may affect the amortization recognized in future periods.

#### Credit Losses

In June 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-13, Measurement of Credit Losses on Financial Instruments (ASC 326), which establishes new guidance for the recognition of credit losses for financial assets measured at amortized cost. The new ASU requires reporting entities to estimate the credit losses expected over the life of a credit exposure using historical information, current information and reasonable and supportable forecasts that affect the collectability of the financial asset. This differs from current GAAP, which delays recognition until it is probable a loss has been incurred. The new guidance is expected to accelerate recognition of credit losses. The types of assets within the scope of the new guidance include premium receivables, reinsurance recoverables and loans. ASU 2016-13 is effective for annual periods beginning after January 1, 2020, including interim periods. White Mountains measures its portfolio of investment securities at fair value with changes therein recognized through current period earnings and, accordingly, does not expect adoption to have any effect on its financial statements.

#### Leases

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-02, Leases (ASC 842). The new guidance requires lessees to recognize lease assets and liabilities on the balance sheet for both operating and financing leases, with the exception of leases with an original term of 12 months or less. Under existing guidance recognition of lease assets and liabilities is not required for operating leases. The lease assets and liabilities to be recognized are both measured initially based on the present value of the lease payments. Under the new guidance, a sale-leaseback transaction must meet the recognition criteria under ASC 606, Revenues, in order to be accounted for as sale. The new guidance is effective for White Mountains for years beginning after December 15, 2018, including interim periods therein. White Mountains is evaluating the expected impact of this guidance and available adoption methods.

#### Note 2. Significant Transactions

#### Acquisitions

#### **NSM**

On May 11, 2018, White Mountains closed its acquisition of 95% of NSM for cash consideration of \$274.2 million. White Mountains recognized a purchase price adjustment of \$2.1 million during the three months ended September 30, 2018 that was paid in October 2018. White Mountains recognized total assets acquired related to NSM of \$495.2 million, including \$383.0 million of goodwill and other intangible assets, total liabilities assumed of \$204.6 million, including contingent consideration earnout liabilities related to NSM's previous acquisitions of its U.K.-based operations, of \$10.2 million, and non-controlling interest of \$14.4 million reflecting acquisition date fair values. In connection with the acquisition, White Mountains incurred transaction costs of \$6.3 million, which were expensed in the second quarter of 2018.

On May 18, 2018, NSM acquired 100% of Fresh Insurance Services Group Limited ("Fresh Insurance"), an insurance broker that specializes in non-standard personal lines products, motor trade, and van insurance in the United Kingdom, for cash consideration of \$49.6 million. NSM recognized a purchase price adjustment of \$0.7 million during the three months ended September 30, 2018. The purchase price is subject to additional adjustments based upon growth in EBITDA during two earnout periods, ending in February 2020 and February 2022. NSM recognized total assets acquired related to Fresh Insurance of \$72.6 million, including \$54.6 million of goodwill and other intangible assets, and total liabilities assumed of \$22.3 million, reflecting acquisition date fair values. In connection with the acquisition, NSM recorded a contingent consideration earnout liability of \$7.5 million.

The contingent consideration earnout liabilities related to these acquisitions are subject to adjustment based upon EBITDA, EBITDA projections, and present value factors for acquired entities. For both the three months ended September 30, 2018 and the period from May 11, 2018 through September 30, 2018, NSM recognized pre-tax expense of \$2.6 million for the change in the fair value of its contingent consideration earnout liabilities for both Fresh Insurance and its other U.K.-based operations. Any future adjustments to contingent consideration earnout liabilities under the agreements will also be recognized through pre-tax income. As of September 30, 2018, NSM recorded contingent consideration earnout liabilities of \$20.1 million.

#### DavidShield

On January 24, 2018, White Mountains acquired 50% of DavidShield Life Insurance Agency (2000) Ltd. ("DavidShield"), its joint venture partner in PassportCard Limited ("PassportCard"). DavidShield is a managing general agency that is the leading provider of expatriate medical insurance in Israel and uses the same card-based delivery system as PassportCard. As part of the transaction, White Mountains restructured its equity stake in PassportCard so that White Mountains and its partner in DavidShield would each own 50% of both businesses. To facilitate the transaction, White Mountains provided financing to its partner in the form of a non-interest bearing loan that is secured by the partner's equity in PassportCard and DavidShield. The gross purchase price for the 50% of DavidShield was \$41.8 million, or \$28.3 million net of the financing provided for the restructuring.

#### Kudu

On February 5, 2018, White Mountains entered into an agreement to fund up to \$127.5 million in Kudu Investment Management, LLC ("Kudu"), a capital provider to asset management and wealth management firms, including \$125.0 million for new transactions. Kudu specializes in providing capital solutions to asset managers and registered investment advisers, including generational ownership transfers, management buyouts, acquisition and growth finance, as well as liquidity for legacy partners.

As of September 30, 2018, White Mountains has funded \$12.3 million in Kudu. Kudu closed their first transaction in the third quarter of 2018 and announced two more in October, deploying \$63.0 million of capital in total, \$31.5 million of which is from White Mountains. White Mountains has determined that Kudu is a VIE, however White Mountains is not the primary beneficiary. White Mountains has elected to take the fair value option for its investment in Kudu.

#### MediaAlpha

On October 5, 2017, MediaAlpha acquired certain assets associated with the Health, Life and Medicare insurance business of Healthplans.com for an aggregate purchase price of \$28.0 million. The majority of assets acquired, which are included in other intangible assets, consist of customer relationships, a non-compete agreement from the seller and domain names. See Note 4 — "Goodwill and Other Intangibles Assets".

On October 5, 2017, White Mountains acquired 131,579 newly-issued Class A common units of MediaAlpha for \$12.5 million. As of September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017 White Mountains's ownership share in MediaAlpha was 62.2% and 64.4%.

#### Dispositions

#### OneBeacon

On September 28, 2017, White Mountains received \$1.3 billion in cash proceeds from the OneBeacon Transaction and recorded a gain of \$554.6 million, net of transaction costs. As a result of the OneBeacon Transaction, OneBeacon's results have been reported as discontinued operations within White Mountains's GAAP financial statements. See Note 16 — "Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations".

#### Star & Shield

On March 7, 2017, White Mountains completed the sale of Star & Shield Services LLC, Star & Shield Risk Management LLC, and Star & Shield Claims Services LLC (collectively "Star & Shield") and its investment in Star & Shield Insurance Exchange ("SSIE") surplus notes to K2 Insurance Services, LLC. White Mountains did not recognize any gain or loss on the sale.

#### Note 3. Investments Securities

White Mountains's portfolio of investment securities held for general investment purposes consists of fixed maturity investments, short-term investments, common equity securities and other long-term investments, which are all classified as trading securities. Trading securities are reported at fair value as of the balance sheet date. Net realized and unrealized investment gains (losses) on trading securities are reported in pre-tax revenues.

White Mountains's fixed maturity investments are generally valued using industry standard pricing methodologies. Key inputs include benchmark yields, benchmark securities, reported trades, issuer spreads, bids, offers, credit ratings and prepayment speeds. Income on mortgage and asset-backed securities is recognized using an effective yield based on anticipated prepayments and the estimated economic life of the securities. When actual prepayments differ significantly from anticipated prepayments, the estimated economic life is recalculated and the remaining unamortized premium or discount is amortized prospectively over the remaining economic life.

Realized investment gains (losses) resulting from sales of investment securities are accounted for using the specific identification method. Premiums and discounts on all fixed maturity investments are amortized or accreted to income over the anticipated life of the investment. Short-term investments consist of interest-bearing money market funds and other securities, which at the time of purchase, mature or become available for use within one year. Short-term investments are carried at amortized or accreted cost, which approximated fair value as of September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017.

Other long-term investments consist primarily of hedge funds, private equity funds and unconsolidated private capital investments.

#### Net Investment Income

White Mountains's net investment income is comprised primarily of interest income associated with White Mountains's fixed maturity investments and short-term investments and dividend income from its common equity securities and other long-term investments.

The following table presents pre-tax net investment income for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017.

Three Months		Nine M	lonths	
Ended		Ended		
Septem	September 30,		ber 30,	
2018	2017	2018	2017	
\$7.5	\$9.8	\$27.3	\$32.9	
1.8	.3	6.5	.6	
3.4	2.7	11.2	7.7	
1.2	.1	1.7	.5	
13.9	12.9	46.7	41.7	
(.5)	(.7)	(1.8)	(2.0)	
\$13.4	\$12.2	\$44.9	\$39.7	
	Ended Septem 2018 \$7.5 1.8 3.4 1.2 13.9 (.5 )	Ended September 30, 2018 2017 \$7.5 \$9.8 1.8 .3 3.4 2.7 1.2 .1 13.9 12.9 (.5 ) (.7 )	September 30, 2018       September 30, 2018         2018 2017 2018         \$7.5 \$9.8 \$27.3         1.8 .3 6.5         3.4 2.7 11.2         1.2 .1 1.7         13.9 12.9 46.7         (.5 ) (.7 ) (1.8 )	

Net Realized and Unrealized Investment Gains (Losses)

The following table presents net realized and unrealized investment gains (losses) for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017:

•	Three Months	Nine Months
	Ended	Ended
	September 30,	September 30,
Millions	2018 2017	2018 2017
Net realized investment (losses) gains, pre-tax	\$(10.2) \$6.8	\$(13.9) \$20.8
Net unrealized investment gains, pre-tax	76.3 25.7	36.8 81.7
Net realized and unrealized investment gains, pre-tax	66.1 32.5	22.9 102.5
Income tax expense attributable to net realized and unrealized investment gains	(9.7 ) (3.9	)(5.9 ) (9.5 )
Net realized and unrealized investment gains, after-tax	\$56.4 \$28.6	\$17.0 \$93.0

#### Net Realized Investment Gains (Losses)

The following tables present net realized investment gains (losses) for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017

