	QUA HOLDINGS CORP	
	10-Q mber 07, 2014	
NOVE	mber 07, 2014	
Secur	d States ities and Exchange Commission ington, D.C. 20549	
FORI	M 10-Q Quarterly Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of for the quarterly period ended: September 30, 2014 or	
[]	Transition Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) for the transition period from	of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 to .
Com	mission File Number: 001-34624	
Umpo	qua Holdings Corporation	
ORE(et Name of Registrant as Specified in Its Charter) GON e or Other Jurisdiction corporation or Organization)	93-1261319 (I.R.S. Employer Identification Number)
Portla	SW Columbia Street, Suite 1200 and, Oregon 97258 ress of Principal Executive Offices)(Zip Code)	
	727-4100 strant's Telephone Number, Including Area Code)	
the Se	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of g 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was such filing requirements for the past 90 days.
[X]	Yes [] No	
any, 6 (§232	every Interactive Data File required to be submitted	ted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T s (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required
[X]	Yes [] No	
a sma	•	ccelerated filer, an accelerated filer, non-accelerated filer, or celerated filer," "accelerated filer," and "smaller reporting
[X]	Large accelerated filer [] Accelerated filer [] Non-accelerated filer [] Smaller reporting company
Indice	ate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell or	ompany (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Eychange Act)

г	ъ.	T 7	EX.73	TA T
1	1	Yes	[X]	No

Indicate the number of shares outstanding for each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practical date:

Common stock, no par value: 217,263,879 shares outstanding as of October 31, 2014

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UMPQUA HOLDINGS CORPORATION

FORM 10-Q

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PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION Item 1. Financial Statements (unaudited)

UMPQUA HOLDINGS CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (UNAUDITED)

(in thousands, except shares)

	September 30, 2014	December 31, 2013
ASSETS		
Cash and due from banks	\$266,624	\$178,685
Interest bearing deposits and temporary investments (restricted cash of \$34,976 ar	nd 1,177,086	611 720
\$13,384)	1,177,080	611,738
Total cash and cash equivalents	1,443,710	790,423
Investment securities		
Trading, at fair value	9,727	5,958
Available for sale, at fair value	2,400,061	1,790,978
Held to maturity, at amortized cost	5,356	5,563
Loans held for sale (\$265,800 and \$104,664 at fair value)	265,800	104,664
Non-covered loans and leases	14,975,811	7,354,403
Allowance for non-covered loan and lease losses	(107,807)	(85,314)
Net non-covered loans and leases	14,868,004	7,269,089
Covered loans, net of allowance of \$7,828 and \$9,771	275,562	363,992
Restricted equity securities	120,759	30,685
Premises and equipment, net	314,364	177,680
Goodwill	1,785,407	764,305
Other intangible assets, net	59,835	12,378
Residential mortgage servicing rights, at fair value	118,725	47,765
Non-covered other real estate owned	31,753	21,833
Covered other real estate owned	2,703	2,102
FDIC indemnification asset	7,811	23,174
Bank owned life insurance	293,511	96,938
Deferred tax asset, net	250,910	16,627
Other assets	234,061	111,958
Total assets	\$22,488,059	\$11,636,112
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Deposits		
Noninterest bearing	\$4,741,897	\$2,436,477
Interest bearing	11,985,713	6,681,183
Total deposits	16,727,610	9,117,660
Securities sold under agreements to repurchase	339,367	224,882
Term debt	1,057,140	251,494
Junior subordinated debentures, at fair value	247,528	87,274
Junior subordinated debentures, at amortized cost	101,657	101,899
Other liabilities	262,249	125,477
Total liabilities	18,735,551	9,908,686
COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (NOTE 10)		
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		
-	3,515,621	1,514,485
	•	•

Common stock, no par value, shares authorized: 400,000,000 in 2014 and 200,000,000 in 2013; issued and outstanding: 217,261,722 in 2014 and

111,973,203 in 2013

Retained earnings 230,302 217,917

Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) 6,585 (4,976)

Total shareholders' equity 3,752,508 1,727,426

Total liabilities and shareholders' equity \$22,488,059 \$11,636,112

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements

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UMPQUA HOLDINGS CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME (UNAUDITED)

(in thousands, except per share amounts)	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months September 30	
	2014	2013	2014	2013
INTEREST INCOME				
Interest and fees on non-covered loans and leases	\$215,197	\$93,706	\$499,526	\$250,685
Interest and fees on covered loans and leases	8,775	11,837	37,424	41,167
Interest and dividends on investment securities:				
Taxable	12,136	7,882	34,155	24,629
Exempt from federal income tax	2,790	2,200	7,599	6,725
Dividends	81	51	259	165
Interest on temporary investments and interest bearing	544	284	1,407	937
deposits	J 44	204	1,407	931
Total interest income	239,523	115,960	580,370	324,308
INTEREST EXPENSE				
Interest on deposits	6,773	4,845	16,696	16,587
Interest on securities sold under agreement to repurchase	54	35	298	99
Interest on term debt	3,586	2,338	9,223	6,916
Interest on junior subordinated debentures	3,394	1,933	8,340	5,815
Total interest expense	13,807	9,151	34,557	29,417
Net interest income	225,716	106,809	545,813	294,891
PROVISION FOR NON-COVERED LOAN AND LEASE	1.4.401	2.000	25 220	12 000
LOSSES	14,431	3,008	35,230	12,989
RECAPTURE OF PROVISION FOR COVERED LOAN	(00	(1.004	(220	(4.7744
LOSSES	(98)	(1,904)	(230)	(4,744)
Net interest income after provision for loan and lease losses	211,383	105,705	510,813	286,646
NON-INTEREST INCOME	,	,	,	•
Service charges on deposit accounts	16,090	8,374	39,228	22,844
Brokerage commissions and fees	4,882	3,854	13,173	11,152
Residential mortgage banking revenue, net	25,996	15,071	60,776	62,928
Gain on investment securities, net	902	3	1,878	18
Loss on junior subordinated debentures carried at fair value		(554)	•	(1,643)
Change in FDIC indemnification asset		,		(19,841)
BOLI income	2,161	763	4,864	2,432
Other income	16,211	5,107	26,211	16,766
Total non-interest income	61,924	26,144	129,460	94,656
NON-INTEREST EXPENSE	- /-	- /	,	, , , , ,
Salaries and employee benefits	102,564	53,699	251,340	157,271
Net occupancy and equipment	33,029	16,019	78,276	45,813
Communications	3,932	2,772	11,000	8,802
Marketing	2,739	1,596	4,901	3,753
Services	14,619	6,445	33,010	18,339
FDIC assessments	3,038	1,709	7,476	5,032
Net loss (gain) on non-covered other real estate owned	271	(27)	431	(202
Net loss (gain) on covered other real estate owned	42	(68)	76	(303)
Intangible amortization	3,103	1,186	7,105	3,595
mangiore amortization	3,103	1,100	1,103	5,575

Merger related expenses	8,632	4,856	72,146	7,197
Other expenses	10,589	7,417	27,446	19,644
Total non-interest expense	182,558	95,604	493,207	269,297
Income before provision for income taxes	90,749	36,245	147,066	112,005
Provision for income taxes	31,760	12,768	52,092	38,914
Net income	\$58,989	\$23,477	\$94,974	\$73,091

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UMPQUA HOLDINGS CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME (Continued) (UNAUDITED)

(in thousands, except per share amounts)	Three Months Ended September 30,				
	2014	2013	2014	2013	
Net income	\$58,989	\$23,477	\$94,974	\$73,091	
Dividends and undistributed earnings allocated to participating securities	142	196	338	576	
Net earnings available to common shareholders	\$58,847	\$23,281	\$94,636	\$72,515	
Earnings per common share:					
Basic	\$0.27	\$0.21	\$0.54	\$0.65	
Diluted	\$0.27	\$0.21	\$0.54	\$0.65	
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding:					
Basic	217,245	111,912	175,627	111,934	
Diluted	218,941	112,195	176,656	112,154	

