NEW YORK MORTGAGE TRUST INC Form 10-Q August 11, 2008

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, DC 20549

FORM 10-Q

x QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2008

OR

o TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to ____

Commission file number 001-32216

NEW YORK MORTGAGE TRUST, INC.

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in Its Charter)

Maryland (State or Other Jurisdiction of Incorporation or Organization) 47-0934168

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

52 Vanderbilt Avenue, Suite 403, New York, New York 10017

(Address of Principal Executive Office) (Zip Code)

(212) 792-0107

(Registrant's Telephone Number, Including Area Code)

1301 Avenue of the Americas, New Yok, New York 10019

(Former Name, Former Address and Former Fiscal year, if Changed Since Last Report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes x No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See definitions of "large accelerated filers" "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one.):

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes o No x

The number of shares of the registrant's common stock, par value \$.01 per share, outstanding on August 8, 2008 was 9,320,104

NEW YORK MORTGAGE TRUST, INC. FORM 10-Q

	Page
Part I. Financial Information	
Item 1. Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited):	
Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets	3
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations	4
Condensed Consolidated Statement of Stockholders' Equity	5
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows	6
Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements	8
Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of	
Operations	25
Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk	42
Item 4. Controls and Procedures	47
Part II. Other Information	48
Item 1. Legal Proceedings	48
Item 1A. Risk Factors	48
Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders	49
Item 6. Exhibits	49
Signatures	50
2	

NEW YORK MORTGAGE TRUST, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(dollar amounts in thousands, except per share data) (unaudited)

	June 30, 2008	D	December 31, 2007
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 4,938	\$	5,508
Restricted cash	1,229		7,515
Investment securities - available for sale	499,404		350,484
Accounts and accrued interest receivable	3,278		3,485
Mortgage loans held in securitization trusts (net)	376,984		430,715
Derivative assets	2,440		416
Prepaid and other assets	2,336		2,262
Assets related to discontinued operation	6,702		8,876
Total Assets	\$ 897,311	\$	809,261
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY			
Liabilities:			
Financing arrangements, portfolio investments	\$ 417,949	\$	315,714
Collateralized debt obligations	365,200		417,027
Derivative liabilities	-	_	3,517
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	4,689		3,752
Subordinated debentures	45,000		45,000
Convertible preferred debentures	19,627		-
Liabilities related to discontinued operation	2,925		5,833
Total liabilities	855,390		790,843
Commitments and Contingencies			
Stockholders' Equity:			
Common stock, \$0.01 par value, 400,000,000 shares authorized, 9,320,104			
shares issued and outstanding at June 30, 2008 and 1,817,927 shares issued			
and outstanding at December 31, 2007	93		18
Additional paid-in capital	153,251		99,357
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(12,421)		(1,950)
Accumulated deficit	(99,002)		(79,007)
Total stockholders' equity	41,921		18,418
Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity	\$ 897,311	\$	809,261

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

NEW YORK MORTGAGE TRUST, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS

(dollar amounts in thousands, except per share data) (unaudited)

	For the Three I		hs Ended		For the Six Months Ended June 30,		
	2008	,	2007	2008	2007		
REVENUE:							
Interest income-investment securities							
and loans held in securitization trusts	\$ 10,755	\$	12,898	24,008	\$	26,611	
Interest expense-investment securities							
and loans held in securitization trusts	6,791		11,892	17,305		24,976	
Net interest income from investment							
securities and loans held in							
securitization trusts	3,964		1,006	6,703		1,635	
Interest expense - subordinated							
debentures	896		894	1,855		1,776	
Interest expense – convertible preferred							
debentures	569		_	1,075			
Net interest income (expense)	2,499		112	3,773		(141)	
OTHER EXPENSE:							
Loan losses	(22)		(940)	(1,455)		(940)	
Loss on securities and related hedges	(83)		(3,821)	(19,931)		(3,821)	
Total other expense	(105)		(4,761)	(21,386)		(4,761)	
EXPENSES:							
Salaries and benefits	417		151	730		496	
Marketing and promotion	53		39	92		62	
Data processing and communications	75		56	138		93	
Professional fees	346		105	698		205	
Depreciation and amortization	74		81	149		149	
Other	995		97	1,584		171	
Total expenses	1,960		529	3,391		1,176	
INCOME (LOSS) FROM							
CONTINUING OPERATIONS	434		(5,178)	(21,004)		(6,078)	
Income (Loss) from discontinued							
operation - net of tax	829		(9,018)	1,009		(12,859)	
NET INCOME (LOSS)	\$ 1,263	\$	(14,196) \$		\$	(18,937)	
Basic income (loss) per share	\$ 0.14	\$	(7.84) \$		\$	(10.46)	
Diluted income (loss) per share	\$ 0.14	\$	(7.84) \$	(2.77)	\$	(10.46)	
Weighted average shares							
outstanding-basic	9,320		1,811	7,218		1,810	
Weighted average shares outstanding-							
diluted	9,320		1,811	7,218		1,810	

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

NEW YORK MORTGAGE TRUST, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

(dollar amounts in thousands) (unaudited)

For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2008 Accumulated

	 Common Stock		Additional Paid-In Capital		Other aprehensive Loss	cumulated Deficit	Total
Balance, January 1, 2008 -			_				
Stockholders' Equity	\$ 18	\$	99,357	\$	(1,950)	\$ (79,007)	\$ 18,418
Comprehensive Income:							
Net loss	_	_	_	_	_	(19,995)	(19,995)
Other comprehensive loss:							
Increase in net unrealized loss on							
available for sale securities	_	_	_	_	(12,994)	_	(12,994)
Increase in net unrealized gain on							
derivative instruments	_	_	_	_	2,523	_	2,523
Dividends			(2,610)		_	_	(2,610)
Common Stock Issuance	75		56,504		_	_	56,579
Balance, June 30, 2008 -							
Stockholders' Equity	\$ 93	\$	153,251	\$	(12,421)	\$ (99,002)	\$ 41,921

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

NEW YORK MORTGAGE TRUST, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(dollar amounts in thousands) (unaudited)

For	the	Six	M	[ont]	hs	End	led
		Ju	ne	30.			

