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ADVANCED BATTERY TECHNOLOGIES, INC.

Form 10-Q August 11, 2009

U. S. Securities and Exchange Commission Washington, D. C. 20549

FORM 10-O

[X	[QUARTERLY REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
	For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2009
[]	TRANSITION REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
	For the transition period from to

Commission File No. 1-33726

ADVANCED BATTERY TECHNOLOGIES, INC.

(Name of Registrant in its Charter)

Delaware (State or Other Jurisdiction of incorporation or organization) 22-2497491 (I.R.S. Employer I.D. No.)

15 West 39th Street, Suite 14A, New York, NY 10018 (Address of Principal Executive Offices)

Issuer's Telephone Number: 212-391-2752

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Sections 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subjected to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes X No.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files.) Yes No ____

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check One)

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Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act) Yes No X

APPLICABLE ONLY TO CORPORATE ISSUERS: Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the Registrant's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date:

August 10, 2009

Common Voting Stock: 61,883,591

PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ADVANCED BATTERY TECHNOLOGIES, INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

ASSETS

	June 30,	December 31,
	2009	2008
	(Unaudited)	
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 45,036,543	\$ 32,746,155
Accounts receivable, net	16,375,343	14,708,078
Inventories, net	5,047,878	1,748,115
Loan receivable,net	2,148,114	1,600,000
Other receivables	235,706	240,726
Advance to suppliers,net	2,343,876	246,163
Total Current Assets	71,187,460	51,289,237
Property, plant and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation of \$8,979,803		
as of June 30, 2009 and \$2,803,788 as of December 31, 2008	44,100,031	16,635,843
Total Fixed Assets	44,100,031	16,635,843
Other assets:		
Investment in unconsolidated entity	969,890	1,037,550
Investment advance	-	3,000,000
Deposit for long-term assets	117,000	1,748,363
Intangible assets, net	14,739,116	1,548,158
Goodwill	2,485,750	2,487,080
Other assets	41,850	6,000
Total other assets	18,353,606	9,827,151
Total Assets	\$ 133,641,097	\$ 77,752,231
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Current liabilities:		
Short-term loans	\$ 7,324,773	-
Accounts payable	4,800,396	415,850
Advance from Customers	184,094	80,479
Accrued expenses and other payables	2,288,350	784,070
Loan from officers	-	17,236
Taxes payable	952,573	_
Total Current Liabilities	15,550,186	1,297,635
Long term liabilities		
Deferred tax liability	3,468,262	_
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Total Liabilities	19,018,448	1,297,635
Stockholders' Equity		
Preferred stock, \$0.001 par value, 5,000,000 shares authorized;		
17,000 shares issued and 17,000 shares outstanding as of June 30, 2009		
and - 0 - shares issued and outstanding as of December 31, 2008	17	-
Common stock, \$0.001 par value, 150,000,000 shares authorized;		
57,821,577 shares issued and 57,626,996 shares outstanding as of June 30, 2009		
and 54,781,577 shares issued and 54,662,067 shares outstanding as of December 31,		
2008	57,822	54,782
Additional paid-in-capital	66,097,910	39,289,991
Accumulated other comprehensive income	5,982,939	6,012,475
Retained earnings	42,983,451	31,393,050
Less: Cost of treasury stock (194,581 and 119,510 shares as of June 30,2009 and		
December 31, 2008, respectively)	(499,490)	(295,702)
Total Stockholders' Equity	114,622,649	76,454,596
Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity	\$ 133,641,097	\$ 77,752,231

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements

ADVANCED BATTERY TECHNOLOGIES, INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (UNAUDITED)

	For Three-month ended June						
	30,		For Six-month ended June 30,			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
		2009	2008		2009		2008
Revenues	\$	13,771,583	\$ 11,748,284	\$	24,457,320	\$	21,780,253
Cost of Goods Sold		7,458,600	5,776,054		13,109,789		10,765,796
Gross Profit		6,312,983	5,972,230		11,347,531		11,014,457
Operating Expenses							
Research & Development expenses		188,472	-		188,472		4,325
Selling, general and administrative		3,740,079	579,974		4,636,398		1,147,539
Operating income		2,384,432	5,392,256		6,522,661		9,862,593
Other Income (Expenses)							
Interest income		96,198	-		170,546		-
Interest (expenses)		(206,219)	-		(206,219)		-
Equity loss from unconsolidated entity		(57,862)	-		(67,660)		-
Gain on bargain purchase		9,909,320	-		9,909,320		-
Other income (expenses)		13,708	8,526		13,708		16,113
Total other income (expenses)		9,755,145	8,526		9,819,695		16,113
Income Before Income Taxes		12,139,577	5,400,783		16,342,356		9,878,706
Provision for Income Taxes							
Current		681,211	725,511		1,283,693		1,354,956
Deferred		3,468,262	-		3,468,262		-
Net income	\$	7,990,104	\$ 4,675,272	\$	11,590,401	\$	8,523,750
Other Comprehensive Income							
Foreign currency translation adjustment		68,288	1,043,721		(29,536)		2,634,700
Comprehensive Income	\$	8,058,392	\$ 5,718,993	\$	11,560,865	\$	11,158,450
Earnings per share							
Basic	\$	0.16	\$ 0.11	\$	0.24	\$	0.21
Diluted	\$	0.14	\$ 0.09	\$	0.21	\$	0.17
Weighted average number of common shares outsta	andi				15 225		
Basic		48,901,584	41,531,286		47,983,579		41,520,892
Diluted		58,056,619	49,709,786		56,553,099		49,699,392

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The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements

ADVANCED BATTERY TECHNOLOGIES, INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (UNAUDITED)

	FOR SIX MONTHS ENDED JUN			DED JUNE
	30,			
		2009		2008
Cash Flows From Operating Activities:				
Net income	\$	11,590,401	\$	8,523,750
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating				
activities:				
Gain on bargain purchase		(9,909,320)		-
Deferred income taxes		3,468,262		-
Depreciation and amortization		854,137		471,171
Amortization of deferred consulting expenses		79,375		175,188
Amortization of stock based compensation expense		835,519		280,212
Equity loss of unconsolidated entity		67,660		-
Provision for doubtful accounts and inventory valuation allowance		643,436		-
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:				
Accounts receivable		(584,589)		8,180,245
Inventories		(1,621,165)		(701,435)
Other receivable & prepayments		(692,543)		(747,472)
Accounts payable, accrued expenses and other payables		(3,643,729)		1,717,243
Advance from Customer		(1,210,714)		8,985
Taxes payable		604,754		-
• •				
Net cash provided by operating activities		481,484		17,907,886
Cash Flows From Investing Activities:				
Deposit for long-term assets		(4,596,962)		-
Purchase of property, plant and equipment		(101,684)		(1,714)
Cash acquired from business combination		837,081		-
•				
Net cash used in investing activities		(3,861,565)		(1,714)
		,		
Cash Flows From Financing Activities				
Loan receivable		(19,355)		-
Purchase of treasury stock		(203,788)		-
Repayments of notes payable				(411,264)
Proceeds from issuance of preferred stock		16,041,861		-
Proceeds from loan from officers		-		420,255
Repayment of officer loan		(135,884)		-
1.7		(/ /		
Net cash provided by financing activities		15,682,834		8,991
1		,,		
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents		(12,365)		1,557,566
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Increase in cash and cash equivalents	12,290,388	19,472,729
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of period	32,746,155	2,704,823
Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of period	\$ 45,036,543	\$ 22,177,552
SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW INFORMATION: During the year, cash was paid for the following:		
Interest expense	\$ 152,983	\$ -
Income taxes	\$ 425,111	\$ 638,639
NON-CASH INVESTING AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Common stock issued for incentive stock-based compensation	\$ 210,500	\$ 139,403
Common stock issued for acquisition of Wuxi ZQ	\$ 9,870,000	\$ -
Stock options issued to executives	\$ 777,660	\$ -

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements

1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10–Q and Article 10 of Regulation S–X. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by generally accepted accounting principles for complete financial statements. In the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring accruals) considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included. Operating results for the six months ended June 30, 2009 and 2008 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the full years. The information included in this Form 10-Q should be read in conjunction with Management's Discussion and Analysis and the financial statements and notes to thereto included in the Company's 2008 Form 10-K.

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Reclassification

Certain prior period amounts have been reclassified to conform to the current period presentation. These reclassifications had no effect on reported total assets, liabilities, stockholders' equity or net income.

Principles of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Advanced Battery Technologes, Inc. (the "Company" or "ABAT") and its wholly-owned subsidiaries, Cashtech Inc., Heilongjiang Zhongqiang Power-Tech Co., Ltd. ("ZQPT") and Wuxi Zhongqiang Autocycle Co., Ltd. ("Wuxi ZQ"). All significant inter-company balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

Use of estimates

In preparing the consolidated financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the management makes estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the dates of the consolidated financial statements, as well as the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting periods. Significant estimates required to be made by the management include, but are not limited to, the recoverability of long-lived assets and the valuation of accounts receivable and inventories. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Acquisitions

The purchase method of accounting is used to account for the acquisition of Wuxi ZQ by the Company. The cost of an acquisition is measured at the fair value of the assets given, equity instruments issued and liabilities incurred or assumed at the date of exchange, plus costs directly attributable to the acquisition. Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date, irrespective of the extent of any minority interest. The excess of the cost of acquisition over the fair value of the Group's share of the identifiable net assets acquired is recorded as goodwill. If the cost of acquisition is less than the fair value of the net assets of the subsidiary acquired, the excess of the value of the net assets acquired over the purchase price was recorded as gain on bargain purchase and is shown as a separate component of revenues in the Company's Condensed Consolidated Statement of Income for the three and six months ended June 30, 2009.

