

EQUUS TOTAL RETURN, INC.

Form 10-K

March 31, 2008

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UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-K

(Mark One)

ANNUAL REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 (FEE REQUIRED)

For the year ended December 31, 2007

or

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to _____

Commission File Number 0-19509

EQUUS TOTAL RETURN, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

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Delaware
(State or other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization)

76-0345915
(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

2727 Allen Parkway, 13th Floor, Houston, Texas
(Address of principal executive offices)

77019
(Zip Code)

(713) 529-0900

Registrant's telephone number, including area code:

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class	Name of each exchange on which registered
Common Stock	New York Stock Exchange

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act: None

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer, as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act. Yes No

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or Section 15(d) of the Act. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark if disclosure of delinquent filers pursuant to Item 405 of Regulation S-K is not contained herein, and will not be contained, to the best of registrant's knowledge, in the definitive proxy or information statement incorporated by reference in Part III of this 10-K.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See definitions of large accelerated filer, accelerated filer and smaller reporting company in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer Accelerated filer
Non-accelerated filer (Do not check if a smaller reporting company) Smaller reporting company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Act). Yes No

Approximate aggregate market value of common stock held by non-affiliates of the registrant: \$41,715,378 computed on the basis of \$6.51 per share, closing price of the common stock on the New York Stock Exchange on March 28, 2008. For purposes of calculating this amount only, all directors and executive officers of the registrant have been treated as affiliates. There were 8,401,179 shares of the registrant's common stock, \$.001 par value, outstanding as of March 28, 2008. The net asset value of a share as of December 31, 2007 was \$12.286.

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Portions of the Proxy Statement (to be filed) for the 2008 Annual Shareholder s meeting are incorporated by reference in Parts II and III.

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PART I

Item 1. Business

Equus Total Return, Inc. (the Fund or EQS), formerly Equus II Incorporated, is a business development company that provides comprehensive financing solutions for companies in industries that it believes will benefit from significant social and demographic trends. The Fund's registered investment adviser, Moore, Clayton Capital Advisors, Inc. (the Adviser), manages its portfolio and provides access to investment opportunities throughout the United States and internationally. The Adviser is a wholly owned subsidiary of MCC Global (MCC), an international investment advisory firm that holds 15.2% of the Fund's common stock as of December 31, 2007.

The Fund's investment objective is to generate current investment income and long-term capital gains by investing in the debt and equity securities of small capitalization companies, which it defines as companies with a total enterprise value of between \$15.0 million and \$75.0 million. The Adviser has indicated that it generally intends to invest its assets in sectors that are, and which it believes will continue to be, driven by significant social and demographic trends, including an aging population, increased leisure time, the globalization of business and widespread concern about the environment and increasingly scarce energy resources. As its investment adviser, the Adviser intends to implement a total return-oriented investment strategy, which will include investments in a broad mix of equity and debt securities. Reflecting its change to a total return investment strategy, the Fund expects that its investments in debt and equity securities will generate both current income and capital gains and should enable it to maintain a consistent dividend policy.

The Fund believes its investment opportunities and, consequently, its returns, are limited currently by the relatively small size of its portfolio and investments. The Fund's current portfolio size limits it to relatively modest investments (averaging \$6.0 million through December 31, 2007).

The Fund is a closed-end management investment company that has elected to be treated as a business development company under the Investment Company Act of 1940, or the 1940 Act. In order to remain a business development company it must meet certain specified requirements under the 1940 Act, including investing at least 70% of its assets in eligible portfolio companies and limiting the amount of leverage it incurs. The Fund is also a regulated investment company, or RIC, under Subchapter M of the U.S. Internal Revenue Code of 1986, or the Code. As such, it is not required to pay corporate-level income tax on the Fund's investment income. The Fund intends to maintain its RIC status, which will require that it qualify annually as a RIC by meeting certain specified requirements. For a discussion of these requirements necessary to maintain its status as a business development company and as a RIC, please see Regulation as a Business Development Company General and Certain U.S. Federal Income Tax Considerations Taxation as a Regulated Investment Company, respectively.

The Adviser and Equus Capital Administration Company, Inc., or the Administrator, and their respective officers and directors and the officers of the Fund are collectively referred to herein as Management. The Fund's principal office is located at 2727 Allen Parkway, 13th Floor, Houston, Texas, 77019, and the telephone number is (713) 529-0900. The Fund's corporate website is located at www.equuscap.com. The Fund makes available free of charge on its website the annual report on Form 10-K, quarterly reports on Form 10-Q, current reports on Form 8-K and all amendments to those reports as soon as reasonably practicable after such material is electronically filed or furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC). The Fund's shares are traded on The New York Stock Exchange under the ticker symbol EQS .

The Adviser and MCC

The Fund intends to build on the success it has had since its founding through its investment advisory relationship with the Adviser. The Adviser was formed by Moore, Clayton & Co., Inc. (MCCI), a

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wholly-owned subsidiary of MCC, for the purpose of managing the Fund and assumed responsibility as its investment adviser on June 30, 2005. The Adviser includes a mix of investment professionals from MCC and professionals retained from Equus Capital Management Corporation, or ECMC, its previous investment adviser. Among the Adviser's eight dedicated investment professionals is Sam P. Douglass, the founder and former CEO and chairman of Equus and ECMC and Paula Douglass, Vice President of ECMC. When the Adviser assumed its role as its investment adviser, it also acquired the investment management infrastructure of ECMC, which facilitated the transition between investment advisers, provided continuity in its relationships with portfolio companies and maintained its market presence.

In April 2007, MCCI became a wholly-owned subsidiary of MCC when it was acquired by IFEX Innovation Finance & Equity Exchange NV, a Dutch corporation (*naamloze vennootschap*) listed on the Frankfurt Stock Exchange. IFEX then changed its name to MCC Global NV. Immediately following the acquisition of MCCI, the former shareholders of MCCI held, collectively, 83% of the outstanding ordinary shares of IFEX.

The Fund's board of directors selected the Adviser as its investment adviser in part to obtain access to the potential deal flow that it believes MCC may generate from its network of industry contacts. MCC is an international financial advisory firm, the core business of which was established in 1999. MCC has offices in London, Houston, New York, Salt Lake City, and San Francisco. MCC advises clients in structuring financial transactions which often involve investments in, and acquisitions of, growth-oriented companies. In particular, MCC seeks to capitalize on investment opportunities presented by current and anticipated demographic trends worldwide. MCC currently advises a variety of companies worldwide, providing them with introductions and commercial opportunities through a global network of professionals, financial intermediaries and business executives. MCC advises its clients on certain transactional and strategic alternatives, including joint ventures, mergers and acquisitions, divestitures, privatizations, restructurings and recapitalizations.

The principal stockholders of MCC are Anthony R. Moore, a member of the Fund's board of directors, and Sharon Clayton. MCC also has an advisory board consisting of senior executives with extensive international operating and financial experience in MCC's target industries. As of December 31, 2007, these executives were complemented by 30 other employees and professional contract personnel. The Fund believes that the Adviser and, indirectly, the Fund, benefit from access to MCC's network of professionals, contacts and commercial opportunities.

The Fund's Investment Objective

The Fund's investment objective is to maximize the total return to stockholders in the form of current investment income and long-term capital gains by investing in the debt and equity securities of small capitalization, privately owned companies. The Fund expects the Adviser to focus its investments in industries that are, and that it believes will continue to be, driven by significant social and demographic trends, including an aging population, increased leisure time, the globalization of business and widespread concern about the environment and increasingly scarce energy resources. Accordingly, the Fund expects to invest in businesses such as medical technology and services directed toward an aging population, real estate developments positioned to benefit from an increase in the number of retirees, leisure time and family entertainment industries and subsets of the energy sector developing renewable and proven alternative sources of energy.

Investment Strategy

As described under "The Fund's Investment Objective" above, the Fund has adopted a total return investment objective and the Adviser is now implementing an investment strategy consistent with this objective. The total return style combines both growth and income investments and is intended to strike a balance between the potential for gain and the risk of loss. In the growth category, the Fund is a growth-at-reasonable-price investor. As such, it invests primarily in privately owned companies and will consider a wide range of potential growth investments in this market. The Fund's primary aim is to identify and acquire only those equity securities

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that meet its criteria for selling at reasonable prices. With respect to income investments, the Adviser seeks to purchase debt instruments that it expects to generate consistent interest income for the Fund as well as long-term capital appreciation through the exercise and sale of warrants received in connection with such debt financing.

The Fund usually negotiates its investments in portfolio company securities directly with the owner or issuer of the securities acquired. The Fund attempts to reduce certain risks inherent in private equity-oriented investments by investing in a portfolio of companies involved in a variety of different industries. However, it expects that such companies and industries will benefit from the significant demographic and social trends previously discussed.

The Fund limits its initial investment in any portfolio company to no more than 15% of the Fund's net assets at the date of initial investment. However, its investment in a particular portfolio company may exceed this limitation due to follow-on investments or increases in the fair value of such investments.

The Fund seeks to invest in a portfolio company with co-investors. Other investment participants may include management of the portfolio company, other business development companies, small business investment companies, other institutional or individual investors or venture capital groups. In connection with its equity investments, the Fund and its co-investors typically comprise a controlling or substantial interest in the portfolio companies.

Investment Criteria

Consistent with its investment objective and strategy, Management evaluates prospective investments based upon the criteria set forth below. Management may modify some or all of these criteria from time to time.

Competent management. The Fund generally requires that its companies have an experienced management team and seek to design compensation arrangements that align the interests of the portfolio company's management with those of the Fund.

Substantial target market. The Fund focuses on companies whose products or services have favorable growth potential. It looks for companies with strong competitive positions in their respective markets.

History or expectation of profitability. The Fund looks for companies that either have been profitable historically or have a reasonable expectation that they can become profitable as a result of the proposed investment.

Substantial equity and management participation. The Fund looks for companies that will permit it and its co-investors to take a substantial investment position in the company and to have representation on the board of directors of the company.

Plausible exit and potential for appreciation. The Fund expects to dispose of its portfolio securities through public rights offerings or negotiated private sales.

Investment Operations

The investment operations of the Fund consist principally of the following basic activities:

Investment Selection. The Fund expects that many of its investment opportunities will come from Management, other private equity investors, members of the board of directors, direct approaches from prospective portfolio companies as well as from referrals from banks, lawyers, accountants and members of the financial community. It supplements these sources through access to the relationships and network of MCC. Subject to the approval of its board of directors, the Fund may compensate certain referrals with finder's fees to the extent permissible under applicable law and consistent with industry practice.

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Due Diligence. Once a potential investment is identified, Management undertakes a due diligence review using publicly available information and information provided by the prospective portfolio companies. Management may also seek input from consultants, investment bankers and other knowledgeable sources. The due diligence review will typically include, but is not limited to:

Review of historical and prospective financial information including audits and budgets;

On-site visits;

Review of business plans and an analysis of the consistency of operations with those plans;

Interviews with management, employees, customers and vendors of the potential portfolio company;

Review of existing loan documents, if any;

Background checks on members of management; and

Research relating to the company, its management, industry, markets, products and services and competitors.

Structuring Investments. The Fund typically negotiates investments in private transactions directly with the owner or issuer of the securities acquired. The Adviser structures the terms of a proposed investment, including the purchase price, the type of security to be purchased and the future involvement of the Fund in the portfolio company's business. The Adviser seeks to structure the terms of the investment to provide for the capital needs of the portfolio company while maximizing the Fund's opportunities for current income and capital appreciation.

Providing Management Assistance and Monitoring of Investments. Successful private equity investments typically require active monitoring of, and significant participation in, major business decisions of portfolio companies. In many cases, officers of the Fund serve as members of the boards of directors of portfolio companies. Such management assistance is required of a business development company under the 1940 Act. The Fund seeks to provide guidance and management assistance with respect to such matters as capital structure, budgets, profit goals, diversification strategy, financing requirements, management additions or replacements and development of a public or private market for the securities of the portfolio company. In connection with their service as directors of portfolio companies, officers and directors of the Fund may receive and retain directors' fees or reimbursement for expenses incurred, and may participate in incentive stock option plans for non-employee directors, if any. When necessary and as requested by any portfolio company, the Adviser, on behalf of the Fund, may also assign staff professionals with financial or management expertise to assist portfolio company management on specific problems.

Follow-On Investments

Following its initial investment in a portfolio company, the company may request that the Fund make follow-on investments in the company. Follow-on investments may be made to exercise warrants or other preferential rights granted to the Fund or otherwise to increase its position in a successful or promising portfolio company. The portfolio company also may request that the Fund provide additional equity or loans needed to fully implement its business plans to develop a new line of business or to recover from unexpected business problems. The Fund may make follow-on investments in portfolio companies from cash on hand or borrow all or a portion of the funds required. If the Fund is unable to make follow-on investments due to lack of available capital, the portfolio company in need of the investment may be negatively impacted and the Fund's equity interest in the portfolio company may be reduced.

Disposition of Investments

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The method and timing of the disposition of the Fund's investments in portfolio companies is critical to its ability to realize capital gains and minimize capital losses. The Fund may dispose of its portfolio securities

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through a variety of transactions, including sales of portfolio securities in underwritten public rights offerings, public sales and negotiated private sales, either to the portfolio company itself or to other investors. In addition, the Fund may distribute its portfolio securities in-kind to its stockholders. In structuring its investments, the Fund endeavors to reach an understanding with the management of the prospective portfolio company as to the appropriate method and timing of the disposition of the investment. In some cases, the Fund seeks registration rights for its portfolio securities at the time of investment which typically provide that the portfolio company will bear the cost of registration. To the extent not paid by the portfolio company, the Fund typically bears the costs of disposing of its portfolio investments.

Current Portfolio Companies

For a description of the Fund's current portfolio company investments, see Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations - Portfolio Investments.

Valuation

On at least a quarterly basis, the Adviser values the Fund's portfolio investments. These valuations are subject to the approval and adoption of the board of directors. Valuations of the Fund's portfolio securities at fair value are performed in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP).

The fair value of investments for which no market exists (including most of the Fund's investments) is determined through procedures established in good faith by the Fund's board of directors. As a general principle, the current fair value of an investment is the amount the Fund might reasonably expect to receive upon its sale in an orderly manner. There are a range of values that are reasonable for such investments at any particular time.

Generally, cost is the primary factor used to determine fair value until a significant development affecting the portfolio company (such as updated financial results or a change in general market conditions) provides a basis for an adjustment to the valuation. The Fund bases adjustments upon such factors as the portfolio company's earnings, cash flow and net worth, the market prices for similar securities of comparable companies, an assessment of the company's current and future financial prospects and various other factors and assumptions. In the case of unsuccessful operations, the Fund may base a portfolio company's fair value upon the company's estimated liquidation value. Fair valuations are necessarily subjective, and the Adviser's estimate of fair value may differ materially from amounts actually received upon the disposition of its portfolio securities. Also, any failure by a portfolio company to achieve its business plan or obtain and maintain its financing arrangements could result in a significant and rapid change in its value.

The Fund may also use, when available, third-party transactions in a portfolio company's securities as the basis for its valuation. The Fund uses this method only with respect to completed transactions or firm offers made by sophisticated, independent investors.

To the extent that market quotations are readily available for its investments and such investments are freely transferable, the Fund values them at the closing market price on the date of valuation. For securities which are of the same class as a class of public securities but are restricted from free trading (such as Rule 144 stock), the Fund establishes its valuation by discounting the closing market price to reflect the estimated impact of illiquidity caused by such restriction. The Fund determines the fair values of its debt securities, which are generally held to maturity, on the basis of the terms of such debt securities and the financial condition of the issuer. The Fund generally values certificates of deposit at their face value, plus interest accrued to the date of valuation.

The Fund's board of directors reviews the valuation policies on a quarterly basis to determine their appropriateness and reserves the right to hire independent valuation firms to review the Adviser's valuation methodology or to conduct an independent valuation.

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On a daily basis, the Fund adjusts its net asset value for the changes in the value of its publicly held securities and material changes in the value of its private securities and reports those amounts to Lipper Analytical Services, Inc. The Fund's weekly and daily net asset values appear in various publications, including *Barron's* and *The Wall Street Journal*.

Competition

The Fund competes with a large number of public and private equity and mezzanine funds and other financing sources, including traditional financial services companies such as finance companies and commercial banks. Many of its competitors are substantially larger and have considerably greater financial, technical and marketing resources than it does. The Fund's competitors may have a lower cost of funds and many have access to funding sources that are not available to it. In addition, certain of its competitors may have higher risk tolerances or different risk assessments, which could allow them to consider a wider variety of investments and establish more relationships and build their market shares. In addition, many of the Fund's competitors are not subject to the regulatory restrictions that the 1940 Act imposes on it as a business development company.

There is no assurance that the competitive pressures the Fund faces will not have a material adverse effect on its business, financial condition and results of operations. In addition, because of this competition, the Fund may be foreclosed from taking advantage of attractive investment opportunities and may not be able to identify and make investments that satisfy its investment objectives or meet its investment goals.

Properties

The Fund's principal executive offices are located at 2727 Allen Parkway, 1st Floor, Houston, Texas 77019. The Fund believes that its office facilities are suitable and adequate for its operations as currently conducted and contemplated.

Legal Proceedings

Neither the Fund nor the Adviser is currently subject to any material legal proceedings.

Business Development Company Requirements

Qualifying Assets. As a business development company, the Fund may not acquire any asset other than qualifying assets, as defined by the 1940 Act, unless, at the time the acquisition is made the value of its qualifying assets represent at least 70% of the value of its total assets. The principal categories of qualifying assets relevant to the Fund's business are the following:

securities purchased in transactions not involving any public offering from an issuer that is an eligible portfolio company. An eligible portfolio company is any issuer that (a) is organized and has its principal place of business in the United States, (b) is not an investment company other than a small business investment company wholly-owned by the business development company, and (c) either (i) (A) does not have any class of securities with respect to which a broker or dealer may extend margin credit, (B) is controlled by the business development company either singly or as part of a group and an affiliated person of the business development company is a member of the issuer's board of directors, or (C) has total assets of not more than \$4 million and capital and surplus of at least \$2 million, or (ii) does not have any class of securities listed on a national securities exchange. Qualifying assets may also include follow-on investments in a company that was a particular type of eligible portfolio company at the time of the business development company's initial investment, but subsequently did not meet the definition;

securities received in exchange for or distributed with respect to securities described above, or pursuant to the exercise of options, warrants or rights relating to such securities; and

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cash, cash items, government securities, or high quality debt securities maturing in one year or less from the time of investment. The Fund may not change the nature of its business so as to cease to be, or withdraw its election as, a business development company unless authorized by vote of the holders of the majority of its outstanding voting securities, as defined in the 1940 Act.

To include certain securities above as qualifying assets for the purpose of the 70% test, a business development company must make available to the issuer of those securities significant managerial assistance, such as providing significant guidance and counsel concerning the management, operations, or business objectives and policies of a portfolio company. The Fund offers to provide significant managerial assistance to each of its portfolio companies.

Temporary Investments. Pending investment in portfolio companies, the Fund invests its available funds in interest-bearing bank accounts, money market mutual funds, U.S. Treasury securities and/or certificates of deposit with maturities of less than one year (collectively, Temporary Investments). Temporary Investments may also include commercial paper (rated or unrated) and other short-term securities. Temporary Investments constituting cash, cash items, securities issued or guaranteed by the U.S. Treasury or U.S. Government agencies and high quality debt securities (commercial paper rated in the two highest rating categories by Moody's Investor Services, Inc. or Standard & Poor's Corporation, or if not rated, issued by a company having an outstanding debt issue so rated, with maturities of less than one year at the time of investment) will qualify for determining whether the Fund has 70% of its total assets invested in qualifying assets or in qualified Temporary Cash Investments for purposes of the business development company provisions of the 1940 Act.

Leverage. The Fund is permitted by the 1940 Act, under specified conditions, to issue multiple classes of senior debt and a single class of preferred stock senior to the common stock if its asset coverage, as defined in the 1940 Act, is at least 200% after the issuance of the debt or the senior stockholders' interests. In addition, provisions must be made to prohibit any distribution to common stockholders or the repurchase of any shares unless the asset coverage ratio is at least 200% at the time of the distribution or repurchase.

Fund Share Sales Below Net Asset Value. The Fund generally may sell its common stock at a price that is below the prevailing net asset value per share only upon the approval of the policy by stockholders holding a majority of its issued shares, including a majority of shares held by nonaffiliated stockholders. The Fund may, in accordance with certain conditions established by the SEC, sell shares below net asset value in connection with the distribution of rights to all of its stockholders. The Fund may also issue shares at less than net asset value in payment of dividends to existing stockholders.

No Redemption Rights. Since the Fund is a closed-end business development company, its stockholders have no right to present their shares to the Fund for redemption. Recognizing the possibility that its shares might trade at a discount, the Fund's board of directors has determined that it would be in the best interest of its stockholders for the Fund to be authorized to attempt to reduce or eliminate a market value discount from net asset value. Accordingly, from time to time the Fund may, but is not required to, repurchase its shares (including by means of tender offers) to attempt to reduce or eliminate any discount or to increase the net asset value of its shares.

Affiliated Transactions. Many of the transactions involving the Fund and its affiliates (as well as affiliates of such affiliates) require the prior approval of a majority of the independent directors and a majority of the independent directors having no financial interest in the transactions. However, certain transactions involving closely affiliated persons of the Fund, including the Adviser and the Administrator, require the prior approval of the SEC.

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Regulated Investment Company Tax Status

The Fund operates to qualify as a regulated investment company under Subchapter M of the Code. If the Fund qualifies as a regulated investment company and annually distribute to its stockholders in a timely manner at least 90% of its investment company taxable income, the Fund will not be subject to federal income tax on the portion of its taxable income and capital gains the Fund distributes to its stockholders. Taxable income generally differs from net income as defined by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America due to temporary and permanent timing differences in the recognition of income and expenses, returns of capital and net unrealized appreciation or depreciation.

Generally, in order to maintain its status as a regulated investment company, the Fund must (i) continue to qualify as a business development company; (ii) distribute to its stockholders in a timely manner at least 90% of its investment company taxable income, as defined by the Code; (iii) derive in each taxable year at least 90% of its gross investment company income from dividends, interest, payments with respect to securities loans, gains from the sale of stock or other securities or other income derived with respect to its business of investing in such stock or securities as defined by the Code; and (iv) meet investment diversification requirements. The diversification requirements generally require us at the end of each quarter of the taxable year to have (a) at least 50% of the value of its assets consist of cash, cash items, government securities, securities of other regulated investment companies and other securities if such other securities of any one issuer do not represent more than 5% of its assets and 10% of the outstanding voting securities of the issuer and (b) no more than 25% of the value of its assets invested in the securities of one issuer (other than U.S. government securities and securities of other regulated investment companies), or of two or more issuers that are controlled by us and are engaged in the same or similar or related trades or businesses.

In addition, with respect to each calendar year, if the Fund distributes or has treated as having distributed (including amounts retained but designated as deemed distributed) in a timely manner 98% of its net capital gain income for each one-year period ending on October 31, and distribute 98% of its investment company net ordinary income for such calendar year (as well as any ordinary income not distributed in prior years), the Fund will not be subject to the 4% nondeductible Federal excise tax imposed with respect to certain undistributed income of regulated investment companies.

If the Fund fails to satisfy the 90% distribution requirement or otherwise fail to qualify as a regulated investment company in any taxable year, it will be subject to tax in such year on all of its taxable income, regardless of whether the Fund makes any distribution to its stockholders. In addition, in that case, all of the Fund's distributions to its stockholders will be characterized as ordinary income (to the extent of its current and accumulated earnings and profits). The Fund has distributed and currently intends to distribute sufficient dividends to eliminate its investment company taxable income.