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements

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UMPQUA HOLDINGS CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (UNAUDITED)

(in thousands)	Three Mor September				Nine Mont September			
	2014		2013		2014		2013	
Net income	\$58,989		\$23,477		\$94,974		\$73,091	
Available for sale securities:								
Unrealized gains (losses) arising during the period	(8,862)	5,878		21,052		(35,342)
Reclassification adjustment for net gains realized in earnings	3							
(net of tax expense of \$361 and \$1 for the three months ende	ed							
September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively, and net of tax	(542)	(2)	(1,127)	(11)
expense of \$751 and \$7 for the nine months ended September	er							
30, 2014 and 2013, respectively)								
Income tax (expense) benefit related to unrealized gains	3,545		(2,351)	(8,421)	14,137	
(losses)	•		(2,331	,		,	17,137	
Net change in unrealized gains (losses)	(5,859)	3,525		11,504		(21,216)
Held to maturity securities:								
Accretion of unrealized losses related to factors other than								
credit to investment securities held to maturity (net of tax								
benefit of \$0 and \$7 for the three months ended September			11		57		43	
30, 2014 and 2013, respectively, and net of tax benefit of \$3	7		11		51		15	
and \$29 for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and								
2013, respectively)								
Net change in unrealized losses related to factors other than credit	_		11		57		43	
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax	(5,859)	3,536		11,561		(21,173)
Comprehensive income	\$53,130		\$27,013		\$106,535		\$51,918	

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements

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UMPQUA HOLDINGS CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (UNAUDITED)

(in thousands, except shares)				Accumulated Other			
	Common Stoc	k	Retained	Comprehensiv	ve		
	Shares	Amount	Earnings	Income (Loss)		Total	
BALANCE AT JANUARY 1, 2013	111,889,959	\$1,512,400	\$187,293	\$24,346		\$1,724,039	
Net income			98,361			98,361	
Other comprehensive loss, net of tax				(29,322)	(29,322)
Comprehensive income						\$69,039	
Stock-based compensation		5,017				5,017	
Stock repurchased and retired	(584,677)	(9,360)				(9,360)
Issuances of common stock under stock plans							
and related net tax benefit	667,921	6,428				6,428	
Cash dividends on common stock (\$0.60 per			(67,737)			(67,737)
share)							_
Balance at December 31, 2013	111,973,203	\$1,514,485	\$217,917	\$(4,976)	\$1,727,426	
DALANCE ATTANHADY 1 2014	111 072 202	¢ 1 <i>E</i> 1 <i>A 1</i> 0 <i>E</i>	¢217.017	¢ (4 076	`	¢ 1 707 406	
BALANCE AT JANUARY 1, 2014	111,973,203	\$1,514,485	\$217,917	\$(4,976)	\$1,727,426	
Net income			94,974	11 561		94,974 11,561	
Other comprehensive income, net of tax Comprehensive income				11,561		\$106,535	
Stock issued in connection with merger (1)	104,385,087	1,989,030				1,989,030	
Stock-based compensation	104,363,067	1,565,050				1,569,030	
Stock repurchased and retired	(397,132)	(7,062))
Issuances of common stock under stock plans	(3)1,132	(7,002				(7,002	,
and related net tax benefit	1,300,564	7,571				7,571	
Cash dividends on common stock (\$0.45 per	1,500,501	7,571				,	
share)			(82,589)			(82,589)
Balance at September 30, 2014	217,261,722	\$3,515,621	\$230,302	\$6,585		\$3,752,508	

⁽¹⁾ The amount of common stock issued in connection with the merger is net of \$784,000 of issuance costs.

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements

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UMPQUA HOLDINGS CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (UNAUDITED)

(in thousands)	Nine Months Ended					
	September 30,					
	2014	2013				
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:						
Net income	\$94,974	\$73,091				
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:	·					
Amortization of investment premiums, net	15,320	27,984				
Gain on sale of investment securities, net	(1,878) (18				
Loss (gain) on sale of non-covered other real estate owned	267	(751)				
Loss (gain) on sale of covered other real estate owned	34	(549)				
Valuation adjustment on non-covered other real estate owned	164	448				
Valuation adjustment on covered other real estate owned	42	703				
Provision for non-covered loan and lease losses	35,230	12,989				
Recapture of provision for covered loan losses	(230) (4,744)				
Proceeds from bank owned life insurance	681	1,173				
Change in cash surrender value of bank owned life insurance	(4,008) (3,618				
Change in FDIC indemnification asset	13,169	19,841				
Depreciation, amortization and accretion	24,498	13,292				
Increase in residential mortgage servicing rights	(16,583) (15,182				
Change in residential mortgage servicing rights carried at fair value	8,393	757				
Change in junior subordinated debentures carried at fair value	4,082	1,637				
Stock-based compensation	11,597	3,531				
Net decrease (increase) in trading account assets	724	(265)				
Gain on sale of loans	(63,729) (52,899				
Change in loans held for sale carried at fair value	(6,894) 11,099				
Origination of loans held for sale	(1,577,920) (1,368,902)				
Proceeds from sales of loans held for sale	1,692,936	1,614,097				
Excess tax benefits from the exercise of stock options	(2,046) (40				
Change in other assets and liabilities:						
Net decrease in other assets	19,949	37,625				
Net increase (decrease) in other liabilities	23,203	(11,983)				
Net cash provided by operating activities	271,975	359,316				
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:						
Purchases of investment securities available for sale	(346,844) (51,191)				
Purchases of investment securities held to maturity	_	(2,126)				
Proceeds from investment securities available for sale	1,116,539	702,910				
Proceeds from investment securities held to maturity	566	1,073				
Redemption of restricted equity securities	4,190	1,999				
Net non-covered loan and lease originations	(867,149) (352,390)				
Net covered loan paydowns	77,358	68,819				
Proceeds from sales of non-covered loans	284,274	60,298				
Proceeds from insurance settlement on loss of property	_	575				
Proceeds from disposals of furniture and equipment	1,923	330				
Purchases of premises and equipment	(43,761) (25,575)				
Net (payments to) proceeds from FDIC indemnification asset	(2,359) 4,621				
Proceeds from sales of non-covered other real estate owned	10,626	13,940				

Proceeds from sales of covered other real estate owned	1,142	9,794	
Net cash paid in branch divestiture	(127,557) —	
Cash acquired in merger, net of cash consideration paid	116,867	(149,658)
Net cash provided by investing activities	\$225,815	\$283,419	

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UMPQUA HOLDINGS CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Continued) (UNAUDITED)

