PILGRIMS PRIDE CORP Form DEFM14A November 03, 2003 Table of Contents

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UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

SCHEDULE 14A INFORMATION

Proxy Statement Pursuant to Section 14(a) of the

Securities Exchange Act of 1934

(Amendment No.)

Filed by the Registrant x Filed by a Party other than the Registrant "
Check the appropriate box:
" Preliminary Proxy Statement

- Fleiinnary Floxy Statement
- x Definitive Proxy Statement
- " Definitive Additional Materials
- " Confidential, for Use of the Commission Only (as permitted by Rule 14a-6(e)(2))
- " Soliciting Material Under 14a-12

PILGRIM S PRIDE CORPORATION

(Name of Registrant as Specified In Its Charter)

Payr	nent of Filing Fee (Check the appropriate box):
	No fee required.
X	Fee computed on table below per Exchange Act Rules 14a-6(i)(1) and 0-11.
	(1) Title of each class of securities to which transaction applies:
com	mon stock, par value \$0.01 per share; 10.50% Subordinated Notes due March 4, 2011
	(2) Aggregate number of securities to which transaction applies:
2011	o 39.4 million shares of common stock and approximately \$194.6 million principal amount of 10.50% Subordinated Notes due March 4, 1. The actual number of shares and principal amount of the notes to be issued will be determined at closing by reference to the stock price of Registrant s Class A common stock and the estimated book value of the business to be acquired.
	(3) Per unit price or other underlying value of transaction computed pursuant to Exchange Act Rule 0-11 (set forth the amount on which the filing fee is calculated and state how it was determined):
Subo	1,686,842, representing \$100 million in cash to be paid at the closing by the Registrant, \$194.6 million principal amount of 10.50% ordinated Notes due March 4, 2011, and 31,163,326 shares of common stock valued at \$10.175 per share, the average of the high and low sprices reported on the New York Stock Exchange on August 19, 2003.
	(4) Proposed maximum aggregate value of transaction:
\$ 61	1,686,842
	(5) Total fee paid:
\$49,	485
X	Fee paid previously with preliminary materials.
	Check box if any part of the fee is offset as provided by Exchange Act Rule 0-11(a)(2) and identify the filing for which the offsetting fee was paid previously. Identify the previous filing by registration statement number, or the Form or Schedule and the date of its filing.

(1)	Amount Previously Paid:
(2)	Form, Schedule or Registration Statement No.:
(3)	Filing Party:
(4)	Date Filed:

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Pilgrim s Pride Corporation

110 South Texas Street

Pittsburg, Texas 75686

November 3, 2003

Dear Fellow Stockholder:

You are cordially invited to attend a Special Meeting of Stockholders of Pilgrim s Pride Corporation to be held on Thursday, November 20, 2003, at 9:00 a.m., Central time, at the Company s headquarters building, 110 South Texas Street, Pittsburg, Texas.

At the special meeting, you will be asked to vote upon a proposal to reclassify our Class A common stock and Class B common stock into a single class of common stock. At the effective time of this reclassification, each share of Class A common stock and each share of Class B common stock will be reclassified into one (1) share of new common stock. The new common stock will have the voting and other rights described in the accompanying proxy statement. You will also be asked to vote upon a proposal to issue shares of Pilgrim s Pride common stock to ConAgra Foods, Inc. in connection with the acquisition by Pilgrim s Pride of the ConAgra chicken division. As more fully described in the accompanying proxy statement, we have entered into an agreement to acquire the ConAgra chicken division in exchange for cash, shares of common stock and subordinated notes. We intend that the proposed reclassification of the common stock will be completed prior to the closing of our acquisition of the ConAgra chicken division and ConAgra Foods will receive shares of our new common stock in the acquisition. If for any reason the proposed reclassification is not completed, then ConAgra Foods will receive shares of our existing Class A common stock.

This booklet includes the Notice of Special Meeting of Stockholders and the proxy statement. The proxy statement contains detailed information about the special meeting, the reclassification of our Class A common stock and Class B common stock, the acquisition and issuance of shares to ConAgra Foods, and Pilgrim s Pride Corporation and the ConAgra chicken division. In addition, you may obtain information about Pilgrim s Pride from documents that we have filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission. We encourage you to read all of this information carefully.

Your board of directors believes that the proposed reclassification of the Pilgrim s Pride Class A common stock and Class B common stock into a single class of common stock and the issuance of shares of common stock to ConAgra Foods in connection with the acquisition are in the best interests of Pilgrim s Pride and its stockholders. The Board recommends that you vote FOR each of these proposals.

Your vote is important. Whether or not you plan to attend the special meeting in person, please sign, date and return the enclosed proxy card in the enclosed postage-paid envelope. Voting by proxy will ensure your representation at the special meeting if you do not attend in person.

On behalf of your board of directors and the officers and employees of Pilgrim support.	s Pride Corporation, I would like to thank you for your continued
Very truly yours,	
Lonnie Bo Pilgrim Chairman of the Board	

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PILGRIM S PRIDE CORPORATION
Notice of Special Meeting of Stockholders
To the Stockholders:
A Special Meeting of Stockholders of Pilgrim s Pride Corporation will be held at the Company s headquarters building, 110 South Texas Street, Pittsburg, Texas, at 9:00 a.m., Central time, on Thursday, November 20, 2003, for the following purposes, as more fully described in the attached proxy statement:
 To consider and vote upon a proposal to amend Article Fourth of Pilgrim s Pride s certificate of incorporation to reclassify the Class A common stock and Class B common stock into a single class of common stock;
2. To consider and vote upon a proposal to approve the issuance to ConAgra Foods, Inc. of shares of Pilgrim s Pride Corporation common stock in connection with the proposed acquisition by Pilgrim s Pride of the ConAgra chicken division, as contemplated by the Stock Purchase Agreement, dated June 7, 2003, as amended, between Pilgrim s Pride and ConAgra Foods; and
3. To transact any other business that may properly come before the special meeting or any adjournment or postponement thereof.
Stockholders of record of the Company s Class A common stock and Class B common stock at the close of business on October 17, 2003 will be entitled to notice of and to vote at the special meeting and any adjournments or postponements thereof.
Regardless of whether you will attend the special meeting, please sign, date and return the enclosed proxy card in the enclosed postage prepaid envelope as soon as possible to ensure that your shares will be voted at the special meeting in accordance with your instructions. Voting by proxy will not prevent you from voting in person at the special meeting.
By Order of the Board of Directors,
Richard A. Cogdill
Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer, Secretary and Treasurer

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PILGRIM S PRIDE CORPORATION

110 South Texas Street

Pittsburg, Texas 75686

PROXY STATEMENT

FOR THE SPECIAL MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS

to be held November 20, 2003

Our board of directors is furnishing you this proxy statement to solicit proxies on its behalf to be voted at a Special Meeting of Stockholders to be held at the Company s headquarters building, 110 South Texas Street, Pittsburg, Texas, at 9:00 a.m., Central time, on Thursday, November 20, 2003. The proxies also may be voted at any adjournments or postponements of the special meeting. We are first sending this proxy statement to stockholders on or about November 3, 2003.

At the special meeting, stockholders will be asked to consider and vote upon proposals to (1) amend Article Fourth of our certificate of incorporation to reclassify our Class A common stock and Class B common stock into a single class of common stock and (2) approve the issuance to ConAgra Foods, Inc. of shares of our common stock in connection with our proposed acquisition of the ConAgra chicken division, as contemplated by the Stock Purchase Agreement, dated June 7, 2003, as amended, between us and ConAgra Foods.

Our board of directors has fixed the close of business on October 17, 2003 as the record date for the special meeting. Only holders of record of our Class A common stock or Class B common stock on that date are entitled to notice of and to vote at the special meeting, or at any adjournments or postponements of the special meeting. Each stockholder of record on the record date is entitled to one vote for each share of Class A common stock held and twenty votes for each share of Class B common stock held. On the record date, there were 13,523,429 shares of Class A common stock and 27,589,250 shares of Class B common stock issued and outstanding. Approval of the proposed reclassification of our Class A common stock and Class B common stock into a single class of common stock will require the vote of a majority of the outstanding shares of each of the Class A common stock and Class B common stock outstanding on the record date. Approval of the issuance of the shares to ConAgra Foods will require the vote of a majority of the combined voting power of the shares of Class A common stock and Class B common stock represented at and voting at the special meeting.

Our chairman, Lonnie Bo Pilgrim, and his son, Lonnie Ken Pilgrim, who is one of our directors and officers, collectively own or control 8,618,741 shares (63.7%) of the Class A common stock and 17,163,818 shares (62.2%) of the Class B common stock, and will vote for both proposals, and thus the approval of both proposals is assured.

When the accompanying proxy card is returned properly dated and signed and includes voting instructions, the shares represented by that proxy will be voted as directed by the stockholder submitting the proxy, unless the proxy is revoked before the special meeting. If a proxy is dated, signed and returned, but does not include voting instructions, the shares will be voted FOR each of the above proposals. On any other business that may come before the special meeting or any adjournments or postponements of the special meeting, the persons named on the accompanying form of proxy will vote in accordance with their best judgment.

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SUMMARY TERM SHEET

This summary term sheet highlights selected information from this proxy statement and may not contain all of the information that is important to you as a Pilgrim s Pride stockholder. Accordingly, we encourage you to carefully read this entire document and the documents to which we have referred you.

The Companies

Pilgrim s Pride Corporation. Pilgrim s Pride Corporation is the second-largest poultry producer in the United States the third-largest in chicken and fifth-largest in turkey and the second largest chicken company in Mexico. We employ more than 24,500 persons and operate processing and further processing plants, distribution centers, hatcheries and feed mills in Texas, Arkansas, Arizona, North Carolina, Pennsylvania, Virginia and West Virginia and Mexico.

Our products are sold to foodservice, retail and frozen entrée customers. The Company s primary distribution is through retailers and restaurants throughout the United States and in the Northern and Central regions of Mexico and to the foodservice industry nationwide in both countries. For more information, please see Where You Can Find More Information on page 81.

We are a Delaware corporation with principal executive offices located at 110 South Texas Street, Pittsburg, Texas 75686. The telephone number of our principal executive offices is (903) 855-1000.

ConAgra Foods, Inc. ConAgra Foods, Inc. (ConAgra Foods) is a leading packaged food company, serving a wide variety of food customers. ConAgra Foods operates in four business segments: packaged foods, food ingredients, meat processing and agricultural products. Historically, in its meat processing segment, ConAgra Foods produced and marketed fresh chicken for retail and foodservice customers. ConAgra Foods is a Delaware corporation with principal executive offices located at One ConAgra Drive, Omaha, Nebraska 68102. The telephone number of its principal executive offices is (402) 595-4000.

The ConAgra Foods Chicken Business (referred to in this proxy statement as the ConAgra chicken division) is the fourth-largest chicken producer in the United States. It is a fully-integrated chicken processing business engaged in the production, processing, marketing and distribution of fresh and frozen chicken products. It employs more than 16,000 persons and operates processing and further processing plants, distribution centers, hatcheries and feed mills in Alabama, Arkansas, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, West Virginia and Puerto Rico, with additional facilities in California, Iowa, Mississippi, North Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Utah, and Wisconsin. For more information, please see Information Concerning the ConAgra Chicken Division on page 58.

The Proposals

You are being asked to consider and vote upon proposals to:

amend Article Fourth of our certificate of incorporation to reclassify our Class A common stock and Class B common stock into a single class of common stock; and

approve the issuance to ConAgra Foods of shares of our common stock in connection with our proposed acquisition of the ConAgra chicken division, as contemplated by the Stock Purchase Agreement, dated June 7, 2003, as amended, between us and ConAgra Foods.

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Reclassification of Class A common stock and Class B common stock (Pages 16 through 29)

You are being asked to consider a proposed amendment to our certificate of incorporation that would reclassify the Class A common stock and Class B common stock into a single class of common stock. At the effective time of this reclassification, each share of Class A common stock and each share of Class B common stock will be reclassified into one (1) share of new common stock. The reclassification of the Class A common stock and the Class B common stock on a one-for-one basis is referred to as the exchange ratio.

We believe that this simplified capital structure will enhance stockholder value by eliminating potential investor confusion and perceived negative impact on the market price of our common stock that results from having a dual class structure. We also believe that the reclassification of our Class A common stock and Class B common stock will potentially increase the liquidity, trading volume and trading efficiencies of our common stock, and potentially increase our investor base.

In connection with the proposed reclassification of the Class A common stock and Class B common stock, Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated (Merrill Lynch) has delivered its written opinion dated August 20, 2003 to a special committee of our board of directors as to the fairness, from a financial point of view, of the exchange ratio pursuant to the proposed reclassification to both the holders of the Class A common stock and the Class B common stock, in each case other than members of the Pilgrim family and their affiliated entities. A copy of Merrill Lynch s opinion is attached to this proxy statement as Annex A. Merrill Lynch s opinion sets forth the assumptions made, matters considered and limits on the scope of review undertaken by Merrill Lynch. Each holder of Class A common stock and Class B common stock is encouraged to read Merrill Lynch s opinion in its entirety. Merrill Lynch s opinion was intended for the use and benefit of the special committee and the board of directors, does not address the merits of the underlying decision by Pilgrim s Pride to engage in the reclassification and does not constitute a recommendation to any stockholder as to how that stockholder should vote on the reclassification or any related matter.

Except as to voting rights, the rights of the new common stock will be identical to the rights of the current Class A common stock and Class B common stock. Currently, the holders of Class A common stock are entitled to one vote per share and the holders of Class B common stock are entitled to twenty votes per share on all matters brought before the stockholders. Except as required by law, the Class A common stock and Class B common stock vote as a single class. Each share of existing Class A common stock or Class B common stock that is reclassified into our new common stock will be entitled to cast twenty votes on all matters submitted to a vote of the stockholders, until there is a change in the beneficial ownership of such share. After the reclassification, following a change in beneficial ownership of a share, the share will be entitled to only one vote. Shares of new common stock issued after the reclassification will also only be entitled to one vote per share, including the shares to be issued to ConAgra Foods in the ConAgra chicken division acquisition.

Because the Class A common stock currently carries one vote per share and the Class B common stock currently carries twenty votes per share, the reclassification will significantly increase the relative voting power of each Class A share and decrease the relative voting power of each Class B share. At present, the Class A shares and Class B shares possess 2.4% and 97.6%, respectively, of our total voting power. After giving effect to the reclassification, the Class A shares and Class B shares currently outstanding would possess 32.9% and 67.1%, respectively, of our total voting power.

Our chairman Lonnie Bo Pilgrim, and his son Lonnie Ken Pilgrim, who is one of our directors and officers, directly and through several family trusts and partnerships (collectively, the Majority Stockholders), collectively control 62.25% of our total voting power and will continue to control over 62% of our total voting power immediately after the reclassification and prior to the closing of the ConAgra chicken division acquisition. So that the reclassification does not increase the percentage of our total voting power controlled by the Majority

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Stockholders, they have agreed to enter into a voting agreement with us prior to the reclassification. The voting agreement will provide that, as long as the common stock is listed on the New York Stock Exchange, should the combined voting power of shares held by the Majority Stockholders exceed 62.25% of our total voting power, they will vote those shares in excess of that percentage proportionately with the votes of the other Pilgrim s Pride stockholders.

The board of directors recommends that stockholders vote FOR approval of the proposed amendment.

The Acquisition (Pages 29 through 58)

In accordance with the Stock Purchase Agreement, we have agreed to acquire the ConAgra chicken division through the purchase from ConAgra Foods of all of the issued and outstanding capital stock of four of its wholly-owned subsidiaries. The ConAgra chicken division can generally be viewed as consisting of all of ConAgra Foods integrated chicken business (including grow-out, slaughter, processing, further processing, rendering, sales and distribution, both in retail and foodservice, and related assets and employees). The ConAgra chicken division does not include (and we are not acquiring) certain branded packaged foods operations, including the Butterball, Banquet, Marie Callender s and Country Skillet further chicken processing and marketing operations. Additionally, we will not be acquiring the ConAgra, Butterball, Banquet, Marie Callender s and Country Skillet trade names.

The purchase price will be calculated based on the final adjusted net book value of the assets and liabilities of the ConAgra chicken division on the closing date of the acquisition. Final adjusted net book value means the combined consolidated stockholders equity of the ConAgra chicken division on the closing date minus approximately \$90 million. The consideration payable to ConAgra Foods will consist of a combination of cash, shares of our common stock and our 10.50% subordinated notes due March 4, 2011 (the Notes); provided that at our option we may pay the Note portion of the purchase price with cash, subject to certain limitations. The actual number and dollar amount of shares and the principal amount of Notes to be issued, subject to post-closing adjustment, will be determined at the closing of the acquisition by reference to the estimated final adjusted net book value of the ConAgra chicken division on the closing date and the adjusted volume weighted average stock price of the Class A common stock on the New York Stock Exchange from June 10, 2003 (the day after the parties announced the acquisition) through the date five trading days prior to the closing date. See The Stock Purchase Agreement Purchase Price Share Portion. In addition, the amount we will record on our financial statements for the stock portion of the purchase price will be based on the market price of our common stock on the closing date; however the adjusted volume weighted average stock price is used to compute the number of shares to be issued to ConAgra Foods.

If the estimated final adjusted net book value of the ConAgra chicken division was \$525,587,000 (which was the adjusted net book value at August 24, 2003) and the closing date was October 31, 2003, the stock portion of the purchase price would consist of 25,358,860 shares (based on an adjusted volume weighted average price of the Class A common stock of \$9.3267 from June 10 through October 24, 2003) and the balance of the consideration would be payable in \$100 million in cash and, assuming no post-closing adjustment, approximately \$189.1 million in a combination of cash and Notes. On August 13, 2003, we completed the public offering of \$100 million of $9^5/8\%$ Senior Notes due 2011. We intend to pay cash to ConAgra Foods using the proceeds of that offering instead of issuing Notes; provided, however, that if we issue any Notes to ConAgra Foods, the initial principal amount of the Notes must be at least \$100 million or such lesser amount as may be acceptable to ConAgra Foods. The acquisition would be valued on our financial statements at approximately \$615.4 million plus transaction costs because the stock component of the purchase price would be valued based on our common stock price at closing of \$12.87 (which was the closing price of our Class A common stock on October 24, 2003), which currently exceeds the adjusted volume weighted average price of the common stock during the reference period. Accordingly, changes in the final adjusted net book value of the ConAgra chicken division, changes in the volume weighted average price of our common stock and changes in the price of our common stock prior to

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closing will change the amount of stock and Notes payable to ConAgra Foods and the purchase price of the ConAgra chicken division for purposes of our financial statements. We intend that the proposed reclassification of the Class A common stock and Class B common stock will be completed prior to the closing of our acquisition of the ConAgra chicken division and ConAgra Foods will receive shares of our new common stock in the acquisition. If for any reason the proposed reclassification is not completed, then ConAgra Foods will receive shares of our existing Class A common stock.

The Subordinated Notes (Pages 46 through 47 and Annex G)

Unless we exercise our option to pay all of the Note portion of the purchase price in cash, a portion of the purchase price will consist of the Notes. The Notes will be issued under an indenture between us and a trustee. The Notes will be general unsecured obligations of Pilgrim s Pride, and are expressly subordinated in right of payment to all of our existing and future senior indebtedness. The Notes will mature on March 4, 2011. Interest on the Notes will accrue at the rate of 10.50% per annum and will be payable semi-annually in arrears on December 15 and June 15.

The Notes may be redeemed by us at any time, in whole or in part, for 100% of the then-outstanding principal and accrued interest, as long as they are held by ConAgra Foods or a ConAgra Foods affiliate. We may not redeem less than all of the Notes from ConAgra Foods if ConAgra Foods holds less than, or the redemption would result in ConAgra Foods holding less than, \$100 million of the Notes. If ConAgra Foods should transfer the Notes to an unaffiliated third party,

up to 35% of the Notes may be redeemed by us at a 10.5% premium prior to the fourth anniversary of their original issuance from the proceeds, and within 45 days after the completion by us, of a public equity issuance; and

the Notes may be redeemed by us, in whole or in part, at a 5.25% premium from September 15, 2007 through September 14, 2008; at a 2.625% premium from September 15, 2008 through September 14, 2009; and for 100% of the then-outstanding principal and accrued interest at any time after September 14, 2009.

If a change of control (as defined in the indenture) occurs, each noteholder will have the right to require us to repurchase all or any part of that holder s Notes on the terms set forth in the indenture.

We are not required to make mandatory redemption or sinking fund payments with respect to the Notes.

Recommendation of the Board of Directors (Page 42)

Our board of directors has determined that the proposed issuance of shares to ConAgra Foods and the proposed purchase of the ConAgra chicken division are in the best interests of Pilgrim s Pride and our stockholders. The board of directors recommends that stockholders vote FOR approval of the proposed issuance of shares to ConAgra Foods in connection with the ConAgra chicken division acquisition.

Reasons for the Acquisition and Issuance of Shares to ConAgra Foods; Certain Risks of the Acquisition (Pages 33 through 35)

In reaching its decision that the proposed issuance of the shares to ConAgra Foods and the proposed purchase of the ConAgra chicken division are in the best interests of Pilgrim s Pride and our stockholders, our board of directors considered, among other things:

the financial condition and operating results of the ConAgra chicken division;

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the markets served by the ConAgra chicken division in the United States and Puerto Rico;

the distributor relationships, Southeastern processing plants and other facilities of the ConAgra chicken division;

opportunities to achieve significant cost savings through the optimization of production and distribution facilities and the implementation of a best practices approach across all operations, including purchasing, production, logistics and shared services;

the brands of, and variety of products produced by, the ConAgra chicken division, including higher-margin specialty prepared chicken products; and

the financial and other terms and conditions of the Stock Purchase Agreement and other transaction agreements.

Our board of directors also considered, among other things, the following risks of the proposed acquisition:

the dilution to the ownership percentage of the holders of the currently outstanding Class A common stock and Class B common stock:

the potential adverse effect on prevailing market prices for the common stock that might occur due to the availability for resale of one-third of the shares 12 months after the closing;

the risk that certain aspects of the businesses of Pilgrim s Pride and the ConAgra chicken division may not be successfully coordinated in a timely manner; and

certain other factors described in this proxy statement.

In the board of directors view, these considerations were not sufficient, either individually or collectively, to outweigh the advantages of the proposed acquisition.

Opinion of Pilgrim s Pride s Financial Advisor for the Acquisition (Pages 35 through 41 and Annex B)

In connection with the proposed acquisition, our financial advisor, Credit Suisse First Boston LLC, delivered a written opinion to our board of directors as to the fairness, from a financial point of view and as of the date of the opinion, to Pilgrim s Pride of the purchase price provided for in the Stock Purchase Agreement, dated June 7, 2003, prior to its amendment. The full text of Credit Suisse First Boston s written opinion, dated June 7, 2003, is attached to this proxy statement as Annex B. We encourage you to read this opinion carefully in its entirety for a description of the procedures followed, assumptions made, matters considered and limitations on the review undertaken. Credit Suisse First Boston s opinion was provided to our board of directors in connection with its evaluation of such purchase price, does not address any other aspect of the proposed acquisition or related transactions, and does not constitute a recommendation to any stockholder as to any matters relating to the acquisition or related transactions. Credit Suisse First Boston was not requested to render an updated opinion in connection with

the August 11, 2003 and August 20, 2003 amendments to the Stock Purchase Agreement.

Closing Conditions (Pages 47 through 48)

The obligations of Pilgrim s Pride and ConAgra Foods to consummate the acquisition are subject to the satisfaction or waiver of certain conditions, including but not limited to:

approval of the issuance to ConAgra Foods of shares of our common stock pursuant to the Stock Purchase Agreement by the requisite vote of the holders of our Class A common stock and Class B common stock, voting as a single class;

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the approval for listing on the New York Stock Exchange of the shares to be issued to ConAgra Foods pursuant to the Stock Purchase Agreement;

the absence of any injunction prohibiting consummation of the acquisition; and

the accuracy of the representations and warranties contained in the Stock Purchase Agreement.

Non-Competition Covenant (Page 48)

The Stock Purchase Agreement provides that, for five years after the closing, ConAgra Foods will not compete with us in North America or Central America in the business of growing or slaughtering of chickens, an integrated chicken operation growing, slaughtering and processing chickens, the sale of fresh chicken or the sale of fresh frozen chicken that has not been further processed, and will not use, license or allow any third party to use the names Butterball or Country Skillet as a trademark, service mark, trade name or domain name in connection with any of those activities.

Amendment and Termination; Termination Fee (Pages 53 through 55)

The Stock Purchase Agreement provides that the parties may amend, modify or supplement the agreement by mutual agreement in writing. The Stock Purchase Agreement may be terminated at any time prior to the closing by the mutual consent of Pilgrim s Pride and ConAgra Foods. Either party also may terminate the Stock Purchase Agreement if the closing has not occurred by December 31, 2003 (unless the failure of the closing to occur was due to any breach of the Stock Purchase Agreement by the party seeking to terminate), or for certain other reasons. If the Stock Purchase Agreement is terminated for certain reasons, the terminating party will be obligated to pay the other party a termination fee of \$25 million.

Share Voting Agreement (Pages 55 through 56)

In connection with the Stock Purchase Agreement, the Majority Stockholders entered into a Share Voting Agreement with us and ConAgra Foods. In the Share Voting Agreement, the Majority Stockholders agreed, among other things, to vote their shares of Class A common stock and Class B common stock in favor of the issuance of shares of our common stock to ConAgra Foods in connection with the acquisition, and in favor of any proposal or action that would, or could reasonably be expected to, facilitate the acquisition. On the record date, the Majority Stockholders beneficially owned over 60% of the outstanding shares of each of the Class A common stock and Class B common stock, and all of such shares will be voted FOR the proposed issuance of shares to ConAgra Foods and the proposed reclassification of the Class A common stock and Class B common stock into a single class of common stock. Thus, approval of both proposals is assured.

Other Transaction Agreements (Pages 56 through 58)

In connection with the closing of the proposed acquisition, we will enter into various other agreements with ConAgra Foods, including the following:

two registration rights agreements, pursuant to which, among other things, we will register the shares and Notes to be issued to ConAgra Foods for resale within 12 months of the closing date, and ConAgra Foods and the Majority Stockholders each will agree to certain restrictions on transfer of their shares of our common stock; and

three supply agreements, pursuant to which we will be a preferred supplier of fresh chicken and certain chicken products to ConAgra Foods and they will be a preferred supplier of grain to us in Puerto Rico.

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Vote Required to Approve the Proposals (Pages 29 and 43)

Approval of the proposed amendment to our certificate of incorporation to reclassify the Class A common stock and Class B common stock into a single class of common stock will require the vote of a majority of the outstanding shares of each of the Class A common stock and Class B common stock. Approval of the issuance of shares to ConAgra Foods in connection with the acquisition will require the vote of a majority of the combined voting power of the shares of Class A common stock and Class B common stock represented at and voting on the proposal at the special meeting. Each share of Class A common stock is entitled to one vote per share and each share of Class B common stock is entitled to twenty votes per share on these matters.

Our chairman, Lonnie Bo Pilgrim, and his son, Lonnie Ken Pilgrim, who is one of our directors and officers, collectively own or control 8,618,741 shares (63.7%) of the Class A common stock and 17,163,818 shares (62.2%) of the Class B common stock, and will vote for both proposals, and thus the approval of both proposals is assured.

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QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS ABOUT THE SPECIAL MEETING

This question-and-answer section highlights important information in this proxy statement but does not contain all of the information that is important to you. You should carefully read this entire proxy statement and the other documents we refer you to for a more complete understanding of the matters being considered at the special meeting. In addition, we incorporate by reference important business and financial information about Pilgrim s Pride into this proxy statement from our Annual Report on Form 10-K and Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q which are attached hereto as Annex H and Annex I.

Q: When and where is the special meeting?

A: The special meeting is scheduled to be held as follows:

Date: November 20, 2003

Time: 9:00 a.m. Central time

Place: Pilgrim s Pride Corporation

Headquarters Building 110 South Texas Street Pittsburg, Texas 75686

O: Who can vote at the special meeting?

A: You can vote at the special meeting or any postponements or adjournments thereof if you owned shares of Pilgrim s Pride Class A common stock or Class B common stock at the close of business on the record date, which is October 17, 2003. As of the close of business on that day, 13,523,429 shares of Pilgrim s Pride Class A common stock and 27,589,250 shares of Class B common stock were outstanding and entitled to vote.

Q: What am I being asked to vote on?

A: You are being asked to vote to:

Approve an amendment to Article Fourth of our certificate of incorporation, which will reclassify our Class A common stock and Class B common stock into a single class of common stock. See Proposed Reclassification of Class A common stock and Class B common stock into a Single Class.

Approve the issuance to ConAgra Foods of shares of our common stock in connection with our proposed acquisition of the ConAgra chicken division, as contemplated by the Stock Purchase Agreement, dated June 7, 2003, as amended, between us and ConAgra Foods. See Proposed Issuance of Shares to ConAgra Foods.

Q: How do I vote?

A: You may vote your shares either in person or by proxy. There are generally two ways to vote:

by completing, executing and returning your proxy card; and by written ballot at the special meeting.

If your shares are held in a brokerage account in your broker s name (this is called street name), you should follow the voting directions provided by your broker or nominee. You may complete and mail a voting instruction card to your broker or nominee or, in most cases, submit voting instructions to your broker or nominee by telephone or the Internet. If you provide specific voting instructions to your broker or nominee

by mail, telephone or the Internet, your shares should be voted by your broker or nominee as you have directed.

We will pass out written ballots to anyone who wants to vote at the special meeting. If you hold your shares in street name, you must request a legal proxy from your broker to vote at the special meeting.

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Your shares will be voted as you indicate on your proxy card. If you return your proxy card but do not mark your voting preference, the individuals named as proxies will vote your shares FOR both proposals described in this proxy statement.

- Q: If my shares are held in my broker s name, will my broker vote my shares for me?
- A: Your broker will vote your shares only if you provide your broker with instructions on how to vote. You should instruct your broker to vote your shares, following the directions provided by your broker. Without instructions, your shares will not be voted.
- Q: What if I change my mind after submitting a proxy?
- A: Your proxy may be revoked at any time before it is voted at the special meeting by (1) written notice to the Secretary of Pilgrim s Pride, at Pilgrim s Pride Corporation, 110 South Texas Street, Pittsburg, Texas 75686, Attn: Corporate Secretary, (2) submitting another valid proxy by mail that is later dated and properly signed or (3) voting in person at the special meeting.
- Q: Why is stockholder approval necessary for the issuance of shares to ConAgra Foods?
- A: Our listing agreement with the New York Stock Exchange requires stockholder approval for the issuance of shares in a single transaction or series of related transactions equal to 20% or more of Pilgrim's Prides issued and outstanding common stock. If the ConAgra chicken division had a final adjusted net book value of \$525.6 million (which was the adjusted net book value at August 24, 2003) and the adjusted volume weighted average price of our Class A common stock used to compute the share portion of the consideration to be paid to ConAgra Foods was \$9.3267 (which was the adjusted volume weighted average price from June 10, 2003 through October 24, 2003, we would issue approximately 25.4 million shares of common stock to ConAgra Foods in the acquisition. This number of shares would represent approximately 38.15% of the total number of shares of common stock outstanding, and approximately 2.99% of our total voting power, after giving effect to the reclassification.
- Q: What vote will be required to approve the proposals?
- A: Approval of the amendment to our certificate of incorporation to reclassify our Class A common stock and Class B common stock into a single class of common stock will require the vote of a majority of the outstanding shares of each of our Class A common stock and Class B common stock. Approval of the issuance of shares to ConAgra Foods will require the vote of a majority of the combined voting power of the shares of Class A common stock and Class B common stock represented at and voting on the proposal at the special meeting. Each share of Class A common stock is entitled to one vote per share and each share of Class B common stock is entitled to twenty votes per share on these matters.

Our chairman, Lonnie Bo Pilgrim, and his son, Lonnie Ken Pilgrim, who is one of our directors and officers, collectively own or control 8,618,741 shares (63.7%) of the Class A common stock and 17,163,818 shares (62.2%) of the Class B common stock, and will vote for both proposals, and thus the approval of both proposals is assured.

- Q: Do I have any appraisal rights if I oppose the proposals?
- A: No. Under Delaware law, stockholders do not have the right to an appraisal of the value of their shares in connection with either proposal.

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THE SPECIAL MEETING

Date, Time, Place and Purpose of the Special Meeting

The special meeting will be held as follows:

Date: November 20, 2003

Time: 9:00 a.m. Central time

Place: Pilgrim s Pride Corporation

Headquarters Building 110 South Texas Street Pittsburg, Texas 75686

The special meeting will be held for the following purposes:

To consider and vote upon a proposal to amend Article Fourth of the certificate of incorporation of Pilgrim s Pride Corporation (Pilgrim s Pride, we or the Company) to reclassify our Class A common stock and Class B common stock into a single class of common stock:

To consider and vote upon a proposal to approve the issuance to ConAgra Foods, Inc. (ConAgra Foods) of shares of our common stock in connection with our proposed acquisition of the ConAgra chicken division, as contemplated by the Stock Purchase Agreement, dated June 7, 2003, as amended, between us and ConAgra Foods (the Stock Purchase Agreement); and

To transact any other business that may properly come before the special meeting or any adjournment or postponement thereof.

A copy of the Stock Purchase Agreement is attached to this proxy statement as Annex D, copies of Amendment No. 1 to the Stock Purchase Agreement, dated August 11, 2003, and Amendment No. 2 to the Stock Purchase Agreement, dated August 20, 2003, between us and ConAgra, are attached to this proxy statement as Annex E and Annex F, respectively, and a copy of the Certificate of Amendment of Certificate of Incorporation is attached to this proxy statement as Annex C. The shares of our common stock to be issued to ConAgra Foods pursuant to the Stock Purchase Agreement are referred in this proxy statement as the Shares.

Recommendation of the Board of Directors

Our board of directors believes that the proposed reclassification of our Class A common stock and Class B common stock into a single class of common stock, and the proposed issuance of the Shares to ConAgra Foods in connection with the purchase of the ConAgra chicken division, are advisable and fair to, and in the best interests of, Pilgrim s Pride and its stockholders, and recommends that stockholders vote FOR the proposals.

Outstanding Voting Securities

Each stockholder of record at the close of business on October 17, 2003 (the Record Date), will be entitled to one vote for each share of Class A common stock, \$.01 par value per share, and twenty votes for each share of Class B common stock, \$.01 par value per share, held on the Record Date. The accompanying proxy card indicates the number of shares to be voted. On the Record Date, there were 13,523,429 shares of Class A common stock issued and outstanding and there were 27,589,250 shares of Class B common stock issued and outstanding. Approval of the proposed amendment to our certificate of incorporation to reclassify our Class A common stock and Class B common stock into a single class of common stock will require the separate class votes of a majority of the shares of the Class A common stock and a majority of the shares of Class B common stock outstanding on the Record Date. Approval of the issuance of the Shares to ConAgra Foods will require the vote of a majority of the combined voting power of the shares of Class A common stock and Class B common

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stock represented at and voting at the special meeting, voting as a single class. Our chairman, Lonnie Bo Pilgrim, and his son, Lonnie Ken Pilgrim, who is one of our directors and officers, collectively own or control 8,618,741 shares (63.7%) of the Class A common stock and 17,163,818 shares (62.2%) of the Class B common stock, and will vote for both proposals, and thus the approval of both proposals is assured.

A list of stockholders as of the Record Date for the special meeting will be available for examination by any stockholder, for purposes germane to the special meeting, at the special meeting and, during ordinary business hours, for 10 days prior to the date of the special meeting, at 110 South Texas Street, Pittsburg, Texas 75686.

Quorum

The holders of at least a majority of the combined voting power of Class A common stock and Class B common stock outstanding on the Record Date must be present in person or by proxy at the special meeting for the special meeting to be held. Abstentions and broker non-votes are counted in determining whether at least a majority of the voting power of our Class A common stock and Class B common stock outstanding on the Record Date are present at the special meeting. Our chairman, Lonnie Bo Pilgrim, and his son, Lonnie Ken Pilgrim, who is one of our directors and officers, collectively own or control a majority of the combined voting power of the Class A common stock and Class B common stock. Because they will vote for both proposals, the presence of a quorum at the special meeting is assured.

Proxies

Because many of our stockholders are unable to attend the special meeting, the board of directors solicits proxies by mail to give each stockholder an opportunity to vote on all items of business scheduled to come before the special meeting. Each stockholder is urged to:

read carefully the material in this proxy statement;

specify his or her voting instructions on each item by marking the appropriate boxes on the accompanying proxy card; and

sign, date and return the proxy card in the enclosed, postage prepaid envelope.

When the accompanying proxy card is properly executed and returned with voting instructions with respect to any of the items to be voted upon, the shares represented by the proxy will be voted in accordance with the stockholder s directions by the persons named on the proxy card as proxies of the stockholder. If a proxy card is signed and returned, but no specific voting instructions are given, the shares represented by the proxy card will be voted for both proposals.

Unless otherwise indicated by the stockholder, returned proxy cards also confer upon the persons named on the card, as proxies for the stockholder, discretionary authority to vote all shares of stock represented by the proxy card on any item of business that is properly presented for action at the special meeting, even if not described in this proxy statement. The board of directors, however, has no reason to believe that any item of business not set forth in this proxy statement will come before the special meeting.

The proxy does not affect a stockholder s right to vote in person at the special meeting. A stockholder may revoke a proxy at any time before it is voted by submitting a later-dated proxy, or by communicating his or her revocation in writing to the Secretary of Pilgrim s Pride at Pilgrim s Pride Corporation, 110 South Texas Street, Pittsburg, Texas 75686, Attn: Corporate Secretary, or by voting by ballot at the special meeting.

If you hold your shares in street name, which means your shares are held of record by a broker, bank or nominee, you must provide the record holder of your shares with instructions on how to vote your shares. Your broker, bank, or nominee will not be able to vote your shares unless the broker, bank or nominee receives

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specific instructions from you. If your shares are held in a street name account, you must contact your broker, bank or other nominee to change your vote.

After carefully reading and considering the information contained in this proxy statement, you should complete, sign, date and return the enclosed proxy card in the enclosed postage-prepaid envelope. You can also vote in person at the special meeting, but we encourage you to submit your proxy even if you plan to attend the special meeting.

Abstentions and Broker Non-Votes

Abstentions and broker non-votes will be counted as votes AGAINST the proposal to amend our certificate of incorporation to reclassify our Class A common stock and Class B common stock, and will have no effect on the vote to approve the issuance of the Shares to ConAgra Foods. Abstentions and broker non-votes will count towards the determination of a quorum at the special meeting.

Solicitation

We will bear the cost of the special meeting and the cost of soliciting proxies in the accompanying form, including the cost of mailing the proxy material. In addition to solicitation by mail, our directors, officers and other employees may solicit proxies by telephone or otherwise. They will not be specifically compensated for such services. We will request brokers and other custodians, nominees and fiduciaries to forward proxies and proxy soliciting material to the beneficial owners of Class A common stock and Class B common stock and to secure their voting instructions, if necessary. We will reimburse them for their reasonable expenses in forwarding proxy soliciting material.

Other Proposals

Except as indicated in this proxy statement, we do not expect any other matters to be raised at the special meeting. If any other matters should properly come before the meeting, the persons named in the enclosed proxy will vote the proxies in accordance with their best judgment.

Independent Auditors

Representatives of Ernst & Young LLP, our independent auditors, are expected to be present at the special meeting, will be given the opportunity to make a statement if they wish to do so, and will be available to respond to appropriate questions.

Assistance

If you have any questions about the proposals, the special meeting or how to submit your proxy, need assistance in completing your proxy card, or need additional copies of this proxy statement or the enclosed proxy card, please contact:

Pilgrim s Pride Corporation

110 South Texas Street

Pittsburg, Texas 75686

Attention: Ric Springstead

Telephone: (903) 855-1000

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SELECTED HISTORICAL FINANCIAL DATA

Selected Historical Financial Data of Pilgrim s Pride

We prepared the selected historical consolidated financial data in the table below using our consolidated financial statements. We derived the consolidated statement of income data for the five fiscal years ended September 28, 2002 and the consolidated balance sheet data as of the last day of each such fiscal year from our consolidated financial statements audited by Ernst & Young LLP, independent auditors. We derived the consolidated statement of income data for the nine months ended June 28, 2003 and June 29, 2002 and the consolidated balance sheet data as of June 28, 2003 and June 29, 2002 from our unaudited consolidated financial statements. In the opinion of management, the unaudited interim financial statements for the nine months ended June 28, 2003 and June 29, 2002 include all adjustments, consisting only of normal recurring adjustments, necessary for a fair presentation of our financial position and the results of operations for these periods. Operating results for the nine months ended June 28, 2003 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the entire fiscal year ending September 27, 2003. The historical data are only a summary and should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and related notes thereto for the applicable periods. Our audited consolidated balance sheets as of September 28, 2002 and September 29, 2001 and our audited consolidated statements of income for each of the three fiscal years in the period ended September 28, 2002, and the unaudited consolidated financial statements as of June 28, 2003 and June 29, 2002 and for the nine month periods then ended, are included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K and Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q attached hereto as Annex H and Annex I and incorporated by reference in this proxy statement.

	Fiscal Year Ended							Nine Months Ended		
	September 26,	October 2,	Sej	ptember 30,	Sej	ptember 29,	Sej	otember 28,	June 29,	June 28,
	1998	1999 ^(a)		2000		2001 ^(b)		2002	2002	2003
Income Statement Data:										
Net sales	\$ 1,331,545	\$ 1,357,403	\$	1,499,439	\$	2,214,712	\$	2,533,718	\$ 1,893,899	\$ 1,909,874
Gross margin	136,103	185,708		165,828		213,950		165,165	133,495	140,619
Operating income	77,256	109,504		80,488		94,542		29,904	33,004	37,891
Interest expense, net	20,148	17,666		17,779		30,775		32,003	24,886	28,835
Income tax expense (benefit)(c)	6,512	25,651		10,442		20,724		(12,425)	(7,453)	15,346
Net income	50,010	65,253		52,344		41,137		14,335	17,509	30,963
Per Common Share Data:(d)										
Net income	1.21	1.58		1.27		1.00		0.35	0.43	0.75
Cash dividends	0.04	0.045		0.06		0.06		0.06	0.045	0.045
Book value	5.58	7.11		8.33		9.27		9.59	9.68	10.27
Balance Sheet Data (end of										
period):										
Working capital	\$ 147,040	\$ 154,242	\$	124,531	\$	203,450	\$	179,038	\$ 157,980	\$ 267,844
Total assets	601,439	655,762		705,420		1,215,695		1,227,890	1,218,365	1,278,920
Notes payable and current										
Maturities of long-term debt	5,889	4,353		4,657		5,099		3,483	5,207	2,635
Long-term debt, less current										
maturities	199,784	183,753		165,037		467,242		450,161	418,064	480,150
Total stockholders equity	230,871	294,259		342,559		380,932		394,324	397,910	422,189

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- (a) Fiscal 1999 had 53 weeks.
- (b) We acquired WLR Foods, Inc. on January 27, 2001 for \$239.5 million and the assumption of \$45.5 million of indebtedness. The acquisition has been accounted for as a purchase and the results of operations for this acquisition have been included in our consolidated results of operations since the acquisition date.
- (c) Fiscal 2002 includes \$11.9 million of tax benefit from changes in Mexican tax laws.
- (d) Historical per share amounts represent both basic and diluted and have been restated to give effect to a stock dividend issued on July 30, 1999.

Selected Historical Financial Data of the ConAgra Chicken Division

The following table presents selected historical financial data of the ConAgra chicken division on a combined basis as of and for the periods indicated. The combined statement of income data for each of the three fiscal years in the period ended May 25, 2003 and the combined balance sheet data as of May 25, 2003 and May 26, 2002 was derived from the ConAgra Foods Chicken Business combined financial statements appearing elsewhere in this proxy statement, which have been audited by Deloitte & Touche LLP, independent auditors. The combined statement of income data for the fiscal years ended May 28, 2000 and May 30, 1999 and the combined balance sheet data as of August 25, 2002, May 27, 2001, May 28, 2000, and May 30, 1999 was derived from the ConAgra Foods Chicken Business unaudited combined financial statements, which are not included in this proxy statement. The combined statement of income data for the thirteen weeks ended August 24, 2003 and August 25, 2002 and the combined balance sheet data as of August 24, 2003 have been derived from the unaudited combined financial statements of the ConAgra Foods Chicken Business appearing elsewhere in this proxy statement. In the opinion of the ConAgra Foods Chicken Business management, the unaudited combined financial statements include all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring accruals) necessary for a fair presentation of the financial position and the results of operations of the ConAgra chicken division for these periods. The historical data are only a summary and should be read in conjunction with the combined financial statements and related notes thereto for the applicable periods. You should read this selected historical financial data in conjunction with the audited combined financial statements of the ConAgra Foods Chicken Business and notes thereto beginning on page F-1 of this proxy statement.

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		Thirteen Weeks Ended						
	May 30,	May 28,	May 27,	May 26,	May 25,	August 25, 2002(e)	August 24, 2003(f)	
	1999(a)	2000(b) (c)	2001	2002(d)	2003(e)			
			(in millions)					
Income Statement Data:								
Net sales	\$ 1,784.2	\$ 1,993.2	\$ 2,341.0	\$ 2,434.7	\$ 2,341.7	\$ 606.5	\$ 607.0	
Cost of goods sold	1,689.9	1,906.6	2,263.7	2,267.3	2,258.1	564.9	582.7	
							-	
Gross profit	94.3	86.6	77.3	167.4	83.6	41.6	24.3	
Selling, general and administrative								
expenses	56.3	71.8	72.6	79.4	73.0	19.6	18.1	
Corporate allocations: Selling, general								
and administrative	7.6	13.8	20.6	19.0	19.3	4.8	5.3	
Corporate allocations: Finance charges	12.3	21.9	31.8	22.7	26.0	6.4	8.8	
Restructuring charges	5.9	56.5						
Income (loss) before income taxes	12.2	(77.4)	(47.7)	46.3	(34.7)	10.8	(7.9)	
Income tax expense (benefit)	4.5	(28.5)	(17.5)	17.6	(12.9)	4.0	(3.0)	
Cumulative effect of change in		, í	, í		, ,		· í	
accounting							(0.1)	
Net income (loss)	7.7	(48.9)	(30.2)	28.7	(21.8)	6.8	(5.0)	
Balance Sheet Data (end of period):								
Working capital	\$ 113.3	\$ 206.7	\$ 260.4	\$ 201.7	\$ 181.8	\$ 228.0	\$ 173.9	
Total assets	492.1	879.8	882.0	833.1	786.7	853.2	774.2	
Long-term debt, less current maturities	3.2	18.5	17.9	17.1	16.6	16.7	16.6	

- (a) 1999 restructuring charges represent charges for asset impairments.
- (b) 2000 restructuring charges include \$52.7 million of asset impairments and \$3.8 million of other restructuring related charges.
- (c) 2000 amounts reflect the acquisition of Seaboard Farms, the poultry division of Seaboard Corporation, for approximately \$360 million. Seaboard Farms produced and marketed value-added poultry products primarily to foodservice customers and had annual sales of approximately \$480 million.
- (d) As of the beginning of fiscal year 2002, the ConAgra Foods Chicken Business adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standard (SFAS) No. 133, Accounting for Derivative Financial Instruments and Hedging Activities, as amended.
- (e) As of the beginning of fiscal year 2003, the ConAgra Foods Chicken Business adopted SFAS No. 142, *Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets*
- (f) As of the beginning of fiscal year 2004, the ConAgra Foods Chicken Business adopted SFAS No. 143, *Accounting for Asset Retirement Obligations*.

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PROPOSED RECLASSIFICATION OF CLASS A COMMON STOCK AND

CLASS B COMMON STOCK INTO A SINGLE CLASS

Item 1 on Proxy Card

General

The board of directors has approved, and recommends that the stockholders adopt, a proposal to amend our certificate of incorporation to reclassify our Class A common stock and Class B common stock into a single class of common stock. A copy of the proposed certificate of amendment to our certificate of incorporation is attached to this proxy statement as Annex C. The following discussion is qualified in its entirety by reference to the amendment, which you should read carefully for more details regarding the provisions we describe and for other provisions that may be important to you.

At the effective time of the reclassification, each share of Class A common stock and each share of Class B common stock will be reclassified into one (1) share of new common stock. The new common stock will be our only class of authorized common stock. Following the reclassification, the Class A common stock and Class B common stock will no longer be listed on the New York Stock Exchange or registered under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. The new common stock will be listed on the New York Stock Exchange under the symbol PPC and registered under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. As of the Record Date, there were 13,523,429 shares of Class A common stock outstanding and 27,589,250 shares of Class B common stock outstanding. After giving effect to the reclassification, there will be 41,112,679 shares of our new common stock outstanding, all of which will be held by our current stockholders.

Upon approval by the stockholders, our certificate of incorporation will be amended as described in this proxy statement when the Certificate of Amendment of Certificate of Incorporation in the form attached to this proxy statement as Annex C is filed with the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware. Prior to its filing with the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware, the proposed amendment may be abandoned by the board of directors, without further action by the stockholders, at any time before or after the special meeting if for any reason the board of directors deems it advisable.

You should NOT send in your Class A common stock or Class B common stock certificates for exchange. If the reclassification is approved and consummated, your shares of Class A common stock or Class B common stock will automatically be reclassified as our new common stock when the Certificate of Amendment is filed, without any further action. You should retain the certificates for your Class A common stock or Class B common stock, which will be deemed for all purposes to represent the shares of new common stock into which your existing shares were reclassified. While you do not need to exchange your Class A common stock or Class B common stock certificates following this reclassification, you may do so if you wish. Please contact Ric Springstead, Pilgrim s Pride Corporation, 110 South Texas Street, Pittsburg, Texas 75686, Telephone: (903) 855-1000 for further information.

Background of the Proposed Reclassification

Our current dual class capital structure was approved by our stockholders in June 1998. The dual class capital structure was intended to provide additional flexibility to Pilgrim s Pride, while permitting us to avoid certain adverse income tax consequences that would result if we ceased to qualify as a family corporation under section 447 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986.

A corporation is a family corporation if at least 50% of the total combined voting power of all classes of stock entitled to vote and at least 50% of all other classes of stock of the corporation are owned by members of the same family and certain other conditions are met. We are controlled by Lonnie Bo Pilgrim, our founder and Chairman, and his son Lonnie Ken Pilgrim, who is one of our directors and officers. Collectively, they own approximately 62.25% of our total voting power and over 60% of each class of our common stock. We also meet the other requirements of a family corporation.

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Before July 2, 1988, we used the cash method of accounting for federal income tax purposes. Pursuant to changes in the laws enacted by the Revenue Act of 1987, we were required to change our method of accounting from the cash method for federal income tax purposes to the accrual method. As a consequence of this change in our accounting method, we were permitted to create a suspense account in the amount of approximately \$89.7 million. This account represents deferred income arising from our prior use of the cash method of accounting. Beginning in fiscal 1998, we are generally required to include 1/20th of this amount, or approximately \$4.5 million, in taxable income each year for 20 years. As of September 28, 2002, approximately \$64.0 million remained to be included in our taxable income in future years. However, the full amount must be included in taxable income in any year that we cease to be a family corporation. Accordingly, if the Pilgrim family ceases to own at least 50% of the total combined voting power of all classes of our stock entitled to vote, we would cease to be a family corporation and would be required to recognize the balance of the suspense account in taxable income.

Our dual class structure was intended to allow us to issue equity securities in connection with acquisitions and to raise equity capital or to issue convertible debt or convertible preferred stock as a means to finance future growth, without diluting the voting power of the Pilgrim family in a way that would cause us to incur additional income tax expense.

At the time the dual class capital structure was implemented, our board of directors considered potential disadvantages of the structure, but determined that the potential benefits that it believed would result from the structure would outweigh any potential disadvantages.

At various times since adoption of our dual class capital structure, our board of directors has discussed the possibility that, in practice, certain disadvantages of the dual class capital structure have outweighed potential advantages related to the structure. The board of directors has noted that, with the exception of the pending acquisition of the ConAgra chicken division, we have not used the Class A common stock in connection with any acquisitions, nor have we sold Class A common stock or debt or shares convertible into Class A common stock in any public or private offering in order to raise capital. Given that we have not enjoyed the intended benefits of the Class A common stock, we have felt the disadvantages of the dual class capital structure more strongly, especially in light of the prevalence of single class capital structures among publicly held corporations. The disadvantages of the dual class capital structure that have been noted by the board of directors include, among others, the following:

potential confusion due to the complicated nature of our capital structure, which may diminish investor interest, analyst coverage, and the size of our investor base; and

impaired liquidity, trading volume, and trading efficiencies.

The board of directors has also noted that the Class A common stock historically traded at a discount to the Class B common stock that it believes to be excessive. Since the adoption of the dual-class structure and prior to the announcement of the proposed reclassification, the Class A common stock generally traded on the New York Stock Exchange at a discount to the Class B common stock. This discount averaged 27.1% from the adoption of the dual-class structure in 1999 through August 5, 2003, and 26.6% over the three months ending August 5, 2003. The trading volume of the Class A common stock averaged approximately 38% that of the Class B common stock from the adoption of the dual-class structure in 1999 through August 5, 2003, and 16.6% over the three months ending August 5, 2003.

From time to time over the last few years, our management has discussed with the New York Stock Exchange and our legal and financial advisors the possibility of combining our two classes of common stock into one class as a means of increasing the trading price of our common stock and enhancing shareholder value. In 2002, we presented a formal proposal to the New York Stock Exchange that the Class A common stock and Class B common stock be reclassified as a new class of common stock, with each reclassified share initially entitled to 20 votes and

newly issued shares or transferred shares entitled to one vote per share.

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In July 2003, the New York Stock Exchange preliminarily indicated that, subject to certain conditions described below, it would not object to our proposal under its voting rights rules, and our board of directors appointed a special committee comprised of our five outside directors (Messrs. Charles L. Black, S. Key Coker, Vance C. Miller, James G. Vetter and Donald L. Wass) to evaluate the proposal. The special committee, which does not consist of any member of the Pilgrim family or any of our officers or employees, was charged by the board of directors with determining whether this reclassification of the Class A common stock and Class B common stock was in the best interests of Pilgrim s Pride, the Class A stockholders and the Class B stockholders, and the terms of any such reclassification, including the rights of the new common stock and the number of new common shares that would be issued for each outstanding share of Class A common stock and Class B common stock, and to make a recommendation to the full board of directors.

In August 2003, the New York Stock Exchange advised us that it would not object to our proposal under its voting rights rules provided that (i) our Majority Stockholders entered into a voting agreement with us so that the reclassification does not increase the percentage of our total voting power controlled by them, (ii) the voting agreement is found satisfactory for its purposes by the New York Stock Exchange, (iii) the voting agreement between us and the Majority Stockholders is legally enforceable and that such enforceability is evidenced by an opinion from counsel to us and the Majority Stockholders, (iv) we agree to notify the New York Stock Exchange of any breach, amendment or termination of the voting agreement, the New York Stock Exchange reserves the right to take action consistent with its voting rights rules, which could include suspension of trading or delisting of our common stock. We must enter into these agreements with the Majority Stockholders and the New York Stock Exchange prior to effecting the reclassification.

The special committee engaged Merrill Lynch as its financial advisor to assist it in evaluating the exchange ratio. At meetings of the special committee on August 6, August 8, August 11 and August 20, 2003, our management, together with our legal counsel and Merrill Lynch, reviewed the proposed reclassification of our Class A common stock and Class B common stock in the manner described in this proxy statement. At the August 6 meeting, Merrill Lynch presented to the special committee its financial analysis of the proposed exchange ratio and indicated that it was prepared to render a written opinion to the special committee as to the fairness of the proposed exchange ratio to both the holders of Class A common stock and Class B common stock, in each case other than members of the Pilgrim family and their affiliated entities. Merrill Lynch s presentations at the August 8, August 8 and August 11, 2003 meetings of the special committee were identical to Merrill Lynch s presentation at the August 20, 2003 meeting that is summarized below under the caption Opinion of Special Committee s Financial Advisor for the Reclassification, except that the presentation at the August 6 meeting of the special committee did not reflect the recommendation by the special committee of a 1:1 exchange ratio, which was arrived at after the August 6, 2003 presentation by Merrill Lynch to the special committee. At the August 20 meeting, Merrill Lynch reaffirmed its financial analysis and delivered its opinion to the special committee to the effect that, as of August 20, 2003 and based upon the assumptions made, matters considered and limits of review set forth in its written opinion, the exchange ratio pursuant to the proposed reclassification was fair from a financial point of view to both the holders of Class A common stock and Class B common stock, in each case other than members of the Pilgrim family and their affiliated entities. The special committee then unanimously decided that the proposed reclassification was in the best interests of Pilgrim s Pride, the Class A common stock stockholders and the Class B common stock stockholders, and voted to recommend the proposal to the full board of directors.

Based on the recommendation of the special committee and for the reasons described below, our board of directors subsequently determined that the proposed reclassification was in the best interests of Pilgrim s Pride and was in the best interests of and fair to the holders of both the Class A common stock and Class B common stock. The board formally approved the reclassification, including by the unanimous vote of the directors that are neither members of the Pilgrim family nor Pilgrim s Pride officers or employees, voting separately. The directors also recommended that the reclassification be submitted to a vote of our stockholders.

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Reasons for the Proposed Reclassification

At a board meeting held on August 20, 2003, our board of directors determined that it was in the best interests of Pilgrim s Pride and its stockholders to reclassify the Class A common stock and Class B common stock into new common stock on the terms described in this proxy statement.

In determining whether to approve the reclassification, and in the process of determining that the reclassification is in the best interests of Pilgrim s Pride and its stockholders, our directors considered a number of factors, and came to believe the reclassification will:

eliminate potential investor confusion caused by our dual class capital structure;

simplify our capital structure, which may generate increased investor interest, expanded analyst coverage, and a larger investor base:

potentially increase the liquidity, trading volume, and trading efficiencies of our common shares;

increase efficiency and flexibility in raising capital and issuing additional shares if, when, and to the extent desired; and

eliminate a perceived negative impact on the market price of our common stock that results from having a dual class capital structure.

Your board of directors also considered the following factors relating to the reclassification, and believes that each supports its determination that the exchange ratio is fair to all of our stockholders:

the analysis and opinion of Merrill Lynch dated August 20, 2003 to the special committee, to the effect that, as of that date and based upon the assumptions made, matters considered and limits of review set forth in its written opinion, the exchange ratio pursuant to the proposed reclassification was fair from a financial point of view to both the holders of Class A common stock and Class B common stock, in each case other than members of the Pilgrim family and their affiliated entities;

the holders of the Class A common stock and the holders of the Class B common stock currently have the same economic rights, with the different voting rights representing the only material difference between the Class A common stock and the Class B common stock;

in a merger or reorganization transaction, or in a liquidation of the company, each holder of a share of Class A common stock and each holder of a share of Class B common stock is currently entitled to receive the same kind and amount of shares, securities or other property, except that the holders of Class A common stock and Class B common stock could be offered different kinds of shares in a merger or reorganization transaction if the only difference would be their respective voting rights;

each holder of a share of Class A common stock and each holder of a share of Class B common stock is currently entitled to receive the same cash dividends per share, if any, declared by the Company;

the current and historical trading prices and volumes of the Class A common stock compared to the current and historical trading prices and volumes of the Class B common stock;

the trading price differentials between two classes of stock of other similarly situated companies; and

the exchange ratios utilized by other companies that reclassified two classes of stock into a single class.

The board of directors also considered that the reclassification would increase the relative voting power of current holders of Class A common stock and decrease the relative voting power of current holders of Class B common stock, and provide greater voting rights to our existing stockholders than it would to persons who

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acquired our common stock in the future, either from us or from our existing stockholders in private or market transactions. Because over 60% of the voting power of both classes of common stock is controlled by the Majority Stockholders, and will continue to be controlled by them after giving effect to the reclassification, the board of directors did not believe that the change in the relative voting power of the Class A stockholders and Class B stockholders resulting from the reclassification prevented a conclusion that the reclassification was fair to and in the best interests of the Class B stockholders, as well as the Class A stockholders. The board noted that the increased voting rights of shares that are subject to the reclassification may encourage our stockholders to retain their shares. The board also considered that our Majority Stockholders have agreed to enter into a voting agreement with us so that the reclassification does not result in an increase in their voting control of Pilgrim s Pride.

This discussion of information and factors considered by our board of directors is not intended to be exhaustive, but includes all material factors considered by our board of directors in approving the proposed reclassification. Our board of directors did not assign relative weights to the specific factors it considered in reaching its decision to approve the reclassification. In considering the factors described above, individual directors may have given different weight to different factors. Our board of directors relied on the experience and expertise of its financial advisor for quantitative analysis of the exchange ratio for the reclassification. See Opinion of Special Committee s Financial Advisor for the Reclassification below.

Opinion of Special Committee s Financial Advisor for the Reclassification

On August 20, 2003, Merrill Lynch delivered its written opinion to the special committee to the effect that, as of that date and based upon the assumptions made, matters considered and limits of review set forth in its written opinion, the exchange ratio pursuant to the proposed reclassification was fair from a financial point of view to both the holders of the Class A common stock and the Class B common stock, in each case other than members of the Pilgrim family and their affiliated entities. A copy of Merrill Lynch s opinion is attached to this proxy statement as Annex A.

Merrill Lynch s opinion sets forth the assumptions made, matters considered and limits on the scope of review undertaken by Merrill Lynch. Each holder of Class A common stock and Class B common stock is encouraged to read Merrill Lynch s opinion in its entirety. Merrill Lynch s opinion was intended for the use and benefit of the special committee and the board of directors, does not address the merits of the underlying decision by Pilgrim s Pride to engage in the reclassification and does not constitute a recommendation to any stockholder as to how that stockholder should vote on the reclassification or any related matter. The exchange ratio was determined by the special committee and approved by the board of directors. This summary of Merrill Lynch s opinion is qualified by reference to the full text of the opinion attached as Annex A.