Three Months Ended

Three Months Ended

	September 30, 2018 September 30, 2017	
Millions	Net Total net Net foreign realized realized exchange losses gains reflected in (losses) earnings  Net Total net realized realized gains exchange (losses)  Net foreign realized realized gains (losses)  reflected in earnings	n
Fixed maturity investments	\$(5.1) \$ -\$ (5.1 ) \$.6 \$ 1.2 \$ 1.8	
Short-term investments	- $ (.1)$ $ (.1)$	
Common equity securities	(1.5) — $(1.5)$ 4.9 5.4 10.3	
Other long-term investments	(3.6) — $(3.6)$ 2.0 $(7.2)$ $(5.2)$	
Net realized investment (losses) gains, pre-tax	(10.2) — $(10.2)$ 7.4 $(.6)$ 6.8	
Income tax benefit (expense) attributable to net realized investment (losses) gains	2.3 — 2.3 (.6 ) — (.6 )	
Net realized investment (losses) gains, after-tax	\$(7.9) \$ -\$ (7.9 ) \$6.8 \$ (.6 ) \$ 6.2	
	Nine Months Ended Nine Months Ended	
	September 30, 2018 September 30, 2017	
Millions	September 30, 2018  Net realized (losses) gains (losses)  Glosses)  September 30, 2017  Total net realized Net foreign (losses) gains (losses) gains (losses) reflected in gains earnings  September 30, 2017  Total net realized gains realized gains (losses) reflected in gains earnings	n
Millions  Fixed maturity investments	Net realized Net realized Net realized (losses) reflected in gains (losses)  Net foreign realized Net realized foreign gains (losses)  gains (losses) reflected in gains (losses)  Total net realized foreign gains reflected in gains (losses)	n
	Net foreign realized (losses) gains (losses) reflected in gains earnings  Total net realized Net foreign gains (losses) gains (losses) reflected in gains earnings  Total net realized realized gains (losses) gains (losses) gains reflected in gains earnings	n
Fixed maturity investments Short-term investments Common equity securities	Net realized (losses) gains         Net (losses) (losses)         Total net realized (losses)         Net foreign (losses)         Total net realized foreign (gains (losses))         Total net realized foreign (gains (losses))           gains (losses)         reflected in gains earnings         (losses)         reflected in gains (losses)         reflected in earnings           \$(27.6)         \$ 18.2         \$ (9.4)         \$ (.4)         \$ 2.7         \$ 2.3           (.8)         )         (.1)         —         (.1)         )           10.5         —         10.5         18.5         6.0         24.5	n
Fixed maturity investments Short-term investments Common equity securities Other long-term investments	Net foreign realized (losses) realized exchange gains (losses) reflected in gains (losses) realized earnings  \$1000000000000000000000000000000000000	n
Fixed maturity investments Short-term investments Common equity securities	Net realized (losses) gains         Net (losses) (losses)         Total net realized (losses)         Net foreign (losses)         Total net realized foreign (gains (losses))         Total net realized foreign (gains (losses))           gains (losses)         reflected in gains earnings         (losses)         reflected in gains (losses)         reflected in earnings           \$(27.6)         \$ 18.2         \$ (9.4)         \$ (.4)         \$ 2.7         \$ 2.3           (.8)         )         (.1)         —         (.1)         )           10.5         —         10.5         18.5         6.0         24.5	n

11.2

11.2

(3.6) —

)

(3.6)

Income tax benefit (expense) attributable to net realized investment (losses) gains
Net realized investment (losses)
gains, after-tax

\$(13.7) \$11.0 \$ (2.7 ) \$17.4 \$ (.2 ) \$ 17.2

#### Net Unrealized Investment Gains (Losses)

The following tables present net unrealized investment gains (losses) and changes in the carrying value of investments measured at fair value for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017:

	Three Months En	ded	Three N	Months En	ded
	September 30, 20	18	Septem	ber 30, 20	17
Millions	Net Net unrealizeoreign gains exchange (losses) losses	Total net unrealized gains (losses) reflected in earnings	gains	Net foreign ed exchange gains (losses)	Total net unrealized gains (losses) reflected in earnings
Fixed maturity investments	\$1.5 \$ —	\$ 1.5	\$2.0	\$ 5.1	\$ 7.1
Short-term investments	(.1 ) —	(.1)			_
Common equity securities	54.9 —	54.9	26.6	(3.1)	23.5
Other long-term investments	20.1 (.1 )	20.0	(2.5)	(2.4)	(4.9)
Net unrealized investment gains (losses), pre-tax	76.4 (.1 )	76.3	26.1	(.4)	25.7
Income tax expense attributable to net unrealized investment gains (losses)	(12.0) —	(12.0)	(3.3)	_	(3.3)
Net unrealized investment gains (losses), after-tax	\$64.4 \$ (.1 )	\$ 64.3	\$22.8	\$ (.4 )	\$ 22.4
	Nine Months End September 30, 20			Months End on the subsection of the subsection o	
Millions		Total net unrealized (losses) gains reflected in	Net unreali		Total net unrealized gains (losses) reflected in
Millions  Fixed maturity investments	Net Net unrealized breign (losses) exchange gains (losses)	Total net unrealized (losses) gains reflected in earnings	Net unreali	Net foreign zewichange gains	Total net unrealized gains (losses)
	Net Net unrealized breign (losses) exchange gains (losses) gains	Total net unrealized (losses) gains reflected in earnings	Net unreali gains	Net foreign (zedchange gains (losses)	Total net unrealized gains (losses) reflected in earnings
Fixed maturity investments	Net Net unrealize foreign (losses) exchange gains (losses) gains \$(15.7) \$(14.8)	Total net unrealized (losses) gains reflected ir earnings (\$ (30.5 )	Net unrealingains \$19.4	Net foreign (zedchange gains (losses)	Total net unrealized gains (losses) reflected in earnings
Fixed maturity investments Short-term investments	Net Net unrealize fibreign (losses) exchange gains (losses) gains \$(15.7) \$(14.8) (.1) —	Total net unrealized (losses) gains reflected in earnings \$ (30.5 )	Net unrealingains \$19.4	Net foreign (zedchange gains (losses)	Total net unrealized gains (losses) reflected in earnings \$ 32.0 — 53.5
Fixed maturity investments Short-term investments Common equity securities Other long-term investments Net unrealized investment gains (losses), pre-tax	Net Net unrealizeforeign (losses) exchange gains (losses) gains \$(15.7) \$(14.8) (.1) — 43.7 — 20.5 3.2	Total net unrealized (losses) gains reflected ir earnings \$ (30.5 ) (.1 ) 43.7	Net unrealingains  \$19.4  53.5	Net foreign (zewichange gains (losses) \$ 12.6	Total net unrealized gains (losses) reflected in earnings \$ 32.0 — 53.5
Fixed maturity investments Short-term investments Common equity securities Other long-term investments	Net Net unrealizeforeign (losses) exchange gains (losses) gains \$(15.7) \$(14.8) (.1) — 43.7 — 20.5 3.2	Total net unrealized (losses) gains reflected ir earnings \$ (30.5 ) (.1 ) 43.7 23.7 36.8	Net unrealing gains 1 \$19.4 — 53.5 9.2	Net foreign (zedchange gains (losses) \$ 12.6 — (13.0 )	Total net unrealized gains (losses) reflected in earnings \$ 32.0 — 53.5 (3.8 )

The following table presents total gains (losses) included in earnings attributable to net unrealized investment gains (losses) for Level 3 investments for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017:

	Three	Nine
	Months	Months
	Ended	Ended
	September	September
	30,	30,
Millions	2018 2017	2018 2017
Other long-term investments	\$4.0 \$(.7)	\$2.1 \$(2.2)
Total net unrealized investment gains (losses), pre-tax - Level 3 investments	\$4.0 \$(.7)	\$2.1 \$(2.2)

#### **Investment Holdings**

The following tables present the cost or amortized cost, gross unrealized investment gains (losses), net foreign currency gains and carrying values of White Mountains's fixed maturity investments as of September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017.

	Septembe	er 30, 2018			
	Cost or	Gross	Gross	Net foreign	Carrying
Millions	amortized	dunrealized	unrealized	currency	value
	cost	gains	losses	gains	varuc
U.S. Government and agency obligations	\$127.0	\$ —	\$ (1.6)	\$ -	<b>-</b> \$125.4
Debt securities issued by corporations	509.4	.2	(9.6)		500.0
Mortgage and asset-backed securities	132.4	_	(3.9)		128.5
Municipal obligations	281.1	.4	(3.5)		278.0
Total fixed maturity investments	\$1,049.9	\$ .6	\$ (18.6 )	\$ -	-\$1,031.9

	Decembe	er 31, 2017			
	Cost or	Gross	Gross	Net foreign	Carrying
Millions	amortize	dunrealized	unrealized	currency	value
	cost	gains	losses	gains	varue
U.S. Government and agency obligations	\$297.8	\$ —	\$ (1.3)	\$ —	\$296.5
Debt securities issued by corporations	867.6	2.9	(4.3)	14.7	880.9
Mortgage and asset-backed securities	697.2	1.6	(4.1)		694.7
Municipal obligations	252.0	3.7	(.8)		254.9
Foreign government, agency and provincial obligations	2.6			.1	2.7
Total fixed maturity investments	\$2,117.2	\$ 8.2	\$ (10.5)	\$ 14.8	\$2,129.7

The following tables present the cost or amortized cost, gross unrealized investment gains (losses), net foreign currency losses, and carrying values of White Mountains's common equity securities and other long-term investments as of September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017:

	Septem	September 30, 2018				
	Cost or	Gross	Gross	Net foreign	Commina	
Millions	amortiz	<b>ec</b> hrealized	unrealized	currency	Carrying value	
	cost	gains	losses	losses	varue	
Common equity securities	\$873.4	\$ 171.1	\$ (1.0 )	\$ —	\$1,043.5	
Other long-term investments	\$303.8	\$ 34.8	\$ (47.2)	\$ (1.7)	\$289.7	
	Decemb	per 31, 2017	7			
	Cost or	Gross	Gross	Net foreign	Carrying	
Millions	amortiz	<b>ec</b> hrealized	unrealized	currency	value	
	cost	gains	losses	losses	varue	
Common equity securities	\$739.7	\$ 129.4	\$ (3.0)	\$ —	\$ 866.1	
Other long-term investments	\$246.6	\$ 6.8	\$ (39.7)	\$ (4.9 )	\$ 208.8	

#### Other Long-Term Investments

The following table presents the carrying values of White Mountains's other long-term investments as of September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017:

	Carryin	g Value at	
Millions	Septem	b <b>∂e&amp;</b> mber	31,
	2018	2017	
Hedge funds and private equity funds, at fair value	\$151.6	\$ 125.3	
Private equity securities, at fair value (1)(2)	126.4	83.2	
Foreign currency forward contracts		(3.7	)
Other	11.7	4.0	
Total other long-term investments	\$289.7	\$ 208.8	

<sup>(1)</sup> See Fair Value Measurements by Level table.

#### Hedge Funds and Private Equity Funds

White Mountains invests in hedge funds and private equity funds, which are included in other long-term investments. The fair value of these investments is generally estimated using the NAV of the funds. As of September 30, 2018, White Mountains held investments in one hedge fund and thirteen private equity funds. The largest investment in a single fund was \$59.6 million as of September 30, 2018 and \$54.9 million as of December 31, 2017. The following table presents investments in hedge funds and private equity funds by investment objective and sector

The following table presents investments in hedge funds and private equity funds by investment objective and sector as of September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017:

	Septem	ber 30, 2018	Decemb	ber 31, 2017
Millions	Fair Va	Unfunded lue Commitments	Fair Va	Unfunded lue Commitments
Hedge funds				
Long/short banks and financials	\$59.6	\$ —	\$54.9	\$ —
Total hedge funds	59.6		54.9	_
Private equity funds	10.6	10.5	42.2	10.4
Manufacturing/Industrial	49.6	10.5	43.3	10.4
Aerospace/Defense/Government	25.5	34.9	15.8	12.9
Direct lending	10.6	19.9	7.1	23.1
Financial services	6.3	15.7	4.2	11.7
Real estate	_	50.0	_	
Total private equity funds	92.0	131.0	70.4	58.1
Total hedge funds and private equity funds included in other long-term investments	\$151.6	\$ 131.0	\$125.3	\$ 58.1

<sup>(2)</sup> Includes White Mountains's non-controlling interests in common equity securities, limited liability companies and private convertible preferred securities.