Cash and cash equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flow, the Company considers all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

Accounts receivable

Accounts receivables are stated at net realizable value. Any allowance for doubtful accounts is established based on the management's assessment of the recoverability of accounts and other receivables. Management regularly reviews the composition of accounts receivable and analyzes historical bad debts, customer concentrations, customer credit worthiness, current economic trends and changes in customer payment patterns to evaluate the collectability of accounts receivable and the adequacy of the allowance. The allowance for accounts receivable is \$794,036 and \$16,506 as of June 30, 2009 and December, 31 2008, respectively.

Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or market. Cost is determined on a weighted average method. Cost of work in progress and finished goods comprises direct material, direct production cost and an allocated portion of production overheads. Management compares the cost of inventory with the market value and an allowance is made for writing down the inventory to its market value, if lower.

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Revenue recognition

The Company's revenue recognition policies are in compliance with Staff Accounting Bulletin ("SAB") 104. Sales revenue is recognized when title and risks have passed, which is generally at the date of shipment and when collectability is reasonably assured.

The Company sells its products to the customers who have passed the Company's credit check. Sales agreements are signed with each customer. The purchase price of products is fixed in the agreement. The company makes custom products based on sales agreements, so no returns are allowed. The Company warrants the product only in the event of defects for one year from the date of shipment. Historically, the Company has not experienced significant defects, and replacements for defects have been minimal. For the six months ended June 30, 2009 and 2008, no such returns and allowances have been recorded. Should returns increase in the future it would be necessary to adjust estimates, in which case recognition of revenues could be delayed. Payments received before all of the relevant criteria for revenue recognition are recorded as advance from customers.

Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and amortization. Maintenance, repairs and betterments, including replacement of minor items, are charged to expense; major additions to physical properties are capitalized. Depreciation and amortization are provided using the straight-line method (after taking into account their respective estimated residual values) over the estimated useful lives of the assets as follows:

Buildings and improvements 20-39 years Machinery, equipment and motor vehicles 5-10 years

Construction in progress

Construction in progress represents buildings and machinery under construction, which is stated at cost and is not depreciated. Cost comprises the direct costs of construction. Construction in progress is reclassified to the appropriate category of property, plant and equipment when completed and ready for use.

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Prepaid consulting services

Prepaid consulting services represent the aggregate fair value of the Company's common stock issued in return for the consulting services provided by certain consultants to the Company. The fair value is determined by reference to the closing price of the Company's common stock as quoted on NASDAQ or other US stock exchanges at the date of issuance. The prepaid expenses are amortized on a straight-line basis over the respective terms of the service periods. Amortization of prepaid consulting services for the six months ended June 30, 2009 and 2008 was \$79,375 and \$87,594, respectively.

Impairment of long-lived assets

Long-lived assets, which include property, plant and equipment and intangible assets, are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable.

Concentration of credit risk

Financial instruments that potentially subject the Company to significant concentrations of credit risk consist of cash and cash equivalents and accounts and other receivables. As of June 30, 2009, most of the Company's cash and cash equivalents were held by major banks located in the PRC and United States which the Company's management believes are of high credit quality. With respect to accounts receivable, the Company extends credit based on an evaluation of the customer's financial condition and without requiring collateral. The Company conducts periodic reviews of its customers' financial condition and customer payment practices to minimize collection risk on accounts receivable.

Foreign currency translation

The functional currency of ZQPT and Wuxi ZQ is the Chinese Renminbi ("RMB"). For financial reporting purposes, RMB has been translated into United States dollars ("USD") as the reporting currency. Assets and liabilities are translated at the exchange rate in effect at the balance sheet date. Income statement accounts are translated at the average rate of exchange prevailing for the period. Capital accounts are translated at their historical exchange rates when the capital transaction occurred. Translation adjustments arising from the use of different exchange rates from period to period are included as a component of stockholders' equity as "Accumulated other comprehensive income." Gains and losses resulting from foreign currency translation are included in accumulated other comprehensive income.

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Goodwill

Goodwill and other intangible assets are accounted for in accordance with the provisions of SFAS No. 142, "Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets." Under SFAS 142, goodwill, including any goodwill included in the carrying value of investments accounted for using the equity method of accounting, and certain other intangible assets deemed to have indefinite useful lives are not amortized. Rather, goodwill and such indefinite-lived intangible assets are assessed for impairment at least annually based on comparisons of their respective fair values to their carrying values.

Finite-lived intangible assets are amortized over their respective useful lives and, along with other long-lived assets, are evaluated for impairment periodically whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that their related carrying amounts may not be recoverable in accordance with SFAS No. 144, "Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets."

In evaluating long-lived assets for recoverability, including finite-lived intangibles and property and equipment, the Company uses its best estimate of future cash flows expected to result from the use of the asset and eventual disposition in accordance with SFAS No.144. To the extent that estimated future undiscounted net cash flows attributable to the asset are less than the carrying amount, an impairment loss is recognized in an amount equal to the difference between the carrying value of such asset and its fair value. Assets to be disposed of and for which there is a committed plan of disposal, whether through sale or abandonment, are reported at the lower of carrying value or fair value less costs to sell.

Stock-Based Compensation

Effective January 1, 2006, the Company adopted the provisions of Financial Accounting Standards Board Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") No. 123(R), "Share-Based Payments," which establishes the accounting for employee stock-based awards. Under the provisions of SFAS No. 123(R), stock-based compensation is measured at the grant date, based on the calculated fair value of the award, and is recognized as an expense over the requisite employee service period (generally the vesting period of the grant). The Company adopted SFAS No. 123 (R) using the modified prospective method and, as a result, periods prior to December 31, 2005 have not been restated.

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Prior to December 31, 2005, the Company accounted for stock-based compensation in accordance with provisions of Accounting Principles Board Opinion No. 25 ("APB No. 25), "Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees," and related interpretations. Under APB No. 25, compensation cost was recognized based on the difference, if any, on the date of grant between the fair value of the Company's stock and the amount an employee must pay to acquire the stock. The Company has not granted any stock options and, accordingly, no compensation expense related to options was recognized prior to the adoption of SFAS No. 123 (R).

Both prior to and subsequent to December 31, 2005, the Company determined the fair value of each stock award to be equal to the quoted market price for the Company's common stock on the date of the award.

Unearned compensation represents shares issued to executives and employees that will be vested over a certain service period. These shares will be amortized over the vesting period in accordance with FASB 123 (R). The average vesting period for the shares issued to date has been 10.86 years, based on the terms of the employment agreements under which the stock was awarded. The expense related to the vesting of unearned compensation was \$446,689 and \$280,212 for six months ended June 30, 2009 and 2008, respectively.

The Company measures compensation expense for its non-employee stock-based compensation under the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Emerging Issues Task Force (EITF) Issue No. 96-18, "Accounting for Equity Instruments that are Issued to Other Than Employees for Acquiring, or in Conjunction with Selling, Goods or Services. The fair value of the option issued is used to measure the transaction, as this is more reliable than the fair value of the services received. Fair value is measured as the value of the Company's common stock on the date that the commitment for performance by the counterparty has been reached or the counterparty's performance is complete. The fair value of the equity instrument is charged directly to compensation expense and additional paid-in capital.

Research and development costs

Research and development costs are expensed as incurred. Engineers and technical staff are involved in the production of our products as well as on-going research, with no segregation of the portion of their salaries relating to research and development from the portion of their salaries relating to production. The total salaries are included in cost of goods sold. Research and development expense was \$188,472 and \$4,325 for the six months ended June 30, 2009 and 2008, respectively.

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Income Tax

The Company utilizes Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 109, "Accounting for Income Taxes," which requires the recognition of deferred tax assets and liabilities for the expected future tax consequences of events that have been included in the financial statements or tax returns. Under this method, deferred income taxes are recognized for the tax consequences in future years of differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their financial reporting amounts at each period end based on enacted tax laws and statutory tax rates applicable to the periods in which the differences are expected to affect taxable income. Valuation allowances are established, when necessary, to reduce deferred tax assets to the amount expected to be realized. The Company has provided a 100% valuation allowance at June 30, 2009 for the temporary difference related to loss carry-forwards and stock-based compensation.

Comprehensive Income

Comprehensive income is defined to include changes in equity except those resulting from investments by owners and distributions to owners. Among other disclosures, items that are required to be recognized under current accounting standards as components of comprehensive income are required to be reported in a financial statement that is presented with the same prominence as other financial statements. Comprehensive income includes net income and the foreign currency translation gain, net of tax.

Basic and Diluted Earnings per Share

Earnings per share are calculated in accordance with the SFAS 128, "Earnings per share." Basic net earnings per share are based upon the weighted average number of common shares outstanding, but excluding shares issued as compensation that have not yet vested. Diluted net earnings per share are based on the assumption that all dilutive convertible shares and stock options were converted or exercised, and that all unvested shares have vested. Dilution is computed by applying the treasury stock method. Under this method, options and warrants are assumed to be exercised at the beginning of the period (or at the time of issuance, if later), and as if funds obtained thereby were used to purchase common stock at the average market price during the period.