(in thousands)	Nine Months Ended				
	September 30	,			
	2014		2013		
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:					
Net increase (decrease) in deposit liabilities	\$739,173		\$(311,708)	
Net (decrease) increase in securities sold under agreements to repurchase	(470,261)	78,235		
Repayment of term debt	(47,003)	(211,204)	
Repayment of junior subordinated debentures	<u> </u>		(8,764)	
Dividends paid on common stock	(66,557)	(33,837)	
Excess tax benefits from stock based compensation	2,046	-	40	•	
Proceeds from stock options exercised	5,161		2,511		
Retirement of common stock	(7,062)	(4,704)	
Net cash provided (used by) financing activities	155,497		(489,431)	
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	653,287		153,304		
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	790,423		543,787		
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$1,443,710		\$697,091		
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION:					
Cash paid during the period for:					
Interest	\$38,955		\$32,419		
Income taxes	\$6,622		\$27,711		
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF NONCASH INVESTING AND					
FINANCING ACTIVITIES:					
Change in unrealized gains (losses) on investment securities available for sale, net	of \$11.504		\$(21,216)	
taxes	\$11,504		\$(21,210	,	
Change in unrealized losses on investment securities held to maturity related to	\$57		\$43		
factors other than credit, net of taxes					
Cash dividend declared on common stock and payable after period-end	\$32,684		\$16,930		
Transfer of non-covered loans to non-covered other real estate owned	\$12,271		\$14,747		
Transfer of covered loans to covered other real estate owned	\$1,818		\$2,554		
Transfer of covered loans to non-covered loans	\$9,484		\$13,366		
Transfer from FDIC indemnification asset to due from FDIC and other	\$2,194		\$3,530		
Acquisitions:					
Assets acquired, including goodwill of \$1,021,102	\$9,876,718		\$376,071		
Liabilities assumed	\$8,765,353		\$219,961		

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements

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NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting and financial reporting policies of Umpqua Holdings Corporation conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The accompanying interim condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its wholly-owned subsidiaries. All material inter-company balances and transactions have been eliminated. The condensed consolidated financial statements have not been audited. A more detailed description of our accounting policies is included in the 2013 Annual Report filed on Form 10-K. These interim condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and related notes contained in the 2013 Annual Report filed on Form 10-K. All references in this report to "Umpqua," "we," "our," "us," the "Company" or similar references mean Umpqua Holdings Corporation, and include our consolidated subsidiaries where the context so requires. References to "Bank" refer to our subsidiary Umpqua Bank, an Oregon state-chartered commercial bank, and references to "Umpqua Investments" refer to our subsidiary Umpqua Investments, Inc., a registered broker-dealer and investment adviser. The Bank also has a wholly-owned subsidiary, Financial Pacific Leasing Inc., a commercial equipment leasing company.

In preparing these condensed consolidated financial statements, the Company has evaluated events and transactions subsequent to September 30, 2014 for potential recognition or disclosure. In management's opinion, all accounting adjustments necessary to accurately reflect the financial position and results of operations on the accompanying financial statements have been made. These adjustments include normal and recurring accruals considered necessary for a fair and accurate presentation. The results for interim periods are not necessarily indicative of results for the full year or any other interim period. Certain reclassifications of prior period amounts have been made to conform to current classifications.

Note 2 – Business Combinations

Sterling Financial Corporation

As of the close of business on April 18, 2014, the Company completed its merger with Sterling Financial Corporation, a Washington corporation ("Sterling"). The results of Sterling's operations are included in the Company's financial results beginning April 19, 2014 and the combined company's banking operations are operating under the Umpqua Bank name and brand.

The structure of the transaction was as follows:

Sterling merged with and into the Company (the "Merger" or the "Sterling Merger") with the Company as the surviving corporation in the Merger;

Immediately following the Merger, Sterling's wholly owned banking subsidiary, Sterling Savings Bank merged with and into the Bank (the "Bank Merger"), with the Bank as the surviving bank in the Bank Merger;

Holders of shares of common stock of Sterling had the right to receive 1.671 shares of the Company's common stock and \$2.18 in cash for each share of Sterling common stock;

Each outstanding warrant issued by Sterling converted into a warrant exercisable for 1.671 shares of the Company's common stock and \$2.18 in cash for each warrant when exercised;

Each outstanding option to purchase a share of Sterling common stock converted into an option to purchase 1.7896 shares of Company's common stock, subject to vesting conditions; and

Each outstanding restricted stock unit in respect of Sterling common stock converted into a restricted stock unit in respect of 1.7896 shares the Company common stock, subject to vesting conditions.

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A summary of the consideration paid, the assets acquired and liabilities assumed in the Merger are presented below: (in thousands)

(In thousands)		
	Sterling April 18, 201	14
Fair value of consideration to Sterling shareholders:		
Cash paid		\$136,200
Liability recorded for warrants' cash payment per share		6,453
Fair value of common shares issued		1,939,497
Fair value of warrants, common stock options, and restricted stock exchanged		50,317
Total consideration		2,132,467
Fair value of assets acquired:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$253,067	
Investment securities	1,378,300	
Loans held for sale	214,911	
Non-covered loans and leases	7,123,168	
Premises and equipment	116,581	
Residential mortgage servicing rights	62,770	
Other intangible assets	54,562	
Non-covered other real estate owned	8,915	
Bank owned life insurance	193,246	
Deferred tax asset	299,627	
Accrued interest receivable	23,553	
Other assets	148,018	
Total assets acquired	9,876,718	
Fair value of liabilities assumed:		
Deposits	7,086,052	
Securities sold under agreements to repurchase	584,746	
Term debt	854,737	
Junior subordinated debentures	156,171	
Other liabilities	83,647	
Total liabilities assumed	\$8,765,353	
Net assets acquired		1,111,365
Preliminary goodwill		\$1,021,102

Amounts recorded are preliminary estimates of fair value. During the third quarter of 2014, goodwill increased primarily due to revised estimates of fair value for premises and equipment, as well as the deferred tax asset. The primary reason for the Merger was to continue the Company's growth strategy, including expanding our geographic footprint in markets throughout the West Coast. All of the goodwill recorded has been attributed to the Community Banking segment and reporting unit. None of the goodwill will be deductible for income tax purposes.

Subsequent to acquisition, the Company repaid securities sold under agreements to repurchase acquired of \$500.0 million, funded through the sale of acquired investment securities in the second quarter of 2014. On June 20, 2014, the Company completed the required divestiture of six stores acquired in the Merger to another financial institution. The divestiture of the six stores included \$211.5 million of deposits and \$88.3 million of loans. The assets were sold at a discount of \$7.0 million, which was recorded by Sterling prior to the Merger.

As of April 18, 2014, the unpaid principal balance on purchased non-impaired loans was \$7.0 billion. The fair value of the purchased non-impaired loans was \$6.7 billion, resulting in a discount of \$230.5 million being recorded on these loans.

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The following table presents the acquired purchased impaired loans as of the acquisition date:

(in thousands)	Purchased
(III tilousalius)	impaired
Contractually required principal payments \$604,13	
Nonaccretable difference (95,6	
Cash flows expected to be collected	508,522
Accretable yield	(110,757)
Fair value of purchased non-covered impaired loans	\$397,765

The operations of Sterling are included in our operating results beginning on April 19, 2014, and contributed the following net interest income, provision for loan losses, non-interest income and expense, income tax benefit, and net income for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014.

Sterling Stand-alone			
Three Months Ended	Nine Months Ended		
September 30, 2014	September 30, 2014		
\$119,569	\$220,823		
9,688	17,423		
34,192	56,494		
78,239	143,371		
8,632	66,163		
20,495	19,394		
\$36,707	\$30,966		
	September 30, 2014 \$119,569 9,688 34,192 78,239 8,632 20,495		

The following table provides a breakout of Merger related expense for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014.