Net loss			June 30,			
Net loss		2	008		2007	
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash (used in) provided by operating activities: Depreciation and amortization Amortization of premium on investment securities and mortgage loans held in securitization trusts Projected from sales or repayments of mortgage loans Proceeds from loan purchasers Proceeds from loan loan loan loan loan loan loan loan	Cash Flows from Operating Activities:					
Deperating activities: Deperating activities: Deperating and amortization T21 601	Net loss	\$	(19,995)	\$	(18,937)	
Depreciation and amortization 721 601	Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash (used in) provided by					
Amortization of premium on investment securities and mortgage loans held in securitization trusts Age of the securitization trusts Proceeds from sales or repayments of mortgage loans Proceeds from sales or retail lending segment Proceeds from loan purchasers Proceeds from loan get loans load load load load load load load load	operating activities:					
1.03	Depreciation and amortization		721		601	
Origination of mortgage loans held for sale — (300,863) Proceeds from sales or repayments of mortgage loans 1,844 398,418 Restricted stock compensation expense — 467 Loss of securities and related hedges 19,931 3,821 Gain on sale of retail lending segment — (4,946) Loan losses 799 6,372 Other — 714 714 Changes in operating assets and liabilities: — 714 Changes in operating assets and liabilities: — 87,982 Due from loan purchasers — 87,882 Secrow deposits - pending loan closings — 3,814 Accounts and accrued interest receivable 193 2,009 Prepaid and other assets 78 1,946 One to loan purchasers 185 (7,162) Accounts payable and accrued expenses (3,323) 3,452 Other liabilities — 96 96 Net cash provided by operating activities: 931 171,791 Cash Flows from Investing Activities: — 931 171,791 Cash Flows from sale of investment securities (825,933)	Amortization of premium on investment securities and mortgage loans					
Proceeds from sales or repayments of mortgage loans Restricted stock compensation expense	held in securitization trusts		498		1,103	
Restricted stock compensation expense	Origination of mortgage loans held for sale				(300,863)	
Design of securities and related hedges	Proceeds from sales or repayments of mortgage loans		1,844		398,418	
Gain on sale of retail lending segment — (4,946) Loan losses 799 6,372 Other — 714 Changes in operating assets and liabilities: — 87,982 Due from loan purchasers — 87,982 Escrow deposits - pending loan closings — 3,814 Accounts and accrued interest receivable 193 2,009 Prepaid and other assets 78 1,946 Due to loan purchasers 185 (7,162) Accounts payable and accrued expenses (3,323) (3,452) Other liabilities — (96) Net cash provided by operating activities: — (96) Net cash provided by operating activities: — (82,503) Restricted cash 6,286 (1,047) Purchases of investment securities (825,933) (49,557) Proceeds from sale of investment securities - available for sale 52,293 82,136 Principal paydown on investment securities - available for sale 47,692 82,622 Proceeds from sale of retail lending platform — 12,936 Purchases of property and equipment — (396) Disposal of fixed assets 11 485	Restricted stock compensation expense		_		467	
Loan losses 799 6,372 Other — 714 Changes in operating assets and liabilities: — 87,982 Due from loan purchasers — 87,982 Escrow deposits - pending loan closings — 3,814 Accounts and accrued interest receivable 193 2,009 Prepaid and other assets 78 1,946 Oue to loan purchasers 185 (7,162) Accounts payable and accrued expenses (3,323) (3,3452) Other liabilities — (96) Net cash provided by operating activities: 931 171,791 Cash Flows from Investing Activities: — (96) Purchases of investment securities (825,933) (49,557) Purchases of investment securities (825,933) (49,557) Proceeds from sale of investment securities 601,309 — Principal repayments received on mortgage loans held in securitization rusts 52,293 82,136 Principal paydown on investment securities - available for sale 47,692 82,622 Proceeds from sale of retail len	Loss of securities and related hedges		19,931		3,821	
Loan losses 799 6,372 Other — 714 Changes in operating assets and liabilities: — 87,982 Due from loan purchasers — 87,982 Escrow deposits - pending loan closings — 3,814 Accounts and accrued interest receivable 193 2,009 Prepaid and other assets 78 1,946 Oue to loan purchasers 185 (7,162) Accounts payable and accrued expenses (3,323) (3,3452) Other liabilities — (96) Net cash provided by operating activities: 931 171,791 Cash Flows from Investing Activities: — (96) Purchases of investment securities (825,933) (49,557) Purchases of investment securities (825,933) (49,557) Proceeds from sale of investment securities 601,309 — Principal repayments received on mortgage loans held in securitization rusts 52,293 82,136 Principal paydown on investment securities - available for sale 47,692 82,622 Proceeds from sale of retail len	Gain on sale of retail lending segment		_		(4,946)	
Changes in operating assets and liabilities: 87,982 Section deposits - pending loan closings — 3,814 Accounts and accrued interest receivable 193 2,009 Prepaid and other assets 78 1,946 Oue to loan purchasers 185 (7,162) Accounts payable and accrued expenses (3,323) (3,452) Other liabilities — (96) Net cash provided by operating activities: 931 171,791 Cash Flows from Investing Activities: 825,933 (49,557) Perceeds from sale of investment securities (825,933) (49,557) Proceeds from sale of investment securities acurities or received on mortgage loans held in securitization 52,293 82,136 Principal payadown on investment securities - available for sale 47,692 82,622 Proceeds from sale of retail lending platform — 12,936 Purchases of property and equipment — (396) Disposal of fixed assets 11 485 Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities (118,342) 127,179 Cash Flows from Financing Activities:	Loan losses		799		6,372	
Due from loan purchasers — 87,982 Escrow deposits - pending loan closings — 3,814 Accounts and accrued interest receivable — 193 — 2,009 Prepaid and other assets — 78 — 1,946 Due to loan purchasers — 185 — (7,162) Accounts payable and accrued expenses — (3,323) — (3,452) Ducter liabilities — (96) Net cash provided by operating activities: — 931 — 171,791 Clash Flows from Investing Activities: — (825,933) — (49,557) Proceeds from sale of investment securities — (825,933) — (49,557) Proceeds from sale of investment securities — (306) Principal paydown on investment securities — 22,936 — 22,938 — (3,362) Proceeds from sale of retail lending platform — 12,936 Proceeds from sale of retail lending platform — (396) Disposal of fixed assets — (396) Proceeds from Financing Activities: — (396) Proceeds from convertible preferred debentures (net) — (19,553) Proceeds from convertible preferred debentures (net) — (19,554)	Other		_		714	
Secrem deposits - pending loan closings — 3,814 Accounts and accrued interest receivable 193 2,009 Prepaid and other assets 78 1,946 Due to loan purchasers 185 (7,162) Accounts payable and accrued expenses (3,323) (3,452) Other liabilities — (96) Net cash provided by operating activities: 931 171,791 Cash Flows from Investing Activities: 825,933 (49,557) Purchases of investment securities (825,933) (49,557) Proceeds from sale of investment securities (825,933) (49,557) Proceeds from sale of investment securities (825,933) (49,557) Proceeds from sale of retail lending platform — 12,936 Purchases of property and equipment — (396) Purchases of property and equipment — (396) Purchases of property and equipment — (396) Proceeds from sale of retail lending platform — (396) Purchases of property and equipment — (396) Proceeds from common stock issued (net) 56,579 Proceeds from convertible preferred debentures (net) 19,553 Payments made for termination of swaps (8,333) Increase (decrease) in financing arrangements 102,235 (564,544)	Changes in operating assets and liabilities:					
Accounts and accrued interest receivable 193 2,009 Prepaid and other assets 78 1,946 Due to loan purchasers 185 (7,162) Accounts payable and accrued expenses (3,323) (3,452) Other liabilities - (96) Net cash provided by operating activities: 931 171,791 Cash Flows from Investing Activities: 825,933 (49,557) Purchases of investment securities (825,933) (49,557) Proceeds from sale of investment securities 601,309 - (97) Principal repayments received on mortgage loans held in securitization rusts 52,293 82,136 Principal paydown on investment securities - available for sale 47,692 82,622 Proceeds from sale of retail lending platform - 12,936 Purchases of property and equipment - (396) Disposal of fixed assets 11 485 Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities (118,342) 127,179 Cash Flows from Financing Activities: Proceeds from convertible preferred debentures (net) 56,579 - (97) Proceeds from convertible preferred debentures (net) 19,553 - (97) Proceeds from convertible preferred debentures (net) 19,553 - (97) Proceeds (decrease) in financing arrangements 102,235 (564,544)	Due from loan purchasers		_		87,982	
Accounts and accrued interest receivable 193 2,009 Prepaid and other assets 78 1,946 Due to loan purchasers 185 (7,162) Accounts payable and accrued expenses (3,323) (3,452) Other liabilities - (96) Net cash provided by operating activities: 931 171,791 Cash Flows from Investing Activities: 825,933 (49,557) Purchases of investment securities (825,933) (49,557) Proceeds from sale of investment securities 601,309 - (97) Principal repayments received on mortgage loans held in securitization rusts 52,293 82,136 Principal paydown on investment securities - available for sale 47,692 82,622 Proceeds from sale of retail lending platform - 12,936 Purchases of property and equipment - (396) Disposal of fixed assets 11 485 Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities (118,342) 127,179 Cash Flows from Financing Activities: Proceeds from convertible preferred debentures (net) 56,579 - (97) Proceeds from convertible preferred debentures (net) 19,553 - (97) Proceeds from convertible preferred debentures (net) 19,553 - (97) Proceeds (decrease) in financing arrangements 102,235 (564,544)	Escrow deposits - pending loan closings		_		3,814	
Due to loan purchasers 185 (7,162) Accounts payable and accrued expenses (3,323) (3,452) Other liabilities — (96) Net cash provided by operating activities: 931 171,791 Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Restricted cash 6,286 (1,047) Purchases of investment securities (825,933) (49,557) Proceeds from sale of investment securities 601,309 - Principal repayments received on mortgage loans held in securitization rusts 52,293 82,136 Principal paydown on investment securities - available for sale 47,692 82,622 Proceeds from sale of retail lending platform — 12,936 Purchases of property and equipment — (396) Disposal of fixed assets 11 485 Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities (118,342) 127,179 Cash Flows from Financing Activities: Proceeds from common stock issued (net) 56,579 - Proceeds from convertible preferred debentures (net) 19,553 - Payments made for termination of swaps (8,333) - Payments made for termination of swaps (8,333) - Payments made for termination garrangements (564,544)	Accounts and accrued interest receivable		193		2,009	
Due to loan purchasers Accounts payable and accrued expenses Accounts payable and accrued expenses Other liabilities Cash provided by operating activities: Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Cash Flows from sale of investment securities Proceeds from sale of investment securities Principal repayments received on mortgage loans held in securitization Trusts Capture for Sale and Flows from Sale of retail lending platform Proceeds from sale of retail lending platform Capture for Sale and Flows from Convertible preferred debentures (net) Proceeds from convertible preferred for family for form flows from Flows f	Prepaid and other assets		78		1,946	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses Other liabilities Other liab	Due to loan purchasers		185		(7,162)	
Other liabilities — (96) Net cash provided by operating activities: 931 171,791 Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Restricted cash 6,286 (1,047) Purchases of investment securities (825,933) (49,557) Proceeds from sale of investment securities 601,309 - Principal repayments received on mortgage loans held in securitization rusts 52,293 82,136 Principal paydown on investment securities - available for sale 47,692 82,622 Proceeds from sale of retail lending platform — 12,936 Purchases of property and equipment — 396 Disposal of fixed assets 11 485 Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities (118,342) 127,179 Cash Flows from Financing Activities: Proceeds from common stock issued (net) 56,579 - Proceeds from convertible preferred debentures (net) 19,553 - Payments made for termination of swaps (8,333) - Payments made for termination of swaps (8,333) - Payments made for termination of swaps (8,333) - Payments made for termination of swaps (8,344)			(3,323)		(3,452)	
Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Restricted cash Purchases of investment securities Proceeds from sale of investment securities Principal repayments received on mortgage loans held in securitization rusts Principal paydown on investment securities - available for sale Proceeds from sale of retail lending platform Purchases of property and equipment Purchases of fixed assets Proceeds from Financing Activities Proceeds from common stock issued (net) Proceeds from convertible preferred debentures (net) Proceeds from convertible preferred debentures (net) Payments made for termination of swaps Increase (decrease) in financing arrangements 102,235 (564,544)	Other liabilities		<u> </u>		(96)	
Restricted cash Purchases of investment securities Proceeds from sale of investment securities Principal repayments received on mortgage loans held in securitization Principal paydown on investment securities - available for sale Principal paydown on investment securities - available for sale Proceeds from sale of retail lending platform Purchases of property and equipment Purchases of property and equipment Purchases of fixed assets Proceeds from Financing Activities Proceeds from Common stock issued (net) Proceeds from convertible preferred debentures (net) Proceeds from convertible preferred debentures (net) Proceeds (decrease) in financing arrangements Proceeds (decrease)	Net cash provided by operating activities:		931		171,791	
Restricted cash Purchases of investment securities Proceeds from sale of investment securities Principal repayments received on mortgage loans held in securitization Principal paydown on investment securities - available for sale Principal paydown on investment securities - available for sale Proceeds from sale of retail lending platform Purchases of property and equipment Purchases of property and equipment Purchases of fixed assets Proceeds from Financing Activities Proceeds from Common stock issued (net) Proceeds from convertible preferred debentures (net) Proceeds from convertible preferred debentures (net) Proceeds (decrease) in financing arrangements Proceeds (decrease)	Cash Flows from Investing Activities:					
Proceeds from sale of investment securities 601,309 - Principal repayments received on mortgage loans held in securitization rusts 52,293 82,136 Principal paydown on investment securities - available for sale 47,692 82,622 Proceeds from sale of retail lending platform - 12,936 Purchases of property and equipment - (396) Disposal of fixed assets 11 485 Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities (118,342) 127,179 Cash Flows from Financing Activities: Proceeds from common stock issued (net) 56,579 - Proceeds from convertible preferred debentures (net) 19,553 - Payments made for termination of swaps (8,333) - Increase (decrease) in financing arrangements 102,235 (564,544)	Restricted cash		6,286		(1,047)	
Proceeds from sale of investment securities 601,309 Principal repayments received on mortgage loans held in securitization rusts 52,293 82,136 Principal paydown on investment securities - available for sale 47,692 82,622 Proceeds from sale of retail lending platform - 12,936 Purchases of property and equipment - (396) Disposal of fixed assets 11 485 Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities (118,342) 127,179 Cash Flows from Financing Activities: Proceeds from common stock issued (net) 56,579 Proceeds from convertible preferred debentures (net) 19,553 Payments made for termination of swaps (8,333) Payments made (decrease) in financing arrangements 102,235 (564,544)	Purchases of investment securities		(825,933)		(49,557)	
rusts 52,293 82,136 Principal paydown on investment securities - available for sale 47,692 82,622 Proceeds from sale of retail lending platform — 12,936 Purchases of property and equipment — (396) Disposal of fixed assets 11 485 Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities (118,342) 127,179 Cash Flows from Financing Activities: Proceeds from common stock issued (net) 56,579 - Proceeds from convertible preferred debentures (net) 19,553 - Payments made for termination of swaps (8,333) - Increase (decrease) in financing arrangements 102,235 (564,544)	Proceeds from sale of investment securities		601,309		<u>-</u>	
Principal paydown on investment securities - available for sale Proceeds from sale of retail lending platform — 12,936 Purchases of property and equipment — (396) Disposal of fixed assets Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities Cash Flows from Financing Activities: Proceeds from common stock issued (net) Proceeds from convertible preferred debentures (net) Proceeds from convertible preferred debentures (net) Payments made for termination of swaps Increase (decrease) in financing arrangements 47,692 82,622 12,936 11,936 11,945 127,179 127,179	Principal repayments received on mortgage loans held in securitization					
Proceeds from sale of retail lending platform Purchases of property and equipment Disposal of fixed assets Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities Cash Flows from Financing Activities: Proceeds from common stock issued (net) Proceeds from convertible preferred debentures (net) Payments made for termination of swaps Increase (decrease) in financing arrangements 12,936 — (396) — (396) — (118,342) 127,179 127,179 129,36 — (396)	trusts		52,293		82,136	
Proceeds from sale of retail lending platform Purchases of property and equipment Disposal of fixed assets Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities Cash Flows from Financing Activities: Proceeds from common stock issued (net) Proceeds from convertible preferred debentures (net) Payments made for termination of swaps Increase (decrease) in financing arrangements 12,936 — (396) — (396) — (118,342) 127,179 127,179 129,36 — (396)	Principal paydown on investment securities - available for sale		47,692		82,622	
Disposal of fixed assets Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities Cash Flows from Financing Activities: Proceeds from common stock issued (net) Proceeds from convertible preferred debentures (net) Payments made for termination of swaps Increase (decrease) in financing arrangements 102,235 11 485 11 485 127,179	Proceeds from sale of retail lending platform		_		12,936	
Disposal of fixed assets Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities Cash Flows from Financing Activities: Proceeds from common stock issued (net) Proceeds from convertible preferred debentures (net) Payments made for termination of swaps Increase (decrease) in financing arrangements 102,235 11 485 127,179 127,179	Purchases of property and equipment		_		(396)	
Cash Flows from Financing Activities: Proceeds from common stock issued (net) Proceeds from convertible preferred debentures (net) Payments made for termination of swaps Increase (decrease) in financing arrangements 102,235 (564,544)	Disposal of fixed assets		11		485	
Proceeds from common stock issued (net) 56,579 - Proceeds from convertible preferred debentures (net) 19,553 - Payments made for termination of swaps (8,333) - Increase (decrease) in financing arrangements 102,235 (564,544)	Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities		(118,342)		127,179	
Proceeds from common stock issued (net) 56,579 - Proceeds from convertible preferred debentures (net) 19,553 - Payments made for termination of swaps (8,333) - Increase (decrease) in financing arrangements 102,235 (564,544)	Cash Flows from Financing Activities:					
Proceeds from convertible preferred debentures (net) 19,553 - Payments made for termination of swaps (8,333) - Increase (decrease) in financing arrangements 102,235 (564,544)	Proceeds from common stock issued (net)		56,579		_	
Payments made for termination of swaps (8,333) Increase (decrease) in financing arrangements 102,235 (564,544)	Proceeds from convertible preferred debentures (net)		19,553		_	
Increase (decrease) in financing arrangements 102,235 (564,544)	Payments made for termination of swaps				_	
	Increase (decrease) in financing arrangements				(564,544)	
	Collateralized debt obligation borrowings		_			