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Recently Issued Accounting Standards

In June 2009, the FASB issued SFAS 168, The FASB Accounting Standards Codification TM and the Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles – a replacement of FASB Statement No. 162. The FASB Accounting Standards Codification TM ("Codification") will become the source of authoritative U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") recognized by FASB to be applied by nongovernmental entities. Rules and interpretive releases of the SEC under authority of federal securities laws are also sources of authoritative GAAP for SEC registrants. On the effective date of SFAS 168, the Codification will supersede all then-existing non-SEC accounting and reporting standards. All other nongrandfathered non-SEC accounting literature not included in the Codification will become nonauthoritative. SFAS 168 is effective for financial statements issued for interim and annual periods ending after September 15, 2009. Adoption of SFAS 168 is not expected to have a material impact on the Company's results of operations or financial position.

In June 2009, the FASB issued SFAS 167, Amendments to FASB Interpretation No. 46(R), which improves financial reporting by enterprises involved with variable interest entities. SFAS 167 addresses (1) the effects on certain provisions of FASB Interpretation No. 46 (revised December 2003), Consolidation of Variable Interest Entities, as a result of the elimination of the qualifying special-purpose entity concept in SFAS 166 and (2) concerns about the application of certain key provisions of FIN 46(R), including those in which the accounting and disclosures under the Interpretation do not always provide timely and useful information about an enterprise's involvement in a variable interest entity. SFAS 167 shall be effective as of the beginning of each reporting entity's first annual reporting period that begins after November 15, 2009, for interim periods within the first annual reporting period, and for interim and annual reporting periods thereafter. Earlier application is prohibited. Adoption of SFAS 167 is not expected to have a material impact on the Company's results of operations or financial position.

In May 2009, the FASB issued SFAS 165, Subsequent Events, which establishes general standards of accounting for and disclosure of events that occur after the balance sheet date but before financial statements are issued or are available to be issued. An entity should apply the requirements of SFAS 165 to interim or annual financial periods ending after June 15, 2009. Adoption of SFAS 165 did not have a material impact on the Company's results of operations or financial position.

3. INVENTORIES

	June 30, 2009 D	December 31, 2008
Raw Materials	\$ 1,187,400 \$	839,546
Work-in-process	3,541,820	638,745
Finished goods	366,287	317,479
	5,095,507	1,795,770
Less allowance	(47,629)	(47,655)
	\$ 5,047,878 \$	1,748,115

The accumulated allowance for inventories was \$47,629 and \$47,655 as of June 30, 2009 and December 31, 2008, respectively. No allowance for inventories was made for the six months ended June 30, 2009 and 2008.

4. LOAN RECEIVABLE

The Company loaned to a non-related company, Harbin Jinhuida Investment Consulting Limited, the amount of \$1,600,000 for one year term from October 30, 2008 to October 29, 2009 at a fixed interest rate of 10% per annum. The principal plus interest will be repaid upon maturity. The Company accrued interest income of \$80,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2009 as a result of this transaction.

The Company also loaned \$19,355 to RDX Holdings Limited. The entire amount is expected to be paid back in May 2009 without interest. The loan is still outstanding and past due as of the date of this report. Zhiguo Fu, the Company's Chief Executive Officer, is a member of the Board of Directors of the parent of RDX Holdings Limited.

Wuxi ZQ occasionally provides loans to other non-related companies and individuals in the normal course of business. These loans are free of interest and due upon demand. As of June 30, 2009, the Wuxi had outstanding loans of \$686,642.

The allowance for loan receivable is \$157,883 and \$-0- as of June 30, 2009 and December, 31 2008, respectively.

5. OTHER RECEIVABLES

Other receivables generally consist of advances to employee and interest receivable. The Company has full oversight and control over the advanced accounts. Therefore, no allowance for the uncollectible accounts is considered necessary.

6. ADVANCES TO VENDORS

The Company makes advances to certain vendors for inventory and equipments purchases. The advances to vendors were \$3,579,110 and \$246,163 as of June 30, 2009 and December 31, 2008, respectively. The allowance for advance vendors is \$1,235,234 and \$-0- as of June 30, 2009 and December, 31 2008, respectively.

7. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT, NET

Property, plant and equipment consisted of the following at June 30, 2009 and December 31, 2008:

	June 30, 2009	December 31, 2008
Building and improvements	\$ 35,377,330	\$ 12,397,349
Machinery and equipment	14,262,231	3,698,917
Motor Vehicles	484,284	217,236
	50,123,845	16,313,502
less: Accumulated Depreciation	(9,138,606)	(2,803,788)
Construction in Progress	3,114,793	3,126,130
Total property, plant and equipment, net	\$ 44,100,031	\$ 16,635,843

Depreciation expense for the six months ended June 30, 2009 and 2008 was \$681,988 and \$426,190, respectively.

Construction in progress represents direct costs of construction and design fees incurred for the Company's new plant and equipment. Capitalization of these costs ceases and the construction in progress is transferred to plant and equipment when substantially all the activities necessary to prepare the assets for their intended use are completed. No depreciation is provided until it is completed and ready for its intended use. Construction in progress totaled \$3,114,793 and \$3,126,130 as of June 30, 2009 and December 31, 2008, respectively.

8. INVESTMENT IN UNCONSOLIDATED ENTITY

In the fourth quarter of 2008, the Company entered an equity investment agreement ("Agreement") with Beyond E-Tech, Inc (BET) to acquire 49% of issued and outstanding capital stock of BET for a total payment of \$1,500,000. The Company made the payment in full as of June 30, 2009. BET is a newly-organized company that imports and distributes cell phones in the United States. Pursuant to the Agreement, during any period of time when the Company is a shareholder of BET, BET shall exclusively market products for resale that use ABAT's rechargeable polymer lithium-ion batteries.

8. INVESTMENT IN UNCONSOLIDATED ENTITY (Continued)

The Company has a significant influence on BET and therefore uses the equity method to account for the investment in BET. According to the Agreement, the Company has significant influence over the operating and financial policies of BET, including a right of approval of its operating budget, veto power over large capital expenses, and other management controls. Net loss on using this equity method investment was \$67,660 for the six months ended June 30, 2009.

The Company uses its best estimate of future cash flows expected to result from the use of this asset in accordance with SFAS No. 157. There was \$371,743 impairment loss recognized on this investment for the year ended December 31, 2008 because the estimated future undiscounted net cash flows related to this investment are less than the carrying amount.

9. DEPOSIT FOR LONG-TERM ASSETS

The Company entered various agreements to purchase equipment and machinery in an effort to expand its production in 2009. As of June 30, 2009, the Company made a total down payment of \$117,000 on those long-term assets. The Company expects to pay the remaining contract amount of \$13,000 in 2009. The deposit will be reclassified to the respective accounts under the fixed assets upon delivery and transfer of legal titles.

10. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Intangible assets consist of rights to use land and power, patents and marketing network resource. All land in the People's Republic of China is government owned and cannot be sold to any individual or company. However, the government grants the user a "land use right" (the Right) to use the land and the power line underneath. The Group leases two pieces of land per real estate contract from the PRC Government for a period from August 2003 to September 2043, on which the office and production facilities of ZQ Power-Tech are situated. In addition, the Group leases two pieces of land from the PRC Government for a period from July 2003 to July 2053 and from September 2002 to June 2057 respectively, on which the office and production facilities of Wuxi ZQ are situated. The Group leases power from the local government for a period from July 2003 to July 2013.

10. INTANGIBLE ASSETS (Continued)

Rights to use land and power and patent right are stated at fair market value less accumulated amortization. The Company amortizes the patents over a 3-10 year period. The Company evaluates intangible assets for impairment, at least on an annual basis and whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable from its estimated future cash flows. Recoverability of intangible assets, other long-lived assets, and goodwill is measured by comparing their net book value to the related projected undiscounted cash flows from these assets, considering a number of factors including past operating results, budgets, economic projections, market trends and product development cycles. If the net book value of the asset exceeds the related undiscounted cash flows, the asset is considered impaired, and a second test is performed to measure the amount of impairment loss. As of June 30, 2009, no impairment of intangible assets has been recorded.

In May 2009, the Company acquired Wuxi ZQ's intangible assets consisting of land use rights, patens and marketing network resource which are amortized using the straight line method. The faire market value of acquired intangible assets was \$13,372,548, including \$12,039,252 of rights to use land, \$332,098 of patents and \$1,001,198 of marketing network resource.

Net intangible assets at June 30, 2009 and December 31, 2008 were as follows:

	Jι	ine 30, 2009	Decemb	er 31, 2008
Rights to use land and power	\$	13,852,618	\$	1,024,225
Patents		1,229,842		901,076
Marketing network resource		1,000,038		-
		16,082,498		1,925,301
Less: accumulated amortization		(1,343,382)		(377,143)
	\$	14,739,116	\$	1,548,158

Amortization expense was \$172,149 and \$44,981 for the six months ended June 30, 2009 and 2008, respectively.

10. INTANGIBLE ASSETS (Continued)

Based upon current assumptions, the Company expects that its intangible assets will be amortized over the next five years according to the following schedule:

As of June 30,							
	2010	\$	788,091				
	2011		788,091				
	2012		729,086				
	2013		434,061				
	2014		432,584				
Thereafter			11,567,203				
		\$	14,739,116				

11. GOODWILL

Goodwill represents the excess of the purchase price over the fair value of the net tangible and identifiable intangible assets of the 30% minority interest in ZQPT acquired from the minority shareholders in ZQPT. Goodwill is tested for impairment on an annual basis and in between annual test dates if events or circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of goodwill exceeds its implied fair value. The Company determined the implied fair value of goodwill by allocating the price paid to acquire the 30% minority interest to all of its assets and liabilities.