Redemption of investments in most hedge funds is subject to restrictions including lock-up periods where no redemptions or withdrawals are allowed, restrictions on redemption frequency and advance notice periods for redemptions. Amounts requested for redemptions remain subject to market fluctuations until the redemption effective date, which generally falls at the end of the defined redemption period. As of September 30, 2018, White Mountains held one active hedge fund with a fair value of \$59.6 million. The hedge fund is subject to a semi-annual restriction on redemptions and an advance notice period requirement of 45 days.

Investments in private equity funds are generally subject to a lock-up period during which investors may not request a redemption. Distributions prior to the expected termination date of the fund may be limited to dividends or proceeds arising from the liquidation of the fund's underlying investments. In addition, certain private equity funds have the option to extend the lock-up period.

The following table presents investments in private equity funds that were subject to lock-up periods as of September 30, 2018:

Millions 1-3 years 3-5 years 5-10 years 5-10

Investors in private equity funds are generally subject to indemnification obligations outside of the capital commitment period and prior to the winding up of the fund. As of September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, White Mountains is not aware of any indemnification claims relating to its investments in private equity funds. Any future indemnification obligations would be disclosed separately as opposed to being included in the Unfunded Commitments balance.

#### Fair Value Measurements as of September 30, 2018

Fair value measurements are categorized into a hierarchy that distinguishes between inputs based on market data from independent sources ("observable inputs") and a reporting entity's internal assumptions based upon the best information available when external market data is limited or unavailable ("unobservable inputs"). Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities have the highest priority ("Level 1"), followed by observable inputs other than quoted prices, including prices for similar but not identical assets or liabilities ("Level 2") and unobservable inputs, including the reporting entity's estimates of the assumptions that market participants would use, having the lowest priority ("Level 3"). As of September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, White Mountains used quoted market prices or other observable inputs to determine fair value for approximately 89% and 94% of the investment portfolio.

#### Fair Value Measurements by Level

The following tables present White Mountains's fair value measurements for investments as of September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017 by level. The major security types were based on the legal form of the securities. White Mountains has disaggregated its fixed maturity investments based on the issuing entity type, which impacts credit quality, with debt securities issued by U.S. Government entities carrying minimal credit risk, while the credit and other risks associated with other issuers, such as corporations, foreign governments, municipalities or entities issuing mortgage and asset-backed securities vary depending on the nature of the issuing entity type. White Mountains further disaggregates debt securities issued by corporations and common equity securities by industry sector because investors often reference commonly used benchmarks and their subsectors to monitor risk and performance. Accordingly, White Mountains has further disaggregated these asset classes into subclasses based on the similar sectors and industry classifications it uses to evaluate investment risk and performance against commonly used benchmarks, such as the Bloomberg Barclays U.S. Intermediate Aggregate and S&P 500 indices.

ACTI:	•	er 30, 201		Laval 2	
Millions	Fair Valu	ielevei i	Level 2	Level 3	
Fixed maturity investments: U.S. Government and agency obligations	\$125.4	\$125.4	<b>\$</b> —	\$—	
Debt securities issued by corporations:					
Financials	145.9		145.9		
Consumer	84.2		84.2		
Technology	60.4		60.4		
Energy	54.6		54.6		
Healthcare	53.9		53.9		
Industrial	39.5		39.5		
Communications	22.4	_	22.4	_	
Materials	22.2	_	22.2	_	
Utilities	16.9	_	16.9		
Total debt securities issued by corporations	500.0	_	500.0	_	
Mortgage and asset-backed securities	128.5		128.5	_	
Municipal obligations	278.0	_	278.0	_	
Total fixed maturity investments	1,031.9	125.4	906.5	_	
Short-term investments <sup>(1)</sup>	313.7	300.7	13.0	_	
Common equity securities:					
Exchange traded funds (2)	742.9	675.3	67.6	_	
Technology	16.8	16.8		_	
Financials	16.7	16.7		_	
Healthcare	16.4	16.4		_	
Industrial	15.6	15.6		_	
Communications	14.8	14.8		_	
Consumer	9.8	9.8		_	
Energy	6.6	6.6		_	
Other (3)	203.9		203.9	_	
Total common equity securities	1,043.5	772.0	271.5		
Other long-term investments (4)	138.1			138.1	
Total investments		<u> </u>	<del></del>		
Total Hivestilients	Φ 4,341.4	φ1,170.1	φ1,191.U	φ130.1	

- (1) Short-term investments are measured at amortized cost, which approximates fair value.
- (2) ETFs traded on foreign exchanges are priced using the fund's published NAV to account for the difference in market close times and are therefore designated a level 2 measurement.
- (3) Consists of two investments in unit trusts that primarily invest in international equities.
- (4) Excludes carrying value of \$151.6 associated with hedge funds and private equity funds for which fair value is measured at NAV using the practical expedient.

	December 31, 2017			
Millions	Fair Valu	ıdLevel 1	Level 2	Level 3
Fixed maturity investments:				
U.S. Government and agency obligations	\$296.5	\$296.5	\$—	\$ <i>—</i>
Debt securities issued by corporations:				
Consumer	185.1		185.1	
Communications	127.8	_	127.8	_
Financials	114.8	_	114.8	
Utilities	108.9	_	108.9	_
Materials	95.5		95.5	
Healthcare	94.3		94.3	
Technology	80.5		80.5	
Energy	48.1		48.1	
Industrial	25.9		25.9	
Total debt securities issued by corporations	880.9		880.9	_
Mortgage and asset-backed securities	694.7		694.7	_
Municipal obligations	254.9		254.9	
Foreign government, agency and provincial obligations	2.7		2.7	_
Total fixed maturity investments	2,129.7	296.5	1,833.2	
Short-term investments (1)	176.1	151.0	25.1	_
Common equity securities:				
Exchange traded funds (2)	569.7	508.1	61.6	_
Healthcare	17.1	17.1		
Financials	16.3	16.3		_
Technology	15.1	15.1		_
Industrial	11.9	11.9		
Communications	10.9	10.9		
Consumer	10.7	10.7		
Energy	3.8	3.8		_
Other (3)	210.6	_	210.6	
Total common equity securities	866.1	593.9	272.2	_
Other long-term investments (4)	87.2	_	_	87.2
Total investments	\$3,259.1	\$1,041.4	\$2,130.5	\$ 87.2

<sup>(1)</sup> Short-term investments are measured at amortized cost, which approximates fair value.

<sup>(2)</sup> ETFs traded on foreign exchanges are priced using the fund's published NAV to account for the difference in market close times and are therefore designated a level 2 measurement.

<sup>(3)</sup> Consists of two investments in unit trusts that primarily invests in international equities.

<sup>(4)</sup> Excludes carrying value of \$(3.7) related to foreign currency forward contracts and \$125.3 associated with hedge funds and private equity funds for which fair value is measured at NAV using the practical expedient.

## Debt Securities Issued by Corporations

The following table presents the ratings of debt securities issued by corporations held in White Mountains's investment portfolio as of September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017:

	Fair Value at				
Millions	Septem	hbeechmber 31,			
Willions	2018	2017			
AAA	\$8.1	\$ 1.6			
AA	83.6	42.6			
A	273.3	192.5			
BBB	135.0	465.2			
BB	_	161.7			
В		17.3			

Debt securities issued by corporations (1) \$500.0 \$880.9

### Mortgage and Asset-backed Securities

The following table presents the fair value of White Mountains's mortgage and asset-backed securities as of September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017:

	September 30, 2018		December 31, 2017				
Millions	Fair Va	ıl <b>Le</b> vel 2	Level 3	Fair Va	ıl <b>Le</b> vel 2	Level	13
Mortgage-backed securities:							
Agency:							
GNMA	\$24.5	\$24.5	\$ -	-\$46.3	\$46.3	\$	_
FNMA	53.6	53.6		84.5	84.5		
FHLMC	39.0	39.0		62.0	62.0	_	
Total agency (1)	117.1	117.1		192.8	192.8	_	
Non-agency:							
Commercial				70.5	70.5	_	
Total non-agency	_	_	_	70.5	70.5		
Total mortgage-backed securities	117.1	117.1		263.3	263.3		
Other asset-backed securities:							
Credit card receivables	8.9	8.9		206.0	206.0	_	
Vehicle receivables	2.5	2.5		142.4	142.4		
Other				83.0	83.0	_	
Total other asset-backed securities	11.4	11.4		431.4	431.4	_	
Total mortgage and asset-backed securities	\$128.5	\$128.5	\$ -	-\$694.7	\$694.7	\$	
745							

<sup>(1)</sup> Represents publicly traded mortgage-backed securities which carry the full faith and credit guaranty of the U.S. Government (i.e., GNMA) or are guaranteed by a government sponsored entity (i.e., FNMA, FHLMC).

White Mountains considers sub-prime mortgage-backed securities as those that have underlying loan pools that exhibit weak credit characteristics, or those that are issued from dedicated sub-prime shelves or dedicated second-lien shelf registrations (i.e., White Mountains considers investments backed primarily by second-liens to be sub-prime risks regardless of credit scores or other metrics). As of September 30, 2018, White Mountains did not hold any mortgage-backed securities categorized as sub-prime.

White Mountains considers mortgage-backed securities as "non-prime" (also called "Alt A" or "A-") if they are backed by collateral that has overall credit quality between prime and sub-prime based on White Mountains's review of the

<sup>(1)</sup> Credit ratings are assigned based on the following hierarchy: (1) Standard & Poor's Financial Services LLC ("S&P") and (2) Moody's Investor Service, Inc. ("Moody's").

characteristics of their underlying mortgage loan pools, such as credit scores and financial ratios. As of September 30, 2018, White Mountains did not hold any mortgage-backed securities classified as non-prime.

# Rollforward of Fair Value Measurements by Level

White Mountains uses quoted market prices where available as the inputs to estimate fair value for its investments in active markets. Such measurements are considered to be either Level 1 or Level 2 measurements, depending on whether the quoted market price inputs are for identical securities (Level 1) or similar securities (Level 2). Level 3 measurements for fixed maturity investments, common equity securities and other long-term investments as of September 30, 2018 and 2017 consist of securities for which the estimated fair value has not been determined based upon quoted market price inputs for identical or similar securities.