Advisory and Administration Fees

The Adviser. The Adviser manages the Fund's portfolio investments pursuant to an Advisory Agreement. The Adviser's services include, among other services:

Determining the composition of the portfolio of the Fund, the nature and timing of the changes therein, and the manner of implementing such changes;

Identifying, evaluating, and negotiating the structure of the investments made by the Fund;

Monitoring the performance of, and managing the Fund's investments;

Determining the securities and other assets that the Fund will purchase, retain, or sell and the terms on which any such securities are purchased and sold;

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Arranging for the disposition of investments for the Fund; and

Other specified services.

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The Adviser receives a base advisory fee at an annual rate of 2% of the net assets of the Fund, paid quarterly in arrears, as well as incentive fees in the following amounts: (i) 20% of the excess, if any, of the Fund's net investment income for a quarter that exceeds a quarterly hurdle rate equal to 2% (8% annualized) of the Fund's net assets, and (ii) 20% of the Fund's net realized capital gain less unrealized capital depreciation, paid on an annual basis. The Fund is responsible for the costs and expenses of the Fund's business, operations, and investments. These costs and expenses, include among other items:

Administration fees and expenses payable under the Administration Agreement;

Costs of proxy solicitation and meetings of stockholders and the Board;

Charges and expenses of the Fund's custodian, administrator, and transfer and dividend disbursing agent;

Compensation and expenses of the Fund's independent directors;

Legal and auditing fees and expenses; and

Subject to Board approval, certain other reasonable costs and expenses directly allocable and identifiable to the Fund or its business or investments.

The Advisory Agreement presently continues year-to-year, provided such continuance is approved at least annually by (i) a vote of a majority of the outstanding shares of the Fund, or (ii) a majority of the independent directors of the Fund. The Advisory Agreement may be terminated at any time, without the payment of any penalty, by the board of directors or the holders of a majority of the Fund's shares on 60 days' written notice to the Adviser, and would automatically terminate in the event of its assignment (as defined in the 1940 Act).

The Administrator. The Administrator manages the Fund's administrative and business operations pursuant to an Administration Agreement. The Administrator provides the Fund, at the Administrator's expense, with office space, facilities, equipment and personnel necessary for the conduct of its business. The Fund reimburses the Administrator for the costs and expenses incurred by the Administrator in performing its obligations and providing personnel and facilities under the Administrative Agreement, provided that such reimbursements do not exceed \$0.5 million per year. The Administration Agreement may be terminated by either party without penalty upon 60 days' written notice to the other party.

Custodian

The Fund acts as the custodian of its securities to the extent permitted under the 1940 Act and are subject to the restrictions imposed on self-custodians by the 1940 Act and the rules and regulations thereunder. The Fund has entered into an agreement with Frost National Bank with respect to the safekeeping of its securities. The principal business office of the custodian is 100 West Houston, San Antonio, Texas 78205.

Transfer and Disbursing Agent

The Fund employs American Stock Transfer & Trust Company as its transfer agent to record transfers of the shares, maintain proxy records and to process distributions. The principal business office of the Fund's transfer agent is 59 Maiden Lane, Plaza Level, New York, NY 10007.

Certifications

In July 2007, the Fund submitted to the New York Stock Exchange pursuant to Section 303A.12(a) of its Listed Company Manual, an unqualified certification of the Fund's Chief Executive Officer. In addition, certifications by the Fund's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have been filed as exhibits to this annual report on Form 10-K as required by the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as

amended, and the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

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Forward-Looking Statements

All statements contained herein that are not historical facts including, but not limited to, statements regarding anticipated activity are forward-looking statements within the meaning of the federal securities laws, involve a number of risks and uncertainties, and are based on the beliefs and assumptions of management, based on information currently available to management. Actual results may differ materially. In some cases, readers can identify forward-looking statements by words such as may, will, should, expect, objective, plan, intend, anticipate, believe, management believes, estimate, predict, project, potential, forecast, continue, strategy, or position or the negative of such terms or other variations of them or by comparable terminology. In particular, statements, express or implied, concerning future actions, conditions, or events, future operating results, or the ability to generate sales, income, or cash flow are forward-looking statements.

Among the factors that could cause actual results to differ materially are the following: (i) changes in the economic conditions in which the Fund operates negatively impacting its financial resources; (ii) certain of the Fund's competitors have substantially greater financial resources than the Fund reducing the number of suitable investment opportunities offered or reducing the yield necessary to consummate the investment; (iii) there is uncertainty regarding the value of the Fund's privately held securities that require a good faith estimate of fair value for which a change in estimate could affect the Fund's net asset value; (iv) the Fund's investments in securities of privately held companies may be illiquid which could affect its ability to realize a gain; (v) the Fund's portfolio companies could default on their loans or provide no returns on its investments which could affect the Fund's operating results; (vi) the Fund is dependent on external financing to grow its business; (vii) the Fund's ability to retain key management personnel; (viii) an economic downturn or recession could impair the Fund's portfolio companies and therefore harm its operating results; (ix) the Fund's borrowing arrangements impose certain restrictions; (x) changes in interest rates may affect the Fund's cost of capital and net operating income; (xi) the Fund cannot incur additional indebtedness unless it maintains an asset coverage of at least 200%, which may affect returns to its stockholders; (xii) the Fund may fail to continue to qualify for its pass-through treatment as a regulated investment company which could have an effect on stockholder return; (xiii) the Fund's common stock price may be volatile; and (xiv) general business and economic conditions and other risk factors described in its reports filed from time to time with the Securities and Exchange Commission. The Fund cautions readers not to place undue reliance on any such forward-looking statements, which statements are made pursuant to the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 and, as such, speak only as of the date made.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

The following discussion outlines certain risk factors that could affect the Fund's results for 2007 and beyond and cause them to differ materially from those that may be set forth in any forward-looking statement made by us or on its behalf. Readers should carefully consider these risks and all other information contained in the annual report on Form 10-K, including the Fund's consolidated financial statements and the related notes thereto. The risks and uncertainties described below are not the only ones facing the Fund. Additional risks and uncertainties not presently known to the Fund, or not presently deemed material by the Fund, may also impair its operations and performance.

If any of the following risks actually occur, the Fund's business, financial condition, or results of operations could be materially adversely affected. If that happens, the trading price of its common stock could decline and a shareholder may lose all or part of the shareholder's investment.

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Risks Related to the Fund's Investments

Investments in small capitalization companies present certain risks that may not exist to the same degree as investments in larger, more established companies and will cause such investments to be volatile and speculative.

The Fund currently invests, and will continue to invest, in private, small or new companies that may be in their early stages of development. Investments in these types of companies involve a number of significant risks including the following:

They typically have shorter operating histories, narrower product lines and smaller market shares than public companies, which tend to render them more vulnerable to competitors' actions and market conditions as well as general economic downturns;

They may have no earnings or experienced losses or may have limited financial resources and may be unable to meet their obligations under their securities, which may be accompanied by a deterioration in the value of their equity securities or any collateral or guarantees provided with respect to their debt;

They are more likely to depend on the management talents and efforts of a small group of persons and, as a result, the death, disability, resignation or termination of one or more of those persons could have a material adverse impact on their business and prospects and, in turn, on its investment;

They may have difficulty accessing the capital markets to meet future capital needs;

They generally have less predictable operating results, may from time to time be parties to litigation, may be engaged in rapidly changing businesses with products subject to a substantial risk of obsolescence and may require substantial additional capital to support their operations, finance expansion or maintain their competitive position; and

Generally little public information exists about these companies and investors in those companies generally must rely on the ability of the equity sponsor to obtain adequate information for the purposes of evaluating potential returns and making a fully informed investment decision.

There is uncertainty regarding the value of the Fund's privately held securities.

The Fund's net asset value is based on the value the Fund assigns to its portfolio investments. The Fund determines the value of its investments in securities for which market quotations are not available as of the end of each calendar quarter, unless there is a significant event requiring a change in valuation in the interim. Because of the inherent uncertainty of the valuation of portfolio securities that do not have readily ascertainable market values, its fair value determination may differ materially from the value that would have been used had a ready market existed for the securities. The Fund determines the fair value of investments for which no market quotations are available based upon a methodology that the Fund believes reaches a reasonable estimation of fair value. However, the Fund does not apply multiple valuation metrics in reaching this determination, and the Fund does not obtain any third party valuations before reaching this determination. The Fund's determinations of the fair value of its investments have a material impact on its net earnings through the recording of unrealized appreciation or depreciation of investments as well as its assessment of interest income recognition. These accounting items, in turn, dictate the amount of management fees the Fund pays to its investment adviser. The Fund's net asset value could be affected materially if its determinations of the fair value of its investments differ materially from values based on a ready market for these securities.

As of December 31, 2007, none of the securities in which the Fund has invested are publicly traded or have readily available market quotations. If, in the future, the Fund makes investments in companies whose securities are publicly traded and valued at their quoted market price (less a discount to reflect the estimated effects of restrictions on the sale of such securities), the Fund will adjust its net asset value for changes in the

value of any publicly held securities on a daily basis.

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The Fund depends upon Management, including its investment adviser, for its future success.

The Fund depends upon the diligence and skill of Management, including its investment adviser, Moore, Clayton Capital Advisors, Inc., or the Adviser, to select, structure, close and monitor its investments. Effective June 30, 2005, the Fund entered into an investment advisory agreement with the Adviser (the Advisory Agreement) concurrently with the Adviser's acquisition of the Fund's previous adviser, ECMC. Under the Advisory Agreement, Management identifies, evaluates, structures, monitors and disposes of the Fund's investments, and the services Management provides significantly impact the Fund's results of operations. The Fund's future success will depend to a significant extent on the continued service and coordination of Management. The Fund's Chief Investment Officer, Gary Forbes, has announced his intention to retire in the near future. Since Mr. Forbes has substantial investment experience and expertise and has generally been responsible for monitoring the status of the Fund's investments and maintaining relationships with its portfolio companies, his retirement could adversely affect the Fund. The Fund is currently in the process of hiring a new chief investment officer. Its success will depend on its ability to recruit and retain a chief investment officer and other highly qualified individuals. In addition, if the Fund is unable to integrate into Management its new chief investment officer effectively, the Fund may be unable to achieve its desired investment results. Although some of the professionals employed by ECMC were retained by the Adviser, the Adviser has a limited history in operating a business development company, and this lack of experience could adversely affect its future performance.

The Adviser may not be able to implement its new investment objective successfully.

Pursuant to advice from the Adviser, the Fund has refocused its investment objective and areas of investment from a regional focus and a record of investing in basic manufacturing and service companies to an investment strategy focused in sectors that are, and which the Fund believes will continue to be, driven by significant social and demographic trends, such as an aging population, increased leisure time, the globalization of business and widespread concern about the environment and increasingly scarce energy resources. The Fund's prior investment objective was to achieve capital appreciation and, as of August 2006, the Fund formally adopted a total return investment strategy. In order to implement this strategy, Management must analyze, due diligence, invest in, monitor and sell companies in industries in which many of them have not previously been involved. Also, its new investment strategy will require Management to investigate and monitor investments that are much more broadly dispersed geographically. In addition, Management will be required to provide valuations for investments in a broader range of securities, including debt securities, which will require expertise beyond that previously required of Management. The Fund cannot assure investors that the overall risk of their investment in the Fund will be reduced as a result of its change in investment strategy. If Management cannot achieve its investment objective successfully, the value of the shareholders investment in the Fund's common stock could decline substantially.

There are significant potential conflicts of interest that could impact the Fund's investment returns.

The Fund's executive officers and directors and the partners of the Adviser serve or may in the future serve as officers, directors or principals of entities that operate in the same or related lines of business as the Fund does or of investment funds managed by its affiliates. Accordingly, they may have obligations to investors in those entities, the fulfillment of which might not be in the best interests of the Fund or its stockholders. For example, Anthony R. Moore, a director of the Fund, is a co-founder of MCCI, and the chairman of the Supervisory Board of MCC. MCC regularly advises companies and other entities on investments and acquisitions that may be suitable investments for the Fund. The Fund also notes that, while the Adviser does not currently advise other funds, it may do so in the future, and such funds, including potential new affiliated pooled investment vehicles or managed accounts not yet established, may have overlapping investment objectives and, accordingly, invest, whether principally or secondarily, in asset classes similar to those targeted by the Fund. As a result, Management may face conflicts in the allocation of investment opportunities between the Fund and other entities. Although the Adviser will endeavor to allocate investment opportunities in a fair and equitable manner, it is

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possible that the Fund may not be able to participate in certain investments directed by investment managers affiliated with the Adviser.

When Management identifies an investment, it must choose which investment fund should make the investment. The Fund does not invest in any portfolio company in which the Adviser or any of its affiliates has a pre-existing investment. The Fund may, in the future, co-invest on a concurrent basis with other affiliates of the Adviser, subject to compliance with existing regulatory guidance, applicable regulations and the Adviser's allocation procedures.

In the course of its investing activities, the Fund pays the Adviser management and incentive fees, and reimburses the Adviser for certain expenses it incurs. As a result, investors in the Fund's common stock invest on a gross basis and receive distributions on a net basis after expenses, resulting in a lower rate of return than one might achieve through direct investments. As a result of this arrangement, there may be times when the management team of the Adviser has interests that differ from those of the Fund's stockholders, giving rise to a conflict.

The Adviser receives a quarterly incentive fee based, in part, on the Fund's pre-incentive fee income, if any, for the immediately preceding calendar quarter. This incentive fee is subject to a quarterly hurdle rate before providing an incentive fee return to the investment adviser. To the extent the Fund or the Adviser is able to exert influence over the Fund's portfolio companies, the quarterly pre-incentive fee may provide the Adviser with an incentive to induce the Fund's portfolio companies to accelerate or defer interest or other obligations owed to the Fund from one calendar quarter to another.

The Fund may not realize gains from its equity investments.

The Fund frequently invests in the equity securities of its portfolio companies. Also, when the Fund makes a loan, it generally receives warrants to acquire stock issued by the borrower. Ultimately, the Fund's goal is to sell these equity interests and realize gains. These equity interests may not appreciate and, in fact, may depreciate in value. Several of its portfolio companies have experienced net losses in recent years or have negative net worth as of the most recent available balance sheet date. In addition, although the Fund realized a net capital gain in 2007 from the sale or disposition of portfolio companies, it incurred capital losses of \$1.0 million from the sale of its investment in TurfGrass, LLC. Also, the market value of the Fund's equity investments may fall below its estimate of the fair value of such investments before it sells them. Given these factors, there is a risk that the Fund will not realize gains upon the sale of those or other equity interests that it holds.

The Fund may not be able to make additional investments in its portfolio companies from time to time, which may dilute its interests in such companies.

After its initial investment in a portfolio company, the Fund may be called upon from time to time to provide additional funds to such company, or may have the opportunity to increase its investment in that company through the exercise of a warrant to purchase common stock or through follow-on investments in the debt or equity of that company. There is no assurance that the Fund will make, or have sufficient funds to make, any such follow-on investments. Any decision by the Fund not to make a follow-on investment or any inability on its part to make such an investment may have a negative impact on a portfolio company in need of investment and may result in a missed opportunity for the Fund to increase its participation in a successful operation. A decision not to make a follow-on investment may also dilute its equity interest in, or reduce the expected yield on, its investment.

The Fund has invested in a limited number of portfolio companies.

The Fund is classified as a non-diversified investment company under the 1940 Act, which means the Fund is not limited in the proportion of its assets that may be invested in the securities of a single issuer. As a

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matter of policy, the Fund does not initially invest more than 15% of the value of its net assets in a single portfolio company. However, follow-on investments, disproportionate increases or decreases in the fair value of certain portfolio companies or sales of investments may result in more than 15% of its net assets being invested in a single portfolio company at a particular time.

As of December 31, 2007, the Fund had investments in 13 entities. A consequence of a limited number of investments is that changes in business or industry trends or in the financial condition, results of operations or the market's assessment of any single portfolio company will affect the Fund's net asset value and the market price of its common stock to a greater extent than would be the case if the Fund were a diversified company holding a greater number of investments.

The lack of liquidity of the Fund's privately held securities may adversely affect its business.

The Fund's portfolio investments consist principally of securities that are subject to restrictions on sale because they are not listed or publicly traded securities. If any of these securities were to become publicly traded, the Fund's ability to sell them would still be restricted because it acquired them from the issuer in private placement transactions or because the Fund may be deemed to be an affiliate of the issuer. The Fund will not be able to sell these securities publicly without the expense and time required to register the securities under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and applicable state securities laws, unless an exemption from such registration requirements is available. In addition, contractual or practical limitations may restrict its ability to liquidate its securities in portfolio companies because those securities are privately held and the Fund may own a relatively large percentage of the issuer's outstanding securities. Sales may also be limited by market conditions, which may be unfavorable for sales of securities of particular issuers. The illiquidity of the Fund's investments may preclude or delay any disposition of such securities, which may make it difficult for it to obtain cash equal to the value at which it records its investments if the need arises.

The Fund has limited public information regarding the companies in which it invests.

The Fund's portfolio consists entirely of securities issued by privately held companies. There is generally little or no publicly available information about such companies, and the Fund must rely on the diligence of Management to obtain the information necessary for its decision to invest in them and in order to monitor them effectively. There can be no assurance that such diligence efforts will uncover all material information about such privately held businesses necessary to make fully informed investment decisions.

The Fund's portfolio companies may be highly leveraged.

Investments in leveraged buyouts and in highly leveraged companies involve a high degree of business and financial risk and can result in substantial losses. A leveraged company's income and net assets will tend to increase or decrease at a greater rate than if borrowed money were not used. The use of leverage by portfolio companies also magnifies the increase or decrease in the value of a Fund investment as compared to the overall change in the enterprise value of a portfolio company.

Many of the Fund's portfolio companies have incurred substantial debt in relation to their equity capital. Such indebtedness generally has a term that will require that the balance of the loan be refinanced when it matures. If a portfolio company cannot generate adequate cash flow to meet the principal and interest payments on its debt or is not successful in refinancing the debt upon its maturity, its investment could be reduced or eliminated through foreclosure on the portfolio company's assets or by the portfolio company's reorganization or bankruptcy.

A substantial portion of the debt incurred by portfolio companies may bear interest at rates that fluctuate in accordance with a stated interest rate index or the prime lending rate. The cash flow of a portfolio company may not be sufficient to meet increases in interest payments on its debt. Accordingly, the profitability of the Fund's

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portfolio companies, as well as the value of its investments in such companies, will depend significantly upon prevailing interest rates. In recent months the level of interest rates have increased, which will have an adverse effect on the ability of its portfolio companies to service their floating rate debt and on their profits.

Leverage may impair the ability of the Fund's portfolio companies to finance their future operations and capital needs. As a result, the ability of the Fund's portfolio companies to respond to changing business and economic conditions and to business opportunities may be limited.

The Fund's business depends on external financing.

The Fund's business requires a substantial amount of cash to operate. The Fund may borrow funds to pay contingencies or expenses or to make investments, to maintain its pass-through tax status as a RIC under Subchapter M of the Code. The Fund is permitted under the 1940 Act to borrow if, immediately after the borrowing, the Fund has an asset coverage ratio of at least 200%. That is, the Fund may borrow an amount equal to as much as 50% of the fair value of its total assets (including investments made with borrowed funds). The amount and nature of any such borrowings depend upon a number of factors over which the Fund has no control, including general economic conditions, conditions in the financial markets and the impact of the financing on the tax treatment of its stockholders. On August 18, 2006, the Fund entered into a loan agreement with Regions Bank providing it with a credit facility not to exceed \$10.0 million. The agreement expired on December 31, 2007. The use of leverage, even on a short-term basis, could have the effect of magnifying increases or decreases in its net asset value. While the spread between the current yield on its investments and the cost of any loan would augment the stockholders' return from the Fund, if the spread narrows (because of an increase in the cost of debt or insufficient income on its investments), distributions to the stockholders could be adversely affected. This may render the Fund unable to meet its obligations to its lenders, which might then require it to liquidate some or all of its investments. There can be no assurance that the Fund would realize full value for its investments or recoup all of its capital if the Fund needed to liquidate its portfolio investments.

Many financial institutions today are unwilling to lend against a portfolio of illiquid, private securities. The make-up of the Fund's portfolio has made it more difficult for it to borrow at the level and on the terms that the Fund desires. Its borrowings have historically consisted of a revolving line of credit, the proceeds of which the Fund has used to provide liquidity for expenses and contingencies and to make new or follow-on investments, and a line of credit promissory note or margin account used quarterly to enable the Fund to achieve adequate diversification to maintain its pass-through tax status as a RIC.

The costs of borrowing money may exceed the income from the portfolio securities the Fund purchases with the borrowed money. The Fund will suffer a decline in net asset value if the investment performance of the additional securities purchased with borrowed money fails to cover their cost to the Fund (including any interest paid on the money borrowed). A decline in net asset value could affect its ability to make distributions on its common stock. The Fund's failure to distribute a sufficient portion of its net investment income and net realized capital gains could result in a loss of pass-through tax status or subject it to a 4% excise tax. If the asset coverage for debt securities issued by the Fund declines to less than 200% (as a result of market fluctuations or otherwise), it may be required to sell a portion of its investments when it is disadvantageous to do so. See Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

Dividends will likely vary or not grow over time and there is a risk that the shareholder may not receive dividends.

On October 23, 2006, the Fund announced a quarterly managed distribution policy where the Fund hoped to issue quarterly distributions at a minimum annual rate of \$0.50 per share. On February 19, 2008, the Fund revised its managed distribution policy to issue quarterly distributions at a minimum rate of 10% of the closing price per share on December 31, 2007. However, the Fund cannot assure shareholders that it will achieve investment results or maintain a tax status that will ensure a specified level of cash distributions or year-to-year increases in cash distributions.

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The Fund operates in a highly competitive market for investment opportunities.

The Fund competes with a large number of private equity funds and mezzanine funds, investment banks and other equity and non-equity based investment funds, investment entities, foreign investors and individuals and other sources of financing, including traditional financial services companies such as commercial banks. In recent years, the number of investment vehicles seeking small capitalization investments has increased dramatically. Many of the Fund's competitors are substantially larger and have considerably greater financial resources, and some may be subject to different and frequently less stringent regulation. As its portfolio size gets larger, the Fund expects that some of its investments will be larger as well. The Fund believes that it will face increased competition to participate in these larger transactions. These competitors may have a lower cost of funds and many have access to funding sources that are not available to the Fund. In addition, some of its competitors may have higher risk tolerances or different risk assessments, which could allow them to consider a wider variety of investments and establish more relationships and build their market shares. As a result of this competition, the Fund may not be able to take advantage of attractive investment opportunities from time to time. There is no assurance that the competitive pressures the Fund faces will not have a material adverse effect on its business, financial condition, and results of operations.

The Fund's investments in foreign securities, if any, may involve significant risks in addition to the risks inherent in U.S. investments.

The Fund's investment strategy contemplates that a portion of its investments may be made in securities of foreign companies. Investing in foreign companies may expose the Fund to additional risks not typically associated with investing in U.S. companies. These risks may include fluctuations in foreign currency values, changes in exchange control regulations, political and social instability, expropriation, imposition of foreign taxes, less liquid markets and less available information than is generally the case in the United States, higher transaction costs, less government supervision of exchanges, brokers and issuers, less developed bankruptcy laws, difficulty in enforcing contractual obligations, lack of uniform accounting and auditing standards and greater price volatility.

Although most of the Fund's investments are denominated in U.S. dollars, any investments that are denominated in a foreign currency are subject to the risk that the value of a particular currency may change in relation to one or more other currencies. Among the factors that may affect currency values are trade balances, the level of short-term interest rates, differences in relative values of similar assets in different currencies, long-term opportunities for investment and capital appreciation and political developments. The Fund may employ hedging techniques to minimize these risks, but it can offer no assurance that it will, in fact, hedge currency risk or that, if it does, such strategies will be effective.