Collateralized debt obligation paydowns	(52,075)	(47,594)
Common stock dividends paid	(1,118)	(1,826)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	116,841	(298,056)

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

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NEW YORK MORTGAGE TRUST, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS - (continued)

(dollar amounts in thousands) (unaudited)

For the Six Months Ended June 30.

	Enaca June 30,				
	2008		2007		
Net (Decrease) Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(570)		914		
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Period	5,508		969		
Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of Period	\$ 4,938	\$	1,883		
Supplemental Disclosure					
Cash paid for interest	\$ 21,244	\$	29,613		
Non Cash Financing Activities					
Dividends declared to be paid in subsequent period	\$ 1,492	\$	_		

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

NEW YORK MORTGAGE TRUST, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2008 (unaudited)

1. Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Organization - New York Mortgage Trust, Inc. together with its consolidated subsidiaries ("NYMT", the "Company", "we", "our", and "us") is a self-advised real estate investment trust, or REIT, in the business of investing in residential adjustable rate mortgage-backed securities issued by a United States government-sponsored enterprise ("GSE" or "Agency"), such as the Federal National Mortgage Association ("Fannie Mae"), or the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation ("Freddie Mac"), prime credit quality residential adjustable-rate mortgage ("ARM") loans, or prime ARM loans, and non-agency mortgage-backed securities. We refer to residential adjustable rate mortgage-backed securities throughout this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q as "MBS" and MBS issued by a GSE as "Agency MBS". We seek attractive long-term investment returns by investing our equity capital and borrowed funds in such securities. Our principal business objective is to generate net income for distribution to our stockholders resulting from the spread between the interest and other income we earn on our interest-earning assets and the interest expense we pay on the borrowings that we use to finance these assets, which we refer to as our net interest income.

The Company is organized and conducts its operations to qualify as a REIT for federal income tax purposes. As such, the Company will generally not be subject to federal income tax on that portion of its income that is distributed to stockholders if it distributes at least 90% of its REIT taxable income to its stockholders by the due date of its federal income tax return and complies with various other requirements.

In connection with the sale of the assets of our wholesale mortgage origination platform assets to Tribeca Lending Corp. ("Tribeca Lending") on February 22, 2007 and the sale of the assets of our retail mortgage lending platform, Indymac Bank, F.S.B. ("Indymac") on March 31, 2007, we classified our mortgage lending business as a discontinued operation in accordance with the provisions of Statement of Financial Accounting Standard ("SFAS") No. 144 *Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets*. As a result, we have reported revenues and expenses related to the mortgage lending business as a discontinued operation and the related assets and liabilities as assets and liabilities related to the discontinued operation for all periods presented in the accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements, except for the condensed consolidated statements of cash flows. Certain assets and liabilities, not assigned to Indymac or Tribeca Lending have become part of the ongoing operations of NYMT and accordingly, have not been classified as a discontinued operation in accordance with the provisions of SFAS No. 144 (see note 7).

Under the advisory agreement with JMP Asset Management LLC ("JMPAM"), which was entered into concurrent with our issuance of 1.0 million shares of Series A Cumulative Convertible Redeemable Preferred Stock ("Series A Preferred Stock") to JMP Group, Inc. and certain of its affiliates, JMPAM advises two of our wholly-owned subsidiaries, Hypotheca Capital, LLC (formerly known as The New York Mortgage Company, LLC) ("HC") and New York Mortgage Funding, LLC, as well as any additional subsidiaries acquired or formed in the future to hold investments made on our behalf by JMPAM. We refer to these subsidiaries in our periodic reports filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") as the "Managed Subsidiaries." As an advisor to the Managed Subsidiaries, we expect that JMPAM will focus on the acquisition of alternative mortgage related investments. As of the date of the filing of this report, we have not commenced investments pursuant to this strategy; however, this strategy, if and when implemented, will vary from our core strategy and we can provide no assurance that we will be successful at implementing any alternative investment strategy.

NEW YORK MORTGAGE TRUST, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2008 (unaudited)

Basis of Presentation - The condensed consolidated balance sheets at June 30, 2008, the condensed consolidated statements of operations for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2008 and 2007, and the condensed consolidated statements of cash flows for the six months ended June 30, 2008 and 2007 are unaudited. In our opinion, all adjustments (which include only normal recurring adjustments) necessary to present fairly the financial position, results of operations and cash flows have been made. Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America have been condensed or omitted in accordance with Article 10 of Regulation S-X and the instructions to Form 10-Q. These condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2007, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"). The results of operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2008 are not necessarily indicative of the operating results for the full year.

The accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements include our accounts and that of our consolidated subsidiaries. All significant intercompany amounts have been eliminated. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires us to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting periods. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

The Board of Directors declared a one for five reverse stock split of our common stock, as of October 9, 2007 and a one for two reverse stock split of our common stock, as of May 29, 2008, decreasing the number of common shares then outstanding to approximately 9.3 million. Prior and current period share amounts and earnings per share disclosures have been restated to reflect the reverse stock split. In addition, the terms of our Series A Preferred Stock provide that the conversion rate for the Series A Preferred Stock be appropriately adjusted to reflect any reverse stock split. As a result, the description of our Series A Preferred Stock reflects the May 2008 reverse stock split.

New Accounting Pronouncements - On January 1, 2008, the Company adopted SFAS No. 157, Fair Value Measurements, which defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value in accordance with GAAP and expands disclosures about fair value measurements.

The changes to previous practice resulting from the application of SFAS No. 157 relate to the definition of fair value, the methods used to measure fair value, and the expanded disclosures about fair value measurements. The definition of fair value retains the exchange price notion used in earlier definitions of fair value. SFAS No. 157 clarifies that the exchange price is the price in an orderly transaction between market participants to sell the asset or transfer the liability in the market in which the reporting entity would transact for the asset or liability, that is, the principal or most advantageous market for the asset or liability. The transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability is a hypothetical transaction at the measurement date, considered from the perspective of a market participant that holds the asset or owes the liability. SFAS No. 157 provides a consistent definition of fair value which focuses on exit price and prioritizes, within a measurement of fair value, the use of market-based inputs over entity-specific inputs. In addition, SFAS No. 157 provides a framework for measuring fair value, and establishes a three-level hierarchy for fair value measurements based upon the transparency of inputs to the valuation of an asset or liability as of the measurement date (see note 10).

On January 1, 2008, the Company adopted SFAS No. 159, *The Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities* , which provides companies with an option to report selected financial assets and liabilities at fair value.

The objective of SFAS No. 159 is to reduce both complexity in accounting for financial instruments and the volatility in earnings caused by measuring related assets and liabilities differently. SFAS No. 159 establishes presentation and disclosure requirements and requires companies to provide additional information that will help investors and other users of financial statements to more easily understand the effect of the company's choice to use fair value on its earnings. SFAS No. 159 also requires entities to display the fair value of those assets and liabilities for which the Company has chosen to use fair value on the face of the balance sheet. The Company's adoption of SFAS No. 159 did not have a material impact on the condensed consolidated financial statements as the Company did not elect the fair value option for any of its existing financial assets or liabilities as of January 1, 2008.

NEW YORK MORTGAGE TRUST, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2008 (unaudited)

In June 2007, the Emerging Issues Task Force ("EITF") reached consensus on Issue No. 06-11, *Accounting for Income Tax Benefits of Dividends on Share-Based Payment Awards*. EITF Issue No. 06-11 requires that the tax benefit related to dividend equivalents paid on restricted stock units, which are expected to vest, be recorded as an increase to additional paid-in capital. The Company currently accounts for this tax benefit as a reduction to income tax expense. EITF Issue No. 06-11 is to be applied prospectively for tax benefits on dividends declared in fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2008, and the Company expects to adopt the provisions of EITF Issue No. 06-11 beginning in the first quarter of 2009. The Company does not expect the adoption of EITF Issue No. 06-11 to have a material effect on its financial condition, results of operations or cash flows.

In December 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 141, *Business Combinations* and issued SFAS 141(R) *Business Combinations*. SFAS No. 141R broadens the guidance of SFAS No. 141, extending its applicability to all transactions and other events in which one entity obtains control over one or more other businesses. It broadens the fair value measurement and recognition of assets acquired, liabilities assumed, and interests transferred as a result of business combinations; and it stipulates that acquisition related costs be expensed rather than included as part of the basis of the acquisition. SFAS No. 141(R) expands required disclosures to improve the ability to evaluate the nature and financial effects of business combinations. SFAS No. 141(R) is effective for all transactions the Company closes, on or after January 1, 2009. We are currently evaluating the impact SFAS No. 141(R) will have on our consolidated financial statements.

In December 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 160, *Noncontrolling Interests in Consolidated Financial Statements - An Amendment of ARB No. 51.* SFAS No. 160 requires a noncontrolling interest in a subsidiary to be reported as equity and the amount of consolidated net income specifically attributable to the noncontrolling interest to be identified in the consolidated financial statements. SFAS No. 160 also calls for consistency in the manner of reporting changes in the parent's ownership interest and requires fair value measurement of any noncontrolling equity investment retained in a deconsolidation. SFAS No. 160 is effective for the Company on January 1, 2009 and most of its provisions will apply prospectively. We are currently evaluating the impact SFAS No. 160 will have on our consolidated financial statements.

In February 2008, the FASB issued FASB Staff Position ("FSP") No. 140-3, *Accounting for Transfers of Financial Assets and Repurchase Financing Transactions*. SFAS No. 140-3 requires an initial transfer of a financial asset and a repurchase financing that was entered into contemporaneously or in contemplation of the initial transfer to be evaluated as a linked transaction under SFAS No. 140, *Accounting for Transfers and Servicing of Financial Assets and Extinguishments of Liabilities* unless certain criteria are met, including that the transferred asset must be readily obtainable in the marketplace. FSP No. 140-3 is effective for the Company's fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2010, and will be applied to new transactions entered into after the date of adoption. Early adoption is prohibited. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of adopting FSP No. 140-3 on its financial condition and cash flows. Adoption of FSP No. 140-3 will have no effect on the Company's results of operations.

