

INFORMATION TO BE INCLUDED IN REPORT

Item 2.02. Results of Operations and Financial Condition

On October 19, 2016, registrant issued a press release entitled "Halliburton Announces Third Quarter 2016 Results."

The text of the Press Release is as follows:

HALLIBURTON ANNOUNCES THIRD QUARTER 2016 RESULTS

HOUSTON - October 19, 2016 - Halliburton Company (NYSE:HAL) announced today results for the third quarter of 2016 of \$0.01 per diluted share.

"I am pleased with our third quarter results given the devastation our industry has faced over the last two years. These results reflect the hard work and determination of our organization. While the recent cycle has provided its fair share of challenges, we out-executed even against the very high expectations we place on our organization," said Dave Lesar, Chairman and CEO.

"Total company revenue was flat at \$3.8 billion, operating income was \$128 million, and cash flow from operating activities for the third quarter was in excess of \$1.0 billion. These results were driven primarily by increased utilization in North America, as well as effective global cost and working capital management.

"During the quarter, North America results improved as we took advantage of the rig count growth by increasing utilization, working our surface efficiency model and relentlessly managing costs. Our North America business delivered 9% sequential revenue growth, and operating results improved by \$58 million, which represents 41% incremental margins. This is a step in the right direction as we work to regain profitability in North America.

"As we look forward, we expect an increased commodity price to stimulate rig count growth. In the near term, we remain cautious around fourth quarter customer activity due to holiday and seasonal weather-related downtimes. However, it does not change our view that things are getting better for us and our customers.

"The Eastern Hemisphere continued to experience activity and pricing headwinds throughout the quarter, which was offset by our focus on cost management. As a result, revenue declined by 5%, while operating income margins increased 3%. In the Middle East/Asia region, further activity declines in Asia Pacific were coupled with pricing headwinds across the region. In Europe/Africa/CIS, declining activity in Nigeria, Angola and Continental Europe was offset by further cost management in the region.

"Latin America revenue and operating income declined by 13% and 50% respectively, as a result of declining activity levels in Mexico, Argentina and Venezuela. Latin America results continue to suffer from the effects of restricted customer budgets, delayed projects, and rig counts at historical lows. However, we maintain a long-term positive outlook on the region and expect it to recover with improved commodity prices.

“For our international business, we believe the seasonal year-end sales will be minimal and customer pricing pressure will continue; however, these will likely be offset by continued cost management. As such, we expect fourth quarter results to come in flat compared to the third quarter.

“Globally, we will continue to expand our portfolio in unconventional, mature fields and deepwater. We believe the underlying fundamentals driving our industry are strengthening, and I am optimistic about Halliburton’s relative performance as we move into the new year,” concluded Lesar.

Geographic Regions

North America

North America revenue in the third quarter of 2016 was \$1.7 billion, a 9% increase sequentially, relative to a 14% increase in average U.S. rig count. Operating results improved by \$58 million, or 47% sequentially, with a loss of \$66 million. The improvement in North America operating results was driven primarily by increased utilization throughout the United States land sector, and effective cost management.

International

International revenue in the third quarter of 2016 was \$2.2 billion, a 6% decrease sequentially, driven primarily by a decline in drilling activity and well completions, as well as continued pricing pressure. International third quarter operating income was \$241 million, a 2% decline compared to the second quarter. Margins remained relatively flat as decreased logging services and production solutions activity were partially offset by increased project management activity and continued expense reductions.

Latin America revenue in the third quarter of 2016 was \$415 million, a 13% decrease sequentially, with operating income of \$11 million, a 50% decrease sequentially. These declines were largely a result of reduced activity in Mexico, Argentina and Venezuela.

Europe/Africa/CIS revenue in the third quarter of 2016 was \$744 million, a 6% decrease sequentially, driven by reduced activity in Nigeria and Continental Europe. Operating income of \$76 million increased 19% sequentially, primarily related to our cost savings initiatives and improved pressure pumping and pipeline services profitability throughout the region. These increases were partially offset by lower drilling activity in Nigeria.

Middle East/Asia revenue in the third quarter of 2016 was \$1.0 billion, a 3% decline sequentially, with operating income of \$154 million, a 4% decrease. These declines were driven by reduced activity, particularly in Indonesia and Australia, and pricing pressure across the region.

Operating Segments

Completion and Production

Completion and Production (C&P) revenue in the third quarter of 2016 was \$2.2 billion, an increase of \$62 million, or 3%, from the second quarter of 2016, due to improved United States land stimulation activity, which drove the majority of the C&P revenue increase.