12. SHORT TERM BANK LOANS

The short-term loans include the following at June 30, 2009:

a) Loan payable to Huaxia Bank	
originally from 01/01/08 to 09/21/08,	
a fixed interest rate of 0.5475% per month	\$ 2,929,909
b) Loan payable to Huaxia Bank	
originally from 01/01/08 to 09/21/08,	
a fixed interest rate of 0.6225% per month	4,394,864
Total	\$ 7,324,773

The short-term bank loans are secured by plant and equipment and land use rights of Wuxi ZQ. As of June 30, 2009, both loans are past due. The Company is currently negotiating to renew the loans. The bank increased the interest rate to 0.809% per month for both loans. As of the date of this report, the loans are still outstanding and past due. Interest payable was \$277,870 as of June 30, 2009.

13. STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION

(1) 2004 Equity Incentive Plan

The Company adopted the 2004 Equity Incentive Plan (the "2004 Plan") on August 24, 2004. The purpose of the Plan is to promote the success and enhance the value of the Company by linking the personal interests of the participants of the Plan (the "Participants") to those of the Company's stockholders, and by providing the Participants with an incentive for outstanding performance. The Plan is further intended to attract and retain the services of the Participants upon whose judgment, interest, and special efforts the successful operation of the Company is dependent. The Company has reserved 5,000,000 shares of common stock for the options and awards under the Plan.

Subject to the terms and provisions of the Plan, the Board of Directors, at any time and from time to time, may grant shares of stock to eligible persons in such amounts and upon such terms and conditions as the Board of Directors shall determine.

The Committee appointed by the Board of Directors to administer the Plan shall have the authority to determine all matters relating to the options to be granted under the Plan including selection of the individuals to be granted awards or stock options, the number of stocks, the date, the termination of the stock options or awards, the stock option term, vesting schedules and all other terms and conditions thereof.

A summary of the status of the Company's unearned stock compensation under the 2004 Equity Incentive Plan as of June 30, 2009, and changes for the six months ended June 30, 2009, is presented below:

Unearned stock compensation as of January 1, 2009	\$ 2,103,694
Unearned stock compensation granted	-
Compensation expenses debited to statement of operations with a credit to additional paid-in capital	(132,880)
Unearned stock compensation as of June 30, 2009	\$1,970,814

In addition, the compensation cost capitalized as an offset to additional paid-in capital in relation to shares issued to non-employee consultants under the 2004 Plan in prior years and current period was \$352,898. The Company's contracts with these consultants have terms ranging from 60 months to 120 months, and the unearned stock compensation will be amortized as expense over the respective terms of the contracts. The amortization for the six months ended June 30, 2009 and 2008 was \$79,375 and \$175,188, respectively.

13. STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION (Continued)

The following table shows the amortization of the unearned stock compensation relating to consulting contracts:

As of		
June 30	Am	ortization
2010	\$	116,375
2011		116,375
2012		95,729
2013		24,419
	\$	352,898

(2) 2006 Equity Incentive Plan

The Company adopted the 2006 Equity Incentive Plan (the "2006 Plan") on April 24, 2006. The 2006 Plan became effective on April 18, 2006. The number of shares available for grant under the 2006 Plan shall not exceed 8,000,000 shares and shares of stock and options may be granted to the eligible persons at the discretion of the Company's Board of Directors or the Committee administering the plan. Incentive stock options ("ISO"), nonqualified stock options ("NQSO"), or a combination thereof may be granted but ISOs can only be granted to the Company's employees. The Committee can also grant shares of restricted stock or performance shares (a performance share is equivalent in value to a share of stock) to eligible persons at any time and from time to time.

The exercise price for each ISO awarded under the 2006 Plan shall be equal to 100% of the fair market value of a share on the date the option is granted and be 110% of the fair market value if the eligible person owns stock possessing more than 10% of the total combined voting power of all classes of stock of the Company or of its parent or subsidiary corporations. The exercise price of a NQSO shall be determined by the Committee in its sole discretion.

No option shall be exercisable later than the tenth anniversary date of its grant and each option shall expire at such time as the Committee determines at the time of grant. The eligible person who owns stock possessing more than 10% of the total combined voting power of all classes of stock of the Company or of its parent or subsidiary corporations shall exercise his/her option before the fifth anniversary date of its grant.

Options shall vest at such items and under such terms and conditions as determined by the Committee; provided, however, unless a different vesting period is provided by the Committee at or before the grant of an option, the options will vest on the first anniversary of the grant.

Options granted under the 2006 Plan shall be exercisable at such times and be subject to such restrictions and conditions as the Committee shall in each instance approve, which need not be the same for each grant or for each participant.

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ADVANCED BATTERY TECHNOLOGIES, INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2009 AND 2008 (UNAUDITED)

13. STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION (Continued)

A summary of the status of the Company's unearned stock compensation under the 2006 Equity Incentive Plan as of June 30, 2009 is presented below:

Unearned stock compensation as of January 1, 2009	\$3,634,101
Unearned stock compensation granted	210,500
Compensation expenses debited to statement of operations with	
a credit to additional paid-in capital	(313,809)
Unearned stock compensation as of June 30, 2009	\$3,530,792

14. INCOME TAXES

Under the Income Tax Laws of the PRC, the Company is generally subject to tax at a statutory rate of 25% and was, until January 2008, subject to tax at a statutory rate of 33% (30% state income taxes plus 3% local income taxes) on its taxable income. However, ZQ Power-Tech is located in a specially designated technology zone which allows foreign-invested enterprises a five-year income tax holiday. ZQ Power-Tech enjoyed a two-year tax exemption through December 31, 2007, and enjoys an additional 50% income tax reduction from January 1, 2008 to December 31, 2010.

On March 16, 2007, National People's Congress passed a new corporate income tax law, which was effective on January 1, 2008. This new corporate income tax unifies the corporate income tax rate to 25%, and includes cost deductions and tax incentive policies for both domestic and foreign-invested enterprises in China. According to the new corporate income tax law, the applicable corporate income tax rate of the ZQPT decreased to 12.5% in 2008.

A reconciliation of tax at United States federal statutory rate to provision for income tax recorded in the financial statements is as follows:

	For the Six Months		
	Ended June 30,		
	2009	2008	
U.S. statutory income tax rate	35.00%	35.00%	
Foreign income not recognized in the U.S	(35%)	(35%)	
China Statutory rates	25.00%	25.00%	
China income tax exemption	(12.5%)	(12.5%)	
Other items (a)	16.6%	1.20%	
Effective consolidated income tax rate	29.10%	13.70%	

⁽a) The 16.6% and 1.20% represent (\$7,939,693) and \$333,966 of (income) and expenses incurred by the Company that are not subject to PRC income tax for the six months ended June 30, 2009 and 2008, respectively.

14. INCOME TAXES (Continued)

The estimated tax savings as a result of our tax holidays for the six months ended June 30, 2009 and 2008 amounted to \$1,283,693 and \$1,354,956, respectively. The net effect on earnings per share had the income tax been applied would decrease basic earnings per share for the six months ended June 30, 2009 and 2008 from \$0.24 to \$0.21 and from \$0.21 to \$0.17, respectively.

The Company was incorporated in the United States. It incurred a net operating loss for U.S. income tax purposes for the six months ended June 30, 2009 and 2008. The net operating loss carry forwards, including amortization of share-based compensation, for United States income tax purposes amounted to \$2,036,338 and \$789,366 the six months ended June 30, 2009 and 2008, respectively, which may be available to reduce future years' taxable income. These carry forwards will expire, if not utilized, beginning in 2027 through 2028. In addition, as a result of acquisition of Wuxi ZQ on May 4, 2009, there are net operating loss carry-forwards of \$1,693,676 from Wuxi ZQ that may be available to reduce future years' taxable income in China and those loss carry-forwards will expire in 2013. Management believes that the realization of the benefits arising from these losses appear to be uncertain due to Company's limited operating history and continuing losses for United States income tax purposes. Accordingly, the Company has provided a 100% valuation allowance at June 30, 2009 for the temporary difference related to loss carry-forwards. Management reviews this valuation allowance periodically and makes adjustments as warranted. The valuation allowances for the six months ended June 30, 2009 and 2008 were \$1,136,137and \$276,278, respectively.

15. EARNINGS PER SHARE

Earnings per share for the six months period ended June 30, 2009 and 2008 is determined by dividing net income for the periods by the weighted average number of both basic and diluted shares of common stock and common stock equivalents outstanding. The following is an analysis of the differences between basic and diluted earnings per common share in accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 128, "Earnings Per Share."

15. EARNINGS PER SHARE (Continued)

The following demonstrates the calculation for earnings per share for the six months ended June 30, 2009 and 2008:

	For the Three Months Ended June 30,			For the Six Months Ended June 30,				
Basic earning per share		2009		2008		2009		2008
Net Income	\$	7,990,104	\$	4,675,272	\$	11,590,401	\$	8,523,750
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding - Basic		48,901,584		41,531,286		47,983,579		41,520,892
Earnings per	Ф	0.16	ф	0.11	Ф	0.24	ф	0.21
share-Basic	\$	0.16	\$	0.11	\$	0.24	\$	0.21
Diluted earnings per share								
Net Income	\$	7,990,104	\$	4,675,272	\$	11,590,401	\$	8,523,750
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding								
-Basic		48,901,584		41,531,286		47,983,579		41,520,892
Effect of conversion of preferred stock		1,177,535		-		592,020		-
Effect of exercise of options		340,000		-		340,000		-
Effect of diluted securities-unvested shares		7,637,500		8,178,500		7,637,500		8,178,500
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding - Diluted		58,056,619		49,709,786		56,553,099		49,699,392
Diluttu		50,050,019		77,707,700		30,333,033		77,077,372
Earnings per share-Diluted	\$	0.14		0.09	\$	0.21		0.17

As of June 30, 2009 and 2008, the Company had unvested stock awards of 7,637,500 and 8,178,500, respectively, under the 2004 and 2006 equity plans. All unvested stock awards were included in the diluted earnings per share calculation as they are dilutive.