(in thousands)

	Three Months Ended	Nine Months Ended
	September 30, 2014	September 30, 2014
Personnel	\$1,251	\$16,739
Legal and professional	4,873	18,797
Charitable contributions	_	10,000
Investment banking fees	_	9,573
Contract termination	896	9,749
Communication	53	2,064
Other	1,559	5,224
Total Merger related expense	\$8,632	\$72,146

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The following table presents unaudited pro forma results of operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, as if the Sterling Merger had occurred on January 1, 2013. The pro forma results have been prepared for comparative purposes only and are not necessarily indicative of the results that would have been obtained had the acquisition actually occurred on January 1, 2013. The pro forma results include the impact of certain purchase accounting adjustments including accretion of loan discount, intangible assets amortization and deposit and borrowing premium accretion. These purchase accounting adjustments increased pro forma net income by \$5.3 million and \$12.5 million for the three months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively, and \$77.3 million and \$6.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

(in thousands, except per share data)

* *	Pro Forma				
	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended		
	September 3	30,	September 30	September 30,	
	2014	2013	2014	2013	
Net interest income	\$225,716	\$223,203	\$684,528	\$651,484	(1), (2)
Provision for non-covered loan and lease losses	14,431	3,008	35,230	12,989	
Recapture of provision for covered loan losses	(98)	(1,904)	(230)	(4,744)
Non-interest income	61,924	53,567	155,722	192,285	(3), (4), (5)
Non-interest expense	173,926	191,159	523,805	611,075	(6), (7)
Income before provision for income taxes	99,381	84,507	281,445	224,449	
Provision for income taxes	35,083	28,625	103,810	73,678	
Net income	64,298	55,882	177,635	150,771	
Dividends and undistributed earnings allocated to participating securities	142	196	338	576	
Net earnings available to common shareholders	\$64,156	\$55,686	\$177,297	\$150,195	
Earnings per share:					
Basic	\$0.30	\$0.26	\$0.82	\$0.70	
Diluted	\$0.29	\$0.25	\$0.81	\$0.69	
Average shares outstanding:					
Basic	217,245	216,031	216,884	216,005	
Diluted	218,941	218,559	218,801	218,470	

- (1) Includes \$29.4 million of incremental loan discount accretion for the three months ended September 30, 2013, and \$31.9 million and \$99.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively.
- (2) Includes a reduction of interest expense of \$5.4 million related to deposit and borrowing premiums amortization for the three months ended September 30, 2013, and \$5.9 million and \$16.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively.
- (3) Includes a reduction of service charges on deposit of \$1.4 million as a result of passing the \$10 billion asset threshold for the three months ended September 30, 2013, and \$1.7 million and \$4.3 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively.
- (4) Includes a loss on junior subordinated debentures carried at fair value of \$966,000 for the three months ended September 30, 2013, and \$1.1 million and \$2.9 million for nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively.
- (5) The nine months ended September 30, 2014 includes the reversal of the \$7.0 million loss on the required divestiture of six Sterling stores in connection with the Merger.
- (6) Includes \$2.0 million of incremental core deposit intangible amortization for the three months ended September 30, 2013, and \$2.1 million and \$6.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

(7) The three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 were adjusted to exclude \$8.6 million and \$88.0 million of merger expenses, respectively, the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013 were adjusted to include these charges.

Financial Pacific Holding Corp.

On July 1, 2013, the Bank acquired Financial Pacific Holding Corp. ("FPHC") based in Federal Way, Washington, and its subsidiary, Financial Pacific Leasing, Inc. ("FinPac Leasing"), and its subsidiaries, Financial Pacific Funding, Inc. ("FPF"), Financial Pacific Funding II, Inc. ("FPF II") and Financial Pacific Funding III, Inc. ("FPF III"). As part of the same transaction,

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the Company acquired two related entities, FPC Leasing Corporation ("FPC") and Financial Pacific Reinsurance Co., Ltd. ("FPR"). FPHC, FinPac Leasing, FPF, FPF II, FPF III, FPC and FPR are collectively referred to herein as "FinPac." FinPac provides business-essential commercial equipment leases to various industries throughout the United States and Canada. It originates leases through its brokers, lessors, and direct marketing programs. The results of FinPac's operations are included in the consolidated financial statements as of July 1, 2013.

The aggregate consideration for the FinPac purchase was \$158.0 million. Of that amount, \$156.1 million was distributed in cash, and \$1.9 million was exchanged for restricted shares of the Company's common stock. The restricted shares were issued from the Company's 2013 Incentive Plan pursuant to employment agreements between the Company and certain executives of FinPac, vest over a period of either two or three years, and will be recognized over that time period within the salaries and employee benefits line item on the Consolidated Statements of Income. The structure of the transaction was as follows:

The Bank acquired all of the outstanding stock of FPHC, a shell holding company, which was the sole shareholder of FinPac Leasing, the primary operating subsidiary of FinPac that engages in equipment leasing and financing activities. FinPac Leasing was also the sole shareholder of FPF, FPF II and FPF III, which are bankruptcy-remote entities that formerly served as lien holder for certain leases. FPF, FPF II and FPF III had no assets and have been dissolved. With the dissolution of FPHC, the Bank holds all of the outstanding stock of FinPac Leasing. The Company acquired all of the outstanding stock of FPC, a Canadian leasing subsidiary, and FPR, a corporation organized in the Turks & Caicos Islands that reinsures a portion of the liability risk of each insurance policy that is issued by a third party insurance company on leased equipment when the lessee fails to meet its contractual obligations under the lease or financing agreement to obtain insurance on the leased equipment.

A summary of consideration paid, and the assets acquired and liabilities assumed at their fair values, in the acquisition of FinPac are presented below. (in thousands)

	FinPac	
	July 1, 2013	
Fair value of consideration:		
Cash		\$156,110
Fair value of assets acquired:		
Cash and equivalents	\$6,452	
Non-covered loans and leases, net	264,336	
Premises and equipment	491	
Other assets	8,015	
Total assets acquired	279,294	
Fair value of liabilities assumed:		
Term debt	211,204	
Other liabilities	8,757	
Total liabilities assumed	\$219,961	
Net assets acquired		59,333
Goodwill		\$96,777

The acquisition provides diversification, and a scalable platform that is consistent with expansion initiatives that the Bank has completed over the last three years, including growth in the business banking, agricultural lending and home builder lending groups. The transaction leverages excess capital of the Company and deploys excess liquidity into significantly higher yielding assets, provides growth and diversification, and is anticipated to increase profitability. There is no tax deductible goodwill or other intangibles.

The operations of FinPac are included in our operating results from July 1, 2013, and added revenue of \$17.2 million, non-interest expense of \$4.2 million, and net income of \$4.6 million net of tax, for the three months ended September 30, 2014. For the nine months ended September 30, 2014, FinPac added revenue of \$49.5 million, non-interest expense of \$12.1 million, and net income of \$12.8 million, net of tax. FinPac's results of operations prior to the acquisition are not included in our operating

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results. There are no FinPac merger related expenses for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014. FinPac merger related expenses were \$629,000 and \$1.4 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013.

Non-covered leases acquired from FinPac are presented below as of acquisition date:

(in thousands)	FinPac
	July 1, 2013
Contractually required payments	\$350,403
Purchase adjustment for credit	\$(20,520)
Balance of non-covered impaired leases, net	\$264,336

The following table presents unaudited pro forma results of operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013 as if the acquisition of FinPac had occurred on January 1, 2013. The proforma results have been prepared for comparative purposes only and are not necessarily indicative of the results that would have been obtained had the acquisition actually occurred on January 1, 2013. The proforma results include the impact of certain purchase accounting adjustments which reduced proforma earnings available to common shareholders by \$1.4 million and \$2.7 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013, respectively.