In arriving at its opinion, Merrill Lynch, among other things:

Reviewed Pilgrim s Pride s certificate of incorporation as it relates to the rights and privileges of the Class A common stock and the Class B common stock, and held discussions with Pilgrim s Pride s outside counsel regarding such rights and privileges;

Reviewed a draft of the form of proposed certificate of amendment of the certificate of incorporation of Pilgrim s Pride providing for the reclassification, which is referred to as the amendment;

Conducted discussions with members of senior management of Pilgrim s Pride concerning the original creation of a dual class structure, the strategic and other reasons behind the decision of Pilgrim s Pride to engage in the reclassification, and certain other

aspects of the reclassification;

Reviewed the market prices, trading volumes and trading liquidity for the Class A common stock and the Class B common stock and compared them with the securities of certain publicly traded dual class companies that Merrill Lynch deemed to be relevant;

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Compared the proposed financial terms of the reclassification and the exchange ratio with the financial terms of certain other reclassification transactions that Merrill Lynch deemed to be relevant and the exchange ratios used in such transactions;

Reviewed a draft of the form of voting agreement to be entered into by the Majority Stockholders;

Reviewed a draft of the preliminary proxy statement of Pilgrim s Pride with respect to the reclassification; and

Reviewed such other financial studies and analyses and took into account such other matters as Merrill Lynch deemed necessary, including Merrill Lynch s assessment of general economic, market and monetary conditions.

In preparing its opinion, Merrill Lynch assumed and relied on the accuracy and completeness of all information supplied or otherwise made available to Merrill Lynch, discussed with or reviewed by or for Merrill Lynch, or publicly available, and Merrill Lynch did not assume any responsibility for independently verifying such information or undertake an independent evaluation or appraisal of any of the assets or liabilities of Pilgrim s Pride, and was not furnished with any such evaluation or appraisal, nor did Merrill Lynch evaluate the solvency or fair value of Pilgrim s Pride under any state or federal laws relating to bankruptcy, insolvency or similar matters. In addition, Merrill Lynch did not assume any obligation to conduct any physical inspection of the properties or facilities of Pilgrim s Pride. Merrill Lynch further assumed that the reclassification will qualify as a tax-free exchange and recapitalization for U.S. federal income tax purposes, and that the final forms of the amendment and the voting agreement to be entered into by the Majority Stockholders will be substantially similar to the last drafts reviewed by Merrill Lynch also assumed that the reclassification will be consummated in accordance with the terms of the amendment and as described in the proxy statement.

Merrill Lynch s opinion was necessarily based upon market, economic and other conditions as they existed and could be evaluated on, and on the information made available to Merrill Lynch as of, the date of its opinion.

Merrill Lynch was not requested to and did not provide advice concerning the structure, the exchange ratio or any other aspects of the reclassification. In addition, Merrill Lynch was not asked to address, and Merrill Lynch s opinion did not address, the fairness to, or any other consideration of, the holders of any class of securities, creditors or other constituencies of Pilgrim s Pride other than the holders of the Class A common stock and the Class B common stock (in each case other than members of the Pilgrim family and their affiliated entities). Merrill Lynch did not express any opinion as to the prices at which the Class A common stock or the Class B common stock will trade following the announcement of the reclassification or as to the prices at which the common stock will trade following consummation of the reclassification. Although Merrill Lynch s opinion addressed the fairness of the exchange ratio from a financial point of view to the holders of the Class A common stock and the Class B common stock (in each case other than members of the Pilgrim family and their affiliated entities), Merrill Lynch s opinion did not address the relative fairness of the exchange ratio to the holders of the Class A common stock and the Class B common stock.

The following is a summary of the material financial and comparative analyses performed by Merrill Lynch that were presented to the special committee in connection with its opinion. The financial analyses summarized below include information presented in tabular format. In order to understand fully Merrill Lynch s financial analyses, the tables must be read together with the text of each summary. The tables alone do not constitute a complete description of the financial analyses. Considering the data described below without considering the full narrative description of the financial analyses, including the methodologies and assumptions underlying the analyses, could create a misleading or incomplete view of Merrill Lynch s financial analyses.

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Historical Trading Analysis

Merrill Lynch reviewed the historical trading performance and the trading liquidity of the Class A common stock and Class B common stock for the period from June 1, 1999 through August 5, 2003. This analysis included an examination of the percentage by which the daily closing price per share of Class A common stock traded at a premium or a discount to the daily closing price per share of Class B common stock, as well as the percentage by which the daily closing price per share of Class B common stock traded at a premium or a discount to the daily closing price per share of Class A common stock. The trading premium or discount was calculated for all trading days between July 21, 1999, when Class A common stock first began trading, through August 5, 2003. Merrill Lynch also analyzed the ratio of the average daily trading volume of Class B common stock traded relative to the average daily trading volume of Class A common stock, which is referred to as the relative trading liquidity.

This analysis showed the following:

Average Historical Trading & Liquidity(1)

	Class A common stock		Class B commo	n stock	
			(Discount)/		
	(Discount)/	Trading	premium to	Trading	
	premium to	volume	Class A	volume	Class B common stock/ Class A common stock
	Class B common stock	(000s)	common stock	(000s)	relative trading liquidity
Since Split Date ⁽²⁾	(27.1%)	16.1	37.8%	42.4	2.63x
Last 2-years	(27.2%)	13.2	37.6%	47.3	3.60x
Last 1-year	(26.8%)	13.7	36.7%	56.2	4.11x
Last 6-months	(27.6%)	14.9	38.2%	62.4	4.19x
Last 3-months	(26.6%)	22.9	36.1%	88.2	3.85x
Current	(22.9%)	10.9	29.7%	65.7	6.03x

- (1) Source: Bloomberg. Trading data through August 5, 2003.
- Class A common stock began trading on the New York Stock Exchange on July 21, 1999.

Merrill Lynch noted that for the various time periods analyzed, the Class B common stock had traded at a premium to the Class A common stock ranging from 29.7% to 38.2%, and the Class B common stock trading volume exceeded the trading volume of the Class A common stock by multiples ranging from 2.63x to 6.03x. Merrill Lynch observed that the Class A common stock traded at a discount to the Class B common stock with significantly less trading volume than the Class B common stock. Merrill Lynch further noted that the premia at which the Class B common stock traded relative to the Class A common stock could be the result of, among other things, the relatively large ratio of the Class B common stock trading volume to the Class A common stock trading volume.

Analysis of Publicly Traded Companies with Dual-Class Capital Structures

Merrill Lynch analyzed a group of seventeen companies, which are referred to as the dual-class companies, that had two classes of common stock publicly traded on the New York Stock Exchange with market capitalizations greater than \$100 million, where the high-vote shares traded at a premium to low-vote shares. Merrill Lynch derived average trading premia of the high-vote shares over the low-vote shares of the dual-class companies for various periods as set forth below, and compared those premia to the corresponding premia for the Class B common stock over the same periods.

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This analysis showed the following:

Average High-Vote to Low-Vote Premium(1)

	Dual class	Pilgrim s	
	companies	Pride	
Since Split ⁽²⁾	9.6%	37.8%	
Last 2-years	9.1%	37.6%	
Last 1-year	8.7%	36.7%	
Last 6-months	7.7%	38.2%	
Last 3-months	5.4%	36.1%	
Current	4.4%	29.7%	

- (1) Source: Bloomberg. Trading data through August 5, 2003.
- (2) Class A common stock began trading on the New York Stock Exchange on July 21, 1999.

Merrill Lynch noted that for the various time periods analyzed, the premia at which the Class B common stock traded relative to the Class A common stock were significantly larger than the premia at which the high vote stock traded relative to the low vote stock for the dual class companies reviewed. Merrill Lynch further noted that the higher premia at which the Class B common stock traded relative to the Class A common stock could be the result of, among other things, the relatively small combined equity value of Pilgrim s Pride compared to the combined equity values of other dual class companies and the relatively large ratio of the Class B common stock trading volume to the Class A common stock trading volume compared to the corresponding ratios of other dual class companies, as indicated in Merrill Lynch s Analysis of Historical Reclassification Transactions summarized below.

Impact of Potential Exchange Ratios on Pro Forma Economic Ownership

Merrill Lynch analyzed the impact of a range of potential exchange ratios on the pro forma economic ownership of the Class A common stock and the Class B common stock. Assuming the Class B common stock were reclassified into new common stock at an exchange ratio equal to 1.0, this analysis showed that if the Class A common stock were reclassified into new common stock at an exchange ratio greater than 1.0, this would imply economic dilution to the holders of the Class B common stock, and if the Class A common stock were reclassified into new common stock at an exchange ratio less than 1.0x, this would imply economic accretion to the holders of the Class B common stock. Similarly, assuming the Class A common stock were reclassified into new common stock at an exchange ratio equal to 1.0, this analysis showed that if the Class B common stock were reclassified into new common stock at an exchange ratio greater than 1.0, this would imply economic dilution to the holders of the Class A common stock, and if the Class B common stock were reclassified into new common stock at an exchange ratio less than 1.0x, this would imply economic accretion to the holders of the Class A common stock.

Potential Accretive or Dilutive Impact of Exchange Ratios

Illustrative Exchange Ratio

(Class A common stock for	Class A Common Stock	Class B Common Stock
Class B common stock)	Economic Impact	Economic Impact
Less than 1.0	Dilution	Accretion
Equal to 1.0	Neutral	Neutral
Greater than 1.0	Accretion	Dilution

Analysis of Historical Reclassification Transactions

Merrill Lynch analyzed ten selected historical reclassification transactions in which two classes of common stock of a single company with differential voting rights were reclassified or combined into a single class of

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common stock. Merrill Lynch analyzed the exchange ratio, the combined equity value, the 3-year average trading premium of the high-vote shares over the low-vote shares, the high-vote shares to low-vote shares trading volume ratio, and the days to trade outstanding for both high-vote and low-vote shares for each of these reclassification transactions.

This analysis showed the following:

Selected Historical Reclassification Transactions

(dollars in millions)

			Combined	3-year average	High vote	Days Trade s outstand	hares
Shareholder meeting		Exchange	equity	trading	low vote	High	Low
date	Company	ratio	value ⁽¹⁾	premium ⁽²⁾	volume(3)	vote	vote
05/28/03	Florida East Coast Industries Inc.	1.00	\$ 869.9	(5.1%)	0.59x	1,400	718
12/13/02	Reader s Digest	1.22	2,282.3	(9.0%)	0.02	1,693	293
05/02/02	Freeport McMoRan Copper & Gold			, ,			
	Inc.	1.00	2,216.8	7.8%	6.87	61	261
09/21/01	Conoco, Inc.	1.00	17,754.7	2.1%	2.71	236	274
04/25/01	Raytheon Company	1.00	11,303.4	(2.3%)	0.41	188	185
04/25/01	Waddell & Reed Financial, Inc.	1.00	3,025.2	(4.7%)	0.09	2,093	209
01/22/01	Continental Airlines	1.32	3,037.4	1.7%	0.00	10,394	169
08/15/00	J.M. Smucker Company	1.00	452.2	15.1%	1.67	710	1,174
06/28/00	Mitchell Energy	1.00	1,317.4	(0.3%)	0.33	648	260
12/23/98	Remington Oil & Gas	1.15	90.7	9.1%	0.03	3,560	491
	Pilgrim s Pride		476.7	38.6%	3.30	243	394

⁽¹⁾ As of one day prior to announcement.

Pro Forma Economic and Voting Impact of the Reclassification

Merrill Lynch reviewed the economic and voting ownership of the Class A common stock and the Class B common stock and compared it to the pro forma economic and voting ownership resulting from the reclassification, as well as that resulting from the combined effect of the reclassification and the ConAgra chicken division acquisition.

⁽²⁾ Based on average of available closing prices up to three years prior to announcement. Premium based on high-vote share class to low-vote share class

⁽³⁾ Based on average volume for the 30-day period ended one day prior to announcement.

⁽⁴⁾ Represents number of days required for current volume to equal the number of shares outstanding for the high-vote and low-vote shares, respectively.

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This analysis showed the following:

Illustrative

Pro forma

Reclassification and ConAgra

	Current ownership ⁽¹⁾		Pro forma reclass	Pro forma reclassification (3)		acquisition(3)(5)	
	Economic % (2)	Voting % ⁽²⁾	Economic %	Voting %	Economic %	Voting %	
Class A common stock Stockholders				_ 			
Pilgrim Family	63.7%	1.5%	21.0%	21.0%	11.5%	20.1%	
Other Insiders	1.1%	0.0%	0.4%	0.4%	0.2%	0.3%	
Public	35.2%	0.8%	11.6%	11.6%	6.4%	11.1%	
Total	100.0%	2.4%	32.9%	32.9%	18.1%	31.6%	
Class B common stock Stockholders							
Pilgrim Family	62.2%	60.7%	41.7%	41.7%	22.9%	40.1%	
Other Insiders	0.3%	0.3%	0.2%	0.2%	0.1%	0.2%	
Public	37.5%	36.6%	25.1%	25.1%	13.8%	24.1%	
Total	100.0%	97.6%	67.1%	67.1%	36.9%	64.5%	
Combined Stockholders							
Pilgrim Family	62.7%	62.2%	62.7%(4)	62.7%(4)	34.5%	60.3%	
Other Insiders	0.6%	0.4%	0.6%	0.6%	0.3%	0.6%	
Public Stockholders							
Class A common stock	11.6%	0.8%	11.6%	11.6%	6.4%	11.1%	
Public Stockholders							
Class B common stock	25.1%	36.6%	25.1%	25.1%	13.8%	24.1%	
ConAgra Foods	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	45.0%	3.9%	
Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	

- (1) Source: Pilgrim s Pride and CDA/Spectrum as of August 5, 2003.
- (2) Class A common stock and Class B common stock economic percentage indicates economic interest within each class. Class A common stock and Class B common stock voting percentage indicates overall voting interest. Voting interest within each class is equal to corresponding economic interest.
- (3) Based on 1.0x shares of common stock for each outstanding Class A common stock and Class B common stock share.
- (4) Voting power in excess of 62.2% will be voted proportionally with that of other shareholders.
- (5) Based on average Class A common stock share closing price from June 10, 2003 to August 5, 2003 of \$7.83 per share; assumes 33.7 million shares of common stock issued to ConAgra Foods.

The summary set forth above summarizes the material analyses performed by Merrill Lynch but does not purport to be a complete description of the analyses performed by Merrill Lynch in arriving at its opinion. The preparation of a fairness opinion is a complex process and is not

necessarily susceptible to partial or summary description. Accordingly, Merrill Lynch believes that its analyses must be considered as a whole and that selecting portions of its analyses and the factors considered by Merrill Lynch, without considering all analyses and factors, could create an incomplete view of the processes underlying the Merrill Lynch opinion. Merrill Lynch did not assign relative weights to any of its analyses in preparing its opinion. The matters considered by Merrill Lynch in its analyses were based on numerous macroeconomic, operating and financial assumptions with respect to industry performance, general business and economic conditions and other matters, many of which are beyond Pilgrim s Pride s and Merrill Lynch s control and involve the application of complex methodologies and educated judgments. In addition, no company utilized as a comparison in the analyses described above is identical to Pilgrim s Pride, and none of the transactions utilized as a comparison is identical to the reclassification.

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The special committee selected Merrill Lynch to deliver its opinion because of Merrill Lynch s reputation as an internationally recognized investment banking firm with substantial experience in transactions similar to the reclassification and because Merrill Lynch is familiar with Pilgrim s Pride and its business. As part of Merrill Lynch s investment banking business, Merrill Lynch is continually engaged in the valuation of businesses and their securities in connection with mergers and acquisitions, leveraged buyouts, negotiated underwritings, secondary distributions of listed and unlisted securities and private placements.

Merrill Lynch has, in the past, provided financing services to Pilgrim s Pride and may continue to do so and has received, and may receive, fees for the rendering of those services. During the past two years, Merrill Lynch has received total fees for these services of approximately \$900,000. In addition, in the ordinary course of Merrill Lynch s business, Merrill Lynch and its affiliates may actively trade the Class A common stock and the Class B common stock and other securities of Pilgrim s Pride for their own account and for the accounts of customers. Accordingly, Merrill Lynch and its affiliates may at any time hold a long or short position in such securities.

Pilgrim s Pride paid Merrill Lynch a fee in the amount of \$500,000 upon delivery of its opinion. In addition, Pilgrim s Pride has agreed to reimburse Merrill Lynch for its reasonable out-of-pocket expenses incurred in connection with its engagement (including the reasonable fees and disbursements of legal counsel), and to indemnify Merrill Lynch and related parties from and against liabilities arising out of its engagement, whether arising under the federal securities laws or otherwise.

Description of the New Common Stock

Following the reclassification, our certificate of incorporation will not contain any provision for Class A common stock or Class B common stock. In connection with the elimination of the dual class capital structure, our certificate of incorporation will authorize 160 million shares of common stock instead of 100 million shares of Class A common stock and 60 million shares of Class B common stock.

Except as to voting rights, the rights of the new common stock will be substantially identical to the rights of the current Class A common stock and Class B common stock. Currently, the holders of Class A common stock are entitled to one vote per share and the holders of Class B common stock are entitled to twenty votes per share on all matters brought before the stockholders. Except as required by law, the Class A common stock and Class B common stock vote as a single class. Each share of existing Class A common stock or Class B common stock that is reclassified into our new common stock will be entitled to cast twenty votes on all matters submitted to a vote of the stockholders, until there is a change in the beneficial ownership of such share, as determined by us or our transfer agent based upon criteria specified in the certificate of amendment to our certificate of incorporation and written procedures we may adopt from time to time.

Generally, a change in beneficial ownership of an outstanding share of common stock will be deemed to have occurred whenever a change occurs in any person or group of persons who, directly or indirectly, through any contract, arrangement, understanding, relationship or otherwise has or shares:

voting power, which includes the power to vote or to direct the voting of such share of common stock;

investment power, which includes the power to direct the sale or other disposition of such share of common stock;

the right to receive or retain the proceeds of any sale or other disposition of such share of common stock; or

the right to receive any distributions, including cash dividends, in respect of such share of common stock.

Absent proof to the contrary, a change in beneficial ownership will be deemed to have occurred whenever a share of common stock is transferred of record into the name of any other person.

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The following events, however, will not be deemed to result in a change of beneficial ownership:

any event that occurred prior to the filing of the certificate of amendment under the terms of any contract (other than a contract for the purchase and sale of shares of common stock contemplating prompt settlement), including contracts providing for options, rights of first refusal and similar arrangements in existence at the time of such filing to which any holder of shares of common stock is a party;

any transfer of any interest in a share of common stock pursuant to a bequest or inheritance by operation of law upon the death of any individual, or by any other transfer to or primarily for the benefit of a family member(s) of the transferor or any trust, partnership or other entity primarily for the benefit of such family member(s), or pursuant to an appointment of a successor trustee, general partner or similar fiduciary or the grant of a proxy or other voting rights to one or more persons with respect to any such trust, partnership or other entity, including a gift;

any change in the beneficiary of any trust or any distribution of a share of common stock from trust, by reason of birth, death, marriage or divorce, the adoption of a person prior to age 18 or the passage of a given period of time or the attainment by a person of a specific age, or the creation or termination of any guardianship or custodial arrangement;

any transfer of any interest in a share of common stock from one spouse to another by reason of separation or divorce or under or pursuant to community property laws or other similar laws of any jurisdiction;

any appointment of a successor trustee, agent, guardian, custodian or similar fiduciary with respect to a share of common stock if neither such successor has nor its predecessor had the power to vote or to dispose of such share of common stock without further instructions from others;

any change in the person to whom dividends or other distributions in respect of a share of common stock are to be paid pursuant to the issuance or modification of a revocable dividend payment order;

any transfer of the beneficial ownership of a share of common stock from one of our employee benefit plans to another;

the grant by any person of the right to vote any shares of which such person is the beneficial owner, provided the agreement, arrangement or understanding to vote such shares arises solely from a revocable proxy or consent given in response to a proxy or consent solicitation made to 10 or more persons; or

any event occurring under the Share Voting Agreement among the Majority Stockholders and ConAgra Foods or the voting agreement among the Majority Stockholders and us described below.

Following a change in beneficial ownership of a share that is reclassified, the share will be entitled to only one vote. Shares of new common stock issued after the reclassification will also only be entitled to one vote per share, including the shares to be issued to ConAgra Foods in the ConAgra chicken division acquisition. Shares held in street name or by a broker or nominee will be presumed to have been acquired after the reclassification and to therefore have one vote per share. This presumption is rebuttable by the holder s showing that such share was subject to the reclassification and that no change in beneficial ownership of such share has occurred since the reclassification.

Effects of the Proposed Reclassification

Voting Interest. Because the Class A common stock currently carries one vote per share, and the Class B common stock currently carries twenty votes per share, the reclassification will significantly increase the relative voting power of each share of Class A common stock and decrease the relative voting power of each share of Class B common stock. The following table shows the percentage of our total voting power held as of the Record

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Date by the Majority Stockholders, our other existing stockholders and ConAgra Foods, and the percentage of our total voting power that would be held by each of those groups after giving effect to the proposed reclassification of the Class A common stock and Class B common stock and our proposed acquisition of the ConAgra chicken division as though they had occurred on October 7, 2003:

	Voting Power Prior to the Reclassification and Acquisition	Voting Power After the Reclassification Acquisition
Majority Stockholders	62.25%	60.84%
Other Existing Stockholders	37.75	36.17
ConAgra Foods		2.99
Total	100.00%	100.00%

Our chairman Lonnie Bo Pilgrim, and his son Lonnie Ken Pilgrim, who is one of our directors and officers, directly and through several family trusts and partnerships (collectively, the Majority Stockholders), collectively control 62.25% of our total voting power and will continue to control over 62% of our total voting power immediately after the reclassification. So that the reclassification does not increase the percentage of our total voting power controlled by the Majority Stockholders they have agreed to enter into a voting agreement with us prior to the reclassification. The voting agreement will provide that, as long as the common stock is listed on the New York Stock Exchange, should the combined voting power of shares held by the Majority Stockholders exceed 62.25% of our total voting power, they will vote those shares in excess of that percentage proportionately with the votes of the other Pilgrim s Pride stockholders.

Economic Interest. The reclassification will have no impact on the economic equity interest of holders of Class A common stock and Class B common stock. The shares held by the holders of our Class A common stock and Class B common stock currently represent 32.9% and 67.1%, respectively, of the total outstanding shares of common stock. After the adoption of the proposed amendment to effect the reclassification, the shares of new common stock held by current holders of Class A common stock and Class B common stock would be 32.9% and 67.1%, respectively.

Capitalization. The reclassification will have no impact on the total issued and outstanding shares of common stock. As of the Record Date, there were 41,112,679 shares of common stock issued and outstanding, consisting of 13,523,429 shares of Class A common stock and 27,589,250 shares of Class B common stock. After the reclassification, there will be 41,112,679 shares of the new common stock outstanding. In addition, the amendment will not increase our total number of authorized shares of common stock. The amendment to effect the reclassification authorizes the issuance of 160,000,000 shares of new common stock, which is the combined total number of shares of Class A common stock and Class B common stock currently authorized by our certificate of incorporation.

Market Price of Common Stock. After the reclassification, the market price of shares of our new common stock will depend, as before the reclassification, on many factors including our future performance, general market conditions and conditions in the industry in which we operate. Accordingly, we cannot predict the price at which our new common stock will trade following the reclassification, just as we could not predict the prices at which Class A common stock and Class B common stock would trade following the creation of the dual-class structure. On August 21, 2003, the trading day immediately prior to our announcement of the proposed reclassification, the per-share closing prices of our Class A common stock and Class B common stock on the New York Stock Exchange were \$10.10 and \$13.15, respectively. On October 29, 2003, the per-share closing prices of our Class A common stock and Class B common stock on the New York Stock Exchange were \$12.90 and \$13.06, respectively.

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Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences

We have summarized below certain federal income tax consequences of the proposed amendment based on the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended and currently in effect. This summary does not discuss all aspects of federal income taxation that may be relevant to you in light of your individual circumstances. In addition, this summary is included for general information purposes only and is not intended to constitute advice regarding the federal income tax consequences of the proposed amendment. You are urged to consult your own tax advisor with respect to the tax consequences of the proposed amendment, including tax reporting requirements and tax consequences under state, local or foreign law.

We believe that as a result of the proposed amendment:

no gain or loss will be recognized for federal income tax purposes by any of the holders of our Class A common stock or any of the holders of our Class B common stock upon the reclassification of shares of our Class A common stock and Class B common stock into shares of new common stock:

the basis of new common stock will be the same as the stockholder s aggregate basis in the Class A common stock and Class B common stock:

the holding period of the new common stock will include such stockholder sholding period for the Class A common stock and Class B common stock, provided that each share of Class A common stock and Class B common stock was held by such stockholder as a capital asset as defined in Section 1221 of the Internal Revenue Code on the effective date of the amendment; and

no gain or loss will be recognized for federal income tax purposes by us upon the reclassification and conversion of shares of our Class A common stock and Class B common stock into shares of new common stock.

Required Vote and Board of Directors Recommendation

Approval of the proposed amendment to our certificate of incorporation to reclassify our Class A common stock and Class B common stock into a single class of common stock will require the separate class votes of a majority of the shares of the Class A common stock and a majority of the shares of Class B common stock outstanding on the Record Date. Abstentions and broker non-votes will have the same effect as votes against the proposal.

The board of directors recommends a vote FOR approval of the proposed amendment. Properly dated and signed proxies will be so voted unless stockholders specify otherwise.

PROPOSED ISSUANCE OF SHARES TO CONAGRA FOODS

Item 2 on Proxy Card

General

Our board of directors has approved the Stock Purchase Agreement and the acquisition of the ConAgra chicken division, including the proposed issuance of the Shares to ConAgra Foods as a part of the purchase price. You are being asked to vote at the special meeting on a proposal to approve the issuance of the Shares to ConAgra Foods as contemplated by the Stock Purchase Agreement.

Under the Stock Purchase Agreement, we would acquire all of the issued and outstanding capital stock of the four wholly-owned subsidiaries of ConAgra Foods that comprise its chicken division: ConAgra Poultry Company, To-Ricos, Inc., Lovette Company, Inc. and Hester Industries, Inc. (collectively, the Acquired Companies). The ConAgra chicken division can generally be viewed as consisting of all of ConAgra Foods integrated chicken business (including grow-out, slaughter, processing, further processing, rendering, sales and

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distribution, both in retail and foodservice, and related assets and employees). Notwithstanding the foregoing, the ConAgra chicken division does not include the further chicken processing and marketing operations included in ConAgra Foods packaged foods segment, including, without limitation, the Butterball, Banquet, Marie Callender s and Country Skillet further processing and marketing operations. Additionally, Pilgrim s Pride will not be acquiring the ConAgra, Butterball, Banquet, Marie Callender s and Country Skillet trade names, although after the closing of the acquisition, we will be a preferred supplier of chicken to ConAgra Foods and its operating companies. See Transaction Agreements Supply Agreements).

The purchase price will be calculated based on the final adjusted net book value of the assets and liabilities of the ConAgra chicken division on the closing date of the acquisition. If the estimated final adjusted net book value was \$525.6 million (which was the ConAgra chicken division s adjusted net book value at August 24, 2003), the consideration payable to ConAgra Foods would consist of \$100 million in cash, approximately 25.4 million Shares and, assuming no post-closing adjustment, Notes having a principal amount of approximately \$189.1 million. On August 13, 2003, we completed the public offering of \$100 million of 9 5/8% Senior Notes due 2011. In addition to the \$100 million cash payment required to be made at closing, we intend to pay cash to ConAgra Foods using the proceeds of that offering instead of issuing Notes; provided, however, that if we issue any Notes to ConAgra Foods, the initial principal amount of the Notes must be at least \$100 million or such lesser amount as may be acceptable to ConAgra Foods. See The Stock Purchase Agreement Purchase Price. Under this scenario, the amount we would record as the purchase price on our financial statements would be approximately \$615.4 million plus transaction costs, assuming our common stock price at closing were \$12.87 (which was the closing price of our Class A common stock on October 24, 2003).

Background

Since as early as 1999, we have pursued a strategy of continuing to add value to all of our products and services. In addition to growing our existing business operations, one of the ways that we have executed this strategy has been to take advantage of strategic acquisition opportunities that have enabled us to expand our product mix and distribution capabilities across the United States, particularly for higher-margin prepared foods products. Consistent with that strategy, in January 1999, we acquired a prepared foods processing plant from Plantation Foods, Inc., and in January 2001, we acquired WLR Foods, Inc., which was then the twelfth largest chicken company and fourth largest turkey company in the United States. The WLR Foods merger enabled us to significantly expand our operations in the mid-Atlantic region of the United States, improving our ability to serve our existing customers and our ability to serve additional markets.

Over the last several years, ConAgra Foods has been pursuing an acquisition and divestiture strategy to shift its focus toward its core branded and value-added products. In 2002, for example, ConAgra Foods sold its fresh beef and fresh pork operations. Between September 2002 and February 2003, our senior management began to consider whether we should pursue the acquisition of some of ConAgra Foods chicken operations as a means of enhancing our existing capabilities.

In February 2003, we initiated discussions with executives of ConAgra Foods concerning the possible acquisition of some of ConAgra Foods facilities, either through purchase or in exchange for one of our processing facilities. On March 7, 2003, Richard A. Cogdill, our executive vice president and chief financial officer, and Patrick Koley, vice president, corporate planning, of ConAgra Foods, signed mutual confidentiality agreements so that we could begin to exchange confidential business information with ConAgra Foods in connection with a possible transaction.

Over the next several weeks, Messrs. Cogdill and Koley continued general discussions about each party s possible interest in a transaction. On March 20, 2003, representatives of our senior management, including our chairman, Lonnie Bo Pilgrim, our vice chairman, Clifford E. Butler, our president and chief operating officer, O.B. Goolsby, Jr., our executive vice president of sales and marketing, Michael J. Murray, and Mr. Cogdill, met in Dallas, Texas with Mr. Koley and Messrs. Jerry Dowd and Tom Southworth, the president and chief operating officer and

senior vice president and senior financial officer, respectively, of ConAgra Poultry Company. At this

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meeting, the ConAgra Foods representatives expressed an interest in selling to us several of their facilities in exchange for cash and/or one of our processing facilities. We expressed our interest in a larger acquisition that would include ConAgra Foods—cooking-related assets, and advised that we would consider the purchase of their fresh chicken operations (i.e., those operations involving the grow-out, slaughter, processing, rendering, sale and distribution of fresh chicken that has not been further processed) in connection with such a larger acquisition.

During April 2003, the parties continued to exchange business information and discuss a possible acquisition by us of several ConAgra Foods facilities. On April 18, 2003, Mr. Cogdill advised Mr. Koley that we were interested in pursuing the acquisition of selected fresh chicken facilities and ConAgra Foods cooking-related assets for a combination of common stock and debt, based on the book value of the assets and liabilities to be acquired. Additionally, Mr. Cogdill stated that we would be willing to consider the acquisition of other selected ConAgra chicken division facilities in the United States and Puerto Rico. While no proposal for an acquisition was then made, the parties agreed to continue their dialogue.

On April 24, 2003, Mr. Koley advised Mr. Cogdill that ConAgra Foods was interested in discussing the sale to us of selected facilities, and at that time was not interested in a transaction involving any of its cooking operations. Mr. Cogdill advised that we were willing to acquire one of the facilities under discussion, but were not interested in acquiring other fresh operations unless they were part of a larger acquisition including some cooking-related assets. Over the next two weeks, the parties continued to discuss our possible acquisition of one of the ConAgra chicken division s facilities on a book value basis for the fixed assets plus some working capital components, and arrangements were made for our representatives to visit the facility under discussion.

In early May 2003, Lonnie Bo Pilgrim and Dwight Goslee, executive vice president operation, control and development of ConAgra Foods, had several telephone conversations in which Mr. Pilgrim expressed our interest in meeting with him and Bruce Rohde, president and chief executive officer of ConAgra Foods, to discuss a larger acquisition of ConAgra Foods chicken operations. On May 9, 2003, Messrs. Pilgrim, Butler and Cogdill met with Messrs. Rohde and Goslee in Omaha, Nebraska. We expressed our interest in acquiring all of ConAgra Foods chicken operations on a book value basis for \$100 million in cash, common stock representing approximately 40-45% of the consideration, and a subordinated note for the balance of the consideration. The parties reached a general understanding as to the framework of an acquisition, discussed a schedule for preparation of the requisite documentation and presentation of the matter to each companies board of directors, and agreed to direct their counsel to prepare a term sheet for our acquisition of the entire ConAgra chicken division in accordance with the parties discussions.

Between May 12 and May 16, the parties and their legal advisors prepared and discussed a term sheet for the proposed acquisition. The parties decided that, in lieu of executing a term sheet, they would proceed promptly with due diligence and commence negotiations directed towards reaching agreement on a definitive stock purchase agreement.

On May 19, 2003, at a special meeting of our board of directors, Messrs. Pilgrim and Cogdill briefed our directors concerning the status and substance of our discussions with ConAgra Foods. The directors discussed the proposed structure and sources of funds for the acquisition. At this meeting, Messrs. Pilgrim and Cogdill received support for continued negotiation of an acquisition. The board also authorized Mr. Cogdill to engage a nationally recognized investment banking firm to advise us in connection with the proposed acquisition and evaluate whether the purchase price to be paid in a proposed acquisition was fair, from a financial point of view, to us. Also, on May 19, 2003, our audit committee authorized Mr. Cogdill to engage our independent auditors to provide certain due diligence services in connection with the proposed acquisition.

Between May 19 and May 22, 2003, our representatives visited all of the major facilities of the ConAgra chicken division to conduct on-site due diligence, and between May 19 and June 6, 2003, our representatives and legal and financial advisors conducted due diligence on the ConAgra

chicken division. We also, together with our legal advisors, prepared and negotiated the terms of the Stock Purchase Agreement.

On May 28, 2003, at a regular meeting of our board of directors, Mr. Cogdill provided the directors with an update regarding the proposed acquisition of the ConAgra chicken division and the status of negotiations with

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ConAgra Foods regarding the Stock Purchase Agreement. Mr. Cogdill also reviewed with the directors certain unaudited financial information regarding the ConAgra chicken division.

On May 30, 2003, at a special meeting of our board of directors, the board reviewed the terms of a draft Stock Purchase Agreement for the proposed acquisition. Mr. Cogdill and Baker & McKenzie, our legal counsel in connection with the proposed acquisition, reported to the board concerning the status of negotiations relating to the Stock Purchase Agreement and other transaction agreements. Also participating in the meeting were representatives of Credit Suisse First Boston, our financial advisor in connection with the acquisition. Credit Suisse First Boston discussed with the board the financial terms of the proposed acquisition, the types of financial analyses that it would perform in its evaluation of the purchase price and the status of its financial due diligence. The directors discussed the acquisition, the draft stock purchase agreement and other documentation in detail, and authorized Mr. Cogdill to continue to negotiate the terms of the Stock Purchase Agreement and other transaction agreements.

On Saturday, June 7, 2003, a special meeting of our board of directors was held to consider the proposed transaction. During this meeting, Mr. Cogdill reviewed the proposed acquisition with the board. The review included the strategic reasons for the proposed acquisition, a financial review, a review of the ConAgra chicken division—s business operations and financial condition, and a report describing the results of our due diligence review. During the board meeting, our counsel, Baker & McKenzie, delivered a presentation concerning the proposed transaction, including a review of the principal terms of the Stock Purchase Agreement and other transaction agreements. In addition, Credit Suisse First Boston reviewed with the board its financial analysis of the purchase price provided for in the Stock Purchase Agreement as of that date and rendered to the board its opinion described below under the caption—Opinion of Pilgrim—s Pride—s Financial Advisor for the Acquisition—beginning on page 35. After full discussion and consideration, the board unanimously approved the Stock Purchase Agreement and the acquisition and adopted resolutions authorizing and directing our officers to execute and deliver the Stock Purchase Agreement and related transaction agreements, with such changes as may be deemed advisable by such officers, subject to approval by regulatory authorities and the approval by our stockholders of the issuance of Shares to ConAgra Foods in connection with the acquisition. The board also resolved to recommend that our stockholders approve the issuance of shares to ConAgra Foods in connection with the acquisition. For a description of the reasons for the decision and recommendation, see—Reasons for the Acquisition and the Issuance of Shares to ConAgra Foods—below.

On June 7, 2003, the parties executed the Stock Purchase Agreement. Simultaneously, Lonnie Bo Pilgrim, Lonnie Ken Pilgrim and Pilgrim Interests, Ltd., our majority stockholders, signed the Share Voting Agreement with ConAgra Foods. The signing of the Stock Purchase Agreement was publicly announced by the parties on Monday, June 9, 2003.

In August 2003, the parties and their legal advisors prepared and negotiated two amendments to the Stock Purchase Agreement. On August 7, we entered into Amendment No. 1 to the Stock Purchase Agreement with ConAgra Foods. Amendment No. 1 provides that we may pay cash to ConAgra Foods in lieu of all or part of the portion of the purchase price that was to be represented by the Notes, provided that if we issue the Notes in payment of a portion of the purchase price, the initial amount of the Notes must be at least \$100 million, or a lesser amount acceptable in writing to ConAgra Foods. On August 20, we entered into Amendment No. 2 to the Stock Purchase Agreement. In Amendment No. 2, ConAgra Foods consented to the reclassification of our Class A common stock and Class B common stock prior to the closing of the ConAgra chicken division acquisition, and agreed that it would receive our new common stock at closing rather than Class A common stock. In addition, the parties amended the manner in which the number of shares to be issued to ConAgra under the Stock Purchase Agreement will be determined. See The Stock Purchase Agreement Purchase Price Share Portion. Our board of directors considered whether to request another opinion from our financial advisor in view of the amendments to the Stock Purchase Agreement. It was noted that, because the price of our Class A common stock increased significantly since June 6, 2003, which was the last trading day before the acquisition was announced, from \$6.00 per share to \$12.90 per share on October 29, the number of Shares issuable to ConAgra Foods in the acquisition would likely be less than the number of Shares estimated to be issued at the time Credit Suisse First

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Boston rendered its opinion. Because of the likelihood that fewer shares would need to be issued, the fact that we became contractually obligated to purchase the ConAgra chicken division on June 7, 2003 at the signing of the original Stock Purchase Agreement (subject to the conditions of such agreement) and the fact that the amendments to the Stock Purchase Agreement did not affect the fact that the purchase price to be paid to ConAgra Foods would equal the final adjusted net book value of the ConAgra chicken division on the closing date, the board of directors did not believe that the August 2003 amendments to the Stock Purchase Agreement warranted the additional expense of obtaining an updated opinion.

Reasons for the Acquisition and the Issuance of Shares to ConAgra Foods

Our board of directors believes that the acquisition and the proposed issuance of the Shares to ConAgra Foods are in the best interests of Pilgrim's Pride. We believe that with ConAgra Foods specialty prepared chicken products, brands, well-established distributor relationships and Southeastern United States processing facilities, we will be able to provide customers at every point on the distribution chain with the broadest range of quality value-added chicken products and services available in the market today. We believe that ConAgra Foods facilities will allow us to expand our reach across the Southeastern United States, which will complement our existing Central and Mid-Atlantic regional operations in the United States. In addition, our purchase of the ConAgra chicken division will enable us to provide fresh chicken products to supermarkets and other retail customers throughout the Southeastern and Midwestern portions of the United States. Furthermore, as the largest distributor of chicken products in Puerto Rico, our purchase of the ConAgra chicken division will also provide us with a solid foothold in a profitable market. We also believe that the acquisition will present us opportunities to achieve cost savings of at least \$50 million over the next three years through the optimization of production and distribution facilities and the implementation of a best practices approach across all operations, including purchasing, production, logistics and shared services.

Following the completion of the ConAgra chicken division acquisition, we will be the second largest producer of chicken products in the United States. We estimate that our market share based on total annual chicken production in the United States following the acquisition will be 16.3%, which is nearly twice the estimated market share of the third largest competitor in the chicken industry. The complementary fit of markets, distributor relationships and geographic locations are a few of the many benefits we anticipate realizing from this acquisition. We believe that ConAgra Foods established relationship with broad-line national distributors will enable us to expand our customer base and provide nationwide distribution capabilities for all of our product lines. As a result, we believe we will be one of only two U.S. chicken producers that can supply the growing demand for a broad range of price competitive standard and specialized products with well-known brand names on a nationwide basis from a single-source supplier.

We expect that the ConAgra chicken division acquisition will result in significant cost saving opportunities and enhanced growth. We intend to integrate the ConAgra chicken division into Pilgrim s Pride as rapidly as possible while minimizing disruption to our respective operations. We expect to realize significant annualized cost savings after the ConAgra chicken division acquisition by:

taking advantage of our geographic presence by optimizing our supply chain management and logistics;

optimizing the uses of all production and distribution facilities; and

determining and implementing a best practices approach across all operations, including purchasing, production and shared services.

To reach its conclusion to approve, and recommend that the stockholders of Pilgrim s Pride approve, the issuance of the Shares, the Board considered a number of factors in addition to those listed above, including the following:

the financial condition and operating results of the ConAgra chicken division, both of which we believe would benefit from the deployment of Pilgrim s Pride s business strategies and methodologies;

the markets served by the ConAgra chicken division in the United States and Puerto Rico, which, as described above, complement our operations both geographically and operationally;

the financial and other terms and conditions of the Stock Purchase Agreement and other transaction agreements, including that a large component of the purchase price to ConAgra Foods is payable in shares of our common stock and our subordinated debt;

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the complementary nature of Pilgrim s Pride s and ConAgra Foods chicken businesses, products, assets, managements, strategic objectives and opportunities; and

the financial presentation of Credit Suisse First Boston, including its opinion, dated June 7, 2003, to the Board as to the fairness, from a financial point of view and as of that date, of the purchase price provided for in the Stock Purchase Agreement, dated June 7, 2003, prior to its amendment, as more fully described in Opinion of Pilgrim s Pride s Financial Advisor for the Acquisition.

In reaching its decision to approve the acquisition, the Stock Purchase Agreement and the issuance of the Shares to ConAgra Foods, and to recommend approval of the issuance of Shares to the Pilgrim s Pride stockholders, the board of directors did not assign any relative or specific weights to the various factors considered. Instead, the board of directors conducted an overall analysis of the factors described above and the risks described below, including by participating in discussions with and asking questions of our management and our legal and financial advisors. In considering these factors and risks, individual directors may have given different weight to different factors.

Certain Risks of the Acquisition

In deciding whether to approve the issuance of the Shares to ConAgra Foods, our stockholders should consider the following factors, in addition to the other matters set forth in this proxy statement:

Resale of our common stock by ConAgra Foods may cause the market price to fall. Sales of substantial amounts of common stock in the public market after the issuance of the Shares could adversely affect prevailing market prices. Twelve months following the closing of the acquisition, up to one-third of the Shares to be issued to ConAgra Foods may be sold pursuant to an effective registration statement (approximately 8.5 million Shares based upon an assumed estimated final adjusted book value of \$525.6 million and an assumed adjusted volume weighted average price of \$9.3267). Pursuant to the Registration Rights and Transfer Restriction Agreement, we will register for resale all of the Shares issued to ConAgra Foods within twelve months following the closing. See Transaction Agreements Registration Rights and Transfer Restrictions Agreement.

If the businesses cannot be combined successfully, our financial condition and operating results may decline. In evaluating the terms of the acquisition and the issuance of the Shares to ConAgra Foods, we analyzed the respective businesses of Pilgrim s Pride and the ConAgra chicken division and made certain assumptions concerning their respective future operations. A principal assumption was that the acquisition will produce operating results better than those historically experienced or presently expected to be experienced in the future by us in the absence of the acquisition. See Reasons for the Acquisition and the Issuance of Shares to ConAgra Foods. There can be no assurance, however, that this assumption is correct or that the businesses of Pilgrim s Pride and the ConAgra chicken division will be successfully integrated in a timely manner. If we are unable to successfully combine our businesses, our financial condition and operating results may decline.

We may not achieve cost savings and enhanced growth from the acquisition if we do not successfully integrate the ConAgra chicken division operations. We entered into the Stock Purchase Agreement with the expectation that the acquisition will result in beneficial synergies, such as cost savings and enhanced growth. See Reasons for the Acquisition and the Issuance of Shares to ConAgra Foods. Any success in realizing these benefits and the timing of this realization, if any, depend upon the successful integration of the operations of the ConAgra chicken division into Pilgrim s Pride, and upon general and industry-specific economic factors. The integration of two independent companies is a complex, costly and time-consuming process. The difficulties of combining the operations of the companies include, among others:

transitioning and preserving the ConAgra chicken division s customer, contractor, supplier and other important third party relationships;

integrating corporate and administrative infrastructures;

coordinating sales and marketing functions;

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minimizing the diversion of management s attention from ongoing business concerns;

coordinating geographically separate organizations; and

retaining key employees.

Even if Pilgrim s Pride and the ConAgra chicken division are able to integrate their operations and economic conditions remain stable, there can be no assurance that the anticipated synergies will be achieved.

Liabilities of the Acquired Companies may harm our financial condition and operating results. Because the acquisition is structured as a stock purchase, we will assume all of the liabilities of the Acquired Companies, including liabilities that may be unknown. We negotiated and obtained from ConAgra Foods certain representations and warranties concerning contingent liabilities and other obligations of the Acquired Companies to reduce the risk that we will bear such subsidiaries liability for unknown liabilities. ConAgra Foods also agreed to indemnify us for breaches of representations and warranties concerning the pre-closing operations of the ConAgra chicken division and for certain liabilities of the Acquired Companies. Certain of ConAgra Foods indemnification obligations are generally subject to a \$30 million deductible, and there may be circumstances in which ConAgra Foods indemnification obligations do not provide us protection from contingent or other obligations of the Acquired Companies, or other pre-closing liabilities of the ConAgra chicken division. Such obligations and liabilities could harm our financial condition and operating results. See The Stock Purchase Agreement Indemnification.

The issuance of shares to ConAgra Foods will dilute the equity interest and voting power of our current stockholders. The ownership percentage and voting power of the holders of the currently outstanding shares of Class A common stock and Class B common stock will be diluted by the issuance of the Shares. Prior to the acquisition, the Class A stockholders collectively owned approximately 32.9% of our total outstanding shares and 2.4% of our total voting power, and the Class B stockholders collectively owned approximately 67.1% of our total outstanding shares and 97.6% of our total voting power. After giving effect to the proposed reclassification of the Class A common stock and Class B common stock into a single class, the current Class A stockholders will own approximately 32.9% of our total outstanding shares and our total voting power, and the Class B stockholders will own approximately 67.1% of our total outstanding shares and our total voting power. After giving effect to the subsequent issuance of approximately 25.4 million Shares to ConAgra Foods, the current Class A stockholders would own approximately 20.34% of our total outstanding shares and approximately 31.91% of our total voting power, and the current Class B stockholders would own approximately 41.51% of our total outstanding shares and 65.10% of our total voting power.

In the board of directors view, these considerations were not sufficient, either individually or collectively, to outweigh the advantages of the proposed acquisition.

Opinion of Pilgrim s Pride s Financial Advisor for the Acquisition

Credit Suisse First Boston has acted as Pilgrim s Pride s financial advisor in connection with the acquisition. Pilgrim s Pride selected Credit Suisse First Boston based on Credit Suisse First Boston s experience, reputation and familiarity with Pilgrim s Pride and its business. Credit Suisse First Boston is an internationally recognized investment banking firm and is regularly engaged in the valuation of businesses and securities in connection with mergers and acquisitions, leveraged buyouts, negotiated underwritings, competitive biddings, secondary distributions of listed and unlisted securities, private placements and valuations for corporate and other purposes.

In connection with Credit Suisse First Boston s engagement, Pilgrim s Pride requested that Credit Suisse First Boston evaluate the fairness, from a financial point of view, to Pilgrim s Pride of the purchase price provided for in the Stock Purchase Agreement, dated June 7, 2003, prior to its amendment. On June 7, 2003, at a meeting of the Pilgrim s Pride board of directors held to evaluate the acquisition, Credit Suisse First Boston rendered to the Pilgrim s Pride board an oral opinion, which opinion was confirmed by delivery of a written

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opinion dated June 7, 2003, to the effect that, as of that date and based on and subject to the matters described in its opinion, the purchase price provided for in the Stock Purchase Agreement, dated June 7, 2003, prior to its amendment, was fair, from a financial point of view, to Pilgrim s Pride. Credit Suisse First Boston was not requested to render an updated opinion in connection with the August 11, 2003 and August 20, 2003 amendments to the Stock Purchase Agreement.

The full text of Credit Suisse First Boston's written opinion, dated June 7, 2003, to the Pilgrim's Pride board of directors, which sets forth the procedures followed, assumptions made, matters considered and limitations on the review undertaken, is attached as Annex B and is incorporated into this proxy statement by reference. Holders of Pilgrim's Pride common stock are encouraged to read this opinion carefully and in its entirety. Credit Suisse First Boston's opinion was provided to the Pilgrim's Pride board of directors in connection with its evaluation of the purchase price provided for in the Stock Purchase Agreement, dated June 7, 2003, prior to its amendment, and relates only to the fairness, from a financial point of view, to Pilgrim's Pride of such purchase price. Credit Suisse First Boston's opinion does not address any other aspect of the proposed acquisition or any related transaction and does not constitute a recommendation to any stockholder as to any matters relating to the proposed acquisition or any related transaction. The summary of Credit Suisse First Boston's opinion in this proxy statement is qualified in its entirety by reference to the full text of the opinion.

In arriving at its opinion, Credit Suisse First Boston reviewed the Stock Purchase Agreement dated June 7, 2003 and related documents, and also reviewed publicly available business and financial information relating to Pilgrim s Pride. Credit Suisse First Boston reviewed other information relating to Pilgrim s Pride and business and financial information relating to the ConAgra chicken division, including financial forecasts and other information and data for Pilgrim s Pride and the ConAgra chicken division, provided to or discussed with Credit Suisse First Boston by the management of Pilgrim s Pride as well as other business and financial data provided to or discussed with Credit Suisse First Boston by the managements of ConAgra Foods and the Acquired Companies. Credit Suisse First Boston met with the managements of Pilgrim s Pride, ConAgra Foods and the Acquired Companies to discuss the business and prospects of Pilgrim s Pride and the ConAgra chicken division. Credit Suisse First Boston considered financial and stock market data of Pilgrim s Pride and financial data of the ConAgra chicken division and compared those data with similar data for publicly held companies in businesses similar to those of Pilgrim s Pride and the ConAgra chicken division and considered, to the extent publicly available, the financial terms of business combinations and other transactions that have been effected. Credit Suisse First Boston also considered other information, financial studies, analyses and investigations and financial, economic and market criteria that it deemed relevant.

In connection with its review, Credit Suisse First Boston did not assume any responsibility for independent verification of any of the information that it reviewed or considered and relied on that information being complete and accurate in all material respects. With respect to financial forecasts and other information and data for Pilgrim s Pride and the ConAgra chicken division provided to or discussed with Credit Suisse First Boston by the management of Pilgrim s Pride, Credit Suisse First Boston was advised, and assumed, that the forecasts and other information and data, including the potential cost savings and other synergies anticipated by the management of Pilgrim s Pride to result from the acquisition, were reasonably prepared on bases reflecting the best currently available estimates and judgments of Pilgrim s Pride s management as to the future financial performance of Pilgrim s Pride and the ConAgra chicken division and the other matters covered by such forecasts and other information and data, and further assumed, with Pilgrim s Pride s consent, that the financial results reflected in those forecasts and other information and data would be realized in the amounts and at the times projected. With respect to the estimates as to the adjusted net book value of the ConAgra chicken division and other financial data provided to or discussed with Credit Suisse First Boston by the managements of ConAgra Foods and the Acquired Companies, Credit Suisse First Boston was advised, and assumed, that those estimates were reasonably prepared on bases reflecting the best currently available estimates and judgments of the managements of ConAgra Foods and the Acquired Companies and further assumed, with Pilgrim s Pride s consent, that the actual adjusted net book value and other financial data would not vary from such estimates in any respect material to Credit Suisse First Boston s analyses. Credit Suisse First Boston assumed, with Pilgrim s

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Pride s consent, that in the course of obtaining the necessary regulatory and third party approvals and consents for the proposed acquisition, no modification, delay, limitation, restriction or condition would be imposed that would have an adverse effect on Pilgrim s Pride, the ConAgra chicken division or the contemplated benefits to Pilgrim s Pride of the acquisition and that the acquisition would be consummated as described to Credit Suisse First Boston in accordance with the terms of the Stock Purchase Agreement, without waiver, amendment or modification of any material term, condition or agreement. Representatives of Pilgrim s Pride advised Credit Suisse First Boston, and Credit Suisse First Boston therefore also assumed, with Pilgrim s Pride s consent, that the acquisition would be treated as an asset purchase for U.S. federal income tax purposes under Section 338(h)(10) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.

Credit Suisse First Boston was not requested to, and it did not, make an independent evaluation or appraisal of the assets or liabilities, contingent or otherwise, of Pilgrim s Pride or the ConAgra chicken division, and Credit Suisse First Boston was not furnished with any evaluations or appraisals. Credit Suisse First Boston did not express any opinion as to what the value of Pilgrim s Pride Class A common stock (or, if the reclassification is approved, Pilgrim s Pride common stock) or the Notes actually will be when issued in the acquisition or the prices or values at which Pilgrim s Pride Class A common stock (or, if the reclassification is approved, Pilgrim s Pride common stock) or the Notes will trade or otherwise be transferable at any time. Credit Suisse First Boston s opinion did not address the relative merits of the acquisition as compared to other business strategies that might have been available to Pilgrim s Pride or Pilgrim s Pride s underlying business decision to proceed with the acquisition. Except as described above, Pilgrim s Pride imposed no other limitations on Credit Suisse First Boston with respect to the investigations made or procedures followed in rendering its opinion.

Although Credit Suisse First Boston evaluated the purchase price provided for in the Stock Purchase Agreement, dated June 7, 2003, prior to its amendment, Credit Suisse First Boston was not requested to, and it did not, recommend the specific consideration payable in the acquisition, which consideration was determined between Pilgrim s Pride and ConAgra Foods. Credit Suisse First Boston s opinion was necessarily based on information available to it, and financial, economic, market and other conditions as they existed and could be evaluated on the date of Credit Suisse First Boston s opinion. Although subsequent developments may affect its opinion, Credit Suisse First Boston does not have any obligation to update, revise or reaffirm its opinion.

In preparing its opinion to the Pilgrim s Pride board of directors, Credit Suisse First Boston performed a variety of financial and comparative analyses, including those described below. The summary of Credit Suisse First Boston s analyses described below is not a complete description of the analyses underlying its opinion. The preparation of a fairness opinion is a complex process involving various determinations as to the most appropriate and relevant methods of financial analysis and the application of those methods to the particular circumstances and, therefore, a fairness opinion is not readily susceptible to partial analysis or summary description. In arriving at its opinion, Credit Suisse First Boston made qualitative judgments as to the significance and relevance of each analysis and factor that it considered. Accordingly, Credit Suisse First Boston believes that its analyses must be considered as a whole and that selecting portions of its analyses and factors or focusing on information presented in tabular format, without considering all analyses and factors or the narrative description of the analyses, could create a misleading or incomplete view of the processes underlying its analyses and opinion.

In its analyses, Credit Suisse First Boston considered industry performance, general business, economic, market and financial conditions and other matters, many of which are beyond the control of Pilgrim s Pride. No company, transaction or business used in Credit Suisse First Boston s analyses as a comparison is identical to Pilgrim s Pride, the ConAgra chicken division or the proposed acquisition, and an evaluation of the results of those analyses is not entirely mathematical. Rather, the analyses involve complex considerations and judgments concerning financial and operating characteristics and other factors that could affect the acquisition, public trading or other values of the companies, business segments or transactions analyzed. The estimates contained in Credit Suisse First Boston s analyses and the ranges of valuations resulting from any particular analysis are not necessarily indicative of actual values or predictive of future results or values, which may be significantly more or less favorable than those suggested by the analyses. In addition, analyses relating to the value of businesses or

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securities do not purport to be appraisals or to reflect the prices at which businesses or securities actually may be sold. Accordingly, the estimates used in, and the results derived from, Credit Suisse First Boston s analyses are inherently subject to substantial uncertainty.

Credit Suisse First Boston s opinion and financial analyses were only one of many factors considered by the Pilgrim s Pride board of directors in its evaluation of the proposed acquisition and should not be viewed as determinative of the views of the Pilgrim s Pride board of directors or management with respect to the acquisition or the purchase price.

The following is a summary of the material financial analyses underlying Credit Suisse First Boston s opinion dated June 7, 2003 delivered to the Pilgrim s Pride board of directors. The financial analyses summarized below include information presented in tabular format. In order to fully understand Credit Suisse First Boston s financial analyses, the tables must be read together with the text of each summary. The tables alone do not constitute a complete description of the financial analyses. Considering the data in the tables below without considering the full narrative description of the financial analyses, including the methodologies and assumptions underlying the analyses, could create a misleading or incomplete view of Credit Suisse First Boston s financial analyses.

Analyses of the ConAgra Chicken Division

Using a Selected Companies Analysis, a Precedent Transactions Analysis and a Discounted Cash Flow Analysis, Credit Suisse First Boston derived implied reference ranges for the ConAgra chicken division from these analyses as described below. These implied reference ranges were then compared with the June 7, 2003 estimated purchase price. For purposes of this summary of Credit Suisse First Boston s analyses, the term June 7, 2003 estimated purchase price refers to an estimated purchase price of \$586 million based on the net book value of the ConAgra chicken division at May 25, 2003 of \$675 million as estimated as of June 7, 2003 by the managements of ConAgra Foods and the Acquired Companies, less a discount amount of \$100 million as specified in the Stock Purchase Agreement net of an estimated \$10.6 million for reimbursable transaction costs expected to be incurred by ConAgra Foods. These analyses indicated the following approximate implied reference ranges for the ConAgra chicken division, as compared to the June 7, 2003 estimated purchase price:

	Implied Reference Range for		
	ConAgra Chic	ConAgra Chicken Division	
Selected Companies Analysis	\$500 million	\$625 million	
Precedent Transactions Analysis	\$600 million	\$700 million	
Discounted Cash Flow Analysis	\$575 million	\$700 million	
Discounted Cash Flow Analysis (with Potential Synergies)	\$875 million	\$1,000 million	
June 7, 2003 Estimated Purchase Price	\$586 m	\$586 million	

The Selected Companies Analysis, the Precedent Transactions Analysis and the Discounted Cash Flow Analysis for the ConAgra chicken division are described below.

Selected Companies Analysis. Using publicly available information, Credit Suisse First Boston reviewed the market values and trading multiples of the following selected publicly traded companies in the meat and crop industries:

Meat Crop

Hormel Foods Corporation Pilgrim s Pride Sanderson Farms, Inc. Seaboard Corporation Smithfield Foods, Inc. Tyson Foods, Inc. Archer-Daniels-Midland Company Bunge Limited

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All multiples were based on closing stock prices on June 5, 2003. Estimated financial data for the selected companies were based on publicly available research analysts—estimates. Estimated financial data for the ConAgra chicken division were based on internal estimates of Pilgrim—s Pride—s management and the Acquired Companies—managements. Credit Suisse First Boston compared enterprise values of the ConAgra chicken division and the selected companies as a multiple of latest 12 months and estimated calendar year 2003 earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization, commonly referred to as EBITDA, and three-year average EBITDA for the latest 12 fiscal quarters. Credit Suisse First Boston also compared equity values of the ConAgra chicken division and the selected companies as a multiple of latest available net book value. Credit Suisse First Boston then applied a range of selected multiples derived from the selected companies to corresponding financial data for the ConAgra chicken division. This analysis indicated an implied reference range for the ConAgra chicken division of approximately \$500 million to \$625 million.

Precedent Transactions Analysis. Using publicly available information, Credit Suisse First Boston reviewed the implied enterprise values and purchase price multiples in the following nine selected transactions in the meat industry:

Acquiror

Swift Foods Company (Hicks, Muse, Tate & Furst Incorporated)

Smithfield Foods, Inc. Smithfield Foods, Inc. Hormel Foods Corporation

Tyson Foods, Inc. Pilgrim s Pride Smithfield Foods, Inc. ConAgra Foods IBP, inc. Target

ConAgra Foods, Inc Fresh Beef and Pork

Packerland Holdings, Inc. Moyer Packing Company

Jerome Foods, Inc. (d/b/a The Turkey Store

Company)

IBP, inc.

WLR Foods, Inc. Murphy Farms, Inc.

Seaboard Corporation Poultry Division

Thorn Apple Valley, Inc.

All multiples for the selected transactions were based on publicly available financial information. Estimated financial data for the ConAgra chicken division were based on internal estimates of Pilgrim s Pride s management and the Acquired Companies managements. Credit Suisse First Boston compared enterprise values in each of the selected transactions as a multiple of the target company s latest 12 months EBITDA and three-year average EBITDA for the latest 12 fiscal quarters prior to the date of public announcement of the relevant transaction. Credit Suisse First Boston also compared equity values in the selected transactions as a multiple of latest available net book value. Credit Suisse First Boston then applied a range of selected multiples derived from the selected transactions to corresponding financial data for the ConAgra chicken division. This analysis indicated an implied reference range for the ConAgra chicken division of approximately \$600 million to \$700 million.

Discounted Cash Flow Analysis. Credit Suisse First Boston performed a discounted cash flow analysis of the ConAgra chicken division to calculate the estimated present value of the cash flows that the ConAgra chicken division could generate over fiscal years ended May 31, 2004 through 2008 if the ConAgra chicken division were operated independently after giving effect to capital expenditures, increases in working capital, deferred taxes and the payment of taxes. Estimated financial data for the ConAgra chicken division were based on internal estimates of Pilgrim s Pride s management. Credit Suisse First Boston applied a range of EBITDA terminal value multiples of 6.0x to 7.0x to the ConAgra chicken division s calendar year 2008 estimated EBITDA. The present value of the cash flows and terminal values were calculated using discount rates ranging from 7.5% to 10.0%. This analysis indicated an implied reference range for the ConAgra chicken division of approximately \$575 million to \$700 million.

Credit Suisse First Boston also performed a discounted cash flow analysis of the ConAgra chicken division applying the same assumptions described above but giving effect to potential cost savings and other synergies

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anticipated by the management of Pilgrim s Pride to result from the acquisition. This analysis indicated an implied reference range for the ConAgra chicken division of approximately \$875 million to \$1,000 million.