In March 2008, the FASB issued SFAS No. 161, *Disclosures about Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities*—
an amendment of FASB Statement No. 133. SFAS No. 161 requires enhanced disclosures about an entity's derivative
and hedging activities, and is effective for financial statements the Company's issues for fiscal years beginning after
November 15, 2008, with early application encouraged. The Company will adopt SFAS No. 161 in the first quarter of
2009. Because SFAS No. 161 requires only additional disclosures concerning derivatives and hedging activities,
adoption of SFAS No. 161 will not affect the Company's financial condition, results of operations or cash flows.

In May 2008, the FASB issued Staff Position No. APB 14-1, *Accounting for Convertible Debt Instruments that may be Settled in Cash upon Conversion (Including Partial Cash Settlement)*, (the "FSP"). The adoption of this FSP would affect the accounting for our convertible preferred debentures. The FSP requires the initial proceeds from the sale of our convertible preferred debentures to be allocated between a liability component and an equity component. The resulting discount would be amortized using the effective interest method over the period the debt is expected to remain outstanding as additional interest expense. The FSP would be effective for our fiscal year beginning on January 1, 2009 and requires retroactive application. We are currently evaluating the impact of the FSP on our financial statements.

NEW YORK MORTGAGE TRUST, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2008 (unaudited)

2. Investment Securities - Available for Sale

Investment securities available for sale consist of the following as of June 30, 2008 and December 31, 2007 (dollar amounts in thousands):

	June 30, 2008	D	December 31, 2007
Amortized cost	\$ 512,398	\$	350,484
Gross unrealized losses	(12,994)		_
Fair value	\$ 499,404	\$	350,484

During March 2008, news of security liquidations increased the volatility of many financial assets, including those held in our portfolio. The significant liquidation of MBS by several large financial institutions in early March 2008 caused a significant decline in the fair market value of our MBS portfolio, including Agency ARM MBS and CMO Floaters that we pledge as collateral for borrowings under our repurchase agreements. As a result of the significant decline in the fair value of our Agency securities, as determined by the lenders under our repurchase agreements, the haircut required by our lenders to obtain new or additional financing on these securities experienced, in some cases, a significant increase. As of June 30, 2008, the average haircut on the CMO Floaters in our portfolio was 12% or an advance rate of 88%, as compared to 5% or an advance rate of 95% at December 31, 2007. As a result of the combination of lower fair values on our Agency securities and rising haircut requirements to finance those securities, we elected to improve our liquidity position by selling approximately \$592.8 million of Agency MBS securities, including \$516.4 million of Agency ARM MBS and \$76.4 million of CMO Floaters from our portfolio in March 2008. The sales resulted in a realized loss of \$15.0 million.

As result of the timing of these sales occurring prior to the release of our December 31, 2007 results, the Company determined that the unrealized losses on our entire MBS securities portfolio were considered to be other than temporarily impaired as of December 31, 2007 and incurred an \$8.5 million impairment charge for the quarter ended December 31, 2007.

As of June 30, 2008 and the date of this filing, we have the intent, and believe we have the ability, to hold our portfolio of securities which are currently in unrealized loss positions until recovery of their amortized cost, which may be until maturity. Given the uncertain state of the market for such securities, should conditions change that would require us to sell securities at a loss, we may no longer be able to assert that we have the ability to hold our remaining securities until recovery, and we would then be required to record impairment charges related to these securities. Substantially all of the Company's investment securities available for sale are pledged as collateral for borrowings under financing arrangements (see note 5).

All securities held in Investment Securities Available for Sale, including Agency, investment and non-investment grade securities, are based on unadjusted price quotes for similar securities in active markets and are categorized as Level 2 per SFAS No. 157 (see note 10).

NEW YORK MORTGAGE TRUST, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2008 (unaudited)

The following tables set forth the stated reset periods and weighted average yields of our investment securities at June 30, 2008: (dollar amounts in thousands):

		More than 6 Monthsfore than 24 Months								
	Less than	6 Months	to 24 N	to 60 N	Months	Total				
		Weighted	V	Veighted		Weighted	Weighte			
	Carrying	Average (Carryin	A verage	Carrying	Average	Carrying	Average		
	Value	Yield	Value	Yield	Value	Yield	Value	Yield		
Agency REMIC CMO										
floaters	\$ 199,349	3.93%	\$ -		\$		\$ 199,349	3.93%		
Agency Hybrid ARM										
securities	-				272,948	4.70%	272,948	4.70%		
Non-Agency floaters	24,552	6.00%	· —				24,552	6.00%		
NYMT Retained Securities										
(1)	2,158	5.67%	_		397	11.69%	2,555	9.03%		
Total/Weighted average	\$ 226,059	4.20%	\$ -		\$ 273,345	4.77%	\$ 499,404	4.50%		

⁽¹⁾ The NYMT retained securities includes \$0.4 million of residual interests related to the NYMT 2006-1 transaction.

The following table sets forth the stated reset periods and weighted average yields of our investment securities at December 31, 2007 (dollar amounts in thousands):

	More than 6 Monthsore than 24 Months									
	Less than	6 Months	to 24 M	onths	to 60 N	Ionths	Tot	Total		
		V	Veighted		Weighted		Weighted			
	Carrying	Average (Carrying	verage	Carrying	Average	Carrying	Average		
	Value	Yield	Value	Yield	Value	Yield	Value	Yield		
Agency REMIC CMO										
Floating Rate	\$ 318,689	5.55%	\$ —	_	\$ —	- —	\$ 318,689	5.55%		
Non-Agency Floaters	28,401	5.50%		_	_		28,401	5.50%		
NYMT Retained Securities										
(2)	2,165	6.28%	_	. <u>—</u>	1,229	12.99%	3,394	10.03%		
Total/Weighted Average	\$ 349,255	5.55%	\$ —		\$ 1,229	12.99%	\$ 350,484	5.61%		

⁽²⁾ The NYMT retained securities includes \$1.2 million of residual interests related to the NYMT 2006-1 transaction.

NEW YORK MORTGAGE TRUST, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2008 (unaudited)

The following table presents the Company's investment securities available for sale in an unrealized loss position, aggregated by investment category and length of time that individual securities have been in a continuous unrealized loss position at June 30, 2008. There were no unrealized positions as of December 31, 2007 as the Company incurred an \$8.5 million impairment charge (dollar amounts in thousands):

		Less than	12 N	Ionths	12 Months or More			To		
				Gross	Gross					Gross
	(Carrying	U	nrealized	Carrying	Unr	ealized	Carrying	Ur	realized
June 30, 2008		Value	Losses		Value	alue Losses		Value	Losses	
Agency REMIC CMO										
floaters	\$	199,349	\$	6,349	\$ -	- \$	-\$	199,349	\$	6,349
Agency Hybrid ARM										
securities		272,948		2,673	-	_		272,948		2,673
Non-Agency floaters		24,552		3,135	-	_	_	24,552		3,135
NYMT retained securities		2,555		837	_	_		2,555		837
Total	\$	499,404	\$	12,994	\$ -	- \$	-\$	499,404	\$	12,994

3. Mortgage Loans Held in Securitization Trusts (net)

Mortgage loans held in securitization trusts consist of the following as of June 30, 2008 and December 31, 2007 (dollar amounts in thousands):

	June 30, 2008		December 31, 2007		
Mortgage loans principal amount	\$ 377,336	\$	429,629		
Deferred origination costs – net	2,386		2,733		
Reserve for loan losses	(2,738)		(1,647)		
Total mortgage loans held in securitization trusts (net)	\$ 376,984	\$	430,715		

Reserve for Loan losses - The following table presents the activity in the Company's reserve for loan losses on mortgage loans held in securitization trusts for the six months ended June 30, 2008 and 2007 (dollar amounts in thousands).

		June 30,				
	2	008		2007		
Balance at beginning of period	\$	1,647	\$	_		
Provisions for loan losses		1,455		940		
Charge-offs		(364)		_		
Balance of the end of period	\$	2,738	\$	940		

All of the Company's mortgage loans held in securitization trusts are pledged as collateral for the collateralized debt obligations ("CDO") (see note 6). The Company's net investment, the difference between the carrying amount of the loans and the amount of CDO outstanding, as of June 30, 2008 was \$11.8 million.

NEW YORK MORTGAGE TRUST, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2008 (unaudited)

The following tables set forth delinquent loans in our portfolio as of June 30, 2008 and December 31, 2007 (dollar amounts in thousands):

June 30, 2008

	Number of	Total	
	Delinquent	Dollar	% of Loan
Days Late	Loans	Amount	Portfolio
30-60	2 \$	2,256	0.60%
61-90			%
90+	12	6,843	1.81%
Real estate owned through foreclosure	3 \$	3,747	0.99%

December 31, 2007

Days Late	Number of Delinquent Loans		Total Dollar Amount	% of Loan Portfolio
30-60	_	_\$	_	—%
61-90	2		1,859	0.43%
90+	12		6,910	1.61%
Real estate owned through foreclosure	4	\$	4,145	0.96%
14				

NEW YORK MORTGAGE TRUST, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2008 (unaudited)

4. Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities

The Company enters into derivatives to manage its interest rate and market risk exposure associated with its MBS investment activities and its subordinated debentures. These derivatives include interest rate swaps and caps to mitigate the effects of major interest rate changes on net investment spread.

During the six months ended June 30, 2008, the Company terminated a total of \$517.7 million of notional interest rate swaps resulting in a realized loss of \$4.8 million.

The following table summarizes the estimated fair value of derivative assets and liabilities as of June 30, 2008 and December 31, 2007 (see Note 10) (dollar amounts in thousands):

	June 30, 2008	Dec	ember 31, 2007
Derivative Assets:			
Interest rate caps	\$ 355	\$	416
Interest rate swaps	2,085		
Total derivative assets	\$ 2,440	\$	416
Derivative Liabilities:			
Interest rate swaps	\$ _	_\$	3,517
Total derivative liabilities	\$ -	_ \$	3,517

The notional amounts of the Company's interest rate swaps and interest rate caps as of June 30, 2008 were \$158.0 million and \$687.6 million, respectively.

The notional amounts of the Company's interest rate swaps and interest rate caps as of December 31, 2007 were \$220.0 million and \$749.6 million, respectively.

The Company estimates that over the next 12 months, approximately \$27,000 of the net unrealized gains on the interest rate swaps will be reclassified from accumulated OCI into earnings.

The Company received \$0.8 million in cash related to margin owed to the Company for interest rate swaps as of June 30, 2008 and had \$4.7 million of restricted cash related to margin posted for interest rate swaps as of December 31, 2007. The Company is required to post margin in the form of either cash or Agency ARM MBS to cover fair value deficits from our interest rate swap counterparties.

5. Financing Arrangements, Portfolio Investments

The Company has entered into repurchase agreements with third party financial institutions to finance its mortgage-backed securities portfolio. The repurchase agreements are short-term borrowings that bear interest rates based on a spread to LIBOR, and are secured by the MBS which they finance. At June 30, 2008, the Company had repurchase agreements with an outstanding balance of \$417.9 million and a weighted average interest rate of 2.60%. As of December 31, 2007, the Company had repurchase agreements with an outstanding balance of \$315.7 million and a weighted average interest rate of 5.02%. At June 30, 2008 and December 31, 2007, securities pledged as

collateral for repurchase agreements had estimated fair values of \$466.8 million and \$337.4 million, respectively. All outstanding borrowings under our repurchase agreements mature within 30 days. As of June 30, 2008, the average days to maturity for all repurchase agreements are 17 days. The Company had outstanding repurchase agreements with seven different financial institutions as of June 30, 2008 as compared to four as of December 31, 2007.