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At June 30, 2009, the Company had outstanding warrants of 9,175,725 and there were no outstanding warrants as of June 30, 2008. For the six months ended June 30, 2009, all outstanding warrants, with an exercise above the market price during the six months ended June 30, 2009, were excluded from the diluted earnings per share calculation as they are anti-dilutive.

16. STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

1) Issuance of Preferred Stock

On June 1 and June 15, 2009, the Company issued a total of 17,000 shares of preferred stock, consisting of 10,000 shares of Series E preferred stock ("Series E") and 7,000 shares of Series F preferred stock ("Series F"), to several accredited investors. The aggregate purchase price for the securities was \$17,000,000 and the preferred stock can be converted into a total of 4,388,522 shares of common stock of the Company. Each Preferred Share is entitled to a preferential payment of \$1,000 in the event of a liquidation of Advanced Battery Technologies. From the proceeds of the offering, the Company paid a fee of \$850,000 to Rodman & Renshaw, LLC, which acted as the placement agent for the offering. The Company also reimbursed Rodman & Renshaw, LLC for its out-of-pocket expenses totaling \$58,132, and issued to Rodman & Renshaw, LLC warrants to purchase 219,426 shares of common stock. The Company also paid \$50,007 legal fee for the issuance. The Company realized net proceeds of \$16,041,861 from the offering.

2) Issuance of Common Stock

In January 2009, according to a five-year employment contract, the company issued 40,000 shares to one employee and there are 160,000 shares remaining to be issued to him in the following four years.

On May 4, 2009, the Company issued 3,000,000 common stocks in exchange for the 100% equity interest in Wuxi ZQ. The acquisition was completed on the same day.

On December 8, 2008, the Board of Directors approved a stock repurchase program. The Company repurchased 194,581 shares as treasury stock as of June 30, 2009.

As a result of these transactions, there are 57,821,577 shares of common stock issued and 57,626,996 shares outstanding as of June 30, 2009. There are 54,781,577 shares of common stock issued and 54,662,067 shares outstanding as of December 31, 2008.

3) Stock Options

For the six months ended June 30, 2009, the Company issued 340,000 stock options in connection with the services rendered by the Company's senior executives and recorded total stock option compensation expenses of \$388,830 for the six months ended June 30, 2009. Of the total value of the option grants, \$388,830 has not yet been recognized and will be amortized over the requisite service periods.

16. STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (Continued)

The following table summarizes the stock option activities of the Company:

		Weighted	Average	
	Option	Average	Remaining	Aggregate
				Intrinsic
	Outstanding	Exercise Pric	e Life in years	Value
Outstanding, December				
31, 2008	-			
Granted	340,000	\$ 2.	9.50	\$ 465,800
Forfeited	-		-	
Exercised	-			.
Outstanding, June 30,				
2009	340,000	\$ 2.	9.50	\$ 465,800

C. Stock Warrants

On August 8 and August 15, 2008, the Company issued a total of 5,058,834 shares of common stock and warrants to purchase a total of 2,276,474 shares of common stock to eight accredited institutional funds. The Company also issued to Rodman & Renshaw, LLC warrants to purchase 316,471 shares of common stock. All the Warrants issued in August 2008 offering permit the holders to purchase common stock from Advanced Battery Technologies for a price of \$5.51 per share. The Warrants expire in five years.

On June 1 and June 15, 2009, the Company issued a total of 17,000 shares of preferred stocks and warrants to purchase a total of 7,679,914 shares of common stock from Advanced Battery Technologies for prices ranging from \$3.79 to \$5.68 per share. The warrants issued in the June 2009 offering consist of:

Series A Warrants

Series A Common Stock Purchase Warrants permit the holder to purchase 1,187,335 shares of ABAT's common stock for \$4.92 per share at any time before November 27, 2014 and 787,500 shares of ABAT's common stock for the same price at any time before December 12, 2014.

Series B Warrants

Series B Common Stock Purchase Warrants permit the holder to purchase 2,638,523 shares of ABAT's common stock for \$3.79 per share at any time before November 27, 2009 and 1,750,000 shares of ABAT's common stock for \$4.00 per share any time before December 9, 2009. If, however, 30 days prior to those termination dates, there is no effective registration statement permitting public sale of the underlying common shares or the authorized common stock is insufficient to permit exercise of the Warrants, then the Series B Warrants will expire 30 days after those situations are remedied. Advanced Battery Technologies can force the holders to exercise the Series B Warrants under certain circumstances.

16. STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (Continued)

Series C Warrants

Series C Common Stock Purchase Warrants permit the holder to purchase 659,630 shares of ABAT's common stock for \$5.68 per share at any time before November 27, 2014 and 437,500 shares for the same price at any time before December 12, 2014. The holder may not exercise the Series C Warrants, however, unless the holder has exercised Series B Warrants for 400% of the shares to be purchased on exercise of the Series C Warrants.

Following is a summary of the status of warrants activities as of June 30, 2009:

		Weighted	Average	
	Warrants	Average	Remaining	Aggregate Intrinsic
	Outstanding	Exercise Price	Life in years	Value
Outstanding, January 1,	-			
2009	2,592,945	\$ 5.51	4.08	\$ -
Granted	7,679,914	4.43	4.19	-
Forfeited	-			-
Exercised	-			-
Outstanding, June 30,				
2009	10,492,285	\$ 4.59	\$ 4.16	\$ -

Both Investor Warrants and Placement Agent Warrants meet the conditions for equity classification pursuant to FAS 133 "Accounting for Derivatives" and EITF 00-19 "Accounting for Derivative Financial Instruments Indexed to, and Potentially Settled in, a Company's Own Stock." Therefore, these warrants were classified as equity and included in the Additional Paid-in Capital.

For August 2008 offering, the fair value of the warrants at the grant date was calculated using the Black-Scholes options pricing model using the following assumptions: Volatility 91.52%, Risk free interest rate 3.21% for August 8, 2008 Placement and 3.11% for August, 15, 2008 Placement, and Expected term of 5 years. The fair value of those warrants at the grant date was calculated at \$8,709,964.

For June 2009 offering, the fair value of the warrants at the grant date was calculated using the Black-Scholes options pricing model using the following assumptions: Volatility: 91.50%; Risk free interest rate: 2.55% and 0.29% for Series A and Series B&C warrants, respectively with respect to June 1, 2009 issuance and 2.69% and 0.31% for Series A and Series B&C warrants, respectively with respect to June 15, 2009 issuance; Expected term: 5.5 years for Series A & C warrants and 0.5 years for Series B warrants. The fair value of those warrants at the grant date was calculated at \$12,176,507.

17. ACQUISITION

Effective May 4, 2007, the Company, through its wholly-owned subsidiary, Cashtech, Inc., completed the acquisition of 100% ownership interest of Wuxi Angell Autocycle Co., Ltd., now known as Wuxi Zhongqiang Autocycle Co., Ltd. ("Wuxi ZQ"). The results of operations of Wuxi ZQ from May 4, 2009 to June 30, 2009 have been included in the Statement of operations of the Company for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2009. Wuxi ZQ, at the time of the acquisition, was a manufacturer of electric bicycles, electric scooters and other battery-powered recreational vehicles. Wuxi ZQ also uses the batteries supplied by ZQPT, a consolidated entiry of the Company.

The acquisition was accounted for under the purchase method of accounting in accordance with SFAS 141(R). Accordingly, the purchase price was allocated to assets and liabilities based on their estimated fair value at the acquisition date. The consideration for the net assets acquired was concluded upon prior to the assessment of the fair value (in accordance with SFAS 141R) of the net assets at the acquisition date. Therefore, the excess of the value of the net assets acquired over the purchase price was recorded as gain on bargain purchase and is shown as a separate component of revenues in the Company's Consolidated Statements of Operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2009.

The following table represents the allocation of the purchase price to the acquired net assets and resulting gain on bargain purchase:

Fair value of common stock issued	\$ 9,870,000
Total purchase price	9,870,000
Allocation of the purchase price to assets and liabilities at fair	
value:	
Assets:	
Cash	\$ 837,462
Accounts receivable	573,084
Advanced payments to vendors	1,823,105
Loan from others	58,575
Inventories	1,694,627
Fixed assets	21,908,014
Intangible assets	13,378,643
Total assets	\$40,273,510
Liabilities:	
Short-term bank loans	\$ 7,328,112
Accounts payable	5,285,072
Other liabilities	7,881,006
Total liabilities	\$ 20,494,190
Net assets acquired, at fair value	\$19,779,320
-	
Bargain purchase gain resulting from Wuxi ZQ acquisition	\$ 9,909,320

17. ACQUISITION (CONTINUED)

The following unaudited pro forma condensed combined statements of income present the combined results of the Company's operations with Wuxi ZQ as of the acquisition had occurred on January 1, 2008:

	Three Months Ended June 30,			Six Months Ended June 30,			
	2009		2008	2009		2008	
Pro forma revenues	\$ 15,153,709	\$	11,984,478	\$ 26,588,538	\$	22,657,737	
Pro forma net income	\$ 8,213,226	\$	5,888,150	\$ 10,951,963	\$	8,737,169	
Pro forma net income							
per share - basic	\$ 0.17	\$	0.14	\$ 0.23	\$	0.21	
Pro forma net income							
per share - diluted	\$ 0.15	\$	0.12	\$ 0.20	\$	0.18	

In the unaudited pro forma results, additional depreciation and amortization of the fair value of the fixed assets and intangible assets in excess of their respective book value have been recorded. In addition, the gain on bargain purchase upon the acquisition was reflected as if it occurred in the first quarter of 2008.