An economic downturn could affect the Fund's operating results.

An economic downturn may adversely affect companies having an enterprise value varying from \$15.0 to \$75.0 million, which are the Fund's primary market for investments. During periods of adverse economic conditions, these companies may experience decreased revenues, financial losses, difficulty in obtaining access to financing and increased funding costs. During such periods, these companies may also have difficulty expanding their businesses and operations and may be unable to meet their debt service obligations or other expenses as they become due. Any of the foregoing developments could cause the value of the Fund's investments in these companies to decline. In addition, during periods of adverse economic conditions, the Fund may have difficulty accessing financial markets, which could make it more difficult or impossible for it to obtain funding for additional investments. These results could have a material adverse effect on its business, financial condition and results of operations.

The Fund may experience fluctuations in its quarterly results.

The Fund could experience fluctuations in its quarterly operating results due to a number of factors, including variations in and the timing of the recognition of realized and unrealized gains or losses, the degree to

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which it encounters competition in its markets, the ability to find and close suitable investments and general economic conditions. The volatility of its results is exacerbated by its relatively small number of investments. As a result of these factors, the shareholder should not rely on the Fund's results for any period as being indicative of performance in future periods.

The due diligence process that the Fund undertakes in connection with its investments may not reveal all facts that may be relevant in connection with an investment.

Before making its investments, the Fund conducts due diligence that it deems reasonable and appropriate based on the facts and circumstances applicable to each investment. The objective of the due diligence process is to identify attractive investment opportunities based on the facts and circumstances surrounding an investment and to prepare a framework that may be used from the date of an acquisition to drive operational achievement and value creation. When conducting due diligence, the Fund evaluates a number of important business, financial, tax, accounting, environmental and legal issues in determining whether or not to proceed with an investment. Its due diligence review with respect to a potential portfolio company typically includes, but is not limited to, a review of historical and prospective financial information including audits and budgets, on-site visits and interviews with management, employees, customers and vendors, a review of business plans and an analysis of the consistency of operations with those plans, and other research relating to the company, management, industry, markets, products and services, and competitors. Outside consultants, legal advisers, accountants and investment banks are expected to be involved in the due diligence process in varying degrees depending on the type of investment. Nevertheless, when conducting due diligence and making an assessment regarding an investment, the Fund is required to rely on resources available to it, including information provided by the portfolio company and, in some circumstances, third party investigations. The due diligence process may at times be subjective, including with respect to newly organized companies for which only limited information is available. Accordingly, the Fund cannot assure the shareholder that the due diligence investigation that it will carry out with respect to any investment opportunity will reveal or highlight all relevant facts that may be necessary or helpful in evaluating such investment opportunity. The Fund also cannot assure the shareholder that such an investigation will result in an investment being successful.

Risks Related to the Fund's Business and Structure

The Fund's ability to invest in private companies may be limited in certain circumstances.

If the Fund is to maintain its status as a business development company, the Fund must not acquire any assets other than qualifying assets unless, at the time of and after giving effect to such acquisition, at least 70% of its total assets are qualifying assets. A principal category of qualifying assets relevant to the Fund's business is securities purchased in transactions not involving any public offering from an issuer that is an eligible portfolio company. Investments in companies organized outside of the United States or having a principal place of business outside of the United States are not eligible portfolio companies.

Any failure on the Fund's part to maintain its status as a business development company would reduce its operating flexibility.

If the Fund does not remain a business development company, it might be regulated as a closed-end investment company under the 1940 Act, which would subject it to substantially more regulatory restrictions under the 1940 Act. This could impose tighter limitations on it in terms of the use of leverage and transactions with affiliated entities. Such developments would correspondingly decrease the Fund's operating flexibility.

The Fund may not continue to qualify as a RIC under the Code.

To remain entitled to the tax benefits accorded to RICs under the Code, the Fund must meet certain income source, asset diversification and annual distribution requirements. To qualify as a RIC, the Fund must derive each

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taxable year at least 90% of its gross income from dividends, interest, payments with respect to certain securities loans, gains from the sale of stock or other securities or foreign currencies, or other income derived with respect to its business of investing in such stock or securities or currencies and net income from interests in certain qualified publicly traded partnerships. The annual distribution requirement for a RIC is satisfied if the Fund distributes at least 90% of its ordinary net taxable income and realized net short-term capital gains in excess of realized net long-term capital losses, if any, to its stockholders on an annual basis. As discussed above in The Fund's business depends on external financing, the Fund has historically borrowed funds necessary to make qualifying investments to satisfy the Subchapter M diversification requirements. To the Fund's knowledge, the Internal Revenue Service has not provided definitive guidance on a RIC borrowing and investing in the noted manner to comply with the diversification test. If the Service were to take a contrary view to the Fund's and/or the Fund were unable to borrow sufficient funds in the future, the Fund may no longer qualify as a RIC. If the Fund fails to satisfy such diversification requirements and ceases to qualify for conduit tax treatment, it will be subject to income tax on its income and gains and will not be permitted to deduct distributions paid to stockholders. In addition, its distributions will be taxable as ordinary dividends to the extent paid from earnings and profits. The Fund may also cease to qualify as a RIC, or be subject to income tax and/or a 4% excise tax, if it fails to distribute a sufficient portion of its net investment income and net realized capital gains. The loss of its RIC qualification would have a material adverse effect on the total return, if any, obtainable from an investment in its common stock.

Item 1B. *Unresolved Staff Comments*

None.

Item 2. *Properties*

The Fund does not own any real estate or other physical properties. The Fund's administrative and principal executive offices are located at 2727 Allen Parkway, 13th Floor, Houston, Texas 77019. This location is leased and maintained through the Fund's Administrator. The Fund believes that these office facilities are suitable and adequate for the business as it is contemplated to be conducted.

Item 3. *Legal Proceedings*

None.

Item 4. *Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders*

None.

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The Fund's common stock is listed on the New York Stock Exchange under the symbol EQS. The Fund had approximately 5,000 stockholders as of December 31, 2007, 931 of which were registered holders. Registered holders do not include those stockholders whose stock has been issued in street name. As of December 31, 2007, its net asset value was \$12.29 per share of its common stock (\$12.29 per diluted share).

The following table reflects the high and low closing sales prices per share of its common stock on the New York Stock Exchange, net asset value, or NAV and quarterly dividends declared per share for the two years ended December 31, 2007, by quarter:

	2007				2006			
	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4
High	\$ 8.81	\$ 9.30	\$ 8.85	\$ 7.72	\$ 10.46	\$ 7.98	\$ 7.67	\$ 8.54
Low	\$ 8.29	\$ 8.49	\$ 7.00	\$ 5.93	\$ 7.42	\$ 7.01	\$ 6.94	\$ 7.50
NAV	\$ 11.21	\$ 11.15	\$ 10.54	\$ 12.29	\$ 9.88	\$ 10.40	\$ 11.46	\$ 11.42
Dividends declared	\$ 0.125	\$ 0.125	\$ 0.125	\$ 0.125	\$ 2.50			\$ 0.125

As a regulated investment company under Subchapter M of the Internal Revenue Code, the Fund is required to distribute to its stockholders, in a timely manner, at least 90% of its taxable net investment income each year. If the Fund does not distribute, in a timely manner, 98% of its taxable net capital gains and 98% of its taxable net investment income each year (as well as any portion of the respective 2% balances not distributed in the previous year), the Fund will be subject to a 4% non-deductible federal excise tax on certain undistributed income of regulated investment companies. Under the 1940 Act, the Fund is not permitted to pay dividends to stockholders unless the Fund meets certain asset coverage requirements. If taxable net investment income is retained, the Fund will be subject to federal income and excise taxes. The Fund reserves the right to retain net long-term capital gains in excess of net short-term capital losses for reinvestment or to pay contingencies and expenses. Such retained amounts, if any, will be taxable to the Fund as long-term capital gains and its stockholders will be able to claim their proportionate share of the federal income taxes paid by the fund on such gains as a credit against their own federal income tax liabilities. Stockholders will also be entitled to increase the adjusted tax basis of their Fund shares by the difference between their undistributed capital gains and their tax credit.

On October 23, 2006, the Fund announced a quarterly managed distribution policy where the Fund hopes to issue dividends at a minimum annual rate of \$0.50 per share. The Fund declared four dividends in 2007 totaling \$4.1 million (\$0.50 per share). The Fund paid \$2.3 million in cash and issued 236,930 additional shares of stock. On February 19, 2008, the Fund revised the managed distribution policy to issue quarterly distributions at a minimum rate of 10% of the closing price per share on December 31, 2007.

Historically, the Fund has distributed net investment income and net taxable realized gains from the sale of portfolio investments at least annually. The Fund declared two dividends during 2006 amounting in total to \$19.4 million (\$2.625 per share). The 2006 dividend was primarily the result of the net taxable realized gain from the sale of Champion Window Holdings, Inc. The 2006 dividends were paid in additional shares of common stock or in cash by specific election made by each shareholder. The Fund paid \$13.5 million in cash for both dividends (\$13.0 million paid on March 23, 2006 and \$0.5 million paid on December 7, 2006) and issued 787,099 additional shares of stock (729,773 shares at \$7.489 per share and 57,326 shares at \$8.081 per share).

The Fund invests in companies that are believed to have a high potential for capital appreciation, and the Fund intends to realize the majority of its profits upon the sale of its investments in portfolio companies. Consequently, most of the companies in which the Fund invests do not have established policies of paying annual

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dividends. However, a portion of the investments in portfolio securities held by the Fund consists of interest-bearing subordinated debt securities or dividend-paying preferred stock.

During the fiscal years ended December 31, 2007 and December 31, 2006, respectively, the Fund did not sell any securities that were not registered under the Securities Act of 1933.

Item 6. Selected Financial Data

The following is a summary of selected financial data and per share data of the Fund for the five years ended December 31, 2007 (in thousands, except per share data):

	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003
(in thousands, except per share amounts)					
Total investment income	\$ 4,857	\$ 6,016	\$ 2,530	\$ 6,196	\$ 7,166
Net investment (loss) income	\$ (523)	\$ (102)	\$ (3,134)	\$ 3,706	\$ 3,398
Net realized gain (loss) of portfolio securities	\$ 5,264	\$ 19,012	\$ 1,237	\$ (5,474)	\$ (5,508)
Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of portfolio securities	\$ 7,526	\$ (4,751)	\$ 18,617	\$ 3,003	\$ (2,159)
Net increase (decrease) in net assets resulting from operations	\$ 12,267	\$ 14,159	\$ 16,720	\$ 1,236	\$ (4,269)
Dividends declared	\$ 4,123	\$ 19,455	\$	\$ 3,560	\$ 4,556
Total assets	\$ 134,730	\$ 125,866	\$ 143,984	\$ 94,622	\$ 132,908
Total net assets	\$ 103,216	\$ 93,236	\$ 92,602	\$ 68,600	\$ 71,538
Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities	\$ (18,265)	\$ 59,930	\$ (24,026)	\$ 57,265	\$ 11,429
Shares outstanding at end of year	8,401	8,164	7,377	6,507	6,615
Weighted average shares outstanding, basic	8,251	7,949	6,948	6,462	6,244

Per Share Data:

	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003
Net investment (loss) income	\$ (0.06)	\$ (0.01)	\$ (0.45)	\$ 0.57	\$ 0.55
Net realized gain (loss) of portfolio securities	\$ 0.64	\$ 2.39	\$ 0.18	\$ (0.84)	\$ (0.88)
Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of portfolio securities	\$ 0.91	\$ (0.60)	\$ 2.68	\$ 0.46	\$ (0.35)
Net increase (decrease) in net amounts resulting from operations per share, basic and diluted	\$ 1.49	\$ 1.78	\$ 2.41	\$ 0.19	\$ (0.68)
Dividends declared	\$ 0.50	\$ 2.63	\$	\$ 0.57	\$ 0.72
Net asset value (including unrealized appreciation)	\$ 12.29	\$ 11.42	\$ 12.55	\$ 10.54	\$ 10.81

Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations**Overview**

The Fund is a business development company that provides financing solutions for small capitalization companies. The Fund began operations in 1983. The Fund's investment objective is to generate investment income and long-term capital gains through a total return investment strategy under which it invests in debt and equity securities of small-capitalization, privately held companies.

In June 2005, the Fund retained Moore Clayton Capital Advisors, Inc., or the Adviser, as its registered investment adviser to manage its portfolio and provide access to investment opportunities. The Adviser is a wholly owned subsidiary of MCC Global NV, or MCC, an international investment advisory firm that currently holds 15.2% of the Fund's common stock.

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As a business development company, the Fund is required to comply with certain regulatory requirements. For instance, the Fund generally has to invest at least 70% of its total assets in qualifying assets, including securities of private U.S. companies, cash, cash equivalents, U.S. government securities and short-term high-quality debt investments. The Fund is a RIC under Subchapter M of the Code. To qualify as a RIC, the Fund must meet certain source of income and asset diversification requirements. If it complies with the provisions of Subchapter M, the Fund generally does not have to pay corporate-level income taxes on any income that distributed to the Fund's stockholders.

Investment Income. The Fund generates investment income from interest payable on the debt securities that it holds, dividends received on equity interests in its portfolio companies and capital gains, if any, realized upon sales of equity and, to a lesser extent, debt securities in the investment portfolio. The Fund's equity investments may include shares of common and preferred stock, membership interests in limited liability companies and warrants to purchase additional equity interests. These equity securities may or may not pay dividends, and the exercise prices of warrants that the Fund acquires in connection with debt investments, if any, vary by investment. The Fund's debt investments in portfolio companies may be in the form of senior or subordinated loans and may be unsecured or have a first or second lien on some or all of the assets of the borrower. Its loans typically have a term of three to seven years and bear interest at fixed or floating rates. Interest on these debt securities is generally payable either quarterly or semiannually. Some promissory notes held by the Fund provide that a portfolio company may elect to pay interest in cash or in kind or provide that discount interest may accrete in the form of original issue discount or payment in kind, or PIK, interest over the life of the notes by adding unpaid interest amounts to the principal balance. Amortization of principal on the Fund's debt investments is generally deferred for several years from the date of initial investment. The principal amount of these debt securities and any accrued but unpaid interest generally will become due at maturity. The Fund also earns interest income at market rates on investments in short-term marketable securities. From time to time, the Fund generates income from time to time in the form of commitment, origination and structuring fees in connection with the Fund's investments. The Fund recognizes all such fees when earned.

Expenses. The Fund's primary operating expenses consist of investment advisory and management fees payable to the Adviser for its work in identifying, evaluating, negotiating, closing and monitoring investments. The Adviser provides the investment professionals of the Adviser and the Fund's Administrator, Equus Capital Administration Company, Inc., and their respective staffs, as well as access to the investment professionals of the Administrator. The Adviser also provides and pays for the management services necessary to run the Fund's business. Under the Advisory Agreement between the Adviser and the Fund, the Adviser receives a management fee equal to an annual rate of 2% of the net assets of the Fund, which is paid quarterly in arrears. Under the Advisory Agreement, the Fund also agreed to pay an incentive fee to the Adviser based on both realized investment income and net realized capital gains less unrealized capital depreciation. This incentive fee is equal to (a) 20% of the excess, if any, of the Fund's net investment income for each quarter that exceeds a quarterly hurdle rate equal to 2% (8% annualized) of the Fund's net assets, and (b) 20% of the Fund's net realized capital gain less unrealized capital depreciation. The incentive fee calculated in clause (b) is paid on an annual basis. The Fund's Administrator provides administrative services to it, for which the Fund pays an administrative fee. Under the administration agreement the Fund entered into with the Administrator on June 30, 2006, the Fund reimburses the Administrator for its costs and expenses in performing its obligations and providing personnel and facilities up to a maximum of \$0.5 million per year.

Operating Activities. The Fund uses cash to make new investments and follow-on investments in its existing portfolio companies. The Fund records these investments at cost on the applicable trade date. Realized gains or losses are computed using the specific identification method. On an ongoing basis, the Fund carries its investments in its financial statements at fair value, as determined by the Fund's board of directors. See Significant Accounting Policies Valuation below. As of December 31, 2007, the Fund had invested 70% of its net assets in securities of portfolio companies that constituted qualifying investments under the 1940 Act. At that time, the Fund had invested 8.1% by value in shares of common stock, 11.5% in membership interests in limited liability companies, 24.0% in preferred stock and 26.3% in various debt instruments. Also as of

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December 31, 2007, the Fund had invested the proceeds of borrowings on margin (as discussed below under Financing Activities) in short-term, highly liquid investments, consisting primarily of U.S. Treasury Bills, interest-bearing bank accounts and certificates of deposit, that are, in the opinion of the Adviser, appropriate for the preservation of the principal amount of such instruments. The Fund has maintained substantial amounts of cash and cash equivalents since 2004.

Under certain circumstances, the Fund makes follow-on investments in some of its portfolio companies. As of December 31, 2007, the Fund had commitments to make \$17.3 million in investments in three existing portfolio companies. The Fund is committed to \$7.8 million in one or more debt securities to be issued by RP&C International Investments LLC; \$4.4 million in HealthSPAC, LLC and \$5.1 million Riptide, LLC. See

Portfolio Companies RP&C International Investments LLC , Portfolio Companies HealthSPAC LLC , and Portfolio Companies Riptide L below.

Financing Activities. From time to time, the Fund uses leverage to finance a portion of its investments. The Fund then repays such debt from the sale of portfolio securities. Under the 1940 Act, the Fund has the ability to borrow funds and issue debt securities or preferred stock, which are referred to as senior securities, subject to certain restrictions including an overall limitation on the amount of outstanding debt, or leverage, relative to equity of 1:1. Because of the nature and size of the Fund's portfolio investments, it periodically borrows funds to make qualifying investments in order to maintain its qualification as a RIC. During 2007 and 2006, the Fund borrowed such funds by accessing a margin account with a securities brokerage firm. The Fund invests the proceeds of these margin loans in high-quality securities such U.S. Treasury securities until they are repaid. The Fund refers to these high-quality investments as restricted assets because they are not generally available for investment in portfolio companies under the terms of borrowing. If, in the future, the Fund cannot borrow funds to make such qualifying investments at the end of any future quarter, it may not qualify as a RIC and would become subject to corporate-level income tax on its net investment income and realized capital gains, if any. In addition, the Fund's distributions to stockholders would be taxable as ordinary dividends to the extent paid from earnings and profits. See Federal Income Tax Considerations.

Distributions. The Fund has a managed distribution policy. The Fund seeks to pay quarterly dividends to shareholders at an annualized rate equal to 10% of the Fund's market value, based on the 2007 year-end closing share price of \$6.31. The Fund's board of directors periodically will reassess the annualized percentage at which the Fund's quarterly distributions will be made. The board may change or terminate the managed distribution policy at any time; any such change or termination may have an adverse effect on the market price for the Fund's shares. The current policy has been in place since February 2008. The Fund originally had a policy, adopted in October 2006, to pay quarterly dividends to shareholders at an annual rate of a minimum of \$0.50 per share.

The Fund is managed with a goal of generating as much of its dividends as possible from ordinary income (net investment income and short-term capital gains). The balance of the dividend then comes from long-term capital gains and, if necessary, a return of capital.

If the Fund has taxable income and net capital gains in any fiscal year that exceeds the aggregate amount distributed in that year, the Fund will make an additional special distribution in the amount of that excess after the close of that fiscal year. The special distribution is required for the Fund to maintain its RIC tax status.

Possible Share Repurchase. As a closed-end business development company, the Fund's shares of common stock are not redeemable at the option of stockholders, and its shares currently trade at a discount to their net asset value. The Fund's board of directors has determined that it would be in the best interests of its stockholders to reduce or eliminate this market value discount. Accordingly, the Fund has been authorized to, and may from time to time, repurchase shares of its outstanding common stock (including by means of tender offers or privately negotiated transactions) in an effort to reduce or eliminate this market discount or to increase the net asset value of the Fund's shares. The Fund is not required to undertake any such share repurchases.

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Significant Accounting Policies

Valuation of Investments

The valuation of portfolio companies is the most significant area of judgment impacting the Fund's financial statements. The Fund carries portfolio investments on its financial statements at fair value, with any net change in unrealized appreciation or depreciation included in the determination of net assets. The Fund performs valuations of portfolio securities in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, or U.S. GAAP, and the financial reporting policies of the SEC. The applicable methods prescribed by such principles and policies are described below:

Publicly traded portfolio securities. The Fund values investments in companies whose securities are publicly traded at their quoted market prices at the close of business on the valuation date, less a discount to reflect the estimated effects of restrictions on the sale of such securities, which the Fund refers to as the valuation discount, if applicable. As of December 31, 2007 and 2006, the Fund had no investments in publicly traded securities.

Privately held portfolio securities. The Fund determines the fair value of investments for which no market exists on the basis of procedures established in good faith by its board of directors and based on input from the investment adviser and the Fund's audit committee. As a general principle, the fair value of an investment is the amount that the Fund might reasonably expect to receive upon its current sale in an orderly manner. Appraisal valuations are necessarily subjective, and the estimated values arrived at by the Fund's board of directors may differ materially from amounts actually received upon the disposition of specific portfolio securities.

Generally, cost is the primary factor the Fund uses to determine fair value until significant developments affecting a portfolio company (such as results of operations or changes in general market conditions) provide a basis for an appraisal valuation. Thereafter, the Fund carries portfolio investments at appraised values as determined quarterly by the Adviser, subject to the approval of the Fund's board of directors. The Fund typically bases its valuations upon a multiple of each portfolio company's income and/or cash flow, an assessment of the company's current and future financial prospects and various other factors and assumptions. In the case of unsuccessful operations, this appraisal may be based upon estimated liquidation value.

The Fund typically appraises its common equity investment in each portfolio company at a multiple of the free cash flow generated by such company in its most recent fiscal year, less adjustments for outstanding funded indebtedness and other senior securities such as preferred stock. In some cases, the Fund considers projections of current year free cash flow in its appraisals, and it may also consider an adjustment to the estimate of free cash flow for non-recurring items. The Fund applies multiples based on the Adviser's experience and recent transactions in the private company marketplace and cautions that these assessments are necessarily subjective in nature.

From time to time, the Fund may elect to use third-party transactions in a portfolio company's securities as the basis for its valuation of such company, although this is not the Fund's typical approach to valuation. This method of valuation is referred to as the private market method. When an external event, such as a purchase transaction, public rights offering or subsequent equity sale occurs, the Fund applies the pricing indicated by such external event to corroborate its private equity valuation. The Fund generally uses the private market method only with respect to completed transactions or firm offers made by sophisticated, independent investors.

Most of the Fund's portfolio companies use leverage, which has the effect of magnifying its return or loss on investments. For example, if a portfolio company has a total enterprise value of \$10.0 million and has \$7.5 million in funded indebtedness, the Fund values its equity at \$2.5 million. If the enterprise value of that portfolio company then increases or decreases by 20%, to \$12.0 million or \$8.0 million, respectively, the value of the equity will increase or decrease by 80%, to \$4.5 or \$0.5 million, as the case may be. This disproportionate increase or decrease in equity value relative to total asset value adds a level of volatility to the Fund's equity-oriented portfolio securities.

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From time to time, some of the Fund's portfolio companies default in respect of covenants in their loan agreements. When the Fund has a reasonable belief that a portfolio company will be able to restructure its loan agreement to waive or eliminate such default or defaults, the Fund continues to value its portfolio company's securities as a going concern. If a portfolio company cannot generate adequate cash flow to meet the principal and interest payments on its debt or is not successful in refinancing its debt at maturity, the value of the Fund's investment could be reduced or eliminated through foreclosure on such portfolio company's assets or through reorganization or bankruptcy. Under such circumstances, the Fund adjusts the value of its investment in the portfolio company accordingly.