International revenue declined as a result of reduced pressure pumping services across most regions, reduced activity in the Gulf of Mexico and fewer completion tool sales in Nigeria.

C&P operating income in the third quarter was \$24 million, which improved by \$56 million from the second quarter of 2016 primarily as a result of increased pressure pumping activity in North America and increased pipeline and process services in Europe/Africa/CIS.

Drilling and Evaluation

Drilling and Evaluation (D&E) revenue in the third quarter of 2016 was \$1.7 billion, a decrease of \$64 million, or 4%, from the second quarter of 2016, while operating income declined 2% to \$151 million. Revenue declines were seen across many product lines due to the low rig count, lower pricing, and customer budget constraints worldwide. Drilling activity in Mexico experienced the largest sequential decrease, which was partially offset by project management activity in Middle East/ Asia.

Selective Technology & Highlights

Sperry Drilling announced the release of GeoForce® Endure™ and StrataForce™ Endure™ motors, the latest additions to the drilling motor product line focused on increasing reliability in harsh drilling environments. Challenging drilling operations can cause elastomers to degrade and motors to fail, resulting in nonproductive time. The Endure motor technology is designed to overcome this with a proprietary metal helix that controls vibration and prevents overloading the stator elastomer.

Halliburton developed the Global Rapid Intervention Package™ (GRIP), a suite of services to help reduce costs and deployment time in the event of subsea well control events. GRIP provides well planning and well kill capabilities facilitated by the company's global logistics infrastructure and existing product service lines. This includes both an inventory of well test packages, coiled tubing units and relief well ranging tools. In addition, GRIP features the new high temperature, 15,000 psi RapidCap™ Air-Mobile Capping Stack. RapidCap incorporates a specially designed gate valve-based system making it significantly lighter, less expensive and more mobile than options currently on the market.

Halliburton announced the release of the Acoustic Conformance Xaminer® (ACX) service, a technology to help operators identify and pinpoint costly wellbore leaks by analyzing sound waves that describe flow patterns in the formation and casing. The ACX service saves time by providing a continuous flow of data to the surface, allowing real-time identification of areas with possible leaks in the wellbore. The ACX service is effective in a variety of environments, including mature fields and unconventional.

About Halliburton

Founded in 1919, Halliburton is one of the world's largest providers of products and services to the energy industry. With approximately 50,000 employees, representing 140 nationalities and operations in approximately 70 countries, the company serves the upstream oil and gas industry throughout the lifecycle of the reservoir - from locating hydrocarbons and managing geological data, to drilling and formation evaluation, well construction and completion, and optimizing production through the life of the field. Visit the company's website at www.halliburton.com. Connect with Halliburton on Facebook, Twitter, LinkedIn, and YouTube.

NOTE: The statements in this press release that are not historical statements, including statements regarding future financial performance, are forward-looking statements within the meaning of the federal securities laws. These statements are subject to numerous risks and uncertainties, many of which are beyond the company's control, which could cause actual results to differ materially from the results expressed or implied by the statements. These risks and uncertainties include, but are not limited to: with respect to the Macondo well incident, final court approval of, and the satisfaction of the conditions in, Halliburton's September 2014 settlement, including the results of any appeals of rulings in the multi-district litigation; indemnification and insurance matters; with respect to repurchases of Halliburton common stock, the continuation or suspension of the repurchase program, the amount, the timing and the trading prices of Halliburton common stock, and the availability and alternative uses of cash; changes in the demand for or price of oil and/or natural gas can be significantly impacted by weakness in the worldwide economy; consequences of audits and investigations by domestic and foreign government agencies and legislative bodies and related publicity and potential adverse proceedings by such agencies; protection of intellectual property rights and against cyber-attacks; compliance with environmental laws; changes in government regulations and regulatory requirements, particularly those related to offshore oil and natural gas exploration, radioactive sources, explosives, chemicals, hydraulic fracturing services, and climate-related initiatives; compliance with laws related to income taxes and assumptions regarding the generation of future taxable income; risks of international operations, including risks relating to unsettled political conditions, war, the effects of terrorism, foreign exchange rates and controls, international trade and regulatory controls, and doing business with national oil companies; weather-related issues, including the effects of hurricanes and tropical storms; changes in capital spending by customers; delays or failures by customers to make payments owed to us; execution of long-term, fixed-price contracts; structural changes in the oil and natural gas industry; maintaining a highly skilled workforce; availability and cost of raw materials; and integration and success of acquired businesses and operations of joint ventures. Halliburton's Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2015, Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2016, recent Current Reports on Form 8-K, and other Securities and Exchange Commission filings discuss some of the important risk factors identified that may affect Halliburton's business, results of operations, and financial condition. Halliburton undertakes no obligation to revise or update publicly any forward-looking statements for any reason.