Analyses of Pilgrim s Pride

Using a Selected Companies Analysis and a Discounted Cash Flow Analysis, Credit Suisse First Boston derived implied aggregate equity reference ranges for Pilgrim s Pride from these analyses as described below. These analyses indicated the following approximate implied aggregate equity reference ranges for Pilgrim s Pride, as compared to the aggregate equity value implied for Pilgrim s Pride based on the closing prices of Pilgrim s Pride Class A common stock and Class B common stock on June 5, 2003:

Implied Aggregate Equity

	Reference Pilgrim	0
Selected Companies Analysis Discounted Cash Flow Analysis	\$250 million \$700 million	\$425 million
Aggregate Equity Value of Pilgrim s Pride Based on Closing Prices of Pilgrim s Pride	ф700 mmon	\$750 mmon
Common Stock on June 5, 2003	\$321 million	

The Selected Companies Analysis and the Discounted Cash Flow Analysis for Pilgrim s Pride are described below.

Selected Companies Analysis. Using publicly available information, Credit Suisse First Boston reviewed the market values and trading multiples of the following selected publicly traded companies in the meat and crop industries:

Meat	Crop
Hormel Foods Corporation	Archer-Daniels-Midland Company
Sanderson Farms, Inc.	Bunge Limited
Seaboard Corporation	
Smithfield Foods, Inc.	
Tyson Foods, Inc.	

All multiples were based on closing stock prices on June 5, 2003. Estimated financial data for the selected companies were based on publicly available research analysts—estimates. Estimated financial data for Pilgrim—s Pride were based on estimates of Pilgrim—s Pride—s management. Credit Suisse First Boston compared enterprise values of Pilgrim—s Pride and the selected companies as a multiple of latest 12 months and estimated calendar year 2003 EBITDA and three-year average EBITDA for the latest 12 fiscal quarters. Credit Suisse First Boston also compared equity values of Pilgrim—s Pride and the selected companies as a multiple of latest available net book value. Credit Suisse First Boston then applied a range of selected multiples derived from the selected companies to corresponding financial data for Pilgrim—s Pride normalized to eliminate the effect of one-time gains and losses attributable to Pilgrim—s Pride—s business operations. This analysis indicated an implied aggregate equity reference range for Pilgrim—s Pride of approximately \$250 million to \$425 million.

Discounted Cash Flow Analysis. Credit Suisse First Boston performed a discounted cash flow analysis of Pilgrim s Pride to calculate the estimated present value of the cash flows that Pilgrim s Pride could generate over fiscal years ended September 30, 2004 through 2007 on a standalone basis after giving effect to capital expenditures, increases in working capital, deferred taxes and the payment of taxes. Estimated financial data for Pilgrim s Pride were based on internal estimates of Pilgrim s Pride s management. Credit Suisse First Boston applied a range of EBITDA terminal value multiples of 6.0x to 7.0x to Pilgrim s Pride s fiscal year 2007 estimated EBITDA. The present value of the cash flows and terminal values were calculated using discount rates ranging from 7.5% to 10.5%. This analysis indicated an implied aggregate equity reference range for Pilgrim s Pride of approximately \$700 million to \$950 million.

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Pro Forma Accretion/Dilution Analysis. Credit Suisse First Boston analyzed the potential pro forma financial effect of the acquisition on Pilgrim s Pride s fiscal years 2004, 2005 and 2006 estimated earnings per share, commonly referred to as EPS, under two cases, a management case, which was based on Pilgrim s Pride s internal management estimates for fiscal years 2004, 2005 and 2006 excluding a one-time loss in fiscal year 2004 attributable to Pilgrim s Pride s business operations, and a street case, which was based on publicly available research analysts estimates for Pilgrim s Pride for fiscal years 2004 and 2005. Each case was analyzed assuming 0%, 50% and 100% of potential cost savings and other synergies anticipated by the management of Pilgrim s Pride to result from the acquisition were realized. Estimated financial data for the ConAgra chicken division were based on internal estimates of Pilgrim s Pride s management. Based on the estimated purchase price for the ConAgra chicken division, this analysis indicated the following:

under the management case, the proposed acquisition could be dilutive to Pilgrim s Pride s estimated EPS in each of the periods reviewed regardless of the synergy level achieved; and

under the street case, the proposed acquisition could be dilutive to Pilgrim s Pride s estimated EPS in fiscal year 2004 regardless of the synergy level achieved, dilutive to Pilgrim s Pride s estimated EPS in fiscal year 2005 assuming no cost savings or other synergies were realized, and accretive to Pilgrim s Pride s estimated EPS in fiscal year 2005 assuming either 50% or 100% of such potential cost savings and other synergies were realized.

The actual results achieved by the combined company may vary from projected results and the variations may be material.

Other Factors

In the course of preparing its opinion, Credit Suisse First Boston also reviewed and considered other information and data, including:

the historical price performance and trading volume of Pilgrim s Pride Class A common stock and Class B common stock and the relationship between movements in Pilgrim s Pride common stock and selected companies in related industries; and

publicly available research analysts reports for Pilgrim s Pride.

Miscellaneous

Pilgrim s Pride has agreed to pay Credit Suisse First Boston for its financial advisory services in connection with the acquisition an aggregate fee of \$3.5 million. Pilgrim s Pride also has agreed to reimburse Credit Suisse First Boston for its reasonable expenses, including the fees and expenses of legal counsel and any other advisor retained by Credit Suisse First Boston, and to indemnify Credit Suisse First Boston and related parties against liabilities arising out of its engagement, whether arising under the federal securities laws or otherwise.

Credit Suisse First Boston and its affiliates in the past have provided services to Pilgrim s Pride and ConAgra Foods unrelated to the proposed acquisition, for which services Credit Suisse First Boston and its affiliates have received compensation. Credit Suisse First Boston also acted as sole manager in connection with an underwritten public offering of our senior notes, the proceeds of which will be used to finance the

acquisition. During the past two years, Credit Suisse First Boston has received total fees for its services of approximately \$3.1 million. In the ordinary course of business, Credit Suisse First Boston and its affiliates may actively trade the securities of Pilgrim s Pride and ConAgra Foods for their own accounts and for the accounts of customers and, accordingly, may at any time hold long or short positions in those securities.

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Recommendation of the Board of Directors

Our board of directors has determined that the proposed issuance of the Shares to ConAgra Foods and the purchase of the ConAgra chicken division are in the best interests of Pilgrim s Pride and our stockholders. The board of directors unanimously recommends a vote FOR approval of the proposed issuance of the Shares to ConAgra Foods.

Regulatory Filings and Approvals

The acquisition is subject to review by the Antitrust Division of the U.S. Department of Justice and the U.S. Federal Trade Commission under the Hart-Scott-Rodino Antitrust Improvements Act of 1976 (the HSR Act). Under the HSR Act, Pilgrim s Pride and ConAgra Foods are required to make pre-acquisition notification filings and to await the expiration or early termination of the statutory waiting period prior to completing the acquisition. On June 10, 2003, the parties filed the required information with the Antitrust Division of the U.S. Department of Justice and the U.S. Federal Trade Commission. The statutory waiting period under the HSR Act expired on July 11, 2003.

Despite expiration of the statutory waiting period, and even after completion of the acquisition, either the Antitrust Division of the U.S. Department of Justice or the U.S. Federal Trade Commission could challenge, seek to block or block the acquisition under the antitrust laws, as it deems necessary or desirable in the public interest. In addition, in some jurisdictions, a competitor, customer or other third party could initiate a private action under the antitrust laws challenging or seeking to enjoin the acquisition, before or after it is completed. We cannot be sure that a challenge to the acquisition will not be made or that, if a challenge is made, that Pilgrim s Pride and ConAgra Foods will prevail.

Other than applicable antitrust laws, neither we nor ConAgra Foods are aware of any other regulatory requirements or governmental approvals or actions that may be required to consummate the acquisition, except as described above. Should any such approval or action be required, it is presently contemplated that such approval or action would be sought. There can be no assurance, however, that any such approval or action, if needed, could be obtained and would not be conditioned in a manner that would cause the parties to abandon the acquisition.

Accounting Treatment

The acquisition will be accounted for as a purchase business combination in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States, with Pilgrim s Pride treated as the acquirer. Accordingly, the assets and liabilities of Pilgrim s Pride are recorded at historical amounts, without restatement to fair values. The assets and liabilities of the ConAgra chicken division will be revalued to estimated fair value at the date of the acquisition, with any excess of the purchase price over the sum of such fair values recorded as goodwill. The estimated fair values are preliminary and subject to change.

Requirement for Stockholder Approval

Our listing agreement with the New York Stock Exchange requires stockholder approval for the issuance of Pilgrim s Pride common stock that represents in the aggregate more than 20% of the issued and outstanding shares of Pilgrim s Pride common stock. As of the Record Date, 13,523,429 shares of Pilgrim s Pride Class A common stock and 27,589,250 shares of Class B common stock were issued and outstanding. If the ConAgra chicken division had a final adjusted net book value of \$525.6 million (which was the adjusted net book value at August 24, 2003) and the adjusted volume weighted average price of our Class A common stock used to compute the share portion of the consideration to be paid to ConAgra Foods was \$9.3267 (which was the adjusted volume weighted average price from June 10, 2003 through October 24, 2003, we would issue approximately 25.4 million shares of common stock to ConAgra Foods in the acquisition. This number of shares would represent approximately 38.15% of the total number of shares of common stock outstanding, and approximately

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2.99% of our total voting power, after giving effect to the reclassification. Accordingly, stockholder approval of the issuance of the Shares is required.

Although we need to issue the Shares to ConAgra Foods in order to complete the purchase of the ConAgra chicken division, we are not seeking stockholder approval for the purchase of the ConAgra chicken division because stockholder approval of this purchase is not required under Delaware law, our certificate of incorporation or our listing agreement with the New York Stock Exchange. At any time before or after the special meeting and prior to the closing of the ConAgra chicken division acquisition, the board of directors, subject to the terms and conditions of the Stock Purchase Agreement, may abandon the acquisition or amend the terms of the Stock Purchase Agreement and other transaction agreements, if for any reason the board deems it advisable to do so.

Required Vote

Approval of the issuance of the Shares to ConAgra Foods will require the vote of a majority of the combined voting power of the shares of Pilgrim s Pride Class A common stock and Class B common stock represented in person or by proxy and voting at the special meeting. Abstentions and broker non-votes will not affect the outcome of this proposal. Each share of Class A common stock is entitled to one vote per share and each share of Class B common stock is entitled to twenty votes per share.

THE STOCK PURCHASE AGREEMENT

The following is a summary of certain provisions of the Stock Purchase Agreement and the other transaction agreements not summarized elsewhere in this proxy statement. A copy of the Stock Purchase Agreement is attached to this proxy statement as Annex D and copies of Amendment No. 1 to the Stock Purchase Agreement and Amendment No. 2 to the Stock Purchase Agreement are attached to this proxy statement as Annex E and Annex F, respectively. This summary is qualified in its entirety by reference to the Stock Purchase Agreement, as amended. We urge you to read the Stock Purchase Agreement carefully for more details regarding the provisions we describe below and for other provisions that may be important to you.

Overview

On June 7, 2003, we entered into the Stock Purchase Agreement with ConAgra Foods for our acquisition of the ConAgra chicken division. The Stock Purchase Agreement provides that we will purchase all of the issued and outstanding capital stock of the Acquired Companies for an aggregate purchase price payable in cash, Shares of our common stock, and subordinated Notes. In connection with the acquisition, we also will enter into certain other agreements with ConAgra Foods and its subsidiaries, including two registration rights agreements, three supply agreements, a transition trademark license agreement, a transition services agreement and an environmental license agreement.

Purchase Price

General. The purchase price will be calculated based on the Final Adjusted Net Book Value of the assets and liabilities of the ConAgra chicken division on the closing date of the acquisition. Final adjusted net book value means the combined, consolidated stockholders equity of the Acquired Companies on the closing date reduced by a discount amount. The discount amount is \$100 million less the sum of approximately \$10.6 million of reimbursable transaction costs expected to be incurred by ConAgra Foods (consisting of retention bonuses to be paid to certain key employees of the Acquired Companies, up to \$600,000 in audit fees relating to the audit of the closing balance sheet and certain out-of-pocket expenses).

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At closing, the consideration payable to ConAgra Foods will be estimated based on ConAgra Foods good faith estimate of the adjusted net book value, as of the closing date, of the ConAgra chicken division. Based upon this estimate, we will pay ConAgra Foods at closing \$100 million in cash and pay the remainder of the consideration through a combination of Shares and Notes; provided that at our option we may pay the Note portion with cash, subject to certain limitations.

Share Portion. The actual number and dollar amount of Shares to be issued will be determined at the closing of the acquisition by reference to the adjusted volume weighted average stock price (Adjusted VWAP) of the Class A common stock on the New York Stock Exchange from June 10, 2003 (the day after the parties announced the acquisition) through the fifth trading day prior to the closing date.

Adjusted VWAP means the volume weighted average price (VWAP) of the Class A common stock computed over the period from June 10, 2003 through the date five trading days prior to the closing date, except that:

if the VWAP Adjustment Amount (as defined below) is greater than zero, then in lieu of the actual trading price of the Class A common stock over the period from August 22, 2003 through the date five trading days prior to the closing date (the Subsequent Period), such Adjusted VWAP shall be computed as if all trades in Class A common stock during that period occurred at a VWAP of \$9.8292, plus the VWAP Adjustment Amount; and

if (a) the VWAP of the Class A common stock over the Subsequent Period is greater than \$9.8292, and (b) the average daily volume of the Class A common stock during the period from June 10, 2003 to August 21, 2003 (the Initial Period) is less than the average daily trading volume of such stock during the Subsequent Period, then in lieu of the actual trading volume of the Class A common stock over the Subsequent Period, such Adjusted VWAP shall be computed as if the volume of trades during each day in the Subsequent Period was equal to the average daily trading volume of the Class A common stock during the Initial Period.

VWAP Adjustment Amount means 50% of the difference between the VWAP of the Class A common stock over the Subsequent Period minus \$9.8292, but shall not be less than zero.

From June 10, 2003 through October 24, the Adjusted VWAP was \$9.3267. The number of Shares to be issued to ConAgra Foods at closing will equal the lesser of 39,400,000 or the number of Shares determined by dividing (i) forty-five percent (45%) of the estimated adjusted net book value by (ii) the greater of (1) the Adjusted VWAP and (2) \$5.35. For example, if the adjusted net book value of the ConAgra chicken division was \$525,587,000 (which was the adjusted net book value at August 24, 2003) and the fifth trading day prior to the closing date was October 24, 2003, the share portion of the consideration would consist of 25,358,860 Shares (45% of \$525,587,000, divided by \$9.3267, the Adjusted VWAP of the Class A common stock from June 10 through October 24, 2003).

Notwithstanding the foregoing, the number of Shares to be issued to ConAgra Foods will be based on the Average Price (as defined below) rather than the Adjusted VWAP if the spread between the VWAP of our Class A common stock and the VWAP of our Class B common stock over the Subsequent Period is greater than or equal to 35% of the VWAP of the Class A common stock over that period. Average Price means the VWAP of the Class A common stock over the period from June 10, 2003 through the date five trading days prior to the closing date. From August 22, 2003 through October 24, 2003, the spread between the VWAP of the Class A common stock and the VWAP of the Class B common stock was 3.0% of the VWAP of the Class A common stock over that period.

The proposed reclassification of the common stock will be completed prior to the closing of our acquisition of the ConAgra chicken division and ConAgra Foods will receive shares of our new common stock in the acquisition. If for any reason the proposed reclassification is not completed, then ConAgra Foods will receive shares of our existing Class A common stock.

Note Portion. The Stock Purchase Agreement provides that the balance of the estimated consideration to be paid to ConAgra Foods will be paid by our execution and delivery to ConAgra Foods of Notes in the principal

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amount of such balance. For example, if the estimated adjusted net book value was \$525.6 million and the share portion consisted of \$236.5 million of Shares (45% of the estimated adjusted net book value), we would issue \$189.1 million principal amount of Notes. Notwithstanding the foregoing, we may, at our option, pay the Note portion of the consideration with cash, provided that, if we issue any Notes in payment of a portion of the consideration, the initial principal amount of such Notes must be at least \$100 million or a lesser amount acceptable to ConAgra Foods. On August 13, 2003, we completed the public offering of \$100 million of 9 5/8% senior notes due 2011. We intend to pay cash to ConAgra Foods using the proceeds of that offering and reduce the dollar amount of Notes to be issued to ConAgra Foods.

Share Price Adjustment. If the Average Price is less than \$5.35, we may elect to:

issue to ConAgra Foods a number of additional Shares equal to (x) the amount by which \$5.35 exceeds the Average Price, multiplied by the number of Shares determined above under the caption Share Portion (the Share Price Adjustment) divided by (y) the Average Price:

issue to ConAgra Foods additional subordinated debt on the same terms as the Notes, the principal amount of which will equal the Share Price Adjustment;

deliver to ConAgra Foods an additional amount in cash equal to the Share Price Adjustment; or

deliver to ConAgra Foods a combination of the forms of additional consideration referred to above having an aggregate value equal to the Share Price Adjustment.

Alternatively, Pilgrim s Pride and ConAgra Foods may mutually agree that we can deliver to ConAgra Foods some other consideration having a value equal to the Share Price Adjustment; or we can elect to terminate the Stock Purchase Agreement, unless ConAgra Foods agrees in writing, within 48 hours after receipt of written notice from us of our intent to terminate the agreement, that the purchase price will be reduced by an amount equal to the Share Price Adjustment, in which case ConAgra Foods will not be entitled to the Share Price Adjustment and the Stock Purchase Agreement will not be terminated.

Asset Retention. If the estimated adjusted net book value exceeds \$600 million, the adjusted net book value will be capped at \$600 million unless ConAgra Foods selects one of the following options:

to retain the Acquired Companies Moorefield, West Virginia facility, and all assets located at such facility and rights relating thereto, and recalculate the estimated purchase price on the basis that such facility, assets and rights are excluded from the acquisition and retained by ConAgra Foods; or

to terminate the Stock Purchase Agreement.

If ConAgra Foods selects either of the above options, we may agree in writing, within 48 hours after receipt of written notice from ConAgra Foods of its intent to exclude such assets or terminate the agreement, that we will pay the consideration in full even if the adjusted net book value exceeds \$600 million, in which case such assets will not be excluded and the Stock Purchase Agreement will not be terminated.

Post-closing Purchase Price Adjustment. Within 60 days after the closing, we will prepare a preliminary closing balance sheet for the Acquired Companies, and a preliminary calculation of Adjusted Net Book Value (as defined in the Stock Purchase Agreement) that will be audited by an independent accountant. If the parties do not object to the preliminary audit report and audited Adjusted Net Book Value within 60 days, they will be issued in final form and the consideration to be paid to ConAgra Foods will be adjusted based upon the Final Adjusted Net Book Value. If a party timely objects to the independent accountant s report, and the parties are unable to resolve the objection within 30 days, the dispute will be referred to a mutually acceptable independent accountant for resolution. The parties will split the fees and expenses of such independent accountant, and the decision of the independent accountant on the dispute will be binding on the parties.

After the Final Adjusted Net Book Value is agreed upon, the final purchase price will be determined. If the final purchase price is different than the estimated purchase price, we will adjust the aggregate principal amount

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of the Notes originally issued at closing to ConAgra Foods. If such adjustment results in a decrease in the aggregate principal amount of the Notes, then ConAgra Foods will refund to us any interest previously paid on the excess amount of the original Notes and relinquish its right to any accrued but unpaid interest on the excess amount of the original Notes. Additionally, if such adjustment results in a decrease greater than the principal amount of the Notes originally issued to ConAgra Foods, then the Notes will be cancelled in their entirety and ConAgra Foods will pay us any remaining difference in cash.

10.50% Subordinated Notes Due March 4, 2011

As part of the purchase price for the acquisition of the ConAgra chicken division, we will issue to ConAgra Foods our 10.50% subordinated notes; provided that at our option we may pay the Note portion of the purchase price with cash, subject to certain limitations. The principal amount of Notes to be issued will be determined at the closing of the acquisition. The Notes will mature on March 4, 2011 with interest accruing at a rate of 10.50% per annum. The Notes will be payable semi-annually in arrears on December 15 and June 15.

The Notes will be general unsecured obligations of Pilgrim s Pride. They will rank subordinate in right of payment to all of our existing and future Senior Indebtedness. Senior Indebtedness generally means all of our obligations, whether outstanding on the date of the Notes or thereafter incurred, but does not include: (i) any obligation of Pilgrim s Pride to any subsidiary; (ii) any obligation in respect of the Notes or other indebtedness of Pilgrim s Pride that by its terms is expressly subordinate, junior or pari passu in right of payment to the Notes; or (iii) any obligations with respect to any capital stock. Because they are unsecured, the Notes will effectively rank behind all of our secured obligations to the extent of the value of the assets securing those obligations. The Notes will rank ahead of any of our future obligations that expressly provide that they are subordinated to the Notes.

The Notes may be redeemed by us at any time, in whole or in part, for 100% of the then-outstanding principal and accrued interest, as long as they are held by ConAgra Foods or a ConAgra Foods affiliate. However, we may redeem all, but not part, of the Notes from ConAgra Foods if ConAgra Foods holds less than, or the redemption would result in ConAgra Foods holding less than, \$100 million of the Notes. If ConAgra Foods should transfer the Notes to a third party,

up to 35% of the Notes may be redeemed by us at a 10.5% premium prior to the fourth anniversary of their original issuance from the proceeds, and within 45 days after the completion by us, of a public equity issuance; and

the Notes may be redeemed by us, in whole or in part, at a 5.25% premium from September 15, 2007 through September 14, 2008; at a 2.625% premium from September 15, 2008 through September 14, 2009; and for 100% of the then-outstanding principal and accrued interest at any time after September 14, 2009.

Upon a change in control of Pilgrim s Pride, each holder of the Notes will have the right to require us to repurchase all or any part of the holder s Notes. If ConAgra Foods or a ConAgra Foods affiliate is the holder of the Notes, we will offer a change of control payment in cash equal to 100% of the aggregate principal amount of Notes repurchased plus accrued and unpaid interest. Any other holder of the Notes will be offered a change of control payment in cash equal to 101% of the aggregate principal amount of Notes repurchased plus accrued and unpaid interest.

We will issue the Notes under an indenture with a trustee. The indenture will contain various covenants that will limit our ability and the ability of our subsidiaries to, among other things:

borrow money;	
pay dividends;	
make investments;	
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sell our assets;
enter into transactions with affiliates;
merge or consolidate with other companies;
issue or sell equity interests in subsidiaries; or
make payments to us.

The above summary of the terms and provisions of the Notes is qualified in its entirety by reference to the Description of the Notes attached as Annex G to this proxy statement. You should read Annex G carefully for more details regarding the provisions we describe above and for other provisions that may be important to you.

Closing Conditions under the Stock Purchase Agreement

The obligations of Pilgrim s Pride and ConAgra Foods to consummate the transactions contemplated by the Stock Purchase Agreement are subject to the satisfaction or waiver, if legally permissible, of various conditions, including the following conditions set forth in the Stock Purchase Agreement:

all authorizations, consents, orders, declarations or approvals of, or filings with, or terminations or expirations of waiting periods imposed by, any governmental authority, which the failure to obtain, make or occur would have the effect of making any of the contemplated transactions illegal, shall have been obtained, shall have been made or shall have occurred;

the waiting period under the Hart-Scott-Rodino Antitrust Improvements Act of 1976 and any other applicable antitrust laws shall have expired or been terminated;

the absence of any law, decree, injunction or other order which has the effect of making the contemplated transactions illegal or otherwise prohibiting consummation of the contemplated transactions;

the issuance of the Shares pursuant to the Stock Purchase Agreement shall have been approved by the requisite vote of our stockholders in accordance with the rules of the New York Stock Exchange;

the execution and delivery of certain transitional services and other agreements among Pilgrim s Pride, ConAgra Foods and/or certain of their respective affiliates; and

the receipt by each party of an opinion from the other party s counsel.

Our obligation to consummate the transactions contemplated by the Stock Purchase Agreement is also subject to, among other things, the following conditions:

the representations and warranties of ConAgra Foods set forth in the Stock Purchase Agreement shall be true and correct as of the date of the Stock Purchase Agreement and as of the closing date as if they were made on that date (except to the extent that the representations and warranties speak as of an earlier date), except for such inaccuracies that, individually or in the aggregate, would not have a material adverse effect on the ConAgra chicken division;

ConAgra Foods shall have performed in all material respects all obligations required to be performed by it under the Stock Purchase Agreement on or prior to the closing date;

ConAgra Foods shall have delivered to us stock certificates representing all of the stock of the Acquired Companies;

ConAgra Foods shall have delivered to us written resignations of the officers and directors of the Acquired Companies;

ConAgra Foods shall have delivered to us a certificate of non-foreign status;

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ConAgra Foods shall have delivered to us a representation letter regarding certain securities law matters;

ConAgra Foods shall have delivered to us audited combined financial statements;

no material adverse effect on the ConAgra chicken division shall have been incurred or suffered; and

ConAgra Foods shall have delivered to us a certificate that certain of these conditions have been satisfied.

The obligation of ConAgra Foods to consummate the transactions contemplated by the Stock Purchase Agreement is also subject to, among other things, the following conditions:

our representations and warranties set forth in the Stock Purchase Agreement shall be true and correct as of the date of the Stock Purchase Agreement and as of the closing date as if they were made on that date (except to the extent that the representations and warranties speak as of an earlier date), except for such inaccuracies that, individually or in the aggregate, would not have a material adverse effect on our business:

we shall have performed in all material respects all obligations required to be performed by us under the Stock Purchase Agreement on or prior to the closing date;

we shall have delivered to ConAgra Foods the cash consideration, Shares and Notes contemplated by the Stock Purchase Agreement;

the Shares of common stock to be issued to ConAgra Foods pursuant to the Stock Purchase Agreement shall have been approved for listing on the New York Stock Exchange;

no material adverse effect on our business shall have been incurred or suffered; and

we shall have delivered to ConAgra Foods a certificate that certain of these conditions have been satisfied.

Non-Competition Covenant

ConAgra Foods has agreed that, for five years after the closing, neither it nor its subsidiaries will, within North America or Central America (including the Caribbean and Puerto Rico), engage in:

the growing or slaughtering of chickens;

an integrated chicken operation that grows, slaughters and processes chickens;

the sale of fresh chicken; or

the sale of fresh frozen chicken that has not been further processed.

In addition, during that period and within that territory, neither ConAgra Foods nor its subsidiaries will use, or license or allow any third party use of, the names Butterball or Country Skillet as a trademark, service mark, trade name or domain name in connection with any of the foregoing activities.

Certain Representations and Warranties

The Stock Purchase Agreement contains representations and warranties of Pilgrim s Pride and ConAgra Foods relating to, among other things:

corporate organization and good standing;

organizational documents;

effect of Stock Purchase Agreement;

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absence of conflicts;
corporate authorization; enforceability;
capitalization;
absence of events or circumstances that would reasonably be expected to have a material adverse effect;
employee benefit plans;
environmental matters;
taxes;
intellectual property;
compliance with laws;
material contracts;
governmental authorizations;
subsidiaries;
legal proceedings;
brokers and finders;
labor relations and compliance with employment law;
absence of liens;
real estate;
inventory;

	OSHA matters.
The Stock following	Purchase Agreement also contains additional representations and warranties of ConAgra Foods with respect to, among others, the :
	financial statements; absence of undisclosed liabilities;
	conduct of its business since April 20, 2003;
	sufficiency of assets;
	absence of other business activities; and
	related party transactions.
The Stock following:	E Purchase Agreement also contains additional representations and warranties of Pilgrim s Pride with respect to, among others, the :
	lack of outstanding options, warrants or rights;
	SEC filings and the financial statements contained in these filings;
	proxy statement compliance with applicable laws;
	financing; and
	conduct of our business since March 29, 2003.
	sentations and warranties contained in the Stock Purchase Agreement are subject to materiality and knowledge qualifications in many and are subject, in certain cases, to specified exceptions.
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customers; and

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Conduct of Business Pending Closing

Pursuant to the Stock Purchase Agreement, ConAgra Foods has agreed that, from the date of the Stock Purchase Agreement until the closing date, except as otherwise consented to in writing by us or as contemplated by the Stock Purchase Agreement, each of ConAgra Foods and ConAgra Foods affiliates, including the Acquired Companies, shall, among other things:

conduct and operate the ConAgra chicken division in all material respects in the usual and ordinary course consistent with past practice;

use reasonable commercial efforts to preserve intact the ConAgra chicken division and its relationships with growers, suppliers, labor unions, customers and others having business dealings with them that are material to the ConAgra chicken division;

use reasonable commercial efforts to keep available the services of the ConAgra chicken division s present officers and key employees;

not adopt or propose any change in the charter documents of the Acquired Companies;

not authorize for issuance, issue, deliver, sell, pledge, dispose of, encumber or grant any lien on, or authorize or propose the issuance, delivery, sale, pledge, disposition of, encumber or grant of any lien on, any shares of the capital stock of any Acquired Company, or other voting securities or any securities convertible into or exercisable for, or any rights, warrants or options to acquire, any such securities or voting securities or any other ownership interest in any of the Acquired Companies (or interest the value of which is derived by reference to any of the foregoing), or enter into any agreement with respect to any of the foregoing;

not allow any of the Acquired Companies to acquire or agree to acquire any business or any corporation, partnership, association or other business, operation, organization or division thereof;

not sell, abandon or otherwise dispose of, or pledge, mortgage or otherwise encumber any material assets of the ConAgra chicken division other than in the ordinary course of business;

not, other than in the ordinary course of business, waive, release, grant or transfer any rights of material value relating to the ConAgra chicken division:

not modify or amend, or waive any benefit of, any noncompetition agreement benefiting the ConAgra chicken division;

not make any change in any method of financial accounting or financial accounting practice relating to the ConAgra chicken division, except as required by applicable law or to comply with GAAP;

not, except as required by its terms or in the ordinary course of business, amend in any material respect, terminate, renew or renegotiate any material contract or default in any material respect (or take or omit to take any action that with or without the giving of notice or passage of time or both, would constitute a default in any material respect) under any material contract or enter into any new contract which would have been deemed to be a material contract if it had been in effect on the date hereof;

not allow any of the Acquired Companies to declare, issue or make any direct or indirect redemption, purchase or other acquisition of any shares of its capital stock or property, declare, issue or make any distribution or dividend to its stockholders in cash or in kind or split, combine, dividend, distribute or reclassify any shares of its capital stock;

not dispose of or permit to lapse any rights to the use of any material intellectual property rights benefiting the ConAgra chicken division, or disclose any such material intellectual property rights not a matter of public knowledge, except for any such disclosure required by applicable law or judicial process and disclosures made in the ordinary course of business;

not effect any increase in, amendment to or establishment of any bonus, insurance, severance, deferred compensation, pension, retirement, profit sharing, stock option, stock purchase or other employee benefit plan or collective bargaining agreement relating to employees of the ConAgra chicken division;

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not, except in the ordinary course of business, and except as required by contracts in effect on the date of the Stock Purchase Agreement, effect any increase in compensation, bonus, severance or termination pay or other benefits payable to the employees of the ConAgra chicken division;

not allow any of the Acquired Companies to make any loan, advance or capital contribution to or investment in an aggregate amount in excess of \$100,000 (excluding any loan, advance or capital contribution to, or investment in, any acquired company);

not allow any of the Acquired Companies to incur or assume any indebtedness for borrowed funds, assume, guarantee, endorse, or otherwise become liable or responsible for the obligations of any other person or entity;

not change in any material respect its existing practices and procedures with respect to the extension of credit or collection of accounts receivable relating to the ConAgra chicken division;

not enter into, with respect to the ConAgra chicken division, any fixed price agreement having a term greater than one year and involving greater than \$2,500,000 during the term of the contract;

not, other than the routine replacement and repair of equipment and facilities in the ordinary course of business and capital expenditure commitments existing as of the date of the Stock Purchase Agreement, make any individual capital expenditure on behalf of the ConAgra chicken division in an amount in excess of \$250,000;

not make material changes in the production capabilities or capacities of the ConAgra chicken division s production facilities;

provide us with copies of: (i) all monthly financial management reports, Agristat reports and weekly consolidated summary profit and loss statements relating to the ConAgra chicken division; (ii) any notice, report or other document filed with or sent to any governmental authority in connection with the transactions contemplated by the Stock Purchase Agreement; and (iii) any material notice, report or other document received by any of the Acquired Companies from any governmental authority; and

notify us in writing of: (i) the discovery by ConAgra Foods of any event, condition, fact or circumstance that occurred or existed on or prior to the date of the Stock Purchase Agreement and that caused or constitutes a material inaccuracy in any representation or warranty made by ConAgra Foods in the Stock Purchase Agreement or in its disclosure schedule thereto; (ii) any event, condition, fact or circumstance that occurs, arises or exists after the date of the Stock Purchase Agreement and that would cause or constitute a material inaccuracy in any representation or warranty made by ConAgra Foods in the Stock Purchase Agreement or in its disclosure schedule thereto if (A) such representation or warranty or delivery of information had been made as of the time of the occurrence, existence or discovery of such event, condition, fact or circumstance, or (B) such event, condition, fact or circumstance had occurred, arisen or existed on or prior to the date of the Stock Purchase Agreement; (iii) any material breach of any covenant or obligation of ConAgra Foods; and (iv) any event, condition, fact or circumstance that would make the timely satisfaction of any of the conditions to the obligations of the parties to complete the transactions contemplated by the Stock Purchase Agreement impossible or unlikely or that has had or could reasonably be expected to have a material adverse effect on the ConAgra chicken division.

Pursuant to the Stock Purchase Agreement, we have agreed that, from the date of the Stock Purchase Agreement until the closing date, except as otherwise consented to in writing by ConAgra Foods or as contemplated by the Stock Purchase Agreement, we shall, among other things:

conduct and operate our business and operations in all material respects in the usual and ordinary course consistent with past practice;

use our reasonable commercial efforts to preserve intact our business organization and preserve our relationships with growers, suppliers, labor unions, customers and others having business dealings with it that are material to us;

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use our reasonable commercial efforts to keep available the services of our present officers and key employees;

not adopt or propose any change to our charter documents, except for the amendment to our certificate of incorporation described in this proxy statement;

not authorize for issuance, issue, deliver, sell, pledge, dispose of, encumber or grant any lien on, or authorize or propose the issuance, delivery, sale, pledge, disposition of, encumber or grant of any lien on, any shares of our capital stock, or other voting securities or any securities convertible into or exercisable for, or any rights, warrants or options to acquire, any such securities or voting securities or any other ownership interest (or interest the value of which is derived by reference to any of the foregoing), or enter into any agreement with respect to any of the foregoing;

not acquire or agree to acquire any material business or any material corporation, partnership, association or other business, operation, organization or division thereof;

not declare, issue or make any direct or indirect redemption, purchase or other acquisition of any shares of our capital stock, declare, issue or make any distribution or dividend to our stockholders in cash or in kind (except normal cash dividends consistent with past practices) or split, combine, dividend, distribute or reclassify any shares of our capital stock;

provide ConAgra Foods with copies of: (i) all monthly financial management reports, Agristat reports and weekly consolidated summary profit and loss statements relating to us; (ii) any notice, report or other document filed with or sent to any governmental authority in connection with the transactions contemplated by the Stock Purchase Agreement; and (iii) any material notice, report or other document received by us from any governmental authority; and

notify ConAgra Foods in writing of: (i) our discovery of any event, condition, fact or circumstance that occurred or existed on or prior to the date of the Stock Purchase Agreement and that caused or constitutes a material inaccuracy in any representation or warranty made by us in the Stock Purchase Agreement or in our disclosure schedule thereto; (ii) any event, condition, fact or circumstance that occurs, arises or exists after the date of the Stock Purchase Agreement and that would cause or constitute a material inaccuracy in any representation or warranty made by us in the Stock Purchase Agreement or in our disclosure schedule thereto if (A) such representation or warranty or delivery of information had been made as of the time of the occurrence, existence or discovery of such event, condition, fact or circumstance, or (B) such event, condition, fact or circumstance had occurred, arisen or existed on or prior to the date of the Stock Purchase Agreement; (iii) any material breach of any covenant or obligation of ours; and (iv) any event, condition, fact or circumstance that would make the timely satisfaction of any of the conditions to the obligations of the parties to complete the transactions contemplated by the Stock Purchase Agreement impossible or unlikely or that has had or could reasonably be expected to have a material adverse effect on our business.

Indemnification

Under the Stock Purchase Agreement, we have agreed, subject to the limitations described below, to indemnify and hold harmless ConAgra Foods and its directors, officers, employees and affiliates from and against all losses resulting from or arising out of:

any breach of representation or warranty or nonfulfillment of any covenant or agreement on our part under the Stock Purchase Agreement, or any misrepresentation in or omission from any certificate or other instrument furnished or to be furnished to ConAgra Foods under the Stock Purchase Agreement;

the failure of Pilgrim s Pride or the Acquired Companies to pay, perform or discharge any of the liabilities of the Acquired Companies other than any pre-closing liabilities of the Acquired Companies to the extent not accrued or disclosed to Pilgrim s Pride but including obligations under any contract or agreement either (i) to furnish goods, services and other non-cash benefits after the closing or (ii) to pay for goods, services and other non-cash benefits furnished after the closing;

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all other actions, suits, proceedings, demands, assessments, adjustments, costs and expenses incident to the foregoing including reasonable attorneys fees and other out-of-pocket expenses;

any tax deficiency resulting from a breach of certain of our representations, warranties and covenants;

any liability for taxes attributable to periods occurring after the closing date; and

any liability for taxes attributable to an extraordinary transaction, with certain exceptions, effected at our direction in respect of the Acquired Companies at or after the closing.

Under the Stock Purchase Agreement, ConAgra Foods has agreed, subject to the limitations described below, to indemnify and hold harmless Pilgrim s Pride and our directors, officers, employees and affiliates from and against all losses resulting from or arising out of:

any breach of representation or warranty or nonfulfillment of any covenant or agreement on the part of ConAgra Foods under the Stock Purchase Agreement, or any misrepresentation in or omission from any certificate or other instrument furnished or to be furnished to us under the Stock Purchase Agreement;

the ownership or the operation of the assets, businesses and operations of ConAgra Foods and its affiliates other than those relating to the ConAgra chicken division;

any pre-closing liabilities of the Acquired Companies to the extent not accrued or disclosed to us other than obligations under any contract or agreement either (i) to furnish goods, services and other non-cash benefits after the closing or (ii) to pay for goods, services and other non-cash benefits furnished after the closing;

any claim for brokerage or finder s fees or commissions or similar payments based upon any agreement or understanding alleged to have been made with ConAgra Foods or any of its affiliates in connection with the transactions contemplated by the Stock Purchase Agreement;

all other actions, suits, proceedings, demands, assessments, adjustments, costs and expenses incident to the foregoing including reasonable attorneys fees and other out-of-pocket expenses;

any taxes of the Acquired Companies for the pre-closing period that have not been paid or accrued;

any taxes relating to any member of an affiliated group with which any of the Acquired Companies has filed a tax return on a consolidated, combined or unitary basis for a pre-closing period; and

any tax deficiency resulting from a breach of certain of ConAgra Foods representations, warranties and covenants.

Pilgrim s Pride s and ConAgra Foods indemnification obligations are subject to the following limitations:

ConAgra Foods indemnification obligations for pre-closing liabilities and each of Pilgrim s Pride s and ConAgra Foods indemnification obligations for breaches of representations and warranties, with certain exceptions, is subject to an aggregate loss threshold of \$30,000,000; and

neither Pilgrim s Pride s nor ConAgra Foods aggregate liability for indemnification under the Stock Purchase Agreement, with certain exceptions, shall exceed \$200,000,000.

Termination; Termination Fees and Expenses

Termination by Pilgrim s **Pride or ConAgra Foods**. Either ConAgra Foods or Pilgrim s Pride, by action of their respective boards of directors, may terminate the Stock Purchase Agreement and abandon the acquisition at any time prior to the closing of the transactions contemplated by the Stock Purchase Agreement:

by mutual written consent of Pilgrim s Pride and ConAgra Foods;

if the closing of the transactions contemplated by the Stock Purchase Agreement is not completed by December 31, 2003, as such date may be extended by a 30-day cure period as set forth in the Stock

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Purchase Agreement (the Termination Date) (unless the failure to consummate the acquisition is attributable to a failure on the part of the party seeking to terminate the acquisition to perform any material obligation required to be performed by such party at or prior to the Termination Date);

if (i) any governmental authority of competent jurisdiction issues a final and non-appealable order, decree, or ruling or permanent injunction, having the effect of preventing the consummation of the transactions contemplated by the Stock Purchase Agreement or (ii) the HSR Act waiting period has failed to terminate prior to the Termination Date or (iii) any approval or consent of the FTC, DOJ or any governmental authority required to consummate the acquisition has not been obtained prior to the termination date; or

if the Pilgrim s Pride stockholders do not approve and adopt the issuance of the Shares pursuant to the Stock Purchase Agreement at a duly convened stockholders meeting at which the vote to approve and adopt the issuance of the Shares was taken (unless the failure to obtain stockholder approval is attributable to a failure on the part of the party seeking to terminate the acquisition to perform any material obligation required to be performed by such party at or prior to the closing of the transactions contemplated by the Stock Purchase Agreement and provided that Pilgrim s Pride may not terminate the acquisition for this reason unless it has paid the applicable termination fees to ConAgra Foods as discussed below).

Termination by Pilgrim s **Pride**. Pilgrim s Pride, by action of our board of directors, may also terminate the Stock Purchase Agreement and abandon the acquisition at any time prior to the closing of the transactions contemplated by the Stock Purchase Agreement:

if the average trading price of our Class A common stock from June 10, 2003 through five trading days prior to the closing of the acquisition is less than \$5.35 per share, unless ConAgra Foods agrees to a reduction in the purchase price as set forth in the Stock Purchase Agreement (provided that we may not terminate the acquisition for this reason unless it has paid the applicable termination fees to ConAgra Foods as discussed below);

if any of ConAgra Foods representations and warranties have been breached, unless (a) the impact of the inaccuracies of representations and warranties would not have a material adverse effect on the ConAgra chicken division or (b) the breach, if curable, has been cured by ConAgra Foods within 30 days after its receipt of written notice;

if any of ConAgra Foods covenants or agreements contained in the acquisition have been materially breached and the breach, if curable, has not been cured by ConAgra Foods within 30 days after its receipt of written notice; or

if, since the date of the Stock Purchase Agreement, there has occurred any event or occurrence, or series of events or occurrences, that has had or is reasonably likely to have, individually or in the aggregate with all other events or occurrences since the date of the acquisition, a material adverse effect on the ConAgra chicken division which is not curable or is not cured within 30 days after written notice is given by us.

Termination by ConAgra Foods. ConAgra Foods, by action of the ConAgra Foods board of directors, may also terminate the Stock Purchase Agreement and abandon the acquisition at any time prior to the closing of the transactions contemplated by the Stock Purchase Agreement:

if the estimated net adjusted book value of the ConAgra chicken division exceeds \$600,000,000, unless we agree to pay the purchase price in full as determined in accordance with the terms and conditions of the Stock Purchase Agreement notwithstanding that the net adjusted book value of the ConAgra chicken division exceeds \$600,000,000;

if any of our representations and warranties have been breached, unless (a) the impact of the inaccuracies of representations and warranties would not have a material adverse effect on us or (b) the breach, if curable, has been cured by us within 30 days after its receipt of written notice;

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if any of our covenants or agreements have been materially breached and the breach, if curable, has not been cured by us within 30 days after its receipt of written notice; or

if, since the date of the Stock Purchase Agreement, there has occurred any event or occurrence, or series of events or occurrences, that has had or is reasonably likely to have, individually or in the aggregate with all other events or occurrences since the date of the acquisition, a material adverse effect on us which is not curable or is not cured within 30 days after written notice is given by ConAgra Foods.

Termination Fee. If either ConAgra Foods or Pilgrim s Pride terminates the Stock Purchase Agreement for any reason, other than for reasons set forth above, then the terminating party shall pay a \$25,000,000 termination fee to the non-terminating party. In addition, we shall pay the termination fee if we terminate the Stock Purchase Agreement for the following reasons:

our stockholders do not approve and adopt the issuance of the shares of common stock pursuant to the Stock Purchase Agreement at a duly convened stockholders meeting at which the vote to approve and adopt the issuance of the shares was taken; and

the average trading price of our Class A common stock from June 10, 2003 through five trading days prior to the closing of the acquisition is less than \$5.35 per share.

Expenses. All fees and expenses incurred in connection with the Stock Purchase Agreement and the transactions contemplated by the Stock Purchase Agreement shall be paid by the party incurring such expenses, whether or not the acquisition is consummated.

Amendment and Waiver

The Stock Purchase Agreement may be amended or modified in writing by ConAgra Foods and Pilgrim s Pride. At any time prior to the closing, either ConAgra Foods or Pilgrim s Pride may, in writing, waive compliance with any of the agreements or conditions of the other party contained in the Stock Purchase Agreement.

TRANSACTION AGREEMENTS

The following summary of the terms and provisions of the Share Voting Agreement, Registration Rights Agreements, Supply Agreements, Transition Trademark License Agreement, Transition Services Agreement and Environmental License Agreement is qualified in its entirety by reference to each of those documents, a copy of which has been filed with the SEC as an exhibit to our Current Report on Form 8-K dated June 9, 2003. You should read these agreements carefully for more details regarding the provisions we describe below and for other provisions that may be important to you.

Share Voting Agreement

In connection with the execution and delivery of the Stock Purchase Agreement, we also entered into a Share Voting Agreement with our chairman Lonnie Bo Pilgrim, his son Lonnie Ken Pilgrim, who is one of our directors, and Pilgrim Interests, Ltd., a family limited partnership of which Lonnie Bo Pilgrim and Lonnie Ken Pilgrim are the sole general partners (collectively, the Majority Stockholders) and ConAgra Foods. The Majority Stockholders collectively beneficially own or may vote a total of 8,618,741 shares of our Class A common stock and 17,163,818 shares of our Class B common stock.

Under the Share Voting Agreement, the Majority Stockholders have agreed to vote all of their shares:

for the approval and issuance of common stock to ConAgra Foods pursuant to the Stock Purchase Agreement;

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for any other matter submitted to a vote of our stockholders that is necessary to approve the transactions contemplated by the Stock Purchase Agreement; and

against any action, agreement, transaction or acquisition proposal that would result in a breach of any of our covenants, representations or warranties or any other of our obligations or agreements contained in the Stock Purchase Agreement or that might postpone, interfere, delay, impede or adversely affect in any material respect the purchase of the ConAgra chicken division as contemplated by the Stock Purchase Agreement.

Irrevocable Proxy. In the Share Voting Agreement, the Majority Stockholders have also granted ConAgra Foods an irrevocable proxy and power of attorney to vote their shares of our common stock on the matters set forth above should the Majority Stockholders fail for any reason to vote in accordance with the Share Voting Agreement.

Representations and Warranties. The Share Voting Agreement contains customary representations, warranties and covenants given by the Majority Stockholders relating to, among other things, ownership of the shares of common stock that are the subject of the agreement and authority to contract.

Restrictions on Transfer. The Share Voting Agreement prohibits the Majority Stockholders from (i) subjecting any of their shares of our common stock to any transfer, encumbrance, sale, gift, pledge, assignment, or other disposition; (ii) granting any proxies or entering into any voting agreement or similar arrangement with respect to their shares of our common stock; or (iii) entering into any contract, option or other agreement that would prevent the Majority Stockholders from performing their obligations under the Share Voting Agreement. The Majority Stockholders further agree not to directly or indirectly offer, sell, or otherwise transfer, acquire or offer to buy, or otherwise trade in or induce others to offer, sell or otherwise transfer, shares of our common stock until the completion of the acquisition.

Termination of the Voting Agreement. The Share Voting Agreement terminates upon the earlier to occur of:

the completion of the acquisition; or

the termination of the Stock Purchase Agreement according to its terms.

Registration Rights Agreements

Registration Rights and Transfer Restriction Agreement. In connection with the closing of the Stock Purchase Agreement, we will also enter into a Registration Rights and Transfer Restriction Agreement, which will provide for the registration of the Shares issued to ConAgra Foods pursuant to the Stock Purchase Agreement no later than twelve months following the closing. We will bear all costs, fees and expenses of each registration, including registration and filing fees, printing expenses and fees and disbursements of counsel and all independent certified public accountants

Piggy-Back Registration Rights. We must notify ConAgra Foods if we intend to register shares of our common stock for reasons other than for employee stock plans or business combinations, and upon ConAgra Foods request, we must include the Shares in such registration. We may, however, exclude some or all of the Shares on the recommendation of the managing underwriter for the proposed offering. We may also withdraw any registration statement and abandon any proposed offering without obtaining ConAgra Foods consent.

Tag-Along. ConAgra Foods must notify us if it plans to sell some or all of the Shares pursuant to an underwritten offer not initiated by us, and has agreed to include our common stock in such underwritten offer upon our request. ConAgra Foods may, however, exclude some or all of our common stock upon recommendation of the proposed offering s managing underwriter.

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Transfer Limitations. The Registration Rights Agreement provides that ConAgra Foods will not, without our consent, (i) except pursuant to a third party tender offer, transfer the Shares during the 12 months following the acquisition or more than 33 1/3% of the Shares in any 12 month period or (ii) acquire additional voting securities, make any offers to acquire any business or material assets of Pilgrim s Pride, propose that any third party acquire any of our voting securities (other than an acquisition of the Shares), propose any business combination or other extraordinary transaction involving us, join a group with respect to ownership of our voting securities, or enter into negotiations with any third party with respect to the foregoing.

Lonnie Bo Pilgrim and Lonnie Ken Pilgrim have agreed that they will not offer to sell or otherwise dispose of any shares of our common stock while ConAgra Foods owns 5% or more of our outstanding common stock. This restriction does not apply to transfers made as a gift to the Pilgrim family, for estate planning purposes or for the sale of up to 120,000 shares of our common stock by the Pilgrim family during any 12 month period.

10.50% Subordinated Notes Due March 4, 2011 Registration Rights Agreement. We will enter into a 10.50% Subordinated Notes Due March 4, 2011 Registration Rights Agreement to provide for the registration of the Notes that will be issued to ConAgra Foods pursuant to the Stock Purchase Agreement no later than twelve months following the completion of the Stock Purchase Agreement. We will bear all costs, fees and expenses of each registration, including registration and filing fees, printing expenses and fees and disbursements of counsel and all independent certified public accountants.

Supply Agreements

Upon the completion of the Stock Purchase Agreement, three separate supply agreements will be entered into. ConAgra Foods and Pilgrim s

Pride will be parties to two of the supply agreements, the Montgomery Supply Agreement and ConAgra Supply Agreement, while the parties to
the third supply agreement, the Molinos Supply Agreement will be Molinos De Puerto Rico, Inc. (Molinos) and To-Ricos, Inc. (To-Ricos).

The ConAgra Supply Agreement provides for Pilgrim s Pride or its operating companies to sell to ConAgra Foods or its operating companies chicken products in amounts similar to the volume of chicken products purchased in the twelve months prior to the date of the agreement for a period of five years. Except for chicken products supplied from the Pilgrim s Pride Batesville processing facility, pricing of the chicken products will be based on a mutually agreed fair market value. The chicken products supplied from the Pilgrim s Pride Batesville processing facility will be priced on a cost plus formula.

The Montgomery Supply Agreement provides for ConAgra Foods to sell to Pilgrim s Pride or its operating companies specific chicken breast products produced at ConAgra Foods Montgomery, Alabama facility in amounts similar to the volume of chicken breast products purchased in the twelve months prior to the date of the agreement for a period of two years. The chicken breast products will be priced on a cost plus formula.

The Molinos Supply Agreement provides for Molinos to sell to To-Ricos corn and soybean meal in amounts required by To-Ricos or in such other volumes as the parties may mutually agree upon for a period of five years. The corn and soybean meal will be priced at New Orleans grain market prices with market freight and execution costs.

Transition Trademark License Agreement

In connection with closing of the Stock Purchase Agreement, we will also enter into a Transition Trademark License Agreement (the License Agreement) with ConAgra Foods and ConAgra Brands, Inc. (the Licensors). The Licensors are the owners of all right, title and interest in the trademarks of Butterball, Country Skillet, ConAgra, ConAgra Foods and ConAgra Poultry Company (the Trademarks). Under the License Agreement, the Licensors will grant to us a non-exclusive, royalty-free and limited license to use the

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Trademarks in connection with the sale, production, processing, marketing, advertising and distribution of products related to the chicken division. Under the terms of the License Agreement, we have agreed to maintain the goodwill and reputation associated with the Trademarks and otherwise comply with the terms standard to trademark licenses. Unless terminated sooner pursuant to the terms of the License Agreement, our right to use the Trademarks in connection with the chicken division shall terminate in one year from the effective date of the License Agreement. The Licensors shall retain all right, title, and interest in the Trademarks, including all goodwill associated therewith.

Other Transaction Agreements

We will also enter into a Transition Services Agreement with ConAgra Foods. ConAgra Foods will provide the Acquired Companies various computer, accounting, administrative and other services during a transitional period following the closing of the Stock Purchase Agreement for twelve months. We have also agreed to provide ConAgra Foods with lab services and vendor rebates during the transitional period. The Environmental License Agreement relates to a poultry processing facility, feedmill and two hatcheries (the Poultry Operations) of the Acquired Companies in Batesville, Arkansas. Post-closing, ConAgra Foods will retain and continue to operate an industrial wastewater pre-treatment facility on real estate adjacent to the Poultry Operations that provides wastewater treatment for the Poultry Operations (and certain operations of ConAgra Foods that are not being acquired by us). Under this agreement, ConAgra Foods will continue to provide wastewater collection, treatment and disposal service to the Poultry Operations for a period of one (1) year. In exchange for these services, we will pay to ConAgra Foods, on a monthly basis, \$54,000.

INFORMATION CONCERNING THE CONAGRA CHICKEN DIVISION

Business Overview

The business of the ConAgra chicken division is conducted through four of ConAgra Foods subsidiaries: ConAgra Poultry Company, Lovette Company, Inc., Hester Industries, Inc. and To-Ricos, Inc. The business is a fully-integrated chicken processing business engaged in the production, processing, marketing and distribution of fresh and frozen chicken products, and in the processing, marketing and distribution of processed and prepared food items. The ConAgra chicken division can generally be viewed as consisting of all of ConAgra Foods chicken business (including grow-out, slaughter, processing, further processing, rendering, sales and distribution, both in retail and foodservice and related assets and employees), including the Pierce brand and the Professional Food System (PFS) business conducted by ConAgra Foods.

The ConAgra chicken division sells ice pack, chill pack and frozen chicken, in whole, cut-up and boneless form, primarily under the Country Pride, Easy Entrée, and Pierce brand names to retailers, distributors, and casual dining operators principally in the Eastern, Southeastern, and Central regions of the United States. According to 2002 industry statistics, ConAgra Foods was the fourth largest chicken company in the United States.

The ConAgra chicken division operations presently encompass seventeen hatcheries, thirteen feed mills, fourteen processing plants, and four cook plants. The ConAgra chicken division has contracts with operators of approximately 1,667 chicken grow-out farms that provide it with sufficient housing capacity for its current operations. The ConAgra chicken division also has contracts with operators of 341 chicken breeder farms and 140 pullet farms.

The ConAgra chicken division sells over 3.1 billion pounds annually of processed and prepared food items nationally and regionally, primarily to distributors, foodservice accounts, retailers and club stores, as well as to ConAgra Foods packaged foods segment.

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Other ConAgra Foods Chicken Businesses

The ConAgra chicken division does not include, and Pilgrim s Pride will not be acquiring, the further chicken processing and marketing operations included in ConAgra Foods packaged foods segment, including, without limitation, the Butterball, Banquet, Marie Callender s and Country Skillet further processing and marketing operations. Additionally, Pilgrim s Pride will not be acquiring the Butterball, Banquet, Marie Callender s, ConAgra and Country Skillet names.

Products and Markets

Overview. The ConAgra chicken division s products consist primarily of:

Prepared chicken products, which are products such as fully cooked breaded wings, portion controlled breast fillets, tenderloins and strips, delicatessen products, salads, formed nuggets and patties and bone-in chicken parts. These products are sold either refrigerated or frozen and may be fully cooked, partially cooked or raw. In addition, these products are breaded or non-breaded and either pre-marinated or non-marinated, and packed for either the foodservice or retail sales channel.

Fresh chicken, which is refrigerated (non-frozen) whole or cut-up chicken sold to the retail and foodservice industry either pre-marinated or non-marinated. Fresh chicken also includes prepackaged chicken, which includes various combinations of freshly refrigerated, whole chickens and chicken parts in trays, bags or other consumer packs labeled and priced ready for the retail grocer s fresh meat counter.

Export and other chicken products, which are primarily parts and whole chicken, either refrigerated or frozen for U.S. export or domestic use, and chicken prepared foods products for U.S. exports.

The ConAgra chicken division s products are sold primarily to:

Foodservice customers, which are customers such as foodservice distributors, chain restaurants, food processors and certain other institutions. The ConAgra chicken division sells to its foodservice customers products ranging from portion-controlled refrigerated chicken parts to fully-cooked and frozen, breaded or non-breaded chicken parts or formed products. The foodservice distributor business has experienced very high year over year sales growth since 1999.

Retail customers, which are customers such as grocery store chains, wholesale clubs and other retail distributors. The ConAgra chicken division sells to its retail customers branded, pre-packaged, cut-up and whole poultry, and fresh refrigerated or frozen whole chicken and chicken parts in trays, bags or other consumer packs. The division also sells consumer pack prepared foods to these same customers, accounting for nearly 18.4% of the retail channel sales.

Market.

Foodservice. The majority of the ConAgra chicken division sales are derived from products sold to the foodservice market. This market principally consists of broad-line distributors, chain restaurants, food processors and certain other institutions located throughout the continental United States. The ConAgra chicken division supplies chicken products ranging from portion-controlled refrigerated chicken parts to fully cooked and frozen, breaded or non-breaded chicken parts or formed products.

Foodservice Prepared Foods. The majority of the ConAgra chicken division sales to the foodservice market consist of prepared foods products. These sales are sold predominately to broad-line distributors, followed by chain restaurants and delicatessens.

Foodservice Fresh Chicken. The ConAgra chicken division produces and markets fresh, refrigerated chicken for sale to U.S. quick-service restaurant chains, delicatessens, broad-line distributors and other

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customers. These chickens are usually of specific weight ranges, and are typically pre-cut to customer specifications. They are often marinated to enhance value and product differentiation. By growing and processing to customers specifications, the ConAgra chicken division is able to assist quick-service restaurant chains in controlling costs and maintaining quality and size consistency of chicken pieces sold to the consumer.

Retail. The retail market consists primarily of grocery store chains, wholesale clubs and other retail distributors. The ConAgra chicken division concentrates its efforts in this market on sales of branded, prepackaged cut-up and whole chicken to grocery store chains and retail distributors in the Southeast, Midwest, and South Central regions of the United States.

Retail Prepared Foods. The ConAgra chicken division sells retail packaged prepared chicken products primarily to grocery store chains and club stores located in the Southeast, Midwest, and South Central regions of the United States.

Retail Fresh Chicken. The ConAgra chicken division s prepackaged retail products include various combinations of freshly refrigerated, whole chickens and chicken parts in trays, bags or other consumer packs, either labeled and priced ready for the retail grocer s fresh meat counter or in unit weight scanable packaging. The retail, prepackaged fresh chicken business should continue to be a large and relatively stable market, providing opportunities for product differentiation and brand loyalty.

Export and Other Chicken Products. The ConAgra chicken division s export and other products consist of whole chickens and chicken parts sold primarily in bulk, non-branded form either refrigerated to distributors in the United States or frozen for distribution to export markets. In the United States, prices of these products are negotiated daily or weekly and are generally related to market prices quoted by the USDA or other public price

reporting services. Historically, the ConAgra chicken division has targeted international markets to generate additional demand for its dark meat, which is a natural byproduct of its U.S. operations given its concentration on prepared foods products and the U.S. customers general preference for white meat. Also included in these categories are chicken byproducts, which are converted into protein products sold primarily to manufacturers of pet foods.

Competition

The chicken industry is highly competitive and the ConAgra chicken division competes principally with other vertically integrated chicken companies.

In general, the competitive factors in the U.S. chicken industry include price, product quality, product development, brand identification, breadth of product line and customer service. Competitive factors vary by major market. In the foodservice market, competition is based on consistent quality, product development, service and price. In the U.S. retail market, competition is based on product quality, brand awareness and customer service. There is some competition with non-vertically integrated further processors in the U.S. prepared food business.

Properties and Operations

Breeding and Hatching. The ConAgra chicken division supplies all of its chicks in the United States by producing its own hatching eggs from domestic breeder flocks in the United States. The ConAgra chicken division currently contracts for approximately 11.7 million square feet of breeder housing on approximately 341 breeder farms in which the breeder stock is housed and fed.

The ConAgra chicken division owns sixteen chicken hatcheries in the United States. These hatcheries are located in Fort Payne, Moulton, and Enterprise, Alabama, Batesville, Atkins and El Dorado, Arkansas, Athens, Canton, Cohutta and Gainesville (2), Georgia, Mayfield (2), Kentucky and Athens, Choudrant, and Natchitoches,

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Louisiana, where eggs are incubated and hatched in a process requiring 21 days. Once hatched, the day old chicks are inspected and vaccinated against common poultry diseases and transported by ConAgra chicken division vehicles to grow-out farms. The ConAgra chicken division s sixteen hatcheries in the United States have an aggregate production capacity of approximately 16 million chicks per week. In Aibonito, Puerto Rico, the ConAgra chicken division owns one hatchery, which has an aggregate production capacity of approximately 425,000 chicks per week.

Grow-out. The ConAgra chicken division places its U.S. grown chicks on approximately 1,667 contract grow-out farms located in six states. These contract grow-out farms contain approximately 5,572 chicken houses with approximately 89 million square feet of growing facilities. Additionally, the ConAgra chicken division owns and operates a grow-out farm containing six chicken houses with approximately 150,000 square feet of growing facilities in the United States, which account for an insignificant amount of the ConAgra chicken division s total annual U.S. chicken capacity. On contracted grow-out farms, the farmers provide the facilities, utilities and labor; the ConAgra chicken division supplies the chicks, the feed and all veterinary and technical services. Contract grow-out farmers are paid based on live weight produced under an incentive arrangement. The average grow-out cycle of ConAgra Foods chickens is six to seven weeks.