NEW YORK MORTGAGE TRUST, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2008 (unaudited)

As of June 30, 2008, our Agency ARM MBS are financed with \$242.1 million of repurchase agreement funding with an advance rate of 94% that implies a haircut of 6%, our Agency CMO floaters are financed with \$160.0 million of repurchase agreement financing equating to an advance rate of 88% that implies a haircut of 12% and the non-Agency CMO floater was financed with \$15.9 million of repurchase agreements funding with an advance rate of 80% or a 20% haircut. As discussed in Note 2, we experienced a combination of declining fair market value for the securities in our portfolio and increasing haircut requirement in March 2008 that resulted in our selling approximately \$592.8 million of Agency MBS in our portfolio during March 2008. We undertook these actions to reduce our leverage and improve our liquidity position.

In the event we are unable to obtain sufficient short-term financing through repurchase agreements or otherwise, or our lenders start to require additional collateral, we may have to liquidate our investment securities at a disadvantageous time, which could result in losses. Any losses resulting from the disposition of our investment securities in this manner could have a material adverse effect on our operating results and net profitability.

As of June 30, 2008, the Company had \$4.9 million in cash and \$31.9 million in unencumbered securities including \$25.0 million in Agency MBS to meet additional haircut or market valuation requirements.

6. Collateralized Debt Obligations

The Company's CDOs, which are recorded as liabilities on the Company's balance sheet, are secured by ARM loans pledged as collateral, which are recorded as assets of the Company. As of June 30, 2008 and December 31, 2007, the Company had CDOs outstanding of \$365.2 million and \$417.0 million, respectively. As of June 30, 2008 and December 31, 2007, the current weighted average interest rate on these CDOs was 2.87% and 5.25%, respectively. The CDOs are collateralized by ARM loans with a principal balance of \$377.3 million and \$429.6 million at June 30, 2008 and December 31, 2007, respectively. The Company retained the owner trust certificates, or residual interest for the three securitizations, and, as of June 30, 2008 and December 31, 2007, had net investment after loan loss reserves of \$11.8 million and \$13.7 million, respectively.

The CDO transactions include an amortizing interest rate cap contracts with a notional amount of \$255.9 million as of June 30, 2008 and a notional amount of \$286.9 million as of December 31, 2007, which is recorded as an asset of the Company. The interest rate caps are carried at fair value and totaled \$0.2 million as of June 30, 2008 and \$0.1 million as of December 31, 2007, respectively. The interest rate cap reduces interest rate exposure on these transactions.

7. Discontinued Operation

In connection with the sale of our mortgage origination platform assets during the quarter ended March 31, 2007, we classified our mortgage lending segment as a discontinued operation in accordance with the provisions of SFAS No. 144. As a result, we have reported revenues and expenses related to the segment as a discontinued operation and the related assets and liabilities as assets and liabilities related to a discontinued operation for all periods presented in the accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements. Certain assets, such as the deferred tax asset, and certain liabilities, such as subordinated debt and liabilities related to leased facilities not assigned to Indymac, will become part of our ongoing operations and accordingly, we have not included these items as part of the discontinued operation in accordance with the provisions of SFAS No. 144.

NEW YORK MORTGAGE TRUST, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2008 (unaudited)

Balance Sheet Data

The components of assets related to the discontinued operation as of June 30, 2008 and December 31, 2007 are as follows (dollar amounts in thousands):

	June 30, 2008	Ι	December 31, 2007
Accounts and accrued interest receivable	\$ 65	\$	51
Mortgage loans held for sale (net of reserves of \$1.2 million as of June 30,			
2008 and \$1.5 million as of December 31, 2007)	6,200		8,077
Prepaid and other assets	437		737
Property and equipment, net	-		11
Total assets	\$ 6,702	\$	8,876

The components of liabilities related to the discontinued operation as of June 30, 2008 and December 31, 2007 are as follows (dollar amounts in thousands):

	June 30, 2008	De	cember 31, 2007
Due to loan purchasers	\$ 755	\$	894
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	2,170		4,939
Total liabilities	\$ 2,925	\$	5,833

Statements of Operations Data

The statements of operations of the discontinued operation for the three and six months ended June 30, 2008 and 2007 are as follows (dollar amounts in thousands):

	For the Three Months Ended June 30,			For the Six Months Ended June 30,			
		2008		2007	2008		2007
Revenues	\$	762	\$	(5,178) \$	933	\$	1,916
Expenses		(67)		3,840	(76)		14,775
Loss from discontinued operations -							
net of tax		829		(9,018)	1,009		(12,859)
17							

NEW YORK MORTGAGE TRUST, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2008 (unaudited)

8. Commitments and Contingencies

Loans Sold to Investors - For loans originated and sold by our discontinued mortgage lending business, the Company is not exposed to long term credit risk. In the normal course of business however, the Company is obligated to repurchase loans based on violations of representations and warranties in the sale agreement, or early payment defaults. The Company has not repurchased loans for the three months ended June 30, 2008.

As of June 30, 2008 we had a total of \$1.5 million of unresolved repurchase requests, against which the Company has a reserve of approximately \$0.5 million. The reserve is based on one or more of the following factors, including historical settlement rates, property value securing the loan in question and specific settlement discussion with third parties.

Outstanding Litigation - The Company is at times subject to various legal proceedings arising in the ordinary course of business other than as described below, the Company does not believe that any of its current legal proceedings, individually or in the aggregate, will have a material adverse effect on its operations, financial condition or cash flows.

On December 13, 2006, Steven B. Yang and Christopher Daubiere ("Plaintiffs"), filed suit in the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York against HC and us, alleging that we failed to pay them, and similarly situated employees, overtime in violation of the Fair Labor Standards Act ("FLSA") and New York State law. The Plaintiffs, each of whom were former employees in our discontinued mortgage lending business, purported to bring a FLSA "collective action" on behalf of similarly situated loan officers in our now discontinued mortgage lending business and sought unspecified amounts for alleged unpaid overtime wages, liquidated damages, attorney's fees and costs.

On December 30, 2007 we entered into an agreement in principle with the Plaintiffs to settle this suit. On June 2, 2008, the court granted a preliminary approval of settlement and authorized notification to plaintiffs and set a fairness hearing for September 18, 2008. As part of the preliminary settlement the Company funded the settlement in the amount of \$1.4 million into an escrow account for the plaintiffs. The amount was previously reserved and expensed in the year ended December 31, 2007.

Leases - The Company leases its corporate offices and certain office space related to our discontinued mortgage lending operation not assumed by IndyMac and equipment under short-term lease agreements expiring at various dates through 2013. All such leases are accounted for as operating leases. Total rental income for property and equipment amounted to \$0.3 million and \$0.1 million for the six months and three months ended June 30, 2008. As of June 30, 2008, the Company had been reimbursed for \$1.0 million by Indymac representing the reduction in escrow from the non performance of vacating the premise as described below and is included in other income.

Pursuant to an Assignment and Assumption of Sublease and an Escrow Agreement, each with Lehman Brothers Holdings Inc. ("Lehman") (collectively, the "Agreements"), the Company assigned and Lehman assumed the sublease for the Company's corporate headquarters at 1301 Avenue of the Americas. Pursuant to the Agreements, Lehman funded an escrow account, containing \$3.0 million for the benefit of HC. The escrow amount is reduced by \$0.2 million for each month the Company remains in the leased space beginning February 1, 2008. As of June 30, 2008, the escrow has been reduced by \$1.0 million due to the Company's failure to vacate the leased space, which amount has been reimbursed to us by IndyMac. The Company relocated its corporate offices to 52 Vanderbilt Avenue in New York, New York on July 3, 2008. IndyMac occupied the leased space at 1301 Avenue of the Americas pursuant to

contractual provisions related to the sale of mortgage origination business until July 31, 2008. Pursuant to the provisions of the sale transaction with IndyMac, IndyMac paid rent equal to the Company's cost, including any penalties and foregone bonuses resulting from the delay in vacating the leased premises. The Company expects to receive the remaining amount held in the escrow account in the quarter ending September 30, 2008.

NEW YORK MORTGAGE TRUST, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2008 (unaudited)

Letters of Credit – The Company maintains a letter of credit in the amount of \$178,200 in lieu of a cash security deposit for its current corporate headquarters located at 52 Vanderbilt Avenue in New York City for its landlord, Vanderbilt Associates I, L.L.C, as beneficiary. This letter of credit is secured by cash deposited in a bank account maintained at JP Morgan Chase bank.

HC maintains a letter of credit in the amount of \$100,000 in lieu of a cash security deposit for an office lease dated June 1998 for the Company's former headquarters located at 304 Park Avenue South in New York City. The sole beneficiary of this letter of credit is the owner of the building, 304 Park Avenue South LLC. This letter of credit is secured by cash deposited in a bank account maintained at JP Morgan Chase bank.

HC maintains a letter of credit in the amount of \$313,000 in lieu of a cash security deposit for its former corporate headquarters located at 1301 Avenue of the Amercias in New York City for its sub landlord, PricewaterhouseCoopers, LLP, as beneficiary. This letter of credit is secured by cash deposited in a bank account maintained at JP Morgan Chase bank.

Registration Rights Agreement - On February 21, 2008, the Company completed the issuance and sale of 7.5 million shares of its common stock in a private placement at a price of \$8.00 per share. In connection with this private offering of our common stock, we entered into a registration rights agreement, which we refer to as the Common Stock Registration Rights Agreement, pursuant to which we were required, among other things, to file with the Securities and Exchange Commission, or SEC, a resale shelf registration statement registering for resale the 7.5 million shares sold in this private offering on or before March 12, 2008 and obtain listing for our common stock on the NASDAQ Stock Market on or before the effective date of the resale shelf registration statement. In the event we fail to satisfy these requirements, we may be subject to payment of liquidated damages to the investors in the transaction. The Company filed the resale shelf registration statement on April 4, 2008 and it became effective on April 18, 2008. As a result, we incurred a penalty fee (liquidated damages) of approximately \$0.2 million which was paid on May 2, 2008. Because the Company was unable to obtain listing on the NASDAQ stock market until June 4, 2008, we incurred a penalty fee (liquidated damages) of approximately \$0.5 million which was paid on July 3, 2008. The Company does not expect to incur future penalty fees under this agreement.

9. Concentrations of Credit Risk

At June 30, 2008 and December 31, 2007, there were geographic concentrations of credit risk exceeding 5% of the total loan balances within mortgage loans held in the securitization trusts and retained interests in our REMIC securitization, NYMT 2006-1, as follows:

	June 30, 2008	December 31, 2007
New York	30.8%	31.2%
Massachusetts	17.3%	17.4%
Florida	8.2%	8.3%
California	7.0%	7.2%
New Jersey	5.9%	5.7%

NEW YORK MORTGAGE TRUST, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2008 (unaudited)

10. Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The Company adopted SFAS No. 157 effective January 1, 2008, and accordingly all assets and liabilities measured at fair value will utilize valuation methodologies in accordance with the statement. The Company has established and documented processes for determining fair values. Fair value is based upon quoted market prices, where available. If listed prices or quotes are not available, then fair value is based upon internally developed models that primarily use inputs that are market-based or independently-sourced market parameters, including interest rate yield curves.

A financial instrument's categorization within the valuation hierarchy is based upon the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. The three levels of valuation hierarchy established by FAS 157 are defined as follows:

Level 1 - inputs to the valuation methodology are quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical assets or liabilities in active markets.

Level 2 - inputs to the valuation methodology include quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets, and inputs that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly, for substantially the full term of the financial instrument.

Level 3 - inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement.