(in thousands, except per share data)	Pro Forma	
	Three Months Ended	Nine Months Ended
	September 30, 2013	September 30, 2013
Net interest income	\$105,688	\$318,904
Provision for non-covered loan and lease losses	4,532	20,826
Recapture of provision for covered loan losses	(1,904) (4,744)
Non-interest income	26,144	95,968
Non-interest expense	95,130	275,783
Income before provision for income taxes	34,074	123,007
Provision for income taxes	11,900	43,039
Net income	22,174	79,968
Dividends and undistributed earnings allocated to participating	248	686
securities	240	000
Net earnings available to common shareholders	\$21,926	\$79,282
Earnings per share:		
Basic	\$0.20	\$0.71
Diluted	\$0.20	\$0.71
Average shares outstanding:		
Basic	111,912	111,934
Diluted	112,195	112,154

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Note 3 – Investment Securities

The following table presents the amortized costs, unrealized gains, unrealized losses and approximate fair values of investment securities at September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013:

(in thousands)	September 30 Amortized	Unrealized	Unrealized	Fair
AVAILABLE FOR SALE:	Cost	Gains	Losses	Value
U.S. Treasury and agencies	\$214	\$16	\$—	\$230
Obligations of states and political subdivisions	327,857	13,763	φ— (374	341,246
Residential mortgage-backed securities and collateralized			`) 341,240
mortgage obligations	2,059,267	15,657	(18,392) 2,056,532
Investments in mutual funds and other equity securities	2,016	37		2,053
1 3	\$2,389,354	\$29,473	\$(18,766) \$2,400,061
HELD TO MATURITY:				
Residential mortgage-backed securities and collateralized	\$5,223	\$353	\$(17) \$5,559
mortgage obligations		Ψ333	Ψ(17	
Other investment securities	133			133
	\$5,356	\$353	\$(17) \$5,692
(in thousands)	December 31	1 2013		
(in thousands)	December 31	•	Unrealized	Fair
(in thousands)	Amortized	Unrealized	Unrealized Losses	Fair Value
(in thousands) AVAILABLE FOR SALE:		•	Unrealized Losses	Fair Value
	Amortized	Unrealized		
AVAILABLE FOR SALE: U.S. Treasury and agencies	Amortized Cost	Unrealized Gains	Losses	Value
AVAILABLE FOR SALE:	Amortized Cost \$249 229,969	Unrealized Gains \$20 7,811	\$(1) (2,575)	Value) \$268) 235,205
AVAILABLE FOR SALE: U.S. Treasury and agencies Obligations of states and political subdivisions Residential mortgage-backed securities and collateralized mortgage obligations	Amortized Cost \$249 229,969 1,567,001	Unrealized Gains \$20 7,811 15,359	Losses \$(1	Value) \$268) 235,205) 1,553,541
AVAILABLE FOR SALE: U.S. Treasury and agencies Obligations of states and political subdivisions Residential mortgage-backed securities and collateralized	Amortized Cost \$249 229,969 1,567,001 1,959	Unrealized Gains \$20 7,811 15,359 5	Losses \$(1 (2,575 (28,819	Value) \$268) 235,205) 1,553,541 1,964
AVAILABLE FOR SALE: U.S. Treasury and agencies Obligations of states and political subdivisions Residential mortgage-backed securities and collateralized mortgage obligations Investments in mutual funds and other equity securities	Amortized Cost \$249 229,969 1,567,001	Unrealized Gains \$20 7,811 15,359	\$(1) (2,575)	Value) \$268) 235,205) 1,553,541
AVAILABLE FOR SALE: U.S. Treasury and agencies Obligations of states and political subdivisions Residential mortgage-backed securities and collateralized mortgage obligations Investments in mutual funds and other equity securities HELD TO MATURITY:	Amortized Cost \$249 229,969 1,567,001 1,959	Unrealized Gains \$20 7,811 15,359 5	Losses \$(1 (2,575 (28,819	Value) \$268) 235,205) 1,553,541 1,964
AVAILABLE FOR SALE: U.S. Treasury and agencies Obligations of states and political subdivisions Residential mortgage-backed securities and collateralized mortgage obligations Investments in mutual funds and other equity securities HELD TO MATURITY: Residential mortgage-backed securities and collateralized	Amortized Cost \$249 229,969 1,567,001 1,959	Unrealized Gains \$20 7,811 15,359 5	Losses \$(1 (2,575 (28,819	Value) \$268) 235,205) 1,553,541 1,964
AVAILABLE FOR SALE: U.S. Treasury and agencies Obligations of states and political subdivisions Residential mortgage-backed securities and collateralized mortgage obligations Investments in mutual funds and other equity securities HELD TO MATURITY:	Amortized Cost \$249 229,969 1,567,001 1,959 \$1,799,178	Unrealized Gains \$20 7,811 15,359 5 \$23,195	\$(1) (2,575) (28,819)—\$(31,395)	Value) \$268) 235,205) 1,553,541 1,964) \$1,790,978

Investment securities that were in an unrealized loss position as of September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013 are presented in the following tables, based on the length of time individual securities have been in an unrealized loss position. In the opinion of management, these securities are considered only temporarily impaired due to changes in market interest rates or the widening of market spreads subsequent to the initial purchase of the securities, and not due to concerns regarding the underlying credit of the issuers or the underlying collateral.

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September 30, 2014						
(in thousands)	Less than 12	Months	12 Months o	or Longer	Total	
	Fair	Unrealized	Fair	Unrealized	Fair	Unrealized
	Value	Losses	Value	Losses	Value	Losses
AVAILABLE FOR SALE:						
Obligations of states and political subdivisions	\$—	\$—	\$12,184	\$374	\$12,184	\$374
Residential mortgage-backed securities and collateralized mortgage obligations	390,787	2,626	519,115	15,766	909,902	18,392
Total temporarily impaired securities	\$390,787	\$2,626	\$531,299	\$16,140	\$922,086	\$18,766
HELD TO MATURITY:						
Residential mortgage-backed securities and collateralized mortgage obligations	\$2,283	\$17	\$—	\$	\$2,283	\$17
Total temporarily impaired securities	\$2,283	\$17	\$ —	\$ —	\$2,283	\$17

Unrealized losses on the impaired held to maturity collateralized mortgage obligations include the unrealized losses related to factors other than credit that are included in other comprehensive income.

December 31, 2013						
(in thousands)	Less than 12	2 Months	12 Months	or Longer	Total	
	Fair	Unrealized	Fair	Unrealized	Fair	Unrealized
	Value	Losses	Value	Losses	Value	Losses
AVAILABLE FOR SALE:						
U.S. Treasury and agencies	\$	\$	\$32	\$1	\$32	\$1
Obligations of states and political subdivisions	48,342	2,575	_	_	48,342	2,575
Residential mortgage-backed securities and collateralized mortgage obligations	475,982	15,951	249,695	12,868	725,677	28,819
Total temporarily impaired securities HELD TO MATURITY:	\$524,324	\$18,526	\$249,727	\$12,869	\$774,051	\$31,395
Residential mortgage-backed securities and collateralized mortgage obligations	\$156	\$19	\$—	\$—	\$156	\$19
Total temporarily impaired securities	\$156	\$19	\$ —	\$ —	\$156	\$19

The unrealized losses on investments in U.S. Treasury and agency securities were caused by interest rate increases subsequent to the purchase of these securities. The contractual terms of these investments do not permit the issuer to settle the securities at a price less than par. Because the Bank does not intend to sell the securities in this class and it is not likely that the Bank will be required to sell these securities before recovery of their amortized cost basis, which may include holding each security until contractual maturity, the unrealized losses on these investments are not considered other-than-temporarily impaired ("OTTI").

The unrealized losses on obligations of political subdivisions were caused by changes in market interest rates or the widening of market spreads subsequent to the initial purchase of these securities. Management monitors published credit ratings of these securities and no adverse ratings changes have occurred since the date of purchase of obligations of political subdivisions which are in an unrealized loss position as of September 30, 2014. Because the decline in fair value is attributable to changes in interest rates or widening market spreads and not credit quality, and because the Bank does not intend to sell the securities in this class and it is not likely that the Bank will be required to sell these securities before recovery of their amortized cost basis, which may include holding each security until maturity, the unrealized losses on these investments are not considered OTTI.