The following tables present the changes in White Mountains's fair value measurements by level for the nine months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017:

Level 3

			LCVCI 5		
			Investments		
				Hedge	
				Funds	
				and	
	v 1.		Fixed	Private	
Millions	Level 1	Level 2	Other long-ter maturity	m Equity	Total
	investment	s investmen	ts investments investments	Funds	
				measure	ed
				at	
				$NAV^{(3)}$	
Balance at December 31, 2017	\$ 890.4	\$ 2,105.4	\$ <del>\$</del> 87.2	\$125.3	\$3,208.3 (1)(2)
Net realized and unrealized gains (losses)	51.9	(33.6	)—(4.2	) 17.2	31.3 (4)
Amortization/Accretion	.1	(2.3	)——		(2.2)
Purchases	412.6	673.5	<b>—</b> 55.1	10.7	1,151.9
Sales	(457.6	) (1,565.0	)——	(1.6)	(2,024.2)
Transfers in	_				_
Transfers out	_				
Balance at September 30, 2018	\$ 897.4	\$ 1,178.0	\$ <del>\$</del> -138.1	\$151.6	\$2,365.1 (2)

- (1) Excludes carrying value of \$(3.7) as of December 31, 2017 associated with foreign currency forward contracts.
- (2) Excludes carrying value of \$176.1 and \$313.7 at December 31, 2017 and September 30, 2018 classified as short-term investments.
- (3) Investments for which fair value is measured at NAV using the practical expedient are no longer classified within the fair value hierarchy. See Note 1 "Basis of Presentation and Significant Accounting Policies".
- (4) Excludes realized and unrealized losses associated with foreign currency forward contracts, foreign currency on cash and open trades and short-term investments of \$3.5, \$4.2 and \$0.7 for the nine months ended September 30, 2018.

			Level 3	Investments		
Millions	Level 1 investments	Level 2 s investment	Fixed maturity investm	investments	Hedge Funds and mPrivate Equity Funds measured at NAV <sup>(3)</sup>	
Balance at December 31, 2016 Net realized and unrealized gains (losses Amortization/Accretion	\$ 279.5 )52.4 —	\$ 2,093.8 59.8 (6.6	\$ — — )—	\$ 91.4 (2.2 )	\$ 82.6 15.6	\$2,547.3 (1)(2)(4) 125.6 (5) (6.6 )

Purchases	940.7	1,038.5	31.2	2.9	64.9	2,078.2
Sales	(539.0	) (1,668.2	)(12.5	) (2.0	) (8.2	)(2,229.9)
Deconsolidation of SSIE	_	(5.2	)—		_	(5.2)
Transfers in	_	13.1	_		_	13.1
Transfers out		_	(13.1	) —		(13.1)
Balance at September 30, 2017	\$ 733.6	\$ 1,525.2	\$ 5.6	\$ 90.1	\$ 154.9	\$2,509.4 (1)(2)

- (1) Excludes carrying value of \$175.0 and \$786.5 at December 31, 2016 and September 30, 2017 classified as short-term investments, of which \$0.1 is classified as held for sale at December 31, 2016.
- (2) Excludes carrying value of \$(1.2) and \$(15.4) as of December 31, 2016 and September 30, 2017 associated with foreign currency forward contracts.
- (3) Investments for which fair value is measured at NAV using the practical expedient are no longer classified within the fair value hierarchy. See Note 1 "Basis of Presentation and Significant Accounting Policies".
- (4) Includes carrying value of \$6.6 of fixed maturity investments at December 31, 2016 that is classified as assets held for sale related to SSIE.
- (5) Excludes realized and unrealized losses associated with foreign currency forward contracts of \$23.1 for the nine months ended September 30, 2017.

Fair Value Measurements — Transfers Between Levels - Nine-months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017 Transfers between levels are recorded using the fair value measurement as of the end of the quarterly period in which the event or change in circumstance giving rise to the transfer occurred.

During the first nine months of 2018, there were no fixed maturity investments or other long-term investments classified as Level 3 measurements in the prior period that were transferred to Level 2 measurements. During the first nine months of 2017, two fixed maturity investment classified as a Level 3 measurement in the prior period was transferred to Level 2 measurement because quoted market prices for similar securities that were considered reliable and could be validated against an alternative source were available as of September 30, 2017. These measurements comprise "Transfers out" of Level 3 and "Transfers in" to Level 2 of \$13.1 million for the period ended September 30, 2017.

### Significant Unobservable Inputs

The following tables present significant unobservable inputs used in estimating the fair value of other long-term investments, other than hedge funds and private equity funds, classified within Level 3 as of September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017. The fair value of investments in hedge funds and private equity funds are generally estimated using the NAV of the funds.

\$ in millions, except share price	September 30, 2018			
Description	Valuation Technique(s)	Fair Value (1)	Unobservable Inp	out
Private equity security	Share price of most recent transaction	\$28.3	Share price	-\$56.60
Private equity security	Discounted cash flow	\$21.0	Discount rate	-25.0%
Private equity security	Discounted cash flow	\$22.1	Discount rate	-35.0%
Private convertible preferred security	Discounted cash flow	\$14.5	Discount rate	-30.0%
Private equity security	Recent transaction	\$15.8	Share price	-€338.85
Private preferred security	Multiple of EBITDA	\$3.5	EBITDA multiple	e-6.00
Private debt instrument	Discounted cash flow	\$10.5	Discount rate	-9.62%

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes the net unrealized investment gains (losses) associated with foreign currency; foreign currency effects based on observable inputs.

\$ in millions, except share price Description	December 31, 2017 Valuation Technique(s)	Fair Value (1)	Unobservable Input	
Private equity security	Discounted cash flow	\$21.0	Discount rate	-25.0%
Private equity security	Discounted cash flow	\$22.1	Discount rate	-35.0%
Private convertible preferred security	Discounted cash flow	\$14.5	Discount rate	-30.0%
Private equity security	Discounted cash flow/ Option pricing method \$11.3		Discount rate	-21.0%
			Time until expiration	-4 years
		Volatility/Sta	ndard deviation	-50.0%
		Risk free rate	;	-1.77%
Private preferred security	Multiple of EBITDA	\$0.6	EBITDA multiple	-6.00
Private equity security	Share price of most recent transaction	\$3.6	Share price	-\$2.52

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes the net unrealized investment gains (losses) associated with foreign currency; foreign currency effects based on observable inputs.

# Note 4. Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets

White Mountains has recognized goodwill and other intangible assets at the acquisition date fair values in connection with its purchases of subsidiaries.

On May 11, 2018, White Mountains completed its acquisition of NSM, recognizing \$383.0 million of goodwill and other intangible assets, reflecting acquisition date fair values. On May 18, 2018, NSM completed its acquisition of Fresh Insurance, recognizing \$54.6 million of goodwill and other intangible assets, reflecting acquisition date fair values. The following tables presents the change in goodwill and other intangible assets:

Three Months Ended September 30,

	Timee Months Ended September 50,						
	2018				2017		
Millions	Goodwi	Other illintangible assets	Unallocated acquisition date fair value of intangible assets	Goodwill	Goods	Other wiiltangible assets	Total Goodwill and other intangible assets
Beginning balance	\$25.9	\$ 30.7	436.2	\$ 492.8	\$25.9	\$ 14.4	\$ 40.3
Attribution of acquisition date fair value estimates between goodwill and other intangible assets	295.3	140.9	(436.2 )	_	_	_	_
Foreign currency translation	(1.2)	) (.4	_	(1.6)		_	_
Adjustments to reflect acquisition date fair value	1.4	_	_	1.4	_	_	_
Amortization (1)	_	(7.4)	_	(7.4)		(2.5)	(2.5)
Ending balance	\$321.4	\$ 163.8	_	\$ 485.2	\$25.9	\$ 11.9	\$ 37.8

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes the NSM intangible assets amortization of \$1.8 related to the period from May 11, 2018 through June 30, 2018 and \$3.2 for the three months ended September 30, 2018.

	Nine Months Ended September 30,					
	2018			2017		
			Total			Total
		Other	Goodwill		Other	Goodwill
Millions	Goodwi	llintangible	and other	Good	wintangible	and other
		assets	intangible		assets	intangible
			assets			assets
Beginning balance	\$25.9	\$ 36.2	\$ 62.1	\$25.9	\$ 19.3	\$ 45.2
Attribution of acquisition date fair value estimates	295.3	140.9	436.2			
between goodwill and other intangible assets	293.3	140.9	430.2		_	<del></del>
Foreign currency translation	(1.2)	(.4	) (1.6	_	_	
Adjustments to reflect acquisition date fair value	1.4	_	1.4	_	_	
Amortization	_	(12.9	) (12.9		(7.4)	(7.4)
Ending balance	\$321.4	\$ 163.8	\$ 485.2	\$25.9	\$ 11.9	\$ 37.8

The following table presents the acquisition date values, accumulated amortization and net carrying values for other intangible assets and goodwill, by company as of September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017:

intaligible assets and good		ber 30, 2018	Septemo		nber 31, 2017	111001 51, 2
\$ in millions	Acquisi date fair value		Net carrying value	Acquidate fair value		Net carrying value
Goodwill:						
NSM (1)	\$295.5	\$ —	\$295.5	<b>\$</b> —	\$ —	\$ <i>—</i>
MediaAlpha	18.3	_	18.3	18.3		18.3
Buzzmove	7.6	_	7.6	7.6		7.6
Total goodwill	321.4	_	321.4	25.9	_	25.9
Other intangible assets: NSM (1)						
Customer relationships	85.5	3.6	81.9			_
Trade names	51.2	1.1	50.1			
Information technology	3.8	.3	3.5			
Subtotal	140.5	5.0	135.5	_	_	_
MediaAlpha						
Customer relationships	26.8	4.3	22.5	26.8	2.4	24.4
Information technology		29.2	4.1	33.3	24.3	9.0
Other	9.8	8.8	1.0	9.8	7.8	2.0
Subtotal	69.9	42.3	27.6	69.9	34.5	35.4
D						
Buzzmove	_		_	_		_
Trade names	.6	.1	.5	.6	.1	.5
Information technology		.3	.2	.5	.2	.3
Subtotal	1.1	.4	.7	1.1	.3	.8
Total other intangible assets	211.5	47.7	163.8	71.0	34.8	36.2
Total goodwill and other intangible assets	\$532.9	\$ 47.7	485.2	\$96.9	\$ 34.8	62.1
Goodwill and other intangible assets attributed to non-controlling interests			(40.6 )			(21.1 )
Goodwill and other intangible assets included in White Mountains's common shareholders' equity			\$444.6			\$ 41.0

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes the effect of foreign currency translation from the date of acquisition of \$1.2 for goodwill and \$0.4 for other intangible assets.