18. CONCENTRATION OF RISKS

Four major customers accounted for approximately 41.1% of the net revenue for the six months ended June 30, 2009, with each customer individually accounting for 21.2%, 6.8%, 6.8% and 6.3%, respectively. At June 30, 2009, the total receivable balance due from these customers was \$4,495,266, representing 30.0% of total accounts receivable. Four major customers accounted for 46.8% of the net revenue for the six months ended June 30, 2008. At June 30, 2008, the total receivable balance due from these customers was \$2,420,230, representing 30.8% of total accounts receivable.

Four major vendors provided approximately 43.9% of the Company's purchases of raw materials for the six months ended June 30, 2009, with each vendor individually accounting for 17.8%, 11.7%, 7.2% and 7.1%, respectively. The Company's accounts payable to these vendors was \$369,824 as of June 30, 2009, representing 24.5% of total accounts payable. Four vendors provided around 53.4% of the Company's purchase of raw materials for the six months ended June 30, 2008, with each vendor individually accounting for 16.9%, 13.2%, 12.9%, and 10.4%, respectively. The Company's accounts payable to these vendors was \$109,218 as of June 30, 2008.

19. LITIGATION

In September 2008, Susquehanna Financial Group, LLLP ("SFG") commenced an action against the Company in the Court of Common Pleas of Montgomery County, Pennsylvania. SFG alleges that it was party to two contracts with the Company, pursuant to which SFG alleges that it was entitled to serve as financial advisor with respect to any offering of securities by the Company completed prior to March 2009. SFG alleges that the Company failed to afford SFG the opportunity to serve as financial advisor in connection with the private placement by the Company in August 2008. SFG alleges that it is entitled to damages in the amount of \$1,359,872 and a warrant to purchase 81,882 share of the Company's common stock exercisable at \$8.00 per share. The Company has answered the Complaint, and has denied that SFG was entitled to serve as financial advisor in connection with the August 2008 private placement by reason of the fact that SFG had terminated its agreements with the Company, had waived any continuing rights under the contracts, and had acted in bad faith in connection with the services it undertook to perform for the Company.

In September 2008, Jiansu Sanjiang Disheng Electric Machinery Co., Ltd. filed a lawsuit at Wuxi Sub-district Court of High-Tech Industrial Park, demanding specific performance of Wuxi Angell, now known as Wuxi ZQ for unpaid debts plus accrued interests. Wuxi ZQ was ordered to pay a total amount of RMB1,024,524 (approximately \$150,665), in addition to the applicable court costs. As of June 30, 2009, Wuxi ZQ has not made any payments on this claim.

In September 2008, another action was filed against the Company by Jiande City Five Star Automobile Co., Ltd. in Wuxi Sub-district Court of High-Tech Industrial Park, seeking specific performance of Wuxi Angell, now known as Wuxi ZQ, for unpaid debts of RMB303,720 (approximately \$44,665). A judgment order was issued against Wuxi ZQ for an immediate payment of the claimed amount plus court costs. As of June 30, 2009, the entire amount has not been paid by Wuxi ZQ.

In July 2008, an action was filed against the Company by Wuxi Longbiap Electronics Co., Ltd. in Wuxi Sub-district Court of High-Tech Industrial Park, seeking specific performance of Wuxi Angell, now known as Wuxi ZQ, for unpaid debts of RMB341,514 (approximately \$50,222). A judgment order was issued against Wuxi ZQ for an immediate payment of the claimed amount plus court costs. As of June 30, 2009, the entire amount has not been paid by Wuxi ZQ.

In June 2008, an action was filed against the Company by Mr. Jinyu Zhu in Wuxi Sub-district Court of High-Tech Industrial Park, demanding the payment of unpaid debts of RMB1,000,000 (approximately \$147,058) by Wuxi Angell, now known as Wuxi ZQ. A judgment order was issued against Wuxi ZQ for an immediate payment of the claimed amount plus court costs. As of June 30, 2009, the entire amount has not been paid by Wuxi ZQ.

19. LITIGATION (CONTINUED)

In May 2008, an action was filed against the Company by Wuxi Lide Auto Parts Co., Ltd. ("Wuxi Lide") in Wuxi District Court, seeking specific performance of Wuxi Angell, now known as Wuxi ZQ, for unpaid debts plus accrued interests and penalties in the total amount of RMB 12,400,000 (approximately \$1,823,529). The Court issued a judgment to settle the claim against Wuxi ZQ and in favor of Wuxi Lide. Wuxi ZQ was ordered to pay the total amount claimed plus court costs and attorney's fees in the form of monthly installment payment of RMB1,300,000 (approximately \$191,175) per month through July 2009. After further negotiation with Wuxi Lide, Wuxi ZQ was required to pay the total amount of RMB 11,277,004 (approximately \$1,658,370) As of June 30, 2009, Wuxi has paid RMB 2,000,000 (approximately \$294,115).

In March 2008, an arbitrary action was filed by Huaren Construction Group Co. with China Economic and Trade Arbitration Commission, Wuxi Branch for the dispute of certain construction payments owed by Wuxi Angell, now known as Wuxi ZQ. On June 24, 2008, an arbitrary judgment was issued against Wuxi ZQ and Wuxi ZQ was ordered to pay a total amount of RMB4,000,000 (approximately \$588,235), of which, approximately \$441,176 was to be paid within twenty (20) days of the judgment date and remaining to be paid on or before September 30, 2008. As of June 30, 2009, Wuxi ZQ has not made any payments on this claim. Both parties are still under negotiation on when the payments can be made.

20. PRODUCT WARRANTY

The Company provides product warranty to its customers that all equipment manufactured by it will be free from defects in materials and workmanship under normal use for a period of one year from the date of shipment. The Company's experience for costs and expenses in connection with such warranties has been minimal and during the six months ended June 30 2009 and 2008, no amounts have been considered necessary to reserve for warranty costs.

21. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The Company's operations in the PRC are subject to specific considerations and significant risks not typically associated with companies in the North America and Western Europe. These include risks associated with, among others, the political, economic and legal environments and foreign currency exchange. The Company's results may be adversely affected by changes in governmental policies with respect to laws and regulations, anti-inflationary measures, currency conversion and remittance abroad, and rates and methods of taxation, among other things.

ADVANCED BATTERY TECHNOLOGIES, INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2009 AND 2008 (UNAUDITED)

21. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (CONTINUED)

The Company's sales, purchases and expenses transactions are denominated in RMB and all of the Company's assets and liabilities are also denominated in RMB. The RMB is not freely convertible into foreign currencies under the current law. In China, foreign exchange transactions are required by law to be transacted only by authorized financial institutions at exchange rates set by the People's Bank of China, the central bank of China. Remittances in currencies other than RMB may require certain supporting documentation in order to affect the remittance.

The Company entered various agreements to purchase equipment and machinery in an effort to expand its production in 2009. As of June 30, 2009, the Company made a total down payment of \$117,000 on those long-term assets. The Company still has the commitment to pay the remaining contract amount of \$13,000 in 2009.

According to the five-year employment contract, the company issued 40,000 shares to one employee in January 2009 and there are 160,000 shares remaining to be issued to him in the following four years.

22. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Company follows the provisions of SFAS No. 131, "Disclosures about Segments of an Enterprise and Related Information", which establishes standards for reporting information about operating segments. Operating segments are defined as components of an enterprise about which separate financial information is available that is evaluated regularly by the chief operating decision maker in deciding how to allocate resources and assess performance. The Company's chief operating decision maker has been identified as the Chief Executive Officer.

The Company has two operating segments, which are batteries and electric vehicles segments.

The batteries segment develops, manufactures, and markets rechargeable Polymer Lithium-Ion (PLI) products. The batteries segment includes the operation of Heilongjiang ZhongQiang Power-Tech Co., Ltd. (ZQ Power-Tech).

The electric vehicles segment develops and manufactures various types of electric vehicles through the operation of Wuxi Zhongqiang Autocycle Co., Ltd. Wuxi Zhongqiang owns three types of products listed in the E-Bike directory, with more than 20 varieties, including electric bicycles, electric scooters, and various electric sports utility vehicles.. Wuxi Zhongqiang products are exported to countries and regions in Europe, the United States and Asia. The Company's electric vehicles operation accounted for approximately 5% of the total consolidated earnings before income taxes for the three-month period ended June 30, 2009.

ADVANCED BATTERY TECHNOLOGIES, INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2009 AND 2008 (UNAUDITED)

22. SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

Net Sales

Interest Income (expense)

The measurement of segment income is determined as earnings before income taxes. The measurement of segment assets is based on the total assets of the segment, including intercompany advances among the PRC entities. Segment income and segment assets are reported to the Company's chief operating decision maker ("CODM") using the same accounting policies as those used in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements. Historically, there have been sale transactions between the two operating segments in addition to intersegment advances.