All of the available for sale residential mortgage-backed securities and collateralized mortgage obligations portfolio in an unrealized loss position at September 30, 2014 are issued or guaranteed by governmental agencies. The unrealized losses on residential mortgage-backed securities and collateralized mortgage obligations were caused by changes in market interest rates or the widening of market spreads subsequent to the initial purchase of these securities, and not concerns regarding the underlying credit of the issuers or the underlying collateral. It is expected that these securities will not be settled at a price less than the amortized cost of each investment. Because the decline in fair value is attributable to changes in interest rates or widening market spreads and not credit quality, and because the Bank does not intend to sell the securities in this class and it is

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not likely that the Bank will be required to sell these securities before recovery of their amortized cost basis, which may include holding each security until contractual maturity, these investments are not considered OTTI.

The following table presents the maturities of investment securities at September 30, 2014:

(in thousands)	Available For Sale		Held To Maturity	
	Amortized	Fair	Amortized	Fair
	Cost	Value	Cost	Value
AMOUNTS MATURING IN:				
Three months or less	\$7,563	\$7,593	\$ —	\$—
Over three months through twelve months	52,418	53,214		_
After one year through five years	1,746,126	1,761,633	41	42
After five years through ten years	530,060	522,827	18	19
After ten years	51,171	52,741	5,163	5,497
Other investment securities	2,016	2,053	134	134
	\$2,389,354	\$2,400,061	\$5,356	\$5,692

The amortized cost and fair value of collateralized mortgage obligations and mortgage-backed securities are presented by expected average life, rather than contractual maturity, in the preceding table. Expected maturities may differ from contractual maturities because borrowers have the right to prepay underlying loans without prepayment penalties. The following table presents the gross realized gains and gross realized losses on the sale of securities available for sale for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013:

(in thousands)	Three Mont September 3		September 30, 2013	
	Gains	Losses	Gains	Losses
Obligations of states and political subdivisions	\$ —	\$ —	\$3	\$ —
Residential mortgage-backed securities and collateralized mortgage obligations	902	_	_	
Other debt securities	_	_	_	_
	\$902	\$ —	\$3	\$ —
	Nine Months Ended			
			Camtaush an 2	20.2012
	September 3	30, 2014	September 3	
	September 3 Gains	30, 2014 Losses	Gains	Losses
Obligations of states and political subdivisions	September 3	30, 2014	•	
Obligations of states and political subdivisions Residential mortgage-backed securities and collateralized mortgage obligations	September 3 Gains	30, 2014 Losses	Gains	Losses
Residential mortgage-backed securities and collateralized	September 3 Gains \$3	30, 2014 Losses	Gains	Losses
Residential mortgage-backed securities and collateralized mortgage obligations	September 3 Gains \$3	30, 2014 Losses	Gains \$10 —	Losses

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The following table presents, as of September 30, 2014, investment securities which were pledged to secure borrowings, public deposits, and repurchase agreements as permitted or required by law:

(in thousands)	Amortized	Fair
	Cost	Value
To Federal Home Loan Bank to secure borrowings	\$7,526	\$7,842
To state and local governments to secure public deposits	1,627,608	1,634,162
Other securities pledged principally to secure repurchase agreements	498,315	497,031
Total pledged securities	\$2,133,449	\$2,139,035

Note 4 – Non-Covered Loans and Leases

The following table presents the major types of non-covered loans and leases, net as of September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively:

(in thousands)	September 30,	December 31,
	2014	2013
Commercial real estate		
Non-owner occupied term, net	\$3,273,932	\$2,328,260
Owner occupied term, net	2,636,951	1,259,583
Multifamily, net	2,536,710	403,537
Construction & development, net	245,457	245,231
Residential development, net	73,781	88,413
Commercial		
Term, net	1,110,028	770,845
LOC & other, net	1,338,821	987,360
Leases and equipment finance, net	492,221	361,591
Residential		
Mortgage, net	2,085,266	597,201
Home equity loans & lines, net	818,765	264,269
Consumer & other, net	363,879	48,113
Total loans and leases, net of deferred fees and costs	\$14,975,811	\$7,354,403

The non-covered loan balances are net of net deferred loan costs of \$20.2 million as of September 30, 2014 and net of net deferred loan fees of \$495,000 at December 31, 2013. Net non-covered loans include discounts on acquired loans of \$244.2 million and \$3.3 million as of September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively. As of September 30, 2014, non-covered loans totaling \$8.1 billion were pledged to secure borrowings and available lines of credit.

Purchased loans and leases are recorded at their fair value at the acquisition date. Credit discounts are included in the determination of fair value; therefore, an allowance for loan and lease losses is not recorded at the acquisition date. Acquired loans are evaluated upon acquisition and classified as either purchased impaired or purchased non-impaired. Purchased impaired loans reflect credit deterioration since origination such that it is probable at acquisition that the Company will be unable to collect all contractually required payments. The outstanding contractual unpaid principal balance of non-covered purchased impaired loans, excluding purchase accounting adjustments, was \$519.8 million and \$35.1 million at September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively. The carrying balance of non-covered purchased impaired loans was \$367.1 million and \$21.9 million at September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively.

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The following table presents the changes in the accretable yield for purchased impaired loans for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013:

(in thousands)	Three Months Ended	Nine Months Ended	
	September 30,	September 30,	
	2014 2013	2014 2013	
Balance, beginning of period	\$105,505 \$170	\$1,140 \$770	
Additions		110,757 —	
Accretion to interest income	(9,779) (54	(15,856) (205)	
Disposals	(4,111) (222	(4,426) (671)	
Reclassifications from nonaccretable difference	2,794 1,334	2,794 1,334	
Balance, end of period	\$94,409 \$1,228	\$94,409 \$1,228	

Note 5 – Allowance for Non-Covered Loan and Lease Loss and Credit Quality

The Bank's methodology for assessing the appropriateness of the Allowance for Loan and Lease Loss ("ALLL") consists of three key elements: 1) the formula allowance; 2) the specific allowance; and 3) the unallocated allowance. By incorporating these factors into a single allowance requirement analysis, we believe all risk-based activities within the loan and lease portfolios are simultaneously considered.

Formula Allowance

When loans and leases are originated, they are assigned a risk rating that is reassessed periodically during the term of the loan or lease through the credit review process. The Bank's risk rating methodology assigns risk ratings ranging from 1 to 10, where a higher rating represents higher risk. The 10 risk rating categories are a primary factor in determining an appropriate amount for the formula allowance.

The formula allowance is calculated by applying risk factors to various segments of pools of outstanding loans and leases. Risk factors are assigned to each portfolio segment based on management's evaluation of the losses inherent within each segment. Segments or regions with greater risk of loss will therefore be assigned a higher risk factor.

Base risk – The portfolio is segmented into loan categories, and these categories are assigned a Base risk factor based on an evaluation of the loss inherent within each segment.

Extra risk – Additional risk factors provide for an additional allocation of ALLL based on the loan and lease risk rating system and loan delinquency, and reflect the increased level of inherent losses associated with more adversely classified loans and leases.

Risk factors may be changed periodically based on management's evaluation of the following factors: loss experience; changes in the level of non-performing loans and leases; regulatory exam results; changes in the level of adversely classified loans and leases; improvement or deterioration in local economic conditions; and any other factors deemed relevant.