### Note 5. Debt

The following table presents White Mountains's debt outstanding as of September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017:

Millions	September 30 2018	, Effective Rate (1)	December 31,	Effective Rate (1)
WTM Bank Facility	\$ —	N/A	\$ —	N/A
NSM Bank Facility	150.6	7.5%	<del>—</del>	14/11
Unamortized issuance cost	(3.3)			
NSM Bank Facility, carrying value	147.3		_	
Other NSM debt	2.0		_	
MediaAlpha Bank Facility	15.1	6.8%	23.9	5.6%
Unamortized issuance cost	(.1)		(.1)	
MediaAlpha Bank Facility, carrying value	15.0		23.8	
Total debt	\$ 164.3		\$ 23.8	

<sup>(1)</sup> Effective rate considers the effect of the debt issuance costs.

### WTM Bank Facility

On August 14, 2013, the Company entered into a revolving credit facility with a syndicate of lenders administered by Wells Fargo Bank, N.A., which had a total commitment of \$425.0 million and a maturity date of August 14, 2018 (the "WTM Bank Facility"). White Mountains terminated the WTM Bank Facility on May 8, 2018.

### **NSM Bank Facility**

On May 11, 2018, NSM entered into a secured credit facility (the "NSM Bank Facility") with Ares Capital Corporation in order to refinance NSM's debt and to fund the acquisition of Fresh Insurance. The NSM Bank Facility is comprised of a term loan of \$100.0 million, a delayed-draw term loan of \$51.0 million to fund the Fresh Insurance acquisition and a revolving credit loan commitment of \$10.0 million, under which NSM initially borrowed \$2.0 million. The term loans under the NSM Bank Facility mature on May 11, 2024, and the revolving loan under the NSM Bank Facility matures on May 11, 2023. During the three months ended September 30, 2018 and the period from May 11, 2018 through September 30, 2018, NSM repaid \$0.4 million on the term loans. During the period from May 11, 2018 through September 30, 2018, NSM repaid \$2.0 million on the revolving credit loan. As of September 30, 2018, \$150.6 million of term loans were outstanding and no revolving credit loans were outstanding under the NSM Bank Facility. Interest on the NSM Bank Facility accrues at a floating interest rate equal to the three month LIBOR or the Prime Rate, as published by the Wall Street Journal plus, in each case, an applicable margin. The margin over LIBOR may vary between 4.25% and 4.75%, and the margin over the Prime Rate may vary between 3.25% and 3.75%, in each case, depending on the consolidated total leverage ratio of the borrower.

On June 15, 2018, NSM entered into an interest rate swap agreement to hedge its exposure to interest rate risk on its variable rate term loans. Under the terms of the swap agreement, NSM pays a fixed rate of 2.97% and receives a variable rate, which is reset monthly, based on based on then-current LIBOR. The variable rate received by NSM under the swap agreement was 2.07%. As of September 30, 2018, NSM's blended interest rate on the outstanding term loan principal amount of \$150.6 million was 6.69%, and 7.47% after consideration of the interest rate swap. See Note 7 — "Derivatives — NSM Interest Rate Swap".

The NSM Bank Facility is secured by all property of the loan parties and contains various affirmative, negative and financial covenants that White Mountains considers to be customary for such borrowings, including a maximum consolidated total leverage ratio covenant.

### MediaAlpha Bank Facility

On May 12, 2017, MediaAlpha entered into a secured credit facility (the "MediaAlpha Bank Facility") with Western Alliance Bank, which had a total commitment of \$20.0 million and a maturity date of May 12, 2020. On October 5, 2017, MediaAlpha refinanced the MediaAlpha Bank Facility in order to fund the acquisition of certain assets associated with the Health, Life and Medicare insurance business of Healthplans.com. The total commitment of the MediaAlpha Bank Facility was increased to \$28.4 million and has a maturity date of October 6, 2020. The MediaAlpha Bank Facility consists of a \$18.4 million term loan facility, which has an outstanding balance of \$15.1 million as of September 30, 2018, and a revolving credit loan facility for \$10.0 million, which was undrawn as of September 30, 2018.

The MediaAlpha Bank Facility carries a variable interest rate that is based on the Prime Rate, as published by the Wall Street Journal, plus a spread of 1.50% on the term loan facility and 0.25% on the revolving credit loan facility as of September 30, 2018.

During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018, MediaAlpha repaid \$0.8 million and \$2.8 million on the term loan and \$4.0 million and \$6.0 million on the revolving credit loan under the MediaAlpha Bank Facility. The MediaAlpha Bank Facility is secured by intellectual property and the common stock of MediaAlpha's subsidiaries, and contains various affirmative, negative and financial covenants that White Mountains considers to be customary for such borrowings, including a fixed charge coverage ratio and an asset coverage ratio covenant.

### Other

On December 12, 2016, in connection with the acquisition of a wholly-owned subsidiary, NSM assumed a secured term loan facility with Ageas Insurance Limited, which has a maturity date of May 11, 2024. As of September 30, 2018, the secured term loan facility has an outstanding balance of \$2.3 million. The acquisition date fair value of the debt was \$2.0 million.

### Compliance

At September 30, 2018, White Mountains was in compliance with the covenants under all of its debt instruments.

### Note 6. Income Taxes

The Company and its Bermuda domiciled subsidiaries are not subject to Bermuda income tax under current Bermuda law. If there is a change in the law to impose tax, the Company and its Bermuda domiciled subsidiaries would be exempt from such tax until March 31, 2035, pursuant to the Bermuda Exempted Undertakings Tax Protection Act of 1966. The Company has subsidiaries and branches that operate in various other jurisdictions around the world that are subject to tax in the jurisdictions in which they operate. The jurisdictions in which the Company's subsidiaries and branches are subject to tax are Barbados, Gibraltar, Ireland, Israel, Luxembourg, the United Kingdom and the United States.

White Mountains's income tax benefit related to pre-tax income from continuing operations for the three months ended September 30, 2018 and pre-tax loss from continuing operations for the nine months ended September 30, 2018 represented an effective tax rate of (8.1)% and 1.2%. The effective tax rate was different from the current U.S. statutory rate of 21%, primarily due to a full valuation allowance on most of the net deferred tax assets at U.S. operations, withholding taxes and a tax benefit recorded at BAM. For BAM, member surplus contributions ("MSC") and the related taxes thereon are recorded directly to non-controlling interest equity, while the valuation allowance on such taxes is recorded through the income statement. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018, BAM recorded a tax benefit of \$1.8 million and \$4.0 million associated with the valuation allowance on taxes related to MSC that is included in the effective tax rate.

White Mountains's income tax benefit related to pre-tax income from continuing operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017 represented an effective tax rate of (47.6)% and (203.9)%. The effective tax rate

was different from the 2017 U.S. statutory rate of 35%, primarily due to a full valuation allowance on all net deferred tax assets at U.S. operations, pre-tax income from continuing operations being near break-even and a tax benefit recorded at BAM. For BAM, MSC and the related taxes thereon are recorded directly to non-controlling interest equity, while the valuation allowance on such taxes is recorded through the income statement. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017, BAM recorded a tax benefit of \$2.1 million and \$6.9 million associated with the valuation allowance on taxes related to MSC that is included in the effective tax rate.

In arriving at the effective tax rate for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, White Mountains forecasted all income and expense items including the change in unrealized investment gains (losses) and realized investment gains (losses) for the years ending December 31, 2018 and 2017.

White Mountains records a valuation allowance against deferred tax assets if it becomes more likely than not that all or a portion of a deferred tax asset will not be realized. Changes in valuation allowances from period to period are included in income tax expense in the period of change. In determining whether or not a valuation allowance, or change therein, is warranted, White Mountains considers factors such as prior earnings history, expected future earnings, carryback and carryforward periods and strategies that if executed would result in the realization of a deferred tax asset.

With few exceptions, White Mountains is no longer subject to U.S. federal, state, or non-U.S. income tax examinations by tax authorities for years before 2013.

Note 7. Derivatives

### NSM Interest Rate Swap

On May 11, 2018, NSM entered into the NSM Bank Facility. Interest on the NSM Bank Facility accrues at a floating interest rate equal to the three month LIBOR or the Prime Rate, as published by the Wall Street Journal plus, in each case, an applicable margin. The margin over LIBOR may vary between 4.25% and 4.75%, and the margin over the Prime Rate may vary between 3.25% and 3.75%, in each case, depending on the consolidated total leverage ratio of the borrower.

On June 15, 2018, NSM entered into an interest rate swap agreement to hedge its exposure to interest rate risk on its variable rate term loans. Under the terms of the swap agreement, NSM pays a fixed rate of 2.97% and receives a variable rate, which is reset monthly, based on then-current LIBOR. The variable rate received by NSM under the swap agreement was 2.07% at September 30, 2018. Over the term of the swap, the notional amount decreases in accordance with the principal repayments NSM expects to make on its term loans. As of September 30, 2018, NSM's blended interest rate on the outstanding term loan principal amount of \$150.6 million was 6.69%, and 7.47% after consideration of the interest rate swap. NSM's obligations under the swap are secured by the same collateral securing the NSM Bank Facility on a pari passu basis. NSM does not currently hold any collateral deposits from or provide any collateral deposits to the swap counterparty.

NSM evaluated the effectiveness of the swap to hedge its interest rate risk associated with its variable rate debt and concluded at the swap inception date that the swap was highly effective in hedging that risk. NSM will evaluate the effectiveness of the hedging relationship on an ongoing basis.

For the three months ended September 30, 2018 and the period from May 11, 2018 through September 30, 2018, NSM recognized net interest expense of \$0.3 million and \$0.4 million for the periodic net settlement payments on the swap. As of September 30, 2018, the estimated fair value of the swap and the accrual of the periodic net settlement payments recorded in other liabilities was \$0.1 million. There was no ineffectiveness in the hedge for the three months ended September 30, 2018 and the period from May 11, 2018 through September 30, 2018. Accordingly, the full amount of the change in the fair value of the swap of \$1.0 million and \$(0.1) million for the three months ended September 30, 2018 and the period from May 11, 2018 through September 30, 2018 are included within accumulated other comprehensive income (loss).

### Foreign Currency Forward Contracts

White Mountains's investment portfolio includes investments denominated in Japanese Yen, Euros, GBP and other foreign currencies. White Mountains previously entered into foreign currency forward contracts to manage its foreign currency exposure related to these investments. In conjunction with the liquidation of the GBP investment grade corporate bond mandate in the first quarter of 2018, White Mountains closed the associated foreign currency forward contract.

White Mountains no longer has any open foreign currency forward contracts. As of December 31, 2017, White Mountains held \$206.3 million total gross notional value of a foreign currency forward contract with a carrying value of \$(3.7) million.

The derivative (losses) gains recognized in net realized and unrealized investment gains (losses) for the nine months ended September 30, 2018 were \$(3.5) million. The derivative (losses) gains recognized in net realized and unrealized investment gains (losses) for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017 were \$(10.0) million and \$(23.1) million.