Feed Mills. An important factor in the production of chicken is the rate at which feed is converted into body weight. The quality and composition of the feed is critical to the conversion rate. Accordingly, the ConAgra chicken division formulates and produces its own feed. The primary feed ingredients include corn, milo and soybean meal, which historically have been the largest component of the ConAgra chicken division s total chicken production costs. In the United States, the ConAgra chicken division operates feed mills located in Faulkville and Enterprise, Alabama, Batesville, Atkins and El Dorado, Arkansas, Athens, Canton, and Gainesville, Georgia, Mayfield, Kentucky, Arcadia and Many, Louisiana and Chattanooga, Tennessee. In the United States, the ConAgra chicken division currently has annual feed requirements of approximately 3.6 million tons and the capacity to produce approximately 4.7 million tons. The ConAgra chicken division owns one feed mill in Las Piedras, Puerto Rico, which produces all of the requirements of its Puerto Rican operations. Puerto Rico s annual feed requirements are approximately 80,000 tons with a capacity to produce approximately 80,000 tons.

Processing. Once the chickens reach processing weight, they are transported by truck to the ConAgra chicken division s processing plants. These plants utilize modern, highly automated equipment to process and package the chickens. The ConAgra chicken division has 13 U.S. processing plants which are located in Athens and Enterprise, Alabama, Batesville, Clinton and El Dorado, Arkansas, Athens, Canton, Dalton and Gainesville, Georgia, Mayfield, Kentucky, Farmerville and Natchitoches, Louisiana and Chattanooga, Tennessee. These processing plants have the capacity, under present USDA inspection procedures, to slaughter approximately 15.2 million head of chickens per week, assuming a five-day work week. The ConAgra chicken division s other processing plant located in Aibonito, Puerto Rico has the capacity to slaughter approximately 329,000 head of chickens per week, assuming a five-day work week.

Prepared Foods Operations.

The ConAgra chicken division operates four prepared food plants. These plants primarily process chicken prepared foods products and are located in Elberton, Georgia, Chattanooga, Tennessee, Farmerville, Louisiana and Moorefield, West Virginia. Further processed prepared foods products include items such as fully cooked breaded wings, portion-controlled breast fillets, tenderloins and strips, formed nuggets and patties and bone-in chicken parts. Prepared foods are sold frozen and may be fully cooked, partially cooked or raw, breaded or non-breaded or pre-marinated.

The ConAgra chicken division Elberton, Georgia prepared foods plant was purchased in January 2000 and expanded in fiscal 2000 and again in fiscal 2001. It includes 173,000 square feet and employs approximately 553 people. This facility has marinating systems, batter/breading systems, fryers, ovens, freezers, a variety of

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packaging systems and cold storage. This facility has capacity to produce approximately 90 million pounds of further processed product annually based on current production mix and is currently operating at approximately 100% of capacity.

The ConAgra chicken division Chattanooga, Tennessee prepared foods plant was purchased in January 2000, includes 37,000 square feet, and employs approximately 301 people. This facility has de-boning and portioning capability, marinating systems, batter/breading and frying systems and individually quick frozen capabilities. This facility has the capacity to produce approximately 50 million pounds of further processed product annually based on current product mix and is currently operating at approximately 100% of capacity.

The ConAgra chicken division Moorefield, West Virginia prepared foods plant was purchased in December 1997. It includes 209,000 square feet and employs approximately 716 people. This facility has marinating systems, batter/breading, frying systems, oven systems and individually quick frozen capabilities. This facility has capacity to produce approximately 100 million pounds of further processed product annually based on current product mix and is currently operating at approximately 100% of capacity.

The ConAgra chicken division Farmerville, Louisiana prepared foods plant was constructed in June 1996. It includes 80,000 square feet and employs approximately 345 people. This facility has marinating systems, batter/breading, frying systems, oven systems and individually quick frozen capabilities. This facility has capacity to produce approximately 50 million pounds of further processed product annually based on current product mix and is currently operating at approximately 85% of capacity.

Other Facilities and Information.

The ConAgra chicken division operates three rendering plants that convert by-products into protein products, located in Farmerville, Louisiana, El Dorado, Arkansas and Russellville, Arkansas. These rendering plants currently process by-products from approximately four million chickens weekly into protein products. These products are used in the manufacture of poultry and livestock feed and pet foods.

The ConAgra chicken division headquarters is located in Duluth, Georgia. Other offices are located at each processing facility.

The ConAgra chicken division s truck shop facilities are located in Athens and Enterprise, Alabama, Atkins and El Dorado, Arkansas, Athens, Canton and Dalton, Georgia, Mayfield, Kentucky, Farmerville and Robeline, Louisiana and Chattanooga, Tennessee.

The ConAgra chicken division has four laboratory facilities, which are located in Athens and Gainesville, Georgia, Farmerville, Louisiana and Moorefield, West Virginia.

Other facilities include a warehouse in Farmerville, Louisiana, and cold storage plants in Chattanooga, Tennessee and Shreveport, Louisiana.

The ConAgra chicken division engages in the distribution of protein products through its PFS Unit. PFS primarily sells products to both the foodservice and retail channels with retail accounting for 65% of the sales. Products include all proteins with the approximate mix of beef- 40%, chicken 25%, pork 20%, other 15% (fish, shrimp, and processed smoked meats). The principal office of PFS is located in El Dorado, Arkansas with 13 sales and distribution units in Texas, Louisiana, Utah, California, North Carolina, Wisconsin, Iowa, and Mississippi. Each distribution center is run autonomously with a distribution radius of approximately 100 miles. The truck fleet consists of 83 bob trucks and 163 tractor-trailers. PFS employs 550 people.

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Regulation and Environmental Matters

The chicken industry is subject to government regulation, particularly in the health and environmental areas, including provisions relating to the discharge of materials into the environment, by the Centers for Disease Control, the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA), the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) and the Environmental Protection Agency. The ConAgra chicken division processing facilities are subject to on site examination, inspection and regulation by the USDA. The FDA inspects the production of ConAgra Foods feed mills. The ConAgra chicken division incurs approximately \$3 million annually to comply with ongoing regulatory and environmental inspection matters.

Employees and Labor Relations

As of July 21, 2003, the ConAgra chicken division employed approximately 15,890 persons, including 2,250 salaried and 13,640 hourly employees.

Approximately 659 employees at the Athens, Alabama processing facility are members of collective bargaining units represented by the Retail, Wholesale and Department Store Union. A collective bargaining agreement with the Retail, Wholesale, and Department Store Union expires in December 2006.

Approximately 19 employees at the Falkville, Alabama feed mill are members of collective bargaining units represented by the Council of the United Textile Workers of America, United Food and Commercial Workers Union. A collective bargaining agreement with the Council of the United Textile Workers of America, United Food and Commercial Workers Union expires in September 2005.

Approximately 687 employees at the Enterprise, Alabama processing plant are members of collective bargaining units represented by the Alabama Mid-South Council of Retail, Wholesale and Department Store Union. A collective bargaining agreement with the Alabama Mid-South Council of Retail, Wholesale and Department Store Union expires in December 2004.

Approximately 13 employees at the Enterprise, Alabama feed mill (drivers and dispatchers) are members of collective bargaining units represented by the Alabama Mid-South Council of Retail, Wholesale and Department Store Union. A collective bargaining agreement with the Retail, Wholesale and Department Store Union, Mid-South Council expires in February 2007.

Approximately 8 employees at the Enterprise, Alabama feed mill (production and maintenance) are members of collective bargaining units represented by the Alabama Mid-South Council of Retail, Wholesale and Department Store Union. A collective bargaining agreement with the Alabama Mid-South Council of Retail, Wholesale and Department Store Union expires in October 2005.

Approximately 23 employees at the Enterprise, Alabama hatchery are members of a collective bargaining units represented by the Mid-South Council of Retail, Wholesale and Department Store Union. A collective bargaining agreement with the Alabama Mid-South Council of Retail,

Wholesale and Department Store Union expires in February 2004.

Approximately 652 employees at the Batesville, Arkansas complex (processing plant, feed mill and hatchery) and the Clinton, Arkansas complex (processing Plant, feed mill and hatchery) are members of collective bargaining units represented by the United Food and Commercial Workers International Union and International Brotherhood of Teamsters. A collective bargaining agreement with the United Food and Commercial Workers International Union Food and Commercial Workers International Union and International Brotherhood of Teamsters expires in July 2006.

Approximately 1,384 employees at the El Dorado, Arkansas processing plant are members of collective bargaining units represented by the United Food and Commercial Workers Union. A collective bargaining agreement with the United Food and Commercial Workers Union expires in November 2003.

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Approximately 53 employees at the El Dorado, Arkansas feed mill feed haul, live haul are members of collective bargaining units represented by the Pace International Union. A collective bargaining agreement with the Pace International Union expires in February 2006.

Approximately 1,264 employees at the Athens, Georgia live haul and processing plant are members of collective bargaining units represented by the United Food and Commercial Workers Union. A collective bargaining agreement with the United Food and Commercial Workers Union expires in November 2003.

Approximately 25 employees at the Athens, Georgia feed mill are members of collective bargaining units represented by the United Food and Commercial Workers Union. A collective bargaining agreement with the United Food and Commercial Workers Union expires in December 2004.

Approximately 448 employees at the Elberton, Georgia cook plant are members of collective bargaining units represented by the United Food and Commercial Workers Union. A collective bargaining agreement with the United Food and Commercial Workers Union expires in August 2004.

Approximately 29 employees at the Gainesville, Georgia feed mill are members of collective bargaining units represented by the General Teamsters Local Union. A collective bargaining agreement with the General Teamsters Local Union expires in May 2006.

Approximately 803 employees at the Mayfield, Kentucky processing plant are members of collective bargaining units represented by the United Food and Commercial Workers International Union. A collective bargaining agreement with the United Food and Commercial Workers International Union expires in November 2004.

Approximately 99 employees at the Mayfield, Kentucky feed mill are members of collective bargaining units represented by the International Brotherhood of Teamsters. A collective bargaining agreement with the International Brotherhood of Teamsters expires in November 2005.

Approximately 1,481 employees at the Farmerville, Louisiana processing and cook plant are members of collective bargaining units represented by the United Food and Commercial Workers. A collective bargaining agreement with the United Food and Commercial Workers expires in August 2005.

Approximately 511 employees at the Natchitoches, Louisiana processing plant are members of collective bargaining units represented by the United Food and Commercial Workers. A collective bargaining agreement with the United Food and Commercial Workers expires in November 2004.

Approximately 1,097 employees at the Chattanooga, Tennessee processing plant and truck stop are members of collective bargaining units represented by the United Steelworkers of America. A collective bargaining agreement with the United Steelworkers expires in July 2005.

Approximately 263 employees at the Chattanooga, Tennessee cook plant are members of collective bargaining units represented by United Steelworkers of America. A collective bargaining agreement with the United Steelworkers of America expires in September 2005.

Approximately 7 employees at the Aibonito, Puerto Rico feed mill are members of collective bargaining units represented by the Congress of Industrial Unions of Puerto Rico. A collective bargaining agreement with the Congress of Industrial Unions of Puerto Rico expired in October 2003 and negotiations regarding a new agreement are ongoing.

Approximately 27 employees at the Shreveport, Louisiana PFS facility are members of collective bargaining units represented by the United Food and Commercial Workers Union. A collective bargaining agreement with the United Food and Commercial Workers Union expires in March 2006.

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Approximately 8 employees at the Jackson, Mississippi PFS facility are members of collective bargaining units represented by the United Food and Commercial Workers International Union. A collective bargaining agreement with the United Food and Commercial Workers International Union expires in July 2006.

Approximately 20 employees at the Arlington, Texas PFS facility are members of collective bargaining units represented by the United Food and Commercial Workers Union. A collective bargaining agreement with the United Food and Commercial Workers Union expires in April 2006.

Approximately 22 employees at the Houston, Texas PFS facility are members of collective bargaining units represented by the United Food and Commercial Workers Union. A collective bargaining agreement with the United Food and Commercial Workers Union expires in February 2006.

Approximately 11 employees at the Green Bay, Wisconsin PFS facility are members of collective bargaining units represented by the United Food and Commercial Workers Union. A collective bargaining agreement with the United Food and Commercial Workers Union expires in October 2005.

The ConAgra chicken division has not experienced a work stoppage since June 1997. ConAgra Foods believes its relations with employees at these locations are satisfactory.

Legal Proceedings

The ConAgra chicken division is a party to a number of lawsuits and claims arising out of the operation of its business. After taking into account liabilities recorded, ConAgra Foods management believes the ultimate resolution of such matters should not have a material adverse effect on the ConAgra chicken division s financial condition, results of operations or liquidity.

MANAGEMENT S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF

OPERATIONS CONAGRA CHICKEN DIVISION

The following discussion and analysis is intended to provide a summary of significant factors relevant to the ConAgra chicken division s financial performance and condition. The discussion should be read together with the ConAgra Foods Chicken Business financial statements and related notes included elsewhere herein. Years cited in this discussion refer to ConAgra Foods Chicken Business fiscal years.

Thirteen Weeks ended August 24, 2003 Compared to Thirteen Weeks ended August 25, 2002

Sales. Net sales of \$607.0 million for the first quarter of fiscal 2004 were essentially flat as compared to the first quarter of fiscal 2003, reflecting lower volumes offset by increased sales prices.

Cost of Goods Sold. Cost of goods sold was \$582.7 million for first quarter of fiscal 2004, a \$17.8 million increase from the same period of the prior year. Gross profit (net sales less cost of goods sold) for the first quarter of fiscal 2004 declined to \$24.3 million from \$41.6 million in the same period of the prior year.

Gross margin (gross profit as a percent of net sales) declined to 4.0% in the first quarter of fiscal 2004 from 6.9% in the same period in the prior year. This decline primarily reflects higher input costs and \$3.2 million of costs associated with a product recall. The recall was triggered when the company s quality control process detected a small quantity of foreign objects in the production process.

Selling, General and Administrative Expenses. Selling, general and administrative (SG&A) expenses decreased \$1.5 million, or 7.6%, to \$18.1 million for first quarter of fiscal 2004. This decrease was primarily a result of lower employee compensation expense. SG&A expenses were 3.0% of net sales during the first quarter of fiscal 2004, as compared to 3.2% of net sales during the same period in the prior year.

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Corporate Allocations-Selling, General and Administrative. Corporate allocations include charges that have been allocated by ConAgra Foods and recorded as an expense for corporate services, including executive, finance, legal and tax. Expenses incurred by ConAgra Foods and allocated to the ConAgra chicken division are determined based on the specific services being provided or are allocated based on ConAgra Foods investment in the ConAgra chicken division in proportion to ConAgra Foods total investment in its subsidiaries. Such expenses included in allocated selling, general and administrative expenses are \$5.3 million and \$4.8 million for the first quarter of fiscal 2004 and 2003, respectively.

Corporate Allocations-Finance Charges. Corporate allocations also include charges that have been allocated by ConAgra Foods and recorded as finance charges. ConAgra Foods allocated finance costs of \$8.8 million and \$6.4 million in the first quarter of fiscal 2004 and 2003, respectively.

Income Taxes. The effective income tax rate was 38.0% for the first quarter of fiscal 2004 compared with 37.2% for the same period of the prior year.

Fiscal 2003 Compared to Fiscal 2002

Sales. Net sales were \$2,341.7 million for 2003, a \$93.1 million or 3.8% decrease from 2002. This decrease, in part, reflects lower broiler markets, largely in dark meat and wings, primarily impacting the retail channel. The 2003 decrease also reflects the closure of one of the ConAgra chicken division s distribution centers.

Cost of Goods Sold. Cost of goods sold was \$2,258.0 million for 2003, a \$9.3 million decrease from 2002. Gross profit (net sales less cost of goods sold) for 2003 declined to \$83.6 million from \$167.4 million in 2002. Gross margin (gross profit as a percent of net sales) declined to 3.6% in 2003 from 6.9% in 2002. These declines reflect increased grain and deboning costs, offset, in part, by improved processing yields and growth in the foodservice broad-line distributor business.

Selling, General and Administrative Expenses. Selling, general and administrative (SG&A) expenses decreased \$6.3 million, or 8.0%, to \$73.0 million for 2003. This decrease was primarily a result of lower compensation costs in 2003 as compared to 2002. SG&A expenses were also favorably impacted by \$1.0 million, due to the ConAgra chicken division no longer amortizing goodwill beginning in the first quarter of 2003 as a result of the adoption of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 142, Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets. SG&A expenses were 3.1% of net sales during 2003, as compared to 3.3% of net sales during 2002.

Corporate Allocations Selling, General and Administrative. Corporate allocations include charges that have been allocated by ConAgra Foods and recorded as an expense for corporate services, including executive, finance, legal and tax. Expenses incurred by ConAgra Foods and allocated to the ConAgra chicken division are determined based on the specific services being provided or are allocated based on ConAgra Foods investment in the ConAgra chicken division in proportion to ConAgra Foods total investment in its subsidiaries. Such expenses included in allocated selling, general and administrative expenses are \$19.3 million and \$19.0 million for fiscal 2003 and 2002, respectively.

Corporate Allocations Finance Charges. Corporate allocations also include charges that have been allocated by ConAgra Foods and recorded as finance charges. ConAgra Foods allocated finance costs of \$26.0 million and \$22.7 million in fiscal 2003 and 2002, respectively.

Income Taxes. The effective income tax rate was 37.2% for 2003 compared with 38.0% for 2002.

On June 9, 2003, ConAgra Foods announced an agreement to sell its chicken division to Pilgrim s Pride Corporation. In connection with the expected sale, ConAgra Foods classified the company s long-lived assets as

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held for sale and recognized an impairment charge of \$69.4 million (net of an income tax benefit of \$42.6 million) in its financial statements to reduce the carrying amount of goodwill to zero and reflect a reduction in the carrying values of long-lived assets of the ConAgra chicken division to their fair market value, less cost to sell. The ConAgra chicken division has not recognized this impairment charge as it considers its long-lived assets to be fully recoverable on a held for use basis.

Fiscal 2002 Compared to Fiscal 2001

Sales. Net sales were \$2,434.7 million for 2002, a \$93.7 million or 4.0% increase from 2001. This increase reflects improved broiler markets, especially in dark meat and wings, product mix improvements resulting from a higher proportion of prepared food sales, and improved prices and customer mix within the retail channel.

Cost of Goods Sold. Cost of goods sold was \$2,267.4 million for 2002, a \$3.6 million increase from 2001. Gross profit (net sales less cost of goods sold) for 2002 increased to \$167.4 million from \$77.3 million in 2001. Gross margin (gross profit as a percent of net sales) increased to 6.9% in 2002 from 3.3% in 2001. These increases reflect the improved sales pricing and mix discussed above, offset in part by increased grain costs.

Selling, General and Administrative Expenses. SG&A expenses increased \$6.8 million, or 9.3%, to \$79.4 million for 2002. This increase can be attributed to increased compensation costs in 2002 as compared to 2001. SG&A expenses were 3.3% of net sales during 2002, compared to 3.1% of net sales during 2001.

Corporate Allocations Selling, General and Administrative. Corporate allocations include allocated SG&A expenses of \$19.0 million and \$20.6 million for fiscal 2002 and 2001, respectively.

Corporate Allocations Finance Charges. Corporate allocations also include allocated finance charges of \$22.7 million and \$31.8 million in fiscal 2002 and 2001, respectively.

Income Taxes. The effective income tax rate was 38.0% for 2002 compared with 36.7% for 2001.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Sources of Liquidity and Capital. Historically, the ConAgra chicken division s sources of cash have been from cash flow from operations and advances received from ConAgra Foods.

At August 24, 2003, working capital (current assets less current liabilities) was \$173.9 million. At May 25, 2003, working capital was \$181.8 million compared with \$201.7 million at May 26, 2002. The reduced working capital is primarily a result of management s continued focus on minimizing trade working capital (accounts receivable plus inventory less accounts payable and accrued expenses).

Cash Flows. Cash flows from operating activities totaled \$13.1 million for the first quarter of fiscal 2004 as compared to \$8.6 million for the same period of the prior year. The changes in cash flow were primarily due to the ConAgra chicken division s higher use of trade working capital during the first quarter of the prior fiscal year as compared to the current year, offset in part by lower net income in the first quarter of the current year as compared to the same period in the prior year.

Cash flows from operating activities totaled \$81.0 million for 2003 as compared to \$144.5 million for 2002 and \$8.7 million in 2001. The changes in cash flow were primarily due to changes in net income and significant reductions in trade working capital in 2002.

Cash used in investing activities totaled \$8.4 million for the first quarter of fiscal 2004, as compared to \$5.1 million in the same period of the prior year. Cash used in investing activities totaled \$36.8 million for 2003, as compared to \$52.3 million in 2002 and \$45.2 million in 2001. Cash flows used in investing activities are primarily capital expenditures incurred for property, plant and equipment.

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Cash used in financing activities totaled \$9.3 million for the first quarter of fiscal 2004 as compared to \$2.7 million generated in the same period of the prior year. Cash used in financing activities totaled \$37.9 million for 2003 and \$96.3 million in 2002, as compared to cash provided from financing activities of \$32.9 million in 2001. Net cash flow from financing activities primarily reflects changes in net investments and advances/distributions from ConAgra Foods.

Obligations and Commitments. As part of its ongoing operations, the ConAgra chicken division enters into arrangements that obligate it to make future payments under contracts such as debt and lease agreements. Debt obligations, which total \$17.0 million, are currently recognized as liabilities in the ConAgra chicken division s consolidated balance sheet. Operating lease obligations, which total \$13.4 million, are not recognized as liabilities in the ConAgra chicken division s consolidated balance sheet in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. At May 25, 2003, the ConAgra chicken division had no outstanding unconditional purchase obligations.

A summary of the ConAgra chicken division s contractual obligations at the end of 2003 is as follows:

			Less than						After
	Contractual Obligations	Total	1	Year	2-3	Years	4-5	Years	5 Years
					(in m	illions)			
Long-Term Debt		\$ 17.0	\$.4	\$.1	\$.4	\$ 16.1
Lease Obligations		13.4		2.1		4.3		1.8	5.2

\$ 30.4

2.5

Payments Due by Period

2.2

\$ 21.3

At August 24, 2003 and May 25, 2003, the ConAgra chicken division had no outstanding commercial commitment arrangements (e.g., guarantees).

Trading Activities. The Company has no trading activities as all derivative contracts are considered either normal purchase and sale contracts or hedging contracts which qualify for hedge accounting under SFAS No. 133.

Critical Accounting Policies

Total

The process of preparing financial statements requires the use of estimates on the part of management. The estimates used by management are based on the ConAgra chicken division s historical experiences combined with management s understanding of current facts and circumstances. Certain of the ConAgra chicken division s accounting policies are considered critical as they are both important to the portrayal of the ConAgra chicken division s financial condition and results and require significant or complex judgment on the part of management. The following is a summary of certain accounting policies considered critical by management of the ConAgra chicken division.

Allowance for Doubtful Accounts The ConAgra chicken division s allowance for doubtful accounts reflects reserves for customer receivables to reduce receivables to amounts expected to be collected. Management uses significant judgment in estimating uncollectible amounts. In estimating uncollectible amounts, management considers factors such as current overall economic conditions, industry-specific economic conditions, historical customer performance, and anticipated customer performance. While management believes the ConAgra chicken division s processes effectively address its exposure for doubtful accounts, changes in the economy, industry, or specific customer conditions may require adjustment to the allowance for doubtful accounts recorded by the ConAgra chicken division.

Inventory Valuation Management reviews its inventory balances to determine if inventories can be sold at amounts equal to or greater than their carrying amounts. The review includes identification of slow moving

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inventories, obsolete inventories, and discontinued products or lines of products. The identification process includes historical performance of the inventory, current operational plans for the inventory, as well as industry and customer specific trends. If the ConAgra chicken division s actual results differ from management expectations with respect to the selling of its inventories at amounts equal to or greater than their carrying amounts, the ConAgra chicken division would be required to adjust its inventory balances accordingly.

Employment-Related Benefits The ConAgra chicken division incurs certain employment-related expenses associated with pensions, postretirement health care benefits, and workers compensation. In order to measure the expense associated with these employment-related benefits, management must make a variety of estimates including discount rates used to present value certain liabilities, assumed rates of return on assets set aside to fund these expenses, compensation increases, employee turnover rates, anticipated mortality rates, anticipated healthcare costs, and employee accidents incurred but not yet reported to the ConAgra chicken division. The estimates used by management are based on the ConAgra chicken division s historical experience as well as current facts and circumstances. The ConAgra chicken division uses third-party specialists to assist management in appropriately measuring the expense associated with these employment-related benefits. Different estimates used by management could result in the ConAgra chicken division recognizing different amounts of expense over different periods of time.

Impairment of Long-Lived Assets (including property, plant and equipment), Goodwill and Identifiable Intangible Assets In accordance with applicable accounting literature, the ConAgra chicken division reduces the carrying amount of long-lived assets, goodwill and identifiable intangible assets to their fair value when the fair value of such assets is determined to be less than their carrying amounts (i.e., assets are deemed to be impaired). Fair value is typically estimated using a discounted cash flow analysis, which requires the ConAgra chicken division to estimate the future cash flows anticipated to be generated by the particular asset(s) being tested for impairment as well as select a discount rate to present value the anticipated cash flows. When determining future cash flow estimates, the ConAgra chicken division considers historical results adjusted to reflect current and anticipated operating conditions. Estimating future cash flows requires significant judgment by the ConAgra chicken division in such areas as future economic conditions, industry-specific conditions, product pricing and necessary capital expenditures. The use of different assumptions or estimates for future cash flows could produce different impairment amounts (or none at all) for long-lived assets, goodwill and identifiable intangible assets.

Recently Issued Accounting Standards

In November 2002, the FASB s Emerging Issues Task Force (EITF) reached a consensus on EITF Issue No. 00-21, Revenue Arrangements with Multiple Deliverables. EITF Issue No. 00-21 provides guidance for revenue arrangements that involve the delivery or performance of multiple products or services where performance may occur at different points or over different periods of time. EITF Issue No. 00-21 is effective for revenue arrangements entered into in fiscal periods beginning after June 15, 2003 (i.e., the company s second quarter of fiscal 2004). The company does not expect the adoption of EITF Issue No. 00-21 to have a material impact on the company s financial statements.

In May 2003, the EITF reached a consensus on EITF Issue No. 01-8, Determining Whether an Arrangement Contains a Lease. EITF Issue No. 01-8 requires a party to a service contract or similar arrangement to determine whether the arrangement is or includes a lease within the scope of SFAS No. 13, Accounting for Leases. EITF Issue No. 01-8 is effective for arrangements entered into or modified after August 24, 2003 and is not expected to have a material impact on the company s financial statements.

Off Balance Sheet Arrangements

In January 2003, the FASB issued FIN No. 46, *Consolidation of Variable Interest Entities*. A variable interest entity (VIE) is an entity whose equity investors do not have a controlling financial interest or do not

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have sufficient equity at risk such that the entity cannot finance its own activities. FIN No. 46 provides that VIEs shall be consolidated by the entity deemed to be the primary beneficiary of the VIE. FIN No. 46 is immediately effective for VIEs created after January 31, 2003. For VIEs created prior to February 1, 2003, FIN No. 46 is effective for the ConAgra chicken division in the second quarter of fiscal 2004. The ConAgra chicken division is currently evaluating its relationship with unconsolidated entities which may meet the definition of a VIE. Based on its analysis to date, the ConAgra chicken division has not determined the impact, if any, from the adoption of FIN No. 46.

Related Party Transactions

ConAgra Foods executive, finance, legal, tax and other corporate departments perform certain administrative and other services for the ConAgra chicken division. Expenses incurred by ConAgra Foods and allocated to the ConAgra chicken division are determined based on specific services being provided or are allocated based on ConAgra Foods investment in the ConAgra chicken division in proportion to ConAgra Foods total investment in its subsidiaries. In addition, ConAgra Foods allocates finance costs to the ConAgra chicken division based on ConAgra Foods investment in the ConAgra chicken division and net intercompany advances. Management believes that such expense allocations are reasonable. It is not practical to estimate the expenses that would have been incurred by the ConAgra chicken division if it had been operated on a stand-alone basis. Corporate allocations include allocated selling, general and administrative expenses of \$5.3 million and \$4.8 million for the thirteen week periods ended August 24, 2003 and August 25, 2002, respectively. Allocated finance charges were \$8.8 million and \$6.4 million for the thirteen week periods ended August 24, 2003 and August 25, 2002, respectively. Corporate allocations include allocated selling, general and administrative expenses of \$19.3 million, \$19.0 million and \$20.6 million for fiscal 2003, 2002 and 2001, respectively, and allocated finance charges of \$26.0 million, \$22.7 million and \$31.8 million in fiscal 2003, 2002 and 2001, respectively.

The ConAgra chicken division also has transactions in the normal course of business with parties under common ownership. Net sales to related parties were \$43.4 million and \$39.6 million for the thirteen week periods ended August 24, 2003 and August 25, 2002, respectively. With respect to gross margins associated with related party net sales, certain products are sold at cost while others are sold at prices resulting in gross margins similar to third-party net sales. Net sales to related parties were \$134.7 million, \$139.2 million and \$160.0 million in fiscal years 2003, 2002 and 2001, respectively. With respect to gross margins associated with related party net sales, certain products are sold at cost while others are sold at prices resulting in gross margins similar to third-party net sales.

Market Risk

The principal market risks affecting the ConAgra chicken division are exposures to price fluctuations of commodity and energy inputs.

Commodities The ConAgra chicken division purchases commodity inputs such as chicken, wheat, corn, soybean meal, soybean oil, energy and packaging materials to be used in its operations. These commodities are subject to price fluctuations that may create price risk. The ConAgra chicken division enters into commodity hedges to manage this price risk using physical forward contracts or derivative instruments. ConAgra Foods has policies governing the hedging instrument its businesses may use. These policies include limiting the dollar risk exposure for each of its businesses. The ConAgra chicken division also monitors the amount of associated counter-party credit risk for all non-exchange-traded transactions. The ConAgra chicken division s trading activities are limited in terms of maximum dollar exposure and monitored to ensure compliance.

The following table presents one measure of market risk exposure using sensitivity analysis. Sensitivity analysis is the measurement of potential loss of fair value resulting from a hypothetical change of 10% in market prices. Actual changes in market prices may differ from hypothetical changes. In reality, as markets move, the

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ConAgra chicken division actively manages its risk and adjusts hedging strategies as appropriate. Fair value was determined using quoted market prices and was based on the ConAgra chicken division s net derivative position by commodity at each quarter end during the fiscal year. The market risk exposure analysis excludes the underlying commodity positions that are being hedged. The commodities hedged have a high inverse correlation to price changes of the derivative commodity instrument.

Effect of 10% Change in Market Prices

	2003	2002		
	(in m	millions)		
Grains				
High	\$ 10.8	\$ 15.0		
Low	4.2	6.0		
Average	7.9	9.8		

The above mentioned commodities are subject to price volatility caused by commodity market fluctuations, supply and demand, and changes in governmental agricultural programs. Commodity price increases will result in increases in raw material costs and operating costs. The ConAgra chicken division has many years—experience in hedging against commodity price increases; however, hedging practices reduce but do not eliminate the risk of increased operating costs from commodity price increases.

For the first quarter of fiscal 2004, the maximum potential loss of fair value resulting from a hypothetical change of 10% in market prices was \$2.4 million based on the company s net grain derivative positions at quarter end.

Quarterly Financial Data

The following is a summary of the ConAgra chicken division sunaudited quarterly results for each of the periods in fiscal 2003 and 2002:

			Net	
	Net	Gross	Income	
	Sales	Profit	(Loss)	
		(in millions)		
2004				
First	\$ 607.0	\$ 24.3	\$ (5.0)	
2003				
First	\$ 606.5	\$ 41.6	\$ 6.8	
Second	590.4	35.4	3.1	
Third	546.5	(4.6)	(21.7)	

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Fourth	598.3	11.2	(10.0)
Year	\$ 2,341.7	\$ 83.6	\$ (21.8)
2002			
First	\$ 630.7	\$ 47.8	\$ 8.9
Second	618.1	46.4	9.7
Third	575.5	32.0	2.4
Fourth	610.4	41.2	7.7
Year	\$ 2,434.7	\$ 167.4	\$ 28.7

Forward-Looking Statements

Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations for the ConAgra chicken division contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation

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Reform Act of 1995. These statements are based on management s current expectations and are subject to uncertainty and changes in circumstances. Actual results may vary materially from the expectations contained in the forward-looking statements. Future economic circumstances, industry conditions, the ConAgra chicken division s performance and financial results, availability and prices of raw materials, product pricing, competitive environment and related market conditions, operating efficiencies, access to capital, actions of governments and regulatory factors affecting the ConAgra chicken division s businesses and other risks described in the ConAgra Foods reports filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission are examples of factors, among others, that could cause results to differ materially from those described in the forward-looking statements. ConAgra Foods cautions that any forward-looking statements included in this proxy statement are made as of the date of this proxy statement.

UNAUDITED PRO FORMA FINANCIAL DATA

The unaudited pro forma financial data is based on our historical consolidated financial statements and the historical combined financial statements of the ConAgra chicken division. The unaudited pro forma financial data reflects the \$100 million 9 5/8% senior notes offering sold pursuant to Pilgrim s Pride s prospectus supplement dated August 13, 2003. The proceeds of the \$100 million 9 5/8% senior notes offering will be used to reduce the principal amount of 10.5% subordinated notes to be issued in connection with the purchase of the ConAgra chicken division by increasing the amount of cash to be paid to ConAgra Foods in connection with such purchase. The assumptions and adjustments are described in the notes to the unaudited pro forma financial data, including assumptions relating to the allocation of the consideration paid for the assets and liabilities of the ConAgra chicken division based on preliminary estimates of their respective fair values. Although we do not currently expect the final acquisition value to differ significantly, the terms of the Stock Purchase Agreement are likely to result in a purchase price of the ConAgra chicken division that is different from that presented in the unaudited pro forma combined financial statements primarily resulting from the following:

- (1) the purchase price is determined by reference to the adjusted net book value of the assets and liabilities of the ConAgra chicken division as of the closing date of the acquisition. Such amount will vary from the August 24, 2003 information used in the preparation of the unaudited pro forma financial statements; and
- (2) the variability of the common stock portion of the consideration payable to ConAgra Foods, which is based on changes in the market price and trading volume of our common stock for the period from June 10, 2003 through the date five trading days prior to the closing date of the acquisition.

Based on the August 24, 2003 unaudited financial statements of the ConAgra Foods Chicken Business, and our common stock data through October 24, 2003, we have computed the acquisition value at approximately \$615.4 million plus transaction costs, consisting of \$103.5 million in senior notes, \$100 million in subordinated debt, the issuance of 25,358,860 shares of our common stock valued at \$12.87 per share and the remainder in secured borrowings. The reclassification of the Class A common stock and Class B common stock has not been included as it has no effect on the unaudited pro forma condensed balance sheet. Our unaudited pro forma statements of operations have been presented as if the acquisition of the ConAgra chicken division had occurred at the beginning of the fiscal year ended September 28, 2002, while the unaudited pro forma balance sheet has been presented as if the acquisition occurred on June 28, 2003. The most recent fiscal year of ConAgra Foods and the ConAgra chicken division ended May 25, 2003, and Pilgrim s Pride s most recent fiscal year ended September 27, 2003. As a result, the combined pro forma financial statements have been prepared by adjusting the ConAgra chicken division quarterly results to more closely match the applicable Pilgrim s Pride reporting periods. However, the ConAgra chicken division information has been included with a one-month lag to the Pilgrim s Pride reporting periods in order to maintain their existing quarterly periods.

Our unaudited pro forma financial data should be read in conjunction with Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations ConAgra Chicken Division, our historical

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consolidated financial statements and the historical combined financial statements and the related notes thereto of the ConAgra chicken division either included or incorporated by reference in this proxy. Our unaudited pro forma financial data does not purport to represent what our results of operations would have been if the transactions listed above had actually been completed as of the date indicated and are not intended to project our financial position or results of operations for any future period.

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Pilgrim s Pride Corporation

Unaudited Pro Forma Condensed Balance Sheet

June 28, 2003

(in thousands)

	Pilgrim s		Pro Forma		Pro Forma
	Pride	CCD(A)	Adjustments		Combined
Current assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 16,667	\$ 6,324	\$ (6,324)	(B)	\$ 16,667
Accounts receivable	118,612	105,595			224,207
Inventories	358,301	209,639			567,940
Prepaids and other current assets	15,300	7,932			23,232
			-		
Total current assets	508,880	329,490	(6,324)		832,046
Other assets:					
Property, plant and equipment, net	739,203	419,834	34,294	(D)	1,193,331
Other long-term assets	30,837	37,365	(39,781)	(C)	28,421
	\$ 1,278,920	\$ 786,689	\$ (11,811)		\$ 2,053,798
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	\$ 225,513	\$ 133,421	\$		\$ 358,934
Current deferred income tax	12,888	13,882	(13,882)	(C)	12,888
Current maturities of long term debt	2,635	400	7,411	(E)	10,446
Total current liabilities	241,036	147,703	(6,471)		382,268
Secured debt	280,150	16,635	86,362	(E)	383,147
9 ⁵ /8% Senior Notes	200,000		103,500	(E)	303,500
10 1/2% Subordinated Notes			100,000	(E)	100,000
Deferred income taxes	134,229	11,239	(11,239)	(C)	134,229
Other long term liabilities	1,316	780			2,096
Total stockholder s equity	422,189	610,332	(283,963)	(D)	748,558
Total liabilities and equity	\$ 1,278,920	\$ 786,689	\$ (11,811)		\$ 2,053,798

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Pilgrim s Pride Corporation

Unaudited Pro Forma Statement of Operations

For the Year Ended September 28, 2002

(in thousands, except per share data)

	I	Pilgrim s			Pı	o Forma		Pr	o Forma
		Pride	C	CD (A)	Ad	justments		Co	ombined
Net sales	\$ 2	2,533,718	\$ 2	,410,565	\$	4,500	(H)	\$4	,948,783
Cost of sales	2	2,369,309	2	,249,386		(16,209)	(G)	4	,602,486
Non-recurring recoveries		(756)							(756)
Selling, general and administrative expenses		135,261		95,150					230,411
					_			_	
Operating income		29,904		66,029		20,709			116,642
Interest expense, net		32,003		23,278		3,844	(E)		59,125
Other (income) expense, net		(4,009)					(D)		(4,009)
	_				_				
Income before taxes		1,910		42,751		16,865			61,526
Income tax expense (benefit)		(12,425)		16,254		6,274	(F)		10,103
Net income	\$	14,335	\$	26,497	\$	10,591		\$	51,423
	_		_		_			_	
Earnings per common share:									
Basic	\$	0.35	\$		\$	0.42		\$	0.77
Diluted		0.35				0.42			0.77
Weighted average shares outstanding:									
Basic		41,113				25,359			66,472
Diluted		41,113				25,359			66,472

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Pilgrim s Pride Corporation

Unaudited Pro Forma Statement of Operations

For the Nine Months Ended June 28, 2003

(in thousands, except per share data)

	P	ilgrim s]	Pro Forma		Pr	o Forma
		Pride	CCD (A	A) A	djustments		C	ombined
							_	
Net sales	\$ 1	,909,874	\$ 1,735,	148 \$	3,350	(H)	\$ 3	3,648,372
Cost of sales	1	,805,257	1,693,	111	(12,186)	(G)	3	3,486,182
Non-recurring recoveries		(36,002)						(36,002)
Selling, general and administrative expenses		102,728	68,	026				170,754
							_	
Operating income (loss)		37,891	(25,	989)	15,536			27,438
Interest expense, net		28,835	19,	649	654	(E)		49,138
Other (income) expense, net		(37,253)				(D)		(37,253)
Income (loss) before taxes		46,309	(45,	638)	14,882			15,553
Income tax expense (benefit)		15,346	(16,	979)	5,536	(F)		3,903
							_	
Net income (loss)	\$	30,963	\$ (28,	659) \$	9,346		\$	11,650
	_						_	
Earnings per common share:								
Basic	\$	0.75	\$	\$	0.37		\$	0.18
Diluted		0.75			0.37			0.18
Weighted average shares outstanding:								
Basic		41,113			25,359			66,472
Diluted		41,113			25,359			66,472

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NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED PRO FORMA FINANCIAL DATA

- (A) The fiscal year of ConAgra Foods and the ConAgra chicken division ended May 25, 2003, and the fiscal year of Pilgrim s Pride ended September 27, 2003. As a result, the combined pro forma financial statements have been prepared by adjusting the ConAgra chicken division quarterly results to more closely match the Pilgrim s Pride reporting period. However, the ConAgra chicken division information has been included with a one-month lag to the Pilgrim s Pride reporting periods in order to maintain their existing quarterly periods. In addition, certain reclassifications have been made to the ConAgra chicken division s historical financial statements to conform to the presentation used by Pilgrim s Pride.
- (B) Elimination of ConAgra chicken division cash assumed to be distributed prior to closing.
- (C) Represents the elimination of the balance sheet amounts related to derivatives and hedging and and goodwill which are not being acquired. In addition, deferred income taxes are eliminated because, upon the consummation of the acquisition, Pilgrim s Pride will step-up the tax basis of assets to the value of the acquisition.
- (D) The ConAgra chicken division acquisition will be accounted for as a purchase business combination. The Unaudited Pro Forma Financial Statements do not include any adjustments related to restructuring costs or recurring benefits expected from synergies. The purchase price allocation is preliminary and further adjustments may be made based on the completion of final valuation and other studies. Specifically, upon the closing of the acquisition we will complete a valuation of fixed assets, supply agreements and other agreements and adjust purchase price accordingly. The final valuation of fixed assets, supply agreements and other agreements is not expected to result in a material change to the unaudited pro forma financial data. As previously discussed, the purchase price is dependent on a number of factors, including the trading price and trading volume of our common stock and the adjusted net book value of the ConAgra chicken division assets and liabilities at closing. The following table summarizes the net assets acquired based on the May 25, 2003 balance sheet of the ConAgra chicken division, the closing price of Pilgrim s Pride Class A common stock on October 24, 2003, and the price and volume changes in our common stock that have occurred since June 10, 2003 (in thousands, except per share amounts).

Net book value of ConAgra chicken division (less cash)	\$ 604,008
Less assets and liabilities not acquired (C)	(12,860)
	591,148
Purchase consideration	
Pilgrim s Pride Class A common stock 25,359 shares at \$12.87 per share	326,369
Secured financings, net (including \$8,200 for transaction costs)	93,773
9 ⁵ /8% Senior Notes due 2011	103,500
10.5% Subordinated notes	100,000
Transaction costs incurred at June 28, 2003	1,800
Total consideration	625,441
Purchase price adjustment	\$ 34,293

The Company expects that substantially all of this adjustment will be included to adjust the basis of property, plant and equipment.

As discussed above, the purchase price will vary based on the adjusted net book value of the ConAgra chicken division and the price and trading volumes of our common stock up to the closing date of the acquisition.

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- (E) Represents adjustments to long term debt and interest expense to consider the following attributes of the acquisition of the ConAgra chicken division:
 - Elimination of the corporate allocation: finance charge previously allocated by ConAgra Foods.
 - ii. Increase in long-term debt resulting from the issuance of 9 5/8% Senior Notes due 2011.
 - iii. Increase in long-term debt resulting from the anticipated issuance of 10.5% subordinated notes to ConAgra Foods as payment for a portion of the purchase price.
 - iv. Increase in long-term debt resulting from the issuance of \$80.0 million in senior notes from an insurance company having an interest rate equal to United States treasury rates plus 2.6% due in 2014.
 - v. Increase in long-term debt resulting from the issuance of \$20.0 million in senior notes having an interest rate equal to United States treasury rates plus 2.6%; due in 2010.
 - vi. Reduction in outstanding borrowings under our revolving term borrowing facility by \$6.2 million from the proceeds of the issuance of our 9 5/8% Senior Notes due 2011 in excess of amounts applied to the purchase price of the ConAgra chicken division.
 - vii. Consideration of the 1% guarantee fee paid to the company s major stockholder, for his guarantees on the secured debt described in iii. and iv. above.
- (F) Represents the adjustment to estimated income tax expense as a result of the ConAgra chicken division acquisition and the pro forma adjustments.
- (G) Represents the adjustment to depreciation expense based on the fair value preliminarily assigned to property, plant and equipment. On average, the useful life assigned to the property, plant and equipment is assumed to be 10 years.
- (H) In connection with the stock purchase agreement, Pilgrim s Pride will execute supply agreements under which Pilgrim s Pride will continue to provide poultry to the other divisions of ConAgra Foods. Historically, the intercompany transfer of certain products was done at values that approximated cost. The supply agreements with ConAgra Foods have two primary sales provisions, summarized as follows:

A pricing structure that covers a specific plant, which is substantially dedicated to producing chicken for a ConAgra Foods facility (Specific Plant Pricing Structure), will sell products to ConAgra Foods on a cost plus a specified cent per pound mark-up. During the year ended May 25, 2003, approximately 53% of the pounds sold to other ConAgra Foods operations would have been produced under the Specific Plant Pricing Structure.

A pricing structure that generally covers all other sales to ConAgra Foods facilities (All Other Pricing Structure) specifies sales price based on a negotiated periodic adjustment to the representative thirteen-week average of a market-based index. During the year ended May 25, 2003, approximately 47% of the pounds sold to other ConAgra Foods operations would have been produced under the All Other Pricing Structure.

A pro forma adjustment has been included to reflect the increase in net revenues that would result by applying the Specific Plant Pricing Structure to the historical pounds sold applicable to this structure. Although, no specific mark-up is specified in the All Other Pricing Structure the Company believes that the pricing that will result from the operation of these agreements will be at least as favorable as the Specific Plant Pricing Structure. As a result we estimate that the operation of the All Other Pricing Structure if applied on a pro forma basis to historical pounds sold would have increased net revenues and profits by at least an additional \$4 million. This amount has not been included, as a pro forma adjustment because the provisions of the All Other Pricing Structure in the supply agreements do not indicate a contractual profit percentage.

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SECURITY OWNERSHIP

The following table sets forth, as of October 17, 2003 (except as otherwise noted), certain information with respect to the beneficial ownership of Pilgrim s Pride Class A common stock and Class B common stock by (a) each stockholder beneficially owning more than 5% of the outstanding Class A common stock or Class B common stock; (b) each director and certain executive officers of Pilgrim s Pride who are stockholders of Pilgrim s Pride; and (c) all executive officers and directors of Pilgrim s Pride as a group.

			Amount and	
	Amount and		Nature of	
	Nature of Beneficial Ownership of	Percent of	Beneficial	Percent of
	Class A	Class A	Ownership of Class B	Class B
Name of Beneficial Owner	Common Stock	Common Stock	Common Stock	Common Stock
Pilgrim Interests, Ltd.	7,372,692	54.5%	14,745,385	53.5%
110 South Texas Street				
Pittsburg, Texas 75686				
Lonnie Bo Pilgriff).	8,422,809	62.3%	16,928,316	61.4%
110 South Texas Street				
Pittsburg, Texas 75686				
Lonnie Ken Pilgrim ^{(a)(b)(c)}	7,653,688	56.6%	15,197,689	55.1%
110 South Texas Street				
Pittsburg, Texas 75686				
ConAgra Foods, Inc.(d)	8,500,292	62.9%	16,965,888	61.5%
One ConAgra Drive				
Omaha, Nebraska 68102				
Dimensional Fund Advisors Inc. (e)			2,095,400	7.6%
1299 Ocean Avenue, 11th Floor				
Santa Monica, California 90401				
Wellington Management Company, LLP (f)			1,504,700	5.5%

75 State Street

Boston, Massachusetts 02109

Clifford E. Butler ^(b)	74,328	(g)	36,276	(g)
O.B. Goolsby, Jr. ^(b)	3,784	(g)	16,222	(g)
Richard A. Cogdill ^(b)	28,489	(g)	9,272	(g)
James G. Vetter, Jr.	975	(g)	2,450	(g)
Charles L. Black	500	(g)		
Donald L. Wass, Ph.D.	150	(g)	300	(g)
All executive officers and directors				
as a group (11 persons)	8,751,645	64.7%	17,326,368	62.8%

⁽a) Includes 7,372,692 shares of Class A common stock and 14,745,385 shares of Class B common stock held of record by Pilgrim Interests, Ltd., a partnership formed by Mr. Pilgrim s family of which Lonnie Bo Pilgrim and Lonnie Ken Pilgrim are managing partners. Also includes 30,193 shares of Class A common stock and 60,387 shares of Class B common stock held of record by Pilgrim Family Trust I, an irrevocable trust dated June 16, 1987, for the benefit of Lonnie Bo Pilgrim s surviving spouse and children, of which Lonnie Ken Pilgrim and Patty R. Pilgrim, Lonnie Bo Pilgrim s wife, are co-trustees, and 30,193 shares of Class A common stock and 60,386 shares of Class B common stock held of record by Pilgrim Family Trust II, an irrevocable trust dated December 23, 1987, for the benefit of Lonnie Bo Pilgrim and his children, of which Lonnie Bo Pilgrim and Lonnie Ken Pilgrim are co-trustees. Also includes 22,671 shares of Class A common stock and 45,342 shares of Class B common stock held of record by PFCP, Ltd., a partnership of which Lonnie Bo Pilgrim is managing partner. Each of Lonnie Bo Pilgrim and Lonnie Ken Pilgrim disclaim beneficial ownership of the Pilgrim s Pride Class A common stock and Class B common stock held by Pilgrim Interests, Ltd., except to the extent of their respective pecuniary interest therein.

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- (b) Includes shares held in trust by the Pilgrim s Pride 401(k) Salary Deferral Plan.
- (c) Includes 7,232 shares of Class A common stock and 6,465 shares of Class B common stock held by his wife. Also includes 28,160 shares of Class A common stock and 25,350 shares of Class B common stock held in two irrevocable trusts dated December 15, 1994 and October 31, 1989, of which Lonnie Ken Pilgrim is a co-trustee for the benefit of his children. Lonnie Ken Pilgrim disclaims any beneficial interest in the foregoing shares.
- (d) Represents shares of Class A common stock and Class B common stock held of record by Pilgrim Interests, Ltd., Lonnie Bo Pilgrim and Lonnie Ken Pilgrim. ConAgra Foods, Inc. filed a Schedule 13D with respect to such shares as a result of the Share Voting Agreement entered into with such persons in connection with the ConAgra chicken division acquisition. See pages 51 through 52 above for a description of the Share Voting Agreement.
- (e) Based on information provided to Pilgrim s Pride as of December 26, 2002, from Dimensional Fund Advisors Inc. (Dimensional). Dimensional, an investment advisor registered under Section 203 of the Investment Advisors Act of 1940, furnishes investment advice to four investment companies registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940, and serves as investment manager to certain other commingled group trusts and separate accounts. These investment companies, trusts and accounts are the Funds. In its role as investment advisor or manager, Dimensional possesses voting and/or investment power over the shares of the Pilgrim s Pride Class A common stock and Class B common stock listed above that are owned by the Funds. All such shares are owned by the Funds. Dimensional disclaims beneficial ownership of such shares.
- (f) Based on information provided to Pilgrim s Pride as of December 31, 2002, from Wellington Management Company, LLP (Wellington). Wellington is an investment advisor registered under Section 203 of the Investment Advisors Act of 1940. In its role as investment advisor, Wellington possesses voting and/or investment power over the shares of the Pilgrim s Pride Class A common stock and Class B common stock listed above that are owned by its clients.
- (g) Less than 1%.

NO DISSENTERS RIGHTS OF APPRAISAL

Under Delaware law, the holders of Pilgrim s Pride Class A common stock and Class B common stock are not entitled to dissenters rights of appraisal in connection with this proposed reclassification of our Class A common stock and Class B common stock into a single class of common stock, the proposed stock issuance to ConAgra Foods, or our acquisition of the ConAgra chicken division.

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

Some of the statements contained in this proxy statement are forward-looking statements within the meaning of the federal securities laws. Although we believe the expectations reflected in such forward-looking statements are reasonable, they do involve certain assumptions, risks and uncertainties, and we can give no assurance that such expectations will prove to have been correct. Our actual results could differ materially from those anticipated in these forward-looking statements as a result of certain factors that are more fully described in the annual reports and quarterly reports we have filed with the SEC that are incorporated by reference in this proxy statement. Management cautions against putting undue reliance on forward-looking statements or projecting any future results based on such statements or present or prior earnings levels. All forward-looking statements in this proxy statement are qualified in their entirety by the cautionary statements contained in this section and elsewhere in this proxy statement and in the documents we incorporate by reference in this proxy statement.

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STOCKHOLDER PROPOSALS FOR 2004 ANNUAL MEETING

Under our amended and restated corporate bylaws, a stockholder was required to give our Secretary written notice, at our principal executive offices, of its intent to present a proposal at our 2004 Annual Meeting of Stockholders by October 1, 2003, but not before May 5, 2003. Additionally, in order for stockholder proposals which are submitted pursuant to Rule 14a-8 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, to be considered by us for inclusion in our proxy materials for the 2004 Annual Meeting of Stockholders, they were required to be received by our Secretary at our executive offices no later than the close of business on September 8, 2003.

WHERE YOU CAN FIND MORE INFORMATION

We file annual, quarterly and current reports, proxy statements and other information with the SEC. You can read and copy any materials we file with the SEC at the SEC s public reference room at 450 Fifth Street, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20549. You can obtain information about the operation of the SEC s public reference room by calling the SEC at 1-800-SEC-0330. The SEC also maintains a web site that contains information we file electronically with the SEC, which you can access over the Internet at www.sec.gov. Our electronic SEC filings are also available through our website at www.pilgrimspride.com. Information contained on the Pilgrim s Pride website is not incorporated into this proxy statement and does not constitute a part of this proxy statement. You can also obtain information about us at the offices of the New York Stock Exchange, 20 Broad Street, New York, New York 10005.

Statements contained in this proxy statement regarding the contents of any contract or other document are not necessarily complete and each such statement is qualified in its entirety by reference to such contract or other document filed as an exhibit with the SEC.

This proxy statement does not constitute the solicitation of a proxy in any jurisdiction to or from any person to whom or from whom it is unlawful to make such proxy solicitation in such jurisdiction. You should rely only on the information we have provided to vote your shares at the special meeting. We have not authorized any person to provide information other than that provided in this proxy statement. We have not authorized anyone to provide you with different information. This proxy statement is dated November 3, 2003. You should not assume that the information in this proxy statement is accurate as of any date other than that date or that any information contained in any document we have incorporated by reference is accurate as of any date other than the date of the document incorporated by reference, and the mailing of this proxy statement to stockholders does not create any implication to the contrary.

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 \mathbf{of}

the ConAgra Foods Chicken Business

(A Division of ConAgra Foods, Inc.)

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CONAGRA FOODS CHICKEN BUSINESS

(A Division of ConAgra Foods, Inc.)

COMBINED BALANCE SHEETS

(Dollars in thousands)

(unaudited)

	August 24, 2003	May 25, 2003
ASSETS		
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,707	\$ 6,324
Receivables, less allowance for doubtful accounts of \$3,816 and \$2,443	112,979	105,595
Inventories	200,259	209,639
Other current assets	8,817	7,932
Total current assets	323,762	329,490
Property, plant and equipment	830,221	827,488
Less accumulated depreciation	(417,208)	(407,654)
Property, plant and equipment, net	413,013	419,834
Goodwill	36,344	36,344
Other assets	1,034	1,021
	\$ 774,153	\$ 786,689
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDER S NET INVESTMENT		
AND ADVANCES		
Current liabilities		
Current installments of long-term debt	\$ 120	\$ 400
Accounts payable	62,200	62,208
Deferred income taxes	13,362	13,882
Other accrued liabilities	74,220	71,213
Total current liabilities	149,902	147,703
Long-term debt, excluding current installments	16,641	16,635
Deferred income taxes	11,239	11,239
Other noncurrent liabilities	1,000	780
Commitments and contingencies		
Stockholder s net investment and advances	595,371	610,332
	\$ 774,153	\$ 786,689

See notes to the combined financial statements.

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CONAGRA FOODS CHICKEN BUSINESS

(A Division of ConAgra Foods, Inc.)

COMBINED STATEMENTS OF EARNINGS

(Dollars in Thousands)

(unaudited)

	Thirteen w	eeks ended
	August 24,	August 25,
	2003	2002
Net sales	\$ 607,016	\$ 606,505
Costs and expenses:		
Cost of goods sold	582,747	564,932
Selling, general and administrative expenses	18,081	19,564
Corporate allocations: Selling, general and administrative expenses	5,275	4,775
Corporate allocations: Finance charges	8,810	6,385
Income (loss) before income taxes and cumulative effect of change in accounting	(7,897)	10,849
Income tax expense (benefit)	(3,001)	4,036
Cumulative effect of change in accounting	(106)	
Net income (loss)	\$ (5,002)	\$ 6,813

See notes to the combined financial statements.

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CONAGRA FOODS CHICKEN BUSINESS

(A Division of ConAgra Foods, Inc.)

COMBINED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(Dollars in thousands)

(unaudited)

	Thirteen w	eeks ended
	August 24, 2003	August 25, 2002
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net income (loss)	\$ (5,002)	\$ 6,813
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:		. ,
Depreciation	15,276	15,268
Cumulative effect of change in accounting	106	
Change in operating assets and liabilities	2,692	(13,506)
Net cash flows from operating activities	13,072	8,575
	<u> </u>	
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Additions to property, plant and equipment	(8,406)	(5,106)

Net cash flows from investing activities	(8,406)	(5,106)
The cash now nom investing activities	(0,100)	(5,100)
Cook flavor from financing activities		
Cash flows from financing activities: Repayment of long-term debt	(274)	(593)
Stockholder s net investment and advances/(distributions)	(9,009)	3,327
Stockholder 3 liet investment and advances/(distributions)	(7,007)	3,321
N-4 l. Gl G G	(0.282)	2.724
Net cash flows from financing activities	(9,283)	2,734
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	(4,617)	6,203
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	6,324	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 1,707	\$ 6,203

See notes to the combined financial statements.

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CONAGRA FOODS CHICKEN BUSINESS

(A Division of ConAgra Foods, Inc.)

NOTES TO COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Accounting Policies

The unaudited financial information reflects all adjustments (consisting of normal and recurring adjustments), which are, in the opinion of management, necessary for a fair presentation of the results of operations, financial position, and cash flows for the periods presented. These combined financial statements should be read in conjunction with the combined financial statements and related notes of the ConAgra Foods Chicken Business (the company) included elsewhere in this Proxy Statement.

The results of operations for any quarter or a partial fiscal year period are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for other periods or the full fiscal year.

Stock-Based Compensation The company has stock option plans approved by stockholders, which provide for granting of options to employees for purchase of common stock at prices equal to the fair market value at the time of grant. The company accounts for its employee stock option plans in accordance with Accounting Principles Board Opinion No. 25, *Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees*. Accordingly, no stock-based compensation expense is reflected in net income, as options granted under these plans have an exercise price equal to the market value of the underlying common stock on the date of grant.

The following table provides required pro forma information regarding net income assuming the company recognized expense for its employee stock options using the fair value method. The fair value of options was estimated at the date of the grant using the Black-Scholes option pricing model. Pro forma net income (loss) is as follows:

Thirteen weeks end		
August 24,	,	gust 25,
2003		2002
\$ (5,002)	\$	6,813
(169)		(169)
\$ (5,171)	\$	6,644
	2003 \$ (5,002) (169)	Aug 2003

Comprehensive Income Comprehensive income includes net income and certain derivative-related activity.

	Thirteen v	veeks ended	
	August 24,	August 25,	
	2003	2002	
Net income (loss)	\$ (5,002)	\$ 6,813	
Derivative adjustment	(884)	6,296	
Comprehensive income	\$ (5,886)	\$ 13,109	

Accounting Changes Effective May 26, 2003, the company adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 143, Accounting for Asset Retirement Obligations, which requires the company to recognize the fair value of a liability associated with the cost the company is legally obligated to incur in order to retire an asset at some point in the future. The associated asset retirement costs are capitalized as part of the carrying amount of the associated long-lived asset. Over time, the liability will increase, reflecting the accretion of the obligation from its present value to the amount the company will pay to

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CONAGRA FOODS CHICKEN BUSINESS

(A Division of ConAgra Foods, Inc.)

NOTES TO COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

extinguish the liability, and the capitalized asset retirement costs will be depreciated over the useful life of the related assets. Application of this new accounting standard resulted in a cumulative effect of an accounting change that decreased net income by \$.1 million in the first quarter of fiscal 2004. This also resulted in the company recognizing an asset retirement obligation of \$.2 million in other noncurrent liabilities and increasing property, plant and equipment, net by \$.1 million. The majority of the company s asset retirement obligations relate to various contractual obligations for restoration of leased assets at the end of lease terms. There have been no significant changes in the company s asset retirement obligations for the thirteen week period ended August 24, 2003.

If SFAS No. 143 would have been in effect in the first quarter of fiscal 2003, net income for that quarter would not have been materially different from that which was previously reported.

During the first quarter of the current fiscal year, the company adopted SFAS No. 149, *Amendment of Statement 133 on Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities*. SFAS No. 149 amends and clarifies accounting for derivative instruments, including certain derivative instruments embedded in other contracts, and for hedging activities under SFAS No. 133, *Accounting for Derivative Financial Instruments and Hedging Activities*, and its related amendment, SFAS No. 138, *Accounting for Certain Derivative Instruments and Certain Hedging Activities* (collectively SFAS No. 133). This Statement is generally effective for contracts entered into or modified after June 30, 2003 and did not have a material impact on the company s financial statements.

The company adopted SFAS No. 142, *Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets*, at the beginning of fiscal 2003. In accordance with SFAS No. 142, the company completed its initial impairment testing of goodwill and identifiable intangible assets with indefinite lives. The initial adoption of SFAS No. 142 did not have a material impact on the company s financial statements.

Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements In November 2002, the FASB s Emerging Issues Task Force (EITF) reached a consensus on EITF Issue No. 00-21, Revenue Arrangements with Multiple Deliverables. EITF Issue No. 00-21 provides guidance for revenue arrangements that involve the delivery or performance of multiple products or services where performance may occur at different points or over different periods of time. EITF Issue No. 00-21 is effective for revenue arrangements entered into in fiscal periods beginning after June 15, 2003 (i.e., the company s second quarter of fiscal 2004). The company does not expect the adoption of EITF Issue No. 00-21 to have a material impact on the company s financial statements.