Specific Allowance

Regular credit reviews of the portfolio identify loans that are considered potentially impaired. Potentially impaired loans are referred to the ALLL Committee which reviews and approves designated loans as impaired. A loan is considered impaired when, based on current information and events, we determine that we will probably not be able to collect all amounts due according to the loan contract, including scheduled interest payments. When we identify a loan as impaired, we measure the impairment using discounted cash flows, except when the sole remaining source of the repayment for the loan is the liquidation of the collateral. In these cases, we use the current fair value of the collateral, less selling costs, instead of discounted cash flows. If we determine that the value of the impaired loan is less than the

recorded investment in the loan, we either recognize an impairment reserve as a specific allowance to be provided for in the allowance for loan and lease losses or charge-off the impaired balance on collateral-dependent loans if it is determined that such amount represents a confirmed loss. Loans determined to be impaired with a specific allowance are excluded from the formula allowance so as not to double-count the loss exposure. The non-accrual impaired loans as of period-end have already been partially charged-off to their estimated net realizable value, and are expected to be resolved over the coming quarters with no additional material loss, absent further decline in market prices.

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The combination of the formula allowance component and the specific allowance component represents the allocated allowance for loan and lease losses.

Unallocated Allowance

The Bank may also maintain an unallocated allowance amount to provide for other credit losses inherent in a loan and lease portfolio that may not have been contemplated in the credit loss factors. This unallocated amount generally comprises less than 5% of the allowance, but may be maintained at higher levels during times of deteriorating economic conditions characterized by falling real estate values. The unallocated amount is reviewed quarterly based on trends in credit losses, the results of credit reviews, overall economic trends and other qualitative factors.

Management believes that the ALLL was adequate as of September 30, 2014. There is, however, no assurance that future loan and lease losses will not exceed the levels provided for in the ALLL and could possibly result in additional charges to the provision for loan and lease losses.

The reserve for unfunded commitments ("RUC") is established to absorb inherent losses associated with our commitment to lend funds, such as with a letter or line of credit. The adequacy of the ALLL and RUC are monitored on a regular basis and are based on management's evaluation of numerous factors. These factors include the quality of the current loan portfolio; the trend in the loan portfolio's risk ratings; current economic conditions; loan concentrations; loan growth rates; past-due and non-performing trends; evaluation of specific loss estimates for all significant problem loans; historical charge-off and recovery experience; and other pertinent information.

There have been no significant changes to the Bank's ALLL methodology or policies in the periods presented.

Activity in the Non-Covered Allowance for Loan and Lease Losses

The following table summarizes activity related to the allowance for non-covered loan and lease losses by non-covered loan and lease portfolio segment for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013:

(in thousands)	Three Months Ended September 30, 2014					
	Commercial		Consumer			
	Real Estate	Commercial	Residential	& Other	Total	
Balance, beginning of period	\$51,958	\$32,587	\$11,403	\$2,047	\$97,995	
Charge-offs	(595)	(4,212)	(714)	(1,222)	(6,743)	
Recoveries	293	1,332	37	462	2,124	
Provision	701	8,883	1,459	3,388	14,431	
Balance, end of period	\$52,357	\$38,590	\$12,185	\$4,675	\$107,807	
	Three Month	s Ended Septem	nber 30, 2013			
	Commercial	1	,	Consumer		
			Residential & Other		Total	
Balance, beginning of period	\$55,249	\$21,587	\$8,250	\$750	\$85,836	
Charge-offs	(3,101)	(1,754)	(1,181)	(281)	(6,317)	
Recoveries	880	1,101	41	145	2,167	
Provision	565	2,346	(68)	165	3,008	
Balance, end of period	\$53,593	\$23,280	\$7,042	\$779	\$84,694	
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(in thousands) Balance, beginning of period Charge-offs Recoveries Provision Balance, end of period	Nine Mont Commercia Real Estate \$53,433 (3,119 1,264 779 \$52,357		Residential \$6,827) (1,296 204 6,450 \$12,185	Consumer	Total \$85,314) (18,122) 5,385 35,230 \$107,807
Balance, beginning of period Charge-offs Recoveries Provision Balance, end of period The following table presents the allowance	Commercia Real Estate \$54,909 (6,595 2,830 2,449 \$53,593	e Commercia \$22,925) (9,541 2,554 7,342 \$23,280	Residential \$6,925) (2,813 221 2,709 \$7,042	Consumer & Other \$632) (697 355 489 \$779	Total \$85,391) (19,646 5,960 12,989 \$84,694
The following table presents the allowance segment as of September 30, 2014 and 2013 (in thousands)				Consumer & Other	Total
Allowance for non-covered loans and leases Collectively evaluated for impairment Individually evaluated for impairment Loans acquired with deteriorated credit quality	\$51,201 1,156	\$38,577 13	\$12,185 —	\$4,675 —	\$106,638 1,169
Total Non-covered loans and leases: Collectively evaluated for impairment Individually evaluated for impairment Loans acquired with deteriorated credit	\$52,357 \$8,388,428 85,804	\$38,590 \$2,891,941 20,445	\$12,185 \$2,858,947 —	\$4,675 \$363,031 128	\$107,807 \$14,502,347 106,377
quality Total	292,599 \$8,766,831	28,684 \$2,941,070	45,084 \$2,904,031	720 \$363,879	367,087 \$14,975,811
(in thousands)	September Commercia Real Estate	al	al Residential	Consumer & Other	Total
Allowance for non-covered loans and leases Collectively evaluated for impairment Individually evaluated for impairment Total Non-covered loans and leases:		\$23,270 10 \$23,280	\$7,042 — \$7,042	\$779 — \$779	\$83,290 1,404 \$84,694
Collectively evaluated for impairment Individually evaluated for impairment Total	\$4,235,408 97,382 \$4,332,790	12,736		\$43,621 — \$43,621	\$7,124,997 110,118 \$7,235,115

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The non-covered loan and lease balances are net of net deferred loans costs of \$20.2 million at September 30, 2014 and net of net deferred fees of \$6.2 million at September 30, 2013.

Summary of Reserve for Unfunded Commitments Activity

The following table presents a summary of activity in the RUC and unfunded commitments for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013:

(in thousands)	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended		
	Septembe	September 30,		30,	
	2014	2013	2014	2013	
Balance, beginning of period	\$4,845	\$1,327	\$1,436	\$1,223	
Net change to other expense	(457) 48	(1,014) 152	
Acquired reserve		_	3,966	_	
Balance, end of period	\$4,388	\$1,375	\$4,388	\$1,375	
(in thousands)					
				Total	
Unfunded loan and lease commitments:					
September 30, 2014				\$2,949,211	
September 30, 2013				\$1,610,735	

Non-covered loans and leases sold

In the course of managing the loan and lease portfolio, at certain times, management may decide to sell loans and leases. The following table summarizes loans and leases sold by loan portfolio during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013:

(in thousands)	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2014 2013		2014	2013
Commercial real estate				
Non-owner occupied term	\$ —	\$4,927	\$14,799	\$7,777
Owner occupied term	22,884	_	71,128	_
Multifamily	35,306	_	60,508	_
Construction & development	_	_	566	3,515
Residential development	_	_	800	363
Commercial				
Term	4,199	1,098	30,068	47,635
LOC & other	299	_	5,361	
Residential				
Mortgage	54,917	1,008	60,951	1,008
Home equity loans & lines	_	_	24,445	_
Consumer & other	_	_	7,344	_
Total	\$117,605	\$7,033	\$275,970	\$60,298

Asset Quality and Non-Performing Loans and Leases

We manage asset quality and control credit risk through diversification of the non-covered loan and lease portfolio and the application of policies designed to promote sound underwriting and loan and lease monitoring practices. The

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Quality Group is charged with monitoring asset quality, establishing credit policies and procedures and enforcing the consistent application of these policies and procedures across the Bank. Reviews of non-performing, past due non-covered loans and leases and larger credits, designed to identify potential charges to the allowance for loan and lease losses, and to determine the adequacy of the allowance, are conducted on an ongoing basis. These reviews consider such factors as the financial strength of borrowers, the value of the applicable collateral, loan and lease loss experience, estimated loan and lease losses, growth in the loan and lease portfolio, prevailing economic conditions and other factors.