## Note 8. Municipal Bond Guarantee Insurance

In 2012, HG Global was capitalized with \$594.5 million from White Mountains and \$14.5 million from non-controlling interests to fund BAM, a newly formed mutual municipal bond insurer. As of September 30, 2018, White Mountains owned 96.9% of HG Global's preferred equity and 88.4% of its common equity. HG Global, together with its subsidiaries, provided the initial capitalization of BAM through the purchase of \$503.0 million of BAM Surplus Notes. At inception, BAM and HG Re also entered into a first loss reinsurance treaty ("FLRT"). HG Re provides first loss reinsurance protection up to 15% of par outstanding on each municipal bond insured by BAM. In return, BAM cedes 60% of the risk premium charged for insuring the municipal bond, net of a ceding commission. During 2017, HG Global and BAM made certain changes to the ceding commission arrangements under the FLRT. These changes serve to accelerate growth in BAM's statutory capital but do not impact the net risk premium ceded from BAM to HG Re. HG Re's obligations to BAM are collateralized in trusts, and there is an aggregate loss limit that is equal to the total assets in the collateral trusts at any point in time.

The interest rate on the BAM Surplus Notes for the five years ending December 31, 2018 is a variable rate equal to the one-year U.S. treasury rate plus 300 basis points, set annually, which is 4.60% for 2018 and was 3.78% for 2017. Prior to the end of 2018, BAM has the option to extend the variable rate period for an additional three years. At the end of the variable rate period, the interest rate will be fixed at the higher of the then current variable rate or 8.0%. No payment of interest or principal on the BAM Surplus Notes may be made without the approval of the New York State Department of Financial Services ("NYDFS"). BAM has stated its intention to seek regulatory approval to pay interest and principal on its surplus notes only to the extent that its remaining qualified statutory capital and other capital resources continue to support its outstanding obligations, business plan and its AA stable rating from S&P. BAM repaid \$4.0 million of the BAM Surplus Notes and \$1.0 million of the related accrued interest in 2017. There were no repayments for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018.

In order to further support BAM's long-term capital position and business prospects, in 2017 HG Global agreed to contribute the \$203.0 million of Series A BAM Surplus Notes ("Series A Notes") into the supplemental collateral trust (the "Supplemental Trust") at HG Re. The Supplemental Trust already held the \$300.0 million of Series B BAM Surplus Notes ("Series B Notes"). Assets held in the Supplemental Trust serve to collateralize HG Re's obligations to BAM under the FLRT. HG Global and BAM also changed the payment terms of the Series B Notes, so that payments will reduce principal and accrued interest on a pro rata basis, consistent with the payment terms on the Series A Notes. The terms of the Series B Notes had previously stipulated that payments would first reduce interest owed, then reduce principal owed once all accrued interest had been paid. The Supplemental Trust target balance is equal to approximately \$603.0 million. As the BAM Surplus Notes are repaid over time, the BAM Surplus Notes will be replaced in the Supplemental Trust by cash and fixed income securities. The collateral trust balances must be at target levels before capital can be distributed out of the Supplemental Trust. In connection with the contribution, the Series A Notes were merged with the Series B Notes.

As of September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, the collateral trusts held assets of \$741.7 million and \$715.1 million, which both included \$499.0 million of BAM Surplus Notes. As of September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, HG Global has accrued \$143.2 million and \$126.0 million of interest receivable on the BAM Surplus Notes. The following table presents a schedule of BAM's insured obligations:

	September	December
	30, 2018	31, 2017
Contracts outstanding	7,184	6,371
Remaining weighted average contract period outstanding (in years)	10.8	10.9
Contractual debt service outstanding (in millions):		
Principal	\$47,259.1	\$42,090.6
Interest	23,707.4	21,057.1
Total debt service outstanding	\$70,966.5	\$63,147.7
Gross unearned insurance premiums	\$156.2	\$136.8

The following table presents a schedule of BAM's future premium revenues as of September 30, 2018:

Millions	September 30, 2018
October 1, 2018 - December 31, 2018	\$ 3.3
January 1, 2019 - March 31, 2019	3.3
April 1, 2019 - June 30, 2019	3.3
July 1, 2019 - September 30, 2019	3.3
October 1, 2019 - December 31, 2019	3.2
Total 2019	13.1
2020	12.6
2021	12.1
2022	11.5
2023 and thereafter	103.6
Total gross unearned insurance premiums	\$ 156.2

The following table presents a schedule of net written premiums included in White Mountains's HG Global/BAM segment for the three months years ended September 30, 2018 and 2017:

	Three	Nine
	Months	Months
	Ended	Ended
	September	September
	30,	30,
Millions	2018 2017	2018 2017
Gross written premiums	\$3.9 \$10.9	\$28.9 \$42.0
Assumed (ceded) written premiums		
Net written premiums	\$3.9 \$10.9	\$28.9 \$42.0

In April 2018, BAM entered into a collateralized financial guarantee excess of loss reinsurance agreement with Fidus Re, a special purpose insurer. The agreement has a term of twelve years, but is callable by BAM after five years, and covers all polices written prior to December 31, 2017, excluding non-investment grade bonds and surety policies. Under the agreement, BAM retains the first \$165.0 million of aggregate losses, before giving effect to HG's reinsurance coverage, on the ceded business. Losses above BAM's \$165.0 million retention will be split pro rata between BAM and Fidus Re, with BAM retaining 10% and Fidus Re assuming the remaining 90% of the losses under the agreement. The losses covered under the agreement may not exceed the principal and interest amount of the underlying bond guarantee during the risk period. The aggregate loss limit under the agreement is \$276.1 million. Because the agreement does not meet the risk transfer requirements necessary to be accounted for as reinsurance, the agreement is accounted for using deposit accounting and any related financing expenses are recorded in general and administrative expenses.

## Note 9. Earnings Per Share

White Mountains calculates earnings per share using the two-class method, which allocates earnings between common shares and unvested restricted common shares. Both classes of shares participate equally in dividends and earnings on a per share basis. Basic earnings per share amounts are based on the weighted average number of common shares outstanding adjusted for unvested restricted common shares.

The following table presents the Company's computation of earnings per share from continuing operations for the three months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017. See Note 16 — "Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations".

1000 10	Three M	onths	Nine M	lonths
	Ended		Ended	
	Septemb	er 30,	Septem	ber 30,
	2018	2017	2018	2017
Basic and diluted earnings per share numerators (in millions):				
Net income (loss) attributable to White Mountains's common shareholders	\$40.8	\$562.1	\$(3.7)	\$604.7
Less: total income from discontinued operations, net of tax	(17.3)	539.1	(17.2)	573.2
Net income from continuing operations attributable to White Mountains's common shareholders	\$58.1	\$23.0	\$13.5	\$31.5
Allocation of earnings to participating restricted common shares <sup>(1)</sup>	(.8)	(.3)	(.2)	(.4)
Basic and diluted earnings per share numerators	\$57.3	\$22.7	\$13.3	\$31.1
Basic earnings per share denominators (in thousands):				
Total average common shares outstanding during the period	3,180.4	4,297.2	3,450.8	4,477.0
Average unvested restricted common shares <sup>(2)</sup>	(41.5)	(53.7)	(39.7)	(54.5)
Basic earnings per share denominator	3,138.9	4,243.5	3,411.1	4,422.5
Diluted earnings per share denominator (in thousands):				
Total average common shares outstanding during the period	3,180.4	4,297.2	3,450.8	4,477.0
Average unvested restricted common shares <sup>(2)</sup>	(41.5)	(53.7)	(39.7)	(54.5)
Diluted earnings per share denominator	3,138.9	4,243.5	3,411.1	4,422.5
Basic and diluted earnings per share (in dollars) - continuing operations:				
Distributed earnings - dividends declared and paid	<b>\$</b> —	\$—	\$1.00	\$1.00
Undistributed earnings (losses)	18.27	5.36	2.90	6.03
Basic and diluted earnings per share	\$18.27	\$5.36	\$3.90	\$7.03

<sup>(1)</sup> Restricted shares issued by White Mountains receive dividends, and therefore, are considered participating securities.

The following table presents the undistributed net earnings (losses) from continuing operations for the three months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017. See Note 16 — "Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations".

	Months Ended September		Nine M Ended	Ionths
			September 30	
Millions	2018	2017	2018	2017
Undistributed net income (losses) - continuing operations:				
Net income attributable to White Mountains's common shareholders, net of restricted common share amounts	\$57.3	\$22.7	\$13.3	\$31.1
Dividends declared net of restricted common share amounts (1)	_	_	(3.7)	(4.5)

<sup>(2)</sup> Restricted shares outstanding vest either in equal annual installments or upon a stated date. See Note 10 — "Employee Share-Based Incentive Compensation Plans"

Total undistributed net losses, net of restricted common share amounts

\$57.3 \$22.7 \$9.6 \$26.6

(1) Restricted shares issued by White Mountains receive dividends, and therefore, are considered participating securities.

## Note 10. Employee Share-Based Incentive Compensation Plans

White Mountains's Long-Term Incentive Plan (the "WTM Incentive Plan") provides for grants of various types of share-based and non share-based incentive awards to key employees of White Mountains. As of September 30, 2018, White Mountains's share-based compensation incentive awards consist of performance shares and restricted shares.

#### Performance Shares

Performance shares are conditional grants of a specified maximum number of common shares or an equivalent amount of cash. Awards generally vest at the end of a three-year period, are subject to the attainment of pre-specified performance goals, and are valued based on the market value of common shares at the time awards are approved for payment.

The following table presents the performance share activity for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017 for performance shares granted under the WTM Incentive Plan:

1	C								
	Three N	Three Months Ended September 30,				Nine Months Ended September 30,			
	30,								
	2018	2018 2		2017			2017		
	Target		Target		Target		Target		
Millions avant share amounts	Perforn	n <b>Avoce</b> rued	Perform	a <b>Acc</b> rued	Performa	n&ecrued	Performa	n&ecrued	
Millions, except share amounts	Shares	Expense	Shares	Expense	Shares	Expense	Shares	Expense	
	Outstar	anding Outstanding (		Outstanding		Outstanding			
Beginning of period	40,616	\$ 27.2	50,575	\$ 31.2	50,515	\$ 45.8	80,353	\$ 42.4	
Shares paid (1)	_	_		_	(23,186)	(28.4)	(30,838)	(21.6)	
New grants	_	_		_	14,105	_	17,510	_	
Forfeitures and cancellations <sup>(2)</sup>	_	(.1)	(256)	(.4)	(818)	.1	(16,706)	(9.4)	
Expense recognized	_	7.8		7.0	_	17.4	_	26.4	
End of period <sup>(3)</sup>	40,616	\$ 34.9	50,319	\$ 37.8	40,616	\$ 34.9	50,319	\$ 37.8	

<sup>(1)</sup> WTM performance share payments in 2018 for the 2015-2017 performance cycle, which were paid in March 2018, ranged from 145% to 147% of target. WTM performance share payments in 2017 for the 2014-2016 performance cycle, which were paid in March 2017, ranged from 34% to 76% of target.