The following describes the valuation methodologies used for the Company's financial instruments measured at fair value, as well as the general classification of such instruments pursuant to the valuation hierarchy.

a. Investment Securities Available for Sale - Fair value is generally based on quoted prices provided by dealers who make markets in similar financial instruments. The dealers will incorporate common market pricing methods, including a spread measurement to the Treasury curve or Interest Rate Swap Cure as well as underlying characteristics of the particular security including coupon, periodic and life caps, collateral type, rate reset period and seasoning or age of the security. If the fair value of a security is not reasonably available from a dealer, management estimates the fair value based on characteristics of the security that the Company receives from the issuer and based on available market information. Management reviews all prices used in determining valuation to ensure they represent current market conditions. This review includes surveying similar market transactions, comparisons to interest pricing models as well as offerings of like securities by dealers. The Company's investment securities are valued based upon readily observable market parameters and are classified as Level 2 fair values.

b. *Interest Rate Swaps and Caps* - The fair value of interest rate swaps and caps are based on using market accepted financial models as well as dealer quotes. The model utilizes readily observable market parameters, including treasury rates, interest rate swap spreads and swaption volatility curves. The Company's interest rate caps and swaps are classified as Level 2 fair values.

The following table presents the Company's financial instruments carried at fair value, at the dates indicated below as of June 30, 2008, on the condensed consolidated balance sheet by SFAS No. 157 valuation hierarchy, as previously described (dollar amounts in thousands):

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	Level 1		Level 2		Level 3	Total
Assets:						
Investment securities - available for						
sale	\$	— \$	499,404	\$	— \$	499,404
Mortgage loans held for sale (net)		_	_	-	6,200	6,200
Interest Rate Caps		_	355			355
Interest Rate Swaps		_	2,085		_	2,085
Total assets carried at fair value	\$	— \$	501,844	\$	6,200 \$	508,044

The following table provides a summary of changes in fair value of the Level 3 financial asset for the three and six months ended June 30, 2008 (dollar amounts in thousands):

	T	hree Months		
		Ended	Six Months Ended	
Mortgage Loans Held for Sale (Net)	Jı	ane 30, 2008	June 30, 2008	
Beginning Balance	\$	6,209	\$ 8,077	
Principal Paydown		(8)	(1,844	
Provision for loan losses		(1)	(399	
Charge-offs			366	
Ending Balance	\$	6,200	\$ 6,200	
20				

NEW YORK MORTGAGE TRUST, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2008 (unaudited)

Any changes to the valuation methodology are reviewed by management to ensure the changes are appropriate. As markets and products develop and the pricing for certain products becomes more transparent, the Company continues to refine its valuation methodologies. The methods described above may produce a fair value calculation that may not be indicative of net realizable value or reflective of future fair values. Furthermore, while the Company believes its valuation methods are appropriate and consistent with other market participants, the use of different methodologies, or assumptions, to determine the fair value of certain financial instruments could result in a different estimate of fair value at the reporting date. The Company uses inputs that are current as of the measurement date, which may include periods of market dislocation, during which price transparency may be reduced. This condition could cause the Company's financial instruments to be reclassified from Level 2 to Level 3 in future periods.

11. Segment Reporting

Until March 31, 2007, the Company operated two reportable segments, the mortgage portfolio management segment and the mortgage lending segment. Upon the sale of substantially all the mortgage lending operating assets on March 31, 2007, the Company exited the mortgage lending business and accordingly will no longer report segment information.

12. Capital Stock and Earnings per Share

The Company had 400,000,000 shares of common stock, par value \$0.01 per share, authorized with 9,320,104 shares issued and outstanding as of June 30, 2008 and 1,817,927 shares issued and outstanding as of December 31, 2007. The Company had 200,000,000 shares of preferred stock, par value \$0.01 per share, authorized, including 2,000,000 shares of Series A Cumulative Convertible Redeemable Preferred Stock ("Series A Preferred Stock") authorized. As of June 30, 2008 and December 31, 2007, the Company had issued and outstanding 1,000,000 and 0 shares, respectively, of Series A Preferred Stock. Of the common stock authorized, 103,111 shares (plus forfeited shares of 32,832 previously granted) were reserved for issuance as restricted stock awards to employees, officers and directors pursuant to the 2005 Stock Incentive Plan. As of June 30, 2008, 135,943 shares remain reserved for issuance under the 2005 Plan.

On February 21, 2008, the Company completed the issuance and sale of 7.5 million shares of its common stock in a private placement at a price of \$8.00 per share. This private offering of the Company's common stock generated net proceeds to the Company of \$56.6 million after payment of private placement fees and expenses. In connection with this private offering of our common stock, we entered into the Common Stock Registration Rights Agreement, pursuant to which we are required to file with the Securities and Exchange Commission, or SEC, a resale shelf registration statement registering for resale the 7.5 million shares sold in this private offering. The Company filed a resale shelf registration statement on Form S-3 on April 4, 2008 which became effective on April 18, 2008.

On April 21, 2008, the Company declared a \$0.12 per share cash dividend on its common stock. The dividend was payable on May 15, 2008 to common stockholders of record as of April 30, 2008. On June 26, 2008, the Company declared a \$0.16 per share cash dividend on its common stock. The dividend was payable on July 25, 2008 to common stockholders of record as of July 10, 2008.

On June 26, 2008 the Company declared a \$0.50 per share cash dividend, or an aggregate of \$0.5 million, payable on July 31, 2008 to holders of record of our Series A Preferred Stock as of June 30, 2008.

The Board of Directors declared a one-for-two reverse stock split of the Company's common stock, effective on May 27, 2008, decreasing the number of shares outstanding to approximately 9.3 million.

The Board of Directors declared a one for five reverse stock split of the Company's common stock, effective on October 9, 2007, decreasing the number of common shares outstanding at the time to approximately 3.6 million.

All per share and share amounts provided in the quarterly report have been restated to give effect to both reverse stock splits.

NEW YORK MORTGAGE TRUST, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2008 (unaudited)

The Company calculates basic net income (loss) per share by dividing net income (loss) for the period by weighted-average shares of common stock outstanding for that period. Diluted net income (loss) per share takes into account the effect of dilutive instruments, such as convertible preferred stock, stock options and unvested restricted or performance stock, but uses the average share price for the period in determining the number of incremental shares that are to be added to the weighted-average number of shares outstanding.

The following table presents the computation of basic and diluted net income (loss) per share for the periods indicated (in thousands, except per share amounts):

	I	For the Three Months Ended June 30,			For the Six Months Ended June 30,			
		2008		2007	2008		2007	
Numerator:								
Net income (loss) – Basic	\$	1,263	\$	(14,196) \$	(19,995)	\$	(18,937)	
Net income (loss) from continuing								
operations		434		(5,178)	(21,004)		(6,078)	
Net income (loss) from discontinued								
operations (net of tax)		829		(9,018)	1,009		(12,859)	
Effect of dilutive instruments:								
Convertible preferred debentures (1)		569		_	1,075			
Net income (loss) – Dilutive		1,263		(14,196)	(19,995)		(18,937)	
Net income (loss) from continuing								
operations		434		(5,178)	(21,004)		(6,078)	
Net income (loss) from discontinued								
operations (net of tax)	\$	829	\$	(9,018) \$	1,009	\$	(12,859)	
Denominator:								
Weighted average basis shares								
outstanding		9,320		1,811	7,218		1,810	
Effect of dilutive instruments:								
Convertible preferred debentures (1)		2,500		_	2,267		_	
Weighted average dilutive shares								
outstanding		9,320		1,811	7,218		1,810	
EPS:								
Basic EPS	\$		\$	(7.84) \$	(2.77)	\$	(10.46)	
Basic EPS from continuing operations		0.05		(2.86)	(2.91)		(3.36)	
Basic EPS from discontinued								
operations (net of tax)		0.09		(4.98)	0.14		(7.10)	
Dilutive EPS	\$	0.14	\$	(7.84) \$	(2.77)	\$	(10.46)	
Dilutive EPS from continuing								
operations		0.05		(2.86)	(2.91)		(3.36)	
Dilutive EPS from discontinued								
operations (net of tax)		0.09		(4.98)	0.14		(7.10)	

^{(1) –} Amount excluded from dilutive calculation as it is anti-dilutive.

NEW YORK MORTGAGE TRUST, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2008 (unaudited)

13. Convertible Preferred Debentures

As of June 30, 2008, there were 1.0 million shares of our Series A Preferred Stock outstanding, with an aggregate redemption value of \$20.0 million and current dividend payment rate of 10% per year. The Series A Preferred Stock matures on December 31, 2010, at which time any outstanding shares must be redeemed by the Company at the \$20.00 per share liquidation preference. Pursuant to SFAS No. 150, *Accounting for Certain Financial Instruments with Characteristics of both Liabilities and Equity*, because of this mandatory redemption feature, the Company classifies these securities as a liability on its balance sheet.

We issued these shares of Series A Preferred Stock, to JMP Group Inc. and certain of its affiliates for an aggregate purchase price of \$20.0 million. The Series A Preferred Stock entitles the holders to receive a cumulative dividend of 10% per year, subject to an increase to the extent any future quarterly common stock dividends exceed \$0.20 per share. The Series A Preferred Stock is convertible into shares of the Company's common stock based on a conversion price of \$8.00 per share of common stock, which represents a conversion rate of two and one-half (2 ½) shares of common stock for each share of Series A Preferred Stock.

14. Related Party Transactions

Concurrent and in connection with the issuance of our Series A Preferred Stock on January 18, 2008, we entered into an advisory agreement with JMPAM, which is an affiliate of JMP Group, Inc. and JMP Realty Trust, Inc. As of April 23, 2008, JMPAM and JMP Group, Inc. beneficially owned approximately 16.8% and 12.2% of our common stock. Under the agreement, JMPAM advises the Managed Subsidiaries. As previously disclosed, we have an approximately \$63.7 million net operating loss carry-forward that remains with us after the sale of our mortgage lending business. As an advisor to the Managed Subsidiaries, we expect that JMPAM will, at some point in the future, focus on the acquisition of alternative mortgage related investments on behalf of the Managed Subsidiaries. Some of those investments may allow us to utilize all or a portion of the net operating loss carry-forward to the extent available by law. The commencement of any activity by JMPAM must be approved by the Board of Directors and any subsequent investment on behalf of Managed Subsidiaries must adhere to investment guidelines adopted by our board of directors. JMPAM will earn a base advisory fee of 1.5% of the "equity capital" (as defined in the advisory agreement) of the Managed Subsidiaries and is also eligible to earn incentive compensation if the Managed Subsidiaries achieve certain performance thresholds. As of June 30, 2008, JMPAM was not managing any assets in the Managed Subsidiaries, but was earning a base advisory fee on the net proceeds to our Company from our private offerings in each of January 2008 and February 2008. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2008, we paid JMPAM \$0.2 million and \$0.3 million respectively, in advisory fees. As of the date of this report, we expect to pay approximately \$0.7 million in advisory fees to JMPAM during the 2008 fiscal year.

In addition, pursuant to the stock purchase agreement providing for the sale of the Series A Preferred Stock to JMP Group, Inc. and certain of its affiliates, James J. Fowler and Steven M. Abreu were appointed to our Board of Directors, with Mr. Fowler being appointed the non-executive chairman of our Board of Directors. In addition, concurrent with the completion of the issuance and sale of the Series A Preferred Stock and pursuant to the stock purchase agreement, four of our then-existing directors resigned from the Board.

James J. Fowler, the Non-Executive Chairman of our Board of Directors and also the non-compensated Chief Investment Officer of Hypotheca Capital, LLC and New York Mortgage Funding, LLC, is a managing director of JMPAM and the president of JMP Realty Trust, Inc., a private REIT that is externally managed by JMPAM and which

is one of the investors in our Series A Preferred Stock. JMPAM and JMP Realty Trust, Inc. are affiliates of JMP Group, Inc.