HALLIBURTON COMPANY

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations

(Millions of dollars and shares except per share data)

(Unaudited)

Three Months Ended

September 30 June 30

2016 2015 2016

Revenue:

Completion

~~\$21~~ 176 \$3,200 \$2,114

Production

Drilling

~~1,657~~ 2,382 1,721

Evaluation

Total

\$3,833 \$5,582 \$3,835

revenue

Operating

income

(loss):

Completion

~~\$24~~ \$163 \$(32)

Production

Drilling

~~161~~ 401 154

Evaluation

Corporate

~~(47~~) (58) (60)

other

Baker

Hughes

related

costs (82) (3,519)

and

termination

fee

(a)

Impairments

and

~~other~~ (381) (423)

charges

(b)

Total

operating ~~128~~ 43 (3,880)

income

(loss)

Interest

expense, ~~(141~~) (99) (196)

net

(c)

(39) (34) (31)

Other,
net
Loss
before
(52) (90) (4,107)
income
taxes
Income
50 37 902
benefit
Net
income \$ (53) \$ (3,205)
(loss)
Net
income
attributable
(1) (1) (3)
to
noncontrolling
interest
Net
income
(loss)
\$ (54) \$ (3,208)
attributable
to
company

Basic
and
diluted
net
\$0.01 \$ (0.06) \$ (3.73)
income
(loss)
per
share
Basic
weighted
average
862 855 860
common
shares
outstanding
Diluted
weighted
average
864 855 860
common
shares
outstanding

(a) Includes a \$3.5 billion termination fee recognized in the three months ended June 30, 2016.

(b) For further details of impairments and other charges for the three months ended September 30, 2015 and June 30, 2016, see Footnote Table 1.

(c) Includes \$41 million of debt redemption fees and associated expenses in the three months ended June 30, 2016 related to the \$2.5 billion of debt mandatorily redeemed during the second quarter, as well as interest expense associated with the \$7.5 billion debt issued in late 2015.

See Footnote Table 1 for Reconciliation of As Reported Operating Income (Loss) to Adjusted Operating Income.

See Footnote Table 2 for Reconciliation of As Reported Loss from Continuing Operations to Adjusted Loss from Continuing Operations.

HALLIBURTON COMPANY

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations

(Millions of dollars and shares except per share data)

(Unaudited)

Nine Months

Ended September

30

2016 2015

Revenue:

Completion

~~\$66~~ 14 \$10,890

Production

Drilling

~~5,252~~ 7,661

Evaluation

Total

\$11,866 \$18,551

revenue

Operating

income

(loss):

Completion

~~\$22~~ \$938

Production

Drilling

~~546~~ 1,107

Evaluation

Corporate

~~(153~~) (198)

other

Baker

Hughes

related

costs

~~(4,057~~) (203)

and

termination

fee

(a)

Impairments

and

~~(3,189~~) (1,895)

other

charges

Total

~~(6,831~~) (251)

loss

Interest

expense,

~~(502~~) (311)

net

(b)

Other,) (281)

net

(c)
 Loss
 from
 continuing
~~operations~~ (843)
 before
 income
 taxes
 Income
~~tax~~ 836 207
 benefit
 Loss
 from
 (5,614 .) (636)
 continuing
 operations
 Loss
 from
 (discontinued)
 operations,
 net
 Net
 \$ (5,616) \$ (641)
 loss
 Net
 (income)
 loss
 attributable
 to
 noncontrolling
 interest
 Net
 loss
~~\$ (5,614)~~ \$ (643)
 to
 company
 Amounts
 attributable
 to
 company
 shareholders:
 Loss
 from
 \$ (5,612) \$ (638)
 continuing
 operations
 Loss
 from
 (discontinued)
 operations,
 net
 \$ (5,614) \$ (643)
 loss
 attributable

to
 company
 Basic
 loss
 per
 share
 attributable
 to
 company
 shareholders:
 Loss
 from
 continuing
 operations
 \$(6.53) \$(0.75)
 Loss
 from
 discontinued
 operations,
 net
 \$(0.01)
 Net
 loss
 per
 share
 Diluted
 loss
 per
 share
 attributable
 to
 company
 shareholders:
 Loss
 from
 continuing
 operations
 \$(6.53) \$(0.75)
 Loss
 from
 discontinued
 operations,
 net
 \$(0.01)
 Net
 loss
 per
 share
 Basic
 weighted
 average
 860 852
 common
 shares
 outstanding
 860 852