The Fund generally holds investments in debt securities to maturity. Accordingly, the Fund determines the fair value of debt securities on the basis of the terms of the debt securities and the financial condition of the issuer. The Fund values certificates of deposit at their face value, plus interest accrued to the date of valuation. On a daily basis, the Fund adjusts net asset value for changes in the value of publicly held securities, if any, and for material changes in the value of investments in securities issued by private companies. The Fund reports these amounts to Lipper Analytical Services, Inc. Weekly, and its daily net asset values appear in various publications, including *Barron's* and *The Wall Street Journal*.

Federal Income Taxes

The Fund intends to comply with the requirements of the Code necessary for us to qualify as a RIC. So long as it complies with these requirements, the Fund generally will not be subject to corporate-level federal income taxes on otherwise taxable income (including net realized capital gains) distributed to stockholders. Therefore, the Fund did not record a provision for federal income taxes in its financial statements. As of December 31, 2007, the Fund had no capital loss carry forward as it was fully utilized during 2006. The Fund may borrow money from time to time to maintain its status as a RIC under the Code. See [Overview](#) [Financing Activities](#) above.

Interest Income Recognition

The Fund records interest income, adjusted for amortization of premium and accretion of discount, on an accrual basis to the extent that it expects to collect such amounts. The Fund stops accruing interest on investments when it determines that interest is no longer collectible. If the Fund receives any cash after determining that interest is no longer collectible, it treats such cash as payment on the principal balance until the entire principal balance has been repaid, before it recognizes any additional interest income. The Fund accretes or amortizes discounts and premiums on securities purchased over the life of the respective security using the effective yield method. The amortized cost of investments represents the original cost adjusted for the accretion of discount and/or amortization of premium on debt securities.

Payment in Kind Interest

The Fund has loans in its portfolio that may pay PIK interest. The Fund adds PIK interest, if any, computed at the contractual rate specified in each loan agreement, to the principal balance of the loan and recorded as interest income. To maintain its status as a RIC, the Fund must pay out to stockholders this non-cash source of income in the form of dividends even if it has not yet collected any cash in respect of such investments.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In July 2006, the FASB issued FASB Interpretation (FIN) No. 48, *Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes - An Interpretation of FASB Statement No. 109*. FIN No. 48 clarifies the accounting for uncertainty in income taxes recognized in an enterprise's consolidated financial statements in accordance with SFAS No. 109, *Accounting for Income Taxes*. It prescribes a recognition threshold and measurement attribute for the financial statement recognition and measurement of a tax position taken or expected to be taken in a tax return. This

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standard also provides guidance on derecognition, classification, interest and penalties, accounting in interim periods, disclosure, and transition. The provisions of FIN No. 48 are to be applied to all tax positions upon initial adoption of this standard. Only tax positions that meet the more likely-than-not recognition threshold at the effective date may be recognized or continue to be recognized upon adoption of FIN No. 48. The cumulative effect of applying the provisions of FIN No. 48 should be reported as an adjustment to the opening balance of retained earnings (or other appropriate components of equity or net assets in the statement of financial position) for that fiscal year. The Fund has adopted FIN No. 48 which will have no material impact on its financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

In September 2006, the FASB issued SFAS No. 157, *Fair Value Measurements*. SFAS No. 157 clarifies the principle that fair value should be based on the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing an asset or liability and establishes a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the information used to develop those assumptions. Under this standard, fair value measurements would be separately disclosed by level within the fair value hierarchy. SFAS No. 157 is effective for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007 for financial assets and liabilities that are carried at fair value as a recurring basis in the financial statements. The FASB did announce a one year deferral for the implementation of SFAS No. 157 for other non-financial assets and liabilities. In February 2008, FASB issued FASB Staff Position No. FAS 157-2. This FSP defers the effective date of Statement 157 for nonfinancial assets and nonfinancial liabilities, except for items that are recognized or disclosed at fair value in the financial statements on a recurring basis (at least annually) to fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2008, and interim periods within those fiscal years for items within the scope of this FSP. The Fund believes that the adoption of SFAS No. 157 will not have a material impact on its financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

In February 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 159, *The Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities Including an Amendment of FASB Statement No. 115*. This standard permits an entity to choose to measure many financial instruments and certain other items at fair value. The fair value option established by SFAS No. 159 permits all entities to choose to measure eligible items at fair value at specified election dates. SFAS No. 159 is effective as of the beginning of an entity's first fiscal year that begins after November 15, 2007. The Fund believes that the adoption of SFAS No. 159 will not have a material impact on its financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

In December 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 141R, *Business Combinations*, (SFAS No. 141R) which replaces SFAS No. 141. SFAS No. 141R requires most assets acquired and liabilities assumed in a business combination, contingent consideration and certain acquired contingencies to be measured at their fair value as of the date of the acquisition. SFAS No. 141R also requires that acquisition related costs and restructuring costs be recognized separately from the business combination. SFAS No. 141R is effective for business combinations completed in fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2008. The Fund believes that the adoption of SFAS No. 141R will not have a material impact on its financial position, results of operation or cash flows.

In December 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 160, *Noncontrolling Interests in Consolidated Financial Statements an amendment of ARB No. 51* (SFAS No. 160). SFAS No. 160 establishes accounting and reporting standards for ownership interests in subsidiaries held by parties other than the parent, the amount of consolidated net income attributable to the parent and to the noncontrolling interest, changes in a parent's ownership interest and the valuation of retained noncontrolling equity investments when a subsidiary is

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deconsolidated. The Statement also establishes reporting requirements that provide sufficient disclosures that clearly identify and distinguish between the interest of the parent and the interest of the noncontrolling owners. SFAS No. 160 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2008. The Fund believes that the adoption of SFAS No. 160 will not have a material impact on its financial position, results of operation or cash flows.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

The Fund generates cash primarily from sales of securities and borrowings, as well as capital gains realized upon the sale of portfolio investments. The Fund uses cash primarily to make additional investments, either in new companies or as follow-on investments in the existing portfolio companies and to pay the dividends to its stockholders.

Year Ended December 31, 2007

As of December 31, 2007, the Fund had total assets of \$134.7 million, of which \$72.1 million were invested in portfolio investments and \$30.9 million were invested in temporary cash investments. Among the Fund's portfolio investments, \$27.1 (at fair value) million were in the form of notes receivable from portfolio companies as of December 31, 2007. Of this amount, notes issued by four portfolio companies, having an aggregate value of \$12.0 million, were currently paying cash interest in accordance with their terms.

As of December 31, 2007, the Fund also had \$30.3 million of restricted cash and temporary investments, including primarily the proceeds of a quarter-end margin loan that the Fund incurred to maintain the diversification requirements applicable to a RIC. Of this amount, \$30.0 million was invested in U.S. Treasury bills and \$0.3 million represented a required 1% brokerage margin deposit. These securities were held by a securities brokerage firm and pledged along with other assets to secure repayment of the margin loan. The U.S. Treasury bills matured on January 3, 2008 and Fund subsequently repaid this margin.

Operating Activities. The Fund used \$18.3 million in cash for operating activities in 2007. In 2007, the Fund made investments in portfolio companies of \$27.5 million and paid fees to its advisers, directors, banks and suppliers of \$6.5 million, while realizing \$6.8 million from the disposition of portfolio securities.

Financing Activities. The Fund used \$2.3 million in cash from financing activities for 2007. The Fund declared four dividends in 2007 totaling \$4.1 million (\$0.50 per share). The Fund paid \$2.3 million in cash and issued 236,930 additional shares of stock. The Fund determined that the 2007 dividend payments should be classified as a 100% qualifying dividend, with 100% allocated to capital gain as of December 31, 2007.

Year Ended December 31, 2006

As of December 31, 2006, the Fund had total assets of \$125.9 million, of which \$42.6 million were invested in portfolio investments and \$51.3 million were invested in temporary cash investments. Among the Fund's portfolio investments, \$19.6 million were in the form of notes receivable from portfolio companies as of December 31, 2006. Of this amount, notes issued by three portfolio companies, having an aggregate value of \$13.3 million, were currently paying cash interest in accordance with their terms.

As of December 31, 2006, the Fund also had \$30.3 million of restricted assets, including primarily the proceeds of a quarter-end margin loan that the Fund incurred to maintain the diversification requirements applicable to a RIC. Of this amount, \$30.0 million were invested in U.S. Treasury bills and \$0.3 million represented a required 1% brokerage margin deposit. These securities were held by a securities brokerage firm and pledged along with other assets to secure repayment of the margin loan. The Fund subsequently sold the U.S. Treasury bills and repaid this margin loan on January 7, 2007.

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Operating Activities. Net cash provided by operating activities was \$59.9 million in 2006 as compared to a use of (\$24.0 million) in cash for operating activities in 2005. Major events leading to the increase in cash provided by operating activities were as follows:

On October 2, 2006, the Fund sold its interest in preferred stock of PalletOne for \$4.2 million.

On August 31, 2006, the Fund sold its interest in Equicom, Inc. for \$3.0 million.

On April 25, 2006, the Fund received a \$2.0 million cash payment from an escrow account of Strategic Holdings, Inc. The Fund recorded this amount as a \$1.9 million payment in respect of an escrow receivable and \$0.1 million relating to interest on the escrow balance.

On February 21, 2006, the Fund acquired 4,000 additional shares of common stock in newly formed Cedar Lodge Holdings, Inc. for \$0.4 million and also loaned \$7.6 million to Cedar Lodge Holdings. The promissory note issued in connection with this loan provides for interest payments at an annual rate of 18%, with provisions that could cause this rate to rise to an effective annual interest rate of 19.8%. This investment financed the conversion of certain apartments in Baton Rouge, Louisiana into condominiums.

On January 25, 2006, the Fund received a cash payment of \$28.1 million in connection with the sale of its investment in Champion Window Holdings, Inc., or Champion.

On June 30, 2006, the Fund entered into a one-year agreement with A.G. Edwards pursuant to which A.G. Edwards agreed to provide the Fund with financial advisory services regarding strategic and tactical alternatives in consideration of a fee of \$0.2 million.

Financing Activities. In 2006, the Fund declared two dividends totaling \$19.5 million, or \$2.625 per share. On February 2, 2006, the fund declared a dividend of \$18.4 million, or \$2.50 per share, in connection with the sale of Champion. The fund paid this dividend on March 23, 2006 in the form of \$13.0 million in cash and a stock dividend of 729,773 newly issued shares of common stock. These shares were issued at an effective price of \$7.489 per share on March 23, 2006. On October 23, 2006 the Fund declared a dividend of \$1.0 million, or \$0.125 per share. The Fund paid this dividend on December 7, 2006 in the form of a \$0.6 million cash dividend and issued 57,326 additional shares of its common stock at an effective price of \$8.081 per share. The Fund determined that the 2006 dividend payments should be classified as a 100% qualifying dividend, with 67.37% allocated to ordinary income and 32.63% allocated to capital gain as of December 31, 2006.

On August 18, 2006, the Fund entered into a credit facility with Regions Bank which provides for borrowings having a value of up to 20% of the fair value of its portfolio investments up to \$10.0 million outstanding at any time. Amounts, if any, outstanding under this credit facility will accrue interest at an annual rate equal to the London Interbank Offer Rate, or LIBOR, plus an applicable premium as described in the credit facility and will be payable semiannually in arrears. This credit facility expired on December 31, 2007. It includes customary covenants and borrowing conditions and provides that any borrowings thereunder will be secured by liens on certain of its investments. To date, the Fund has not borrowed any amounts under this credit facility. The Fund is currently considering other financing arrangements and has not renewed the expired Credit Facility.

Results of Operations

Investment Income and Expense

Year Ended December 31, 2007 as compared to Year Ended December 31, 2006

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Total income from portfolio securities was \$3.1 million and \$4.2 million in 2007 and 2006, respectively. The decrease in total investment income from 2006 to 2007 was due to liquidation of a Cedar Lodge Holdings, Inc., in early 2007, which generated \$0.9 million in interest income in 2006, along with a decrease in dividend income in 2007.

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Interest from temporary cash investments was \$1.7 million in 2007 and \$1.8 million in 2006. Temporary cash investments (excluding the margin account) decreased from \$51.3 million to \$30.9 million in 2007 as compared to the prior year.

The Adviser receives management fee compensation at an annual rate of 2% of the net assets of the Fund paid quarterly in arrears. Such fees amounted to \$1.7 million and \$1.8 million in 2007 and 2006, respectively, as the Fund maintained stable average net assets over the period. The Fund's estimated expenses for incentive fees for 2006 were \$0.9 million, due to the capital gains generated by the sale of Drilltec Corporation, Cedar Lodge Holdings, Inc. and final escrow payments from the 2006 sales of Champion Windows and Alenco Window Holdings, LLC. The incentive fee for 2006 was \$1.9 million, which was based primarily on capital gains generated by the sale of Champion. Director fees and expenses decreased by \$0.1 million in 2007 as compared to 2006, due primarily to an decrease in the number of board members from eight to seven, which occurred in February 2007.

Interest expense was \$0.6 million and \$0.2 million in 2007 and 2006, respectively. The decrease was due primarily to the decline in margin interest expense for borrowing U.S. Treasury bills at the end of each quarter.

Offering costs of \$0.1 million were expensed during the third quarter of 2007 as the Fund abandoned the shareholders' proposal authorizing the Fund to offer and sell, or to issue rights to acquire shares of its common stock at a price below the net asset value of such stock.

As a result of the factors described above, net investment loss after expenses was (\$0.5 million) for 2007 as compared to (\$0.1 million) for 2006.

Year Ended December 31, 2006 as compared to Year Ended December 31, 2005

Total income from portfolio securities was \$4.2 million and \$2.0 million in 2006 and 2005, respectively. The increase in total investment income from 2005 to 2006 was due primarily to income generated from two new investments in real estate portfolio companies, Creekstone Florida Holdings, LLC and Cedar Lodge Holdings, Inc., in the approximate amounts of \$0.6 million and \$0.9 million, respectively, in 2006.

Interest from temporary cash investments increased from \$0.5 million in 2005 to \$1.8 million in 2006. This increase was primarily due to an increase in cash generated from the sale of the Fund's investment in Champion. Temporary cash investments (excluding the margin account) increased from \$25.6 million to \$51.3 million in 2006 as compared to the prior year.

Investment advisory fees to the Adviser amounted to \$1.8 million and \$1.7 million in 2006 and 2005, respectively. The increase in management fees in 2006 was due to an increase in the net assets due to the sale of the Fund's Champion investment. The Fund's estimated expenses for incentive fees for 2006 were \$2.0 million, which were based primarily on capital gains generated by the sale of Champion. The incentive fee for 2005 was \$0.7 million, all of which was payable to the Adviser in the last six months of the year. See Overview Expenses. The Adviser's incentive fee is in lieu of a former stock incentive plan. The former stock incentive plan had authorized the Fund to issue options of outstanding Fund shares to the directors and officers of the Fund. When the Fund retained the Adviser on June 30, 2005, the Board of Directors cancelled the plan and approved the incentive fee. Director fees and expenses increased by \$0.1 million in 2006 as compared to 2005, due primarily to an increase in the number of board and board committee meetings in 2006 as compared to 2005 and an increase in the number of board members from seven to eight on June 30, 2005. The Fund held more full board and board committee meetings due to increased board dividend decisions, increased portfolio investment activity and meetings to discuss the Fund's business strategy.

The Fund's administrative fees increased by \$0.2 million in 2006 as compared to 2005 due primarily to a change in administrator from ECMC to Equus Capital Administration Company, Inc., or the Administrator, and

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the terms of the related Administration Agreement. The former administrator, ECMC, received compensation for providing certain investor communication services. This fee was \$13,000 per quarter for such services. Under the Administration Agreement, the Administrator received \$0.5 million in 2006. In addition, the Fund agreed to reimburse the Administrator for certain one-time costs and expenses (collectively, the

Special Administrative Fee) associated with the change in administrators. This expense included the cost of retention bonuses for investment professionals who joined Equus Capital from ECMC and the cost of severance payments in connection with the departure of certain other personnel. The Fund recognized the Special Administrative Fee, in the amount of \$0.5 million, as an expense at June 30, 2005. The Fund did not incur any incremental Special Administrative Fee in 2006.

Interest expense was \$0.2 million and \$0.1 million in 2006 and 2005, respectively. The increase was due primarily to the margin interest expense for borrowing U.S. Treasury bills at the end of each quarter.

Prior to June 30, 2005, the Fund accounted for stock options issued by it using variable plan accounting. This accounting provision resulted in a non-cash compensation expense of \$0.6 million in 2005. The expense in 2005 was due to a fluctuation in the Fund's share price from the beginning of the year to June 30, 2005 in relation to the exercise price of the stock options. In 2005, the Fund's market price increased from \$7.71 per share at January 1, 2005 to \$8.09 at June 30, 2005. The Fund's stock option plan was cancelled on June 30, 2005, and it had no stock options outstanding during 2006.

As a result of the factors described above, net investment loss after expenses was \$0.1 million for 2006 as compared to \$3.1 million for 2005.

Summary of New and Follow-On Investments***Year Ended December 31, 2007***

During the twelve months ended December 31, 2007, the Fund invested \$21.2 million in five new portfolio companies and made follow-on investments of 7.0 million in seven portfolio companies, including \$0.7 million in the form of accrued interest and dividends received in the form of additional portfolio securities, accretion of original issue discount on promissory notes and amortization of original issue premiums on promissory notes.

The following table includes significant new and follow-on investments during the year ended December 31, 2007 (in thousands):

Portfolio Company	New		Follow-On		Total
	Cash	Noncash	Cash	Noncash	
Nickent Golf, Inc	\$ 10,000	\$ 67	\$	\$	\$ 10,067
Equus Media Development Company, LLC	5,000				5,000
Riptide Entertainment LLC			3,835		3,835
Big Apple Entertainment Partners LLC	3,000				3,000
Infinia Corporation	3,000				3,000
RP&C International Investments LLC			2,009		2,009
Various others	100		525	670	1,305
	\$ 21,100	\$ 67	\$ 6,369	\$ 670	\$ 28,216

On April 3, 2007, the Fund made an investment of \$2.0 million for 13% promissory note with a maturity date of August 3, 2007 with Nickent Golf, Inc., for working capital for development and growth opportunities. On June 21, 2007, the Fund made a follow-on investment with Nickent Golf, Inc. of \$6.0 million for a 13% promissory note with a maturity date of June 20, 2011, for working capital, strategic marketing and global expansion, and received \$2.0 million in repayment of the bridge loan date April 3, 2007. On August 16, 2007, the

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Fund made a follow-on investment with Nickent Golf, Inc, of \$2.0 million in exchange for 2,000,000 Class A Preferred shares, for working capital for development and growth opportunities. *See subsequent events where the Fund made a follow-on investment of \$1.0 million.*

On January 30, 2007, the Fund invested \$5.0 million in Equus Media Development Company, LLC, a 100% wholly owned subsidiary which has a development financing agreement with Kopelson Entertainment for the purchase of creative material to be used for commercial exploitation in a variety of media including but not limited to the production of motion pictures.

On February 16, 2007, the Fund invested \$0.4 million as a follow-on investment in Riptide Entertainment, LLC in the form of an 8% promissory note. On April 14, 2007, the Fund made a follow-on investment in Riptide Entertainment, LLC of \$0.3 million for an 8% promissory note with a maturity date of April 12, 2012. Additional follow-on investments include 8% promissory notes for \$0.2 million on May 2, 2007, \$0.4 million on May 11, and \$2.6 million on June 18, all maturing in 2012. *See subsequent events where the Fund made a follow-on investment of \$1.6 million.*

On October 4, 2007, the Fund invested \$3.0 million in mezzanine debt in Big Apple Entertainment in the form of an 18% promissory note.

On June 13, 2007, the Fund made an investment of \$3.0 million in exchange for 666,667 Class A Preferred Shares in Infinia Corporation, to further the company's sales and product development programs and for company operations. *See subsequent events where the Fund made a follow-on investment of \$5.0 million.*

As of December 31, 2007, the Fund made follow-on investments on RP&C International Investments LLC (RP&C) amounting to \$2.0 million. On September 22, 2006, the Fund made its first investment in RP&C for \$0.3 million. Then in the fourth quarter of 2006, the Fund made two more investments in RP&C amounting to \$0.4 million and \$0.6 million, respectively. These investments followed an August 4, 2006 commitment agreement where, the Fund subscribed to acquire an interest in RP&C International Investments LLC (RP&C). RP&C is a fund that invests in nursing and residential care homes in Europe and the subscription commitment obligates the Fund to invest up to \$11.1 million in RP&C. *See subsequent events where the Fund received \$2.2 million from RP&C.*

Year Ended December 31, 2006

During the twelve months ended December 31, 2006, the Fund invested \$1.3 million in two new portfolio companies and made follow-on investments of \$9.8 million in nine portfolio companies, including \$1.3 million in the form of accrued interest and dividends received in the form of additional portfolio securities, accretion of original issue discount on promissory notes and amortization of original issue premiums on promissory notes.

The following table includes significant new and follow-on investments during the year ended December 31, 2006 (in thousands):

Portfolio Company	New		Follow-On		Total
	Cash	Noncash	Cash	Noncash	
Cedar Lodge Holding, Inc.	\$	\$	\$ 8,011	\$ (109)	\$ 7,902
RP&C International Investments LLC	1,296				1,296
Conglobal Industries Holding, Inc				893	893
Riptide Entertainment LLC			500		500
Various others	40		13	468	521
	\$ 1,336	\$	\$ 8,524	\$ 1,252	\$ 11,112

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On February 21, 2006, the Fund made a \$8.0 million follow-on investment to Cedar Lodge Holdings, Inc. The investment included \$0.4 million for 4,000 shares of \$100 par value share common stock and \$7.6 million for an 18% promissory note and organization costs related to the investment. For the year ended December 31, 2006, the Fund recorded \$0.1 million as amortization of premium related to its investment in the interest bearing promissory notes.

As of December 31, 2006, the Fund funded a total of three capital calls in RP&C International Investments LLC (RP&C) amounting to \$1.3 million. On September 22, 2006, the Fund made its first investment in RP&C for \$0.3 million. Then in the fourth quarter of 2006, the Fund made two more investments in RP&C amounting to \$0.4 million and \$0.6 million respectively. These investments followed an August 4, 2006 commitment agreement where, Equus subscribed to acquire an interest in RP&C International Investments LLC (RP&C). RP&C is a fund that invests in nursing and residential care homes in Europe and the subscription commitment obligates Equus to invest up to \$11.1 million in RP&C. On December 11, 2006, the Fund made a \$40,000 new investment for a 40% initial member s interest into HealthSPAC, LLC (HealthSPAC) and also made a commitment to spend up to \$5.0 million in HealthSPAC.

For the twelve months ended December 31, 2006, the Fund recorded \$0.9 million as amortization of original issue discount on the Fund s two non-interest bearing notes receivable from ConGlobal Industries, Inc. One note is through the Fund s 100% wholly-owned subsidiary, CCI-ANI Finance, LLC (CCI-ANI) and the original issue discount amounted to \$0.7 million, while the remainder of \$0.2 million was amortization of original issue discount for a receivable owed directly to the Fund from ConGlobal Industries, Inc.

On November 29, 2006, the Fund made a \$0.2 million follow-on investment for an 8% promissory note into Riptide Entertainment, LLC (Riptide) with a maturity date of November 29, 2011. On April 18, 2006, the Fund made a follow-on investment into Riptide of \$0.3 million for an 8% promissory note with a maturity date of April 18, 2011. The investment is to be used for the exclusive, worldwide license to use the trade name Dick Clark s American Bandstand in the production of live musical celebrity tribute shows.

Year Ended December 31, 2005

During the year ended December 31, 2005, the Fund invested \$5.0 million in three new portfolio companies and made follow-on investments of \$2.2 million in six portfolio companies. These follow-on investments include including \$0.9 million in accrued interest and dividends received in the form of additional portfolio securities and accretion of original issue discount on promissory notes.