In May 2003, the EITF reached a consensus on EITF Issue No. 01-8, *Determining Whether an Arrangement Contains a Lease*. EITF Issue No. 01-8 requires a party to a service contract or similar arrangement to determine whether the arrangement is or includes a lease within the scope of SFAS No. 13, *Accounting for Leases*. EITF Issue No. 01-8 is effective for arrangements entered into or modified after August 24, 2003 and is not expected to have a material impact on the company s financial statements.

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CONAGRA FOODS CHICKEN BUSINESS

(A Division of ConAgra Foods, Inc.)

NOTES TO COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2. Inventories

Inventories are comprised of the following:

	August 24, 2003	May 25, 2003
Product inventories:		
Raw materials	\$ 18,252	\$ 19,166
Finished goods	82,501	91,651
Work in process	34	40
Livestock	89,228	88,538
Supplies	10,244	10,244
	ф 200 250	ф 200 <i>(</i> 20
	\$ 200,259	\$ 209,639

3. Derivative Financial Instruments

The company is exposed to market risk, such as changes in commodity prices. To attempt to minimize exposure associated with market volatility, the company may enter into various derivative transactions (e.g., futures and options) pursuant to established company policies.

The fair value of derivative assets is recognized within prepaid expenses and other current assets, while the fair value of derivative liabilities is recognized within other accrued liabilities. As of August 24, 2003 and May 25, 2003, the fair value of derivatives recognized within prepaid expenses and other current assets was \$2.1 million and \$2.3 million, respectively, while the amount recognized within other accrued liabilities was not significant.

For the thirteen week period ended August 24, 2003, the ineffectiveness associated with derivatives designated as cash flow and fair value hedges was not significant, as compared to a gain of \$.8 million for the 13 week period ended August 25, 2002. Hedge ineffectiveness is recognized within cost of goods sold. The company does not exclude any component of the hedging instrument s gain or loss when assessing effectiveness.

Generally, the company hedges a portion of its anticipated consumption of commodity inputs for periods of up to 12 months. The company may enter into longer-term hedges on particular commodities if deemed appropriate. As of August 24, 2003, the company had hedged certain portions of its anticipated consumption of commodity inputs through May 2004.

As of August 24, 2003 and May 25, 2003, the net deferred gain recognized in accumulated other comprehensive income was \$.8 million and \$1.6 million, net of tax, respectively. The company anticipates the net of tax gain of \$.8 million as of August 24, 2003, will be transferred out of accumulated other comprehensive income and recognized within earnings over the next 12 months. For the thirteen weeks ended August 24, 2003 and August 25, 2002, a net of tax \$.2 million gain and \$.3 million loss was transferred from accumulated other comprehensive income into income, respectively.

For the thirteen week period ended August 24, 2003 and August 25, 2002, the company did not discontinue any cash flow hedges or firm commitments.

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CONAGRA FOODS CHICKEN BUSINESS

(A Division of ConAgra Foods, Inc.)

NOTES TO COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

4. Related Party Transactions

ConAgra Food s executive, finance, legal, tax and other corporate departments perform certain administrative and other services for the company. Expenses incurred by ConAgra Foods and allocated to the company are determined based on specific services being provided or are allocated based on ConAgra Food s investment in the company in proportion to ConAgra Food s total investment in its subsidiaries. In addition, ConAgra Foods charges the company finance charges on ConAgra Food s investment in the company and net intercompany advances. Management believes that such expense allocations are reasonable. It is not practical to estimate the expenses that would have been incurred by the company if it had been operated on a stand-alone basis. Corporate allocations include allocated selling, administrative and general expenses of approximately \$5.3 million and \$4.8 million for the thirteen weeks ended August 24, 2003 and August 25, 2002, respectively, and allocated finance charges of \$8.8 million and \$6.4 million for the thirteen weeks ended August 24, 2003 and August 25, 2002, respectively.

The company also has transactions in the normal course of business with parties under common ownership. Net sales to related parties were \$43.4 million and \$39.6 million for the thirteen weeks ended August 24, 2003 and August 25, 2002, respectively. With respect to the gross margins associated with related party net sales, certain products are sold at cost while others are sold at prices resulting in gross margins similar to third-party net sales.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS REPORT

The Board of Directors

ConAgra Foods Chicken Business

We have audited the accompanying combined balance sheets of the ConAgra Foods Chicken Business (a Division of ConAgra Foods, Inc.) (the company), as of May 25, 2003 and May 26, 2002, and the related combined statements of earnings, of stockholder s net investment and advances and of cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended May 25, 2003. The combined financial statements include the accounts of the companies discussed in Note 1, which are under common ownership and management. These financial statements are the responsibility of the company s management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, such combined financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the combined financial position of the ConAgra Foods Chicken Business as of May 25, 2003 and May 26, 2002, and the combined results of its operations and of its combined cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended May 25, 2003 in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, in 2003 the company changed its method of accounting for goodwill and other intangible assets and in 2002 the company changed its method of accounting for derivative instruments and other hedging activities.

/s/ Deloitte & Touche LLP

DELOITTE & TOUCHE LLP

Omaha, Nebraska

August 1, 2003

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CONAGRA FOODS CHICKEN BUSINESS

(A Division of ConAgra Foods, Inc.)

COMBINED BALANCE SHEETS

(Dollars in Thousands)

	May 25, 2003	May 26, 2002
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 6,324	\$
Receivables, less allowance for doubtful accounts of \$2,443 and \$3,063	105,595	117,208
Inventories	209,639	225,222
Other current assets	7,932	7,229
Total current assets	329,490	349,659
Property, plant and equipment:		
Land and land improvements	34,284)
Buildings, machinery and equipment	741,397	
Furniture, fixtures, office equipment and other	40,370	
Construction in progress	11,437	10,574
	827,488	
Less accumulated depreciation	(407,654	(353,109)
Property, plant and equipment, net	419,834	443,670
Goodwill	36,344	36,344
Deferred income taxes		1,497
Other assets	1,021	1,905
	\$ 786,689	\$ 833,075
LIABILIBLES AND STOCKHOLDED S NET INVESTMENT		
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDER S NET INVESTMENT		
AND ADVANCES		
Current liabilities:		
Current installments of long-term debt	\$ 400	
Accounts payable	62,208	
Deferred income taxes	13,882	
Other accrued liabilities	71,213	80,076
Total current liabilities	147,703	
Long-term debt, excluding current installments	16,635	
Deferred income taxes	11,239	
Other noncurrent liabilities	780	835
Commitments and contingencies		

Stockholder s net investment and advances	610,3	332	667,215		
	\$ 786,0	689 \$	833,075		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the combined financial statements.

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CONAGRA FOODS CHICKEN BUSINESS

(A Division of ConAgra Foods, Inc.)

COMBINED STATEMENTS OF EARNINGS

(Dollars in Thousands)

	May 25,	May 26,	May 27,	
	2003	2002	2001	
Net sales	\$ 2,341,653	\$ 2,434,723	\$ 2,341,004	
Costs and expenses:				
Cost of goods sold	2,258,043	2,267,351	2,263,717	
Selling, general and administrative expenses	73,034	79,354	72,603	
Corporate allocations: Selling, general and administrative	19,331	18,984	20,576	
Corporate allocations: Finance charges	26,034	22,670	31,819	
	2,376,442	2,388,359	2,388,715	
Income (loss) before income taxes	(34,789)	46,364	(47,711)	
Income tax expense (benefit)	(12,943)	17,628	(17,514)	
Net income (loss)	\$ (21,846)	\$ 28,736	\$ (30,197)	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the combined financial statements.

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CONAGRA FOODS CHICKEN BUSINESS

(A Division of ConAgra Foods, Inc.)

COMBINED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDER S NET INVESTMENT AND ADVANCES

(Dollars in Thousands)

		Net Accumulated estment Other			Stockholder s		
	and C		Compr	Comprehensive		estment	
	Adv	Advances/ Income / (Distributions) (Loss)		ome /	and		
	(Distr			Distributions) (Loss)		(Loss)	
Balance at May 28, 2000	\$	731,087	\$		\$	731,087	
Net loss		(30,197)				(30,197)	
Net investment and advances		33,565				33,565	
Balance at May 27, 2001		734,455			,	734,455	
Comprehensive income (loss):		70 1,100				, , , , , , ,	
Net income		28,736				28,736	
Cumulative effect of change in accounting, net of tax		-,		(6,737)		(6,737)	
Derivative adjustment, net of tax				6,422		6,422	
,				,			
Total comprehensive income						28,421	
Total completionsive medite						20,721	
N. 6 in 6 and a damage (distributions)		(05 (61)				(05 ((1)	
Net investment and advances (distributions)		(95,661)				(95,661)	
Balance at May 26, 2002		667,530		(315)		667,215	
Comprehensive income (loss):		(24.046)				(24.046)	
Net loss		(21,846)		1.053		(21,846)	
Derivative adjustment, net of tax				1,952		1,952	
Total comprehensive loss						(19,894)	
Net investment and advances (distributions)		(36,989)				(36,989)	
Balance at May 25, 2003	\$	608,695	\$	1,637	\$	610,332	
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The accompanying notes are an integral part of the combined financial statements.

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CONAGRA FOODS CHICKEN BUSINESS

(A Division of ConAgra Foods, Inc.)

COMBINED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(Dollars in Thousands)

	Nr. 05	M 04	M. 27	
	May 25,	May 26,	May 27,	
	2003	2002	2001	
Cash flows from operating activities:				
Net income (loss)	\$ (21,846)	\$ 28,736	\$ (30,197)	
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities				
Depreciation	60,651	58,926	58,355	
Amortization		963	1,246	
Deferred income taxes	19,436	18,757	12,473	
Noncash pension benefits	(55)	82	753	
Change in assets and liabilities:				
Receivables	11,613	3,086	(17,247)	
Inventories	15,583	23,802	(29,448)	
Other assets	2,133	(2,625)	3,655	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(6,498)	12,764	9,090	
Net cash flows from operating activities	81,017	144,491	8,680	
Cash flows from investing activities:				
Additions to property, plant and equipment	(36,298)	(54,818)	(48,603)	
Notes receivable and other items	(517)	2,493	3,359	
Net cash flows from investing activities	(36,815)	(52,325)	(45,244)	
Carl flavor from financia and cities				
Cash flows from financing activities:	(990)	(600)	((00)	
Payment of long-term debt	(889)	(688)	(680)	
Stockholder s net investment and advances/(distributions)	(36,989)	(95,661)	33,565	
Net cash flows from financing activities	(37,878)	(96,349)	32,885	
	(224	(4.192)	(2 (70)	
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	6,324	(4,183)	(3,679)	
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		4,183	7,862	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ 6,324	\$	\$ 4,183	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the combined financial statements.

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CONAGRA FOODS CHICKEN BUSINESS

(A Division of ConAgra Foods, Inc.)

NOTES TO COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Columnar Dollar Amounts in Thousands)

1. DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Description of Business ConAgra Foods Chicken Business (the company) (a division of ConAgra Foods, Inc.) (ConAgra Foods) is involved in the processing, packaging and delivery of chicken products to grocery, foodservice, institutional, and special market customers. The company operates in one reportable business segment.

Fiscal Year The company s fiscal year ends on the last Sunday in May. The fiscal years for the financial statements presented consist of 52-week periods for fiscal years 2003, 2002 and 2001.

Basis of Presentation The combined financial statements of ConAgra Foods Chicken Business include the following chicken companies which have historically been operated as an integrated business: ConAgra Poultry Company, ConAgra Poultry Company of Kentucky, Inc., To-Ricos Inc., Lovette Company, Inc. and Hester Industries, Inc. The above businesses and assets are each directly or indirectly wholly-owned by ConAgra Foods. All significant intercompany investments, accounts and transactions have been eliminated.

Inventories Inventory consists principally of livestock (breeders, broilers, pullets, and hatching eggs), feed ingredients and finished chicken products. Live chicken inventories are stated at the lower of cost or market and breeder hens at the lower of cost, less accumulated amortization, or market. The costs associated with breeder hens are accumulated up to the production stage and amortized over the productive lives using the unit-of-production method. Fresh finished chicken products are valued at net realizable value, which approximates lower of cost or market, and frozen chicken finished products are valued at lower of cost or market. All other inventory is valued on the basis of the lower of cost, determined using the first-in, first-out method, or market. Lower of cost or market analysis is determined based on the aggregate cost versus market of the product. Inventories are presented net of allowance for obsolescence.

Long Lived Assets and Intangible Assets Property, plant and equipment are carried at cost. Depreciation has been calculated using primarily the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the respective classes of assets as follows:

Land improvements
Buildings
Machinery and equipment
Furniture, fixtures, office equipment and other

1 - 40 years 15 - 40 years 3 - 20 years

5 - 15 years

The company reviews long-lived assets for impairment whenever events or changes in business circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of the assets may not be fully recoverable. Recoverability of an asset held-for-use is determined by comparing the carrying amount of the asset to the undiscounted net cash flows expected to be generated from the use of the asset. If the carrying amount is greater than the undiscounted net cash flows expected to be generated by the asset, the asset s carrying amount is reduced to its fair market value. An asset held-for-sale is reported at the lower of the carrying amount or fair market value, less cost to sell.

Income Taxes The company is included in the consolidated tax returns of ConAgra Foods. The company s provision for income taxes is computed on a separate legal entity basis. The company recognizes deferred tax assets and liabilities based on the differences between the financial statement and tax bases of assets and liabilities at each balance sheet date using enacted tax rates expected to be in effect in the year the differences are expected to reverse.

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CONAGRA FOODS CHICKEN BUSINESS

(A Division of ConAgra Foods, Inc.)

NOTES TO COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Columnar Dollar Amounts in Thousands)

Derivative Instruments The company uses derivatives (e.g., futures and options) for the purpose of hedging exposure to changes in commodity prices. The fair value of each derivative is recognized in the balance sheet within current assets or current liabilities. Changes in the fair value of derivatives are recognized immediately in the income statement for derivatives that do not qualify for hedging accounting.

For derivatives designated as a hedge and used to hedge an existing asset or liability (e.g., inventory), both the derivative and hedged item are recognized at fair value within the balance sheet with the changes in both of these fair values being recognized immediately in the income statement. For derivatives designated as a hedge and used to hedge an anticipated transaction (e.g., future purchase of inventory), changes in the fair value of the derivatives are deferred in the balance sheet within accumulated other comprehensive income to the extent the hedge is effective in mitigating the exposure to the related anticipated transaction. Any ineffectiveness associated with the hedge is recognized immediately in the income statement. Amounts deferred within accumulated other comprehensive income are recognized in the income statement in the same period during which the hedged transaction affects earnings (e.g., when hedged inventory is sold).

Fair Values of Financial Instruments Unless otherwise specified, the company believes the carrying amount of financial instruments approximates their fair value.

Revenue Recognition Revenue is recognized when title and risk of loss are transferred to customers upon delivery based on terms of sale. Revenue is recognized as the net amount to be received after deducting estimated amounts for discounts, trade allowances and product returns. No single customer accounted for more than 10% of net sales in 2003, 2002 and 2001.

Export Sales In 2003, 2002 and 2001, net export sales were \$97.9 million, \$111.8 million and \$78.1 million, respectively.

Stock-Based Compensation The company accounts for its employee stock option plans in accordance with Accounting Principles Board Opinion No. 25, *Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees*. Accordingly, no stock-based compensation expense is reflected in net income, as options granted under these plans have an exercise price equal to the market value of the underlying common stock on the date of grant.

In December 2002, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 148, *Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation Transition and Disclosure* which became effective for fiscal years ending after December 15, 2002. SFAS No. 148 requires certain proforma information regarding net income and earnings per share assuming the company recognized expense for its employee stock options using the fair value method. The fair value of options was estimated at the date of the grant using the

Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following weighted average assumptions for 2003, 2002 and 2001, respectively: risk-free interest rate of 4.30%, 4.52% and 5.17%; a dividend yield of 3.9%, 3.9% and 2.4%; expected volatility of 30.0%, 29.0% and 29.0%; and an expected option life of six years. The weighted average fair value of options granted in fiscal 2003, 2002 and 2001 was \$5.88, \$5.08 and \$5.75, respectively. Pro forma net income (loss) is as follows:

	2003	2002	2001
Net income (loss), as reported	\$ (21,846)	\$ 28,736	\$ (30,197)
Deduct: Total stock-based employee Compensation expense determined under Fair value based method for all awards, net of			
related tax effects	(677)	(646)	(592)
Pro forma net income (loss)	\$ (22,523)	\$ 28,090	\$ (30,789)

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CONAGRA FOODS CHICKEN BUSINESS

(A Division of ConAgra Foods, Inc.)

NOTES TO COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Columnar Dollar Amounts in Thousands)

Comprehensive Income Comprehensive income consists of net income and derivative adjustments. The following details the income tax expense (benefit) on components of other comprehensive income (loss):

	2003	2002	2001
Cumulative effect of change in accounting	\$	\$ (4,126)	\$
Net derivative adjustments	1,175	3,933	

Accounting Changes In June 2001, the FASB approved the issuance of SFAS No. 141, Business Combinations, and SFAS No. 142, Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets. These standards, issued in July 2001, establish accounting and reporting requirements for business combinations. SFAS No. 141 requires all business combinations entered into subsequent to June 30, 2001, to be accounted for using the purchase method of accounting. SFAS No. 142 provides that goodwill and other intangible assets with indefinite lives will not be amortized, but will be tested for impairment on an annual basis. SFAS No. 142 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2001. The company adopted SFAS No. 142 at the beginning of fiscal 2003.

As of the beginning of fiscal year 2002, the company adopted SFAS No. 133, *Accounting for Derivative Financial Instruments and Hedging Activities*, and its related amendment, SFAS No. 138, *Accounting for Certain Derivative Instruments and Certain Hedging Activities* (SFAS No. 133). The adoption of SFAS No. 133 resulted in a cumulative effect of an accounting change that decreased accumulated other comprehensive income by \$6.7 million, net of tax of \$4.1 million.

Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements In August 2001, the FASB issued SFAS No. 143, Accounting for Asset Retirement Obligations. This statement requires the company to record the fair value of a liability for an asset retirement obligation in the period in which it is incurred and is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2002. The company has not yet completed its assessment of the anticipated adoption impact of this statement.

Use of Estimates Preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions. These estimates or assumptions affect reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses as reflected in the financial statements. Actual results could differ from estimates.

2. GOODWILL

The company adopted SFAS No. 142, at the beginning of its current fiscal year. Goodwill is not amortized and is tested annually for impairment of value. Impairment occurs when the fair value of the asset is less than its carrying amount. If impaired, the asset is written down to its fair value.

Goodwill was \$36.3 million at May 25, 2003 and May 26, 2002.

The following is comparative earnings information assuming SFAS No. 142 had been in effect for each period presented:

	2003	2002	2001
			
Reported net income (loss)	\$ (21,846)	\$ 28,736	\$ (30,197)
Add goodwill amortization (net of tax)		597	773
Adjusted net income (loss)	\$ (21,846)	\$ 29,333	\$ (29,424)

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CONAGRA FOODS CHICKEN BUSINESS

(A Division of ConAgra Foods, Inc.)

NOTES TO COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Columnar Dollar Amounts in Thousands)

3. INVENTORIES

Inventories are comprised of the following:

	May 25, 2003	May 26, 2002
Product inventories:		
Raw materials	\$ 19,166	\$ 16,492
Finished goods	91,651	105,344
Work in process	40	620
Livestock	88,538	90,046
Supplies	10,244	12,720
	\$ 209,639	\$ 225,222

4. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

ConAgra Food s executive, finance, legal, tax and other corporate departments perform certain administrative and other services for the company. Expenses incurred by ConAgra Foods and allocated to the company are determined based on specific services being provided or are allocated based on ConAgra Food s investment in the company in proportion to ConAgra Food s total investment in its subsidiaries. In addition, ConAgra Foods charges the company finance charges on ConAgra Food s investment in the company and net intercompany advances. Management believes that such expense allocations are reasonable. It is not practical to estimate the expenses that would have been incurred by the company if it had been operated on a stand-alone basis. Corporate allocations include allocated selling, administrative and general expenses of approximately \$19.3 million, \$19.0 million and \$20.6 million for fiscal 2003, 2002 and 2001, respectively, and allocated finance charges of \$26.0 million, \$22.7 million and \$31.8 million in fiscal 2003, 2002 and 2001, respectively.

The company also has transactions in the normal course of business with parties under common ownership. Net sales to related parties were \$134.7 million, \$139.2 million and \$160.0 million in fiscal years 2003, 2002 and 2001, respectively. With respect to the gross margins associated with related party net sales, certain products are sold at cost while others are sold at prices resulting in gross margins similar to third-party net sales.

5. LONG-TERM DEBT AND LOAN AGREEMENTS

	2003	2002
Variable rate (1.40% at May 25, 2003) Industrial Development Revenue Bonds (collateralized by plant and equipment),	4.0.500	. 0.500
due 2012 Variable rate (1.30% at May 25, 2003) Industrial Development Revenue Bonds (collateralized by plant and equipment),	\$ 9,500	\$ 9,500
due 2019 Other long-term debt	4,700 2,835	4,700 3,724
Total long-term debt	\$ 17,035	\$ 17,924

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(A Division of ConAgra Foods, Inc.)

NOTES TO COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Columnar Dollar Amounts in Thousands)

The aggregate minimum principal maturities of the long-term debt for each of the five fiscal years following May 25, 2003, are as follows:

2004	\$ 400
2005	48
2006	34
2007	24
2008	384

Net interest paid was \$.3 million, \$.5 million and \$.9 million in fiscal 2003, 2002 and 2001, respectively.

6. CAPITAL STOCK

The capital stock of the combined entities consists of the following:

				Shares		
	Par	Value	Authorized	Issued		
ConAgra Poultry Company	\$	1.00	10,000	10,000		
ConAgra Poultry Company of Kentucky, Inc.	N	lo par	2,000	1,000		
To-Ricos, Inc. common	\$	1.00	100,000	66,000		
To-Ricos, Inc. preferred	\$	10.00	50,000			
Hester Industries, Inc.	\$	1.00	15,000	1,000		
Lovette Company, Inc.	\$	1.00	500,000	1,000		

7. PRETAX INCOME AND INCOME TAXES

The provision (benefit) for income taxes includes the following:

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	2003	2002	2001
Current:			
Federal	\$ (30,462)	\$ (1,039)	\$ (28,590)
State	(1,917)	(90)	(1,397)
	(32,379)	(1,129)	(29,987)
Deferred:			
Federal	17,902	17,276	11,488
State	1,534	1,481	985
	19,436	18,757	12,473
	\$ (12,943)	\$ 17,628	\$ (17,514)

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(A Division of ConAgra Foods, Inc.)

NOTES TO COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Columnar Dollar Amounts in Thousands)

Income taxes computed by applying statutory rates to income before income taxes are reconciled to the provision for income taxes set forth in the consolidated statements of earnings as follows:

	2003	2002	2001
Computed federal income taxes	\$ (12,176)	\$ 16,243	\$ (16,677)
State income taxes, net of federal tax benefit	(905)	1,207	(1,239)
Other	138	178	402
		-	
	\$ (12,943)	\$ 17,628	\$ (17,514)

Income taxes are paid by the parent company on a consolidated level. The Internal Revenue Service has closed examinations of the company s tax returns through fiscal 1995. The IRS has proposed certain adjustments for later years, some of which are being contested by the company. The company believes that it has made adequate provisions for income taxes payable.

The tax effect of temporary differences and carryforwards that give rise to significant portions of deferred tax assets and liabilities consist of the following:

	2003		2002	
	Assets	Liabilities	Assets	Liabilities
Depreciation and amortization	\$	\$ 29,238	\$	\$ 16,795
Inventory		24,746		20,994
Other noncurrent liabilities	6,780		10,118	
Accrued expenses	1,923		3,114	
Fiscal 1999 and 2000 restructuring/ impairment charges	17,999		18,292	
Other	2,161		1,755	
	\$ 28,863	\$ 53,984	\$ 33,279	\$ 37,789

At May 25, 2003, the company s net deferred tax liability of \$25.1 million consists of \$13.8 million recorded in other accrued liabilities and \$11.2 million recorded in other noncurrent liabilities. At May 26, 2002, the company s net deferred tax liability of \$4.5 million consists of \$1.5 million recorded in other assets and \$6.0 million recorded in other noncurrent liabilities.

8. DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The company is exposed to market risk such as changes in commodity prices. To manage volatility associated with commodity price exposure, the company may enter into various derivative transactions pursuant to established company policies.

Commodity Price Management The company is subject to raw material price fluctuations caused by supply conditions, weather, economic conditions and other factors. Generally, the company utilizes commodity futures and options contracts to reduce the volatility of commodity input prices on items such as grains, vegetable oils and energy.

Futures and options contracts qualifying for hedge accounting and used to hedge anticipated transactions are designated as cash flow hedges with gains and losses deferred in accumulated other comprehensive income,

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(A Division of ConAgra Foods, Inc.)

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(Columnar Dollar Amounts in Thousands)

to the extent the hedge is effective. These amounts are recognized within cost of goods sold in the period during which the hedged transaction affects earnings. Any hedge gain or loss deemed ineffective, as well as gains or losses on contracts for which the company does not qualify, or elects not to qualify, for hedge accounting, are immediately recognized within sales or cost of goods sold. Amounts deferred within accumulated other comprehensive income are recognized in the combined statement of earnings in the same period during which the hedged transaction affects earnings.

Additional Derivative Information The fair value of derivative assets is recognized within prepaid expenses and other current assets, while the fair value of derivative liabilities is recognized within other accrued liabilities. As of May 25, 2003 and May 26, 2002, the fair value of derivatives recognized within current assets was \$2.3 million and \$1.9 million, respectively. There were no derivative liabilities as of May 25, 2003 and May 26, 2002.

For the year ended May 25, 2003 and May 26, 2002, the ineffectiveness associated with derivatives designated as both cash flow and fair value hedges was a gain of \$2.3 million and \$.5 million, respectively. Hedge ineffectiveness is recognized within cost of goods sold. The company does not exclude any components of the hedging instrument s gain or loss when assessing effectiveness.

Generally, the company hedges a portion of its anticipated consumption of commodity inputs for periods up to 12 months. The company may enter into longer term hedges on particular commodities if deemed appropriate. As of May 25, 2003, the company had hedged certain portions of its anticipated consumption of commodity inputs through May 2004.

As of May 25, 2003, the net deferred gain recognized in accumulated other comprehensive income was \$1.6 million, net of tax, and at May 26, 2002 the net deferred loss recognized in accumulated other comprehensive income was \$.3 million, net of tax, which includes the impact of the cumulative effect of change in accounting principle. The entire gain deferred as of May 25, 2003 will be recognized within earnings over the next 12 months. For the year ended May 25, 2003 and May 26, 2002, a net of tax \$4.0 million gain and \$4.3 million loss, respectively, was recognized from accumulated other comprehensive income into earnings. No cash flow hedges or firm commitments were discontinued during the year ended May 25, 2003.

9. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The company leases certain facilities and transportation equipment under agreements that expire at various dates. Management expects that in the normal course of business, leases that expire will be renewed or replaced by other leases. Substantially all leases require payment of property

taxes, insurance and maintenance costs in addition to rental payments. Rent expense under all operating leases was \$20.2 million, \$21.2 million and \$19.9 million in fiscal 2003, 2002 and 2001, respectively.

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(A Division of ConAgra Foods, Inc.)

NOTES TO COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Columnar Dollar Amounts in Thousands)

A summary of noncancelable operating lease commitments for fiscal years following May 25, 2003 is as follows:

2004	\$ 2,106
2005	2,095
2006	2,188
2007	966
2008	857
Later years	5,187
	\$ 13,399

The company is a party to a number of lawsuits and claims arising out of the operation of its businesses. After taking into account liabilities recorded management believes the ultimate resolution of such matters should not have a material adverse effect on the company s financial condition, results of operations or liquidity.

10. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS

Retirement Pension Plan

The company has a defined benefit retirement plan (Plan) for eligible salaried and hourly employees. Benefits are based on years of credited service and average compensation or stated amounts for each year of service. The company funds this plan in accordance with the minimum and maximum limits established by law. Employees of the company also participate in defined benefit and defined contribution plans sponsored by ConAgra Foods.

Components of pension benefit costs and weighted average actuarial assumptions are:

2003 2002 2001

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Pension Benefit Cost			
Service cost	\$ 253	\$ 234	\$ 202
Interest cost	224	199	173
Expected return on plan assets	(161)	(186)	(187)
Recognized net actuarial loss			(5)
Pension benefit cost company plans	316	247	183
Pension benefit cost multi-employer plans	6,104	4,547	3,979
Total pension benefit cost	\$ 6,420	\$ 4,794	\$ 4,162
Actuarial Assumptions			
Discount rate	7.25%	7.50%	7.50%
Long-term rate of return on plan assets	7.75%	9.25%	9.25%
Long-term rate of compensation increase	5.50%	5.50%	5.50%

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CONAGRA FOODS CHICKEN BUSINESS

(A Division of ConAgra Foods, Inc.)

NOTES TO COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Columnar Dollar Amounts in Thousands)

The change in projected benefit obligation, change in plan assets and funded status of the plans at February 28, 2003 and 2002:

	2003	2002
Change in Projected Benefit Obligation		
Projected benefit obligation at beginning of year	\$ 3,112	\$ 2,667
Service cost	253	234
Interest cost	224	199
Actuarial loss	110	77
Benefits paid	(53)	(65)
Projected benefit obligation at end of year	\$ 3,646	\$ 3,112
	2003	2002
Change in Plan Assets		
Fair value of plan assets at beginning of year	\$ 2,025	\$ 1,959
Actual return on plan assets	(176)	(7)
Employer contributions	371	166
Investment and administrative expenses	(36)	(28)
Benefits paid	(53)	(65)
Fair value of plan assets at end of year	2,131	2,025
Funded Status	(1,515)	(1,087)
Unrecognized actuarial loss	735	252
Accrued benefit cost	\$ (780)	\$ (835)
Amounts Recognized in Combined Balance Sheets		
Accrued benefit cost	\$ (780)	\$ (835)
Actuarial Assumptions	6.50%	7.050
Discount rate	6.50%	7.25%
Long-term rate of compensation increase	4.50%	5.50%

The projected benefit obligation, accumulated benefit obligation and fair value of plan assets for pension plans with accumulated benefit obligations in excess of plan assets at February 28, 2003 and 2002, respectively, were:

	2003	2002
Projected benefit obligation	\$ 3,646	\$3,112
Accumulated benefit obligation	2,680	2,113
Fair value of plan assets	2,131	2,025

Plan assets are primarily invested in equity securities, corporate and government debt securities and common trust funds. Certain employees of the company are covered under defined contribution plans. The expense related to these plans was \$4.5 million, \$4.0 million and \$3.5 million in fiscal 2003, 2002 and 2001, respectively.

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CONAGRA FOODS CHICKEN BUSINESS

(A Division of ConAgra Foods, Inc.)

NOTES TO COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Columnar Dollar Amounts in Thousands)

11. STOCK PLANS

Certain of the company s employees participate in ConAgra Foods stock option plans. These stock option plans approved by the ConAgra Foods stockholders provide for granting of options to employees for purchase of common stock at prices equal to fair market value at the time of grant. Options become exercisable under various vesting schedules and generally expire ten years after the date of grant.

The changes in the outstanding stock options during the three years ended May 25, 2003, are summarized below:

	20	003	20	002	20	001
	-	Weighted		Weighted		Weighted
		Average		Average		Average
	Options	Exercise	Options	Exercise	Options	Exercise
	(000 s)	Price	(000 s)	Price	(000 s)	Price
Beginning of year	1,058.6	\$ 22.88	907.6	\$ 22.88	813.8	\$ 23.19
Granted	175.0	\$ 25.90	249.5	\$ 22.00	219.0	\$ 19.90
Exercised	(92.3)	\$ 16.65	(41.2)	\$ 15.42	(47.4)	\$ 13.68
Canceled	(75.1)	\$ 24.56	(57.3)	\$ 24.43	(77.8)	\$ 23.16
End of year	1,066.2	\$ 23.80	1,058.6	\$ 22.88	907.6	\$ 22.88
Exercisable at end of year	672.3	\$ 24.08	656.3	\$ 23.44	558.4	\$ 22.81

The following summarizes information about stock options outstanding as of May 25, 2003:

Options Outstanding	Options Exercisable

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		Weighted	Weighted		Weighted
		Average	Average		Average
	Options	Remaining	Exercise	Options	Exercise
Range of Exercise Price	(000 s)	Life	Price	(000 s)	Price
\$12.69 \$19.81	211.8	6.2	\$ 18.88	144.2	\$ 18.46
\$19.82 \$22.00	290.9	7.1	\$ 21.54	155.3	\$ 21.18
\$22.01 \$24.19	201.5	5.5	\$ 23.69	172.8	\$ 23.72
\$24.20 \$28.31	271.5	7.7	\$ 26.87	109.5	\$ 28.31
\$28.32 \$33.91	90.5	4.5	\$ 33.55	90.5	\$ 33.55
\$12.69 \$33.91	1,066.2	6.6	\$ 23.80	672.3	\$ 24.08

12. SUBSEQUENT EVENT

On June 9, 2003, ConAgra Foods announced an agreement to sell the company to Pilgrim s Pride Corporation. In connection with the expected sale, ConAgra Foods classified the company s long-lived assets as held for sale and recognized an impairment charge of \$69.4 million (net of an income tax benefit of \$42.6 million) in its financial statements to reduce the carrying amount of goodwill to zero and reflect a reduction in the carrying values of long-lived assets of the company to their fair market value, less cost to sell. The company has not recognized this impairment charge as the company considers its long-lived assets to be fully recoverable on a held for use basis.

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Annex A

August 20, 2003

Special Committee of the Board of Directors

Pilgrim s Pride Corporation

110 South Texas

Pittsburg, Texas 75686

Members of the Special Committee:

Pilgrim s Pride Corporation (the Company) proposes to engage in a reclassification transaction (the Reclassification) in which the Company would reclassify each outstanding share of Class A Common Stock, par value \$.01 per share (the Class A Common Stock), and each outstanding share of Class B Common Stock, par value \$.01 per share (the Class B Common Stock), into one share (the Exchange Ratio) of a single class of common stock, par value \$.01, of the Company (the New Common Stock).

You have asked us whether, in our opinion, the Exchange Ratio pursuant to the Reclassification is fair from a financial point of view to both the holders of the Class A Common Stock and the Class B Common Stock, in each case other than members of the Pilgrim family and their affiliated entities.

In arriving at the opinion set forth below, we have, among other things:

- (1) Reviewed the Company s certificate of incorporation as it relates to the rights and privileges of the Class A Common Stock and the Class B Common Stock, and held discussions with the Company s outside counsel regarding such rights and privileges;
- (2) Reviewed a draft of the form of proposed certificate of amendment of the certificate of incorporation of the Company providing for the Reclassification (the Amendment);
- (3) Conducted discussions with members of senior management of the Company concerning the original creation of a dual class structure, the strategic and other reasons behind the decision of the Company to engage in the Reclassification, and certain other aspects of the Reclassification;

- (4) Reviewed the market prices, trading volumes and trading liquidity for the Class A Common Stock and the Class B Common Stock and compared them with the securities of certain publicly traded dual class companies that we deemed to be relevant;
- (5) Compared the proposed financial terms of the Reclassification and the Exchange Ratio with the financial terms of certain other reclassification transactions that we deemed to be relevant and the exchange ratios used in such transactions;
- (6) Reviewed a draft of the form of Voting Agreement (the Voting Agreement) to be entered into by certain members of the Pilgrim family and their affiliated entities that provides, among other things, that the combined voting power of shares of New Common Stock that would be held by such holders

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immediately after the Reclassification will not exceed the total power held by such holders prior to the Reclassification;

- (7) Reviewed a draft of the preliminary proxy statement of the Company with respect to the Reclassification (the Proxy Statement); and
- (8) Reviewed such other financial studies and analyses and took into account such other matters as we deemed necessary, including our assessment of general economic, market and monetary conditions.

In preparing our opinion, we have assumed and relied on the accuracy and completeness of all information supplied or otherwise made available to us, discussed with or reviewed by or for us, or publicly available, and we have not assumed any responsibility for independently verifying such information or undertaken an independent evaluation or appraisal of any of the assets or liabilities of the Company or been furnished with any such evaluation or appraisal, nor have we evaluated the solvency or fair value of the Company under any state or federal laws relating to bankruptcy, insolvency or similar matters. In addition, we have not assumed any obligation to conduct any physical inspection of the properties or facilities of the Company. We have further assumed that the Reclassification will qualify as a tax-free exchange and recapitalization for U.S. federal income tax purposes, and that the final forms of the Amendment and the Voting Agreement will be substantially similar to the last drafts reviewed by us. We have also assumed that the Reclassification will be consummated in accordance with the terms of the Amendment and as described in the Proxy Statement.

Our opinion is necessarily based upon market, economic and other conditions as they exist and can be evaluated on, and on the information made available to us as of, the date hereof.

We are acting as financial advisor to the Special Committee of the Board of Directors (the Special Committee) in connection with the delivery of this opinion and will receive a fee from the Company for our services upon the delivery of this opinion. In addition, the Company has agreed to indemnify us for certain liabilities arising out of our engagement. As you are aware, we were not requested to and did not provide advice concerning the structure, the Exchange Ratio or any other aspects of the Reclassification. We have, in the past, provided financing services to the Company and may continue to do so and have received, and may receive, fees for the rendering of such services. In addition, in the ordinary course of our business, we may actively trade the Class A Common Stock and the Class B Common Stock and other securities of the Company for our own account and for the accounts of customers and, accordingly, may at any time hold a long or short position in such securities.

This opinion is for the use and benefit of the Special Committee and the Board of Directors of the Company. Our opinion does not address the merits of the underlying decision by the Company to engage in the Reclassification and does not constitute a recommendation to any shareholder of the Company as to how such shareholder should vote on the proposed Reclassification or any matter related thereto. In addition, you have not asked us to address, and this opinion does not address, the fairness to, or any other consideration of, the holders of any class of securities, creditors or other constituencies of the Company other than the holders of the Class A Common Stock and the Class B Common Stock (in each case other than members of the Pilgrim family and their affiliated entities). We are not expressing any opinion herein as to the prices at which the Class A Common Stock or the Class B Common Stock will trade following the announcement of the Reclassification or as to the prices at which the New Common Stock will trade following consummation of the Reclassification, and our opinion does not address the relative fairness of the Exchange Ratio to the holders of the Class A Common Stock and the Class B Common Stock.

On the basis of and subject to the foregoing, we are of the opinion that, as of the date hereof, the Exchange Ratio pursuant to the Reclassification is fair from a financial point of view to both the holders of the Class A Common Stock and the Class B Common Stock, in each case other than members of the Pilgrim family and their affiliated entities.

Very truly yours,

MERRILL LYNCH, PIERCE, FENNER & SMITH

INCORPORATED

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Annex B

[LETTERHEAD OF CREDIT SUISSE FIRST BOSTON LLC]

June 7, 2003

Board of Directors

Pilgrim s Pride Corporation

110 South Texas

Pittsburg, Texas 75686

Members of the Board:

You have asked us to advise you with respect to the fairness, from a financial point of view, to Pilgrim s Pride Corporation (Pilgrim s Pride) of the Purchase Price (as defined below) to be paid by Pilgrim s Pride pursuant to the terms of the Stock Purchase Agreement, dated as of June 7, 2003 (the Agreement), between ConAgra Foods, Inc. (ConAgra) and Pilgrim s Pride. The Agreement provides for, among other things, the purchase by Pilgrim s Pride (the Acquisition) of all of the outstanding shares of the capital stock of ConAgra Poultry Company (CPC), To-Ricos, Inc., Lovette Company, Inc. and Hester Industries, Inc., each a wholly owned subsidiary of ConAgra (collectively, together with ConAgra Poultry Company of Kentucky, Inc., a wholly owned subsidiary of CPC, the Acquired Companies), as a result of which Pilgrim s Pride will acquire ConAgra s chicken business (the Business), for a total purchase price equal to the combined, consolidated stockholders equity of the Acquired Companies as of the closing date of the Acquisition calculated in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles consistently applied and as adjusted pursuant to the Agreement (the Adjusted Net Book Value), less a discount of \$100 million net of certain amounts set forth in the Agreement and subject to further adjustment based on impairment charges arising after April 20, 2003 as specified in the Agreement (the Purchase Price). The Agreement provides that the Purchase Price will be payable in the form of \$100 million in cash, up to 39,400,000 shares of Class A common stock, par value \$0.01 per share, of Pilgrim s Pride (Pilgrim s Pride Class A Common Stock) and a subordinated promissory note of Pilgrim s Pride maturing on March 4, 2011 and bearing interest, payable semiannually, at a rate of 10.50% per annum (the Subordinated Promissory Note).

In arriving at our opinion, we have reviewed the Agreement and certain related documents, and also have reviewed certain publicly available business and financial information relating to Pilgrim s Pride. We have reviewed certain other information relating to Pilgrim s Pride and certain business and financial information relating to the Business, including financial forecasts and other information and data for Pilgrim s Pride and the Business, provided to or discussed with us by the management of Pilgrim s Pride as well as certain other business and financial information relating to the Business, including estimates as to the Adjusted Net Book Value and other financial data, provided to or discussed with us by the managements of ConAgra and the Acquired Companies. We have met with the managements of Pilgrim s Pride, ConAgra and the Acquired Companies to discuss the business and prospects of Pilgrim s Pride and the Business. We have considered certain financial and stock market data of Pilgrim s Pride and certain financial data of the Business, and we have compared those data with similar data for publicly held companies in businesses similar to Pilgrim s Pride and the Business, and we have considered, to the extent publicly available, the financial terms of certain business combinations and other transactions which have been effected. We also considered such other information, financial studies, analyses and investigations and financial, economic and market criteria which we deemed relevant.

In connection with our review, we have not assumed any responsibility for independent verification of any of the foregoing information and have relied on such information being complete and accurate in all material respects. With respect to the financial forecasts and other information and data for Pilgrim s Pride and the Business provided to or discussed with us by the management of Pilgrim s Pride, we have been advised, and have

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Board of Directors

Pilgrim s Pride Corporate

June 7, 2003

assumed, that such forecasts and other information and data (including the potential cost savings and other synergies anticipated by the management of Pilgrim s Pride to result from the Acquisition) have been reasonably prepared on bases reflecting the best currently available estimates and judgments of the management of Pilgrim s Pride as to the future financial performance of Pilgrim s Pride and the Business and the other matters covered thereby, and further have assumed, with your consent, that the financial results reflected in such forecasts and other information and data will be realized in the amounts and at the times projected. With respect to the estimates as to the Adjusted Net Book Value and other financial data provided to or discussed with us by the managements of ConAgra and the Acquired Companies, we have been advised, and have assumed, that such estimates have been reasonably prepared on bases reflecting the best currently available estimates and judgments of the managements of ConAgra and the Acquired Companies and further have assumed, with your consent, that the actual Adjusted Net Book Value and other financial data will not vary from such estimates in any respect material to our analyses. We have assumed, with your consent, that in the course of obtaining the necessary regulatory and third party approvals and consents for the Acquisition, no modification, delay, limitation, restriction or condition will be imposed that will have an adverse effect on Pilgrim s Pride, the Business or the contemplated benefits to Pilgrim s Pride of the Acquisition and that the Acquisition will be consummated as described to us in accordance with the terms of the Agreement, without waiver, amendment or modification of any material term, condition or agreement. Representatives of Pilgrim s Pride have advised us, and we therefore have assumed, with your consent, that the Acquisition will be treated as an asset purchase for U.S. federal income tax purposes under Section 338(h)(10) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. We have not been requested to make, and have not made, an independent evaluation or appraisal of the assets or liabilities (contingent or otherwise) of Pilgrim s Pride or the Business, nor have we been furnished with any such evaluations or appraisals. Our opinion is necessarily based upon information available to us, and financial, economic, market and other conditions as they exist and can be evaluated, on the date hereof. We are not expressing any opinion as to what the value of Pilgrim s Pride Class A Common Stock or the Subordinated Promissory Note actually will be when issued pursuant to the Acquisition or the prices or values at which Pilgrim s Pride Class A Common Stock or the Subordinated Promissory Note will trade or otherwise be transferable at any time. Our opinion does not address the relative merits of the Acquisition as compared to other business strategies that might be available to Pilgrim s Pride, nor does it address the underlying business decision of Pilgrim s Pride to proceed with the Acquisition.

We have acted as financial advisor to Pilgrim s Pride in connection with the Acquisition and will receive a fee for our services, a significant portion of which is contingent upon the consummation of the Acquisition. We also will receive a fee in connection with this opinion. We and our affiliates in the past have provided services to Pilgrim s Pride and ConAgra unrelated to the Acquisition, for which services we and our affiliates have received compensation. In the ordinary course of business, we and our affiliates may actively trade the securities of Pilgrim s Pride and ConAgra for our own and such affiliates accounts and for the accounts of customers and, accordingly, may at any time hold long or short positions in such securities.

It is understood that this letter is for the information of the Board of Directors of Pilgrim s Pride in connection with its evaluation of the Acquisition and does not constitute a recommendation to any stockholder as to how such stockholder should vote or act on any matters relating to the Acquisition.

Based upon and subject to the foregoing, it is our opinion that, as of the date hereof, the Purchase Price to be paid by Pilgrim s Pride in the Acquisition is fair, from a financial point of view, to Pilgrim s Pride.

Very truly yours,

CREDIT SUISSE FIRST BOSTON LLC

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Annex C

CERTIFICATE OF AMENDMENT OF

CERTIFICATE OF INCORPORATION OF

PILGRIM S PRIDE CORPORATION

Pilgrim s Pride Corporation, a corporation organized and existing under the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware (the Corporation), does hereby certify that:

- 1. The amendment to the Corporation s Certificate of Incorporation set forth below was duly adopted in accordance with the provisions of Section 242 of the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware.
- 2. Article Fourth of the Corporation s Certificate of Incorporation is amended to read in its entirety as follows:

FOURTH:

I. Authorized Shares

The total number of shares of stock which the Corporation shall have authority to issue is 165,000,000 shares, consisting of the following:

- (1) 160,000,000 shares of common stock, par value \$.01 per share (the Common Stock); and
- (2) 5,000,000 shares of preferred stock, par value \$.01 per share (the Preferred Stock).
- II. <u>Designations, Preferences, etc. of the Capital Stock</u>

The designations, preferences, powers, qualifications, and special or relative rights or privileges of the capital stock of the Corporation shall be as set forth below.

(1) Reclassification of Existing Class A and Class B Common Stock.
(a) Upon the filing of this Certificate of Amendment of Certificate of Incorporation, each share of Class A Common Stock, par value \$.01 per share, of the Corporation either issued and outstanding or held by the Corporation as treasury stock, shall be and is automatically reclassified and changed (without any further act) into one share of Common Stock (such reclassification being the Class A Reclassification).
(b) Upon the filing of this Certificate of Amendment of Certificate of Incorporation, each share of Class B Common Stock, par value \$.01 per share, of the Corporation either issued and outstanding or held by the Corporation as treasury stock, shall be and is automatically reclassified and changed (without any further act) into one share of Common Stock (such reclassification being the Class B Reclassification).
(2) Voting Rights of the Common Stock.
(a) The holders of record of Common Stock shall be entitled to one vote per share for all purposes, except that a holder of record of a share of Common Stock shall be entitled to twenty votes per share on each matter submitted to a vote by the stockholders at a meeting of stockholders for each such share held of record by such holder on the record date for such meeting if, with respect to such share:
(i) each and every beneficial owner of such share was the beneficial owner thereof at the effective time of the Class A Reclassification or the Class B Reclassification; and
(ii) there has been no change in the beneficial ownership of the share at any time after the filing of this Certificate of Amendment of Certificate of Incorporation.
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A. Common Stock

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- (b) A change in beneficial ownership of an outstanding share of Common Stock shall be deemed to have occurred whenever a change occurs in any person or group of persons who, directly or indirectly, through any contract, arrangement, understanding, relationship or otherwise has or shares (i) voting power, which includes the power to vote or to direct the voting of such share of Common Stock, (ii) investment power, which includes the power to direct the sale or other disposition of such share of Common Stock, (iii) the right to receive or retain the proceeds of any sale or other disposition of such share of Common Stock, or (iv) the right to receive any distributions, including cash dividends, in respect of such share of Common Stock.
- (A) In the absence of proof to the contrary provided in accordance with the procedures referred to in subparagraph (d) of this paragraph (2), a change in the beneficial ownership shall be deemed to have occurred whenever a share of Common Stock is transferred of record into the name of any other person.
- (B) The beneficial owner of an outstanding share of Common Stock held of record on a record date for determining the holders entitled to vote on any matter submitted to a vote by the shareholders (a Record Date) in street or nominee name or by a broker, clearing agency, voting trustee, bank, trust company or other nominee (including any share so held at the time of filing of this Certificate of Amendment of Certificate of Incorporation) shall be presumed to have acquired the beneficial ownership of such share subsequent to the filing of this Certificate of Amendment of Certificate of Incorporation. Such presumption shall be rebuttable by showing that beneficial ownership of such share with respect to each and every beneficial owner thereof complies with subparagraph (a) of this paragraph (2).
- (C) In the case of a share of Common Stock held of record in the name of any person as a trustee, agent, guardian or custodian under the Uniform Transfers to Minors Act in effect in any state, a change in the beneficial ownership shall be deemed to have occurred whenever there is a change in the beneficiary of such trust, the principal of such agent, the ward of such guardian or the minor for whom such custodian is acting or in such trustee, agent, guardian or custodian.
- (c) Notwithstanding anything in this paragraph (2) to the contrary, no change in beneficial ownership shall be deemed to have occurred for purposes of clause (i) and (ii) of subparagraph (a) of this paragraph (2) solely as a result of:
- (i) any event that occurred prior to the filing of this Certificate of Amendment of Certificate of Incorporation pursuant to the terms of any contract (other than a contract for the purchase and sale of shares of Common Stock contemplating prompt settlement), including contracts providing for options, rights of first refusal and similar arrangements in existence at the time of such filing to which any holder of shares of Common Stock is a party;
- (ii) any transfer of any interest in a share of Common Stock pursuant to a bequest or inheritance by operation of law upon the death of any individual, or by any other transfer to or primarily for the benefit of family member(s) of the transferor or any trust, partnership or other entity primarily for the benefit of one or more of such family member(s), or pursuant to an appointment of a successor trustee, general partner or similar fiduciary or the grant of a proxy or other voting rights to one or more individuals with respect to any such trust, partnership or other entity, including a gift;
- (iii) any change in the beneficiary of any trust or any distribution of a share of Common Stock from trust, by reason of the birth, death, marriage or divorce of any natural person, the adoption of any natural person prior to age 18 or the passage of a given period of time or the attainment by any natural person of a specific age, or the creation or termination of any guardianship or custodial arrangement;

(iv) any transfer of any interest in a share of Common Stock from one spouse to another by reason of separation or divorce or under or pursuant to community property laws or other similar laws of any jurisdiction;

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- (v) any appointment of a successor trustee, agent, guardian, custodian or similar fiduciary with respect to a share of Common Stock if neither such successor has nor its predecessor had the power to vote or to dispose of such share of Common Stock without further instructions from others;
- (vi) any change in the person to whom dividends or other distributions in respect of a share of Common Stock are to be paid pursuant to the issuance or modification of a revocable dividend payment order;
- (vii) any transfer of the beneficial ownership of a share of Common Stock from one employee benefit plan of the Corporation to another employee benefit plan of the Corporation;
- (viii) the grant by any person of the right to vote any shares of which such person is the beneficial owner, provided the agreement, arrangement or understanding to vote such shares arises solely from a revocable proxy or consent given in response to a proxy or consent solicitation made to 10 or more persons; or
- (ix) any event occurring under the Share Voting Agreement, dated as of June 7, 2003, among Lonnie Bo Pilgrim, Lonnie Ken Pilgrim and certain affiliated entities and ConAgra Foods, Inc. or any voting agreement to which any such persons or entities are parties entered into in connection with the New York Stock Exchange s consent to the Class A Reclassification and Class B Reclassification.

As used in paragraph 2(c)(ii) above, family member of a transferor means the transferor s spouse, ancestors, lineal descendants, siblings and their descendants, aunts and uncles, mother-in-law, father-in-law, sons-in-law, daughters-in-law, brothers-in-law, sisters-in-law and first cousins; and a legally adopted child of an individual shall be treated as a child of such individual by blood.

- (d) For purposes of this paragraph (2), all determinations concerning changes in beneficial ownership, or the absence of any such change, shall be made by the Corporation or, at any time when a transfer agent is acting with respect to the share of Common Stock, by such transfer agent on the Corporation s behalf. Written procedures designed to facilitate such determinations shall be established by the Corporation and refined from time to time. Such procedures shall provide, among other things, the manner of proof of facts that will be accepted and the frequency with which such proof may be required to be renewed. The Corporation and any transfer agent shall be entitled to rely on all information concerning beneficial ownership of the shares of Common Stock coming to their attention from any source and in any manner reasonably deemed by them to be reliable, but neither the Corporation nor any transfer agent shall be charged with any other knowledge concerning the beneficial ownership of the shares of Common Stock.
- (e) A beneficial owner of any share of Common Stock acquired as a direct result of a stock split, stock dividend, reclassification, rights offering or other distribution of shares or rights by the Corporation with respect to existing shares (dividend shares) will be deemed to have been the continuous beneficial owner of such share from the date on which the original shares, with respect to which the dividend shares were issued, were acquired.

- (f) The number of authorized shares of Common Stock may be increased or decreased (but not below the number of shares thereof then outstanding) by the affirmative vote of the holders of a majority of the voting power of the Common Stock.
- (g) No holder of Common Stock shall be entitled to preemptive or subscription rights.
- (3) <u>Identical Rights</u>. Each share of Common Stock, whether at any particular time the holder thereof is entitled to exercise twenty votes or one, shall be identical to all other shares of Common Stock in all respects, and together the shares of Common Stock shall constitute a single class of shares of the Corporation.

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- (4) <u>Dividends on the Common Stock</u>.
- (a) Subject to the prior rights and preferences, if any, applicable to shares of the Preferred Stock or any series thereof, the holders of shares of Common Stock shall be entitled to receive such dividends (payable in cash, stock, or otherwise) as may be declared thereon by the Corporation s board of directors (the Board of Directors) at any time and from time to time out of any funds of the Corporation legally available therefor.
- (b) Dividends payable under this paragraph (4) shall be paid to the holders of record of the outstanding shares of Common Stock as their names shall appear on the stock register of the Corporation on the record date fixed by the Board of Directors in advance of declaration and payment of each dividend. Any shares of Common Stock issued as a dividend pursuant to this paragraph (4) shall, when so issued, be duly authorized, validly issued, fully paid and non-assessable, and free of all liens and charges.
- (c) Notwithstanding anything contained herein to the contrary, no dividends on shares of Common Stock shall be declared by the Board of Directors or paid or set apart for payment by the Corporation at any time that such declaration, payment or setting apart is prohibited by applicable law.
- (5) <u>Liquidation Rights of the Common Stock</u>. In the event of any voluntary or involuntary liquidation, dissolution, or winding-up of the Corporation, after distribution in full of the preferential amounts, if any, to be distributed to the holders of shares of the Preferred Stock or any series thereof, the holders of shares of Common Stock shall be entitled to receive all of the remaining assets of the Corporation available for distribution to its stockholders, ratably in proportion to the number of shares of Common Stock held by them. A liquidation, dissolution, or winding-up of the Corporation, as such terms are used in this paragraph (5), shall not be deemed to be occasioned by or to include any consolidation or merger of the Corporation with or into any other corporations or other entity or a sale, lease, exchange, or conveyance of all or a part of the assets of the Corporation.

B. Preferred Stock

Shares of the Preferred Stock may be issued from time to time in one or more series, the shares of each series to have such voting powers, full or limited, or no voting powers, and such designations, preferences and relative, participating, optional or other special rights, and qualifications, limitations or restrictions thereof, as shall be stated and expressed in a resolution or resolutions providing for the issue of such series adopted by the Board of Directors of the Corporation. The Board of Directors of the Corporation is hereby expressly authorized, subject to the limitations provided by law, to establish and designate series of the Preferred Stock, to fix the number of shares constituting each series, and to fix the designations and the relative powers, rights, preferences and limitations of the shares of each series and the variations in the relative powers, rights, preferences and limitations as between series, and to increase and to decrease the number of shares constituting each series.

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IN WITNESS WHEREOF, Pilgrim s Pride Corporation has caused this Certificate to officer, on this day of, 2003.	PILGRIM S PRIDE CORPORATION
	By: Name:
	Title:

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Annex D

STOCK PURCHASE AGREEMENT

AGREEMENT, dated as of June 7, 2003, by and between Pilgrim s Pride Corporation, a Delaware corporation (<u>Buyer</u>), and ConAgra Foods, Inc., a Delaware corporation (<u>Seller</u>).

RECITALS:

- (a) Seller is the owner of all of the issued and outstanding capital stock of ConAgra Poultry Company (<u>CP</u>C), To-Ricos, In<u>c. (To-R</u>icos), Lovette Company, Inc. (<u>Lovette</u>) and Hester Industries, In<u>c. (Hester</u>).
- (b) Seller desires to sell all of the issued and outstanding shares of capital stock of CPC (the <u>CPC Stock</u>), To-Ricos (the <u>To-Ricos S</u>tock), Lovette (the <u>Lovette Stock</u>) and Hester (the <u>Hester S</u>tock and, together with the CPC Stock, To-Ricos Stock and Lovette Stock, the <u>Stock</u>) to Buyer, and Buyer desires to purchase the Stock from Seller, for the consideration and upon the terms and conditions contained in this Agreement.

AGREEMENT:

In consideration of the foregoing recitals and in further consideration of the mutual covenants and agreements hereinafter contained, the parties hereto agree, subject to the terms and conditions hereinafter set forth, as follows:

1. **Definitions**.

1.1 <u>Certain Defined Terms</u>. As used in this Agreement, the following terms shall have the following respective meanings:

Acquired Companies means CPC, To-Ricos, Lovette, Hester and the Company Subsidiary, and Acquired Company means any of them.

Action shall mean any claim, action, litigation, suit, arbitration, inquiry, proceeding or investigation by or before any Governmental Authority.

<u>Affilia</u>te shall mean, with respect to any specified Person, any other Person that directly, or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, Controls, is Controlled by, or is under common Control with, such specified Person.

Agreement shall mean this Agreement.

Ancillary Agreements shall mean, collectively, the Registration Rights Agreements, the Transition Services Agreement, the Transition Trademark License Agreement, the ConAgra Supply Agreement, the Molinos Supply Agreement, the Montgomery Supply Agreement, the Environmental License Agreement, the Buyer Release, the Seller Release and any other agreement, certificate or instrument executed and delivered at Closing pursuant to this Agreement.

<u>Applicable Accounting Principles</u> shall mean GAAP, consistently applied, in effect on the date hereof, subject, however, to the principles and procedures set forth on <u>Exhibit 1.1(a)</u>.

<u>Business</u> shall mean all of the chicken business (including grow-out, slaughter, processing, further processing, rendering, sales and distribution, both at retail and foodservice, and related assets and employees), including the Pierce and PFS businesses, conducted by the Acquired Companies as of the date hereof at and from the facilities described on <u>Exhibit 1.1(b)</u>, excluding, however, the Retained Businesses. Without limitation, Business shall include the businesses and operations managed by Seller s management team based out of Duluth, Georgia, including the Pierce and PFS businesses.