Diluted
weighted
average
common
shares
outstanding

(a) During the nine months ended September 30, 2016, we recognized a \$3.5 billion termination fee and an aggregate \$464 million of charges for the reversal of assets held for sale accounting effective March 31, 2016.

(b) For the nine months ended September 30, 2016, includes \$41 million of debt redemption fees and associated expenses related to the \$2.5 billion of debt mandatorily redeemed during the second quarter, as well as interest expense associated with the \$7.5 billion debt issued in late 2015.

(c) Includes a foreign currency loss of \$199 million due to a currency devaluation in Venezuela in the nine months ended September 30, 2015.

HALLIBURTON COMPANY
 Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets
 (Millions of dollars)
 (Unaudited)

September 30 December 31

2016 2015

Assets

Current

assets:

Cash

and equivalents \$ 3,289 \$ 10,077

Receivables,

net 4,360 5,317

Inventories

2,475 2,993

Prepaid

income taxes 701 527

Other

current assets 936 1,156

Total

current assets 11,760 20,070

Property,

plant

and equipment, net 8,741 12,117

Goodwill

2,383 2,385

Deferred

income taxes 914 552

Other

assets 1,927 1,818

Total

assets \$ 26,755 \$ 36,942

Liabilities and Shareholders'

Equity

Current

liabilities:

Accounts payable \$ 1,543 \$ 2,019

Accrued

employee compensation and benefits 515 862

Total

liabilities

and

shareholders'

equity

total

assets

| | |
|--|-----------|
| Liabilities for Mondo well incident | 400 |
| Current maturities of | 659 |
| long-term debt | |
| Other current liabilities | 1,397 |
| Total current liabilities | 5,337 |
| Long-term debt | 14,687 |
| Employee compensation and benefits | 479 |
| Other liabilities | 944 |
| Total liabilities | 21,447 |
| Company shareholders' equity | 15,462 |
| Noncontrolling interest in consolidated subsidiaries | 33 |
| Total shareholders' equity | 15,495 |
| Total liabilities and shareholders' equity | \$ 36,942 |

HALLIBURTON COMPANY

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

(Millions of dollars)

(Unaudited)

| | Nine Months Ended September 30 | |
|--|--------------------------------------|----------|
| | 2016 | 2015 |
| Cash flows from operating activities: | | |
| Net loss | \$(5,616) | \$(641) |
| Adjustments to reconcile net loss to cash flows from operating activities: | | |
| Impairments and other charges | 3,189 | 1,895 |
| Deferred income tax benefit, continuing operations | (1,511) | (411) |
| Depreciation, depletion and amortization | 1,117 | 1,433 |
| Working capital (a) | 609 | 904 |
| Tax refund (b) | 430 | — |
| Payment related to the Macondo well incident | (33) | (333) |
| Other | (947) | (826) |
| Total cash flows provided by (used in) operating activities (c) | (2,762) | 2,021 |
| Cash flows from investing activities: | | |
| Capital expenditures | (625) | (1,748) |
| Proceeds from sales of property, plant and equipment | 176 | 133 |
| Other investing activities | (73) | (109) |
| Total cash flows used in investing activities | (522) | (1,724) |
| Cash flows from financing activities: | | |
| Payments on long-term borrowings | (3,149) | (8) |
| Dividends to shareholders | (465) | (460) |
| Other financing activities | 163 | 146 |
| Total cash flows used in financing activities | (3,451) | (322) |
| Effect of exchange rate changes on cash | (53) | (17) |
| Decrease in cash and equivalents | (6,788) | (42) |
| Cash and equivalents at beginning of period | 10,077 | 2,291 |
| Cash and equivalents at end of period | \$3,289 | \$2,249 |

(a) Working capital includes receivables, inventories and accounts payable.

(b) We received \$430 million in U.S. tax refunds during the third quarter of 2016 primarily as a result of our carry back of net operating losses we recognized in previous periods.

(c) Includes a \$3.5 billion termination fee paid to Baker Hughes during the second quarter of 2016.