For performance shares earned in the 2015-2017 and 2014-2016 performance cycles, all performance shares earned were settled in cash. If all the outstanding WTM performance shares had vested on September 30, 2018, the total additional compensation cost to be recognized would have been \$20.4 million, based on accrual factors (common share price and payout assumptions) at September 30, 2018.

The following table presents performance shares outstanding and accrued expense for performance shares awarded under the WTM Incentive Plan at September 30, 2018 for each performance cycle:

Millions, except share amounts	Target Performance Shares Outstanding	Accrued Expense		
Performance cycle:				
2016 – 2018	13,715	\$ 18.9		
2017 – 2019	14,070	13.3		
2018 - 2020	13,450	3.2		
Sub-total	41,235	35.4		
Assumed forfeitures	(619)	(.5)		

<sup>(2)</sup> Amounts include changes in assumed forfeitures, as required under GAAP.

<sup>(3)</sup> Outstanding performance share awards as of September 30, 2017 excludes 2,195 performance share awards granted to employees of Sirius Group.

September 30, 2018 40,616 \$ 34.9

### **Restricted Shares**

The following table presents the unrecognized compensation cost associated with the outstanding restricted share awards for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017:

	Three I	Months Ended	Septemb	er 30,	Nine Mo	nths Ended Se	ptember 3	0,
	2018		2017		2018		2017	
Millions, except share amounts	Restric Shares	Unamortized ted Issue Date Fair Value	Restricte Shares	Unamortized ed Issue Date Fair Value	Restricted Shares	Unamortized Issue Date Fair Value	Restricted Shares	Unamortized d Issue Date Fair Value
Non-vested,								
Beginning of period	41,510	\$ 19.0	53,815	\$ 23.5	53,755	\$ 14.3	70,620	\$ 19.7
Issued			_		14,105	11.4	17,785	16.7
Vested	_	_	(260)	_	(25,381)	_	(28,846)	_
Forfeited			_		(969 )	(.2)	(6,004)	(3.5)
Expense recognized		(3.2)	_	(3.8)		(9.7)		(13.2)
End of period (1)	41,510	\$ 15.8	53,555	\$ 19.7	41,510	\$ 15.8	53,555	\$ 19.7

<sup>(1)</sup> Restricted share awards outstanding as of September 30, 2017 includes 2,195 restricted shares issued to employees of Sirius Group, which was accounted for as discontinued operations.

During the first quarter of 2018, White Mountains issued 13,450 restricted shares that vest on January 1, 2021, 290 restricted shares that vest on January 1, 2020 and 365 restricted shares that vest on January 1, 2019. During the second quarter of 2017, White Mountains issued 550 restricted shares that vest on January 1, 2020, 250 restricted shares that vest on January 1, 2019 and 250 restricted shares that vest on January 1, 2018. During the first quarter of 2017, White Mountains issued 16,735 restricted shares that vest on January 1, 2020. The unamortized issue date fair value at September 30, 2018 is expected to be recognized ratably over the remaining vesting periods.

### Non-Qualified Options

As of January 20, 2017, the 125,000 Non-Qualified options issued to the Company's former Chairman and CEO were exercised. During the first quarter of 2017, 40,000 Non-Qualified Options, with an intrinsic value of \$4.4 million, were exercised in exchange for 5,142 common shares with an equal total market value. The intrinsic value represents the difference between the market price of the Company's common shares at the date of exercise and the fixed strike price of \$742 per common share. The Non-Qualified Options were fully amortized as of 2011.

### MediaAlpha Class B Unit Awards

MediaAlpha has issued Class B unit awards to certain employees. The units entitle the award recipient to participate in distributions from MediaAlpha, subject to a cumulative distribution threshold, which is a performance condition, and a service period. The grant date fair value of the awards is determined when it is deemed probable that the distribution threshold will be met. The service period ranges from 36 months to 48 months. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018, MediaAlpha recognized \$0.2 million and \$6.9 million of compensation expense for the vested portion of the awards for which achievement of the performance award is now probable, and \$0.1 million of unearned compensation expense for unvested awards, which will be recognized over the remaining service periods of the awards.

## Note 11. Non-controlling Interests

Non-controlling interests consist of the ownership interests of non-controlling shareholders in consolidated entities and are presented separately on the balance sheet.

The following table presents the balance of non-controlling interests included in White Mountains's total equity and the related percentage of each consolidated entity's total equity owned by non-controlling shareholders as of September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017:

	Septemb	per 30, 2018	Decemb	er 31, 2017	
\$ in millions	Non-coi	n <b>tNodh</b> ingontrolling	Non-controlling		
\$ III IIIIIIOIIS	Percenta	ag <del>E</del> quity	Percenta	a <b>£</b> equity	
Other, excluding mutuals					
HG Global	3.1 %	\$ 14.8	3.1 %	\$ 15.9	
NSM	5.0	14.1	_	_	
MediaAlpha	37.8	15.3	35.7	13.1	
Buzzmove	22.9	1.5	22.9	2.5	
Total other, excluding mutuals		45.7		31.5	
Mutuals					
BAM	100.0	(190.1)	100.0	(163.2	)
Total non-controlling interests		\$ (144.4)		\$ (131.7	)

Note 12. Segment Information

White Mountains has determined that its reportable segments are HG Global/BAM, NSM, MediaAlpha and Other Operations. White Mountains has made its segment determination based on consideration of the following criteria: (i) the nature of the business activities of each of the Company's subsidiaries and affiliates; (ii) the manner in which the Company's subsidiaries and affiliates are organized; (iii) the existence of primary managers responsible for specific subsidiaries and affiliates; and (iv) the organization of information provided to the chief operating decision makers and the Board of Directors.

Significant intercompany transactions among White Mountains's segments have been eliminated herein. The following table presents the financial information for White Mountains's segments:

Millions	HG Global/BAM	NSM	MediaAlpha	Other Operations	Total
Three Months Ended September 30, 2018					
Earned insurance premiums	\$ 3.3	\$—	\$ —	\$ —	\$3.3
Net investment income	4.8	_		8.6	13.4
Net realized and unrealized investment (losses) gains	(4.1)	_	_	70.2	66.1
Advertising and commission revenues (1)	_	36.6	74.5	1.1	112.2
Other revenue	.2	3.1		.4	3.7
Total revenues	4.2	39.7	74.5	80.3	198.7
Insurance acquisition expenses	1.2		_		1.2
Other underwriting expenses	.1		_		.1
Cost of sales	_		61.8	1.1	62.9
General and administrative expenses	11.3	25.8	5.4	26.0	68.5
Broker commission expense		10.9		_	10.9
Amortization of other intangible assets	_	5.0	2.4		7.4
Interest expense	_	3.2	.2		3.4
Total expenses	12.6	44.9	69.8	27.1	154.4
Pre-tax (loss) income	\$ (8.4)	\$(5.2)	\$ 4.7	\$ 53.2	\$44.3
1 1 2000 (3) 6 11 11 1 1 1 1 1 1	C .1	. 1	.1 1 1 0	1 20	2010

<sup>(1)</sup> Approximately 30% of MediaAlpha's advertising revenue for the three months ended September 30, 2018 was associated with one customer.

Millions	HG Global/BAM	MediaAlpha	Other Operations	Total
Three Months Ended September 30, 2017				
Earned insurance premiums	\$ 2.4	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 2.4
Net investment income	3.3	_	8.9	12.2
Net realized and unrealized investment gains	.8	_	31.7	32.5
Advertising and commission revenues (1)	_	37.9	.9	38.8
Other revenue	.2	_	1.4	1.6
Total revenues	6.7	37.9	42.9	87.5
Insurance acquisition expenses	.9	_		.9
Other underwriting expenses	.1	_		.1
Cost of sales	_	32.2	.9	33.1
General and administrative expenses	10.6	3.8	27.3	41.7
Amortization of other intangible assets	_	2.3	.1	2.4
Interest expense	_	.1	.8	.9
Total expenses	11.6	38.4	29.1	79.1
Pre-tax (loss) income	\$ (4.9)	\$ (.5)	\$ 13.8	\$8.4

<sup>(1)</sup> Approximately 32% of MediaAlpha's advertising revenue for the three months ended September 30, 2017 was associated with one customer.

Millions	HG Global/BAM	NSM (2)	MediaAlpha	Other Operations	Total
Nine Months Ended September 30, 2018					
Earned insurance premiums	\$ 9.7	<b>\$</b> —	\$ —		\$9.7
Net investment income	12.5			32.4	44.9
Net realized and unrealized investment (losses) gains	(14.4)			37.3	22.9
Advertising and commission revenues (1)		59.2	216.4	3.0	278.6
Other revenue	.8	4.0	1.6	.6	7.0
Total revenues	8.6	63.2	218.0	73.3	363.1
Insurance acquisition expenses	3.9				3.9
Other underwriting expenses	.3				.3
Cost of sales			179.1	2.9	182.0
General and administrative expenses	36.5	37.9	21.2	79.0	174.6
Broker commission expense		17.5			17.5
Amortization of other intangible assets		5.0	7.8	.1	12.9
Interest expense		4.8	.9	.3	6.0
Total expenses	40.7	65.2	209.0	82.3	397.2
Pre-tax (loss) income	\$ (32.1)	\$(2.0)	\$ 9.0	\$ (9.0 )	\$(34.1)

<sup>(1)</sup> Approximately 31% of MediaAlpha's advertising revenue for the nine months ended September 30, 2018 was associated with one customer.

<sup>(2)</sup> NSM's results are from May 11, 2018, the date of acquisition, to the end of the third quarter.

Millions	HG Global/BAM	MediaAlpha	Other Operations	Total
Nine Months Ended September 30, 2017				
Earned insurance premiums	\$ 6.6	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 6.6
Net investment income	8.9		30.8	39.7
Net realized and unrealized investment gains	3.2	_	99.3	102.5
Advertising and commission revenues (1)	_	101.2	2.7	103.9
Other revenue	.8		6.3	7.1
Total revenues	19.5	101.2	139.1	259.8
Insurance acquisition expenses	3.0	_	_	3.0
Other underwriting expenses	.3	_	_	.3
Cost of sales	_	86.0	2.7	88.7
General and administrative expenses	31.5	10.7	113.9	156.1
Amortization of other intangible assets		7.2	.1	7.3
Interest expense	_	.6	1.2	1.8
Total expenses	34.8	104.5	117.9	257.2
Pre-tax (loss) income	\$ (15.3)	\$ (3.3)	\$ 21.2	\$ 2.6

<sup>(1)</sup> Approximately 29% of MediaAlpha's advertising revenue for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 was associated with one customer.

### Note 13. Investments in Unconsolidated Entities

White Mountains's investments in unconsolidated entities are included within other long-term investments and consist of investments in common equity securities or similar instruments, which give White Mountains the ability to exert significant influence over the investee's operating and financial policies ("equity method eligible unconsolidated entities"). Such investments may be accounted for under either the equity method or, alternatively, White Mountains may elect to account for them under the fair value option.