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Buyer Closing Material Adverse Effect shall mean any result, occurrence, fact, change or event arising between March 29, 2003 and the Closing Date (whether or not such result, occurrence, fact, change or event has manifested itself in the historical financial statements of Buyer, and whether known or unknown as of the date of this Agreement), that has had, or can reasonably be expected to have, a material adverse impact on the business, operations, financial condition, results of operations or capitalization, in each case, of Buyer, taken as a whole, provided that any such result, occurrence, fact, change or event has had, or can reasonably be expected to have, individually or in the aggregate, a negative impact on Buyer in excess of \$25,000,000, net of any tax benefits, recoveries and/or receivables relating thereto; provided, however, that the following shall not be taken into account in determining whether there has been a Buyer Closing Material Adverse Effect:

- such result, occurrence, fact, change or event has had, or can reasonably be expected to have, individually or in the aggregate, a negative impact on Buyer in excess of \$25,000,000, net of any tax benefits, recoveries and/or receivables relating thereto; provided, however, that the following shall not be taken into account in determining whether there has been a Buyer Closing Material Adverse Effect:

 (1) any such effects attributable to general conditions affecting the Mexican economy or the United States economy nationally or regionally (including, without limitation, prevailing interest rate and securities market levels);

 (2) any such effects attributable to conditions (whether economic, legal, regulatory, financial, political or otherwise) affecting the poultry industry generally which do not effect Buyer materially disproportionally relative to other similarly situated participants in the poultry industry;

 (3) any such effects relating to or resulting from, directly or indirectly, the transactions contemplated by this Agreement or the announcement or pendency thereof;

 (4) fees and expenses, severance and other benefit or compensation costs paid or to be paid by Buyer or Seller pursuant to this Agreement in connection with the transactions contemplated in this Agreement;

 (5) any action taken by, or any action of, Buyer with the prior written consent of Seller; and
- Buyer Material Adverse Effect shall mean any result, occurrence, fact, change or event (whether or not such result, occurrence, fact, change or event has manifested itself in the historical financial statements of Buyer, and whether known or unknown as of the date of this Agreement or the Closing Date), that has had, or can reasonably be expected to have, a material adverse impact on (a) the business, operations, financial condition, results of operations or capitalization, in each case, of Buyer, taken as a whole, or (b) the ability of Seller or Buyer to consummate the transactions contemplated by this Agreement; provided, however, that the following shall not be taken into account in determining whether there has been a Buyer Material Adverse Effect:
- (1) any such effects attributable to general conditions affecting the Mexican economy or the United States economy nationally or regionally (including, without limitation, prevailing interest rate and securities market levels);

(2) any such effects attributable to conditions (whether economic, legal, regulatory, financial, political or otherwise) affecting the poultry industry generally which do not effect Buyer materially disproportionally relative to other similarly situated participants in the poultry industry;
(3) any such effects relating to or resulting from, directly or indirectly, the transactions contemplated by this Agreement or the announcement or pendency thereof;
(4) fees and expenses, severance and other benefit or compensation costs paid or to be paid by Buyer or Seller pursuant to this Agreement in connection with the transactions contemplated in this Agreement;
(5) any action taken by, or any action of, Buyer with the prior written consent of Seller; and

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pendency thereof;

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(6) any failure by Buyer to meet any internal projections, expectations or forecasts or published revenue or earnings predictions for any period ending on or after the date of this Agreement as a result of any one or more of the events described in items (1)-(5) above. Buyer Retention Obligations shall mean the obligations to pay (or reimburse Seller for Seller s payment of) the restricted stock benefits, stock option (\$24) benefits and 24 month severance benefits payable pursuant to the Retention Agreements listed in Exhibit 1.1(j)(y), or any substitute or replacement agreements agreed to by Buyer and Seller, plus payroll taxes with respect to the payment of such amounts. Such amounts are summarized in Exhibit 1.1(j)(x) and total \$722,400, \$1,079,153, and \$4,491,738, respectively. Code shall mean the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. Company Closing Material Adverse Effect shall mean any result, occurrence, fact, change or event arising between April 20, 2003 and the Closing Date (whether or not such result, occurrence, fact, change or event has manifested itself in the historical financial statements of the Business, and whether known or unknown as of the date of this Agreement), that has had, or can reasonably be expected to have, a material adverse impact on the business, operations, financial condition, results of operations or capitalization, in each case, of the Business, taken as a whole, provided that any such result, occurrence, fact, change or event has had, or can reasonably be expected to have, individually or in the aggregate, a negative impact on the Business in excess of \$25,000,000, net of any tax benefits, recoveries and/or receivables relating thereto; provided, however, that the following shall not be taken into account in determining whether there has been a Company Closing Material Adverse Effect: (1) any such effects attributable to general conditions affecting the Puerto Rican economy or the United States economy nationally or regionally (including, without limitation, prevailing interest rate and securities market levels); (2) any such effects attributable to conditions (whether economic, legal, regulatory, financial, political or otherwise) affecting the poultry industry generally which do not effect the Business materially disproportionally relative to other similarly situated participants in the poultry industry;

(5) any action taken by, or any action of, Seller with the prior written consent of Buyer; and

connection with the transactions contemplated in this Agreement;

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(3) any such effects relating to or resulting from, directly or indirectly, the transactions contemplated by this Agreement or the announcement or

(4) fees and expenses, severance and other benefit or compensation costs paid or to be paid by Buyer or Seller pursuant to this Agreement in

(6) any failure by the Business to meet any internal projections, expectations or forecasts or published revenue or earnings predictions for any period ending on or after the date of this Agreement as a result of any one or more of the events described in items (1)-(5) above.

Company Material Adverse Effect shall mean any result, occurrence, fact, change or event (whether or not such result, occurrence, fact, change or event has manifested itself in the historical financial statements of the Business, and whether known or unknown as of the date of this Agreement or the Closing Date), that has had, or can reasonably be expected to have, a material adverse impact on (a) the business, operations, financial condition, results of operations or capitalization, in each case, of the Business, taken as a whole, or (b) the ability of Seller or Buyer to consummate the transactions contemplated by this Agreement; provided, however, that the following shall not be taken into account in determining whether there has been a Company Material Adverse Effect:

(1) any such effects attributable to general conditions affecting the Puerto Rican economy or the United States economy nationally or regionally (including, without limitation, prevailing interest rate and securities market levels);

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reduce the Discount Amount.

(2) any such effects attributable to conditions (whether economic, legal, regulatory, financial, political or otherwise) affecting the poultry industry generally which do not effect the Business materially disproportionally relative to other similarly situated participants in the poultry industry;
(3) any such effects relating to or resulting from, directly or indirectly, the transactions contemplated by this Agreement or the announcement or pendency thereof;
(4) fees and expenses, severance and other benefit or compensation costs paid or to be paid by Buyer or Seller pursuant to this Agreement in connection with the transactions contemplated in this Agreement;
(5) any action taken by, or any action of, Seller with the prior written consent of Buyer; and
(6) any failure by the Business to meet any internal projections, expectations or forecasts or published revenue or earnings predictions for any period ending on or after the date of this Agreement as a result of any one or more of the events described in items (1)-(5) above.
Company Subsidiary shall mean ConAgra Poultry Company of Kentucky, Inc., a Kentucky corporation.
<u>ConAgra Supply Agreement</u> shall mean that certain agreement between Buyer and Seller in the form attached hereto <u>as Exhibit 1.1</u> (c).
Confidentiality Agreement shall mean the Confidentiality Agreements between Buyer and Seller, each dated March 7, 2003.
<u>Control</u> (including the terms Controlled by and under common Control with), with respect to the relationship between or among two or mor Persons, shall mean the possession, directly or indirectly, of the power to direct or cause the direction of the affairs or management of a Person, whether through the ownership of voting securities, by contract or otherwise, including, without limitation, the ownership, directly or indirectly, of securities having the power to elect a majority of the board of directors or similar body governing the affairs of such Person.
Deloitte shall mean Deloitte & Touche LLP.
<u>Discount Amount</u> shall mean \$100,000,000 less the sum of (i) the Seller Retention Obligations, (ii) the lesser of the cost of the audit referred to

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in Section 9.15 and \$600,000 and (iii) any out-of-pocket costs and expenses incurred by Seller in providing environmental reports, title searches, insurance (or commitments therefor) or real estate surveys requested by Buyer in a writing confirming that any such costs and expenses will

DOJ shall mean the United States Department of Justice.
DOL shall mean the United States Department of Labor.
Encumbrances shall mean any mortgage, lien, pledge, hypothecation, security interest, encumbrance, covenant, title defect, easement, title retention agreement, voting trust agreement or right-of-first refusal.
Environmental License Agreement shall mean that certain agreement between Buyer and Seller in the form attached hereto as Exhibit 1.1(d).
Environmental Site Assessments shall mean the reports, surveys and site assessments listed on Exhibit 1.1(e) attached hereto.
Estimated Purchase Price shall mean estimated Adjusted Net Book Value, as derived from the Estimated Closing Balance Sheet.
<u>Equity Securities</u> shall mean any capital stock or other equity interest or any securities convertible into or exchangeable for capital stock or other equity interest or any other rights, warrants or options to acquire any of the foregoing securities.
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Index to Financial Statements <u>ERISA</u> shall mean the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended. FTC shall mean the United States Federal Trade Commission. <u>GAAP</u> shall mean United States generally accepted accounting principles. Governmental Authority shall mean any federal, state, local or foreign government, any governmental, regulatory or administrative authority, agency or commission or any court, tribunal, or judicial or arbitral body. HSR Act shall mean the Hart-Scott-Rodino Antitrust Improvements Act of 1976, as amended. <u>Indemnified Party</u> shall mean a party entitled to indemnification hereunder. <u>Indemnifying Party</u> shall mean a party obligated to provide indemnification hereunder. <u>IRS</u> shall mean the United States Internal Revenue Service. <u>La</u>w shall mean any currently existing federal, state, local or foreign statute, law, ordinance, regulation, rule, executive order, code, governmental restriction or other requirement of law or any judicial or administrative interpretation thereof. <u>Liabilities</u> shall mean any and all debts, liabilities and obligations, whether known or unknown or contingent or liquidated. Molinos Supply Agreement shall mean that certain agreement between Buyer and Seller in the form attached hereto as Exhibit 1.1(f). Montgomery Supply Agreement shall mean that certain agreement between Buyer and Seller in the form attached hereto as Exhibit 1.1(g).

<u>Net Book Value</u> shall mean the combined, consolidated stockholders equity of the Acquired Companies as of the Effective Time and calculated in accordance with Applicable Accounting Principles.

Permitted Encumbrances shall mean the Encumbrances listed on Exhibit 1.1(h) hereto.
<u>Person</u> shall mean any individual, partnership, firm, corporation, limited liability company, association, trust, unincorporated organization, other contity or Governmental Authority.
<u>Pre-Closing Period</u> means all taxable periods ending on or before the Closing Date, including that portion of any Straddle Period ending on the Closing Date.
Registration Rights Agreements shall mean the Registration Rights and Transfer Restriction Agreement and the 10.50% Subordinated Notes de March 4, 2011 Registration Rights Agreement, both as attached hereto as Exhibit 1.1(i) .
Retained Assets shall mean the assets of Seller, CPC or their Affiliates listed on Exhibit 9.4.3.
Retained Businesses shall mean all businesses and operations of Seller and its Affiliates other than those relating to the Business, including, without limitation, business and operations relating to the Butterball, Banquet and Country Skillet businesses and operations and the Retained Assets.
SEC shall mean the United States Securities and Exchange Commission.
Seller Retention Obligations shall mean (i) \$7,074,202, comprised of (x) the Transaction Bonuses, and (y) the \$2,500,000 payment pursuant to the agreement attached as Exhibit 1.1(j)(z), plus (ii) the amount of payroll taxes payable by Seller with respect to the payment of such amounts.
<u>Straddle Perio</u> d means any taxable year or period beginning on or before the Closing Date and ending after the Closing Date.
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<u>Subordinated Promissory Note</u> shall mean a Subordinated Promissory Note to be delivered by Buyer to Seller pursuant to a customary indenture having covenants substantially as described on <u>Exhibit 1.1(k)</u> .
<u>Subsidiary</u> shall mean, with respect to any Person, another Person owned directly or indirectly by such Person by reason of such Person owning or controlling an amount of the voting securities, other voting ownership or voting partnership interests of another Person which is sufficient to elect at least a majority of its Board of Directors or other governing body of another Person or, if there are no such voting interests, at least a majority of the equity interests of another Person.
<u>Tax</u> or <u>Taxes</u> means all federal, state, local, foreign and other taxes, charges, fees, duties (including customs duties), levies or assessments, including income, gross receipts, net proceeds, alternative or add-on minimum, ad valorem, turnover, real and personal property (tangible and intangible), gains, sales, use, franchise, excise, value added, stamp, leasing, lease, user, transfer, fuel, excess profits, occupational, windfall profits, severance, license, payroll, environmental, capital stock, employee s income withholding, other withholding, unemployment and social security taxes, that are imposed by any Governmental Authority, and including any interest, penalties or additions to tax attributable thereto.
<u>Tax Return</u> means any report, return or other information required to be supplied to a Governmental Authority in connection with any Taxes and all claims for refunds of Taxes.
<u>Transaction Bonuses</u> shall mean the transaction bonuses identified <u>on Exhibit 1.1(j)(x)</u> , which total \$4,574,202 in the aggregate, and are paid pursuant to the Retention Agreements listed in <u>Exhibit 1.1(j)(y)</u> , or any substitute or replacement agreements agreed to by Seller and Buyer.
<u>Transfer Taxes</u> means any Taxes (other than Taxes imposed on net income or gains) imposed on the sale of the Stock or as a result of the joint election under Section 338(h)(10) for the Acquired Companies pursuant to or in connection with the transactions contemplated in this Agreement.
<u>Transition Services Agreement</u> shall mean that certain agreement between Buyer and Seller in the form attached hereto <u>as Exhibit 1.1(1)</u> ; provided that at any time prior to the 30 th day prior to Closing, Buyer may specify that it does not want some of the transition services to be provided to it under such agreement and Seller may specify that it does not want some of the transition services to be provided to it under such agreement, in which case appropriate adjustments shall be made to such agreement to remove from the agreement the provision of the specified transition services and the cost identified therewith.
<u>Transition Trademark License Agreement</u> shall mean that certain agreement between Buyer and Seller in the form attached hereto <u>as Exhi</u> bit <u>1.1(m)</u> .
<u>United States</u> shall mean the United States of America.

<u>Voting Agreement</u> shall mean that certain agreement between Seller and certain stockholders of Buyer in the form attached hereto <u>as Exhi</u>bit 1.1(n) hereto.

1.2 Other Defined Terms. The following terms shall have the meanings given to such terms in the Sections indicated below.

Term	Section
Adjustment Amount	5.2
Adjusted Net Book Value	5.1(a)
Audit	5.1(b)
Average Price	3.3.2
Balance Sheets	Exhibit 1.1(a)
Business Confidential Information	9.16

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Term	Section
Dayson	first management
Buyer	first paragraph
Buyer Capital Stock	8.3
Buyer Disclosure Schedule	8
Buyer Indemnified Persons	13.3
Buyer Indemnities	12.2
Buyer Major Customers	8.23
Buyer Material Contracts	8.13
Buyer Owned Real Property	8.18
Buyer Permits	8.12
Buyer Release	4.1.7
Buyer SEC Documents	8.10
Buyer Stockholder Meeting	9.10(a)
Buyer s 125 Plan	6.6
Cash Payment	3.3.1
Charter Documents	7.2
Chattanooga Plan	6.2(b)
Claim Notice	12.3
Closing	4
Closing Date	4
Company Employees	6.1(a)
Company Litigation	9.8.1
Company Material Contracts	7.14
Company Permits	7.13
CPC	recital (a)
CPC Stock	recital (b)
Corporate Services	9.4.2
Disabled Company Employees	6.1(a)
Effective Time	4
Employee Plan	7.17
Environmental Claims	7.18(e)(i)
Environmental Laws	7.18(e)(ii)
Environmental Permits	7.18(a)
Estimated Closing Balance Sheet	3.2
Executive Officers	14.13
Expired Intellectual Property Rights	9.18
Financial Statements	7.8.1
Final Closing Balance Sheet	5.1(d)
Final Adjusted Net Book Value	5.2
Final Adjusted Net Book Value Calculation	5.1(d)
Frozen Plan	6.2(b)
Guarantees	9.2.4
Hazardous Materials	7.18(e)(iii)
Hester	recital (a)
Hester Stock	recital (b)
Impairment Charge	5.1(a)
Intellectual Property Right	7.11
Interim Financials	7.8.1
knowledge, knows or known	14.13
Lovette	recital (a)

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Term	Section
Lovette Stock	recital (b)
Major Customers	7.24
Multiemployer Plan	7.17.7
Notice Period	12.3
OSHA Laws	7.26
Owned Real Property	7.21(a)
Pension Plan	7.17
Preliminary Audited Closing Balance Sheet	5.1(b)
Preliminary Closing Balance Sheet	5.1(a)
Proxy Statement	8.19
Purchase Price	3.1
Records	9.5
Reimbursement Accounts	6.6
Release	7.18(e)(iv)
Report	5.1(b)
Retained Intellectual Property	9.4.1
Retained Litigation	9.8.2
Retained Records	9.5
Rights	9.12
Seller	first paragraph
Seller s Counsel	4
Seller Disclosure Schedule	7
Seller 401(k) Plans	6.3
Seller Indemnified Persons	13.4
Seller Indemnities	12.1
Seller Release	4.2.5
Seller s 125 Plan	6.6
Share Amount	3.3.2
Share Price Adjustment	3.3.4
Shared Property	9.11
Shares	3.3.2
Stock	recital (b)
Subsequent Buyer SEC Documents	8.10
Termination Date	11.1(b)
To-Ricos	recital (a)
To-Ricos Stock	recital (b)
Voting Debt	7.6
WARN Act	6.4
Year-end Statements	7.8.1
1 car-cha Statements	7.0.1

2. <u>Purchase and Sale of Stock.</u> Subject to the terms and conditions set forth in this Agreement, at Closing, Seller shall sell, transfer, assign, convey and deliver to Buyer, and Buyer shall purchase, accept and acquire from Seller, all of the outstanding shares of the Stock.

3. Consideration.

^{3.1} **Purchase Price.** The purchase price payable by Buyer for the Stock (the <u>Purchase Price</u>) shall be an amount equal to Final Adjusted Net Book Value, as set forth in the Final Adjusted Net Book Value Calculation.

Estimated Closing Balance Sheet. On the fourth (4th) business day prior to the Closing Date, Seller shall prepare and deliver an estimated combined consolidated balance sheet for the Business

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(the <u>Estimated Closing Balance Shee</u>t), along with an estimate of the calculation of Adjusted Net Book Value, which shall be prepared pursuant to the provisions of Section 5.1(a) using the amounts reflected on the Estimated Closing Balance Sheet, both of which shall be estimated as of the Closing Date. Seller shall prepare the Estimated Closing Balance Sheet in good faith and in accordance with Applicable Accounting Principles. Buyer and its representatives shall have the right to consult with Seller in connection with the preparation of the Estimated Closing Balance Sheet but shall not have the right to approve the Estimated Closing Balance Sheet.

- 3.3 **Payment of the Purchase Price.** The Purchase Price shall be paid as follows:
 - 3.3.1 <u>Cash Payment.</u> \$100,000,000 shall be paid by Buyer to Seller in cash at Closing (the <u>Cash Payment</u>).
 - 3.3.2 **Buyer s Shares.** A portion of the Purchase Price (the Share Amount) shall be paid by Buyer issuing and delivering to Seller at Closing shares of Buyer s Class A common stock (the Shares). The number of Shares to be issued to Seller at Closing shall be equal to the lesser of 39,400,000 or the number of Shares determined by dividing (i) forty-five percent (45%) of the Estimated Purchase Price by (ii) the greater of (1) the volume weighted average trading price of Buyer s Class A common stock on the New York Stock Exchange, as reported by Bloomberg, L.P., during the period from the first trading day following the date the parties publicly announce their signing of this Agreement through the date that is five (5) trading days prior to the Closing Date (the Average Price) and (2) \$5.35. The value of such Shares for purposes of determining the amount of the Subordinated Promissory Note shall be equal to such number of Shares multiplied by the greater of the Average Price and \$5.35.
 - 3.3.3 <u>Subordinated Promissory Note.</u> The balance of the Purchase Price shall be paid by Buyer executing and delivering to Seller the Subordinated Promissory Note in the principal amount of such balance. The principal balance of the Subordinated Promissory Note delivered at Closing shall be based upon the Estimated Purchase Price, and shall subsequently be adjusted to reflect the final Purchase Price in accordance with Section 5.2.
 - 3.3.4 Share Price Adjustment. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Agreement, in the event the Average Price is less than \$5.35, then, at Buyer s option, by written notice to Seller delivered not more than three (3) business days prior to the Closing Date specifying which option Buyer elects, one of the following shall apply: (i) Buyer shall issue to Seller that number of additional Shares equal to (x) the amount by which \$5.35 exceeds the Average Price, multiplied by the number of Shares determined in accordance with Section 3.3.2 (the <u>Share Price Adjustment</u>) divided by (y) the Average Price; (ii) Buyer shall issue to Seller additional subordinated debt on the same terms as the Subordinated Promissory Note, the principal amount of which shall equal the Share Price Adjustment; (iii) Buyer shall deliver to Seller an additional amount in cash equal to the Share Price Adjustment; (iv) Buyer shall deliver to Seller a combination of the forms of additional consideration referred to in clauses (i), (ii) and (iii) above having an aggregate value equal to the Share Price Adjustment, such aggregate value determined by adding (a) the amount of cash, if any, (b) the principal amount of additional subordinated debt, if any, and (c) the number of additional shares, if any, multiplied by the Average Price; (v) Buyer and Seller shall mutually agree that Buyer shall deliver to Seller some other consideration having a value equal to the Share Price Adjustment; or (vi) Buyer may terminate this Agreement in accordance with Section 11.1(g) hereof, unless Seller agrees in writing, within 48 hours after receipt of written notice from Buyer of its intent to terminate this Agreement pursuant to Section 11.1(g), that the Purchase Price shall be reduced by an amount equal to the Share Price Adjustment, in which case Seller will not be entitled to the Share Price Adjustment and this Agreement will not be terminated pursuant to Section 11.1(g).

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- 3.3.5 Asset Retention. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Agreement, in the event the Estimated Purchase Price exceeds \$600,000,000, then, at Seller s option, by written notice to Buyer delivered concurrently with the Estimated Closing Date Balance Sheet specifying which option Seller elects, one of the following shall apply: (i) Seller may agree that the Purchase Price shall be adjusted to an amount equal to \$600,000,000 in the event that, and notwithstanding that, the Purchase Price as determined pursuant to the terms and conditions of this Agreement (but for the application of this Section 3.3.5) would exceed \$600,000,000, in which event, for all purposes of this Agreement, the Estimated Purchase Price shall equal \$600,000,000 and the Purchase Price shall equal the lesser of (x) \$600,000,000 and (y) the Purchase Price as determined pursuant to the terms and conditions of this Agreement but for the application of this Section 3.3.5, (ii) the Moorefield, West Virginia facility, and all assets located thereat and rights relating thereto, shall be retained by Seller, excluded from the term Business , and included within the term Retained Assets , for all purposes of this Agreement and the Estimated Purchase Price shall be recalculated on the basis that such facility, assets and rights are excluded from the Business and retained by Seller, or (iii) Seller may terminate this Agreement in accordance with Section 11.1(j) hereof, unless in the case of clause (ii) or (iii) immediately above, Buyer agrees in writing, within 48 hours after receipt of written notice from Seller of its intent to exclude such assets or terminate this Agreement in accordance with either clause (ii) or (iii) immediately above, that Buyer will pay the Purchase Price in full, as determined in accordance with the terms and conditions of this Agreement, notwithstanding that the Purchase Price exceeds \$600,000,000, in which case such assets will not be excluded and this Agreement will not be terminated pursuant to Section 11.1(j). Seller represents that, if Seller elects to exclude the assets and rights referred to in clause (ii) immediately above, the Purchase Price will be no greater than \$600,000,000.
- 3.3.6 **Form of Payment.** All cash payments required to be made pursuant to this Agreement shall be made by wire transfer of immediately available funds to the account designated by the receiving party.
- 4. <u>Closing</u>. Subject to the terms and conditions contained in this Agreement, the closing of the transactions contemplated hereby (the <u>Closing</u>) will occur at the offices of McGrath North Mullin & Kratz, PC LLO, First National Tower, 1601 Dodge Street, Suite 3700, Omaha, Nebraska 68102 (<u>Seller s Counsel</u>), on the fifth business day after the conditions set forth in Section 10 (other than those to be fulfilled at Closing) have been satisfied, or at such other place or on such other date as the parties hereto may mutually agree (the <u>Closing Date</u>). Closing shall be effective as of 11:59 p.m. central time on the Closing Date (the <u>Effective Time</u>).
 - 4.1 **<u>Buyer s Obligations at Closing.</u>** At the Closing, Buyer shall:
 - 4.1.1 <u>Consideration</u>. Deliver or cause to be delivered to Seller the Cash Payment in accordance with Section 3 hereof.
 - 4.1.2 **Shares.** Deliver to Seller stock certificates representing the Shares to be delivered in accordance with the provisions of Section 3.3.2 above.
 - 4.1.3 **Subordinated Promissory Note.** Execute and deliver to Seller the Subordinated Promissory Note.
 - 4.1.4 <u>Certificates</u>. Deliver to Seller the certificates contemplated in Section 10.3.
 - 4.1.5 **ConAgra Supply Agreement.** Execute and deliver to Seller the ConAgra Supply Agreement.

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- 4.1.6 <u>Transition Services Agreement.</u> Execute and deliver to Seller the Transition Services Agreement.
- 4.1.7 Release. Cause each of the Acquired Companies to execute and deliver, to Seller a release in the form attached hereto as Exhibit 4.1.7 (the Buyer Release), pursuant to which each such entity shall irrevocably discharge and forever release Seller and its Affiliates and their respective stockholders, directors, officers and employees (in their capacities as stockholders, directors, officers and employees of each of Seller, its Affiliates or the Acquired Companies) from any and all Liabilities, Actions, causes of action or other matters, whether known or unknown, arising or accruing on or prior to the Closing Date, other than those claims arising from this Agreement or the Ancillary Agreements or otherwise described therein.
- 4.1.8 **Registration Rights Agreements.** Execute and deliver to Seller the Registration Rights Agreements.
- 4.1.9 Transition Trademark License Agreement. Execute and deliver to Seller the Transition Trademark License Agreement.
- 4.1.10 Environmental License Agreement. Execute and deliver to Seller the Environmental License Agreement.
- 4.1.11 <u>Legal Opinion.</u> Deliver to Seller the executed legal opinion of Baker & McKenzie, Buyer s counsel, in the form attached hereto as Exhibit 4.1.11.
- 4.1.12 <u>Share Price Adjustment</u>. If applicable and at Buyer's election, deliver to Seller the additional Shares, subordinated debt, cash and/or other consideration in accordance with the provisions of Section 3.3.4 hereof.
- 4.1.13 Molinos Supply Agreement. Execute and deliver to Seller the Molinos Supply Agreement.
- 4.1.14 Montgomery Supply Agreement. Execute and deliver to Seller the Montgomery Supply Agreement.
- 4.2 **Seller s Obligations at Closing.** At the Closing, Seller shall:
 - 4.2.1 **Stock Certificates.** Deliver or cause to be delivered to Buyer stock certificates representing all of the Stock, duly endorsed in blank or accompanied by stock powers duly endorsed in blank.
 - 4.2.2 <u>Certificates</u>. Deliver to Buyer the certificates contemplated in Section 10.2.
 - 4.2.3 **Resignations.** Deliver to Buyer, to the extent requested by Buyer, written resignations of the officers and directors of the Acquired Companies, pursuant to which such individuals will relinquish their titles. Such resignations will not affect ongoing employment with the Acquired Companies.
 - 4.2.4 **Transition Services Agreement.** Execute and deliver to Buyer the Transition Services Agreement.

- 4.2.5 **Release.** Execute and deliver, and cause its Subsidiaries that have had any business dealings with the Acquired Companies whatsoever to execute and deliver, to Buyer a release in the form attached hereto as Exhibit 4.2.5 (the Seller Release), pursuant to which Seller and such Subsidiaries shall irrevocably discharge and forever release the Acquired Companies and the Company Employees (in their capacities as Company Employees) from any and all Liabilities, Actions, causes of action or other matters, whether known or unknown, arising or accruing on or prior to the Closing Date, other than those claims arising from this Agreement or the Ancillary Agreements or otherwise described therein.
- 4.2.6 **Registration Rights Agreements.** Execute and deliver to Buyer the Registration Rights Agreements.

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- 4.2.7 <u>Transition Trademark License Agreement.</u> Execute and deliver to Buyer the Transition Trademark License Agreement.
- 4.2.8 Environmental License Agreement. Execute and deliver to Buyer the Environmental License Agreement.
- 4.2.9 <u>Legal Opinion.</u> Deliver to Buyer the executed legal opinion of McGrath North Mullin & Kratz, PC LLO, Seller s counsel, in the form attached hereto as <u>Exhibit 4.2.9</u>.
- 4.2.10 <u>Certificate of Non-Foreign Status</u>. Deliver to Buyer a certificate in the form required by Treas. Reg. §1.1445-2(b)(3)(iii)(B) executed by Seller.
- 4.2.11 **Representation Letter.** Execute and deliver to Buyer a representation letter in the form attached as Exhibit 4.2.11.
- 4.2.12 **ConAgra Supply Agreement.** Execute and deliver to Buyer the ConAgra Supply Agreement.
- 4.2.13 Molinos Supply Agreement. Execute and deliver to Buyer the Molinos Supply Agreement.
- 4.2.14 Montgomery Supply Agreement. Execute and deliver to Buyer the Montgomery Supply Agreement.
- 5. Post-Closing Settlement.

5.1 Closing Balance Sheet.

(a) As soon as reasonably practicable following the Closing Date, but in no event more than sixty (60) days after Closing, Buyer shall prepare a combined, consolidated balance sheet of the Acquired Companies as of the Effective Time in accordance with the Applicable Accounting Principles (the Preliminary Closing Balance Sheet) and within such sixty (60) day period Buyer shall submit the Preliminary Closing Balance Sheet to Seller, together with a preliminary calculation of Adjusted Net Book Value. For purposes of this Agreement, Adjusted Net Book Value shall mean Net Book Value as reflected on the Estimated Closing Balance Sheet, Preliminary Closing Balance Sheet, Preliminary Audited Closing Balance Sheet and Final Closing Balance Sheet, as applicable, as adjusted as necessary to: (i) provide that any charge or credit as a result of FAS 133 which would otherwise result in an increase or decrease in stockholder s equity shall be an asset or liability, as the case may be, (ii) eliminate from Net Book Value the effect of recorded income Tax assets and Liabilities (current and deferred), (iii) give effect to the Buyer Release and the Seller Release as though they had been executed immediately prior to the Effective Time and (iv) reduce Net Book Value by the amount, if any, by which the Discount Amount exceeds the Impairment Charge. The Impairment Charge shall mean the impairment charge with respect to the Business arising after April 20, 2003 as reflected in the audited financial statements for the fiscal year ended May 25, 2003 referred to in Section 9.15 of this Agreement so long as the impairment charge pertains to the write-off of no more than \$36,343,582 of goodwill. If the impairment charge pertains to the write-off of more than \$36,343,582 in goodwill, then for purposes of this definition, the impairment charge shall be reduced by an amount equal to the excess of the goodwill write-off included in the impairment charges over \$36,343,582. Buyer shall consult with Seller in good faith in connection with the preparation of the Preliminary Closing Balance Sheet and employees of Seller shall be permitted to meet with employees of Buyer and the Acquired Companies in connection with the preparation of the Preliminary Closing Balance Sheet.

(b) Promptly following execution of this Agreement, Seller shall engage Deloitte to (i) audit the Preliminary Closing Balance Sheet in accordance with the Applicable Accounting Principles (the <u>Aud</u>it), and (ii) upon completion of the Audit, deliver to Seller and Buyer its draft preliminary audit report in the form attached hereto as <u>Exhibit 5.1(b)</u> (the <u>Repo</u>rt) together with the

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accompanying draft audited balance sheet of the Acquired Companies (the <u>Preliminary Audited Closing Balance Sheet</u>), and a revised calculation of Adjusted Net Book Value. Seller shall instruct Deloitte to complete the Audit and issue its Report and revised calculation of Adjusted Net Book Value within sixty (60) days after its receipt of the Preliminary Audited Closing Balance Sheet. Buyer and Seller acknowledge and agree that Deloitte shall not issue its final audit report until all objections have been resolved in accordance with Section 5.1(d) and such resolution is incorporated into the Preliminary Audited Closing Balance Sheet. Seller shall pay or cause to be paid all of the fees and expenses of Deloitte in connection with the Audit and the Report.

- (c) Buyer shall provide, and shall cause the Acquired Companies to provide, to Deloitte such assistance and access to employees, books, records and other supporting documents as is necessary for Deloitte to timely conduct the Audit and prepare, issue and deliver the Report and the Preliminary Audited Closing Balance Sheet. Buyer and Seller and their respective representatives (including without limitation Buyer s independent auditors) shall have the right to be present to observe the taking of any physical inventory, or perform any other audit activity in connection with or separate and apart from Deloitte s audit activity necessary to issue an independent audit opinion on the Closing Balance Sheet on behalf of Buyer, in connection with Deloitte s preparation of the Preliminary Audited Closing Balance Sheet and may review and examine the procedures, books, records and work papers used in their preparation, or conduct such independent review, or any other audit activity as they deem necessary.
- (d) Unless Seller or Buyer notifies the other party in writing within sixty (60) calendar days after delivery of the Preliminary Audited Closing Balance Sheet and revised calculation of Adjusted Net Book Value that such party objects to the calculation contained therein, specifying in detail each objection and the basis for each objection, the Preliminary Audited Closing Balance Sheet shall be issued in final form by Deloitte and such Preliminary Audited Balance Sheet and revised calculation of Adjusted Net Book Value shall be final and binding upon the parties. Neither Seller nor Buyer shall have the right to dispute the principles and procedures used in the preparation of the Preliminary Audited Closing Balance Sheet so long as the principles and procedures used are consistent with the Applicable Accounting Principles; provided that the foregoing shall in no event effect the right of Seller or Buyer to object to any estimates or judgments made in connection with the preparation of the Preliminary Audited Closing Balance Sheet. If Buyer and Seller are unable to resolve the disputed items within thirty (30) calendar days after any such notification has been given (or within such extended time period as is mutually agreed to by the parties), the unresolved disputed items shall be referred for a final determination to a mutually acceptable independent accountant. Such determination shall be final and binding upon the parties, absent manifest error. Such accountant shall be jointly retained by the parties hereto on a mutually acceptable basis and Buyer and Seller shall each pay one-half of the fees and expenses of such accountant. Promptly following the date that Seller and Buyer reach agreement upon the disputed items pursuant to Section 5.1(d), or, if applicable, the date of the final determination of such accountant of the disputed items pursuant to Section 5.1(d), the parties shall cause such resolution to be incorporated into the Preliminary Audited Closing Balance Sheet and shall cause Deloitte to issue its final audit report and final revised calculation of Adjusted Net Book Value. The Preliminary Audited Closing Balance Sheet, as may be adjusted pursuant to the terms hereof (the <u>Final Closing Balance</u> Sheet), and Deloitte s final revised calculation of Adjusted Net Book Value, as appropriately modified to reflect any changes (the <u>Final Adjusted Net Book Value Calculation</u>), shall be final, binding and conclusive for all purposes hereunder.
- 5.2 Settlement of Purchase Price. On the second business day following (i) the expiration of sixty (60) calendar days following delivery of the Preliminary Audited Closing Balance Sheet to Buyer and Seller if neither Seller nor Buyer has objected to the Preliminary Audited Closing Balance Sheet, or (ii) if either Seller or Buyer shall have objected to the Preliminary Audited Closing

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Balance Sheet, final determination of the disputed items pursuant to Section 5.1(d), Buyer shall deliver to Seller a revised Subordinated Promissory Note in exchange for the Subordinated Promissory Note delivered to Seller at Closing, which Seller shall deliver to Buyer for cancellation. Such revised Subordinated Promissory Note will reflect the principal outstanding equal to the Final Adjusted Net Book Value, less the sum of (i) the Share Amount, (ii) the Cash Payment and (iii) the Share Price Adjustment, if applicable pursuant to Section 3.3.4 (such difference being referred to as the <u>Adjustment Amount</u>). This revised Subordinated Promissory Note shall otherwise be on the same terms and conditions as the Subordinated Promissory Note delivered by Buyer to Seller and substituted for the Subordinated Promissory Note delivered by Buyer at Closing. As used herein, Final Adjusted Net Book Value shall mean Net Book Value, as of the Closing Date, as reflected in the Final Adjusted Net Book Value Calculation. If the Adjustment Amount is a negative number, then Seller shall promptly pay to Buyer an amount of cash equal to the Adjustment Amount and return to Buyer for cancellation the Subordinated Promissory Note delivered by Buyer to Seller at Closing. To the extent the revised Subordinated Promissory Note shall have a principal amount that is less than the principal amount of the Subordinated Promissory Note delivered by Buyer at Closing, Seller shall refund to Buyer any interest previously paid by Buyer on such excess amount, and shall cancel any accrued but unpaid interest payable by Buyer on such excess amount (or, if not permitted by the Subordinated Promissory Note, repay to Buyer such interest after payment of such interest by Buyer) with respect to periods ending prior to the date of substitution. To the extent the revised Subordinated Promissory Note shall have a principal amount that exceeds the principal amount of the Subordinated Promissory Note delivered by Buyer at Closing, Buyer shall pay to Seller, on the next succeeding interest payment date under the terms of the Subordinated Promissory Note, interest at the rate specified in the Subordinated Promissory Note on the amount of such difference with respect to the period beginning on the Closing Date and ending prior to the date of substitution. Seller agrees that it shall not sell or otherwise transfer the Subordinated Promissory Note until the Final Adjusted Net Book Value is determined in accordance with this Section 5.2 and the exchange of notes contemplated by this Section 5.2 has occurred.

Employee Matters.

6.1 General.

- (a) Continued Employment. As of the Effective Time, Buyer will cause the Acquired Companies to provide continuation of employment to each individual employed by any of the Acquired Companies (or otherwise in connection with the Business) on the Closing Date (including employees absent from work due to short-term or long term disability, sick leave, military leave or other employer approved absences of a short duration) other than those employees employed in connection with the Retained Businesses (the <u>Company Employees</u>). Notwithstanding the foregoing, nothing contained in this Agreement shall prohibit Buyer from terminating or changing the terms of employment of any Company Employee after the Effective Time.

 Notwithstanding the preceding, Company Employees on long term disability on the Closing Date (<u>Disabled Company Employees</u>) will continue to be provided long term disability benefits under the Seller s long term disability plan, subject to the terms and conditions of such plan, as long as the Disabled Company Employee meets the conditions for benefits.
- (b) Retention Bonuses. Buyer shall be responsible for and pay the Buyer Retention Obligations, provided that Buyer's maximum aggregate liability for Buyer Retention Obligations shall be \$2,925,798. Seller shall be responsible for and pay the Seller Retention Obligations and any Buyer Retention Obligations that exceed \$2,925,798. Buyer shall be responsible for and pay any other liabilities, obligations and claims of any kind arising out of employment (or termination of employment, whether actual or constructive) of the Company Employees on and after the Closing Date resulting from actions taken by Buyer. Seller agrees that, from and after the Closing, it will

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not consent to the termination of any Company Employee s employment and that in the event prior to the first anniversary of the Closing any Company Employee voluntarily terminates his employment with an Acquired Company, then upon the written request of Buyer, Seller will assign to Buyer any rights Seller may have to recover any Transaction Bonuses paid to such Company Employee.

(c) COBRA. Seller agrees to maintain the group health plan continuation coverage pursuant to Section 4980B of the Code and Sections 601-609 of ERISA for the qualifying beneficiaries (within the meaning of Section 4980B of the Code) and Company Employees who are covered employees (within the meaning of Section 4980B(f)(7) of the Code) who experience a qualifying event (within the meaning of Section 4980B(f)(3) of the Code) prior to the Closing Date (COBRA Participants). Subject to the terms of the Transition Services Agreement, the parties agree that any Company Employee or qualifying beneficiaries who becomes eligible for COBRA for the period between the Closing Date and the later of (i) December 31, 2003 and (ii) 120 days after the Closing Date shall receive COBRA benefits from certain benefit plans which will continue to be maintained by the Seller. Buyer shall reimburse Seller for all costs and expenses incurred by Seller to maintain continuation coverage for the COBRA Participants as reasonably determined by Seller. Buyer shall indemnify and hold Seller and Seller s Affiliates harmless from and against any Liability Seller or Seller s Affiliates incur at any time after Closing under the provisions of Section 4980B of the Code or Sections 601-609 of ERISA with respect to any covered employee who is a Company Employee, or the qualified beneficiary of any such employee, who has a qualifying event on or after the Closing Date.

6.2 Seller Pension Plans.

- (a) Non-Union Employees. As of the Closing Date, the Company Employees whose benefits are not governed by a collective bargaining agreement shall cease to actively participate in any pension plan offered by Seller, any Acquired Company or any subsidiary thereof, including but not limited to, (a) the ConAgra Pension Plan for Salaried Employees and (b) the ConAgra Pension Plan for Hourly Rate Production Employees, in each case pursuant to the provisions in the plan documents and not because of any amendment to either of the aforementioned pension plans. The non-union Company Employees described in the preceding sentence shall receive no further benefit accrual under said pension plans.
- (b) <u>Union Employees</u>. As of the Closing Date, the Company Employees whose pension benefits are governed by a collective bargaining agreement shall cease to actively participate in any pension plan offered by Seller, any Acquired Company or any Subsidiary thereof and shall receive no further benefit accrual thereunder. As of the Closing Date, Buyer shall become the plan sponsor of the Retirement Income Plan of Production Employees of Seaboard Farms of Chattanooga, Inc. (the Chattanooga <u>Plan</u>) with respect to the Company Employees participating in that plan and no further benefits shall accrue thereunder with respect to any other employees of Seller and its Affiliates. To the extent any Company Employee whose benefits are governed by a collective bargaining agreement is entitled to receive pension benefits under a defined benefit plan after the Closing Date in accordance with the terms of the applicable collective bargaining agreement, Buyer will provide such Company Employee his or her accrued benefit (under the Chattanooga Plan) less any benefit accrued under a defined benefit pension plan of Seller as of the Closing Date. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if a Company Employee, whose pension benefits are governed by a collective bargaining agreement, is not vested in his or her accrued benefit under a defined benefit pension plan of Seller and if the vesting requirements are subsequently met under a defined benefit pension plan of Buyer, then Seller shall cause the benefit accrued under Seller s pension plan to be paid to such Company Employee as if that benefit was fully vested as of the Closing. As of the Closing, Seller will provide Buyer with a list of Company Employees, whose benefits are governed by a collective bargaining agreement, that are entitled to an accrued benefit under a pension plan of Seller and the dollar amount of such benefit as of the Closing Date. As of

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the Closing Date, the union Company Employees at the facilities located in Batesville and Clinton, Arkansas shall receive no further benefit accruals under the Banquet Employees Unions Pension Fund. Seller shall amend the Pension Plan for Employees of Country Pride, a frozen defined contribution plan, (the <u>Frozen Plan</u>) so that, on or before the Closing Date, it shall become the sponsor of that Frozen Plan and the Company Employees will be eligible to receive a distribution of their accounts in the Frozen Plan within a reasonable period after the Closing Date. Seller and Buyer shall cooperate in preparing communications to Company Employees regarding the distribution and their rollover options, including Buyer s 401(k) plan.

- 6.3 401(k) Plans. As of the Closing Date, the Company Employees shall cease to actively participate in the ConAgra Retirement Income Savings Plan and the ConAgra Retirement Income Savings Plan for Hourly Rate Production Employees (the Seller 401(k) Plans) and no further contributions shall be made to the Seller 401(k) Plans for the benefit of the Company Employees. As of the Closing Date, the interests of the Company Employees in the Seller 401(k) Plans shall be one hundred percent (100%) vested and shall be fully nonforfeitable. Except as expressly set forth herein, no assets of the Seller 401(k) Plans shall be transferred to Buyer or any of its Affiliates or to any plan of Buyer or any of its Affiliates. As soon as practical following receipt by Buyer and Seller of favorable determination letters or Buyer's certification to Seller, and Seller's certification to Buyer, in a manner reasonably acceptable to both Seller and Buyer, that Buyer's 401(k) Plan and Seller's 401(k) plans are qualified under the applicable provisions of the Code, and contingent on Buyer's 401(k) Plan administrator's ability to accept an in-kind transfer of the assets (except for shares of Seller's stock) and Seller's 401(k) Plan's ability to make an in-kind transfer of assets, Seller shall cause the trustee of Seller's 401(k) Plans to transfer, solely in the form of the mutual funds currently available, cash from the sale of Seller's stock, or notes representing outstanding participant loans or assets representing the full account balances of the Company Employees, and upon such transfer, Buyer and Buyer's 401(k) Plan shall be responsible for proper administration of such account balances and the related liability to the Company Employees.
- Welfare Plans. The parties acknowledge that the Company Employees participate in Seller's welfare benefit plans and programs disclosed in Exhibit 7.17.1. Subject to the terms of the Transition Services Agreement, the parties agree for the period between the Closing Date and the later of (i) December 31, 2003 and (ii) 120 days after the Closing Date the Company Employees will continue their participation in certain specified welfare plans and programs that provide health, disability, life and other insurance type benefits, which will continue to be maintained by Seller. In accordance with the terms of the Transition Services Agreement Buyer agrees to reimburse Seller for all costs and expenses (as reasonably determined by Seller) to maintain the continued participation in such plans, and Seller agrees to modify its welfare plans to permit the continued participation by the Company Employees after the Closing Date. After the later of (i) December 31, 2003 and (ii) 120 days after the Closing Date, Buyer shall provide those welfare benefits to the Company Employees as Buyer deems appropriate. On and after the Closing Date, Buyer shall be responsible, and shall indemnify and hold Seller and its Affiliates harmless from and against, all Liabilities with respect to such welfare benefit plans and programs, including, but not limited to, any Liability under the Worker Adjustment and Retraining Notification Act (29 U.S.C. Sections 2101-2109) or any similar foreign, state or local laws or ordinances (such laws collectively described as the WARN Act). Prior to the Closing Date, Seller will cooperate with the reasonable request of Buyer, to provide notices and other communications to Company Employees in order to avoid Liability under the WARN Act.
- 6.5 **Buyer Plans.** Buyer shall cause periods of service with Seller, Seller s Affiliates and the Acquired Companies to count for purposes of eligibility and vesting under any benefit plan provided to the Company Employees after the Closing Date. After the Closing Date, Buyer shall cause the Acquired Companies to waive pre-existing condition requirements, evidence of insurability provisions, waiting period requirements or any similar provisions under any employee benefit plan providing medical, disability or life insurance benefits provided to any Company Employees enrolled in such plans of the Seller as of the Closing Date. After the Closing Date, Buyer shall also cause the Acquired Companies to apply toward any deductible requirements and out of pocket limits under its employee welfare

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benefit plans any amounts paid (or accrued) by each Company Employee prior to Closing under welfare benefit plans during the then current Plan Year and Seller shall provide the relevant Plan Year deductible and out of pocket amounts paid (or accrued) by each Company Employee.

- 6.6 Flexible Spending Accounts. Seller maintains a plan qualified under I.R.C. Section 125 (Seller & 125 Plan) that includes flexible spending accounts for medical care reimbursements and dependent care reimbursements (Reimbursement Accounts). As soon as reasonably practicable following the Closing Date, cash equal to the aggregate value of the Reimbursement Accounts of the Company Employees shall be transferred from Seller to a plan established by Buyer intended to qualify under I.R.C. Section 125 (Buyer & 125 Plan) and the annual election and claims history for each Company Employee participating in the Reimbursement Accounts shall be provided to Buyer not later than the date of the cash transfer. Upon receipt of such amount, Buyer and Buyer & 125 Plan shall assume all obligations and liabilities with respect to the Reimbursement Accounts for the Company Employees. Buyer shall recognize the elections of the Company Employees under Seller & 125 Plan for purposes of Buyer & 125 Plan for calendar year 2003.
- 6.7 **Retained Employees.** All employees of the Retained Businesses shall be transferred out of the Acquired Companies prior to Closing.
- 6.8 Cooperation. The parties shall cooperate with each other and exchange any information, filings or notices as appropriate to implement the provisions of this Section 6. Buyer shall assist in providing any information, filings or notices (including the notice required by Section 204(h) of ERISA and Section 4980F of the Code) as needed to cease the benefit accruals. Seller agrees to hold Buyer harmless for any Liability for any failure to comply with the provisions of Section 204(h) of ERISA and Section 4980F of the Code.
- 6.9 <u>Indemnity.</u> Buyer shall indemnify and hold Seller and Seller s Affiliates harmless from and against any Liability resulting directly or indirectly from any breach or nonfulfillment of any agreement or covenant on the part of Buyer or the Acquired Companies under this Section 6.
- 6.10 **No Third Party Beneficiaries.** Nothing in this Agreement shall create or establish, or be deemed to create or establish, any Company Employee as a third party beneficiary of this Agreement.
- 6.11 **Notice Obligations.** Seller and Buyer shall cooperate with respect to any notice obligation, disclosure requirement, or employee communication that is necessary or appropriate as a result of this transaction with respect to any Employee Plan that affects a Company Employee.
- 7. **Representations and Warranties of Seller**. Seller hereby represents and warrants to Buyer as set forth below. Such representations and warranties are made subject to those matters set forth in the Seller Disclosure Schedule dated as of the date hereof and delivered as a separate document (the <u>Seller Disclosure Schedule</u>) in the manner provided for in the introductory paragraph of the Seller Disclosure Schedule and those matters set forth in the schedules are subject to the terms of Section 14.11.
 - 7.1 Organization, Good Standing and Corporate Power. Each of Seller and the Acquired Companies is a corporation duly organized, validly existing and in good standing under the laws of the state of its incorporation. Each of the Acquired Companies has the corporate power to own, operate and lease its properties and to carry on its business as now being conducted. Each Acquired Company is qualified to conduct the Business in all jurisdictions in which such qualification or authorization is required, except for those jurisdictions in which failure to be so qualified or authorized has not had and will not have a Company Material Adverse Effect.

7.2 Certificate and By-Laws. Seller has previously made available to Buyer complete and correct copies of the certificate or articles of incorporation and by-laws of each of the Acquired Companies as in effect as of the date of the Agreement (collectively, Charter Documents). Such Charter Documents have not been further amended and are in full force and effect. The Seller Disclosure Schedule contains a complete and accurate list of all officers and directors of each of the Acquired Companies.

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- 7.3 Corporate Authorization; Binding Effect. Seller has all requisite corporate power and authority to enter into this Agreement and the Ancillary Agreements, and to consummate the transactions contemplated hereby and thereby. The execution and delivery of this Agreement and the Ancillary Agreements by Seller have been duly and validly authorized by all necessary corporate action on the part of Seller and no other corporate proceedings on the part of Seller are necessary to authorize this Agreement or the Ancillary Agreements or to consummate the transactions contemplated hereby or thereby. This Agreement constitutes, and the Ancillary Agreements when executed by Seller will constitute, the valid and binding obligations of Seller enforceable against Seller in accordance with their terms, subject to applicable bankruptcy, insolvency, fraudulent conveyance, reorganization, moratorium and similar laws affecting creditors—rights and remedies generally and subject, as to enforceability, to general principles of equity.
- 7.4 Effect of Agreement. The execution, delivery and performance of this Agreement and the Ancillary Agreements by Seller and the consummation by Seller of the transactions contemplated hereby and thereby will not, with or without the giving of notice or the lapse of time or both, assuming compliance with the matters referred to in Section 7.5: (a) violate any Law to which Seller or any Acquired Company is subject; (b) violate any judgment, order, writ or decree of any court applicable to Seller, or any Acquired Company; (c) conflict with or result in the violation of any provision of Seller s or any Acquired Company s Charter Documents, or (d) result in any violation of, or default under, or give rise to a right of termination, cancellation or acceleration of any obligation or the loss of a material benefit under, any note, bond, mortgage, indenture, contract, agreement, lease, license, permit, franchise or other instrument or obligation to which Seller or any of its Subsidiaries is bound or affected, or result in the creation of any Encumbrance upon the Stock or any of the properties or assets of the Acquired Companies, other than any such violation, conflict, default, right, cancellation or acceleration, loss or Encumbrance that, individually or in the aggregate, would not have a material adverse effect on the business, operations, financial condition, results of operations, or capitalization of the Business or on the ability of Seller or Buyer to consummate the transactions contemplated by this Agreement.
- 7.5 **Government Authorization.** The execution, delivery and performance by Seller of this Agreement and the Ancillary Agreements requires no action by or in respect of, or filing with, any Governmental Authority other than: (a) the filing of a pre-merger notification report under the HSR Act; and (b) such consents, authorizations, orders, approvals, filings or registrations the failure of which to be obtained or made would not have a material adverse effect on the business, operations, financial condition, results of operations or capitalization of the Business, or prevent the consummation of the transactions contemplated hereby.
- 7.6 Capital Stock; Title to Shares. The authorized capital stock of CPC consists solely of 10,000 shares of common stock, \$1.00 par value, of which 10,000 shares are issued and outstanding. Seller is the lawful and equitable owner of all of such shares of common stock of CPC, free and clear of all claims, options, charges and Encumbrances. The authorized capital stock of To-Ricos consists solely of (i) 100,000 shares of common stock, \$1.00 par value, of which 66,000 shares are issued and outstanding, and (ii) 50,000 shares of preferred stock, \$10.00 par value, of which none are issued and outstanding. Seller is the lawful and equitable owner of all of such shares of common stock of To-Ricos, free and clear of all claims, options, charges and Encumbrances. The authorized capital stock of Lovette consists solely of (i) 500,000 shares of common stock, \$1.00 par value, of which 1,000 shares are issued and outstanding. Seller is the lawful and equitable owner of all of such shares of common stock of Lovette, free and clear of all claims, options, charges and Encumbrances. The authorized capital stock of Hester consists solely of 15,000 shares of common stock, \$1.00 par value, of which 1,000 shares are issued and outstanding. Seller is the lawful and equitable owner of all of such shares of common stock of Hester, free and clear of all claims, options, charges and Encumbrances. At the Closing, Buyer s ownership of CPC, To-Ricos, Lovette and Hester as contemplated herein shall constitute ownership of all the outstanding securities of CPC, To-Ricos, Lovette and Hester and, through Buyer s ownership of the CPC Stock, the Company Subsidiary, and such ownership shall be

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free and clear of all claims, options, charges and Encumbrances. No shares of capital stock or other ownership interests in any Acquired Company are reserved for issuance for any purpose. As to each Acquired Company, there are no bonds, debentures, notes or other indebtedness issued or outstanding having the right to vote (<u>Voting Debt</u>) on any matter on which holders of capital stock, voting securities or other ownership interests thereof may vote. All of the issued and outstanding shares of the capital stock of CPC, To-Ricos, Lovette, Hester and the Company Subsidiary are duly authorized, validly issued, fully paid and nonassessable and have not been issued in violation of any preemptive or similar rights. There are no options, warrants, calls, rights, commitments or agreements of any character to which CPC, To-Ricos, Lovette, Hester or the Company Subsidiary is a party by which it is bound or obligated to issue, deliver or sell, or caused to be delivered or sold, additional shares of capital stock, voting securities or other ownership interests or any Voting Debt, or obligating any Acquired Company to grant, extend or enter into any such option, warrant, call, right, commitment or agreement. There are no outstanding contractual obligations of any Acquired Company to repurchase, redeem or otherwise acquire any shares of its capital stock.

7.7 Subsidiaries.

- 7.7.1 The Company Subsidiary and its jurisdiction of incorporation are identified on the Seller Disclosure Schedule. The Company Subsidiary is a corporation duly organized, validly existing and in good standing under the laws of its jurisdiction of incorporation, and it has the corporate power to own, operate and lease its properties and to carry on its business as now being conducted. The Company Subsidiary is qualified to conduct its business in all jurisdictions in which such qualification or authorization is required, except for those jurisdictions in which failure to be so qualified or authorized would not have a Company Material Adverse Effect.
- 7.7.2 All of the outstanding capital stock of, or other ownership interests in, the Company Subsidiary, is owned by CPC, free and clear of all claims, options, charges and Encumbrances, and all of the outstanding shares of capital stock or other equity interests of the Company Subsidiary are validly issued, fully paid and nonassessable.

7.8 Financial Statements; No Undisclosed Liabilities.

- 7.8.1 Seller has heretofore delivered to Buyer (i) pro forma combined, consolidated balance sheets of the Business as of May 28, 2000, May 27, 2001 and May 26, 2002, and the related combined, consolidated statements of earnings for each of the years then ended (the <u>Year-end Statements</u>), and (ii) a pro forma combined, consolidated balance sheet of the Business as of April 20, 2003, and the related combined consolidated statements of earnings for the eleven (11) month period then ended (the <u>Interim Financials</u>). The Year-end Statements and the Interim Financials (together, the <u>Financial Statements</u>) present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position, results of operation of the Business as of the dates and for the periods then ended, and have been prepared in accordance with GAAP and the Applicable Accounting Principles, except in the case of the Interim Financials, for normal year-end adjustments that are not material and the omission of footnote disclosures required by GAAP. The Year-end Statements for 2001 and 2002 and the Interim Financials do not contain any material (individually or in the aggregate) items of non-recurring income required by GAAP to be separately disclosed.
- 7.8.2 As of the date hereof, to Seller s knowledge, none of the Acquired Companies has any Liabilities of a type required to be reflected on a balance sheet prepared in accordance with GAAP consistently applied except those (i) set forth or provided for in the balance sheet (including notes thereto) included in the Interim Financials, (ii) incurred since April 20, 2003, in the ordinary course of business, or (iii) recorded as part of normal year end adjustments. Notwithstanding the foregoing, no representation and warranty is made pursuant to this Section 7.8.2 with respect to any matter that is specifically addressed by another representation or

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warranty contained in this Section 7 or any certificate or instrument delivered pursuant to this Agreement. As of the date hereof, except for such matters that would not have a Company Material Adverse Effect, (i) the receivables of the Business, either reflected on the Interim Financials or created subsequent to April 20, 2003 were created in the ordinary course of the Business, (ii) to the knowledge of Seller and subject to any reserves established therefor in the applicable financial statements, will be collected in accordance with their terms and at their recorded amounts, in accordance with the Business prior practices, and (iii) between April 20, 2003 and the date hereof, to the knowledge of Seller, neither Seller nor any of its Affiliates has (a) permitted or agreed to any extension in the time for payment of receivables relating to the Business other than in the ordinary course of business and consistent with past practice or (b) changed its policies or practices with respect to the extension of credit to customers of the Business other than in the ordinary course of business and consistent with past practice.

- 7.9 Conduct of Business Since April 20, 2003. Since April 20, 2003 and except for the transactions contemplated herein:
 - 7.9.1 As of the date hereof, there has not been a Company Material Adverse Effect.
 - 7.9.2 As of the date hereof, no event has occurred that would have been prevented by Section 9.1.1 if the terms of said Section had been in effect as of and after April 20, 2003.
 - 7.9.3 Except for indebtedness owed by an Acquired Company to Seller or a subsidiary thereof (which will be released prior to Closing to the extent provided in the Seller Release), none of the Acquired Companies has incurred or assumed any indebtedness for borrowed funds or purchase money indebtedness, or assumed, guaranteed, endorsed or otherwise become liable or responsible (either directly, contingently or otherwise), for the obligations of any other Person, except in respect of such assumption, guarantees or endorsements for such amounts that are immaterial and incurred in the ordinary course of Business.

7.10 Taxes and Tax Returns.

- (a) With respect to the Acquired Companies; (i) all material Tax Returns required to be filed by them have been filed, (ii) all Taxes shown to be due on such returns have been paid or accrued, (iii) all Taxes for which a notice of assessment or collection has been received (other than amounts being contested in good faith by appropriate proceedings), have been paid or accrued. No Governmental Authority has asserted any material claim for Taxes, or to the Seller s knowledge has threatened to assert any material claim for Taxes.
- (b) The statute of limitations has closed for all Tax Returns of the Acquired Companies.
- (c) All material Taxes required by law to be withheld or collected with respect to the Acquired Companies have been withheld or collected and paid to the appropriate Governmental Authorities (or are properly being held for such payment).
- (d) There are no liens for Taxes upon the material assets of the Acquired Companies (other than Liens for Taxes that are not yet due and payable).
- (e) None of the assets of the Acquired Companies are considered tax-exempt use property or tax-exempt bond financed property within the meaning of sections 168(g)(1)(B) or (C) of the Code.

(f)	To Seller s knowledge, To-Ricos is an	existing credit claimant	within the meaning of Section 936(j)(9)(A)(i) of the Code.
	To-Ricos has had in effect an election u	nder Section 936(a) of the	Code during the ten taxable years ending immediately prior
	to the taxable year that includes the Clos	sing Date. Such election h	as not been revoked during such ten year period.

(g) All Tax Returns filed by To-Ricos with any Puerto Rican Governmental Authority are true and correct in all material respects.

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- (h) To Seller s knowledge, none of the Acquired Companies has a material taxable presence in any jurisdiction where they do not file a Tax Return.
- (i) The Acquired Companies have not made or become obligated to make, and will not as a result of the transactions contemplated hereby become obligated to make, any payments that could be nondeductible by reason of Section 280G (without regard to subsection (b)(4) thereof) or 162(m) of the Code, nor will any Acquired Company be required to gross up or otherwise compensate any individual because of the imposition of any excise tax on such a payment to the individual.
- 7.11 Intellectual Property. The Acquired Companies own, or possess adequate licenses or other rights to use (or will as of the Closing Date own or possess adequate licenses or other rights to use), all material Intellectual Property Rights currently used or necessary to conduct the Business as now operated by them. Without limitation to the foregoing, the Acquired Companies own (or will as of the Closing Date own) the trademarks and related Intellectual Property Rights described in Section 7.11 of the Seller Disclosure Schedule and those trademarks include the only material trademarks used in the Business (other than the Retained Intellectual Property). To the knowledge of Seller, and other than such infringements that would not have a Company Material Adverse Effect, (i) the Intellectual Property Rights of the Acquired Companies currently used to conduct the Business do not infringe upon any Intellectual Property Rights of others, and (ii) no third party is infringing on the Intellectual Property Right means any trademark, service mark, trade name, mask work, copyright, patent, software license, data base, invention, trade secret, know-how (including any registrations or applications for registration of any of the foregoing) or any other similar type of proprietary intellectual property right.
- 7.12 Actions and Proceedings. As of the date hereof, there are no outstanding orders, judgments, injunctions, awards or decrees of any Governmental Authority against any of the Acquired Companies other than those that would not have a Company Material Adverse Effect. As of the date hereof, there are no actions, suits or legal, administrative, regulatory or arbitration proceedings pending or, to the knowledge of Seller, threatened against any Acquired Company that, if adversely determined, would result, individually or in the aggregate, in a Company Material Adverse Effect. As of the date hereof, none of the Acquired Companies nor any property or asset of any of them is subject to (other than as apply to the poultry industry in general) or in violation of any order, executive order, writ, stay, decree, judgment, determination, award or injunction that could reasonably be expected to have a Company Material Adverse Effect.
- 7.13 Compliance with Laws. As of the date hereof, except for such matters that would not have a Company Material Adverse Effect, (i) each of the Acquired Companies holds, owns or possesses, and is in compliance with the terms of, all permits, licenses, exemptions, orders and approvals of all Governmental Authorities (other than Environmental Permits, which are exclusively provided for in Section 7.18) necessary for the conduct of their respective businesses and to own, lease and operate their respective properties (the Company Permits), (ii) with respect to the Company Permits, no action or proceeding is pending or, to the knowledge of Seller, threatened, by any Governmental Authority, (iii) the Business is being conducted in compliance with all applicable Laws, and (iv) no investigation or review by any Governmental Authority with respect to an Acquired Company is pending or, to the knowledge of Seller, threatened.
- 7.14 <u>Material Contracts.</u> The Seller Disclosure Schedule sets forth, as of the date hereof, a listing of all of the following written agreements to which any of the Acquired Companies is a party to or bound by: (a) employment agreement with an individual requiring payments of compensation in excess of \$50,000 per year; (b) consulting agreement with an individual requiring payments of compensation in excess of \$50,000 per year; (c) material distributor agreement which is not terminable on ninety (90)

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days (or less) notice; (d) joint venture, partnership or similar contract or agreement or equity or debt investment agreements; (e) contracts which are terminable by the other party or parties thereto upon a change of control of an Acquired Company, other than such contracts the termination of which would not, individually or in the aggregate, have a Company Material Adverse Effect; (f) contracts or agreements that limit or purport to limit the ability of an Acquired Company to compete in any line of business or in any geographic area; (g) any contracts or agreements between or among any of the Acquired Companies, on the one hand, and Seller or its other Subsidiaries, on the other hand; (h) collective bargaining or labor agreements; (i) leases and licenses of, and options to purchase, real property pursuant to which an Acquired Company is required to pay or is entitled to receive (x) consideration in excess of \$100,000 in any calendar year after December 31, 2002, or (y) consideration in excess of \$200,000 in the aggregate over the remaining term of such lease; (j) agreements, notes, bonds, indentures or other instruments governing indebtedness for borrowed money, and any guarantee thereof or the pledge of any assets or other security therefor; (k) material requirements, take or pay or similar agreements relating to the Business; (1) material powers of attorney or agency agreements of the Business; (m) material feed ingredient contracts or commodity future contracts, option contracts or similar agreements of the Business, including without limitation, all such agreements that extend beyond sixty (60) days from the date hereof; (n) material agreements or arrangements establishing, creating or relating to any rebate, promotion, advertising coupon or other allowance of the Business; (o) material toll processing, co-packing or similar agreement; or (p) other contract, agreement or arrangement involving an estimated total future payment or payments in excess of \$1,000,000 (other than one time purchase orders with respect to raw materials and one time sales contracts relating to the sale of inventory, each in the ordinary course of business). The contracts required to be so listed are referred to herein as the Company Material Contracts. With respect to all Company Material Contracts, (i) all such contracts are the valid and binding obligation of an Acquired Company in full force and effect, (ii) none of the Acquired Companies nor, to Seller s knowledge, any other party to any such Company Material Contract is in material breach thereof, or default thereunder, and (iii) there does not exist under any provision thereof, or any event that, with the giving of notice or the lapse of time or both, would constitute such a breach or default, except for such breaches, defaults and events which in the case of clauses (i), (ii) and (iii) would not, individually or in the aggregate, have a Company Material Adverse Effect. Seller has made available to Buyer true and correct copies of all Company Material Contracts.