HALLIBURTON COMPANY

Revenue and Operating Income (Loss) Comparison

By Operating Segment and Geographic Region

(Millions of dollars)

(Unaudited)

| | Three Months Ended | | |
|--|----------------------|---------|-----------------|
| | September 30 2016 | 2015 | June 30 2016 |
| Revenue | | | |
| By operating segment: | | | |
| Completion and Production | \$2,176 | \$3,200 | \$2,114 |
| Drilling and Evaluation | 1,657 | 2,382 | 1,721 |
| Total revenue | \$3,833 | \$5,582 | \$3,835 |
| By geographic region: | | | |
| North America | \$1,658 | \$2,488 | \$1,516 |
| Latin America | 415 | 739 | 476 |
| Europe/Africa/CIS | 744 | 1,021 | 795 |
| Middle East/Asia | 1,016 | 1,334 | 1,048 |
| Total revenue | \$3,833 | \$5,582 | \$3,835 |
| Operating Income (Loss) | | | |
| By operating segment: | | | |
| Completion and Production | \$24 | \$163 | \$(32) |
| Drilling and Evaluation | 151 | 401 | 154 |
| Total | 175 | 564 | 122 |
| Corporate and other | (47) | (58) | (60) |
| Baker Hughes related costs and termination fee | — | (82) | (3,519) |
| Impairments and other charges | — | (381) | (423) |
| Total operating income (loss) | \$128 | \$43 | \$(3,880) |
| By geographic region: | | | |
| North America | \$(66) | \$8 | \$(124) |
| Latin America | 11 | 108 | 22 |
| Europe/Africa/CIS | 76 | 150 | 64 |
| Middle East/Asia | 154 | 298 | 160 |
| Total | \$175 | \$564 | \$122 |

See Footnote Table 1 for Reconciliation of As Reported Operating Income (Loss) to Adjusted Operating Income.

HALLIBURTON COMPANY

Revenue and Operating Income (Loss) Comparison

By Operating Segment and Geographic Region

(Millions of dollars)

(Unaudited)

| | Nine Months Ended September 30 | |
|--|--------------------------------------|----------|
| | 2016 | 2015 |
| Revenue | | |
| By operating segment: | | |
| Completion and Production | \$6,614 | \$10,890 |
| Drilling and Evaluation | 5,252 | 7,661 |
| Total revenue | \$11,866 | \$18,551 |
| By geographic region: | | |
| North America | \$4,968 | \$8,701 |
| Latin America | 1,432 | 2,455 |
| Europe/Africa/CIS | 2,317 | 3,213 |
| Middle East/Asia | 3,149 | 4,182 |
| Total revenue | \$11,866 | \$18,551 |
| Operating Income (Loss) | | |
| By operating segment: | | |
| Completion and Production | \$22 | \$938 |
| Drilling and Evaluation | 546 | 1,107 |
| Total | 568 | 2,045 |
| Corporate and other | (153) | (198) |
| Baker Hughes related costs and termination fee | (4,057) | (203) |
| Impairments and other charges | (3,189) | (1,895) |
| Total operating loss | \$(6,831) | \$(251) |
| By geographic region: | | |
| North America | \$(229) | \$417 |
| Latin America | 81 | 342 |
| Europe/Africa/CIS | 197 | 400 |
| Middle East/Asia | 519 | 886 |
| Total | \$568 | \$2,045 |

FOOTNOTE TABLE 1

HALLIBURTON COMPANY

Reconciliation of As Reported Operating Income (Loss) to Adjusted Operating Income

(Millions of dollars)

(Unaudited)

| | |
|--------------|----------|
| Three Months | |
| Ended | |
| September | June 30, |
| 30, | 2016 |
| 2015 | |

| | |
|-----------|------------|
| As | |
| reported | |
| operating | \$ (3,880) |
| income | |
| (loss) | |

Impairments
and
other
charges:

| | |
|-------------|-----|
| Fixed | |
| asset | 92 |
| impairments | |
| costs | 126 |
| Severance | |
| costs | 96 |

| | |
|-------------|----|
| Inventory | |
| write-downs | 64 |

| | |
|-------------|---|
| Intangible | |
| asset | — |
| impairments | |

| | |
|------------|-----|
| Venezuela | |
| promissory | 148 |
| note | |
| loss | |

| | | |
|-------------|-----|-----|
| Other | (7) |) |
| Total | | |
| Impairments | 381 | 423 |
| and | | |
| other | | |
| charges | | |

| | |
|-------------|-------|
| Baker | |
| Hughes | |
| related | |
| cost | 3,519 |
| and | |
| termination | |
| fee | |