The following table presents the carrying values of investments in equity method eligible unconsolidated entities recorded within other long-term investments:

Millions		September December		
		31, 2017		
Equity method eligible private equity securities, at fair value	\$ 97.3	\$ 58.0		
Investments, accounted for under the equity method	11.6	4.6		
Total investments in equity method eligible unconsolidated entities	108.9	62.6		
Other unconsolidated investments (1)	180.8	146.2		
Total other long-term investments	\$ 289.7	\$ 208.8		

<sup>(1)</sup> Consists of other long-term investments that are not equity method eligible.

The following table presents White Mountains's investments in equity method eligible unconsolidated entities as of September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017:

	Ownership Interest		
Investee	September 30, 2018	December 31, 2017	Instrument Held
PassportCard (1)	50.0%	50.0%	Common shares
DavidShield (1)	50.0%	_	Common shares
Kudu	49.5%	_	Units
durchblicker	45.0%	45.0%	Common shares
Compare.com	22.1%	22.1%	Common shares
Tuckerman Capital Fund III, L.P.	21.8%	21.3%	Limited partnership interest

<sup>(1)</sup> At September 30, 2018, White Mountains's ownership interest in PassportCard comprised a 25% direct ownership interest and a 25% indirect interest through DavidShield. At December 31, 2017, White Mountains's ownership

interest was a 50% direct ownership interest. See Note 2 — "Significant Transactions".

For the three and nine months ending September 30, 2018, White Mountains recorded \$4.2 million and \$8.1 million associated with Tuckerman Capital Fund III L.P. ("Tuckerman III, L.P.") within unrealized investment gains (losses) and net investment income. Financial data submitted by Tuckerman III L.P. is on a one-quarter lag. For the three and nine trailing months ended June 30, 2018, Tuckerman III L.P.'s total net income was \$31.9 million and \$43.7 million. For the three and nine trailing months ended June 30, 2017, Tuckerman III L.P.'s total net income was \$3.2 million and \$7.1 million. As of June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, Tuckerman III, L.P.'s total assets were \$61.9 million and \$21.8 million.

## Note 14. Fair Value of Financial Instruments

White Mountains accounts for all its financial instruments at fair value with the exception of the NSM Bank Facility and the MediaAlpha Bank Facility, which are recorded as debt at face value less unamortized original issue discount. The following table presents the fair value and carrying value of this financial instrument as of September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017:

The fair value estimates for the MediaAlpha Bank Facility and the NSM Bank Facility have been determined based on a discounted cash flows approach and are considered to be Level 3 measurements.

### Note 15. Contingencies

### Legal Contingencies

White Mountains is subject to litigation and arbitration in the normal course of business. White Mountains considers the requirements of ASC 450 when evaluating its exposure to litigation and arbitration. ASC 450 requires that accruals be established for litigation and arbitration if it is probable that a loss has been incurred and it can be reasonably estimated. ASC 450 also requires that litigation and arbitration be disclosed if it is probable that a loss has been incurred or if there is a reasonable possibility that a loss may have been incurred. White Mountains does not have any current litigation that may have a material adverse effect on White Mountains's financial condition, results of operations or cash flows.

The following description presents significant legal contingencies, ongoing non-claims related litigation or arbitration as of September 30, 2018:

### Sirius Group Tax Contingency

In late October 2018, the Swedish Administrative Court ruled against Sirius Group on its appeal of the Swedish Tax Agency's denial of certain interest deductions relating to periods prior to the sale of Sirius Group to CMI in 2016. In connection with the sale, White Mountains indemnified Sirius Group against the loss of these interest deductions. As a result, in the third quarter of 2018, White Mountains recorded a loss of \$17.3 million within net (loss) gain on sale of discontinued operations reflecting the value of these interest deductions. Sirius Group intends to appeal the decision to the Swedish Administrative Court of Appeal.

### **NSM Contingent Liability**

In connection with White Mountains's acquisition of NSM, White Mountains and NSM entered into an agreement with AIG to facilitate a sale of NSM's U.S. collector car renewal rights owned by AIG to a third party by December 31, 2019. Under the terms of the agreement, if White Mountains and NSM are unable to facilitate a sale by December 31,

2019, AIG has the right to require NSM to purchase the renewal rights for \$82.5 million. The Company has guaranteed NSM's obligations under the agreement with AIG. The manner in which these obligations are ultimately discharged depends on a number of factors, including the market value of the renewal rights, the number of potential buyers and the current and prospective environment for U.S. collector car insurance. White Mountains believes that the estimated fair value of the renewal rights is greater than \$82.5 million and, accordingly, no accrual of a liability is necessary at September 30, 2018.

## Note 16. Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations

#### OneBeacon

On September 28, 2017, Intact Financial Corporation completed its acquisition of OneBeacon in an all-cash transaction for \$18.10 per share. White Mountains received total proceeds of \$1.3 billion and recorded a gain of \$554.6 million, net of transaction costs. During the three months ended September 30, 2017, net loss from discontinued operations related to OneBeacon was \$(15.2) million. For 2017 through the closing date of the transaction, net income from discontinued operations related to OneBeacon was \$20.5 million.

### **Tranzact**

On July 21, 2016, White Mountains completed its sale of Tranzact to Clayton, Dubilier & Rice, LLC. During the nine months ended September 30, 2017, White Mountains recorded a \$1.0 million reduction to the gain from sale of Tranzact in discontinued operations as a result of 2016 state tax payments.

## Sirius Group

On April 18, 2016, White Mountains completed the sale of Sirius Group to CMI. During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018, White Mountains recorded a \$17.3 million loss and \$17.2 million loss from the sale of Sirius Group which includes the tax contingency loss of \$17.3 million recorded during the third quarter of 2018. See Note 15 — "Contingencies". During the nine months ended September 30, 2018, White Mountains recorded a \$0.1 million gain from the sale of Sirius Group as a result of a change to the valuation of the accrued incentive compensation payable to Sirius Group employees.

During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017, White Mountains recorded a \$0.2 million and \$0.8 million reduction to the gain from sale of Sirius Group as a result of a change to the valuation of the accrued incentive compensation payable to Sirius Group employees.

### Other

As of December 31, 2017, White Mountains has classified its Guilford, Connecticut property, which consists of an office building and adjacent land, as held for sale. The property has been measured at its estimated fair value net of costs of disposal, of \$3.3 million as of September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017.

# Net Income (Loss) from Discontinued Operations

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018, White Mountains recognized net loss from sale of discontinued operations of \$17.3 million and \$17.2 million, which was primarily due to a tax contingency related to the sale of Sirius Group. See Note 15 — "Contingencies".

The following table presents the results of operations, including related income taxes, associated with the business classified as discontinued operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017. The amounts presented relate to OneBeacon, Sirius Group, and Tranzact. The results of discontinued operations from Sirius Group and Tranzact up to the closing date of the transaction inured to White Mountains. Given the fixed price nature of the OneBeacon Transaction, OneBeacon's results were economically transferred to the buyer at signing.

Three Months Ended

Nine Months Ended

Giobeacon Transaction, Giobeacon S Iosaks W	Three Months Ended September 30, 2017		Nine Months Ended September 30, 2017				
Millions	OneBea	Sirius con Group	Total	OneBe	Sirius acon Group	Tranzac	t Total
Revenues		•			•		
Earned insurance premiums	\$268.4	\$ —	\$268.4	\$807.6	\$ —	\$ —	\$807.6
Net investment income	13.0		13.0	39.7			39.7
Net realized and unrealized gains	11.5		11.5	38.8			38.8
Other revenue	2.2		2.2	7.7			7.7
Total revenues	295.1		295.1	893.8			893.8
Expenses							
Loss and loss adjustment expenses	206.8		206.8	546.0			546.0
Insurance and reinsurance acquisition expenses	51.9		51.9	145.6			145.6
Other underwriting expenses	44.9		44.9	156.2			156.2
General and administrative expenses	7.4		7.4	21.2			21.2
Interest expense	3.4		3.4	10.0			10.0
Total expenses	314.4		314.4	879.0			879.0
Pre-tax (loss) income	(19.3)		(19.3)	14.8			14.8
Income tax benefit	4.1		4.1	5.7			5.7
Net (loss) income from		`	(15.0	20.5			20.5
discontinued operations	(15.2)	_	(15.2)	20.5			20.5
Net gain (loss) from sale of	5515	(2)	5512	<i>EE1 E</i>	(0)	(1.0	5507
discontinued operations	554.5	(.2)	554.3	554.5	(.8)	(1.0)	552.7
Total income (loss) from	539.3	(.2)	539.1	575 0	( O )	(1.0	572.2
discontinued operations	339.3	(.2)	339.1	575.0	(.8)	(1.0)	573.2
Change in foreign currency translation and	.1		.1	.3			2
other from discontinued operations	.1	_	.1	.3	_	_	.3
Recognition of benefit plan assets and							
obligations from the sale of OneBeacon,	2.9		2.9	2.9			2.9
net of tax							
Comprehensive income (loss) from discontinued operations	\$542.3	\$ (.2)	\$542.1	\$578.2	\$ (.8)	\$ (1.0	\$576.4

## Net Change in Cash from Discontinued Operations

The following table presents the net change in cash, including income tax payments to national governments and interest paid associated with the business classified as discontinued operations:

	Nine
	Months
	Ended
	September
	30,
Millions	20 <b>20</b> 17
Net cash provided from (used for) operations	\$ <del>-\$</del> 157.0
Net cash (used for) provided from investing activities	3.0
Net cash used for financing activities	<b>—</b> (61.9 )
Net change in cash during the period	<b>—</b> 98.1
Cash balances at beginning of period	<del></del> 70.5
Net change in cash held for sale, excluding discontinued operations	<b>—</b> (.9 )
Cash sold as part of sale of consolidated subsidiaries	—167.7
Cash balances at end of period	\$ <del>-\$</del>
Supplemental cash flows information:	
Interest paid	\$ <del>-\$</del>
Net income tax payment to national governments	\$ <del>-\$</del>
- ·	

### Earnings Per Share from Discontinued Operations

White Mountains calculates earnings per share using the two-class method, which allocates earnings between common and unvested restricted common shares. Both classes of shares participate equally in earnings on a per share basis. Basic earnings per share amounts are based on the weighted average number of common shares outstanding adjusted for unvested restricted common shares. Diluted earnings per share amounts are also impacted by the net effect of potentially dilutive common shares outstanding.

The following table presents the Company's computation of earnings per share for discontinued operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017:

Three Months			Nine Months		
	Ended September 30,		Ended		
			Santambar 20		
			September 30,		
	2018	2017	2018	2017	

Basic and diluted earnings per share numerators (in millions):

Net income (loss) attributable to White Mountains's common shareholders

\$40.8 \$562.1