The following table includes significant new and follow-on investments during the year ended December 31, 2005 (in thousands):

Portfolio Company	New		Follow-On		Total
	Cash	Noncash	Cash	Noncash	
Creekstone Florida Holdings, LLC	\$ 4,311	\$	\$	\$	\$ 4,311
Conglobal Industries Holding, Inc.			1,069	196	1,265
Riptide Entertainment LLC	565				565
Sovereign Business Forms, Inc.				395	395
Spectrum Management, LLC				224	224
Various others	132		247	95	475
	\$ 5,008	\$	\$ 1,316	\$ 910	\$ 7,235

During December 2005, the Fund invested \$4.3 million in Creekstone Florida Holdings, LLC, a company formed to invest in real estate in Panama City, Florida. The Fund s investment consists of \$4.3 million in a 17%-19.8% promissory note.

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During the year ended December 31, 2005, there was original discount accretion of \$0.2 million on the subordinated promissory note due from ConGlobal, with a face value of \$3.3 million. This accretion increased the discounted balance of the note to \$2.9 million. On June 15, 2005, the Fund invested \$1.0 million in JL Madre, LLC for a 66.7% member's interest on a 10% promissory note payable. On November 17, 2005, the Fund invested \$0.1 million in JL Madre Equipment, LLC for a 66.7% members interest in a company formed to lease equipment to ConGlobal.

On December 13, 2005, the Fund invested \$0.6 million in Riptide Entertainment LLC, which included a \$0.5 million, 8% promissory note and a 64.67% members interest of \$0.1 million. The Fund's investment in Riptide is its first in the leisure and entertainment sector. Riptide will look for investments in the Ripley's Believe It or Not entertainment centers in locations all over the world.

For the year ended December 31, 2005, the Fund received an additional 2,128 shares of preferred stock valued at \$0.2 million of Sovereign in dividends, respectively. In addition, Sovereign elected to convert \$0.2 million of accrued interest into the balance of the 15% promissory notes due to the Fund.

In January 2005, Spectrum elected to convert \$0.2 million of accrued interest into a new 12.75% promissory note due to the Fund.

Realized Gains and Losses on Sales of Portfolio Securities***Year Ended December 31, 2007***

During 2007, the Fund realized net capital gains of \$5.3 million, including the following significant transactions:

Portfolio Company	Industry	Type	Realized Gain/ (Loss)
The Drilltec Corporation	Industrial products and services	Non-affiliate	\$ 3,830
Champion Window Holdings, Inc.	Residential building products	Control	1,403
Cedar Lodge Holdings, Inc.	Real estate	Control	609
TurfGrass America Inc.	Residential building products	Affiliate	(960)
Various others			381
			\$ 5,264

Year Ended December 31, 2006

During 2006, the Fund realized net capital gains of \$19.0 million, including the following significant transactions:

Portfolio Company	Industry	Type	Realized Gain/ (Loss)
Champion Window Holdings, Inc.	Residential building products	Control	\$ 26,969
Jones Industrial Holdings, Inc.	Industrial products and services	Control	1,137
Doane PetCare Enterprises, Inc.	Consumer goods and services	Non-affiliate	1,034
Equicom, Inc.	Media	Control	(10,334)
Various others			206
			\$ 19,012

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During 2005, the Fund realized a net capital gains of \$1.2 million including the following significant transactions:

Portfolio Company	Industry	Type	Realized Gain/(Loss)
Doane PetCare Enterprises, Inc.	Consumer goods and services	Non-affiliate	1,980
EnGlobal, Inc.	Engineering and consulting services	Non-affiliate	1,890
Vanguard Ventures VII, LP	Venture funds	Non-affiliate	(1,172)
Sternhill Partners I, LP	Venture funds	Non-affiliate	(1,937)
Various others			476
			\$ 1,237

Changes in Unrealized Appreciation/Depreciation of Portfolio Securities***Year Ended December 31, 2007***

During 2007, the Fund's net unrealized appreciation on investments increased by \$7.5 million to a net unrealized appreciation position of \$16.8 million. This increase in appreciation resulted primarily from the increase in the estimated fair value of Infinia Corporation, which the Fund revalued based on a subsequent round of financing completed in early 2008. The increase in appreciation also resulted from the transfer of \$1.0 million in net unrealized depreciation to net realized depreciation in connection with the Fund's write-off of Turf Grass Holdings, Inc. These increases were partially offset by the Fund's transfer of \$2.0 million in net unrealized appreciation to net realized appreciation related to the sale of Drilltec Corporation. The Fund had additional decreases in unrealized appreciation due to decreases in fair value of four portfolio companies aggregating \$9.0 million. This change was primarily comprised of ConGlobal Industries, PalletOne, Inc, Sovereign Business Forms and Spectrum Management LLC.

Year Ended December 31, 2006

During 2006, the Fund recorded an increase in net unrealized depreciation on investments of \$4.8 million from a net unrealized appreciation position of \$14.0 million to a net unrealized appreciation position of \$9.3 million. This increase in appreciation resulted primarily from the transfer of \$27.0 million and \$1.1 million in net unrealized appreciation to net realized appreciation in connection with the Fund's investment in Champion and Jones Industrial Holdings, Inc., respectively. This increase in depreciation also resulted from the transfer of \$0.4 million and \$1.0 million in net unrealized appreciation to net realized appreciation for escrow accounts related to the disposition of Alenco Window Holdings, LLC and Doane PetCare Enterprises, Inc., respectively. These increases were partially offset by the Fund's transfer of \$10.3 million and \$0.5 million in net unrealized depreciation to net realized depreciation related to the sale of Equicom, Inc. and CMC Investment, LLC, respectively. The Fund had additional decreases in unrealized appreciation due to increases in the estimated fair value of eight of its portfolio companies aggregating \$14.1 million. This change was primarily comprised of PalletOne, Inc., The Drilltec Corporation and ConGlobal Industries, Inc. resulting from improved operating performances by these companies. We had additional increases in unrealized depreciation, which resulted from decreases in the estimated fair value of two portfolio companies, amounting to \$0.1 million.

Year Ended December 31, 2005

During 2005, the Fund's net unrealized appreciation on investments increased by \$18.6 million from a net unrealized depreciation position of \$4.6 million to net unrealized appreciation of \$14.0 million. This increase in unrealized appreciation was due to the Fund's sale of ENGlobal and Doane PetCare Enterprises, which transferred \$3.9 million of unrealized appreciation for 2004 into realized gains for 2005. This improvement was

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partially offset by the transfer of \$3.1 million in unrealized depreciation to realized capital losses from the sale of the Fund's two venture capital funds, Sternhill Partners I, L.P. and Vanguard Ventures VII, L.P. The Fund had additional increases in unrealized appreciation, which resulted from increases in the estimated fair value of eight of its portfolio companies aggregating \$22.9 million. Of this amount, Champion Window Holdings Inc. accounted for \$12.7 million, Doane PetCare Enterprises accounted for \$6.5 million and Spectrum Management LLC accounted for \$2.5 million. The Fund also had additional decreases in unrealized appreciation. These decreases resulted from decreases in the estimated fair value of six of the Fund's portfolio companies aggregating \$3.5 million, with the two largest decreases in ConGlobal Industries, Inc. accounting for \$1.4 million, and Equicom, Inc., accounting for \$1.0 million.

Portfolio Companies

During 2007, the Fund invested \$21.1 million in five new portfolio companies and made follow-on investments in seven companies, including \$0.7 million in the form of accrued interest and dividends received in the form of additional portfolio securities, accretion of original issue discount on promissory notes and amortization of original issue premiums on promissory notes. As of December 31, 2007, the Fund had active investments in the following entities or portfolio companies:

Big Apple Entertainment Partners LLC

Big Apple Entertainment Partners LLC is a franchisee of Ripley Attractions, Inc. formed to develop and operate the Ripley's Times Square Odditorium in New York City. During 2007, the Fund invested \$3.0 million in the form of a promissory note with a stated annual interest rate of 18% maturing in October 2008.

The Bradshaw Group, Inc.

The Bradshaw Group, Inc. is a resource for large volume printer users to find cost effective options for laser print equipment, service, parts and supplies. The Fund's initial investment in The Bradshaw Group consisted of 1,335,000 shares of preferred stock, a warrant to purchase 2,229,450 shares of common stock at a purchase price of \$0.01 per share which would have expired in May 2008, a promissory note in the amount of \$0.5 million with a stated annual interest rate of 15% and a promissory note in the amount of \$0.4 million which bore a stated annual interest rate equal to the prime rate (as defined therein) plus 4%. Following an October 18, 2006 decision to exchange the securities for various classes of preferred stock, the Fund's investment consists of 576,828 shares of Class B preferred stock with a 12.25% paid in-kind dividend, 38,750 shares of Class C preferred stock with no dividend rights, 788,649 shares of Class D preferred stock with a 15% paid in-kind stock dividend, 2,218,109 shares of Class E preferred stock with an 8% paid in-kind stock dividend and 2,229,450 warrants to purchase common stock at a purchase price of \$0.01 per share which expires in May 2008. This package of investments represents a fully diluted equity interest in The Bradshaw Group of 18%. Gary Forbes, a Senior Vice President of the Fund, serves on the board of directors of The Bradshaw Group.

ConGlobal Industries Holding, Inc. and Affiliates

ConGlobal Industries Holding, Inc. (ConGlobal) provides logistics and maintenance services to owners and lessees of international shipping containers. As of December 31, 2006, the Fund's investment in ConGlobal consisted of 24,397,303 shares of common stock, and a \$3.3 million subordinated promissory note. The Fund believes its investment in ConGlobal represents a fully diluted equity interest of 29.8%. During 2007, the Fund recorded a significant decline in the valuation of ConGlobal, with an increase in unrealized depreciation of \$3.3 million on its investments in ConGlobal, CCI-ANI, JLM and JLM Equipment.

In 2002, subsequent to its initial investment in ConGlobal, the Fund formed CCI-ANI Finance for the purpose of making a follow-on investment in ConGlobal by purchasing a subordinated seller note from a former owner of Container-Care International, an affiliate of ConGlobal. The Fund owned 100% of CCI-ANI Finance

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through 2005. As of December 31, 2007, the Fund valued its ownership interest in CCI-ANI Finance at \$1.8 million, which is \$1.0 million below its cost basis in the securities.

The Fund also made a \$1.0 million follow-on investment in ConGlobal in June 2005. This investment took the form of a 66.67% (67.95% at December 31, 2007) member's interest in J.L. Madre, a holding company affiliate of ConGlobal. Members of ConGlobal's management team purchased other member's interests in J.L. Madre for \$0.5 million. The Fund's \$1.0 million investment also included the purchase of a 10% senior participating note issued by J.L. Madre. This promissory note is scheduled to mature in September 2011. At December 2007 the Fund valued its investment in J.L. Madre at \$1.0 million with a cost of \$1.0 million. In December 2005, the Fund made a follow-on investment of \$0.1 million in ConGlobal through the purchase of a 28.82% member's interest in J.L. Madre Equipment, an entity formed for the purpose of leasing equipment to ConGlobal. As of December 2007, the Fund valued its investment in J.L. Madre Equipment at \$0.1 million with a cost of \$0.1 million. Gary Forbes, a Senior Vice President of the Fund, serves on the board of directors of ConGlobal. *See subsequent events where the Fund received \$0.2 million in return of capital and interest from JL Madre, which the Fund owns 67.95% of its membership interest.*

Creekstone Florida Holdings, LLC

Creekstone Florida Holdings, LLC was the Fund's first investment in the real estate market. The Fund formed this investment vehicle for the purpose of holding its investment in the Creekstone Island Reserve condominium development project, which, upon completion, is expected to include 299 condominium homes and townhomes. As of December 31, 2007, the Fund's investment in Creekstone Florida Holdings consisted of a 17% subordinated promissory note and related investment costs. Creekstone Florida Holdings has guaranteed at least two years of interest on this note. At maturity, the terms of the note provide that the Fund will receive additional interest based upon a percentage of gross revenue generated by Creekstone's Island Reserve project in excess of an agreed upon threshold, until such time as the Fund receives the greater of (1) \$0.3 million or (2) an amount which would result in the Fund receiving an effective interest rate of 19.8% on its initial loan.

Equus Media Development Company LLC

Equus Media Development Company, LLC (EMDC), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Fund, was formed by the Fund in January 2007. EMDC has a development financing agreement with Kopelson Entertainment for the purchase of creative material to be used for commercial exploitation in a variety of media platforms, including, but not limited to the production of motion pictures. As of December 31, 2007, EMDC had several projects in development and was valued at \$5.0 million. Paula Douglass, Vice President of the Fund, serves as President of EMDC.

HealthSPAC, LLC

HealthSPAC, LLC was formed to develop special purpose acquisition companies, or SPACs, focused on healthcare opportunities. HealthSPAC will identify specific industry opportunities within the healthcare sector that it believes can thrive under the SPAC financing model, with an emphasis on cash generation and opportunity for growth. The Fund has made an investment commitment of up to \$5 million. As of December 31, 2007, the Fund's investment in HealthSPAC consisted of a 40% membership interest with a value of \$40 thousand and \$0.5 million in additional capital committed. Sam P. Douglass, a Director of the Fund and Kenneth Denos, Chief Executive Officer of the Fund serve as directors of HealthSPAC.

Infinia Corporation

Infinia Corporation, based in Kennewick, WA, is a leading developer of Stirling-cycle based products and technologies. Operating without internal combustion, a Stirling engine utilizes a temperature differential to drive a piston and produce electricity. Along with other Stirling based products, Infinia is focused on commercializing

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a Stirling power system operating on concentrated solar energy for commercial and residential users. In June 2007, the Fund made an investment of \$3.0 million in exchange for 666,667 Class A Preferred Shares in Infinia Corporation, to further the company's sales and product development programs and for company operations. As of December 31, 2007, the Fund recorded a significant increase in the valuation of Infinia Corporation, with an increase in unrealized appreciation of \$17.7 million on its investments. Sharon Clayton, Co-Chairman of the Adviser, serves on the Board of Directors of Infinia Corporation. *See subsequent events, where an additional \$5.0 million follow-on investment was made to Infinia Corporation on February 11, 2008.*

Nickent Golf, Inc.

Nickent Golf, Inc. (Nickent) based in City of Industry, CA, is a market leader in the rapidly expanding, hybrid club segment of the golf industry and is an emerging leader in game-enhancement technology. Nickent's development process is driven by its dedication to advanced technologies and focus on design innovation. Nickent is the official OEM sponsor of the Golf Channel's Nationwide Tour coverage. In April 2007, the Fund made an initial investment of \$2.0 million for 13% promissory note with a maturity date of August 3, 2007 for working capital for development and growth opportunities. The Fund made a follow-on investment with Nickent Golf, Inc. of \$6.0 million for a 13% promissory note with a maturity date of June 20, 2011, for working capital, strategic marketing and global expansion, and received \$2.0 million repayment of the bridge loan dated April 3, 2007. On August 16, 2007, the Fund made a follow-on investment with Nickent Golf, Inc., of \$2.0 million in exchange for 2,000,000 Class A Preferred shares. Anthony R. Moore, a Director of the Fund and a director of the Adviser, serves on the board of directors of Nickent Golf, Inc. as its chairman. *See subsequent events, where an additional \$1.0 million follow-on investment was made to Nickent on February 26, 2008.*

PalletOne, Inc.

The Fund understands that PalletOne, Inc. (PalletOne) is the largest wooden pallet manufacturer in the United States, operating 16 facilities in eleven states. PalletOne also owns and operates a major Florida-based wood treating plant. PalletOne has a diverse customer base and competes with numerous other manufacturers on a regional basis. As of December 31, 2007, the Fund's investment in PalletOne consisted of 350,000 shares of common stock, which represent a fully diluted equity interest of approximate 21%. The investment was valued at zero as PalletOne and its industry has been impacted severely by the recession in the homebuilding industry. Gary Forbes, a Senior Vice President of the Fund, serves on the board of directors of PalletOne.

Riptide Entertainment LLC

Riptide Entertainment LLC (Riptide) was formed to develop, own and operate family entertainment properties throughout the world. As of December 31, 2007, the Fund's investment in Riptide Entertainment had a cost and value of \$4.9 million, which consisted of promissory notes having principal amounts totaling \$4.8 million and a stated annual interest rate of 8%, together with an investment of \$0.1 million in the form of a 64.67% member's interest in Riptide Entertainment. Anthony R. Moore, a Director of the Fund and Gary Forbes, a Senior Vice President of the Fund, serve as directors of Riptide. *See subsequent events, where an additional \$1.6 million follow-on investment was made to Riptide on January 8, 2008.*

RP&C International Investments LLC

On August 11, 2006, the Fund committed to invest up to \$11.1 million to acquire a 17.2% equity interest in RP&C International Investments LLC (RP&C). RP&C is an investment fund formed for the purpose of investing in mezzanine loans or preferred equity interests to be issued by nursing and residential care homes in the United Kingdom or Germany. Each eligible facility must be fully licensed, receive its cash flow directly or indirectly from governmental or government-supported sources in such jurisdictions and meet certain other operating criteria. This fund's investments in facilities are expected to have a term of one to four years, yield at least 9% per annum and benefit from a pledge of the equity in such facilities and various operating covenants and

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conditions. The Fund understands that the total commitment to RP&C from all sources will be \$60 million. As of December 31, 2007, the Fund's investment in RP&C represents an approximate 17% member's interest and consisted of a \$3.3 million loan that is scheduled to earn interest at 9% payable quarterly in arrears. Anthony R. Moore, a Director of the Fund and Kenneth Denos, Chief Executive Officer of the Fund, serve on the Investment Committee of RP&C. *See subsequent events, where on February 8, 2008 the Fund received \$2.2 million from RP&C.*

Sovereign Business Forms, Inc.

Sovereign Business Forms, Inc. (Sovereign) was founded in 1996 to participate in the consolidation of the highly fragmented, wholesale business forms industry. Today, the Fund understands that Sovereign is one of the ten largest manufacturers and wholesalers of custom business forms in the United States. Sovereign operates five manufacturing plants with a combined market reach covering much of the central and eastern United States, Texas and Louisiana. As of December 31, 2007, the Fund's investment in Sovereign consisted of 29,854 shares of preferred stock, promissory notes having an aggregate principal amount of \$5.2 million and bearing interest at an annual rate of 15%, and warrants to purchase up to 551,894, 25,070 and 273,450 shares of common stock of Sovereign at purchase prices of \$1.00, \$1.25 and \$1.00 per share, respectively. The Fund believes its investment represents a fully diluted equity interest in Sovereign of 31%. As of December 31, 2007, the Fund's investment in Sovereign comprised 5% of its total net assets. The business forms industry is mature and highly competitive. For 2007, the Fund received dividends in the form of an additional 2,542 shares of preferred stock of Sovereign, to which Sovereign ascribed a value of \$0.3 million. Gary Forbes, a Senior Vice President of the Fund, serves on Sovereign's board of directors.

Spectrum Management, LLC

Spectrum Management, LLC (Spectrum) uses proprietary electronic tracking equipment and software, and a full suite of custom services to help client organizations protect or recover high-value merchandise and cash. This equipment and software also benefits law enforcement agencies by reducing the occurrence of robberies and by assisting in the apprehension of perpetrators. As of December 31, 2007, the Fund's investment in Spectrum Management consisted of 285,000 units of Class A Members' interest, a 16% subordinated promissory note in the amount of \$1.3 million and a 16% subordinated promissory note in the amount of \$0.4 million due May 28, 2011. The Fund believes its investment in Spectrum Management represents a fully diluted equity interest of 79%. As of December 31, 2007, the Fund's investment in Spectrum Management comprised in excess of 5% of the Fund's total net assets. Spectrum Management has a diverse customer base and its competition is limited. Gary Forbes, a Senior Vice President of the Fund, serves on the board of directors of Spectrum Management.

Off Balance Sheet Arrangements

As of December 31, 2007 and 2006, the Fund did not have any off-balance sheet liabilities that are reasonably likely to have a current or future material effect on the Fund's financial condition, other than the investment advisory and management agreement and the administration agreement, which are described below.

Contractual Obligations

The Fund has entered into five contracts under which it expects to have material future commitments, the Advisory Agreement between the Fund and the Adviser, pursuant to which the Adviser has agreed to serve as the Fund's investment advisor; and the Administration Agreement between the Fund and the Administrator, pursuant to which the Administrator has agreed to furnish the Fund with the facilities and administrative services necessary to conduct the Fund's day-to-day operations and to provide managerial assistance on its behalf to portfolio companies to which the Fund is required to provide such assistance. See [Portfolio Companies](#). For a discussion of the material terms of the Advisory Agreement and the Administration Agreement, see [Overview](#), [Expenses](#) and [Advisory and Administration Fees](#).

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The remaining three commitments as of December 31, 2007 relate to the Fund's portfolio company investments and are summarized as follow (in thousands):

Portfolio Company	Original Commitment	Remaining Commitment
RP&C International Investments LLC	\$ 11,100	\$ 7,795
Riptide Entertainment, LLC	10,000	5,100
HealthSPAC, LLC	5,000	4,435
		\$ 17,330

Each of these contracts may be terminated by either party without penalty upon not more than 60 days' written notice to the other.

Dividends

The Fund declared four dividends in 2007 totaling \$0.50 per share. The 2007 dividends were 100% qualifying and classified as capital gain distributions. The Fund declared two dividends in 2006 totaling \$2.625 per share. The 2006 dividends were 100% qualifying with \$1.769 per share classified as ordinary income dividends and \$0.856 per share classified as a capital gain distribution. The Fund did not declare any dividends for 2005.

Common Stock Repurchases

There were no common stock repurchases in 2007 or 2006.

Subsequent Events

On January 4, 2008, the U.S. Treasury Bills for \$30.0 million matured and the Fund repaid its year-end margin loan.

On January 8, 2008, the Fund invested an additional \$1.6 million as a follow-on investment in Riptide Entertainment, LLC in the form of an 8% promissory note. This investment is expected to fund the Ripley's Believe It or Not museum franchise location in London, UK.

On January 17, 2008, the Fund received \$0.1 million from the dissolution of Equus Media Finance Company, LLC.

On January 17, 2008, the Fund invested \$3.0 million in 1848 Capital Partners, LLC, an entertainment company.

On February 8, 2008, the Fund received \$0.2 million from J.L. Madre, LLC in the form of return of capital and interest.

On February 8, 2008, the Fund received \$2.2 million from RP&C Investment International, LLC the form of return of capital, realized capital gain and interest based on the refinancing of one of its properties.

On February 11, 2008, the Fund invested \$5.0 million in Infinia Corporation, as a follow-on investment in the form of preferred stock.

On February 26, 2008, the Fund invested \$1.0 million in Nickent Golf, Inc., as a follow-on investment in the form of preferred stock.

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On February 19, 2008, the Fund revised its managed distribution policy to pay 10% of the Fund's market value based, based on the 2007 year-end closing price of \$6.31 and announced the declaration of a first quarter dividend of \$0.158 per share accordingly. This dividend is payable on March 31, 2008 to shareholders of record as of February 29, 2008. The dividend will be payable in shares of common stock or in cash by specific election of the shareholders, and such election must be made by March 24, 2008. The classification of this dividend as between ordinary income, capital gain and return of capital will not be known until December 31, 2008, since any purchase or sale of a portfolio company during the remainder of the year will affect the classification.

Item 7A. *Quantitative and Qualitative Information About Market Risk*

The Fund is subject to financial market risks, including changes in interest rates with respect to investments in debt securities and outstanding debt payable, as well as changes in marketable equity security prices. In the future, the Fund may invest in companies outside the United States, including in Europe and Asia, which would give rise to exposure to foreign currency value fluctuations. The Fund does not use derivative financial instruments to mitigate any of these risks. The return on investments is generally not affected by foreign currency fluctuations.