On February 21, 2008, we completed the issuance of 7.5 million shares of our common stock in a private placement to certain accredited investors, resulting in \$56.6 million in net proceeds to the Company. JMP Securities LLC, an affiliate of JMPAM, JMP Group, Inc. and JMP Realty Trust, Inc., served as the sole placement agent for the transaction and was paid a \$3.0 million placement fee from the gross proceeds.

NEW YORK MORTGAGE TRUST, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2008 (unaudited)

15. Income Taxes

All income tax benefits relate to HC and are included in the results of operations of the discontinued operation. Deferred taxes at June 30, 2008 include a deferred tax asset of \$0.1 million and a deferred tax liability of \$0.1 million which represents the tax effect of differences between tax basis and financial statement carrying amounts of assets and liabilities. The \$63.7 million net operating loss carry-forward expires at various intervals between 2024 and 2028. During the quarter ended September 30, 2007 management determined that the Company would likely not be able to utilize the deferred tax asset and accordingly recorded a 100% valuation allowance. The Company continued to reserve 100% of deferred tax benefit in the quarter ended June 30, 2008 as the facts continue to support the Company's inability to utilize the deferred tax asset.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

CAUTIONARY NOTE REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q contains certain forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements are those which are not historical in nature. They can often be identified by their inclusion of words such as "will," "anticipate," "estimate," "should," "expect," "believe," "intend" and similar expressions. Any projection of revenues, earnings losses, capital expenditures, distributions, capital structure or other financial terms is a forward-looking statement. Certain statements regarding the following particularly are forward-looking in nature:

- · our business strategy;
- future performance, developments, market forecasts or projected dividends;
- · projected acquisitions or joint ventures; and
- · projected capital expenditures.

It is important to note that the description of our business in general and our investment in mortgage loans and mortgage-backed securities holdings in particular, is a statement about our operations as of a specific point in time and is not meant to be construed as an investment policy. The types of assets we hold, the amount of leverage we use or the liabilities we incur and other characteristics of our assets and liabilities disclosed in this report as of a specified period of time are subject to reevaluation and change without notice.

Our forward-looking statements are based upon our management's beliefs, assumptions and expectations of our future operations and economic performance, taking into account the information currently available to us. Forward-looking statements involve risks and uncertainties, some of which are not currently known to us and many of which are beyond our control and that might cause our actual results, performance or financial condition to be materially different from the expectations of future results, performance or financial condition we express or imply in any forward-looking statements. Some of the important factors that could cause our actual results, performance or financial condition to differ materially from expectations are:

- our portfolio strategy and operating strategy may be changed or modified by our management without advance notice to you or stockholder approval and we may suffer losses as a result of such modifications or changes;
- market changes in the terms and availability of repurchase agreements used to finance our investment portfolio activities;
- · reduced demand for our securities in the mortgage securitization and secondary markets;
- · interest rate mismatches between our mortgage-backed securities and our borrowings used to fund such purchases;
- · changes in interest rates and mortgage prepayment rates;
- · effects of interest rate caps on our adjustable-rate mortgage-backed securities;
- the degree to which our hedging strategies may or may not protect us from interest rate volatility;

- potential impacts of our leveraging policies on our net income and cash available for distribution;
- our board's ability to change our operating policies and strategies without notice to you or stockholder approval;
- our ability to manage, minimize or eliminate liabilities stemming from the discontinued operations including, among other things, litigation, repurchase obligations on the sales of mortgage loans and property leases; and
- the other important factors identified, or incorporated by reference into this report, including, but not limited to those under the captions "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" and "Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk", and those described in Part I, Item 1A of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2007, Part II, Item 1A of our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the three months ended June 30, 2008 and the various other factors identified in any other documents filed by us with the Securities and Exchange Commission, or SEC.

We undertake no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise. In light of these risks, uncertainties and assumptions, the events described by our forward-looking events might not occur. We qualify any and all of our forward-looking statements by these cautionary factors. In addition, you should carefully review the risk factors described in other documents we file from time to time with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

General

New York Mortgage Trust, Inc. together with its consolidated subsidiaries ("NYMT", the "Company", "we", "our", and "us") a self-advised real estate investment trust, or REIT, in the business of investing in residential adjustable rate mortgage-backed securities issued by a United States government-sponsored enterprise ("GSE" or "Agency"), such as the Federal National Mortgage Association ("Fannie Mae"), or the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation ("Freddie Mac"), prime credit quality residential adjustable-rate mortgage ("ARM") loans, or prime ARM loans, and non-agency mortgage-backed securities. We refer to residential adjustable rate mortgage-backed securities throughout this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q as "MBS" and MBS issued by a GSE as "Agency MBS". We seek attractive long-term investment returns by investing our equity capital and borrowed funds in such securities. Our principal business objective is to generate net income for distribution to our stockholders resulting from the spread between the interest and other income we earn on our interest-earning assets and the interest expense we pay on the borrowings that we use to finance these assets, which we refer to as our net interest income. We believe that the best approach to generating a positive net interest income is to manage our liabilities, principally in the form of short-term indebtedness (maturities of one year or less), in relation to the interest rate risks of our investments. To help achieve this result, we employ repurchase agreement financing, generally short-term, and over time will combine our financings with hedging techniques, primarily interest rate swaps. We may, subject to maintaining our REIT qualification, also employ other hedging techniques from time to time, including interest rate caps, floors and swap options to protect against adverse interest rate movements.

Since inception, our investment portfolio strategy has focused on the acquisition of high-credit quality ARM loans and securities. Moreover, since our exit from the mortgage lending business on March 31, 2007, we have exclusively focused our resources and efforts on investing, on a leveraged basis, in MBS and, since August 2007, we have employed a portfolio strategy that focuses on investments in Agency MBS. As of June 30, 2008, our investment portfolio was comprised of \$499.4 million in MBS, including \$273.0 million of Agency ARM MBS, \$199.3 million of Agency CMO floaters and \$27.1 million of non-Agency MBS, of which \$26.7 million are rated in the highest category by two rating agencies (either Moody's Investor Service, Inc. or Standard & Poor's, Inc.), and \$377.0 million of prime ARM loans held in securitization trusts. As of June 30, 2008, we had approximately \$897.3 million of total assets as compared to \$809.3 million at December 31, 2007.

Our Alternative Investment Strategy Under Our Advisory Agreement

Although we are in the business of investing in MBS and have most recently employed a portfolio strategy that focuses on investments in Agency MBS, we may engage in an alternative mortgage related investment strategy in the near future that would potentially allow us to utilize an approximately \$63.7 million net operating loss carry-forward that resulted from our exit from the mortgage lending business. We expect this alternative mortgage-related investment strategy, which will be managed by JMP Asset Management LLC ("JMPAM") pursuant to an advisory agreement between JMPAM and our company, to primarily take the form of equity investments in unaffiliated third party entities, or Funds, that acquire or manage a portfolio of non-Agency MBS, some or all of which may be classified as non-investment grade securities. Under the advisory agreement with JMPAM, which was entered into concurrent with our issuance of 1.0 million shares of Series A Cumulative Convertible Redeemable Preferred Stock to JMP Group, Inc. and certain of its affiliates, JMPAM advises two of our wholly-owned subsidiaries, Hypotheca Capital, LLC, or HC (formerly known as The New York Mortgage Company, LLC), and New York Mortgage Funding, LLC, or NYMF, as well as any additional subsidiaries acquired or formed in the future to hold investments made on our behalf by JMPAM. We refer to these subsidiaries in our periodic reports filed with the SEC as the "Managed Subsidiaries." As an advisor to the Managed Subsidiaries, we expect that JMPAM will focus on the acquisition of alternative mortgage related investments. Investments by us in Funds will generally expose us to greater credit risk and less interest rate risk than investments in Agency MBS. Although our investment strategy thus far in 2008 has focused on the acquisition of Agency MBS, JMPAM may commence investments under this alternative mortgage related investment strategy in the near future; provided, however, that the commencement of investments by JMPAM under this strategy must first be approved by our board of directors and any subsequent investment on behalf of Managed Subsidiaries must adhere to investment guidelines adopted by our board of directors. This strategy, if and when implemented, will vary from our core strategy and we can provide no assurance that we will be successful at implementing any alternative investment strategy.

Significant Events Second Quarter

Reverse Stock Split

On May 27, 2008, we completed a one-for-two reverse stock split of our common stock. The one-for-two reverse stock split (the "2008 Reverse Stock Split") provided stockholders of record as of 12:01 a.m. on May 27, 2008, which we refer to as the effective time, with one share of our common stock for every two shares of common stock owned as of the effective time. The Articles Supplementary Establishing and Fixing the Rights and Preferences of the Series A Preferred Stock, or Articles Supplementary, provide that the conversion rate and effective conversion price for our Series A Preferred Stock be appropriately adjusted to reflect any reverse stock split. As a result, the conversion rate on our Series A Preferred Stock was automatically adjusted to two and one-half to one (2 ½ to 1) from the original five to one (5 to 1) conversion rate and the effective conversion price on our Series A Preferred Stock was adjusted to \$8.00 per share from the original \$4.00 per share.

Common Stock Approved for Listing on NASDAQ Capital Market

Our common stock was approved for listing on the NASDAQ Capital Market on June 4, 2008 and began trading on the NASDAQ Capital Market effective June 5, 2008 under the symbol "NYMT". Prior to our listing on the NASDAQ Capital Market, our common stock was most recently quoted on the Over-the-Counter Bulletin Board, or OTCBB, under the stock symbol "NYMO". Our Series A Preferred Stock is not currently listed on any securities exchange.

Pursuant to a registration rights agreement between our company and the investors in our February 2008 private placement of common stock, we are subject to a liquidated damages penalty upon certain events. Because our common stock was not listed on the NASDAQ Capital Market for the period April 19, 2008 through the date of our initial listing, we paid the investors in our February 2008 private placement approximately \$0.5 million in liquidated

damages on July 3, 2008. In addition, in May 2008, we paid these same investors approximately \$0.2 million in liquidated damages as a result of our failure to file a resale registration statement during the time period required pursuant to the registration rights agreement. Although we do not expect to incur additional liquidated damages under this agreement in the future, there can be no assurance that we will remain in compliance with the liquidated damage provisions in the future.

Known Material Trends and Commentary

Declines in the prices of mortgage assets - Investors' appetite for U.S. mortgage assets continued to be weak in the first half of 2008. In addition, the market disruption of March 2008 and related de-leveraging in the mortgage asset industry involved the liquidation or sale of a significant amount of Agency securities. This selling, along with decreased demand for these assets among investors, caused mortgage asset prices to decline in the quarter ended March 31, 2008. Prices improved during the second quarter as FNMA and FHLMC increased buying of Agency securities for their portfolio. The increased buying by the agencies was a direct result of the removal of the consent order that restricted portfolio growth by the Office of Federal Housing Enterprise Oversight (OFHEO)

Tightening in the financing markets and reduced liquidity - As prices of mortgage assets decreased, many lenders that finance mortgage assets took measures to insure their liquidity needs would not be compromised, particularly in March 2008. In connection with the market disruption of March 2008, many financial institutions withdrew financing and liquidity that they typically offered clients as part of their daily business operations. The most common forms of liquidity provided to the mortgage market are in the form of repurchase agreements for MBS. This reduced availability of financing subsequently led to de-leveraging by many in the industry and, in some cases, forced liquidations, all of which exacerbated the problem. During the second quarter liquidity stabilized and there were no significant failures or disruptions.