Adjusted
operating
income \$506 \$62

(a)

(a) Management believes that operating income (loss) adjusted for impairments and other charges and Baker Hughes related costs and termination fee for the three months ended September 30, 2015 and June 30, 2016 is useful to investors to assess and understand operating performance, especially when comparing those results with previous and subsequent periods or forecasting performance for future periods, primarily because management views the excluded items to be outside of the company's normal operating results. Management analyzes operating income (loss) without the

impact of these items as an indicator of performance, to identify underlying trends in the business, and to establish operational goals. The adjustments remove the effects of these items. Adjusted operating income is calculated as: "As reported operating income (loss)" plus "Total Impairments and other charges" and "Baker Hughes related costs and termination fee" for the three months ended September 30, 2015 and June 30, 2016.

FOOTNOTE TABLE 2

HALLIBURTON COMPANY

Reconciliation of As Reported Loss from Continuing Operations to
Adjusted Loss from Continuing Operations

(Millions of dollars and shares except per share data)

(Unaudited)

Three
Months
Ended
June 30, 2016

As
reported
loss
from
continuing
operations
attributable
to
company
(7,208)

Baker
Hughes
related
costs
and
termination
fee
(a)
3,519

Impairments
and
other
charges
(a)
423

Debt
mandatory
redemption
fee
and
expenses
(a)
41

Total
adjustments,
before
taxes
3,983

Income
tax
benefit
(b)
(896)

Total
adjustments,
net \$ 3,087
of
tax

Adjusted
loss
from
continuing
operations
attributable
to
company
\$ (121)

Diluted
weighted
average
common
shares
outstanding
860

As
reported
loss
from
continuing
operations
per
diluted
share
\$ (3.73)

(c)
Adjusted
loss
from
continuing
operations
per
diluted
share
(c)
\$ (0.14)

(a) Management
believes that
income (loss)
from
continuing
operations
adjusted for
Baker Hughes
related costs

and
termination
fee,
impairments
and other
charges, and
debt
mandatory
redemption fee
and expenses
is useful to
investors to
assess and
understand
operating
performance,
especially
when
comparing
those results
with previous
and
subsequent
periods or
forecasting
performance
for future
periods,
primarily
because
management
views the
excluded items
to be outside
of the
company's
normal
operating
results.
Management
analyzes
income (loss)
from
continuing
operations
without the
impact of these
items as an
indicator of
performance,
to identify

underlying trends in the business, and to establish operational goals. The adjustments remove the effects of these items.

Adjusted loss from continuing operations attributable to company is calculated as: "As reported loss from continuing operations attributable to company" plus "Total adjustments, net of tax" for the three months ended June 30, 2016.

(b) Represents the tax effects of the aggregate adjustments during the period. Additionally, includes approximately \$486 million of discrete tax adjustments recorded during the second quarter of 2016, primarily relating to deferred tax expenses associated with

Halliburton's decision that it now may not permanently reinvest some of its foreign earnings, and tax expenses associated with the inability to utilize certain tax deductions resulting from the carryback of net operating losses to prior tax periods.

(c) As reported loss from continuing operations per diluted share is calculated as:

"As reported loss from continuing operations attributable to company" divided by "Diluted weighted average common shares outstanding."

Adjusted loss from continuing operations per diluted share is calculated as:

"Adjusted loss from continuing operations attributable to company" divided by

"Diluted
weighted
average
common
shares
outstanding."

Conference Call Details

Halliburton will host a conference call on Wednesday, October 19, 2016, to discuss the third quarter 2016 financial results. The call will begin at 8:00 AM Central Time (9:00 AM Eastern Time).

Please visit the website to listen to the call live via webcast. Interested parties may also participate in the call by dialing (866) 854-3163 within North America or (973) 935-8679 outside North America. A passcode is not required. Attendees should log in to the webcast or dial in approximately 15 minutes prior to the call's start time.

A replay of the conference call will be available on Halliburton's website for seven days following the call. Also, a replay may be accessed by telephone at (888) 266-2081 within North America or (703) 925-2533 outside of North America, using the passcode 1675143.

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CONTACTS

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

HALLIBURTON COMPANY

Date: October 19, 2016 By: /s/ Bruce A. Metzinger
Bruce A. Metzinger
Assistant Secretary