Electric Vehicles

3,627,379

(199,135)

Batteries

\$

22,243,303

163,463

For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2009

Inter-segment

Elimination

(1,413,362)

Consolidated

Total

\$

24,457,320

(35,672)

microst modific (expense)	Ψ	105,405	(199,133)		Ψ	(33,072)
Depreciation and Amortization	\$	383,006	330,608	140,523	\$	854,137
Segment assets	\$	94,294,825	31,160,269		\$	125,455,094
Segment income (loss) before tax	\$	8,831,883	(1,787,451)		\$	7,044,432
			For the Three Months	Ended June 30, 200	9	
				Inter-segment		Consolidated
		Batteries	Electric Vehicles	Elimination		Total
Net Sales	\$	11,557,566	3,627,379	(1,413,362)	\$	13,771,583
Interest Income (expense)	\$	89,115	(199,135)		\$	(110,020)
Depreciation and Amortization	\$	192,422	330,608	140,523	\$	663,553
Segment assets	\$	94,294,825	31,160,269		\$	125,455,094
Segment income (loss) before tax	\$	4,629,104	(1,787,451)		\$	2,841,653
			For the Six	For the Three		
Reconciliation of segment incomes to			Months Ended	Months Ended		
consolidated incomes			June 30, 2009	June 30, 2009		
Total segment income			7,044,432	2,841,653		
Elimination of intersegment profits			(611,396)	(611,396)		
Gain on bargain purchase			9,909,320	9,909,320		
Consolidated income before income			, ,			
taxes			16,342,356	12,139,577		
			, ,	, ,		
Reconciliation of segment assets to			As of June 30,			
consolidated assets			2009			
Total segment assets			125,455,094			
Elimination of intersegment						
receivables			(1,369,021)			

9,555,024	4						
7,555,027	.4						
133,641,097	17						
	133,041,09	133,041,097	155,041,097	133,041,097	133,041,037	133,041,097	133,041,097

ITEM 2 MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Forward-Looking Statements: No Assurances Intended

In addition to historical information, this Quarterly Report contains forward-looking statements, which are generally identifiable by use of the words "believes," "expects," "intends," "anticipates," "plans to," "estimates," "projects," or similar expressions. These forward-looking statements represent Management's belief as to the future of Advanced Battery Technologies. Whether those beliefs become reality will depend on many factors that are not under Management's control. Many risks and uncertainties exist that could cause actual results to differ materially from those reflected in these forward-looking statements. Factors that might cause such a difference include, but are not limited to, those discussed in the section of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2008 entitled "Risk Factors." Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements. We undertake no obligation to revise or publicly release the results of any revision to these forward-looking statements.

Overview

Near the end of 2004, ZQ Power-Tech obtained the financing needed to complete additional factory facilities at ZQ Power-Tech's campus in Heilongjiang. Since 2004, the number of employees at our facility has increased from 300 to 631 as of June 30 2009. The increase has occurred because we more than doubled our battery production capacity and we acquired an electric vehicle manufacturer in May 2009.

In 2008 our battery production capacity was \$45 million per year with two buildings ("A" and "B") in full production. As our revenues in 2008 reached \$45 million and continue to grow, the need to outfit buildings "C" and "D" so as to double our production capacity became apparent. Toward that end, during 2008 we completed an equity placement to obtain the capital necessary for the expansion. In July 2009, the two new production lines, "C" and "D", became operational with automated equipment.

On April 28, 2009, the Company, through Cashtech, a wholly-owned subsidiary of ABAT, entered into a Share Purchase Agreement with the shareholders of Wuxi Angell Autocycle Co., Ltd. Pursuant to the Agreement, the Company acquired a 100% ownership interest in the registered capital of Wuxi Angell and issued three million shares of the Company's common stock to the sellers. Immediately after the completion of acquisition on May 4, 2009, Wuxi Angell Autocycle Co. Ltd. was renamed as Wuxi Zhongqiang Autocycle Co., Ltd. ("Wuxi ZQ"). In June 2009, in order to support the future growth of our newly acquired electric vehicle business, we completed another equity placement.

Results of Operations

The following tables present certain consolidated statement of operations information. Financial information is presented for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2009 and 2008 respectively.

For the Three Months Ended June 3

			Change		
	2009	2008	Amount	%	
Revenues	\$ 13,771,583	\$11,748,284	\$ 2,023,299	17.2%	
Cost of Goods Sold	7,458,600	5,776,054	1,682,546	29.1%	
Gross Profit	6,312,983	5,972,230	340,753	5.7%	
Operation Expenses	3,928,551	579,974	3,348,577	577.4%	
Operating Income	2,384,432	5,392,256	(3,007,824)	(-55.8%)	
Net Income	\$ 7,990,104	\$ 4,675,272	\$ 3,314,832	70.9%	

For the Six Months Ended June 30,

			Change	
	2009	2008	Amount	%
Revenues	\$ 24,457,320	\$ 21,780,253	\$ 2,677,067	12.3%
Cost of Goods Sold	13,109,789	10,765,796	2,343,993	21.8%
Gross Profit	11,347,531	11,014,457	333,074	3.0%
Operating Expenses	4,824,870	1,151,864	3,673,006	318.9%
Operation Income	6,522,661	9,862,593	(3,339,932)	(33.9%)
Net Income	\$ 11,590,401	\$ 8,523,750	\$ 3,066,651	36.0%

Revenues

We had total revenues of \$13,771,583 for the three months ended June 30, 2009, an increase of \$2,023,299 or 17.2%, compared to \$11,748,284 for the three months ended June 30, 2008. The increase in revenues was primarily due to the contribution of sales from the electric vehicle business, which the Company acquired on May 4, 2009.

For the six months ended June 30, 2009 our revenue reached \$24,457,320, an increase of \$2,677,067 or 12.3% increase compared to \$21,780,253 for the six months ended June 30, 2008. The increase in revenues was primarily due to the contribution of sales from the electric vehicle business, which the Company acquired on May 4, 2009.

Sales of batteries to Wuxi ZQ are included in our 2008 financial results and excluded from our 2009 financial results, since we acquired ownership of Wuxi ZQ in May 2009. If sales to Wuxi ZQ are excluded from our 2008 results, our revenue from battery sales increased from the first six months of 2008 to the first six months of 2009. The growth in our battery business has been accompanied by a reorientation in the relative importance of different battery sizes. When we first entered the battery business in 2003 and following years, the bulk of our sales were small capacity batteries, primarily those used in consumer electronic devices. Our growth, however, has been propelled by customers for our medium capacity batteries (used for electric scooters, electric bicycles, power tools, miners' lamps, searchlights, etc.) and large capacity batteries (used for electric sanitation vehicles, stationary applications, and other large scale battery applications). In the three and six months ended June 30, 2009, the contribution of batteries in these categories as well as the contribution of electric vehicle to our total revenues was:

Three months ended		% (of total
June 30, 2009	Amount (US\$)	revenue)
Small Capacity Battery	1,261,396	9.16%
Medium Capacity Battery	2,817,700	20.46%
Large Capacity Battery	3,755,618	27.27%
Miner's Lamp	2,309,490	16.77%
Electric Vehicle	3,627,379	26.34%
Total	13,771,583	100.00%
Six months ended		% (of total
Six months ended June 30, 2009	Amount (US\$)	% (of total revenue)
2-1-2-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1	Amount (US\$) 2,237,976	•
June 30, 2009		revenue)
June 30, 2009 Small Capacity Battery	2,237,976	revenue) 9.15%
June 30, 2009 Small Capacity Battery Medium Capacity Battery	2,237,976 6,411,337	revenue) 9.15% 26.21%
June 30, 2009 Small Capacity Battery Medium Capacity Battery Large Capacity Battery	2,237,976 6,411,337 7,584,688	revenue) 9.15% 26.21% 31.01%

At August 3, 2009 we had a backlog of over \$73 million for delivery throughout the next 12 months, including a battery backlog of approximately \$53 million. Therefore we expect to expand on the level of operations that we achieved during 2008 and the first half of the current year.

Gross Profit.

Our cost of revenues consists of the cost of raw materials, labor costs and production overhead. In the three months ended June 30, 2009, our revenue increased by 17.2% and our cost of goods sold increased by 29.1%, from \$5,776,054 to \$7,458,600, compared to the same period of 2008. This higher growth in cost of sales is mainly attributable to the higher proportion of sales from lower margin products, i.e., electrical vehicle. The result was a deterioration in our gross margin from 50.8% in the three months ended June 30, 2008 to 45.8% in the same period of 2009.

In the six months ended June 30, 2009, our revenue increased by 12.3% and our cost of goods sold increased by 21.8%, from \$10,765,796 to \$13,109,789, compared to the same period of 2008. This higher growth in cost of sales is mainly attributable to the higher proportion of sales from lower margin products, i.e., electrical vehicle. The result was a deterioration in our gross margin from 50.6% in the six months ended June 30, 2008 to 46.4% in the same period of 2009.