Volatility in financing costs – The dislocations in the mortgage market led to increased volatility in the cost of financing. The relationships between certain short-term interest rates, normally very consistent, became less so in the second half of 2007 and has continued to widen during the first half of 2008. The Federal Funds rate, an interest rate used by banks for overnight loans to each other and determined by the Federal Reserve Board, is a benchmark used by others to determine similar short term rates. The London Inter Bank Offered Rate ("LIBOR"), a market determined rate for short term loans, is typically 10 basis points higher than the Federal Funds rate. LIBOR averaged 12 basis points above the Fed Funds target during the first quarter and 50 basis points during the second quarter. Because our repurchase agreements rates generally move with one month LIBOR, our costs have not decreased on a relative basis as would be expected given the 225 basis points reduction in the Fed Funds rate since the beginning of the year.

Hedging – We generally seek to reduce the volatility of our net income by entering into interest rate swap agreements. As of June 30, 2008, we are a party to interest rate swap agreements with an aggregate notional amount of \$158 million. The Company discontinued hedge accounting treatment for the interest rate swap positions during the fourth quarter of 2007 as part of our strategic portfolio realignment related to the Series A Preferred Stock offering. Accordingly, the unrealized loss was recorded as an unrealized loss in our Statement of Operations and no longer reflected as part of other comprehensive income in our Balance Sheet. During the quarter ended March 31, 2008 the Company terminated certain swaps resulting in a realized loss of \$4.8 million. The Company did not terminate any additional swaps during the second quarter of 2008.

Changes in the U.S. economy – Changes in the U.S. economy have also affected us. The U.S. economy continued to soften in the first half of 2008. Weak demand in the housing market and increased stress on borrowers, including in particular, residential mortgage borrowers, has had a ripple effect throughout the U.S. economy. As stated in testimony by the Chairman of the Federal Reserve to the U.S. Senate Committee on Banking, Housing and Urban Affairs on July 15, 2008, "sales of existing homes have been about unchanged this year, sales of new homes have continued to fall, and inventories of unsold new homes remain high." As a result, home prices have continued to fall, particularly in regions that experienced the largest price increases earlier this decade. This decline in home prices has contributed to increased home foreclosures during 2008. The Federal Reserve continued to reduce short term interest rates resulting in an overall reduction of 200 basis points during the first quarter of 2008 with another 25 basis points reduction on April 30, 2008. Recently, increased concern regarding inflation has arisen principally due to increases in global commodity prices. We believe the inflation concerns have kept longer term interest rates high relative to short term rates. This so called steep yield curve generally results in increased returns on equity for companies that employ

an Agency MBS strategy similar to ours. The possibility of rising inflation, however, increases the possibility of interest rates moving higher to slow inflationary stresses, which may result in flattening of the yield curve.

Presentation Format

In connection with the sale of substantially all of our wholesale and retail mortgage lending platform assets during the first quarter of 2007, we classified certain assets and liabilities related to our mortgage lending segment as a discontinued operation in accordance with the provisions of SFAS No. 144. As a result, we have reported revenues and expenses related to the segment as a discontinued operation and the related assets and liabilities as assets and liabilities related to a discontinued operation for all periods presented in the accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements. Our continuing operations are primarily comprised of what had been our portfolio management operations. In addition, certain assets such as the deferred tax asset, and certain liabilities, such as subordinated debt and liabilities related to leased facilities not assigned to Indymac, have become part of the ongoing operations of NYMT and accordingly, we have not classified as a discontinued operation in accordance with the provisions of SFAS No. 144.

The Board of Directors declared a one for five reverse stock split of our common stock, providing shareholders of record as of October 9, 2007, with one share of common stock for each five shares owned of record as of October 9, 2007 (the "2007 Reverse Stock Split"). Prior and current period share amounts and earnings per share disclosures have been restated to reflect the 2008 Reverse Stock Split and 2007 Reverse Stock Split.

Significance of Estimates and Critical Accounting Policies

A summary of our critical accounting policies is included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2007 in "Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" and "Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies" to the consolidated financial statements included therein. There have been no significant changes to those policies during 2008.

Overview of Performance

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2008, we reported a net income (loss) of \$1.3 million and \$(20.0) million as compared to a net loss of \$14.2 million and \$18.9 million, respectively for the same periods in 2007.

The main components of the change in income (loss) for the three and six months ended June 30, 2008 as compared to the same period for the prior year are detailed in the following table (dollar amounts in thousands):

Detailed Components of											
the change	\mathbf{F}	For the Three Months Ended June 30,				For the Six Months Ended June 30,					
in income (loss)		2008		2007	D	ifference	2008		2007	D	ifference
Net interest income on											
investment portfolio	\$	3,964	\$	1,006	\$	2,958 \$	6,703	\$	1,635	\$	5,068
Net interest income		2,499		112		2,387	3,773		(141)		3,914
Loan losses		(22)		(940)		918	(1,455)		(940)		(515)
Loss on securities and											
related hedges		(83)		(3,821)		3,738	(19,931)		(3,821)		(16,110)
Income (loss) on											
continuing operations		434		(5,178)		5,612	(21,004)		(6,078)		(14,926)
Income (loss) from											
discontinued operations -											
net of tax		829		(9,018)		9,847	1,009		(12,859)		(13,868)
Net income (loss)	\$	1,263	\$	(14,196)	\$	15,549 \$	(19,995)	\$	(18,937)	\$	(1,058)

Summary of Operations and Key Performance Measurements

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2008, our net income was dependent upon the net interest income (the interest income on portfolio assets net of the interest expense and hedging costs associated with the such assets) generated from our portfolio of MBS and mortgage loans held in securitization trusts, which was partially offset by losses on delinquent loans held in securitization trusts and certain other expenses. The net interest spread on our investment portfolio increased to 143 basis points for the quarter ended June 30, 2008, as compared with 85 basis points for the quarter ended March 31, 2008, and 46 basis points for the quarter ended December 31, 2007.

Because the assets in our MBS portfolio represent approximately 56% of our total assets as of June 30, 2008 and we fund these assets, which generally have maturities with longer terms than their funding source, with short-term borrowings under repurchase agreements, our ability to achieve our investment objectives depends on our ability to borrow money in sufficient amounts and on favorable terms and on our ability to renew or replace maturing borrowings on a continuous basis. Repurchase agreements provide us with short-term borrowings that are secured by the securities in our investment portfolio and bear interest rates that are closely linked to the LIBOR. During the quarter ended June 30, 2008, we continued to employ a balanced and diverse funding mix to finance our investment portfolio and assets. At June 30, 2008, our MBS portfolio was funded with approximately \$417.9 million of repurchase agreement borrowing, or approximately 48% of our total liabilities, and our loans held in securitization trusts were permanently financed with approximately \$11.8 million of our own equity investment in the securitization trusts and the issuance of approximately \$365.2 million of CDOs, or approximately 43% of our total liabilities. At June 30, 2008 our leverage ratio for our MBS investment portfolio, which we define as our outstanding indebtedness under repurchase agreements divided by total stockholders' equity, was 7 to 1. Given the continued uncertainty in the credit markets, we believe that maintaining a leverage ratio in the range of 7 to 10 times is appropriate at this time.

The key performance measures for our portfolio management activities are:

- · net interest spread on the portfolio;
- losses on loans held in securitization trusts;
- · change in book value;
- · return on equity capital invested.

Financial Condition

As of June 30, 2008, we had approximately \$897.3 million of total assets, as compared to approximately \$809.3 million of total assets as of December 31, 2007. The increase in total assets results primarily from an increase in MBS of \$148.9 million and a decrease of \$53.7 million in mortgage loans held in securitization trust.

We received net proceeds of approximately \$19.6 million from our private offerings of Series A Preferred Stock and \$56.6 million from our common stock during the first quarter of 2008. We used substantially all of the net proceeds to purchase approximately \$714.1 million of Agency MBS during January and February 2008. As previously disclosed in our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the three months ended March 31, 2008, we sold an aggregate of \$592.8 million of Agency MBS in our portfolio during March 2008 in an effort to reduce our leverage and improve our liquidity position in response to the market disruption of March 2008, and incurred a loss of \$15.9 million. In addition, the Company terminated a total of \$517.7 million of notional interest rate swaps in the quarter ended March 31, 2008, resulting in a realized loss of \$4.8 million.

Balance Sheet Analysis - Asset Quality

Investment Securities - Available for Sale - Our securities portfolio primarily consists of Agency securities or AAA-rated residential mortgage-backed securities. At June 30, 2008 and December 31, 2007, we had no investment securities in a single issuer or entity (other than a government sponsored agency of the U.S. Government) that had an aggregate book value in excess of 10% of our total assets. The following tables set forth the credit characteristics of our securities portfolio as of June 30, 2008 and December 31, 2007 (dollar amounts in thousands):

Credit Characteristics of Our Investment Securities

June 30, 2008	Sponsor or Rating	Par Value	Carrying Value	% of Portfolio	Coupon	Yield
Agency REMIC CMO	FNMA/					
floaters	FHLMC \$	208,214 \$	199,349	40%	3.27%	3.93%
Agency Hybrid Arms	FNMA/					
	FHLMC	270,553	272,948	55%	5.16%	4.70%
Non-Agency floaters	AAA	28,530	24,552	5%	3.21%	6.00%
NYMT retained securities	AAA-BBB	2,169	2,158	0%	6.76%	5.67%
NYMT retained securities	Below					
	BBB	2,750	397	0%	5.68%	11.69%
Total/Weighted average	\$	512,216 \$	499,404	100%	4.29%	4.50%
30						

December 31, 2007	Sponsor or Rating	Par Value	Carrying Value	% of Portfolio	Coupon	Yield
Agency REMIC CMO						
floaters	FNMA/FHLMC \$	324,676 \$	318,689	91%	5.98%	5.55%
Non-Agency floaters	AAA	29,764	28,401	8%	5.66%	5.50%
NYMT retained securities	AAA-BBB	2,169	2,165	1%	6.31%	6.28%
NYMT retained securities	Below BBB	2,756	1,229	0%	5.68%	12.99%
Total/Weighted average	\$	359,365 \$	350,484	100%	5.95%	5.61%

The following table sets forth the stated reset periods and weighted average yields of our investment securities at June 30, 2008 and December 31, 2007 (dollar amounts in thousands):

Reset/ Yield of our Investment Securities

			More t	han 6	More th	nan 24		
	Less t	Mon	ths	Mon	ths			
	6 Mon	To 24 M	lonths	To 60 M	Ionths	Total		
		Weighted	V	eighted		Weighted		Weighted
	Carrying	Average (Carrying/	verage (Carrying	Average	Carrying	Average
June 30, 2008	Value	Yield	Value	Yield	Value	Yield	Value	Yield
Agency REMIC CMO								
floaters	\$ 199,349	3.93%	\$ —	-\$	-		199,349	3.93%
Agency Hybrid Arms	_		_	_	272,948	4.70%	272,948	6.00%
Non-Agency floaters	24,552	6.00%	_	_	-		24,552	4.70%
NYMT retained								
securities	2,158	5.67%			397	11.69%	2,555	9.03%
Total/Weighted average	\$ 226,059	4.20%	\$ —	-\$	273,345	4.77% \$	499,404	4.50%

	Less t	than	More that	n 6 Mont h	;			
	6 Months		To 24 Months		To 60 Months		Tot	al
	Weighted		Weighted			Weighted		Weighted
	Carrying	Average	Carrying	Average	Carrying	Average	Carrying	Average
December 31, 2007	Value	Yield	Value	Yield	Value	Yield	Value	Yield
Agency REMIC CMO								
Floating Rate	\$ 318,689	5.55%	6 \$ -		_‰ _		% 318,689	