The Fund's investments in portfolio securities consist of some fixed-rate debt securities. Since the debt securities are generally priced at a fixed rate, changes in interest rates do not directly affect interest income. In addition, changes in market interest rates are not typically a significant factor in the determination of fair value of these debt securities, since the securities are generally held to maturity. The Fund determines their fair values based on the terms of the relevant debt security and the financial condition of the issuer.

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Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data

Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

To the Board of Directors and

Stockholders of Equus Total Return, Inc. (formerly Equus II Incorporated):

We have audited the accompanying balance sheets of Equus Total Return, Inc. (a Delaware corporation), including the schedules of portfolio securities, as of December 31, 2007 and 2006, and the related statements of operations, changes in net assets and cash flows for each of the three years ended December 31, 2007, and the selected per share data and ratios for each of the three years ended December 31, 2007. These financial statements and selected per share data and ratios are the responsibility of the management of Equus Total Return, Inc. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements and selected per share data and ratios based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

We were not engaged to examine management's assertion about the effectiveness of Equus Total Return, Inc.'s internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2007 included in the accompanying Management's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion thereon.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Equus Total Return, Inc. as of December 31, 2007 and 2006, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for each of the three years ended December 31, 2007, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As discussed in Note 3, the financial statements include investments in portfolio securities valued at (in thousands) \$72,102 and \$42,627 (69.9% and 45.8% of net assets) as of December 31, 2007 and 2006, respectively, whose values have been estimated by the Adviser and approved by the Board of Directors of Equus Total Return, Inc. in the absence of readily ascertainable market values. Those estimated values may differ materially from the values that would have been used had a ready market for the securities existed.

/s/ UHY LLP
UHY LLP
Houston, Texas

March 31, 2008

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Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

To the Board of Directors and Stockholders of

Equus Total Return, Inc. (formerly Equus II Incorporated):

In our opinion, the accompanying selected per share data and ratios present fairly, in all material respects, the financial highlights of Equus Total Return, Inc. (formerly Equus II, Incorporated) (a Delaware corporation) for each of the two years in the period ended December 31, 2004 in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. These selected per share data and ratios are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these selected per share data and ratios based on our audit. We conducted our audit of these selected per share data and ratios in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the selected per share data and ratios are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

/s/ PRICEWATERHOUSECOOPERS LLP
PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP
Houston, TX

March 21, 2005

Table of Contents**Index to Financial Statements****EQUUS TOTAL RETURN, INC.****BALANCE SHEETS****DECEMBER 31, 2007 AND 2006**

(in thousands, except per share amounts)	2007	2006
ASSETS		
Investments in portfolio securities at fair value (cost \$55,283 and \$33,335 respectively)	\$ 72,102	\$ 42,627
Restricted cash & temporary investments, at cost which approximates fair value	30,296	30,278
Cash	28	171
Temporary cash investments, at cost which approximates fair value	30,912	51,328
Accounts receivable	107	147
Accrued interest and dividends receivable due from portfolio companies	1,023	528
Deferred offering costs		584
Escrowed receivables, at fair value	262	203
Total assets	\$ 134,730	\$ 125,866
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS		
Liabilities:		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 108	\$ 229
Due to adviser	1,410	2,422
Borrowing under margin account	29,996	29,979
Total liabilities	31,514	32,630
Commitments and contingencies		
Net assets:		
Preferred stock, \$0.001 par value, 5,000 shares authorized, no shares outstanding		
Common stock, \$0.001 par value, 50,000 shares authorized, 8,401 and 8,164 shares outstanding, respectively	8	8
Additional paid-in capital	89,021	87,184
Undistributed net investment losses	(3,772)	(3,248)
Undistributed net capital gains	1,141	
Unrealized appreciation of portfolio securities, net	16,818	9,292
Total net assets	\$ 103,216	\$ 93,236
Net assets per share	\$ 12.29	\$ 11.42

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Table of Contents**Index to Financial Statements****EQUUS TOTAL RETURN, INC.****STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS****FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007, 2006 AND 2005**

(in thousands, except per share amounts)	2007	2006	2005
Investment income:			
Interest income from portfolio securities	\$ 2,857	\$ 3,647	\$ 1,390
Dividend income from portfolio securities	254	547	632
Interest from temporary cash investments	1,746	1,822	505
Other income			3
Total investment income	4,857	6,016	2,530
Expenses:			
Management fee	1,730	1,752	1,714
Incentive fee	903	1,956	675
Director fees and expenses	381	441	386
Professional fees	860	1,020	960
Administrative fees	450	450	250
Mailing, printing and other expenses	261	227	239
Interest expense	83	157	141
Compensation expense			553
Franchise taxes	103	115	211
Special administrative fee			535
Offering costs	609		
Total expenses	5,380	6,118	5,664
Net investment loss	(523)	(102)	(3,134)
Net realized gain on portfolio securities	5,264	19,012	1,237
Net unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of portfolio securities:			
End of year	16,818	9,292	14,043
Beginning of year	9,292	14,043	(4,574)
Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of portfolio securities	7,526	(4,751)	18,617
Net increase in net assets resulting from operations	\$ 12,267	\$ 14,159	\$ 16,720
Net increase in net assets resulting from operations per share:			
Basic and diluted	\$ 1.49	\$ 1.78	\$ 2.41
Weighted average shares outstanding			
Basic and diluted	8,251	7,949	6,948

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Table of Contents**Index to Financial Statements****EQUUS TOTAL RETURN, INC.****STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS****FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007, 2006 AND 2005**

(in thousands, except per share amounts)	2007	2006	2005
Operations:			
Net investment loss	\$ (523)	\$ (102)	\$ (3,134)
Net realized gain on portfolio securities	5,264	19,012	1,237
Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of portfolio securities	7,526	(4,751)	18,617
Net increase in net assets resulting from operations	12,267	14,159	16,720
Capital share transactions:			
Non-cash compensation expense			565
Increase from officers' notes settlement			23
Dividends declared	(4,123)	(19,455)	
Shares issued in dividend	1,836	5,929	
Options exercised by directors and officers			6,695
Increase (decrease) in net assets from capital share transactions	(2,287)	(13,526)	7,283
Increase in net assets	9,980	633	24,003
Net assets at beginning of year	93,236	92,603	68,600
Net assets at end of year	\$ 103,216	\$ 93,236	\$ 92,603

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Table of Contents**Index to Financial Statements****EQUUS TOTAL RETURN, INC.****STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS****FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007, 2006 AND 2005**

(in thousands, except per share amounts)	2007	2006	2005
Cash flows from operating activities:			
Interest and dividends received	\$ 3,625	\$ 4,739	\$ 1,614
Cash paid to adviser, directors, banks and suppliers	(5,924)	(5,000)	(4,117)
Purchase of portfolio securities	(27,469)	(9,860)	(6,324)
Proceeds from dispositions of portfolio securities	6,823	44,029	10,958
Principal payments from portfolio securities	4,697	5,856	70
(Purchases) sales of restricted temporary cash investments	(18)	20,166	(26,227)
Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities	(18,265)	59,930	(24,026)
Cash flows from financing activities:			
Borrowings under margin account	89,957	129,868	192,850
Repayments under margin account	(89,940)	(149,835)	(166,883)
Dividends paid	(2,287)	(13,526)	(1,589)
Exercise of stock options			6,694
Cash paid for deferred costs	(25)	(584)	
Payments received on officer notes			24
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	(2,294)	(34,077)	31,096
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(20,559)	25,853	7,070
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	51,499	25,645	18,575
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ 30,940	\$ 51,499	\$ 25,645
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:			
Interest paid during the year	\$ 74	\$ 126	\$ 95
Taxes paid during the year	\$ 84	\$ 115	\$ 211

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Table of Contents**Index to Financial Statements****EQUUS TOTAL RETURN, INC.****STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Continued)****FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007, 2006 AND 2005**

	2007	2006	2005
Reconciliation of increase in net assets from operations to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:			
Net increase in net assets resulting from operations	\$ 12,267	\$ 14,159	\$ 16,720
Adjustments to reconcile increase in net assets from operations to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:			
Gain realized on dispositions of portfolio securities, net	(5,264)	(19,012)	(1,237)
(Increase) decrease in unrealized appreciation, net	(7,526)	4,751	(18,617)
Increase in accrued interest receivable due from portfolio companies	(495)	(26)	(61)
Increase in escrowed receivables	(59)		
Decrease in deferred offering costs	609		
Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable and other	40	(97)	55
Accrued interest or dividends exchanged for portfolio securities	(737)	(1,252)	(910)
Non-cash compensation expense			553
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(121)	(69)	199
Increase (decrease) in due to adviser	(1,012)	1,285	795
Purchase of portfolio securities	(27,469)	(9,860)	(6,324)
Proceeds from dispositions of portfolio securities	6,823	44,029	10,958
Principal payments from portfolio securities	4,697	5,856	70
(Purchases) sales of restricted temporary cash investments	(18)	20,166	(26,227)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ (18,265)	\$ 59,930	\$ (24,026)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Table of Contents**Index to Financial Statements****EQUUS TOTAL RETURN, INC.****SELECTED PER SHARE DATA AND RATIOS****FOR THE FIVE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007**

	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003
Selected per share data:					
Investment income	\$ 0.59	\$ 0.76	\$ 0.36	\$ 0.96	\$ 1.15
Expenses	0.65	0.77	0.81	0.39	0.60
Net investment (loss) income (1)	(0.06)(1)	(0.01)	(0.45)	0.57	0.55
Net realized gain (loss) on portfolio securities	0.64	2.39	0.18	(0.84)	(0.88)
Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of portfolio securities	0.91	(0.60)	2.68	0.46	(0.35)
Net increase (decrease) in net assets resulting from operations	1.49	1.78	2.41	0.19	(0.68)
Capital transactions:					
Officers' notes settlement				0.10	
Dividends declared	(0.50)	(2.63)		(0.57)	(0.72)
Repurchase of common stock				0.18	
Dilutive effect of shares issued in common stock dividend and options	(0.12)	(0.28)	(0.40)	(0.17)	(0.14)
Net decrease in assets from capital transactions	(0.62)	(2.91)	(0.40)	(0.46)	(0.86)
Net increase (decrease) in net assets	0.87	(1.13)	2.01	(0.27)	(1.54)
Net asset value at beginning of year	11.42	12.55	10.54	10.81	12.35
Net asset value at end of year	\$ 12.29	\$ 11.42	\$ 12.55	\$ 10.54	\$ 10.81
Weighted average number of shares outstanding during year (in thousands)					
	8,251	7,949	6,948	6,462	6,244
Market value per share at end of year	\$ 6.31	\$ 8.54	\$ 8.93	\$ 7.71	\$ 8.05
Selected ratios:					
Ratio of total operating expenses to average net assets	5.48%	6.58%	7.03%	3.55%	5.07%
Ratio of net investment (loss) income to average net assets	(0.53)%	(0.11)%	(3.89)%	5.29%	4.58%
Ratio of net increase (decrease) in net assets resulting from operations to average net assets	12.49%	15.24%	20.74%	1.76%	(5.75)%
Total Return	(20.26)%	25.03%	15.82%	2.90%	21.23%

- (1) Net investment loss of (\$0.06) is calculated as the net investment loss of (\$0.5 million divided by the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year of 8,251,000).

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

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EQUUS TOTAL RETURN, INC.
SCHEDULE OF PORTFOLIO SECURITIES
DECEMBER 31, 2007

Name and Location of Portfolio Company	Industry	Date of Initial Investment	Type of Securities	Principal	Cost of Investment	Fair Value(3)
				<i>(amounts in thousands)</i>		
Control Investments: Majority-owned(7):						
Creekstone Florida Holdings, LLC Houston, TX	Real estate	December 2005(4)	17-19.8% subordinated promissory note(1)	\$4,000	\$ 4,166	\$ 4,166
Equus Media Development Company, LLC Houston, TX	Media	January 2007(4)	Member Interest (100%)		5,000	5,000
Riptide Entertainment, LLC Miami, FL	Entertainment and leisure	December 2005(4)	Member interest (64.67%)		65	65
Spectrum Management, LLC Carrollton, TX	Business products and services	December 1999	8% promissory notes 285,000 units of Class A equity interest	4,835	4,835	4,835
			16% subordinated promissory note(1)(2)	1,304	1,304	1,304
			12.75% subordinated promissory note(2)	386	386	386
Total Control Investments: Majority-owned (represents 33% of total investments at fair value)					\$18,606	\$24,137
Control Investments: Non-majority-owned(6):						
ConGlobal Industries Holding, Inc. Houston, TX	Shipping products and services	February 1997	24,397,303 shares of common stock		1,370	
			Promissory note(2)	3,266	3,266	2,153
			Member interest in CCI-ANI Finance, LLC(2)		2,734	1,803
			Member interest (66.7%) in JL Madre, LLC(1)		1,000	1,035
			Member interest (28.3%) in JL Madre(1) Equipment, LLC		69	119
HealthSPAC, LLC El Segundo, CA	Healthcare	December 2006(4)	Member interest (40%)		565	565
Total Control Investments: Non-majority-owned (represents 8% of total investments at fair value)					\$ 9,004	\$ 5,675

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Total Control Investments: (represents 41% of total investments at fair value)

\$27,610 \$29,812

Affiliate Investments(5):

Infinia Corporation	Alternative energy	June 2007(4)	666,667 Class A Shares Preferred Stock	3,000	20,740
Kennewick, WA					
Nickent Golf, Inc.	Entertainment and leisure	June 2007(4)	13% Promissory Note	6,066	6,066
City of Industry, CA					
2,000,000 shares Class A Convertible Preferred Stock Warrants to buy 463,917 shares of common stock at \$0.97 per share through August 4, 2009, warrant terms subject to change				2,000	2,000
PalletOne, Inc.	Shipping products and services	October 2001	350,000 shares of common stock	350	
South Bartow, FL					
RP&C International Investments LLC New York, NY	Healthcare	September 2006(4)	Membership Interest (17.2%)	3,305	3,305
Total Affiliate Investments (represents 45% of total investments at fair value)				\$14,721	\$32,111

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EQUUS TOTAL RETURN, INC.

SCHEDULE OF PORTFOLIO SECURITIES (Continued)

DECEMBER 31, 2007

Name and Location of Portfolio Company	Industry	Date of Initial Investment	Type of Securities	Principal	Cost of Investment	Fair Value(3)
<i>(amounts in thousands)</i>						
Non-Affiliate Investments (less than 5% owned)						
Big Apple Entertainment Partners LLC New York, NY	Entertainment and leisure	October 2007(4)	Promissory note(1)	\$3,000	\$ 3,000	\$ 3,000
The Bradshaw Group Richardson, TX	Business products and services	May 2000	576,828 Class B Shares 12.25% preferred stock		1,795	485
			38,750 Class C shares preferred stock			
			788,649 Class D shares 15% preferred stock			
			2,218,109 Class E shares 8% preferred stock			
			Warrant to buy 2,229,450 shares of common stock through May 2008			
Sovereign Business Forms, Inc. Houston, TX	Business products and services	August 1996	29,854 shares of preferred stock(1)(2)		2,985	1,522
			15% promissory notes(1)(2)	5,172	5,172	5,172
			Warrant to buy 551,894 shares of common stock at \$1 per share through Aug 2008			
			Warrant to buy 25,070 shares of common stock at \$1.25 per share through Aug 2008			
			Warrant to buy 273,450 shares of common stock at \$1 per share through Oct 2009			
Total Non-Affiliate Investments (represents 14% of total investments at fair value)					\$12,952	\$10,179
Total Investments					\$55,283	\$72,102

(1) Income-producing. All other securities are considered non-income producing.

(2) Income on these securities is paid-in-kind by the issuance of additional securities or through accretion of original issue discount.

(3) See Business Valuation.

(4) Investments subsequent to June 30, 2005 were selected, and are managed, by the Adviser.

(5) Affiliate investments are generally defined under the Investment Company Act of 1940 as companies in which the Fund owns at least 5% but not more than 25% voting securities of the company.

(6) Non-majority owned control investments are generally defined under the Investment Company Act of 1940 as companies in which the Fund owns more than 25% but not more than 50% of the voting securities of the company.

(7) Majority owned investments are generally defined under the Investment Company Act of 1940 as companies in which the Fund owns more than 50% of the voting securities of the company.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Table of Contents**Index to Financial Statements****EQUUS TOTAL RETURN, INC.****SCHEDULE OF PORTFOLIO SECURITIES (Continued)****DECEMBER 31, 2007**

Substantially all of the Fund's portfolio securities are restricted from public sale without prior registration under the Securities Act of 1933. The Fund negotiates certain aspects of the method and timing of the disposition of the Fund's investment in each portfolio company, including registration rights and related costs.

As defined in the Investment Company Act of 1940, during the year ended December 31, 2007, the Fund was considered to have a controlling interest in ConGlobal Industries, Inc., Creekstone Florida Holdings, LLC, Equus Media Development Company, LLC, HealthSPAC, LLC, PalletOne, Inc., Sovereign Business Forms, Inc., Spectrum Management, LLC, and Riptide Entertainment, LLC.

Income was earned in the amount of \$2.2 million, \$4.2 million, and \$2.0 million for the years December 31, 2007, 2006 and 2005, respectively, on portfolio securities of companies in which the Fund has a controlling interest. Income was earned in the amount of \$0.3 million, \$15,000 and \$17,000 for the years ended December 31, 2007, 2006 and 2005, respectively, on portfolio securities of companies that are affiliates of the Fund but are not controlled by the Fund.

As defined in the Investment Company Act of 1940, all of the Fund's investments are in eligible portfolio companies. The Fund provides significant managerial assistance to all of the portfolio companies in which it has invested. The Fund provides significant managerial assistance to portfolio companies that comprise 96% of the total value of the investments in portfolio companies as of December 31, 2007.

The investments in portfolio securities held by the Fund are becoming more geographically diversified. Many of the Fund's portfolio companies (except ConGlobal Industries, Inc., PalletOne, Inc., Riptide Entertainment LLC, RP&C International Investments LLC and HealthSPAC, LLC) are headquartered in Texas, although several have significant operations in other states.

The Fund's investments in portfolio securities consist of the following types of securities at December 31, 2007 (in thousands):

Type of Securities	Cost	Fair Value	Fair Value as Percentage of Net Assets
Secured and subordinated debt	\$ 28,195	\$ 27,083	26.3%
Preferred stock	9,780	24,747	24.0%
Limited liability company	12,738	11,891	11.5%
Common stock	4,570	8,381	8.1%
Options and warrants			0.0%
Total	\$ 55,283	\$ 72,102	69.9%

Three notes receivable included in secured and subordinated debt with an estimated fair value of \$6.8 million provide that interest is paid in kind or that the original issue discount is accreted over the life of the notes, by adding such amount to the principal of the notes. In addition, cash payments of interest are being made currently on notes aggregating \$13.2 million in fair value.

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EQUUS TOTAL RETURN, INC.
SCHEDULE OF PORTFOLIO SECURITIES (Continued)
DECEMBER 31, 2007

The following is a summary by industry of the Fund's investments as of December 31, 2007 (in thousands):

Industry	Fair Value	Fair Value as Percentage of Net Assets
Alternative energy	\$ 20,740	20.1%
Business products and services	17,250	16.7%
Entertainment and leisure	15,966	15.5%
Shipping products and services	5,110	5.0%
Media	5,000	4.8%
Real estate	4,166	4.0%
Healthcare	3,870	3.7%
 Total	 \$ 72,102	 69.9%

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

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EQUUS TOTAL RETURN, INC.

SCHEDULE OF PORTFOLIO SECURITIES

DECEMBER 31, 2006

Name and Location of Portfolio Company	Industry	Date of Initial Investment	Type of Securities	Cost of Principal Investment (amounts in thousands)	Fair Value(3)
Control Investments: Majority-owned(8):					
Cedar Lodge Holding, Inc.	Real estate	December 2005(4)	5,000 shares @ \$100/sh of common stock	\$ 500	\$ 629
Houston, TX					
Creekstone Florida Holdings, LLC	Real estate	December 2005(4)	18% -19.8% promissory note(1) 17-19.8% subordinated promissory note(1)	\$ 1,731 4,223	1,731 4,223
Houston, TX					
Riptide Entertainment, LLC	Entertainment and leisure	December 2005(4)	Member interest (64.67%)	65	65
New York, NY					
Spectrum Management, LLC	Business products and services	December 1999	8% promissory notes 285,000 units of Class A equity interest	1,000 2,850	1,000 8,650
Carrollton, TX					
			16% subordinated promissory note(1)(2) 12.75% subordinated promissory note(2)	1,304 386	1,304 386
Turf Grass Holdings, Inc.	Residential building products	May 1999	1,000 shares of common stock	960	
Houston, TX					
Total Control Investments: Majority-owned (represents 43% of total investments at fair value)				\$13,019	\$18,102
Control Investments: Non-majority-owned(7):					
ConGlobal Industries Holding, Inc.	Shipping products and services	February 1997	24,397,303 shares of common stock	1,370	500
Inc.					
			Promissory note(2)	3,117	3,117
			Member interest in CCI-ANI Finance, LLC(2)	2,610	2,610
			Member interest (66.7%) in JL Madre, LLC(1)	1,000	1,034
			Member interest (28.3%) in JL Madre(1)	69	117
			Equipment, LLC		
HealthSpac, LLC	Healthcare	December 2006(4)	Member interest (40%)	40	40
El Segundo, CA					
Total Control Investments: Non-majority-owned (represents 17% of total investments at fair value)				\$ 8,206	\$ 7,418

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Total Control Investments: (represents 60% of total investments at fair value)				\$21,225	\$25,520
Affiliate Investments(6):					
PalletOne, Inc.	Shipping products and services	October 2001	350,000 shares of common stock	350	4,500
South Bartow, FL					
RP&C International Investments LLC New York, NY	Healthcare	September 2006(4)	Membership Interest (17.2%)	1,296	1,296
Total Affiliate Investments (represents 13% of total investments at fair value)				\$ 1,646	\$ 5,796

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EQUUS TOTAL RETURN, INC.

SCHEDULE OF PORTFOLIO SECURITIES (Continued)

DECEMBER 31, 2006

Name and Location of Portfolio Company	Industry	Date of Initial Investment	Type of Securities	Principal	Cost of Investment (amounts in thousands)	Fair Value(3)
Non-Affiliate Investments (less than 5% owned):						
Alenco Window Holdings, LLC Houston, TX	Residential building products	February 2001	32.25% membership interest (escrow)		\$	\$ 92
The Bradshaw Group Richardson, TX	Business products and services	May 2000	576,828 Class B Shares 12.25% preferred stock 38,750 Class C shares preferred stock 788,649 Class D shares 15% preferred stock 2,218,109 Class E shares 8% preferred stock Warrant to buy 2,229,450 shares of common stock through May 2008		1,795	250
The Drilltec Corporation Houston, TX	Industrial products and services	August 1998	Prime plus 9.75% promissory note(2)	\$1,000	1,000	3,000
Sovereign Business Forms, Inc. Houston, TX	Business products and services	August 1996	27,312 shares of preferred stock(1)(2) 15% promissory notes(1)(2) Warrant to buy 551,894 shares of common stock at \$1 per share through Aug 2006 Warrant to buy 25,070 shares of common stock at \$1.25 per share through Oct 2007 Warrant to buy 273,450 shares of common stock at \$1 per share through Oct 2009		2,731	2,731
Total Non-Affiliate Investments (represents 27% of total investments at fair value)					\$ 10,464	\$ 11,311
Total Investments					\$ 33,335	\$ 42,627

(1) Income-producing. All other securities are considered non-income producing.

(2) Income on these securities is paid-in-kind by the issuance of additional securities or through accretion of original issue discount.