7.15 **Related Party Transactions.** The Seller Disclosure Schedule sets forth a description of all material services provided by Seller or its Affiliates to the Business, as well as a description of material sales or purchase relationships between any of the Acquired Companies, on the one hand, and Seller, Seller s other Affiliates or, to the knowledge of Seller, the Acquired Companies salaried employees having base compensation in excess of \$50,000, on the other hand.

7.16 Labor Relations.

- 7.16.1 Except as set forth in the Seller Disclosure Schedule, none of the Acquired Companies is a party to any collective bargaining agreement or other labor union contract applicable to any Company Employees.
- 7.16.2 Except for such matters as would not have a Company Material Adverse Effect, as of the date hereof, there are no (i) labor strikes, disputes, slowdowns, representation or certification campaigns or work stoppages with respect to Company Employees pending, or to Seller s knowledge, threatened against or affecting the Business or any Acquired Company, (ii) grievance or arbitration proceedings, letter agreements or settlement agreements arising out of collective bargaining agreements to which an Acquired Company is a party, or (iii) unfair labor practice (within the meaning of the National Labor Relations Act or applicable state statute) complaints pending or, to Seller s knowledge, threatened against an Acquired Company.

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- 7.16.3 As of the date hereof, except for such matters as would not have a Company Material Adverse Effect, the Acquired Companies are in compliance with all applicable laws respecting employment and employment practices, terms and conditions of employment and wages and hours.
- 7.16.4 Except for such matters as would not have a Company Material Adverse Effect, as of the date hereof, there are, with respect to the Acquired Companies, no lawsuits or pending administrative matters before any federal, state or local courts or agencies regarding violations or alleged violations of any federal, state or local wage and hour law or any federal, state or local law with respect to discrimination or harassment on the basis of sex, age, race, color, creed, national origin, religion, disability or any other protected characteristics under such federal, state or local law or involving allegations by any employee concerning alleged discrimination or harassment based on whistleblower claims involving allegations of fraud, corporate misconduct, financial mismanagement, environmental compliance or similar claims asserted under federal, state or local laws.
- 7.16.5 To Seller s knowledge, as of the date hereof, there is no activity involving any Company Employees seeking to certify a collective bargaining unit. To Seller s knowledge, as of the date hereof, except as described in the Seller Disclosure Schedule, no executive, key employee, or group of employees has any plans to terminate employment with any Acquired Company.
- 7.17 Employee Plans. For purposes of this Section 7.17, and Sections 6 and 8.15, the term Employee Plan includes all pension, retirement, disability, medical, dental or other health insurance plans, sickness, disability, life insurance or other death benefit plans, profit sharing, deferred compensation, supplemental retirement plan, stock option, bonus or other incentive plans, stock purchase plans, vacation benefit plans, severance plans, employee assistance plans, or other employee benefit plans or arrangements, including, without limitation, any pension plan (Pension Plan) as defined in Section 3(2) of ERISA, and any welfare plan, as defined in Section 3(1) of ERISA, covering: (i) for purposes of this Section 7.17 and Section 6, the Company Employees, former employees, or their dependents, survivors or beneficiaries whether or not legally binding and for which Seller, its Affiliates or any of the Acquired Companies could reasonably have any Liabilities and (ii) for purposes of Section 8.15, Buyer s employees, former employees, or their dependents, survivors or beneficiaries whether or not legally binding and for which Buyer and its Affiliates could reasonably have any Liabilities. Employee Plan shall not include any government sponsored employee benefit arrangements. Except as reflected in the Seller Disclosure Schedule or as would not have, individually or in the aggregate, a Company Material Adverse Effect:
 - 7.17.1 The Seller Disclosure Schedule identifies all of the Employee Plans.
 - 7.17.2 The Seller, the Acquired Companies, each Employee Plan, and the administrator and fiduciaries of each Employee Plan have complied in all material respects with all applicable legal requirements governing each Employee Plan including, but not limited to, the Code, ERISA, HIPAA and the changes made under the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002. No lawsuits or complaints to, or by, any Person are pending with respect to any Employee Plan.
 - 7.17.3 No Employee Plan is currently under audit, examination or investigation by any government agency, including but not limited to the IRS, the SEC or the DOL.
 - 7.17.4 To the best of Seller's knowledge, neither Seller, its Affiliates, the Acquired Companies, an Employee Plan, nor an administrator or fiduciary of any Employee Plan has taken any action, or failed to take any action, that could subject it or him or her or any other Person to any liability for any excise tax, fine or other penalty under applicable laws or for breach of fiduciary duty under ERISA or the Code with respect to or in connection with any Employee Plan.

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- 7.17.5 Neither Seller, their Affiliates, the Acquired Companies, an Employee Plan, an administrator or fiduciary of any Employee Plan, nor any other Person has any liability to any Employee Plan participant, beneficiary or other Person under any provision of ERISA, the Code or any other applicable law by reason of any payment of benefits or other amounts or failure to pay benefits or any other amounts, or by reason of any credit or failure to give credit for any benefits or rights (such as, but not limited to, vesting rights) with respect to benefits under or in connection with any Employee Plan. Neither Seller, their Affiliates nor any of the Acquired Companies is in arrears with respect to any contributions under or premiums payable for any Employee Plan.
- 7.17.6 Each Pension Plan is qualified under Section 401(a) of the Code, and the trust or trusts maintained in connection with such Pension Plan is or are exempt from tax under Section 501(a) of the Code. A favorable IRS determination letter as to the qualification under the Code has been received for each such Pension Plan and its related trust or trusts and has been, or will be, timely amended for the recent tax changes commonly referred to as GUST, since the date of such determination letter there are no circumstances that are likely to adversely affect the qualification of such Pension Plans, and each such Pension Plan has been, or will be, timely amended to comply with the provisions of the Economic Growth and Tax Relief Reconciliation Act of 2001.
- 7.17.7 The Acquired Companies are not and have not at any time during the last six (6) years been a participating employer in or has contributed to any multiemployer plan (as defined in Section 3(37) of ERISA) (<u>Multiemployer Plan</u>), or incurred any withdrawal liability to a Multiemployer Plan as a result of a complete or partial withdrawal from such Multiemployer Plan that has not been satisfied in full or has any potential withdrawal liability.
- 7.17.8 None of the Pension Plans have incurred an accumulated funding deficiency as defined in Section 412 of the Code, whether or not waived. Seller has no knowledge with respect to any Multiemployer Plan covering Company Employees that has incurred an accumulated funding deficiency to which it or the Acquired Companies are contributing.
- 7.17.9 No liability under Subtitle C or D of Title IV of ERISA has been or is expected to be incurred by the Acquired Companies either directly or indirectly with respect to any ongoing, frozen or terminated single employer plan, within the meaning of Section 4001(a)(14) of ERISA.
- 7.17.10 All accrued obligations of the Acquired Companies for payments by it to trust or other funds or to any governmental or administrative agency, with respect to pension benefits, unemployment compensation benefits, social security benefits or any other benefits for employees of the Acquired Companies have been paid or adequate accruals therefore have been made in the Financial Statements, and none of the foregoing has been rendered not due by reason of any extension, whether at the request of any of the Acquired Companies or otherwise.
- 7.17.11 The Acquired Companies are in material compliance with the requirements of Sections 162(k) (to the extent applicable prior to its amendment by the Technical and Miscellaneous Revenue Act of 1988) and 4980B of the Code and Section 601 of ERISA and no event or condition exists with respect to any welfare plan that could subject the Acquired Companies to any tax under the foregoing sections of the Code and ERISA.
- 7.17.12 With respect to each Employee Plan, except for Employee Plans for which Seller is the plan sponsor as of the Closing Date, Seller has delivered to Buyer complete and correct copies of the following documents, as applicable: (i) the most recent (and prior two (2) years) annual report (Form 5500) together with 3 years schedules, as required, filed with the IRS or DOL, and any financial statements and opinions required by Section 103(a)(3) of ERISA or, for each top-hat plan, a copy of all filings with the DOL; (ii) the most recent determination letter

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issued by the IRS; (iii) plan documents, including amendments, trust agreement and the most recent summary plan description and all modifications; and (iv) the most recent actuarial valuation, study or estimate of any retiree medical, life insurance or supplemental retirement benefits plan. Notwithstanding the preceding, Seller shall not be required to provide Form 5500 s and related schedules which Seller does not have with respect to the Chattanooga Plan.

- 7.17.13 Neither Seller, its Affiliates, nor any of the Acquired Companies has any obligation to provide post-retirement medical or other benefits to the Company Employees or former employees of the Acquired Companies or their survivors, dependents and beneficiaries, except as may be required by Section 4980B of the Code or Part 6 of Title I of ERISA or applicable state medical benefits continuation law, and Seller, its Affiliates and the Acquired Companies may terminate any such post-retirement medical or other benefits upon thirty (30) days notice or less without any liability therefore.
- 7.17.14 Seller and the Acquired Companies have no obligation to any former employee, or any Company Employee under any Employee Plan or otherwise, other than as disclosed in the Seller Disclosure Schedule to this Section 7.17, and any Employee Plan may be terminated as of or after the Closing Date without resulting in any liability to Buyer for any additional contributions, penalties, premiums, fees, fines, excise taxes or any other charges or liabilities.
- 7.18 **Environmental.** Except for immaterial items and except for items reflected in any Environmental Site Assessments or in the Seller Disclosure Schedule, as of the date hereof:
 - (a) The Acquired Companies possess all environmental, health and safety permits, licenses and governmental authorizations (collectively, <u>Environmental Permi</u>ts) necessary under applicable Environmental Laws to conduct their business and operations as currently conducted.
 - (b) The Acquired Companies are, and at all times have been, in compliance with and have not been and are not in violation of or liable under any applicable Environmental Laws and Environmental Permits, and none of the Acquired Companies has received any written communication from any Person that alleges that any of the Acquired Companies is not in such compliance.
 - (c) There are no Environmental Claims pending or, to Seller s knowledge, threatened, against any of the Acquired Companies, in either case arising out of (i) any real property currently or formerly owned, leased or operated by any of the Acquired Companies, (ii) any current or former operations of any of the Acquired Companies, or (iii) any other properties and assets (whether real, personal or mixed) in which any of the Acquired Companies has or had an interest.
 - (d) None of the Acquired Companies has retained, or assumed, either contractually or by operation of law, any liabilities of which Seller has knowledge arising under applicable Environmental Laws or Environmental Permits.
 - (e) (i) Environmental Claims means any and all administrative, regulatory or judicial actions, suits, demands, demand letters, directives, claims, liens, investigations, proceedings or notices of noncompliance or violation (in each case in writing) by any Person, alleging noncompliance, violation or potential liability (including potential responsibility or liability for costs of enforcement, investigation, cleanup, governmental response, removal or remediation, for natural resources damages, property damage, personal injuries or penalties or for contribution, indemnification, cost recovery, compensation or injunctive relief) arising out of, or related to (x) the presence, Release or threatened Release of any Hazardous Materials, or (y) circumstances forming the basis of any violation or alleged violation of, or liability under, any Environmental Law or Environmental Permit.

(ii)

<u>Environmental Laws</u> mean all foreign, federal, state and local laws, rules, regulations, orders, decrees, common law, judgments or binding agreements existing as of the date hereof issued, promulgated or entered into by or with any Governmental Authority, relating to

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pollution, the environment (including ambient air, surface water, groundwater, soil, land surface or subsurface strata and any other similar medium or natural resource) or protection of human health as it relates to the environment, including laws and regulations relating to Releases or threatened Releases of Hazardous Materials, the prevention or reduction to acceptable levels the Release of Hazardous Materials into the Environment, or otherwise relating to the generation, manufacture, processing, distribution, use, treatment, storage, transport, handling of or exposure to Hazardous Materials. Environmental Laws shall also include, but not by way of limitation, the U.S. Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA).

- (iii) <u>Hazardous Material</u>s means: (x) any petroleum or petroleum products, derivatives, fractions or wastes, radioactive materials, wastes or mixtures, asbestos-containing materials and polychlorinated biphenyls; and (y) any other chemical, material, substance or waste the generation, manufacture, processing, distribution, possession, use, treatment, storage or Release of which is prohibited, limited or regulated under any applicable Environmental Law, or defined, designated or classified as hazardous, toxic, a pollutant or a contaminant under any applicable Environmental Law.
- (iv) <u>Release</u> means any release, spill, emission, leaking, dumping, injection, pouring, deposit, disposal, discharge, dispersal, leaching or migration into the environment (including ambient air, surface water, groundwater, soil, land surface or subsurface strata, any other similar medium or natural resource) or within any building, structure or facility.
- (f) This Section 7.18 contains the exclusive representations and warranties of Seller with regard to Environmental Claims, Environmental Laws, Environmental Permits and any other environmental matters in this Agreement.
- 7.19 Sufficiency of Assets. Except for the services to be provided pursuant to the Transition Services Agreement, and except for the assets, systems and personnel utilized by Seller or its Affiliates to provide the services pursuant to the Transition Services Agreement, upon consummation of the transactions contemplated under this Agreement, the Acquired Companies, collectively, shall have in all material respects all the personnel, assets, properties, agreements, licenses and services necessary and presently utilized to conduct the Business as presently conducted. Upon consummation of the transactions contemplated by this Agreement, the Acquired Companies will have good and, in the case of real property, marketable title to all material properties, material agreements, material licenses and other material assets owned by Seller and its Affiliates and utilized exclusively in the Business, except for Intellectual Property Rights, which are covered by the representations in Section 7.11, and will have all of the books, records, correspondence, files, customer and vendor lists, sales materials and other data used by Seller s management team based out of Duluth, Georgia or primarily relating to the Business.
- 7.20 <u>Absence of Liens</u>. Except for assets disposed of in the ordinary course of business, each of the Acquired Companies has valid title to or a valid leasehold in, or a contractual or common law right to use, each item of tangible personal property used in the conduct of the Business, free and clear of any Encumbrances, other than Permitted Encumbrances and Encumbrances described in Section 7.21 of the Seller Disclosure Schedule.

7.21 Real Estate.

- (a) The Seller Disclosure Schedule sets forth a list and description of all material real property owned in fee by the Acquired Companies (the <u>Owned Real Property</u>). With respect to each such parcel of Owned Real Property:
 - (i) an Acquired Company has good and marketable title to the parcel of Owned Real Property, free and clear of any Encumbrance, except for Permitted Encumbrances and Encumbrances described in Section 7.21 of the Seller Disclosure Schedule;

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- (ii) as of the date hereof, there are no pending or, to Seller s knowledge, threatened condemnation, expropriation, eminent domain or other similar proceedings, lawsuits or administrative actions relating to the Owned Real Property which materially and adversely affect the current use or occupancy thereof;
- (iii) there are no outstanding written or, to Seller s knowledge, oral rights, agreements, options or rights of first refusal to purchase the parcel of Owned Real Property, or any portion thereof or interest therein, which have been granted to any other Person;
- (iv) to Seller s knowledge, there are no parties (other than the Acquired Companies) in possession of or holding any rights to take possession of the parcel of Owned Real Property; and
- (v) except for any matter which would not materially adversely affect the current use of a parcel of Owned Real Property, to Seller s knowledge, (a) the legal description for the parcel contained in the deed thereof describes such parcel fully and adequately, (b) the buildings and improvements are located within the boundary lines of the described parcels of land, are not in violation of applicable setback requirements, zoning laws, and ordinances (and none of the properties or buildings or improvements thereon are subject to permitted non-conforming use or permitted non-conforming structure classifications), and do not encroach on any easement which may burden the land, (c) the land does not serve any adjoining property for any purpose inconsistent with the use of the land, and (d) the property is not located within any flood plain or subject to any similar type restriction for which any permits or licenses necessary to the use thereof have not been obtained.
- (b) The Seller Disclosure Schedule sets forth a list and description of all material real property leased or subleased to the Acquired Companies. Seller has delivered to Buyer correct and complete copies of the leases and subleases listed in the Seller Disclosure Schedule. With respect to each such lease and sublease, except as disclosed in the Seller Disclosure Schedule:
 - (i) to Seller s knowledge, such lease or sublease is legal, valid, binding, enforceable, and in full force and effect;
 - (ii) to Seller s knowledge, such lease or sublease will continue to be legal, valid, binding, enforceable, and in full force and effect on identical terms following the consummation of the transactions contemplated hereby;
 - (iii) as of the date hereof, none of the Acquired Companies nor, to Seller s knowledge, any other party to the lease or sublease is in material breach or default, and no event has occurred which, with notice or lapse of time, would constitute a material breach or default or permit termination, modification, or acceleration thereunder;
 - (iv) to Seller s knowledge, no party to the lease or sublease has repudiated any provision thereof;
 - (v) as of the date hereof, there are no material disputes, oral agreements, or forbearance programs in effect as to the lease or sublease:
 - (vi) to Seller s knowledge, with respect to each sublease, the representations and warranties set forth in subsections (i) through (v) above are true and correct with respect to the underlying lease; and
 - (vii) none of the Acquired Companies has assigned, transferred, conveyed, mortgaged, deeded in trust, or encumbered any interest in the leasehold or subleasehold.

- 7.22 **Brokers and Finders.** Except for Gleacher & Co., Seller has not employed any investment banker, broker or finder or incurred any liability for any brokerage fees, commissions or finders fees in connection with the transactions contemplated by this Agreement.
- 7.23 **Inventory.** Except for such matters that would not have a Company Material Adverse Effect, to Seller s knowledge, the inventory of the Acquired Companies consists of live, raw materials and

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supplies, manufactured and purchased parts, goods in process, and finished goods, all of which is merchantable and fit for the purpose for which it was procured or manufactured, and none of which is slow-moving, obsolete, damaged, or defective, subject only to applicable reserves. Since April 20, 2003, the inventory of the Acquired Companies has been maintained in all material respects at levels in the ordinary course of business. The inventory of the Acquired Companies existing on the date of the Interim Financials was recorded on the Interim Financials at the lower of its cost or its market value consistent with poultry industry practices.

- 7.24 <u>Customers.</u> The Seller Disclosure Schedule sets forth a list of (a) as of the end of the Acquired Companies three (3) fiscal years ended May 27, 2001, May 26, 2002 and May 25, 2003, respectively, the Business top 25 customers determined by chicken product sales during such year (the <u>Major Customers</u>) and (b) for the Acquired Companies fiscal year ended May 25, 2003, by facility, the amount of revenue and type of product generating such revenue attributable to sales by the Business to operations of Seller that do not constitute the Business (including the Retained Business). Seller has previously provided to Buyer a schedule of each of the Business long-term pricing commitments for the Major Customers for the fiscal year ending May 30, 2004 in effect as of the date of this Agreement, and no material reduction in any such commitment has occurred between February 23, 2003 and the date of this Agreement. Except as indicated in the Seller Disclosure Schedule, none of the Business top 25 customers, determined by outstanding receivables as of February 23, 2003, has terminated or materially altered its relationship with the Acquired Companies between February 23, 2003 and the date of this Agreement, or, to Seller s knowledge, threatened to do so or otherwise notified any Acquired Company of its intention to do so, and there has been no material dispute with any of such customers between February 23, 2003 and the date of this Agreement.
- 7.25 **No Other Business.** As of the Closing, the Acquired Companies will not have (a) any material amount of assets or Liabilities that do not primarily relate to the Business or (b) any employees that have not historically spent substantially all of their time performing services for the Business
- 7.26 OSHA Matters. As of the date hereof, there are no pending citations against the Acquired Companies under any Law designed to provide safe and healthful working conditions and to reduce occupational safety and health hazards, or any program, whether government or private, designed to provide safe and healthful working conditions, including the Occupational Safety and Health Act (OSHA) (collectively, OSHA Laws) or state equivalent other than those that would not have a Company Material Adverse Effect. As of the date hereof, to Seller s knowledge, none of the Acquired Companies is in violation of any OSHA Laws that could reasonably be expected to have a Company Material Adverse Effect. This Section 7.26 contains the exclusive representations and warranties of Seller with regard to OSHA Laws, and any violation thereof or other matter related thereto, in this Agreement.
- 8. Representations and Warranties of Buyer. Buyer hereby represents and warrants to Seller as set forth below. Such representations and warranties are made subject to those matters set forth in the Buyer Disclosure Schedule dated as of the date hereof and delivered as a separate document (the Buyer Disclosure Schedule) in the manner provided for in the introductory paragraph of the Buyer Disclosure Schedule and those matters set forth in the schedules are subject to the terms of Section 14.11.
 - 8.1 Organization and Good Standing. Buyer is a corporation duly organized, validly existing and in good standing under the laws of the State of Delaware. Buyer has the corporate power and authority to carry on its business as it is now being conducted. Buyer is qualified to conduct business in all jurisdictions in which such qualification or authorization is required or necessary, except for those jurisdictions in which failure to be so qualified or authorized has not had and will not have a Buyer Material Adverse Effect.
 - 8.2 <u>Certificate and By-Laws.</u> Buyer has previously made available to Seller complete and correct copies of Buyer s Charter Documents. Except for the amendment to Buyer s certificate of incorporation contemplated by Section 9.2.1, such Charter Documents have not been further amended and are in full

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force and effect. The Buyer Disclosure Schedule contains a complete and accurate list of all officers and directors of Buyer and its Subsidiaries.

8.3 <u>Capitalization</u>. The authorized capital stock of Buyer consists solely of (i) 100,000,000 shares of Class A Common Stock, par value \$.01 per share, constituting Buyer Class A Common Stock, (ii) 60,000,000 shares of Class B Common Stock, \$.01 par value, constituting Buyer Class B Common Stock, and (iii) 5,000,000 shares of Preferred Stock. The Buyer Class A Common Stock, together with Buyer Class B Common Stock, is referred to as the <u>Buyer Capital Stock</u>. As of March 29, 2003, 13,523,429 shares of Buyer Class A Common Stock were issued and outstanding, 27,589,250 shares of Buyer Class B Common Stock were issued and outstanding, no shares of Buyer s Preferred Stock were issued and outstanding, and no shares of Buyer Capital Stock or Buyer s Preferred Stock were reserved for issuance upon the exercise of outstanding options to purchase Buyer Capital Stock. Buyer s Class A Common Stock is duly listed for trading on the New York Stock Exchange and trades independently of and from Buyer s Class B Common Stock.

8.4 Corporate Authorization; Binding Effect.

- (a) Buyer has all requisite corporate power and authority to enter into this Agreement and the Ancillary Agreements and to consummate the transactions contemplated hereby and thereby. The execution and delivery of this Agreement and the Ancillary Agreements by Buyer have been duly authorized by its Board of Directors. This Agreement constitutes, and the Ancillary Agreements when executed by Buyer will constitute, the valid and binding obligations of Buyer enforceable against Buyer in accordance with their terms, subject to applicable bankruptcy, insolvency, fraudulent conveyance, reorganization, moratorium and similar laws affecting creditors—rights and remedies generally and subject, as to enforceability, to general principles of equity.
- (b) Prior to the execution and delivery of this Agreement, the Board of Directors of Buyer (at a meeting duly called and held) has (i) approved this Agreement and the transactions contemplated hereby, (ii) approved the issuance of the Shares to Seller in accordance with this Agreement, (iii) directed and authorized a meeting of the stockholders of Buyer for the purpose of approving the issuance of the Shares, and (iv) determined that the transactions contemplated hereby are fair to and in the best interests of the holders of Buyer Capital Stock.
- (c) Except as contemplated in Section 8.4(b), no other corporate proceedings on the part of Buyer are necessary to authorize this Agreement or the Ancillary Agreements or to consummate the transactions contemplated hereby or thereby.
- 8.5 Effect of Agreement. The execution, delivery and performance of this Agreement and the Ancillary Agreements by Buyer and the consummation by Buyer of the transactions contemplated hereby and thereby will not, with or without the giving of notice or the lapse of time or both, assuming compliance with the matters referred to in Section 8.6, (a) violate any Law to which Buyer is subject; (b) violate any judgment, order, writ or decree of any court applicable to Buyer; (c) conflict with or result in the violation of any provision of Buyer s Charter Documents, or (d) result in any violation of, or default under, or give rise to a right of termination, cancellation or acceleration of any obligation or the loss of a material benefit under, any note, bond, mortgage, indenture, contract, agreement, lease, license, permit, franchise or other instrument or obligation to which Buyer or any of its Subsidiaries is bound or affected, or result in the creation of any Encumbrance upon any of the properties or assets of Buyer or any of its Subsidiaries, other than any such violation, conflict, default, right, loss, cancellation or acceleration, or Encumbrance that, individually or in the aggregate, would not have a material adverse effect on the business, operations, financial condition, results of operations, or capitalization of Buyer or on the ability of Seller or Buyer to consummate the transactions contemplated by this Agreement.
- 8.6 Government Authorization. No filing or registration with, or authorization, consent or approval of, any Governmental Entity is required by or with respect to Buyer or any of its Subsidiaries in connection with the execution and delivery of this Agreement by Buyer or is necessary for the

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consummation of the transactions contemplated hereby except: (i) in connection, or in compliance, with the provisions of the Securities Act, the Exchange Act and any applicable state securities or blue sky law, (ii) under the HSR Act, (iii) in connection, or in compliance with the provisions of federal, state and local tax laws, and (iv) such other consents, orders, authorizations, registrations, declarations and filings the failure of which to obtain or make would not have a material adverse effect on the business, operations, financial condition, results of operations or capitalization of Buyer, or prevent the consummation of the transactions contemplated hereby.

8.7 No Options, Warrants, Rights. Buyer does not have outstanding Equity Securities other than the Buyer Capital Stock. Neither Buyer nor any of its Subsidiaries has any outstanding commitments to issue or sell any Equity Securities, and no securities or obligations evidencing any such right are outstanding. There are no outstanding obligations, written or otherwise, of Buyer or any of its Subsidiaries to repurchase, redeem or otherwise acquire any Buyer Capital Stock. There are no preemptive rights in respect of any Buyer Capital Stock. Neither Buyer nor any of its Subsidiaries owns any Equity Securities of any Person other than its Subsidiaries. Buyer is not a party to any agreements, arrangements or understandings with respect to the voting, transfer or assignment of the Buyer Capital Stock.

8.8 Subsidiaries.

- 8.8.1 Buyer s Subsidiaries and their respective jurisdictions of incorporation are identified on the Buyer Disclosure Schedule. Each Subsidiary of Buyer is a corporation duly organized, validly existing and in good standing under the laws of its jurisdiction of incorporation, and each has the corporate power to own, operate and lease its properties and to carry on its business as now being conducted. Each Subsidiary of Buyer is qualified to conduct its business in all jurisdictions in which such qualification or authorization is required, except for those jurisdictions in which failure to be so qualified or authorized would not have a Buyer Material Adverse Effect.
- 8.8.2 Except as identified on the Buyer Disclosure Schedule, all of the outstanding capital stock of, or other ownership interests in, each Subsidiary of Buyer, is owned by Buyer, free and clear of all claims, options, charges and Encumbrances, and all of the outstanding shares of capital stock or other equity interests of each Subsidiary of Buyer are validly issued, fully paid and nonassessable.
- 8.9 <u>Conduct of Business Since March 29, 2003.</u> Since March 29, 2003 and except for transactions contemplated herein or set forth on the Buyer Disclosure Schedule:
 - 8.9.1 There has not been a Buyer Material Adverse Effect.
 - 8.9.2 No event has occurred that would have been prevented by Section 9.2.1 if the terms of said Section had been in effect as of and after March 29, 2003.
 - 8.9.3 Neither Buyer nor any of its Subsidiaries has incurred or assumed any indebtedness for borrowed funds or purchase money indebtedness, or assumed, guaranteed, endorsed or otherwise become liable or responsible (either directly, contingently or otherwise) for the obligations of any other Person, except in respect of such assumption, guarantees or endorsements for such amounts that are incurred in the ordinary course of Buyer s business.
- 8.10 <u>SEC Documents and Other Reports.</u> Buyer has filed all documents required to be filed by it and its Subsidiaries with the SEC since September 28, 2000 (the <u>Buyer SEC Documents</u>). As of their respective dates, or if amended as of the date of the last such amendment, the Buyer SEC Documents complied, and all documents required to be filed by Buyer with the SEC after the date hereof and prior to the Effective Time (<u>Subsequent Buyer SEC Documents</u>) will comply, in all material respects with the requirements of

the Securities Act or the Exchange Act, as the case may be, and the applicable rules and regulations promulgated thereunder. The consolidated financial statements (including related notes) of Buyer included in the Buyer SEC Documents fairly present in all material respects, and the

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consolidated financial statements (including related notes) of Buyer included in the Subsequent Buyer SEC Documents will fairly present in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of Buyer and its consolidated Subsidiaries, as at the respective dates thereof and the consolidated results of their operations and their consolidated cash flows for the respective periods then ended (subject, in the case of the unaudited statements, to normal year-end audit adjustments and to any other adjustments described therein and the fact that certain information and notes have been condensed or omitted in accordance with the Exchange Act and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder) in conformity with GAAP (except in the case of the unaudited statements) applied on a consistent basis during the periods involved (except as may be indicated therein or in the notes thereto). Since September 28, 2002, Buyer has not made any change in the accounting practices or policies applied in the preparation of its financial statements, except as may be required by GAAP or disclosed in the Buyer SEC Documents. Except for such matters that would not have a Buyer Material Adverse Effect, (i) the receivables of Buyer, as reflected on the latest financial statements included in the Buyer SEC Documents or created subsequent to the date of such financial statements were created in the ordinary course of Buyer s business, (ii) to the knowledge of Buyer and subject to any reserves established therefor in such financial statements, will be collected in accordance with their terms and at their recorded amounts, in accordance with Buyer s prior practices, and (iii) between the date of such financial statements and the date hereof, to the knowledge of Buyer, neither Buyer nor any of its Affiliates has (a) permitted or agreed to any extension in the time for payment of receivables relating to its business other than in the ordinary course of business and consistent with past practice or (b) changed its policies or practices with respect to the extension of credit to customers of Buyer other than in the ordinary course of business and consistent with past practice.

- 8.11 Actions and Proceedings. There are no outstanding orders, judgments, injunctions, awards or decrees of any Governmental Authority against Buyer or any of its Subsidiaries other than those that would not have a Buyer Material Adverse Effect. Except as disclosed in the SEC Documents filed prior to the date hereof, there are no actions, suits or legal, administrative, regulatory or arbitration proceedings pending or, to the knowledge of Buyer, threatened against Buyer or any of its Subsidiaries that, if adversely determined, would result, individually or in the aggregate, in a Buyer Material Adverse Effect. Neither Buyer nor any of its Subsidiaries nor any property or asset of Buyer or any of its Subsidiaries is subject to (other than as apply to the poultry industry in general) or in violation of any order, executive order, writ, stay, decree, judgment, determination, award or injunction that could reasonably be expected to have a Buyer Material Adverse Effect.
- 8.12 Compliance with Laws. Except for such matters that would not have a Buyer Material Adverse Effect, (i) Buyer holds, owns or possesses, and is in compliance with the terms of, all permits, licenses, exemptions, orders and approvals of all Governmental Authorities (other than Environmental Permits, which are exclusively provided for in Section 8.16) necessary for the conduct of its businesses and to own, lease and operate its properties (the Buyer Permits), (ii) with respect to the Buyer Permits, no action or proceeding is pending or, to the knowledge of Buyer, threatened by any Governmental Authority, (iii) Buyer s business is being conducted in compliance with all applicable Laws, and (iv) no investigation or review by any Governmental Authority with respect to Buyer is pending or, to the knowledge of Buyer, threatened, in each case, other than disclosed on the Buyer Disclosure Schedule.
- 8.13 Material Contracts. The Buyer Disclosure Schedule sets forth, as of the date hereof, a listing of all of the following written (or, to the knowledge of Buyer, oral) agreements to which Buyer or any of its Subsidiaries is a party to or bound by: (a) employment agreement with an individual requiring payments of compensation in excess of \$50,000 per year; (b) consulting agreement with an individual requiring payments of compensation in excess of \$50,000 per year; (c) material distributor agreement which is not terminable on ninety (90) days (or less) notice; (d) joint venture, partnership or similar contract or agreement or equity or debt investment agreements; (e) contracts which are terminable by the other party or parties thereto upon a change of control of Buyer, other than such contracts the

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termination of which would not, individually or in the aggregate, have a Buyer Material Adverse Effect; (f) contracts or agreements that limit or purport to limit the ability of Buyer or any of its Subsidiaries to compete in any line of business or in any geographic area; (g) collective bargaining or labor agreements; (h) leases of real property pursuant to which Buyer or any of its Subsidiaries is entitled to receive (x) consideration in excess of \$100,000 in any calendar year after December 31, 2002, or (y) consideration in excess of \$200,000 in the aggregate over the remaining term of such lease; (i) agreements, notes, bonds, indentures or other instruments governing indebtedness for borrowed money, and any guarantee thereof or the pledge of any assets or other security therefore; (j) material requirements, take or pay or similar agreements; (k) material powers of attorney or agency agreements; (l) material feed ingredient contracts or commodity future contracts, option contracts or similar agreements, including without limitation, all such agreements that extend beyond sixty (60) days from the date hereof; (m) material agreements or arrangements establishing, creating or relating to any rebate, promotion, advertising coupon or other allowance; (n) material toll processing, co-packing or similar agreement; or (o) other contract, agreement or arrangement, involving an estimated total future payment or payments in excess of \$1,000,000 (other than one time purchase orders with respect to raw materials and one time sales contracts relating to the sale of inventory, each in the ordinary course of business). The contracts required to be so listed are referred to herein as the Buyer Material Contracts. With respect to all Buyer Material Contracts, (i) all such contracts are the valid and binding obligations of Buyer in full force and effect, (ii) neither Buyer nor any of its Subsidiaries nor, to Buyer s knowledge, any other party to any such Buyer Material Contract is in breach thereof, or default thereunder, and (iii) there does not exist under any provision thereof, or any event that, with the giving of notice or the lapse of time or both, would constitute such a breach or default except for such breaches, defaults and events which in the case of clauses (i), (ii) and (iii) would not, individually or in the aggregate, have a Buyer Material Adverse Effect. Buyer has made available to Seller true and correct copies of all Buyer Material Contracts.

8.14 Labor Relations.

- 8.14.1 Except as set forth in the Buyer Disclosure Schedule, neither Buyer nor any of its Subsidiaries is a party to any collective bargaining agreement or other labor union contract applicable to persons employed by Buyer or any of its Subsidiaries.
- 8.14.2 Except for such matters as would not have a Buyer Material Adverse Effect, there are no (i) labor strikes, disputes, slowdowns, representation or certification campaigns or work stoppages pending, or to Buyer s knowledge, threatened against or affecting Buyer or any of its Subsidiaries, (ii) grievance or arbitration proceedings, letter agreements or settlement agreements arising out of collective bargaining agreements to which Buyer or any of its Subsidiaries is a party, or (iii) unfair labor practice (within the meaning of the National Labor Relations Act or applicable state statute) complaints pending or, to Buyer s knowledge, threatened against Buyer or any of its Subsidiaries.
- 8.14.3 Except for such matters as would not have a Buyer Material Adverse Effect, Buyer and its Subsidiaries are in compliance with all applicable laws respecting employment and employment practices, terms and conditions of employment and wages and hours.
- 8.14.4 Except for such matters as would not have a Buyer Material Adverse Effect, there are, with respect to Buyer and its Subsidiaries, no lawsuits or pending administrative matters before any federal, state or local courts or agencies regarding violations or alleged violations of any federal, state or local wage and hour law or any federal, state or local law with respect to discrimination or harassment on the basis of sex, age, race, color, creed, national origin, disability, religion or any other protected characteristics under such federal, state or local law or involving allegations by any employee concerning alleged discrimination or harassment based on whistleblower claims involving allegations of fraud, corporate misconduct, financial mismanagement, environmental compliance or similar claims asserted under federal, state or local laws

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- 8.14.5 To Buyer s knowledge, as of the date hereof, there is no activity involving any employees seeking to certify a collective bargaining unit. To Buyer s knowledge, as of the date hereof, except as described in the Buyer Disclosure Schedule, no executive, key employee, or group of employees has any plans to terminate employment with Buyer or its Subsidiaries.
- 8.15 **Employee Plans.** Except as reflected in the Buyer Disclosure Schedule or as would not have, individually or in the aggregate, a Buyer Material Adverse Effect:
 - 8.15.1 The Buyer Disclosure Schedule sets forth the Employee Plans maintained by Buyer or any Subsidiary of Buyer.
 - 8.15.2 Buyer, each Employee Plan, and the administrator and fiduciaries of each Employee Plan have complied in all material respects with all applicable legal requirements governing each Employee Plan, including, but not limited to, the Code, ERISA, HIPAA and the changes made under the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002. No lawsuits or complaints to, or by, any Person are pending with respect to any Employee Plan.
 - 8.15.3 No Employee Plan is currently under audit, examination or investigation by any government agency, including but not limited to the IRS, the SEC or the DOL.
 - 8.15.4 To the best of Buyer's knowledge, neither Buyer, its Affiliates, an Employee Plan, nor an administrator or fiduciary of any Employee Plan has taken any action, or failed to take any action, that could subject it or him or her or any other Person to any liability for any excise tax, fine or other penalty under applicable laws or for breach of fiduciary duty under ERISA or the Code with respect to or in connection with any Employee Plan.
 - 8.15.5 Neither Buyer, its Affiliates, an Employee Plan, an administrator or fiduciary of any Employee Plan, nor any other Person has any liability to any Employee Plan participant, beneficiary or other Person under any provision of ERISA, the Code or any other applicable law by reason of any payment of benefits or other amounts or failure to pay benefits or any other amounts, or by reason of any credit or failure to give credit for any benefits or rights (such as, but not limited to, vesting rights) with respect to benefits under or in connection with an Employee Plan. Neither Buyer nor its Affiliates is in arrears with respect to any contributions under or premiums payable for any Employee Plan.
 - 8.15.6 Each funded Employee Plan that is a Pension Plan is qualified under Section 401(a) of the Code, and the trust or trusts maintained in connection with such Employee Plan is or are exempt from tax under Section 501(a) of the Code. A favorable IRS determination letter as to the qualification under the Code has been received for each such Pension Plan. A favorable IRS determination letter as to the qualification under the Code has been received for each such Pension Plan and its related trust or trusts and has been or will be timely amended for the recent tax changes commonly referred to as GUST, since the date of such determination letter there are not circumstances that are likely to adversely affect the qualification of such Pension Plans, and each such Pension Plan has been or will be timely amended to comply with the provisions of the Economic Growth and Tax Relief Reconciliation Act of 2001.
 - 8.15.7 Buyer is not a participating employer in any Multiemployer Plan (as defined in Section 3(37) of ERISA).
 - 8.15.8 No liability under Subtitle C or D of Title IV of ERISA has been or is expected to be incurred by Buyer of its Affiliates either directly or indirectly with respect to any ongoing, frozen or terminated single employer plan, within the meaning of Section 4001(a)(14) of ERISA.

All accrued obligations of Buyer or its Affiliates for payments by it to trust or other funds or to any governmental or administrative agency, with respect to pension benefits, unemployment compensation benefits, social security benefits or any other benefits for

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employees of Buyer and its Affiliates have been paid or adequate accruals therefore have been made in Buyer s financial statements, and none of the foregoing has been rendered not due by reason of any extension, whether at the request of any of Buyer, its Affiliates or otherwise.

- 8.15.10 Buyer and its Affiliates are in material compliance with the requirements of Sections 162(k) (to the extent applicable prior to its amendment by the Technical and Miscellaneous Revenue Act of 1988) and 4980B of the Code and Section 601 of ERISA and no event or condition exists with respect to any welfare plan that could subject Buyer or its Affiliates to any tax under the foregoing sections of the Code and ERISA.
- 8.15.11 Neither Buyer nor its Affiliates has any obligation to provide post-retirement medical or other benefits, except as may be required by Section 4980B of the Code or Part 6 of Title I of ERISA or applicable state medical benefits continuation law, and Buyer and its Affiliates may terminate any such post-retirement medical or other benefits upon thirty (30) days notice or less without any liability therefore.
- 8.16 **Environmental.** Except as reflected in any environmental site assessments made available to Seller, as are immaterial, or as reflected in the Buyer Disclosure Schedule:
 - (a) Buyer and its Subsidiaries possess all Environmental Permits necessary under applicable Environmental Laws to conduct their business and operations as currently conducted.
 - (b) Buyer and its Subsidiaries are, and at all times have been, in compliance with and have not been and are not in violation of or liable under any applicable Environmental Laws and Environmental Permits, and none of Buyer and its Subsidiaries has received any written communication from any Person that alleges that Buyer and its Subsidiaries is not in such compliance.
 - (c) There are no Environmental Claims pending or, to Buyer s knowledge, threatened, against any of Buyer and its Subsidiaries in either case arising out of (i) any real property currently or formerly owned, leased or operated by any of Buyer and its Subsidiaries, (ii) any current or former operations of any of Buyer and its Subsidiaries, or (iii) any other properties and assets (whether real, personal or mixed) in which any of Buyer and its Subsidiaries has or had an interest.
 - (d) None of Buyer and its Subsidiaries has retained, or assumed, either contractually or by operation of law, any liabilities of which Buyer has knowledge arising under applicable Environmental Laws or Environmental Permits.
 - (e) This Section 8.16 contains the exclusive representations and warranties of Buyer with regard to Environmental Claims, Environmental Laws, Environmental Permits and any other environmental matters in this Agreement.
- 8.17 <u>Absence of Liens</u>. Except for assets disposed of in the ordinary course of business, Buyer and each of its Subsidiaries has valid title to or a valid leasehold in, or a contractual or common law right to use, each item of tangible personal property used in the conduct of Buyer s business free and clear of any Encumbrances, other than Permitted Encumbrances and Encumbrances described in Section 8.17 of the Buyer Disclosure Schedule.

8.18 Real Estate.

(a)

The Buyer Disclosure Schedule sets forth a list and description of all material real property owned in fee by Buyer or any of its Subsidiaries (the <u>Buyer Owned Real Property</u>). With respect to each such parcel of Buyer Owned Real Property:

- (i) Buyer or any of its Subsidiaries has good and marketable title to the parcel of Buyer Owned Real Property, free and clear of any Encumbrance, except for Permitted Encumbrances and Encumbrances described in Section 8.18(a)(i) of the Buyer Disclosure Schedule;
- (ii) there are no pending or, to Buyer s knowledge, threatened condemnation, expropriation, eminent domain or other similar proceedings, lawsuits or administrative actions relating to

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the Buyer Owned Real Property which materially and adversely affect the current use or occupancy thereof;

- (iii) there are no outstanding written or, to Buyer s knowledge, oral rights, agreements, options or rights of first refusal to purchase the parcel of Buyer Owned Real Property, or any portion thereof or interest therein, which have been granted to any other Person;
- (iv) to Buyer's knowledge, except as described in Section 8.18(a)(iv) of the Buyer Disclosure Schedule, there are no parties (other than Buyer or any of its Subsidiaries) in possession of or holding any rights to take possession of the parcel of Buyer Owned Real Property; and
- (v) except for any matter which would not materially adversely affect the current use of a parcel of Buyer Owned Real Property, to Buyer s knowledge, (a) the legal description for the parcel contained in the deed thereof describes such parcel fully and adequately, (b) the buildings and improvements are located within the boundary lines of the described parcels of land, are not in violation of applicable setback requirements, zoning laws, and ordinances (and none of the properties or buildings or improvements thereon are subject to permitted non-conforming use or permitted non-conforming structure classifications), and do not encroach on any easement which may burden the land, (c) the land does not serve any adjoining property for any purpose inconsistent with the use of the land, and (d) the property is not located within any flood plain or subject to any similar type restriction for which any permits or licenses necessary to the use thereof have not been obtained.
- (b) The Buyer Disclosure Schedule sets forth a list and description of all material real property leased or subleased to Buyer or any of its Subsidiaries. Buyer has made available to Seller correct and complete copies of the leases and subleases listed in the Buyer Disclosure Schedule. With respect to each such lease and sublease, except as disclosed in the Buyer Disclosure Schedule:
 - (i) to Buyer s knowledge, such lease or sublease is legal, valid, binding, enforceable, and in full force and effect;
 - (ii) to Buyer s knowledge, such lease or sublease will continue to be legal, valid, binding, enforceable, and in full force and effect on identical terms following the consummation of the transactions contemplated hereby;
 - (iii) neither Buyer, its Subsidiaries, nor, to Buyer s knowledge, any other party to the lease or sublease is in material breach or default, and no event has occurred which, with notice or lapse of time, would constitute a material breach or default or permit termination, modification, or acceleration thereunder;
 - (iv) to Buyer s knowledge, no party to the lease or sublease has repudiated any provision thereof;
 - (v) there are no material disputes, oral agreements, or forbearance programs in effect as to the lease or sublease;
 - (vi) to Buyer s knowledge, with respect to each sublease, the representations and warranties set forth in subsections (i) through (v) above are true and correct with respect to the underlying lease; and
 - (vii) neither Buyer nor any of its Subsidiaries has assigned, transferred, conveyed, mortgaged, deeded in trust, or encumbered any interest in the leasehold or subleasehold.

8.19 **Proxy Statement.** The proxy statement to be distributed in connection with Buyer's meeting of stockholders to vote upon the issuance of the Shares pursuant to this Agreement (the <u>Proxy Statement</u>) will comply as to form in all material respects with the applicable requirements of the Exchange Act, and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder. Notwithstanding the foregoing, Buyer makes no representation with respect to any statement in the foregoing documents based upon information about Seller or the Acquired Companies supplied by Seller for inclusion therein.

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- 8.20 **Brokers and Finders.** Except for Credit Suisse First Boston LLC and Houlihan Lokey Howard & Zukin Financial Advisors, Inc., Buyer has not employed any investment banker, broker or finder or incurred any liability for any brokerage fees, commissions or finders fees in connection with the transactions contemplated by this Agreement.
- 8.21 **Financing.** Buyer has obtained all financing, bank consents and bank authorizations necessary to consummate the transactions contemplated hereunder as long as the Purchase Price does not exceed \$600,000,000.
- 8.22 Inventory. Except for such matters that would not have a Buyer Material Adverse Effect, to Buyer s knowledge, the inventory of Buyer consists of live, raw materials and supplies, manufactured and purchased parts, goods in process, and finished goods, all of which is merchantable and fit for the purpose for which it was procured or manufactured, and none of which is slow-moving, obsolete, damaged, or defective, subject only to applicable reserves. Since March 29, 2003, the inventory of Buyer has been maintained in all material respects at levels in the ordinary course of business. The inventory of Buyer existing on March 29, 2003 was recorded on the balance sheet of such date included in the Buyer SEC Documents at the lower of its cost or its market value consistent with poultry industry practices.
- 8.23 <u>Customers.</u> The Buyer Disclosure Schedule sets forth a list of as of the end of the Buyer s three (3) fiscal years ended September 30, 2000, September 29, 2001, and September 28, 2002, the top 25 customers determined by chicken product sales during such year (the <u>Buyer Major Customers</u>). Buyer has previously provided to Seller a schedule of each of the Buyer s long-term pricing commitments for the Buyer Major Customers for the fiscal year ending in September 2003 in effect as of the date of this Agreement, and no material reduction in any such commitment has occurred between March 29, 2003 and the date of this Agreement. Except as indicated in the Buyer Disclosure Schedule, none of Buyer s top 25 customers, determined by outstanding receivables as of March 29, 2003, has terminated or materially altered its relationship with the Buyer between March 29, 2003 and the date of this Agreement, or, to Buyer s knowledge, threatened to do so or otherwise notified Buyer of its intention to do so, and there has been no material dispute with any of such customers between March 29, 2003 and the date of this Agreement.
- 8.24 Intellectual Property. Buyer owns, or possesses adequate licenses or other rights to use, all material Intellectual Property Rights currently used or necessary to conduct its business. Without limitation to the foregoing, Buyer owns the trademarks and related Intellectual Property Rights described in Section 8.24 of the Buyer Disclosure Schedule and those trademarks are the only material trademarks used in the business of Buyer. To the knowledge of Buyer, and other than such infringements that would not have a Buyer Material Adverse Effect, (i) the Intellectual Property Rights of the Buyer currently used to conduct its business do not infringe upon any Intellectual Property Rights of others, and (ii) no third party is infringing on the Intellectual Property Rights of Buyer currently used to conduct its business.
- 8.25 **OSHA Matters.** There are no pending citations against Buyer under any OSHA Laws other than those that would not have a Buyer Material Adverse Effect. To Buyer s knowledge, neither Buyer nor any of its Subsidiaries is in violation of any OSHA Laws that could reasonably be expected to have a Buyer Material Adverse Effect. This Section 8.25 contains the exclusive representations and warranties of Buyer with regard to OSHA Laws, and any violation thereof or other matter related thereto, in this Agreement.

8.26 Taxes and Tax Returns.

(a) With respect to the Buyer and its Subsidiaries; (i) all material Tax Returns required to be filed by them have been filed, (ii) all Taxes shown to be due on such returns have been paid or accrued, (iii) all Taxes for which a notice of assessment or collection has been received (other than amounts being contested in good faith by appropriate proceedings), have been paid or accrued. No Governmental Authority has asserted any material claim for Taxes, or to the Buyer s knowledge, has threatened to assert any material claim for Taxes.

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- (b) The statute of limitations has closed for all Tax Returns of the Buyer and its Subsidiaries.
- (c) All material Taxes required by law to be withheld or collected with respect to the Buyer and its Subsidiaries have been withheld or collected and paid to the appropriate Governmental Authorities (or are properly being held for such payment).
- (d) There are no liens for Taxes upon the material assets of the Buyer and its Subsidiaries (other than Liens for Taxes that are not yet due and payable).
- (e) None of the assets of the Buyer and its Subsidiaries are considered tax-exempt use property or tax-exempt bond financed property within the meaning of sections 168(g)(1)(B) or (C) of the Code.
- (f) To Buyer s knowledge, none of the Buyer or its Subsidiaries has a material taxable presence in any jurisdiction where they do not file a Tax Return.
- (g) The Buyer and its Subsidiaries have not made or become obligated to make, and will not as a result of the transactions contemplated hereby become obligated to make, any payments that could be nondeductible by reason of Section 280G (without regard to subsection (b)(4) thereof) or 162(m) of the Code, nor will any of the Buyer or its Subsidiaries be required to gross up or otherwise compensate any individual because of the imposition of any excise tax on such a payment to the individual.
- (h) To Buyer's knowledge, no facts or circumstances have occurred or failed to occur which would cause the inclusion of the suspense account (that Buyer established pursuant to Code Section 447(i)(1)) into the gross income of the Buyer or any member of its affiliated group other than ratably as provided by Code Section 447(i)(5), consistent with Buyer's past practice. In addition, the transactions contemplated in this Agreement will not cause the Buyer or its affiliated group to include the balance of such suspense account into gross income for Tax purposes.

9. Covenants.

9.1 Covenants of Seller.

- 9.1.1 Conduct of Business. During the period from the date hereof to the Closing Date, unless Buyer shall otherwise agree in writing or as contemplated by this Agreement or as necessary or appropriate to satisfy its obligations hereunder, Seller covenants that Seller and its Affiliates, including, without limitation, the Acquired Companies, shall (i) conduct and operate the Business in all material respects in the usual and ordinary course consistent with past practice, (ii) use reasonable commercial efforts to preserve intact the Business and its relationships with growers, suppliers, labor unions, customers and others having business dealings with them that are material to the Business, and (iii) use reasonable commercial efforts to keep available the services of the Business present officers and key employees. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, unless Buyer shall otherwise agree in writing (which agreement will not be unreasonably withheld) or as contemplated by this Agreement or as necessary or appropriate to satisfy its obligations hereunder, during the period from the date hereof to the Closing Date, Seller covenants that:
 - (a) none of the Acquired Companies shall adopt or propose any change in its Charter Documents;

(b)

none of Seller or its Affiliates shall authorize for issuance, issue, deliver, sell, pledge, dispose of, encumber or grant any lien on, or authorize or propose the issuance, delivery, sale, pledge, disposition of, encumber or grant of any lien on, any shares of the capital stock of any Acquired Company, or other voting securities or any securities convertible into or exercisable for, or any rights, warrants or options to acquire, any such securities or voting securities or any other ownership interest in any of the Acquired Companies (or interest the value of which is derived by reference to any of the foregoing), or enter into any agreement with respect to any of the foregoing;

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- none of the Acquired Companies shall acquire or agree to acquire any business or any corporation, partnership, association or other business, operation, organization or division thereof;
- (d) subject to Section 9.4 hereof, none of Seller and its Affiliates shall sell, abandon or otherwise dispose of, or pledge, mortgage or otherwise encumber any material assets of the Business other than in the ordinary course of business:
- (e) subject to Section 9.4 hereof, none of Seller and its Affiliates shall other than in the ordinary course of business, waive, release, grant or transfer any rights of material value relating to the Business;
- (f) none of Seller and its Affiliates shall modify or amend, or waive any benefit of, any noncompetition agreement benefiting the Business;
- (g) none of Seller and its Affiliates shall make any change in any method of financial accounting or financial accounting practice relating to the Business, except as required by applicable Law or to comply with GAAP;
- (h) except as required by its terms or in the ordinary course of business, none of Seller and its Affiliates shall amend in any material respect, terminate, renew (except as contemplated by Section 9.1.1(p)) or renegotiate any Company Material Contract or default in any material respect (or take or omit to take any action that with or without the giving of notice or passage of time or both, would constitute a default in any material respect) under any Company Material Contract or, except as contemplated by Section 9.1.1(p), enter into any new contract which would have been deemed to be a Company Material Contract if it had been in effect on the date hereof;
- none of the Acquired Companies shall declare, issue or make any direct or indirect redemption, purchase or other
 acquisition of any shares of its capital stock or property, declare, issue or make any distribution or dividend to its
 stockholders in cash or in kind (except as otherwise contemplated by this Agreement) or split, combine, dividend,
 distribute or reclassify any shares of its capital stock;
- (j) none of Seller and its Affiliates shall dispose of or permit to lapse any rights to the use of any material Intellectual Property Rights benefiting the Business, or disclose any such material Intellectual Property Rights not a matter of public knowledge, except for any such disclosure required by applicable Law or judicial process and disclosures made in the ordinary course of business;
- (k) none of Seller and its Affiliates shall effect any increase in, amendment to or establishment of any bonus, insurance, severance, deferred compensation, pension, retirement, profit sharing, stock option, stock purchase or other employee benefit plan or collective bargaining agreement relating to employees of the Business;
- except in the ordinary course of business, and except as required by contracts in effect on the date hereof, none of Seller and its Affiliates shall effect any increase in compensation, bonus, severance or termination pay or other benefits payable to the employees of the Business;
- (m) none of the Acquired Companies shall make any loan, advance or capital contribution to or investment in any Person in an aggregate amount in excess of \$100,000 (excluding any loan, advance or capital contribution to, or investment in, any Acquired Company);

(n) none of the Acquired Companies shall incur or assume any indebtedness for borrowed funds (including obligations in respect of capital leases), assume, guarantee, endorse, or otherwise become liable or responsible (whether directly, contingently, or otherwise) for the obligations of any other Person;

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- (o) none of Seller and its Affiliates shall change in any material respect its existing practices and procedures with respect to the extension of credit or collection of accounts receivable relating to the Business;
- (p) none of Seller and its Affiliates will enter into, with respect to the Business, any fixed price agreement having a term greater than one (1) year and involving greater than \$2,500,000 during the term of the contract;
- (q) other than the routine replacement and repair of equipment and facilities in the ordinary course of business and capital expenditure commitments existing as of the date hereof, none of Seller and its Affiliates will make any individual capital expenditure on behalf of the Business in an amount in excess of \$250,000;
- (r) none of Seller and its Affiliates will make material changes in the production capabilities or capacities of the Business production facilities; and
- (s) agree or commit to do any of the actions prohibited by paragraphs (a) through (r) of this Section 9.1.1.
- 9.1.2 Access to Information. During the period from the date hereof until the Closing Date, Seller will, and will cause its Affiliates and their employees, officers, auditors and agents to, provide Buyer and Buyer s counsel, financial advisors, accountants and other authorized representatives (except to the extent not permitted under applicable Law or to the extent resulting in the waiver of attorney-client privilege, as advised by counsel) with reasonable access during normal business hours to the Business books and records and properties, plants and personnel.
- 9.1.3 Interim Financial Information. During the period from the date hereof until the Closing Date, Seller shall promptly provide Buyer with copies of: (i) all monthly financial management reports, Agristat reports and weekly consolidated summary profit and loss statements relating to the Business; (ii) any notice, report or other document filed with or sent to any Governmental Authority in connection with the transactions contemplated by this Agreement; and (iii) any material notice, report or other document received by any of the Acquired Companies from any Governmental Authority.
- 9.1.4 Notice of Developments. During the period from the date hereof until the Closing Date, Seller shall promptly notify Buyer in writing of: (i) the discovery by Seller of any event, condition, fact or circumstance that occurred or existed on or prior to the date of this Agreement and that caused or constitutes a material inaccuracy in any representation or warranty made by Seller in this Agreement or in the Seller Disclosure Schedule; (ii) any event, condition, fact or circumstance that occurs, arises or exists after the date of this Agreement and that would cause or constitute a material inaccuracy in any representation or warranty made by Seller in this Agreement or in the Seller Disclosure Schedule if (A) such representation or warranty or delivery of information had been made as of the time of the occurrence, existence or discovery of such event, condition, fact or circumstance, or (B) such event, condition, fact or circumstance had occurred, arisen or existed on or prior to the date of this Agreement; (iii) any material breach of any covenant or obligation of Seller; and (iv) any event, condition, fact or circumstance that would make the timely satisfaction of any of the conditions set forth in Section 10 impossible or unlikely or that has had or could reasonably be expected to have a Company Material Adverse Effect. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, Seller shall promptly advise Buyer in writing of any Action threatened, commenced or asserted against or with respect to any of the Acquired Companies, except where such Action would not be reasonably likely to have a Company Material Adverse Effect. No notification given to Buyer pursuant to this Section 9.1.4 shall limit or otherwise affect any of the representations, warranties, covenants or obligations of Seller contained in this Agreement.

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9.2 Covenants of Buyer.

- 9.2.1 Conduct of Business. During the period from the date hereof to the Closing Date, unless Seller shall otherwise agree in writing or as contemplated by this Agreement or as necessary or appropriate to satisfy its obligations hereunder, Buyer covenants and agrees that it shall (i) conduct and operate its business and operations in all material respects in the usual and ordinary course consistent with past practice, (ii) use its reasonable commercial efforts to preserve intact its business organization and preserve its relationships with growers, suppliers, labor unions, customers and others having business dealings with it that are material to Buyer and (iii) use its reasonable commercial efforts to keep available the services of its present officers and key employees. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, unless Seller shall otherwise agree in writing (which agreement shall not be unreasonably withheld) or as contemplated by this Agreement or as necessary or appropriate to satisfy its obligations hereunder, during the period from the date hereof to the Closing Date, Buyer covenants that it shall not:
 - (a) adopt or propose any change to its Charter Documents, except for the amendment to Buyer's certificate of incorporation described on Exhibit 9.2.1;
 - (b) authorize for issuance, issue, deliver, sell, pledge, dispose of, encumber or grant any lien on, or authorize or propose the issuance, delivery, sale, pledge, disposition of, encumber or grant of any lien on, any shares of its capital stock, or other voting securities or any securities convertible into or exercisable for, or any rights, warrants or options to acquire, any such securities or voting securities or any other ownership interest (or interest the value of which is derived by reference to any of the foregoing), or enter into any agreement with respect to any of the foregoing;
 - acquire or agree to acquire any material business or any material corporation, partnership, association or other business, operation, organization or division thereof; or
 - (d) declare, issue or make any direct or indirect redemption, purchase or other acquisition of any shares of its capital stock, declare, issue or make any distribution or dividend to its stockholders in cash or in kind (except as otherwise contemplated by this Agreement and normal cash dividends consistent with past practices) or split, combine, dividend, distribute or reclassify any shares of its capital stock.
- 9.2.2 Access to Information. During the period from the date hereof until the Closing Date, Buyer will, and will cause its Affiliates and their employees, officers, auditors and agents to, provide Seller and Seller s counsel, financial advisors, accountants and other authorized representatives (except to the extent not permitted under Law or to the extent resulting in the waiver of attorney-client privilege, as advised by counsel), with reasonable access during normal business hours to Buyer s and its Subsidiaries books and records and properties, plant and personnel.
- 9.2.3 Contracts. Buyer acknowledges that various contracts relating to the Business were originally entered into in the name of Seller or an Affiliate of Seller (other than the Acquired Companies). Such contracts have been or, subject to Section 9.12, will be assigned to CPC at or prior to Closing. Buyer shall indemnify and hold Seller and its Affiliates harmless from and against all Liability arising under such contracts, except to the extent Buyer is entitled to indemnification with respect to such Liability pursuant to Section 12.1 hereof. Buyer and Buyer s Affiliates shall use commercially reasonable efforts to obtain the release of Seller and its Affiliates (other than the Acquired Companies) from all Liabilities arising under such contracts. Buyer shall, and shall cause the Acquired Companies to, not renew or otherwise extend, or permit the renewal or extension of, the existing term of any such contracts to the extent Buyer has or gains knowledge of such contracts, other than any such contract with respect to which Seller and its Affiliates (other than the Acquired Companies) would have no potential Liability.