Operating expenses

The Company's operating expenses increased by 577.4%, from \$579,974 in the three months ended June 30, 2008 to \$3,928,551 in the same period of 2009. The Company incurred operating expenses of \$4,824,870, for the six months ended June 30, 2009, an increase of \$3,673,006 or approximately 318.9%, compared to \$1,151,864 for the six months ended June 30, 2008. The increase is primarily due to Wuxi ZQ's high selling and administration expenses (approximately \$2.4 million) after the acquisition on May 4 2009. Wuxi ZQ's administrative expenses included a bad debt allowance of approximately \$640,000 and depreciation and amortization expenses. The Wuxi ZQ expenses also include satisfaction of approximately \$1,200,000 in debts that were incurred but were not properly recorded. Our operating expenses also increased because our US office incurred higher administration expenses in the second quarter of 2009, including salaries, legal fee and marketing expense related to our financing and our annual meeting activities. The Company also recognized higher noncash stock and option compensation amortization expense in the three and six months ended June 30, 2009. However, considering only the operating expenses in Heilongjiang ZQPT, our main battery production base in China, our operating expenses increased by only approximately \$0.20 and \$0.26 million during the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2009. Those increases were mainly attributable to our expanded operation.

Included in our general and administrative expense during the three and six months ended June 30, 2009 were \$602,648 and \$914,894 attributable to amortization of the market value of stock and options that we granted to employees or consultants. This non-cash expense resulted from our use of stock during our early years to incentivize key individuals. The market value of the stock at the time it was issued is being amortized over the term of the employee's or consultant's services, thus:

In the case of employees, the period of amortization is based on a vesting schedule included in the employees' contracts. The average vesting period for the employees is 11.4 years. To date, only one employee of the Company who received stock awards has terminated employment; so the amortization has been proportional to that schedule.

In the case of consultants, the period of amortization is based on the term of the consulting contracts, although amortization will be accelerated if the consulting relationship ceases. Again, to date, the consultants who received stock have remained involved in the Company's affairs, so there has been no acceleration of amortization.

At June 30, 2009 there remained \$6,243,334 in unamortized stock compensation on the Company's books. The amortization of this sum will contribute to our operating expenses as described above.

In the three and six months ended June 30 2009, we realized \$110,021 and \$35,673 in net interest expenses. The \$206,219 that we incurred in interest on Wuxi ZQ's \$7,324,773 short-term bank loan was partially offset by \$80,000 in the interest income due to our \$1.6 million lending to a non-related company, Harbin Jinhuida Investment Consulting Limited, at an interest rate of 10% per annum, and by interest on our cash deposited in Chinese banks. Additionally, for the six months ended June 30 2009, we recognized a \$67,660 investment loss from our 49% equity investment in Beyond E-Tech, Inc., a Texas corporation recently organized to engage in distributing cellular telephones in the United States. The acquisition has been recorded as an "investment in unconsolidated entity" on our balance sheet, and our participation in that business will be accounted for through the equity method. Because Beyond E-Tech incurred a net loss of \$138,082 in the six months ended June 30, 2009, the value of our investment was reduced on our balance sheet by 49% of that sum – i.e. \$67,660 – and we incurred "equity loss" in that amount.

Our acquisition of Wuxi ZQ in May 2009 resulted in a \$9,909,320 gain on bargain purchase. This occurred because the fair value of the net assets of Wuxi ZQ was \$19,779,320, but the 3,000,000 common shares that we paid to acquire Wuxi ZQ had a market value of only \$9,870,000. We recorded the \$9,909,320 difference as "other income" in accordance with SFAS 141R.

The Company's revenue less expenses produced pre-tax income of \$12,139,577 and \$16,342,356 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2009 respectively, representing increases of \$6,738,794 and \$6,463,650 from the same period of 2008. In the three and six months ended June 30 2009, domestic (U.S.) pre-tax losses were \$1,371,916 and \$2,036,338 respectively; foreign (China) pre-tax incomes were \$681,211 and \$1,283,693. The deferred income tax because of gain on bargain purchase for the three and six months were \$3,468,262. As a result of Chinese tax laws that reward foreign investment in China, currently and through 2010, ZQ Power-Tech is entitled to a 50% tax abatement, which results in an effective corporate tax rate of approximately 12.5%. After taxes of \$4,149,473 and \$4,751,956 realized in the three and six months ended June 30 2009, our net incomes were \$7,990,104 and \$11,590,401 respectively, representing 70.9% and 36.0% increases over the same periods of 2008.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

At June 30, 2009 the Company had a working capital balance of \$55,637,274, an improvement from our working capital balance of \$49,991,602 at December 31, 2008. From the cash reserve perspective, we had \$45,036,543cash on hand, significantly higher than the cash balance of \$32,746,155 at December 31, 2008. The primary reason for the improvement in working capital and cash on hand was the preferred stock placement we completed in June 2009. With the sufficient cash available, we believe we are able to not only fund the current debt obligations, but also further expand our operations.

ZQ Power-Tech and Wuxi ZQ have sufficient liquidity to fund their near-term operations and to fund the working capital demands of future expansion. If we determine that additional funds are needed for other attractive growth opportunities or for the full implementation of our long term expansion plans for Wuxi ZQ, we have available over \$16 million in property, plant and equipment, which ZQ Power-Tech owns free of liens, for potential collateral loans. On August 3, 2009 our backlog of firm orders was over \$73 million. Based on that backlog of orders, we believe that secured financing will be available on favorable terms if needed.

Given the financial resources available to the Company, management believes that it has sufficient capital and liquidity to sustain operations for the foreseeable future.

Impact of Accounting Pronouncements

There were no recent accounting pronouncements that have had a material effect on the Company's financial position or results of operations.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We do not have any off-balance sheet arrangements that have or are reasonably likely to have a current or future effect on our financial condition or results of operations.

ITEM 3 QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURE ABOUT MARKET RISK

Our operating subsidiary, ZQ Power-Tech, carries on business exclusively in Chinese Renminbi. Therefore it does not have any derivative instruments or other financial instruments that are market risk sensitive.

ITEMCONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

4

(a) Evaluation of disclosure controls and procedures.

The term "disclosure controls and procedures" (defined in SEC Rule 13a-15(e)) refers to the controls and other procedures of a company that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by a company in the reports that it files under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act") is recorded, processed, summarized and reported, within time periods specified in the rules and forms of the Securities and Exchange Commission. "Disclosure controls and procedures" include, without limitation, controls and procedures designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by a company in the reports that it files or submits under the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to the company's management, including its principal executive and principal financial officers, or persons performing similar functions, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

The Company's management, with the participation of the Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer, has evaluated the effectiveness of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the period covered by this report (the "Evaluation Date"). Based on that evaluation, the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that, as of the Evaluation Date, such controls and procedures were effective.

(b) Changes in internal controls.

The term "internal control over financial reporting" (defined in SEC Rule 13a-15(f)) refers to the process of a company that is designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. The Company's management, with the participation of the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, has evaluated any changes in the Company's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the period covered by this report, and they have concluded that there was no change to the Company's internal control over financial reporting that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings.

None.

Item 1A. Risk Factors.

There have been no material changes from the risk factors included in the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2008.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds.

(a) Unregistered Sale of Equity Securities

Previously reported in Current Report on Form 8-K dated June 1, 2009 and filed on June 2, 2009, and in Current Report on Form 8-K dated June 17, 2009 and filed on June 23, 2009.

(c) Repurchase of Equity Securities

The following table sets forth information regarding the Company's repurchase of shares of its common stock during the 2nd quarter of 2009.

Period	Total Number of Shares Purchased	Average Price Paid per Share	Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs(1)	Maximum Number of Shares that May Yet Be Purchased Under Plans or Programs
April 1, 2009- April 30, 2009	0	N.A.	0	3,805,419
May 1, 2009 – May 31, 2009	0	N.A.	0	3,805,419

June 1, 2009 – June 30, 2009	0	N.A.	0	3,805,419
Total	0	N.A.	0	3,805,419

⁽¹⁾ In December 2008 the Board of Directors announced a stock repurchase program under which the Company may purchase up to 4 million shares of its common stock. Purchases will be made, from time to time, in the open market, depending on several factors, including price, prevailing market conditions, and other investment opportunities. The program will expire on November 30, 2009.

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities.

None.

Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders.

The Annual Meeting of Shareholders was held on June 25, 2009. At the meeting, the Shareholders took the following action:

The following individuals, each of whom previously served on the Board, were elected to serve as members of the Board of Directors:

	Votes For	Votes Against	Withheld
Zhiguo Fu	47,559,214		280,582
Guohua Wan	47,577,698		262,098
Hongjun Si	47,575,658		264,138
Guopeng Gao	47,572,844		266,952
Liqui Bai	47,572,728		267,068
John McFadden	47,591,730		248,066
Yulin Hao	47,608,855		230,941
Ning Li	47,616,353		223,443
Shaoqiu Xia	47,615,578		224,218
Shiyan Yang	47,616,353		223,443
Cosimo Patti	47,592,535		247,261

A proposal to amend the Certificate of Incorporation to increase the authorized common stock to 150,000,000 shares was approved by the following vote:

Votes For	Votes Against	Withheld
444,154,966	3,333,680	351,192

A proposal to approve the Advanced Battery Technologies Inc. 2009 Equity Incentive Plan was approved by the following vote:

Votes For	Votes Against	Withheld	
17,640,578	3,668,465	111.024	

Item 5. Other Information.

None.

Item 6. Exhibits

- 31.1 Certification of the Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- 31.2 Certification of the Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- 32.1 Certification of the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

SIGNATURES

In accordance with Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

ADVANCED BATTERY TECHNOLOGIES, INC.

Date: August 10, 2009 By: /s/ Zhiguo Fu

Name: Zhiguo Fu

Title: Chief Executive Officer

Date: August 10, 2009 By: /s/ Guohua Wan

Name: Guohua Wan

Title: Chief Financial Officer