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- (3) See Business Valuation.
- (4) Investments subsequent to June 30, 2005 were selected, and are managed, by the Adviser.
- (5) Investments disposed of prior to December 31, 2006. Included in this table due to assets related to these investments in the form of cash, escrowed assets, options or other equity interests retained by the Fund as of December 31, 2006.
- (6) Affiliate investments are generally defined under the Investment Company Act of 1940 as companies in which the Fund owns at least 5% but not more than 25% voting securities of the company.
- (7) Non-majority owned control investments are generally defined under the Investment Company Act of 1940 as companies in which the Fund owns more than 25% but not more than 50% of the voting securities of the company.
- (8) Majority owned investments are generally defined under the Investment Company Act of 1940 as companies in which the Fund owns more than 50% of the voting securities of the company.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

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The Fund's investments in portfolio securities consist of the following types of securities as of December 31, 2006 (in thousands):

Type of Securities	Cost	Fair Value	Fair Value as Percentage of Net Assets
Secured and subordinated debt	\$ 17,476	\$ 19,591	21.1%
Limited liability company	8,153	14,126	15.2%
Common stock	3,180	5,629	6.0%
Preferred stock	4,526	2,981	3.2%
Options and warrants		300	0.3%
Total	\$ 33,335	\$ 42,627	45.8%

Three notes receivable included in secured and subordinated debt with an estimated fair value of \$6.1 million provide that interest is paid in kind or that the original issue discount is accreted over the life of the notes, by adding such amount to the principal of the notes. In addition, cash payments of interest are being made currently on notes aggregating \$13.3 million in fair value.

The following is a summary by industry of the Fund's investments as of December 31, 2006 (in thousands):

Industry	Fair Value	Fair Value as Percentage of Net Assets
Business products and services	\$ 18,559	20.1%
Shipping products and services	11,878	12.7%
Real estate	6,697	7.2%
Industrial products and services	3,000	3.2%
Healthcare	1,336	1.4%
Entertainment and leisure	1,065	1.1%
Residential building products	92	0.1%
Total	\$ 42,627	45.8%

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

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EQUUS TOTAL RETURN, INC.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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(1) ORGANIZATION AND BUSINESS PURPOSE

Equus Total Return, Inc. (the Fund, EQS), formerly Equus II Incorporated, a Delaware corporation, was formed by Equus Investments II, L.P. (the Partnership) on August 16, 1991. On July 1, 1992, the Partnership was reorganized and all of the assets and liabilities of the Partnership were transferred to the Fund in exchange for shares of common stock of the Fund. The shares of the Fund trade on the New York Stock Exchange under the symbol EQS. On August 11, 2006, shareholders of the Fund approved the change of the Fund's investment strategy to a total return investment objective. This new strategy seeks to provide the highest total return, consisting of capital appreciation and current income. In connection with this strategic investment change, the shareholders also approved the change of name from Equus II Incorporated to Equus Total Return, Inc.

The Fund seeks to achieve capital appreciation by making investments in equity and equity-oriented securities issued by privately-owned companies in transactions negotiated directly with such companies. The Fund seeks to invest primarily in companies which intend to grow either by acquiring other businesses, including leveraged buyouts, or internally. The Fund may also invest in recapitalizations of existing businesses or special situations from time to time. The Fund's investments in portfolio companies consist principally of equity securities such as common and preferred stock, but also include other equity-oriented securities such as debt convertible into common or preferred stock or debt combined with warrants, options or other rights to acquire common or preferred stock. The Fund elected to be treated as a business development company under the Investment Company Act of 1940 (1940 Act). For tax purposes, the Fund has elected to be treated as a regulated investment company (RIC). With shareholder approval on June 30, 2005, the Fund has entered into a new investment advisory agreement with Moore Clayton Capital Advisors, Inc. (the Adviser). Prior to this agreement, the Fund's adviser was Equus Capital Management Corporation.

The Fund elected to retain the Adviser in part to provide the Fund with enhanced investment opportunities in both the United States and internationally. Effective August 11, 2006, the Fund began to employ a total return investment style. The total return style combines both growth and income investments and is intended to strike a balance between the potential for gain and the risk of loss. In the growth category, the Fund is a growth-at-reasonable-price investor. The Fund invests primarily in privately owned companies and is open to virtually any potential growth investment in the privately owned arena. However, the Fund's primary aim is to identify and acquire only those equity securities that meet its criteria for selling at reasonable prices. The income investments made by the Fund consist principally of purchasing debt financing with the objective of generating regular interest income back to the fund as well as long-term capital appreciation through the exercise and sale of warrants received in connection with the financing.

The Fund has decided to further the total return investment objective, with authorization from the Board of Directors (which includes all of the Fund's independent directors) and approval of a majority of the shareholders, by amending the Fund's Restated Certificate of Incorporation to change the name of the Fund from Equus II Incorporated to Equus Total Return, Inc. This proposal was approved by a majority of the shareholders on August 11, 2006.

(2) LIQUIDITY AND FINANCING ARRANGEMENTS

Liquidity and Revolving Line of Credit As of December 31, 2007, the Fund had cash and temporary cash investments of \$30.9 million. The Fund had \$72.1 million of its total assets of \$134.7 million invested in portfolio securities. \$30.3 million of its assets were restricted, where \$30.0 million were invested in U.S. Treasury Bills for the purpose of satisfying the diversification requirement to maintain the Fund's pass-through tax treatment and \$0.3 million for the required 1% brokerage deposit. These securities are held by a securities

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DECEMBER 31, 2007, 2006 AND 2005

brokerage firm and are pledged along with cash to secure the payment of the margin account balance. The U.S. Treasury bills were sold and the margin loan was repaid to the brokerage firm on January 3, 2008.

As of December 31, 2006, the Fund had cash and temporary cash investments of \$51.5 million. The Fund had \$42.6 million of its total assets of \$125.9 million invested in portfolio securities. \$30.3 million of its assets were restricted, where \$30.0 million were invested in U.S. Treasury Bills for the purpose of satisfying the diversification requirement to maintain the Fund's pass-through tax treatment and \$0.3 million for the required 1% brokerage margin deposit.

These securities are held by a securities brokerage firm and are pledged along with cash to secure the payment of the margin account balance. The U.S. Treasury bills were sold and the margin loan was repaid to the brokerage firm on January 4, 2007.

On August 18, 2006, the Fund entered into a \$10.0 million revolving line of credit agreement (the Credit Facility) with Regions Bank. The Fund can borrow up to \$10.0 million under the Credit Facility, subject to a borrowing base equal to 20% of the value of the Fund's eligible portfolio assets. The Credit Facility bears a floating interest rate of either LIBOR plus 2.5% or the prime rate, at the Fund's discretion. The Credit Facility is secured by substantially all of the Fund's portfolio assets and securities and contains certain restrictive covenants, including, but not limited to, the maintenance of certain financial ratios and certain limitations on indebtedness, liens, sales of assets, mergers and transactions with affiliates. To date, the Fund has not borrowed any amounts under the Credit Facility. The Fund is currently considering other financing arrangements and has not renewed the expired Credit Facility.

During the years ended December 31, 2007, 2006 and 2005, the amount of interest and loan fees paid in cash was \$0.1 million, \$0.2 million, \$0.1 million, respectively.

As of December 31, 2007, the Fund had total commitments of \$17.3 million with \$7.8 million, \$4.4 million committed to RP&C and HealthSPAC, respectively, which are both in the healthcare sector. Another \$5.1 million commitment was made to Riptide Entertainment, LLC.

RIC Borrowings and Restricted Temporary Cash Investments During 2007 and 2006, the Fund borrowed sufficient funds to maintain the Fund's RIC status by utilizing a margin account with a securities brokerage firm. There is no assurance that such arrangement will be available in the future. If the Fund is unable to borrow funds to make qualifying investments, it may no longer qualify as a RIC. The Fund would then be subject to corporate income tax on the Fund's net investment income and realized capital gains, and distributions to stockholders would be subject to income tax as ordinary dividends. Failure to continue to qualify as a RIC could be material to us and the Fund's stockholders.

At December 31, 2007, the Fund borrowed \$30.0 million to make qualifying investments to maintain its RIC status by utilizing a margin account with a securities brokerage firm. The Fund collateralized such borrowings with restricted cash and temporary investments in U.S. Treasury bills of \$30.3 million. The U.S. Treasury bills matured and the total amount borrowed was repaid on January 3, 2008.

At December 31, 2006, the Fund borrowed \$30.0 million to make qualifying investments to maintain its RIC status by utilizing a margin account with a securities brokerage firm. The Fund collateralized such borrowings with restricted cash and temporary investments in U.S. Treasury bills of \$30.3 million. The U.S. Treasury bills were sold and the total amount borrowed was repaid on January 4, 2007.

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EQUUS TOTAL RETURN, INC.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

DECEMBER 31, 2007, 2006 AND 2005

(3) SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The following is a summary of significant accounting policies followed by the Fund in the preparation of its financial statements:

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Valuation of Investments Portfolio investments are carried at fair value with the net change in unrealized appreciation or depreciation included in the determination of net assets. Valuations of portfolio securities are performed in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial reporting policies of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC). The applicable methods prescribed by such principles and policies are described below:

Publicly-traded portfolio securities Investments in companies whose securities are publicly traded are valued at their quoted market price at the close of business on the valuation date, less a discount to reflect the estimated effects of restrictions on the sale of such securities (Valuation Discount), if applicable.

Privately-held portfolio securities The fair value of investments for which no market exists is determined on the basis of procedures established in good faith by the Board of Directors of the Fund. As a general principle, the current fair value of an investment would be the amount the Fund might reasonably expect to receive for it upon its current sale, in an orderly manner. Appraisal valuations are necessarily subjective and the Adviser's estimate of values may differ materially from amounts actually received upon the disposition of portfolio securities.

Generally, cost is the primary factor used to determine fair value until significant developments affecting the portfolio company (such as results of operations or changes in general market conditions) provide a basis for use of an appraisal valuation. Thereafter, portfolio investments are carried at appraised values as determined quarterly by the Adviser, subject to the approval of the Board of Directors. Appraisal valuations are based upon such factors as a portfolio company's earnings, cash flow and net worth, the market prices for similar securities of comparable companies, an assessment of the company's current and future financial prospects and various other factors and assumptions. In the case of unsuccessful operations, the appraisal may be based upon liquidation value.

Most of the Fund's common equity investments are appraised at a multiple of free cash flow generated by the portfolio company in its most recent fiscal year, less outstanding funded indebtedness and other senior securities such as preferred stock. Projections of current year free cash flow may be utilized and adjustments for non-recurring items are considered. Multiples utilized are estimated based on the Adviser's experience in the private company marketplace, and are necessarily subjective in nature.

From time to time, portfolio companies are in default of certain covenants in their loan agreements. When the Adviser has a reasonable belief that the portfolio company will be able to restructure the loan agreements to adjust for any defaults, the portfolio company's securities continue to be valued assuming that the company is a going concern. In the event a portfolio company cannot generate adequate cash flow to meet the principal and payments on such indebtedness or is not successful in refinancing the debt upon its maturity, the Fund's investment could be reduced or eliminated through foreclosure on the portfolio company's assets or the portfolio company's reorganization or bankruptcy.

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

DECEMBER 31, 2007, 2006 AND 2005

The Fund may also use, when available, third-party transactions in a portfolio company's securities as the basis of valuation (the private market method). The private market method will be used only with respect to completed transactions or firm offers made by sophisticated, independent investors.

The fair values of debt securities, which are generally held to maturity, are determined on the basis of the terms of the debt securities and the financial condition of the issuer. Certificates of deposit purchased by the Fund generally will be valued at their face value, plus interest accrued to the date of valuation.

Because of the inherent uncertainty of the valuation of portfolio securities which do not have readily ascertainable market values, amounting to \$72.1 million (including no publicly traded securities) and \$42.6 million (including no publicly traded securities) as of December 31, 2007 and 2006, respectively, the Fund's estimate of fair value may materially differ from the value that would have been used had a ready market existed for the securities. Appraised values do not reflect brokers' fees or other normal selling costs which might become payable on disposition of such investments.

On a daily basis, the Fund adjusts its net asset value for the changes in the value of its publicly held securities and material changes in the value of its private securities and reports those amounts to Lipper Analytical Services, Inc. Weekly and daily net asset values appear in various publications, including Barron's and The Wall Street Journal.

Deferred Offering Costs Accumulation of costs related to the offering whereby the Fund would have sold additional shares or rights to acquire shares at a market price that may have been below net asset value. The main components of the costs are legal fees and consultant's fees specifically related to the offering.

Offering costs of \$0.6 million were expensed during the third quarter of 2007 as the Fund abandoned the shareholders' proposal authorizing the Fund to offer and sell, or to issue rights to acquire shares of its common stock at a price below the net asset value of such stock.

Escrowed Receivables, at Estimated Fair Value In May of 2007, the Fund sold its interest in The Drilltec Corporation (Drilltec). A portion of the proceeds from the sale was placed in a cash escrow account to secure the representations and warranties made to the respective purchasers. As of December 31, 2007, the amount receivable from the Drilltec escrow is valued at \$0.3 million. The Fund is not aware of any claims against the escrow that have been made as of December 31, 2007 and is anticipating a final payment from The Drilltec Corporation escrow account by May 2008.

In February of 2007, the Fund received \$0.1 million from Doane PetCare Enterprises, Inc. (Doane). The Fund booked the \$0.1 million as an escrow receivable as of December 31, 2006. This Doane payment is expected to be the final payment from escrow for the sale of Doane, which was sold in October of 2005. As of December 31, 2006, the amount receivable from the Alenco escrow is valued at \$0.1 million. The Fund is not aware of any claims against the escrow that have been made as of December 31, 2006 and received a final payment in full for the escrow in May 2007.

Investment Transactions Investment transactions are recorded on the accrual method. Realized gains and losses on investments sold are computed on a specific identification basis.

The Fund classifies its investments in accordance with the requirements of the 1940 Act. Under the 1940 Act, Control Investments are defined as investments in companies in which EQS owns more than 25% of the voting securities or maintains greater than 50% of the board representation. Under the 1940 Act, Affiliate

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Investments are defined as those non-control investments in companies in which EQS owns between 5% and 25% of the voting securities. Under the 1940 Act, Non-affiliate Investments are defined as investments that are neither Control Investments nor Affiliate Investments.

Cash Flows For purposes of the Statements of Cash Flows, the Fund considers all highly liquid temporary cash investments purchased with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents. The Fund includes its investing activities within cash flows from operations. The Fund excludes Restricted Cash & Temporary Investments used for purposes of complying with RIC requirements from cash equivalents.

Stock-Based Compensation The Fund accounted for stock-based compensation using the intrinsic value method in accordance with the provisions of APB No. 25 through June 30, 2005. The Board of Directors cancelled the Stock Incentive Plan as of June 30, 2005.

The weighted average fair value of the stock options granted pursuant to the Fund's stock option plans during 2005 was zero per share. The fair value of each stock option grant is estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following weighted average assumptions used:

	2005
Expected life	3 years
Risk-free interest rate	3.61%
Volatility	19.58%
Dividend yield	7.41%

In December 2004, the FASB issued SFAS No. 123 (revised 2004), Share-Based Payment (SFAS No. 123R), which replaces SFAS No. 123 and supersedes APB Opinion No. 25. SFAS No. 123R requires all share-based payments to employees, including grants of employee stock options, to be recognized in the financial statements based on their fair values. SFAS No. 123R is effective beginning with the first interim period of the fiscal year beginning after June 15, 2005. Since the Fund cancelled the stock option plan on June 30, 2005, the adoption of SFAS No. 123R had no impact on the Fund's net assets and results of operations.

Had the Fund accounted for the options using the fair value method under SFAS No. 123R, the increase in net assets from operations for the year ended December 31, 2005 would have been (in thousands, except per share amounts):

	2005
Increase in net assets from operations, as reported	\$ 16,720
Stock-based employee compensation expense included in increase in net assets from operations	553
Stock-based employee compensation expense determined using fair value method	(46)
Pro forma increase in net assets from operations	\$ 17,227
Net increase in net assets from operations per share	
Basic, as reported	\$ 2.41
Basic, pro-forma	\$ 2.48

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Diluted, as reported	\$ 2.41
Diluted, pro-forma	\$ 2.48

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

DECEMBER 31, 2007, 2006 AND 2005

Income Taxes The Fund intends to comply with the requirements of the Internal Revenue Code necessary to qualify as a regulated investment company and, as such, will not be subject to federal income taxes on otherwise taxable income (including net realized capital gains) which is distributed to stockholders. Therefore, no provision for federal income taxes is recorded in the financial statements. The Fund borrows money from time to time to maintain its tax status under the Internal Revenue Code as a RIC. See Note 2 for further discussion of the Fund's RIC borrowings.

In May 2006, the State of Texas enacted a bill that replaced the existing franchise tax with a margin tax. Effective January 1, 2007, the margin tax applies to legal entities conducting business in Texas, including previously non-taxable entities such as limited partnerships and limited liability partnerships. The margin tax is based on our Texas sourced taxable margin. The tax is calculated by applying a tax rate to a base that considers both revenues and expenses and therefore has the characteristics of an income tax. As a result, the Fund recorded \$0.1 million in state income tax for the year ended December 31, 2007 that is solely attributable to the Texas margin tax.

Reclassification Certain amounts for the years ended December 31, 2006 and 2005 have been reclassified in the comparative financial statements to be comparable to the presentation in the year ended December 31, 2007. These reclassifications have no effect on net income or net assets.

(4) RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Moore, Clayton & Co., Inc., a Delaware corporation, formed Moore Clayton Capital Advisors, Inc. (MCCA) in February 2005 for the purpose of managing the Fund. Moore, Clayton & Co., Inc., either directly or indirectly has a significant ownership interest in the Fund and, additionally, has one common director. MCCA has no direct ownership in the Fund and has two common directors. MCCA acquired the outstanding stock of the two entities which owned the previous adviser, Equus Capital Management Corporation. Those two entities were individually owned by a current officer of the Fund and a previous officer of the Fund who resigned with the change to the new adviser, Moore Clayton Capital Advisors, Inc. See Footnote 5 Management Agreements for discussion of fees paid by the Fund to the Adviser and Administrator.

The previous officer of the Fund was paid \$0.2 million after June 30, 2005 through December 31, 2005 to principally facilitate the sale of Champion Window Holdings, Inc. He was paid \$0.2 million in January 2006 when the transaction was completed. As directors of Champion Window Holdings, Inc., the prior owners of Equus Capital Management Corporation were paid \$50,000 each in January 2006 for two years of director's fees for consummating the transaction.

On June 30, 2005, the Fund retained Moore Clayton Capital Advisors, Inc. (the Adviser) to become the Fund's investment adviser and Equus Capital Administration Company, Inc. (the Administrator) to provide certain investment administrative services to the Fund. Subject to the supervision of the board of directors of the Fund, the Adviser and Administrator perform or provide for the management, administration, investment advisory and other services necessary for the operation of the Fund.

(5) MANAGEMENT AGREEMENTS

The Fund has entered into a new investment advisory agreement dated June 30, 2005 (the Advisory Agreement) with Moore Clayton Capital Advisors, Inc. (the Adviser). This agreement was renewed in June 2007. Pursuant to the Advisory Agreement, the Adviser performs certain investment advisory services that are

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EQUUS TOTAL RETURN, INC.

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DECEMBER 31, 2007, 2006 AND 2005

necessary for the operation of the Fund. The Adviser receives a base advisory fee at an annual rate of 2% of the net assets of the Fund, paid quarterly in arrears, as well as incentive fees in the following amounts: (i) 20% of the excess, if any, of the Fund's net investment income for a quarter that exceeds a quarterly hurdle rate equal to 2% (8% annualized) of the Fund's net assets, and (ii) 20% of the Fund's net realized capital gain less unrealized capital depreciation paid on an annual basis. The advisory fees that the Fund pays represent the Adviser's primary source of revenue. The Adviser is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Moore, Clayton & Co., Inc., an international private equity investment and advisory firm.

The Advisory Agreement presently continues year-to-year, provided such continuance is approved at least annually by (i) a vote of a majority of the outstanding shares of the Fund, or (ii) a majority of the Independent Directors of the Fund. The Advisory Agreement may be terminated at any time, without the payment of any penalty, by the Board of Directors or the holders of a majority of the Fund's shares on 60 days' written notice to the Adviser, and would automatically terminate in the event of its assignment (as defined in the 1940 Act).

The Fund has also entered into a new administration agreement dated June 30, 2005 (Administration Agreement) with Equus Capital Administration Company, Inc. (the Administrator). This agreement was renewed in June 2007. The Fund agreed to reimburse the Administrator certain one time costs and expenses (Special Administrative Fee) associated with the change in administrators. The Special Administrative Fee, in the amount of \$0.5 million, was accrued to expense at June 30, 2005, and paid to the Administrator in the third quarter of 2005. Pursuant to the Administration Agreement, the Administrator provides (or arranges for suitable third parties to provide) all administrative services necessary for the operation of the Fund. The Fund reimburses the Administrator for the costs and expenses incurred by the Administrator in performing its obligations and providing personnel and facilities under the Administrative Agreement, provided that such reimbursements do not exceed \$0.5 million per year, excluding the one-time Special Administrative Fee.

The Administration Agreement presently continues year-to-year, provided such continuance is approved at least annually by the Fund's Board of Directors, including a majority of the Independent Directors. The Administration Agreement may be terminated at any time, without the payment of any penalty, by the Board of Directors, or by the Administrator, upon 60 days' written notice to the other party, and would automatically terminate in the event of its assignment (as defined in the 1940 Act).

Prior to entering into the Advisory and Administration Agreements, the Fund was a party to a management agreement with Equus Capital Management Corporation (ECMC) that was initially approved by the Fund's stockholders at a special meeting held on April 9, 1997. Under that agreement, ECMC provided both advisory and administration services. ECMC received a management fee at an annual rate of 2% of the net assets of the Fund, paid quarterly in arrears. The management fee in the old agreement was calculated identically to the advisory fee in the new agreement. Additionally, ECMC received compensation for providing certain investor communication services. The accompanying Statements of Operations include administrative fees of \$25,000 related to such services for the year ended December 31, 2005.

As compensation for services to the Fund, each Independent Director receives an annual fee of \$20,000 paid quarterly in arrears, a fee of \$2,000 for each meeting of the Board of Directors attended in person, a fee of \$1,000 for participation in each telephonic meeting of the Board and a fee of \$1,000 for each committee meeting attended, and reimbursement of all out-of-pocket expenses relating to attendance at such meetings. Effective July 1, 2006, a new quarterly fee of \$2,500 was approved and paid for the Chairman of the Independent Directors and the Chairman of the Audit Committee. An additional one-time fee of \$5,000 was paid to the Chairman of the

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

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Independent Directors and the Chairman of the Audit Committee in September 2007, as approved by the Compensation Committee. Effective December 18, 2007, an annual fee of \$15,000 for the Chairman of the Board of Directors was approved.

(6) FEDERAL INCOME TAX MATTERS

The Fund is required to make distributions of any net taxable investment income on an annual basis, and may elect to distribute or retain net taxable realized capital gains. The Internal Revenue Service approved the Fund's request, effective October 31, 1998, to change its year-end for determining capital gains for purposes of Section 4982 of the Internal Revenue Code from December 31 to October 31.

The Fund was not required to make distributions of ordinary income for 2007, 2006, or 2005 under income tax regulations. For the year ended December 31, 2007, the Fund had net investment loss for book purposes of \$0.5 million and \$0.5 million for tax purposes. During 2007, the Fund had a net capital gain for book purposes of \$5.3 million and a net capital gain for tax purposes of \$5.1 million. As of December 31, 2007, the Fund has no capital loss carry-forward as it was fully utilized to offset capital gains in 2006. The aggregate cost of investments for federal income tax purposes as of December 31, 2007 was \$52.7 million. Such investments had unrealized appreciation of \$23.4 million and unrealized depreciation of \$6.5 million for book purposes, or net unrealized appreciation of \$16.8 million. The Fund had unrealized appreciation of \$26.4 million and unrealized depreciation of \$7.0 million for tax purposes, or net unrealized appreciation of \$19.4 million as of December 31, 2007.