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- 9.2.4 Guarantees. Buyer and Seller shall use their commercially reasonable efforts to cause Buyer to be substituted in all respects for Seller and its Affiliates (other than the Acquired Companies), and Seller and its Affiliates (other than the Acquired Companies) fully released, effective as of the Closing or as soon as possible thereafter, in respect of all obligations of Seller and its Affiliates (other than the Acquired Companies) under each of the guarantees, indemnities, bonding arrangements, letters of credit and letters of comfort given by Seller or its Affiliates (other than the Acquired Companies) for the benefit of the Business (the Guarantees), including, without limitation, those which are identified on Exhibit 9.2.4 hereto. If any such release cannot be obtained, (i) Buyer shall indemnify and hold Seller and Seller s Affiliates (other than the Acquired Companies) harmless from and against any Liability relating to any Guarantee not released except to the extent Buyer is entitled to indemnification with respect to such Liability pursuant to Section 12.1 hereof, and (ii) Buyer shall, and shall cause the Acquired Companies to, not renew or otherwise extend the original term of any contract, agreement, lease, or other document or instrument to which such unreleased Guarantee relates to the extent Buyer has or gains knowledge of such unreleased Guarantee.
- 9.2.5 Interim Financial Information. During the period from the date hereof until the Closing Date, Buyer shall promptly provide Seller with copies of: (i) all monthly financial management reports, Agristat reports and weekly consolidated summary profit and loss statements relating to Buyer; (ii) any notice, report or other document filed with or sent to any Governmental Authority in connection with the transactions contemplated by this Agreement; and (iii) any material notice, report or other document received by Buyer from any Governmental Authority.
- 9.2.6 Notice of Developments. During the period from the date hereof until the Closing Date, Buyer shall promptly notify Seller in writing of: (i) the discovery by Buyer of any event, condition, fact or circumstance that occurred or existed on or prior to the date of this Agreement and that caused or constitutes a material inaccuracy in any representation or warranty made by Buyer in this Agreement or in the Buyer Disclosure Schedule; (ii) any event, condition, fact or circumstance that occurs, arises or exists after the date of this Agreement and that would cause or constitute a material inaccuracy in any representation or warranty made by Buyer in this Agreement or in the Buyer Disclosure Schedule if (A) such representation or warranty or delivery of information had been made as of the time of the occurrence, existence or discovery of such event, condition, fact or circumstance, or (B) such event, condition, fact or circumstance had occurred, arisen or existed on or prior to the date of this Agreement; (iii) any material breach of any covenant or obligation of Buyer; and (iv) any event, condition, fact or circumstance that would make the timely satisfaction of any of the conditions set forth in Section 10 impossible or unlikely or that has had or could reasonably be expected to have a Buyer Material Adverse Effect. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, Buyer shall promptly advise Seller in writing of any Action threatened, commenced or asserted against or with respect to Buyer, except where such Action would not be reasonably likely to have a Buyer Material Adverse Effect. No notification given to Seller pursuant to this Section 9.2.6 shall limit or otherwise affect any of the representations, warranties, covenants or obligations of Buyer contained in this Agreement.
- 9.2.7 Share Listing. Buyer shall obtain approval for listing, subject to notice of issuance, on the New York Stock Exchange, all Shares to be issued to Seller pursuant to this Agreement.
- 9.3 No Solicitation. From the date hereof through the date two (2) years after the earlier of the Closing Date and the termination of this Agreement pursuant to Section 11, neither Buyer or any of its Subsidiaries or Affiliates, on the one hand, nor Seller or any of its Subsidiaries or Affiliates, on the other, will, directly or indirectly, except as contemplated by this Agreement, solicit for employment or employ any management level employee of the other party; provided, however, nothing herein shall

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restrict the above referenced parties from (i) soliciting any such employee by general employment advertising or third party employment agencies (so long as such agencies are not directed by such parties to target such employees), or (ii) hiring any employee who responds to such permitted solicitation or seeks employment on an unsolicited basis. The parties hereto agree that the terms of this Section 9.3 shall specifically supercede Section 7 of the Confidentiality Agreement and Section 7 of the Confidentiality Agreement is hereby terminated.

9.4 Excluded Assets.

- 9.4.1 Retained Intellectual Property. Seller specifically and exclusively retains all right, title and interest in and to the name ConAgra, Butterball, Country Skillet, Banquet, Fresh Trace, Oven Bake and Game Time (and derivation and to any logos, trademarks, service marks, trade names, domain names, copyrights and trade dress related thereto (the Retained Intellectual Property). Buyer acknowledges that, except as provided in the Transition Trademark License Agreement, it will not acquire, and that the Acquired Companies do not own, any right, title or interest in or to the Retained Intellectual Property. Buyer agrees that as promptly as practicable after Closing, except as required by any agreement to which an Acquired Company was bound immediately prior to Closing, it will cause the Acquired Companies to discontinue the use of any advertising or other form of media that uses or references any such Retained Intellectual Property, except as permitted by the Transition Trademark License Agreement. Buyer further agrees that as soon as practicable, but in no event longer than one (1) year after the Closing Date, it shall remove all signage which refers to any Retained Intellectual Property, and take all such other action as may be necessary to dissociate Seller with the operations of the Business after Closing, except as permitted by the Transition Trademark License Agreement.
- 9.4.2 Corporate Services; Insurance. Buyer acknowledges that the Acquired Companies are covered by certain insurance policies and insurable risk programs made available through Seller and described on Exhibit 9.4.2. With respect to any loss, Liability or damage relating to, resulting from or arising out of the conduct of the Business on or prior to the Closing Date for which Seller would be entitled to assert, or cause any Affiliate or other Person to assert, a claim for recovery under any policy of insurance maintained by or for the benefit of Seller or any Affiliate thereof in respect of the Business, at the request of the Acquired Companies, (x) Seller shall use its reasonable efforts to assert, or to assist the Acquired Companies to assert, one or more claims under such insurance covering such loss, Liability or damage if none of the Acquired Companies are entitled to assert such claim, but Seller or an Affiliate thereof is so entitled, in all events subject to applicable deductibles and retentions, (y) Seller shall provide the Acquired Companies with any recoveries under such insurance, in all events subject to applicable deductibles and retentions, and (z) Seller shall provide the Acquired Companies with access to any applicable insurance policies. Buyer further acknowledges that the systems and services listed on Exhibit 9.4.2 hereto (the Corporate Services) are supplied by Seller or its Affiliates to the Business, and (ii) Buyer will not acquire, and the Acquired Companies do not own, any right, title or interest in or to the Corporate Services.
- 9.4.3 **Retained Assets.** The Retained Assets shall be distributed by the Acquired Companies to Seller or its designees at or before Closing.
- 9.5 Record Retention. Except as set forth below and also subject to Section 13 hereof, Buyer will cause all books and records relating to the Business as of the Closing (the Records) to be retained for seven (7) years after Closing. In addition, except as set forth below and also subject to Section 13 hereof, to the extent any books and records relating to the Business are retained by Seller following Closing (the Retained Records), Seller shall retain the Retained Records for seven (7) years after Closing. During such term, each party shall allow the other party and its representatives access to inspect or copy the Records and Retained Records, as appropriate, during normal business hours. In the event a party

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intends to destroy any Records or Retained Records in its control at the end of such seven (7) year term, such party shall first notify the other party at which time the other party shall have the right to remove the Records at its own cost. The parties acknowledge that, in the past, they have routinely disposed of certain books and records on a periodic basis and have not retained such books and records for seven (7) years. Notwithstanding the foregoing, each party may continue such routine periodic record destruction so long as prior to such destruction, the party intending to destroy the records notifies the other party of the nature of such destruction and permits the other party to remove and retain such records at its expense.

9.6 Governmental Approvals.

- 9.6.1 Subject to the terms and conditions herein provided and applicable legal requirements, each of the parties hereto agrees to use its commercially reasonable efforts to take, or cause to be taken, all action, and to do, or cause to be done, and to assist and cooperate with the other parties hereto in doing, as promptly as practicable, all things necessary, proper or advisable under applicable Laws to ensure that the conditions set forth in Section 10 are satisfied and to consummate and make effective the transactions contemplated by this Agreement.
- 9.6.2 Each of the parties shall use its commercially reasonable efforts to obtain as promptly as practicable all consents, waivers, approvals, authorizations or permits of, or registration or filing with or notification to, any Governmental Authority or any other Person required in connection with, and waivers of any violations, defaults or breaches that may be caused by, such party s consummation of the transactions contemplated by this Agreement.
- 9.6.3 Each party hereto shall promptly inform the other of any communication from the FTC, the DOJ, the SEC or any other Governmental Authority regarding any of the transactions contemplated by this Agreement. If any party hereto or any Affiliate thereof receives a request for additional information or documentary material from any such Governmental Authority with respect to the transactions contemplated by this Agreement, then such party shall use commercially reasonable efforts to cause to be made, as soon as reasonably practicable and after consultation with the other party, an appropriate response in compliance with such request.
- 9.6.4 Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, each of the parties will use commercially reasonable efforts to obtain all authorizations or waivers required under the HSR Act to consummate the transactions contemplated hereby, including, without limitation, making all filings required of it with the Antitrust Division of the DOJ and the FTC required in connection therewith (the initial filings to occur no later than three (3) business days following the execution and delivery of this Agreement) and responding as promptly as practicable to all inquiries received from the DOJ, the FTC or any Governmental Authority for additional information or documentation. Buyer shall pay all of its filing and its legal fees associated with the filings referenced in this Section 9.6.4, and Seller shall pay all of its filing and its legal fees associated with the filings referenced in this Section 9.6.4. Each of Buyer and Seller shall furnish to the other such necessary information and reasonable assistance as the other may request in connection with its preparation of any filing or submission which is necessary under the HSR Act.

9.7 Investigation and Agreement by the Parties; No Other Representations or Warranties.

(a) Buyer, on the one hand, and Seller, on the other hand, each acknowledge and agree that it has made its own inquiry and investigation into, and, based thereon, has formed an independent judgment concerning, the other party and its Subsidiaries and their business and operations, and such party has requested such documents and information from the other party as such party considers material in determining whether to enter into this Agreement and to consummate the transactions contemplated in this Agreement. Buyer, on the one hand, and Seller, on the other hand, each acknowledges and agrees that it has had an opportunity to ask all questions of and

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receive answers from the other party with respect to any matter such party considers material in determining whether to enter into this Agreement and to consummate the transactions contemplated in this Agreement. In connection with each party s investigation of the other party and its Subsidiaries and their business and operations, each party and its representatives have received from the other party or its representatives certain projections and other forecasts for the other party and its Subsidiaries and certain estimates, plans and budget information. Each party acknowledges and agrees that there are uncertainties inherent in attempting to make such projections, forecasts, estimates, plans and budgets; that such party is familiar with such uncertainties; that such party is taking full responsibility for making its own evaluation of the adequacy and accuracy of all estimates, projections, forecasts, plans and budgets so furnished to it or its representatives; and that such party will not (and will cause all of its respective Subsidiaries or other Affiliates or any other Persons acting on its behalf to not) assert any claim or cause of action against the other party or any of the other party s directors, officers, employees, agents, stockholders, Affiliates, consultants, counsel, accountants, investment bankers or representatives with respect thereto, or hold any such other Person liable with respect thereto.

- (b) Each of Buyer, on the one hand, and Seller, on the other hand, agree that, except for the representations and warranties made by the other party that are expressly set forth in this Agreement, the other party has not made and shall not be deemed to have made to such party or to any of its representatives or Affiliates any representation or warranty of any kind. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, each party agrees that neither the other party nor any of its representatives or Affiliates makes or has made any representation or warranty to such party or to any of its representatives or Affiliates with respect to:
 - (i) any projections, forecasts, estimates, plans or budgets of future revenues, expenses or expenditures, future results of operations (or any component thereof), future cash flows (or any component thereof) or future financial condition (or any component thereof) of the other party or any of its Subsidiaries or the future business, operations or affairs of the other party or any of its Subsidiaries heretofore or hereafter delivered to or made available to such party or its counsel, accountants, advisors, lenders, representatives or Affiliates; and
 - (ii) any other information, statement or documents heretofore or hereafter delivered to or made available to such party or its counsel, accountants, advisors, lenders, representatives or Affiliates with respect to the other party or any of its Subsidiaries, except to the extent and as expressly covered by a representation and warranty made by the other party and contained in this Agreement.

9.8 Litigation.

9.8.1 Company Litigation. Buyer acknowledges that various Actions are now pending or may arise after the date hereof which result from operations of the Business or Acquired Companies and which name, or may in the future name, Seller (and/or one or more of Seller s Affiliates), either individually, together with one or more Acquired Companies, or otherwise, as a party thereto, including, without limitation, the Actions which are described in the Seller Disclosure Schedule (the Company Litigation); provided, however, that for purposes of this Agreement, the term Company Litigation shall not include the Retained Litigation. Except as to matters subject to Seller s indemnification obligations under Section 12.1, Buyer shall indemnify and hold Seller and Seller s Affiliates harmless from and against all Liability relating to the Company Litigation including, without limitation, all costs and expenses of defending the Company Litigation. Buyer may settle or compromise any such Company Litigation (i) with the written consent of Seller, which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld or delayed, or (ii) without such consent, so long as such settlement or compromise includes (A) an unconditional release of Seller and/or its Affiliates, as the case may be, from all Liability in respect of such Company Litigation, (B) does not subject Seller or its Affiliates to any injunctive relief or other equitable remedy, and (C) does not include a

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statement or omission of fault, culpability or failure to act by or on behalf of Seller or its Affiliates. Seller and its Affiliates shall have the right, but not the obligation, to participate at their own expense in the defense of any Company Litigation and any such participation shall not in any way diminish or lessen the obligations of Buyer hereunder. Seller shall reasonably cooperate with Buyer, at Buyer s cost and expense, in connection with the defense of any Company Litigation and, in connection therewith, shall furnish on a timely basis all such information, records, documents and testimony and attend such conferences, discovery proceedings, hearings, trials and appeals as may be reasonably requested by Buyer, and provide, on a timely basis, access to and availability of its employees for purposes of such litigation, including, without limitation, for purposes of assisting in trial preparation and the conduct of any trial.

- 9.8.2 **Retained Litigation.** Notwithstanding anything contained in this Agreement to the contrary, the parties hereto agree that Seller, at its cost and expense, shall retain, and shall have the sole right to control, all claims and causes of action which have been asserted or may be asserted in the future by or on behalf of the Acquired Companies in the following captioned lawsuits and/or any other lawsuits which may be filed in the future with respect to the subject matter of such captioned lawsuits (hereinafter collectively referred to as the <u>Retained Litigation</u>):
 - (a) In re Linerboard Antitrust Litigation, MDL Docket No. 1261 (E.D. Pa.),
 - (b) In re Vitamins Antitrust Litigation (MDL No. 1285) Misc. 99-0197 (D.D.C.), and
 - (c) Giral v. F-Hoffman LaRoche, Civil Action No. 98 CA 7467 (D.C. Sup. Ct.);

including any appeals thereof.

Seller shall be entitled to receive and retain the benefits of any judgment awarded or settlement reached in connection with the Retained Litigation. Buyer shall, and shall cause the Acquired Companies to, reasonably cooperate with Seller, at Seller s cost and expense, in respect to the Retained Litigation and, in connection therewith shall furnish, on a timely basis, all information, records, documents and testimony and attend such conferences, discovery proceedings, hearings, trials and appeals as may be reasonably requested by Seller and provide, on a timely basis, access to, and availability of, Company Employees for purposes of such litigation, including, without limitation, for purposes of assisting in trial preparation and the conduct of any trial. Seller may settle or compromise the Retained Litigation (i) with the written consent of Buyer, which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld or delayed, or (ii) without such consent, so long as such settlement or compromise includes (a) an unconditional release of the Acquired Companies from all Liability in respect of such Retained Litigation to the extent any of the Acquired Companies are named as a defendant in such Retained Litigation or it would be reasonable to expect that any of the Acquired Companies will be named as defendants in connection with such Retained Litigation, (b) does not subject Buyer or its Affiliates (including the Acquired Companies) to any injunctive relief or any equitable remedy and (c) does not include a statement or admission of fault, culpability, or failure to act by or in behalf of Buyer or its Affiliates (including the Acquired Companies).

9.9 **Proxy Statement.** As promptly as practicable, Buyer shall prepare and, after receipt from Seller of the audited financial statements referred to in Section 9.15, file with the SEC the Proxy Statement in preliminary form. Buyer shall use commercially reasonable efforts to have the Proxy

Statement cleared by the SEC as soon as practicable. Seller shall cooperate with Buyer in the preparation of the Proxy Statement, including providing Buyer with such information relating to Seller and its Affiliates and the Business as may be required to comply with the rules of the SEC. If, at any time prior to the Effective Time, any event or circumstance relating to Buyer or Seller, any Subsidiary

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of Buyer or Seller, or their respective officers or directors, should be discovered by a party which should be set forth in an amendment or a supplement to the Proxy Statement, such party shall promptly inform the other party and the parties shall cooperate in taking appropriate action in respect thereof.

9.10 Proxy Statement; Stockholder Approval.

- (a) Buyer, acting through its Board of Directors, shall, subject to and in accordance with applicable Law, its Certificate of Incorporation and its By-Laws, promptly and duly call, give notice of, convene and hold as soon as practicable following the date the Proxy Statement has been cleared by the SEC, a meeting of the holders of Buyer Common Stock for the purpose of voting to approve the issuance of the Shares pursuant to this Agreement and the rules of the New York Stock Exchange (the <u>Buyer Stockholder Meeting</u>), and recommend to the stockholders of Buyer the issuance of the Shares and include in the Proxy Statement such recommendation.
- (b) Buyer, as promptly as practicable, shall cause the definitive Proxy Statement to be mailed to its stockholders as soon as practicable following the date on which it is cleared by the SEC.
- 9.11 Batesville Property. Seller shall, following the date hereof, take all necessary action to split or otherwise subdivide the real estate relating to Seller s and CPC s Batesville, Arkansas facilities (the Shared Property) along the lines as set forth on Exhibit 9.11 hereof. Parcel X as identified on Exhibit 9.11 is and shall be a Retained Asset and shall, as of and after the Closing Date, continue to be owned by Seller. Parcels Y and Z as identified on Exhibit 9.11 are and shall be included with the Business and, prior to the Closing Date, shall be conveyed by Seller to CPC. Buyer and Seller shall use their mutual best efforts to identify and resolve on or prior to the Closing Date, or as soon as possible thereafter, all issues relating to the Shared Property to provide for the independent use and enjoyment of Parcel X by Seller and Parcels Y and Z by CPC, such that such properties can be independently operated after Closing on substantially the same basis as such properties were operated prior to such split or subdivision, including, without limitation, executing and delivering cross-use and/or cross-easement agreements relating to access, use, parking and the like, and obtaining separate utility services for each parcel.
- 9.12 <u>Unassignable Contracts.</u> If (i) any third-party s (including any Governmental Authority s) consent or approval to the assignment or other transfer to the applicable Acquired Company of a contract to be transferred pursuant to a provision of this Agreement has not been obtained prior to the Closing, then as to the burdens, obligations, rights or benefits under or pursuant to such contracts (collectively, the <u>Righ</u>ts) not assignable to the applicable Acquired Company because such consent or approval has not been obtained:
 - (a) Seller shall, and shall cause its Subsidiaries to, hold the Rights in trust for the applicable Acquired Company, for the account and benefit of the applicable Acquired Company;
 - (b) After the Closing, (i) Seller shall, and shall cause its Affiliates other than the applicable Acquired Company, to take such reasonable actions and do all such things as shall be reasonably necessary or desirable in order that the value of the Rights shall be preserved and shall inure to the benefit of the applicable Acquired Company and such that all benefits under the Rights may be received by the applicable Acquired Company, and (ii) Buyer shall cause the applicable Acquired Company to perform the burdens and obligations under such Rights; and
 - (c) After the Closing, Seller and Buyer shall continue to use their respective reasonable efforts to obtain such consent or approval.
- 9.13 Non-Competition and Non-Interference. From Closing through a period of five (5) years after the Closing Date, neither Seller nor any of its Subsidiaries will, within North America or Central America (including Puerto Rico and the Caribbean region), without

the prior written consent of Buyer, (A) directly or indirectly engage in (i) the growing or slaughtering of chickens, (ii) an integrated chicken operation that grows, slaughters and processes chickens, (iii) the sale of fresh chicken, or (iv) the sale of fresh frozen chicken (whole or parts) that has not been further processed (collectively,

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the Restricted Activities) (other than through their ownership of Shares or other ownership interests in Buyer and other than as a holder of less than 2% of the outstanding capital stock of a publicly traded corporation), or (B) (i) use, license or otherwise allow any third party to use (to the extent Seller has rights to limit such use) the name Butterball, or use or license any third party to use the name Country Skillet, or in either case any derivation thereof, as a trademark, service mark, trade name or domain name in connection with any Restricted Activity, or (ii) use, license or convey any rights to a third party to any trade dress or copyright associated with products marketed under such name or mark in connection with any Restricted Activity. If Seller fails to keep or perform every covenant of this Section 9.13, Buyer shall be entitled to specifically enforce the same by injunction in equity in addition to any other remedies which Buyer may have. If any portion of this Section 9.13 shall be invalid or unenforceable, such invalidity or unenforceability shall in no way be deemed or construed to affect in any way the enforceability of any other provision of this Section 9.13. If any court in which Buyer seeks to have the provisions of this Section 9.13 enforced determines that the activities, time or geographic area hereinabove specified are too broad, such court may determine a reasonable activity, time or geographic area and shall enforce this Section 9.13 for such activity, time and geographic area.

- 9.14 <u>Transfers of Business Assets.</u> Seller shall cause its assets and Liabilities to be transferred and assigned so that the representations and warranties contained in Sections 7.19 and 7.25 are true and correct in all material respects as of the Closing.
- 9.15 Audit. Seller shall cause combined, consolidated financial statements meeting the requirements of Regulation S-X and otherwise in a form that meets the requirement of Schedule 14A under the Exchange Act for, with respect to the balance sheets required thereby, the two (2) consecutive fiscal years ending May 25, 2003 and, with respect to the related statements of earnings and cash flows required thereby, the three (3) consecutive fiscal years ending May 25, 2003, to be prepared for the Business and audited by Deloitte as promptly as practicable. Buyer shall be able to review such draft combined, consolidated financial statement for the Business, and the related workpapers, prior to issuance to ensure that they are appropriate for inclusion in its proxy statement to be filed with the SEC. At the request of Buyer, Seller shall use its commercially reasonable efforts to cause Deloitte to consent to the inclusion of their related audit report in Buyer s future SEC filings.
- 9.16 Covenant Not to Disclose. Seller agrees that as the owner of the Business, it and its Affiliates may possess certain data and knowledge of operations of the Business which may be proprietary in nature and confidential, including certain trade secrets (herein, Business Confidential Information). Seller covenants and agrees that neither it nor any of its Affiliates will, at any time after the Closing, reveal, divulge or make known to any Person (other than Buyer) or use for its own account or for the account of any Person, any Business Confidential Information. Seller further covenants and agrees that neither it nor any of its Affiliates shall divulge any such Business Confidential Information which it may acquire during any transition period in which it assists or consults with Buyer or its Affiliates to facilitate the transfer and the continued success of the Business. Notwithstanding the foregoing, it is understood that the foregoing provisions shall apply only to Business Confidential Information which relates exclusively to the Business and not to information which is otherwise used in connection with Seller s other operations. In addition, notwithstanding the foregoing, it shall not be a violation of the covenant set forth in this Section 9.16 for Seller to disclose information if required to do so by court order or if any information disclosed by Seller is in the public domain other than as a result of conduct by Seller or its Affiliates which constitutes the breach of a confidentiality obligation to Buyer.
- 9.17 Standstill. During the period from the date hereof until the earlier of the Closing Date and the termination of this Agreement pursuant to Section 11, Seller agrees not to, and will not permit any of its Affiliates to, directly or indirectly (a) trade in the Buyer s securities in violation of applicable securities laws, (b) offer, pledge, sell, contract to sell, grant or otherwise transfer or dispose of any of the Buyer Capital Stock or any securities convertible into or exercisable or exchangeable for Buyer Capital Stock or (c) enter into any swap, short position or other arrangement that transfers all or a portion of the economic consequences associated with the ownership of any Buyer Capital Stock

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(regardless of whether any of the transactions described in clause (b) or (c) is to be settled by the delivery of Buyer Capital Stock, or such other securities, in cash or otherwise).

- 9.18 Expired Intellectual Property Rights. Section 9.18 of the Seller Disclosure Schedule contains a list of expired, lapsed and/or abandoned trademarks and patents (Expired Intellectual Property Rights) in which Seller or the Acquired Companies may or may not hold some residual rights. Notwithstanding anything in this Agreement to the contrary, Buyer agrees that, effective as of the Effective Time, the Expired Intellectual Property Rights shall be deemed conveyed to Buyer on an as is basis without any representations and warranties whatsoever except that, to the knowledge of Seller, none of Seller or its Affiliates have sold, licensed or otherwise assigned any such Expired Intellectual Property Rights. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, Buyer agrees that the representations and warranties set forth in Section 7.11 shall not apply to the Expired Intellectual Property Rights and that Seller hereby disclaims all other warranties and representations relating to the Expired Intellectual Property Rights, including but not limited to, warranties of title, validity, enforceability, revival rights and non-infringement.
- 9.19 <u>Cuban Intellectual Property Rights</u>. Notwithstanding anything in this Agreement to the contrary, no right, title or interest in or to any Intellectual Property Rights in Cuba shall be assigned, transferred or licensed from Seller to Buyer unless and until the parties have complied with all applicable laws and regulations, including the receipt of any necessary approval, consent or license from the Office of Foreign Assets Control of the United States Department of the Treasury.
- 9.20 <u>Liabilities and Investments</u>. Except as disclosed on <u>Exhibit 9.20</u>, Seller shall cause the Acquired Companies not to be obligated under any Indebtedness or hold any Restricted Investments (as those terms are defined in the subordinated indenture related to the Subordinated Promissory Note) immediately prior to the Closing.
- 9.21 **Rights as Holder of Shares.** As long as Seller holds any Shares issued pursuant to this Agreement, the rights and privileges of Buyer s Class A common stock and Class B common stock (including dividend rights) will be identical, except as otherwise set forth in subparts (1) through (6) under the heading Common Stock of Article Fourth of Buyer s Certificate of Incorporation in effect as of the Closing Date.
- 10. Conditions Precedent to Obligations.
- 10.1 <u>Conditions to Each Party</u> <u>s Obligations</u>. The respective obligations of each party to consummate the transactions contemplated herein shall be subject to the satisfaction or waiver on or prior to the Closing Date of the following conditions:
 - (a) Governmental Approvals. All authorizations, consents, orders, declarations or approvals of, or filings with, or terminations or expirations of waiting periods imposed by, any Governmental Authority, which the failure to obtain, make or occur would have the effect of making any of the transactions contemplated hereby illegal, shall have been obtained, shall have been made or shall have occurred.
 - (b) **HSR Act.** The waiting period (and any extension thereof) under the HSR Act and any other applicable antitrust Laws shall have expired or been terminated.
 - (c) No Injunction. No Governmental Authority having jurisdiction over Seller or Buyer, or any of their respective Subsidiaries, shall have enacted, issued, promulgated, enforced or entered any Law, decree, injunction or other order (whether temporary, preliminary or permanent) which is then in effect and has the effect of making the transactions contemplated herein illegal or otherwise prohibiting consummation of the transactions contemplated herein.

(d) <u>Stockholder Approval.</u> The issuance of the Shares pursuant to this Agreement shall have been adopted by the requisite vote of the stockholders of Buyer in accordance with the rules of the New York Stock Exchange.

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- 10.2 <u>Conditions to Obligation of Buyer</u>. The obligation of Buyer to consummate the transactions contemplated herein shall be subject to the satisfaction on or prior to the Closing Date of the following additional conditions, unless waived in writing by Buyer:
 - (a) Representations and Warranties. Each of the representations and warranties of Seller set forth in this Agreement shall be true and correct in all respects as of the date of this Agreement and (except to the extent such representations and warranties speak as of an earlier date) as of the Closing Date as though made on and as of the Closing Date, except for such inaccuracies (without giving effect to any limitations as to materiality or a Company Material Adverse Effect set forth in such representations and warranties) that, individually or in the aggregate, would not have a Company Material Adverse Effect. Buyer shall have received an officers certificate signed on behalf of Seller by the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer (or any other two executive officers) of Seller to such effect.
 - (b) **Performance of Obligations of Seller.** Seller shall have performed in all material respects all obligations required to be performed by it under this Agreement on or prior to the Closing Date, and Buyer shall have received an officers certificate signed on behalf of Seller by the Chairman and Chief Financial Officer (or any other two executive officers) of Seller to such effect.
 - (c) **Deliveries.** The deliveries by Seller referred to in Section 4 shall have been made.
 - (d) Audited Financial Statements. Seller shall have delivered to Buyer the audited combined, consolidated financial statements referred to in Section 9.15. Subject to the matters described in A.19 of Section 7.8 of the Seller Disclosure Schedule, the results of operations and financial condition reflected in such combined, consolidated financial statements shall not be materially different from the results of operations and financial condition reflected in the Financial Statements for the corresponding periods.
 - (e) <u>Company Closing Material Adverse Effect</u>. No Company Closing Material Adverse Effect shall have been incurred or suffered and Buyer shall have received an officers certificate signed on behalf of Seller by the Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer (or any other two executive officers) of Seller to such effect.
- 10.3 <u>Conditions to Obligation of Seller</u>. The obligation of Seller to consummate the transactions contemplated herein shall be subject to the satisfaction on or prior to the Closing Date of the following additional conditions, unless waived in writing by Seller:
 - (a) Representations and Warranties. The representations and warranties of Buyer set forth in this Agreement shall be true and correct in all respects as of the date of this Agreement and (except to the extent such representations and warranties speak as of an earlier date) as of the Closing Date as though made on and as of the Closing Date, except for such inaccuracies (without giving effect to any limitations as to materiality or a Buyer Material Adverse Effect set forth in such representations and warranties) that, individually or in the aggregate, would not have a Buyer Material Adverse Effect. Seller shall have received an officers certificate signed on behalf of Buyer by the Chairman and Chief Financial Officer (or any other two executive officers) of Buyer to such effect.
 - (b) <u>Performance of Obligations of Buyer</u>. Buyer shall have performed in all material respects all obligations required to be performed by it under this Agreement on or prior to the Closing Date, and Seller shall have received an officers certificate signed on behalf of Buyer by the Chairman and Chief Financial Officer (or any other two executive officers) of Buyer to such effect.
 - (c) <u>Deliveries</u>. The deliveries by Buyer referred to in Section 4 shall have been made.

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(d) <u>Listing of Shares</u>. The Shares to be issued to Seller pursuant to this Agreement shall have been approved for listing, subject to notice of issuance, on the New York Stock Exchange.

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(e) <u>Buyer Closing Material Adverse Effect.</u> No Buyer Closing Material Adverse Effect shall have been incurred or suffered and Seller shall have received an officers certificate signed on behalf of Buyer by the Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer (or any other two executive officers) of Buyer to such effect.

11. Termination

- 11.1 **Termination.** This Agreement may be terminated, and the transactions contemplated hereby may be abandoned, at any time prior to the Closing Date:
 - (a) by mutual written agreement of Seller and Buyer;
 - (b) by either Seller or Buyer, if Closing shall not have occurred on or before December 31, 2003, as such date may be extended by the 30-day cure period provided for in Sections 11.1(d) and (e) (the <u>Termination Date</u>); provided that the party seeking to terminate this Agreement pursuant to this Section 11.1(b) shall not have breached in any material respect its obligations under this Agreement in any manner that shall have proximately caused the failure to consummate the transactions contemplated herein on or before the Termination Date:
 - (c) by either Seller or Buyer, if: (i) any permanent injunction, order, decree or ruling by any Governmental Authority of competent jurisdiction preventing the consummation of the transactions contemplated herein shall have become final and nonappealable, or (ii) the HSR Act waiting period has failed to terminate prior to the Termination Date, or any approval or consent of the FTC, DOJ or any Governmental Authority required in order to consummate the transactions contemplated under this Agreement has not been obtained by such date;
 - (d) by Buyer, if there has been a breach of one or more representations or warranties of Seller set forth in this Agreement or one or more material breaches of the covenants or agreements of Seller set forth in this Agreement, which breach is not curable or, if curable, is not cured within thirty (30) days after written notice of such breach is given by Buyer to Seller; provided, however, that this termination right under this Section 11.1(d) shall not be available with respect to breaches of representation and warranties unless the individual or aggregate impact of all inaccuracies of such representations and warranties (without regard to any materiality or Company Material Adverse Effect qualifier(s) contained in such representations and warranties) would have a Company Material Adverse Effect;
 - (e) by Seller, if there has been a breach of one or more representations or warranties of Buyer set forth in this Agreement or one or more material breaches of the covenants or agreements of Buyer set forth in this Agreement, which breach is not curable or, if curable, is not cured within thirty (30) days after written notice of such breach is given by Seller to Buyer; provided, however, that this termination right under this Section 11.1(e) shall not be available with respect to breaches of representations and warranties unless the individual or aggregate impact of all inaccuracies of such representations and warranties (without regard to any materiality or Buyer Material Adverse Effect qualifier(s) contained in such representations and warranties) would have a Buyer Material Adverse Effect;
 - (f) by either Buyer or Seller if (i) the Stockholders Meeting (including any adjournments and postponements thereof) shall have been held and completed and Buyer s stockholders shall have voted on a proposal to approve the issuance of shares pursuant to this Agreement, and (ii) the issuance of shares pursuant to this Agreement shall not have been approved at such meeting (and shall not have been approved at any adjournment or postponement thereof) by the required stockholder vote; provided, however, that (A) a party shall not be permitted to terminate this Agreement pursuant to this Section 11.1(f) if the failure to obtain such stockholder approval is attributable to a failure on the part of such party to perform any material obligation required to be performed by such party at or prior to the Closing, and (B) Buyer shall not be permitted to terminate this Agreement pursuant to this Section 11.1(f) unless Buyer shall have made the payment required to be made to Seller pursuant to

Section 11.3;

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- (g) by Buyer if the Average Price is less than \$5.35 and the conditions precedent to Closing contained in Section 10.1 have been satisfied or waived and Seller shall not have taken the actions described in Section 3.3.4 to prevent such termination;
- (h) by Buyer if, since the date of this Agreement, there shall have occurred any Company Closing Material Adverse Effect, or any event or circumstance that, in combination with any other events or circumstances, could reasonably be expected to have a Company Closing Material Adverse Effect, which effect, or the underlying event or circumstance, is not curable or, if curable, is not cured within thirty (30) days after written notice thereof is given by Buyer to Seller;
- (i) by Seller if, since the date of this Agreement, there shall have occurred any Buyer Closing Material Adverse Effect, or any event or circumstance that, in combination with any other events or circumstances, could reasonably be expected to have a Buyer Closing Material Adverse Effect, which effect, or the underlying event or circumstance, is not curable, or, if curable, is not cured within thirty (30) days after written notice thereof is given by Seller to Buyer; and
- (j) by Seller if the Estimated Purchase Price exceeds \$600,000,000 and Buyer shall not have taken the actions described in Section 3.3.5 to prevent such termination.
- 11.2 Effect of Termination. In the event of termination of this Agreement pursuant to this Section 11, the transactions contemplated hereby shall be deemed abandoned and this Agreement shall forthwith become void, except that the provisions of this Section 11.2, Section 9.3, Section 11.3, Section 14.3 and the terms of the Confidentiality Agreement shall survive any termination of this Agreement; provided, however, that nothing in this Agreement shall relieve any party from liability for any breach of this Agreement.
- 11.3 **Termination Payment.** If Seller terminates the transactions contemplated hereunder for any reason, other than pursuant to Sections 11.1(a), (b), (c), (e), (f), (i) or (j), then Seller shall immediately pay Buyer \$25,000,000. If Buyer terminates the transactions contemplated under this Agreement for any reason other than pursuant to Sections 11.1(a) (b), (c), (d) or (h) then Buyer shall immediately pay Seller \$25,000,000. Such payments shall be in addition to any other remedies or damages available to the non-breaching party resulting from or arising in connection with the other party s breach of this Agreement.

12. **General Indemnity.**

- 12.1 <u>Indemnification of Buyer by Seller</u>. In addition to the other indemnification obligations of Seller set forth in this Agreement (the <u>Seller Indemnities</u>), from and after the Closing, Seller shall indemnify and hold Buyer, and the directors, officers, employees and Affiliates of Buyer, harmless against and in respect of:
 - 12.1.1 Any liability, loss, claim, damage or deficiency resulting from any breach of representation or warranty (without regard to any materiality or Company Material Adverse Effect qualifier(s) contained in any such representations and warranties) or nonfulfillment of any covenant or agreement on the part of Seller under this Agreement, or from any misrepresentation in or omission from any certificate or other instrument furnished or to be furnished to Buyer hereunder (provided that, for purposes of this Section 12.1.1 and Section 12.5.1, all such representations and warranties shall be deemed to be made as of the Closing Date as though made on and as of the Closing Date and all references to as of the date hereof or similar phrase in such representations and warranties shall be deemed to be references to as of the Closing Date notwithstanding any provision of this Agreement that any such representation or warranty speaks as of an earlier date);

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Any liability, loss, claim, damage or deficiency resulting from the ownership or the operation of the Retained Business or relating to Retained Assets;

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- 12.1.3 Any Liabilities of the Acquired Companies existing at or arising out of a state of facts or circumstances existing or business conducted before the Effective Time, to the extent such Liabilities are not (i) accrued or reserved in the Final Closing Balance Sheet, (ii) disclosed in Section 7.12, Section 7.16.2, Section 7.16.3 or Section 7.26 of the Seller Disclosure Schedule, (iii) disclosed in Exhibit 12.1.3 hereto or (iv) obligations under any contract or agreement either (x) to furnish goods, services and other non-cash benefits to another Person after the Closing or (y) to pay for goods, services and other non-cash benefits that another Person will furnish to it after the Closing;
- 12.1.4 Any claim by any Person for brokerage or finder s fees or commissions or similar payments based upon any agreement or understanding alleged to have been made by any such Person with Seller or any of its Affiliates in connection with the transactions contemplated by this Agreement; and
- 12.1.5 All other actions, suits, proceedings, demands, assessments, adjustments, costs and expenses incident to the foregoing or the Seller Indemnities and including, without limitation, reasonable attorneys fees and other out-of-pocket expenses.
- 12.2 <u>Indemnification of Seller by Buyer</u>. In addition to the other indemnification obligations of Buyer set forth in this Agreement (the <u>Buyer Indemnities</u>), from and after the Closing, Buyer shall indemnify and hold Seller, and the directors, officers, employees and Affiliates of Seller, harmless against and in respect of:
 - 12.2.1 Any liability, loss, claim, damage or deficiency resulting from any breach of representation or warranty (without regard to any materiality or Buyer Material Adverse Effect qualifier(s) contained in such representations and warranties) or nonfulfillment of any covenant or agreement on the part of Buyer under this Agreement, or from any misrepresentation in or omission from any certificate or other instrument furnished or to be furnished to Seller hereunder;
 - 12.2.2 Any liability, loss, claim, damage or deficiency incurred or suffered by Seller or its Affiliates that relate to the failure of Buyer or the Acquired Companies to pay, perform or discharge any of the Liabilities of the Acquired Companies, except as to matters subject to Seller s indemnification obligations under Section 12.1 or under any of Seller s other indemnity obligation under this Agreement or the Ancillary Agreements;
 - 12.2.3 All other actions, suits, proceedings, demands, assessments, adjustments, costs and expenses incident to the foregoing or the Buyer Indemnities and including, without limitation, reasonable attorneys fees and other out-of-pocket expenses.
- 12.3 Third Party Claims. All claims for indemnification relating to third party claims shall be asserted and resolved as set forth in this section 12.3 subject, however, to the terms, conditions and limitations otherwise set forth in this Agreement. In the event that any written claim or demand for which an Indemnifying Party would be liable is asserted against or sought to be collected from any Indemnified Party by a third party, such Indemnified Party shall promptly, but in no event more than 30 days following such Indemnified Party s receipt of such claim or demand, notify the Indemnifying Party in writing of such claim or demand and the amount or the estimated amount thereof to the extent then feasible (which estimate shall not be conclusive of the final amount of such claim and demand) (the Claim Notice). The Indemnified Party shall not be foreclosed by any failure to provide timely notice of the existence of a third party claim or demand to the Indemnifying Party except to the extent that the Indemnifying Party incurs any out-of-pocket expense as a result of such delay or otherwise has been prejudiced as a result of such delay. The Indemnifying Party shall have fifteen days from the receipt of the Claim Notice (the Notice Period) to notify the Indemnified Party (a) whether or not the Indemnifying Party disputes the liability of the Indemnifying Party to the Indemnified Party hereunder with respect to such claim or demand, and (b) whether or not it desires to defend the Indemnified Party against such claim or demand. All costs and expenses incurred by the Indemnifying Party in defending

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such claim or demand shall be a liability of, and shall be paid by, the Indemnifying Party. In the event that the Indemnifying Party notifies the Indemnified Party within the Notice Period that it desires to defend the Indemnified Party against such claim or demand and except as hereinafter provided, the Indemnifying Party shall have the right to select legal counsel, reasonably acceptable to the Indemnified Party, to represent and defend the Indemnified Party and to otherwise control the proceedings relating to such claim or demand. The Indemnified Party shall cooperate in all reasonable respects with the Indemnifying Party and its counsel in defending any claims or demands, including, without limitation, making available to the Indemnifying Party all information reasonably available to the Indemnified Party relating to such claim or demand, and shall not take any action which is reasonably likely to be detrimental to such defense. In addition, the Indemnified Party and the Indemnifying Party shall render to each other such assistance as may reasonably be requested in order to ensure the proper and adequate defense of any such claim or demand. The party in charge of the defense shall keep the other party fully apprised at all times as to the status of the defense or any settlement negotiations with respect thereto. If any Indemnified Party desires to participate in, but not control, any such defense or settlement it may do so at its sole cost and expense provided, the Indemnifying Party shall pay the attorneys fees of the Indemnified Party if (i) the employment of separate counsel shall have been authorized in writing by any such Indemnifying Party in connection with the defense of such third party claim, (ii) the Indemnifying Party shall not have employed counsel reasonably satisfactory to the Indemnified Party to have charge of such third party claim, or (iii) the Indemnified Party s counsel shall have advised the Indemnified Party in writing with a copy to the Indemnifying Party that there is conflict of interest that could make it inappropriate under applicable standards of professional conduct to have common counsel. In the event that the Indemnifying Party does not elect to defend the claim, the Indemnified Party shall not settle a claim or demand without the consent of the Indemnifying Party (which consent shall not unreasonably be withheld). The Indemnifying Party shall not, without the prior written consent of the Indemnified Party, consent to the entry of a judgment, settle, compromise or offer to settle or compromise any such claim or demand or admit or acknowledge any liability (i) on a basis which would result in the imposition of a consent order, injunction, decree or equitable remedy which would restrict the future activity or conduct of the Indemnified Party or any Subsidiary or Affiliate thereof without the written consent of the Indemnified Party and (ii) without obtaining (a) a release of the Indemnified Party with respect to such claim or demand and (b) the dismissal with prejudice of any litigation or other proceeding with respect to such claim or demand, in each case for the benefit of and in form and substance reasonably satisfactory to the Indemnified Party. If the Indemnifying Party elects not to defend the Indemnified Party against a claim or demand for which the Indemnifying Party would be liable, whether by not giving the Indemnified Party timely notice as provided above or otherwise, then the amount of any such claim or demand, or, if the same is to be contested by the Indemnified Party, then that portion thereof as to which such defense is unsuccessful (and the reasonable costs and expenses pertaining to such defense) shall be the liability of the Indemnifying Party hereunder. To the extent the Indemnifying Party shall control or participate in the defense or settlement of any third party claim or demand, the Indemnified Party will give to the Indemnifying Party and its counsel access to, during normal business hours, the relevant business records and other documents, and shall permit them to consult with the employees and counsel of the Indemnified Party. The Indemnified Party shall use commercially reasonable efforts in the defense of all such claims and demands.

12.4 <u>Direct Claims</u>. In any case in which an Indemnified Party seeks indemnification hereunder which is not subject to Section 12.3 because no third party action is involved, the Indemnified Party shall promptly notify the Indemnifying Party in writing of any liability, loss, claim, damage or deficiency which such Indemnified Party claims are subject to indemnification under the terms of this Agreement. Subject to the terms, conditions and limitations set forth in this Agreement, the Indemnified Party shall not be foreclosed by any failure to provide timely notice of existence of a claim to the Indemnifying Party except to the extent that the Indemnifying Party incurs any out-of-pocket expense or otherwise has been prejudiced as a result of such delay.

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12.5 Limitations.

- 12.5.1 Basket. Neither Seller nor Buyer shall have any Liability for indemnification obligations under Section 12.1.3, or resulting from a breach of a representation or warranty under Sections 7 or 8 of this Agreement (including a deemed breach of a representation or warranty as provided in the proviso in Section 12.1.1 of this Agreement), except to the extent such party s aggregate Liability for all such indemnification obligations (without regard to any materiality, Company Material Adverse Effect qualifier(s) or Buyer Material Adverse Effect qualifier(s) contained in any representations and warranties set forth in this Agreement) exceeds Thirty Million Dollars (\$30,000,000); provided, however, Seller s indemnity obligations set forth in Section 7.6 and any matter constituting fraud or intentional misrepresentation by Buyer or Seller in connection with the transactions contemplated herein shall not be subject to the foregoing limitation.
- 12.5.2 <u>Cap.</u> Each party s aggregate Liability for indemnification under this Agreement shall in no event exceed Two Hundred Million Dollars (\$200,000,000); provided however, that each party s indemnity obligations set forth in Section 13 and any matter constituting fraud, intentional misrepresentation or criminal activity under applicable Law shall not be subject to the foregoing limitation.
- 12.5.3 **Remedies.** Other than equitable remedies available at law to either party (including specific performance), after Closing the provisions of this Section 12 and Section 13 shall be the exclusive basis for the assertion of claims against, or the imposition of Liability on, Seller or its Affiliates, or Buyer or its Affiliates, in respect to the transactions contemplated herein, including, without limitation, any breach or alleged breach of this Agreement; provided that this paragraph shall not limit any remedies available for breaches of the Voting Agreement or any agreement executed at Closing pursuant to this Agreement.
- 12.5.4 <u>Mitigation</u>. Buyer and Seller shall, and shall cause their Affiliates to, use commercially reasonable efforts to mitigate the losses, costs, expenses and damages for which such party or their Affiliates may become entitled to indemnification hereunder.
- 12.5.5 Net Recovery. The amount to which an Indemnified Party may become entitled pursuant to the indemnification provisions of this Agreement shall be net of any recovery (whether by way of payment, discount, credit, set off, tax benefit, counterclaim or otherwise) received by such party or its Affiliates from a third party (including any insurer or taxation authority) in

respect of such claim. Any such recovery shall be promptly repaid by Buyer to Seller, or Seller to Buyer, as applicable, less any taxes payable on the recovery and all reasonable costs, charges and expenses incurred in obtaining such recovery from the third party. For the avoidance of doubt, a Tax benefit shall only be taken into account under this paragraph to the extent that the Tax benefit results in a lower Tax liability for the Indemnified Party than would have occurred absent the indemnity payment and the Tax benefit is actually recognized on a Tax Return.

- 12.5.6 <u>Limitation of Damages</u>. Each party shall be responsible only for direct damages, and shall in no event be liable for special, consequential or similar damages or losses.
- 12.5.7 Satisfaction of Indemnity Claims. Notwithstanding any of the terms and conditions of this Agreement to the contrary, except for each party s indemnity obligations under Section 13, all amounts payable by Seller to Buyer with respect to any indemnity claim brought by Buyer under this Agreement, shall be satisfied, at the Seller s option, either by Seller delivering to Buyer for cancellation that portion of the Subordinated Promissory Note that has a principal amount equal to the amount of the indemnity claim owed by Seller, or by payment of cash. Notwithstanding any of the terms and conditions of this Agreement to the contrary, all amounts payable by Buyer to Seller with respect to any indemnity claim brought by Seller under this Agreement, shall be satisfied, at Buyer s option, either by increasing the amounts

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due and owing under the Subordinated Promissory Note in an amount equal to the amount of the indemnity claim owed by Buyer, or by the payment of cash. All payments with respect to indemnity claims shall be made promptly.

13. Special Tax Indemnity.

13.1 Tax Returns.

- 13.1.1 Buyer shall cause the Acquired Companies to consent to join, for all taxable periods of the Acquired Companies ending on or before the Closing Date for which the Acquired Companies are eligible to do so, in any consolidated or combined federal, state or local Tax Returns of Seller or Seller s Affiliates. Seller will prepare and file, or cause to be prepared and filed, all of the Acquired Company Tax Returns for all taxable years or periods ending on or before the Closing Date (to the extent they have not already done so). Seller will pay to the applicable Governmental Authority, or cause the payment to the applicable Governmental Authority of, any Taxes shown as due thereon. Seller will prepare, or cause to be prepared, such Tax Returns using material accounting methods and other practices that are consistent with those used by the Acquired Companies in their prior Tax Returns except as otherwise required by Law. Notwithstanding the foregoing, Seller may revoke the election of To-Ricos under Code Section 936, in which event, Buyer will reasonably cooperate with Seller, and cause To-Ricos to consent to join in the filing of any federal, state or local consolidated or combined Tax Return with Seller and its affiliated group for the taxable year or period ending on the Closing Date. Items to be taken into account in any Tax Return for the short taxable period ending on the Closing Date will be determined under the closing-the-books method as described in Treasury Regulation Section 1.1502-76(b)(2)(i) (or any similar provision of state, local or foreign Law). Seller will deliver, or cause to be delivered, a draft of each of the Tax Returns for any of the Acquired Companies that require the signature of an officer or employee of Buyer (or one of Buyer s Affiliates) to Buyer not less than 30 days prior to the due date (as may be extended) for filing such Tax Returns, and Buyer will provide Seller with its comments on, and proposed changes to, such Tax Returns not later than 15 days prior to such due date. If any aspect of such Tax Returns remains in dispute within 10 days prior to the due date for filing such Tax Returns, the matter in dispute will be submitted to a mutually acceptable, nationally-recognized firm of certified public accountants for resolution. The decision of such accountant will be final and binding on the parties, and the fees and expenses of the accountant will be paid one-half by Buyer and one-half by Seller. Notwithstanding the foregoing, Buyer shall not be entitled to object to any Tax Return prepared by Seller unless the accountant concludes that a position claimed in the Tax Return does not possess the level of support required to avoid the substantial understatement penalty provided for in Section 6662(d) of the Code.
- 13.1.2 Buyer will prepare and file, or cause to be prepared and filed, all of the Acquired Companies Tax Returns for all taxable years or periods ending after the Closing Date, and Buyer will pay, or cause to be paid, all Taxes shown as due thereon; provided, that with respect to any Straddle Period, Buyer will be entitled to indemnification as set forth in Section 13.3.
- 13.1.3 The parties agree to reasonably cooperate with each other and each other s Affiliates in the preparation and filing of Tax Returns of the Acquired Companies for taxable periods ending on or before the Closing Date and Straddle Periods. The parties shall be entitled to utilize the services of the personnel who would have been responsible for preparing such returns as they relate to the Acquired Companies, without charge, to the extent reasonably necessary in preparing said returns on a timely basis. The parties shall also provide each other with full access to applicable and reasonably relevant records to enable the timely preparation and filing of said returns.

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- Apportionment of Taxes. With respect to any Straddle Period of the Acquired Companies, Buyer and Seller will, to the extent permitted by law, elect to treat the Closing Date as the last day of the taxable year or period of the Acquired Companies and will apportion any Taxes arising out of or relating to a Straddle Period to the Pre-Closing Period under the closing-the-books method as described in Treasury Regulation Section 1.1502-76(b)(2)(i) (or any similar provision of state, local or foreign Law). In any case where applicable Law does not permit the Acquired Companies to treat the Closing Date as the last day of the taxable year or period, any Taxes arising out of or relating to a Straddle Period will be apportioned to the Pre-Closing Period based on a closing of the books of that entity; provided, however, that exemptions, allowances or deductions (excluding depreciation, amortization and depletion deductions) that are calculated on an annualized basis will be apportioned on a daily pro rata basis. Notwithstanding the foregoing, Taxes imposed with respect to a time period (e.g., property taxes) shall be apportioned to the Pre-Closing Period on a daily pro rata basis.
- Affiliates of Buyer (<u>Buyer Indemnified Persons</u>) for, and will pay to, or on behalf of, Buyer Indemnified Persons an amount equal to (a) any Taxes of the Acquired Companies for the Pre-Closing Period (including, for the avoidance of doubt, any Taxes of the Acquired Companies resulting from an election under Section 338(h)(10) of the Code) that have not been paid prior to the Closing Date, except to the extent accrued as a Liability on the Final Closing Balance Sheet, (b) any Taxes relating to any member of an affiliated group with which any of the Acquired Companies has filed a Tax Return on a consolidated, combined or unitary basis for a Pre-Closing Period, and (c) any Tax deficiency, and all related, reasonable legal and accounting fees and expenses, each directly resulting from any breach of Seller s representations in Section 7.10(d), (e), (f), (g), and (i) or Seller s covenants contained in this Section 13.
- 13.4 Indemnification by Buyer. Buyer will pay, or cause to be paid, on a timely basis, and shall indemnify, defend and hold harmless Seller and the directors, officers, employees and Affiliates of Seller (Seller Indemnified Persons) for: (a) any Tax deficiency, and all related, reasonable legal and accounting fees and expenses, each directly resulting from any breach of Buyer's representations in Section 8.26(d), (e), (g) and (h) or Buyer's covenants contained in this Section 13, (b) any Liability for Taxes for Tax periods of the Buyer and the Acquired Companies beginning, and the portion of the Straddle Period occurring, after the Closing Date, and (c) any Liability for Taxes attributable to an extraordinary transaction (other than the distribution of the Retained Assets or any deemed asset sale occurring under section 338(h)(10) or any comparable provision of state or local Law) effected at the direction of Buyer in respect of the Acquired Companies on or after the Effective Time.
- In the event of a third-party claim for Taxes arising out of or relating to any taxable year or period of an Acquired Company ending on or before the Closing Date, the indemnification procedures will be in accordance with Section 12.3 and the limitations contained in Sections 12.5.3 through 12.5.6 (inclusive); provided however, that with respect to any Tax matter involving a Governmental Authority that does not treat the Acquired Companies as selling their assets to a newly created corporation on the Closing Date as a result of the Section 338(h)(10) election, Seller shall not settle or compromise any third-party claim for Taxes that may adversely effect Buyer in taxable periods ending after the Closing Date without Buyer s consent (which shall not be unreasonably withheld). Any indemnification payments due under this Section 13 shall be paid within 10 days from the date of a final determination (as defined in Section 1313(a) of the Code) of the amount of Tax due.
- 13.6 <u>Characterization of Indemnity Payments.</u> All amounts paid by Buyer or Seller, as the case may be, by reason of Section 12.1, 12.2, 13.3 or 13.4 will be treated to the extent permitted under applicable Law as adjustments to the Purchase Price for all Tax purposes.
- 13.7 <u>Transfer Taxes.</u> Notwithstanding any other provision of this Agreement, all Transfer Taxes will be borne by Seller regardless of which party is obligated to pay such Tax under applicable Law.

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Buyer and Seller will cooperate in timely making and filing all Tax Returns that may be required to comply with Law relating to such Taxes.

- 13.8 <u>Tax Sharing Agreements.</u> Seller will cause the Acquired Companies to terminate as of the Closing Date any tax sharing, indemnity or allocation agreement between them and: (i) any other Affiliate of the Seller; (ii) Renewable Environmental Solutions, L.L.C.; or (iii) any partner of Renewable Environmental Solutions, L.L.C.
- 13.9 **Tax Records.** Seller will make available to Buyer such records as Buyer may require for the preparation of any Tax Return and such records as Buyer may require for the defense of any proceeding concerning such Tax Return. Buyer will make available to Seller such records as Seller may require for the preparation of any Tax Return and such records as Seller may require for the defense of any proceeding concerning any such Tax Return.
- 13.10 **Refunds.** Buyer and its Affiliates shall pay to Seller within ten (10) days of receipt any refund of Taxes: (i) that relate to a Pre-Closing Period of the Acquired Companies; (ii) that were paid by Seller or its Affiliates; and (iii) to the extent that any such refunds were not accrued as an asset on the Final Closing Balance Sheet.
- 13.11 Survival. The covenants and agreements of the parties contained in this Section 13 and the representations and warranties contained in Section 7.10(d), (e), (f), (g) and (i) and Section 8.26 (d), (e), (g) and (h) will survive the Closing and will remain in full force and effect until thirty (30) days following the expiration of the applicable underlying statutes of limitations (including extensions) with respect to any Taxes that would be indemnifiable by Buyer or Seller under Sections 13.3 and 13.4 of this Agreement.
- Section 338(h)(10) Election. Seller agrees that it will, and with Buyer s and the Acquired Companies full cooperation, prepare and make an election or join in making an election under Section 338(h)(10) of the Code in order to treat the sale of the Stock as a sale of all of the assets of the Acquired Companies for U.S. federal Tax purposes and an election under the statutes of such states as permit an equivalent election. Seller and Buyer will not make a joint election under the corresponding provisions of Puerto Rican law. Seller agrees that it will, and with Buyer s and the Acquired Companies full cooperation, take such action to comply with all of the requirements and conditions of Section 338(h)(10) of the Code and the treasury regulations thereunder and all other applicable Code sections and treasury regulations relating thereto, including without limitation the execution and timely filing of Form 8023 entitled Elections Under Section 338 for Corporations Making Qualified Stock Purchases or any successor form of similar import, and any forms required to effectuate similar elections for state tax purposes. The parties agree that the Purchase Price shall be allocated to the assets of the Acquired Companies in accordance with Exhibit 13.12 hereto. Each party covenants to report gain, loss, or cost basis, as the case may be, in a manner consistent with Exhibit 13.12 for federal and state Tax purposes. Buyer, the Acquired Companies and Seller shall promptly notify Seller (and Seller will promptly notify Buyer) in the event that any Governmental Authority challenges or threatens to challenge, such allocations. Buyer, the Acquired Companies, and Seller shall cooperate after the Closing Date to timely and properly file all applicable federal and state elections required to be filed under this Section and to take all such action as is required by Law to give full effect to the elections for federal, state and local Tax purposes to the greatest extent permitted by Law. Buyer, the Acquired Companies and Seller shall fully cooperate in order to qualify To-Ricos for the application of such election to To-Ricos.
- 13.13 Miscellaneous Tax Provisions. In no event shall any party hereto pay more than once under different provisions of this Agreement for the same Tax Liability. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary herein, if Closing occurs, this Section 13 and Sections 12.3, and 12.5.3 through 12.5.6 (inclusive) (to the extent they govern the indemnification process for Taxes) shall be the sole remedy for any Tax matters under this Agreement. For the avoidance of doubt, the provisions of Section 12.5.1 do not apply to this Section 13.

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- 13.14 Puerto Rican Tax Incentives. The parties will fully cooperate with each other to maintain (to the extent reasonably possible under Puerto Rican Law) To-Ricos: (i) Grant of Industrial Tax Exemption pursuant to the 1987 Puerto Rican Tax Incentives Act (the Industrial Grant); and (ii) Certificate of Exemption under the Agricultural Incentives Act (1995) (Agricultural Certificate) after Closing until such time as To-Ricos can negotiate a modification of the Industrial Grant, obtain a new Industrial Grant under the 1998 Puerto Rican Tax Incentives Act, or ensure the continuation of its Agricultural Certificate. Provided however, Seller s obligation to cooperate with Buyer with respect to this matter shall cease no later than one calendar year following the Closing Date; provided, further Seller s obligation to so cooperate shall not (x) include any obligation to start or continue to own or conduct any entity or business in Puerto Rico or (y) preclude Seller or any Affiliate of Seller from conducting or changing any Puerto Rican business operation or activity, including Molinos de Puerto Rico, Inc. s activities, in any manner as Seller or any Affiliate of Seller may determine.
- 14. <u>Miscellaneous</u>. The following miscellaneous provisions shall apply to this Agreement:
- 14.1 Notices. All notices or other communications required or permitted to be given, pursuant to the terms of this Agreement, shall be in writing and shall be deemed to be duly given when received if delivered in person or by telecopy, telegram or cable and confirmed by mail, or mailed by registered or certified mail (return receipt requested) or overnight courier, express mail, postage prepaid, as follows:

If to Seller: ConAgra Foods, Inc.

One ConAgra Drive Omaha, Nebraska 68102 Attn: Corporate Controller

With a Copy to: McGrath North Mullin & Kratz, PC LLO

First National Tower

1601 Dodge Street, Suite 3700 Omaha, Nebraska 68102 Fax: (402) 341-0216 Attn: Roger W. Wells

If to Buyer: Pilgrim s Pride Corporation

110 South Texas Street Pittsburg, Texas 75686 Attn: Chief Financial Officer

With a Copy to: Baker & McKenzie

2300 Trammell Crow Center

2001 Ross Avenue Dallas, Texas 75201