For the year ended December 31, 2006, the Fund had net investment loss for book purposes of approximately \$0.1 and \$0.1 million for tax purposes. During 2006, the Fund had a net capital gain for book purposes of approximately \$19.0 million and a net capital gain for tax purposes of \$21.4 million. As of December 31, 2006, the Fund has no capital loss carry-forward as it was fully utilized to offset capital gains in 2006. The aggregate cost of investments for federal income tax purposes as of December 31, 2006 was \$30.9 million. Such investments had unrealized appreciation of approximately \$12.7 million and unrealized depreciation of \$3.4 million for book purposes, or net unrealized appreciation of approximately \$9.3 million. The Fund had unrealized appreciation of approximately \$16.2 million and unrealized depreciation of approximately \$4.2 million for tax purposes, or net unrealized appreciation of approximately \$12.0 million as of December 31, 2006.

For the year ended December 31, 2005, the Fund had net investment loss for book purposes of \$3.1 million and \$2.7 million for tax purposes. During 2005, the Fund had a net capital gain for book purposes of \$1.2 million and a net capital gain for tax purposes of \$1.5 million. As of December 31, 2005, the Fund has a capital loss carry-forward of \$14.3 million, which may be used to offset future taxable capital gains. The aggregate cost of investments for federal income tax purposes as of December 31, 2005 was \$49.2 million. Such investments had unrealized appreciation of \$34.5 million and unrealized depreciation of \$20.5 million for book purposes, or net unrealized depreciation of \$14.0 million. They had unrealized appreciation of \$40.0 million and unrealized depreciation of \$20.9 million for tax purposes, or net unrealized appreciation of \$19.1 million at December 31, 2005.

The Fund adopted FASB Interpretation No. 48 entitled "Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes" an interpretation of FASB Statement No. 109, referred to as FIN 48, as of January 1, 2007. FIN 48 clarifies the accounting for uncertain tax positions that may have been taken by an entity. Specifically, FIN 48 prescribes a more-likely-than-not recognition threshold to measure a tax position taken or expected to be taken in a tax return through a two-step process: (1) determining whether it is more likely than not that a tax position will be sustained

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upon examination by taxing authorities, after all appeals, based upon the technical merits of the position; and (2) measuring to determine the amount of benefit/expense to recognize in the financial statements, assuming taxing authorities have all relevant information concerning the issue. The tax position is measured at the largest amount of benefit/expense that is greater than 50 percent likely of being realized upon ultimate settlement. This pronouncement also specifies how to present a liability for unrecognized tax benefits in a classified balance sheet, but does not change the classification requirements for deferred taxes. Under FIN 48, if a tax position previously failed the more-likely-than-not recognition threshold, it should be recognized in the first subsequent financial reporting period in which the threshold is met. Similarly, a position that no longer meets this recognition threshold should no longer be recognized in the first financial reporting period that the threshold is no longer met.

The Fund is a flow through, non-tax paying entity; further, the Fund's net operating loss carry-forwards have been exhausted. Based upon an examination of the Fund's tax position, the Fund determined that the aggregate exposure under FIN 48 did not have a material impact on its financial statements at January 1, 2007 or December 31, 2007. Therefore, the Fund has not recorded an adjustment to its financial statements related to the adoption of FIN 48. The Fund will continue to evaluate its tax positions in accordance with FIN 48, and recognize any future impact under FIN 48 as a charge to income in the applicable period in accordance with the standard.

The Fund's accounting policy related to income tax penalties and interest assessments is to accrue for these costs and record a charge to expenses during the period that the Fund takes an uncertain tax position through resolution with the taxing authorities or expiration of the applicable statute of limitations.

All of the Fund's state income tax returns for 2004 through 2006 remain open to examination.

(7) CONTRACTUAL OBLIGATIONS

The Fund has entered into five contracts under which it expects to have material future commitments, including the Advisory Agreement between the Fund and the Adviser, pursuant to which the Adviser has agreed to serve as the Fund's investment advisor; the Administration Agreement between the Fund and the Administrator, pursuant to which the Administrator has agreed to furnish the Fund with the facilities and administrative services necessary to conduct the Fund's day-to-day operations and to provide managerial assistance on its behalf to portfolio companies to which the Fund is required to provide such assistance. For a discussion of the material terms of the Advisory Agreement and the Administration Agreement, see Note 5.

The remaining three commitments as of December 31, 2007 relate to the Fund's portfolio company investments and are summarized as follows (in thousands):

Portfolio Company	Original Commitment	Remaining Commitment
RP&C International Investments LLC	\$ 11,100	\$ 7,795
Riptide Entertainment, LLC	10,000	5,100
HealthSPAC, LLC	5,000	4,435
		\$ 17,330

Each of these contracts may be terminated by either party without penalty upon not more than 60 days' written notice to the other.

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EQUUS TOTAL RETURN, INC.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

DECEMBER 31, 2007, 2006 AND 2005

(8) DIVIDENDS

The Fund declared four dividends in 2007 amounting to \$4.1 million (\$0.50 per share). The Fund paid \$2.3 million in cash and issued 236,930 additional shares of stock in 2007. The 2007 dividends were 100% qualifying and classified as capital gain distributions.

The Fund declared two dividends during 2006 amounting in total to \$19.5 million (\$2.625 per share). The 2006 dividends were primarily the result of the net taxable realized gain from the sale of Champion Window Holdings, Inc. The 2006 dividends were paid in additional shares of common stock or in cash by specific election made by each shareholder. The Fund paid \$13.5 million in cash for both dividends (\$13.0 million paid on March 23, 2006 and \$0.5 million paid on December 7, 2006) and issued 787,099 additional shares of stock (729,773 shares at \$7.489 per share and 57,326 shares at \$8.081 per share). On October 23, 2006, the Fund announced a quarterly managed dividend policy where the Fund hopes to issue dividends at a minimum annual rate of \$0.50 per share.

During the year ended December 31, 2005, the Fund declared no dividends.

(9) PORTFOLIO SECURITIES

During the year ended December 31, 2007, the Fund invested \$13.1 million in five new companies and made follow-on investments of \$15.1 million in eight portfolio companies, including \$0.7 million in accrued interest and dividends received in the form of additional portfolio securities and accretion of original issue discount on promissory notes. In addition, the Fund realized a net capital gain of \$5.3 million.

During the year ended December 31, 2006, the Fund invested \$0.4 million in two new companies and made follow-on investments of \$10.7 million in nine portfolio companies, including \$1.3 million in accrued interest and dividends received in the form of additional portfolio securities and accretion of original issue discount on promissory notes. In addition, the Fund realized a net capital gain of \$19.0 million during the year ended December 31, 2006.

During the year ended December 31, 2005, the Fund invested \$5.0 million in three new companies and made follow-on investments of \$2.2 million in six portfolio companies, including \$0.9 million in accrued interest and dividends received in the form of additional portfolio securities and accretion of original issue discount on a promissory note. In addition, the Fund realized a net capital gain of \$1.2 million during the year ended December 31, 2005.

(10) STOCK OPTION PLAN

In 1997, stockholders approved the Equus II Incorporated 1997 Stock Incentive Plan (Stock Incentive Plan), which authorizes the Fund to issue options to the directors and officers of the Fund in an aggregate amount of up to 20% of the outstanding shares of common stock of the Fund. The Stock Incentive Plan provides that each director who is not an officer of the Fund is, on the first business day following each annual meeting, granted an incentive stock option to purchase 2,200 shares of the Fund's common stock. Options are issued to the officers of the Fund at the discretion of the compensation committee. The options have a ten year life and vest 50% six months after the grant date and 16 2/3% on the first, second and third anniversaries of the date of the grant.

On May 7, 2004, options to acquire a total of 15,400 shares at \$7.72 per share were issued to the non-officer directors. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the options be

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accounted for using variable plan accounting. Variable plan accounting resulted in non-cash compensation expense of \$0.6 million during the year ended December 31, 2005.

Effective June 30, 2005, the Stock Incentive Plan was terminated. (At the date of termination all options in the money were made fully vested). Options to purchase 869,900 shares (all options whose exercise price was less than the \$8.38 market price on June 14, 2005) were exercised by five officers and seven directors of the Fund on June 30, 2005, and the Fund received \$6.7 million in cash from the exercise of such options. Of the 869,900 shares exercised, 170,673 were not fully vested and in the money. The remainder of the options, whose exercise price was greater than the \$8.38 market price of June 14, 2005, were suspended and cancelled per signed agreement with each officer and director.

The following table reflects stock option activity for the year ended December 31, 2005:

	2005
Options outstanding at the beginning of the year	809,000
Options granted during the year	150,000
Options exercised during the year	(869,900)
Options surrendered during the year	(89,100)
Options expired during the year	

Options outstanding at the end of the year

Options exercisable at the end of the year

(11) RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

In July 2006, the FASB issued FASB Interpretation (FIN) No. 48, *Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes - An Interpretation of FASB Statement No. 109*. FIN No. 48 clarifies the accounting for uncertainty in income taxes recognized in an enterprise's consolidated financial statements in accordance with SFAS No. 109, *Accounting for Income Taxes*. It prescribes a recognition threshold and measurement attribute for the financial statement recognition and measurement of a tax position taken or expected to be taken in a tax return. This standard also provides guidance on derecognition, classification, interest and penalties, accounting in interim periods, disclosure, and transition. The provisions of FIN No. 48 are to be applied to all tax positions upon initial adoption of this standard. Only tax positions that meet the more likely-than-not recognition threshold at the effective date may be recognized or continue to be recognized upon adoption of FIN No. 48. The cumulative effect of applying the provisions of FIN No. 48 should be reported as an adjustment to the opening balance of retained earnings (or other appropriate components of equity or net assets in the statement of financial position) for that fiscal year. The Fund has adopted FIN No. 48 which will have no material impact on its financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

In September 2006, the FASB issued SFAS No. 157, *Fair Value Measurements*. SFAS No. 157 clarifies the principle that fair value should be based on the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing an asset or liability and establishes a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the information used to develop those assumptions. Under this standard, fair value measurements would be separately disclosed by level within the fair value hierarchy. SFAS No. 157 is effective for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007 for financial assets and liabilities that are carried at fair value as a recurring basis in the financial statements. The FASB did announce a one year deferral for the implementation of SFAS No. 157 for other non-financial assets and liabilities. In February 2008, FASB issued FASB Staff Position No. FAS 157-2. This FSP defers the effective

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

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date of Statement 157 for nonfinancial assets and nonfinancial liabilities, except for items that are recognized or disclosed at fair value in the financial statements on a recurring basis (at least annually) to fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2008, and interim periods within those fiscal years for items within the scope of this FSP. The Fund believes that the adoption of SFAS No. 157 will not have a material impact on its financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

In February 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 159, *The Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities Including an Amendment of FASB Statement No. 115*. This standard permits an entity to choose to measure many financial instruments and certain other items at fair value. The fair value option established by SFAS No. 159 permits all entities to choose to measure eligible items at fair value at specified election dates. SFAS No. 159 is effective as of the beginning of an entity's first fiscal year that begins after November 15, 2007. The Fund believes that the adoption of SFAS No. 159 will not have a material impact on its financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

In December 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 141R, *Business Combinations*, (SFAS No. 141R) which replaces SFAS No. 141. SFAS No. 141R requires most assets acquired and liabilities assumed in a business combination, contingent consideration and certain acquired contingencies to be measured at their fair value as of the date of the acquisition. SFAS No. 141R also requires that acquisition related costs and restructuring costs be recognized separately from the business combination. SFAS No. 141R is effective for business combinations completed in fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2008. The Fund believes that the adoption of SFAS No. 141R will not have a material impact on its financial position, results of operation or cash flows.

In December 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 160, *Noncontrolling Interests in Consolidated Financial Statements an amendment of ARB No. 51* (SFAS No. 160). SFAS No. 160 establishes accounting and reporting standards for ownership interests in subsidiaries held by parties other than the parent, the amount of consolidated net income attributable to the parent and to the noncontrolling interest, changes in a parent's ownership interest and the valuation of retained noncontrolling equity investments when a subsidiary is deconsolidated. The Statement also establishes reporting requirements that provide sufficient disclosures that clearly identify and distinguish between the interest of the parent and the interest of the noncontrolling owners. SFAS No. 160 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2008. The Fund believes that the adoption of SFAS No. 160 will not have a material impact on its financial position, results of operation or cash flows.

(12) SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On January 4, 2008, the U.S. Treasury Bills for \$30.0 million matured and the Fund repaid its year-end margin loan.

On January 8, 2008, the Fund invested an additional \$1.6 million as a follow-on investment in Riptide Entertainment, LLC in the form of an 8% promissory note. This investment is expected to fund the Ripley's Believe It or Not museum franchise location in London, UK.

On January 17, 2008, the Fund received \$0.1 million from the dissolution of Equus Media Finance Company, LLC.

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On January 17, 2008, the Fund invested \$3.0 million in 1848 Capital Partners, LLC, an entertainment company.

On February 8, 2008, the Fund received \$0.2 million from J.L. Madre, LLC in the form of return of capital and interest.

On February 8, 2008, the Fund received \$2.2 million from RP&C Investment International, LLC in the form of return of capital, realized capital gain and interest based on the refinancing of one of its properties.

On February 11, 2008, the Fund invested \$5.0 million in Infinia Corporation, as a follow-on investment in the form of preferred stock.

On February 26, 2008, the Fund invested \$1.0 million in Nickent Golf, Inc., as a follow-on investment in the form of preferred stock.

On February 19, 2008, the Fund revised its managed distribution policy to pay 10% of the Fund's market value based, based on the 2007 year-end closing price of \$6.31 and announced the declaration of a first quarter dividend of \$0.158 per share accordingly. This dividend is payable on March 31, 2008 to shareholders of record as of February 29, 2008. The dividend will be payable in shares of common stock or in cash by specific election of the shareholders, and such election must be made by March 24, 2008. The classification of this dividend as between ordinary income, capital gain and return of capital will not be known until December 31, 2008, since any purchase or sale of a portfolio company during the remainder of the year will affect the classification.

(13) SELECTED QUARTERLY DATA (UNAUDITED) (in thousands, except per share amounts)

	Year Ended December 31, 2007				Total
	Quarter Ended March 31, 2007	Quarter Ended June 30, 2007	Quarter Ended September 30, 2007	Quarter Ended December 31, 2007	
Total investment income	\$ 1,211	\$ 1,271	\$ 1,151	\$ 1,224	\$ 4,857
Net investment (loss) gain	5	(711)	(289)	472	(523)
Increase (decrease) in stockholders equity resulting from operations	(572)	661	(3,799)	15,977	12,267
Basic and diluted earnings (loss) per common share	\$ (0.07)	\$ 0.08	\$ (0.46)	\$ 1.94	\$ 1.49

	Year Ended December 31, 2006				Total
	Quarter Ended March 31, 2006	Quarter Ended June 30, 2006	Quarter Ended September 30, 2006	Quarter Ended December 31, 2006	
Total investment income	\$ 1,281	\$ 1,330	\$ 1,381	\$ 2,024	\$ 6,016
Net investment (loss) gain	(704)	(71)	(101)	774	(102)
Increase in stockholders equity resulting from operations	439	4,242	8,636	842	14,159
Basic and diluted earnings per common share	\$ 0.06	\$ 0.52	\$ 1.07	\$ 0.10	\$ 1.78

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Item 9. *Changes in and Disagreements with Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure*

None.

Item 9A. *Controls and Procedures*

Attached as exhibits to this Form 10-K are certifications of the Fund's Chief Executive Officer (CEO) and Chief Financial Officer (CFO), which are required in accordance with Rule 13a-14 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the Exchange Act). This section includes information concerning the controls and controls evaluation referred to in those certifications and should be read in conjunction with the certifications for a more complete understanding of the topics presented.

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

The Fund conducted an evaluation of the effectiveness of the design and operation of its disclosure controls and procedures (Disclosure Controls) as of the end of the period covered by this Form 10-K. The controls evaluation was conducted under the supervision and with the participation of management, including the Fund's CEO and CFO. Disclosure Controls are controls and procedures designed to reasonably assure that information required to be disclosed in the Fund's reports filed under the Exchange Act, such as this Form 10-K, is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission's rules and forms. Disclosure Controls are also designed to reasonably assure that such information is accumulated and communicated to the Fund's management, including the CEO and CFO, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. The Fund's quarterly evaluation of Disclosure Controls includes an evaluation of some components of its internal control over financial reporting, and internal control over financial reporting is also separately evaluated on an annual basis for purposes of providing the management report which is set forth below.

The evaluation of the Fund's Disclosure Controls included a review of the controls' objectives and design, the Fund's implementation of the controls and the effect of the controls on the information generated for use in this Form 10-K. In the course of the controls evaluation, the Fund reviewed identified data errors, control problems or acts of fraud and sought to confirm that appropriate corrective actions, including process improvements, were being undertaken. This type of evaluation is performed on a quarterly basis so that the conclusions of management, including the CEO and CFO, concerning the effectiveness of the Disclosure Controls can be reported in the Fund's periodic reports on Form 10-Q and Form 10-K. Many of the components of the Fund's Disclosure Controls are also evaluated on an ongoing basis by a third-party consultant and the Accounting Department. The overall goals of these various evaluation activities are to monitor the Fund's Disclosure Controls, and to modify them as necessary. The Fund's intent is to maintain the Disclosure Controls as dynamic systems that change as conditions warrant.

Based upon the controls evaluation, the Fund's CEO and CFO have concluded that, subject to the limitations noted in this Part II, Item 9A, as of the end of the period covered by this Form 10-K, the Fund's Disclosure Controls were effective to provide reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed in its Exchange Act reports is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified by the SEC, and that material information relating to the Fund's consolidated subsidiaries is made known to management, including the CEO and CFO, particularly during the period when its periodic reports are being prepared.

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Management Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

The Fund's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of its financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (i) pertain to the maintenance of records that in reasonable detail accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (ii) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the Fund are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the Fund; and (iii) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use or disposition of the Fund's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Management assessed its internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2007, the end of its fiscal year. Management based its assessment on criteria established in Internal Control-Integrated Framework issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission. Management's assessment included evaluation of such elements as the design and operating effectiveness of key financial reporting controls, process documentation, accounting policies, and our overall control environment. This assessment is supported by testing and monitoring performed both by a third-party consultant and our Accounting Department.

Based on its assessment, management has concluded that its internal control over financial reporting was effective as of the end of the fiscal year to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external reporting purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. The results of management's assessment has been reviewed with the Audit Committee of the Fund's Board of Directors.

Item 9B. Other Information

None.

PART III

Item 10. Directors and Executive Officers of the Registrant

Information about the Directors and Executive Officers of the Fund, the Fund's Audit Committee and the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee, the Fund's code of ethics applicable to the principal executive officer and principal financial officer, and Section 16(a) Beneficial Ownership Reporting Compliance is incorporated by reference to the Fund's Definitive Proxy Statement for the 2007 Annual Meeting of Stockholders, to be filed pursuant to Regulation 14A under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, on or prior to April 30, 2007 (the 2007 Proxy Statement).

The Fund has adopted a code of business conduct and ethics applicable to the Fund's directors, officers (including the Fund's principal executive officer, principal financial officer and controller) and employees, known as the Code of Business Conduct and Ethics. A copy of the Code of Business Conduct and Ethics is available to any person, without charge, upon request addressed to Equus Total Return, Inc., Attention: Corporate Secretary, 2727 Allen Parkway, 13th Floor, Houston, TX 77019. In the event that the Fund amends or waives any of the provisions of the Code of Business Conduct and Ethics applicable to the Fund's principal executive officer, principal financial officer, or controller, the Fund intends to disclose the same on its website at www.equuscap.com.

Item 11. Executive Compensation

Information regarding Executive Compensation is incorporated by reference to the Fund's 2007 Proxy Statement.

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Item 12. Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management

Information regarding Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management and Securities Authorized for Issuance under Equity Compensation Plans is incorporated by reference to the Fund's 2007 Proxy Statement.

Item 13. Certain Relationships and Related Transactions

Information regarding Certain Relationships and Related Transactions is incorporated by reference to the Fund's 2007 Proxy Statement.

Item 14. Principal Accountant Fees and Services

Information regarding Principal Accountant Fees and Services is incorporated by reference to the Fund's 2007 Proxy Statement.

PART IV

Item 15. Exhibits, Financial Statement Schedules and Reports on Form 8-K

(a)(1) Financial Statements

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All other information required in the financial statement schedules has been incorporated in the financial statements or notes thereto or has been omitted since the information is not applicable or not present in amounts sufficient to require submission of the schedule.

(a)(3) Exhibits

3. Articles of Incorporation and by-laws.

- (a) Restated Certificate of Incorporation of the Fund, as amended. [Filed herewith.]
- (b) Certificate of Merger dated June 30, 1993, between the Fund and Equus Investments Incorporated. [Filed herewith.]
- (c) Amended and Restated Bylaws of the Fund. [Filed herewith.]

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10. Material Contracts.

- (a) Investment Advisory Agreement dated June 30, 2005, between the Fund and Moore, Clayton Capital Advisors, Inc. [Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10(a) to Registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2005.]

- (b) Administration Agreement dated June 30, 2005, between the Fund and Equus Capital Administration Company. [Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10(b) to Registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2005.]

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- (c) Safekeeping Agreement between the Fund and The Frost National Bank dated March 15, 2004. [Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10(f) to Registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2004.]
 - (d) Form of Indemnification Agreement between the Fund and its directors and certain officers. [Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10(g) to Registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2004.]
 - (e) Form of Release Agreement between the Fund and certain of its officers and former officers. [Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10(h) to Registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2004.]
 - (f) Joint Code of Ethics of the Fund and Moore Clayton Capital Advisors, Inc. (Rule 17j-1) [Filed herewith.]
 - (g) Loan Agreement dated August 18, 2006, between the Fund and Regions Bank. [Filed herewith.]
14. Code of Ethics (meeting the requirements of Section 406 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002) [To be filed as an exhibit to the 2007 Proxy Statement.]
31. Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) Certifications
- (1) Certification by Chairman and Chief Executive Officer
 - (2) Certification by Chief Financial Officer
32. Section 1350 Certification
- (1) Certification by Chairman and Chief Executive Officer
 - (2) Certification by Chief Financial Officer

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has caused this report to be signed by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

EQUUS TOTAL RETURN, INC.

Date: March 31, 2008

/s/ L. SHERYL D. HUDSON
L. Sheryl D. Hudson
Chief Financial Officer

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Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the Registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

Signature	Title	Date
/s/ RICHARD F. BERGNER Richard F. Bergner	Director	March 31, 2008
/s/ CHARLES M. BOYD, MD Charles M. Boyd	Director	March 31, 2008
/s/ ALAN D. FEINSILVER Alan D. Feinsilver	Director	March 31, 2008
/s/ GREGORY J. FLANAGAN Gregory J. Flanagan	Director	March 31, 2008
/s/ HENRY W. HANKINSON Henry W. Hankinson	Director	March 31, 2008
/s/ ROBERT L. KNAUSS Robert L. Knauss	Chairman of the Board	March 31, 2008
/s/ FRANCIS D. TUGGLE Francis D. Tuggle	Director	March 31, 2008
/s/ SAM P. DOUGLASS Sam P. Douglass	Director	March 31, 2008
/s/ ANTHONY R. MOORE Anthony R. Moore	Director	March 31, 2008
/s/ KENNETH I. DENOS Kenneth I. Denos	Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)	March 31, 2008
/s/ L. SHERYL D. HUDSON L. Sheryl D. Hudson	Vice President and Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)	March 31, 2008