Non-Covered Non-Accrual Loans and Leases and Loans and Leases Past Due

The following table summarizes our non-covered non-accrual loans and leases and loans and leases past due, by loan and lease class, as of September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013:

(in thousands)

September 30, 2014

(in thousands)	September 30	0, 2014					
	Greater than 30 to 59 Days Past Due	60 to 89 Days Past Due	90 Days and Greater and Accruing	Total Past Due	Non-Accrua	Current & Other (1)	Total non-cover Loans and Leases
Commercial real estate							
Non-owner occupied term net	`\$2,290	\$6,180	\$225	\$8,695	\$ 15,675	\$3,249,562	\$3,273,932
Owner occupied term, net Multifamily, net	1,874 422	5,706 —	_	7,580 422	3,555 1,311	2,625,816 2,534,977	2,636,951 2,536,710
Construction & development, net	_	1,204	_	1,204	_	244,253	245,457
Residential development, net	468	_	_	468	_	73,313	73,781
Commercial							
Term, net	961	944	17	1,922	17,051	1,091,055	1,110,028
LOC & other, net	950	2,672	225	3,847	1,879	1,333,095	1,338,821
Leases and equipment finance, net Residential	1,571	3,438	447	5,456	2,795	483,970	492,221
Mortgage, net	10	1,254	5,421	6,685	3	2,078,578	2,085,266
Home equity loans & lines, net	772	750	959	2,481	_	816,284	818,765
Consumer & other, net	2,117	442	122	2,681	128	361,070	363,879
Total, net of deferred fees and costs	\$11,435	\$22,590	\$7,416	\$41,441	\$ 42,397	\$14,891,973	\$14,975,811

⁽¹⁾ Other includes purchased credit impaired non-covered loans of \$367.1 million.

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(in thousands)	December 31	, 2013					
	Greater than 30 to 59 Days Past Due	60 to 89 Days Past Due	90 Days and Greater and Accruing	Total Past Due	Non-Accrual	Current & Other (1)	Total non-cover Loans and Leases
Commercial real estate							
Non-owner occupied term, net	\$3,618	\$352	\$ —	\$3,970	\$ 9,193	\$2,315,097	\$2,328,260
Owner occupied term, net	1,320	340	610	2,270	6,204	1,251,109	1,259,583
Multifamily, net	_	_	_	_	935	402,602	403,537
Construction & development, net	_	_	_	_		245,231	245,231
Residential development, net	_	_	_	_	2,801	85,612	88,413
Commercial							
Term, net	901	1,436		2,337	8,723	759,785	770,845
LOC & other, net	619	224		843	1,222	985,295	987,360
Leases and equipment finance, net	2,202	1,706	517	4,425	2,813	354,353	361,591
Residential							
Mortgage, net	1,050	342	2,070	3,462	_	593,739	597,201
Home equity loans & lines, net	473	563	160	1,196	_	263,073	264,269
Consumer & other, net	69	75	73	217	_	47,896	48,113
Total, net of deferred fees and costs	¹ \$10,252	\$5,038	\$3,430	\$18,720	\$ 31,891	\$7,303,792	\$7,354,403

(1) Other includes purchased credit impaired non-covered loans of \$21.9 million

Non-Covered Impaired Loans

Loans with no related allowance reported generally represent non-accrual loans. The Bank recognizes the charge-off on impaired loans in the period it arises for collateral-dependent loans. Therefore, the non-accrual loans as of September 30, 2014 have already been written down to their estimated net realizable value and are expected to be resolved with no additional material loss, absent further decline in market prices. The valuation allowance on impaired loans primarily represents the impairment reserves on performing restructured loans, and is measured by comparing the present value of expected future cash flows on the restructured loans discounted at the interest rate of the original loan agreement to the loan's carrying value.

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The following table summarizes our non-covered impaired loans by loan class as of September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013:

(in thousands)	September 30,	2014		
	Unpaid	Recorded Inve	stment	
	Principal	Without	With	Related
	Balance	Allowance	Allowance	Allowance
Commercial real estate				
Non-owner occupied term, net	\$62,131	\$33,035	\$25,334	\$613
Owner occupied term, net	11,661	3,555	7,677	378
Multifamily, net	5,185	1,311	3,519	68
Construction & development, net	1,091		1,091	7
Residential development, net	10,285	2,675	7,607	90
Commercial				
Term, net	34,251	17,052	269	9
LOC & other, net	9,248	1,879	1,245	4
Leases, net	_	_	_	_
Residential				
Mortgage, net				
Home equity loans & lines, net	501	_	_	_
Consumer & other, net	294	128		
Total, net of deferred fees and costs	\$134,647	\$59,635	\$46,742	\$1,169
(in thousands)	December 31,	2013		
(in thousands)	December 31, 2 Unpaid	2013 Recorded Inve	stment	
(in thousands)	•		stment With	Related
(in thousands)	Unpaid	Recorded Inve		Related Allowance
(in thousands) Commercial real estate	Unpaid Principal	Recorded Inve Without	With	
	Unpaid Principal	Recorded Inve Without	With	
Commercial real estate	Unpaid Principal Balance	Recorded Inve Without Allowance	With Allowance	Allowance
Commercial real estate Non-owner occupied term, net	Unpaid Principal Balance \$50,602	Recorded Inve Without Allowance \$18,285	With Allowance \$31,362	Allowance \$928
Commercial real estate Non-owner occupied term, net Owner occupied term, net	Unpaid Principal Balance \$50,602 11,876	Recorded Inve Without Allowance \$18,285 6,204	With Allowance \$31,362	Allowance \$928
Commercial real estate Non-owner occupied term, net Owner occupied term, net Multifamily, net	Unpaid Principal Balance \$50,602 11,876 1,416	Recorded Inve Without Allowance \$18,285 6,204 935	With Allowance \$31,362 5,202	\$928 198
Commercial real estate Non-owner occupied term, net Owner occupied term, net Multifamily, net Construction & development, net	Unpaid Principal Balance \$50,602 11,876 1,416 10,609	Recorded Inve Without Allowance \$18,285 6,204 935 8,498	With Allowance \$31,362 5,202 — 1,091	\$928 198 —
Commercial real estate Non-owner occupied term, net Owner occupied term, net Multifamily, net Construction & development, net Residential development, net	Unpaid Principal Balance \$50,602 11,876 1,416 10,609	Recorded Inve Without Allowance \$18,285 6,204 935 8,498	With Allowance \$31,362 5,202 — 1,091	\$928 198 —
Commercial real estate Non-owner occupied term, net Owner occupied term, net Multifamily, net Construction & development, net Residential development, net Commercial	Unpaid Principal Balance \$50,602 11,876 1,416 10,609 22,513	Recorded Inve Without Allowance \$18,285 6,204 935 8,498 5,776	With Allowance \$31,362 5,202 1,091 11,927	\$928 198 — 11 648
Commercial real estate Non-owner occupied term, net Owner occupied term, net Multifamily, net Construction & development, net Residential development, net Commercial Term, net	Unpaid Principal Balance \$50,602 11,876 1,416 10,609 22,513	Recorded Inve Without Allowance \$18,285 6,204 935 8,498 5,776 8,723	With Allowance \$31,362 5,202 1,091 11,927 300	\$928 198 — 11 648
Commercial real estate Non-owner occupied term, net Owner occupied term, net Multifamily, net Construction & development, net Residential development, net Commercial Term, net LOC & other, net	Unpaid Principal Balance \$50,602 11,876 1,416 10,609 22,513	Recorded Inve Without Allowance \$18,285 6,204 935 8,498 5,776 8,723	With Allowance \$31,362 5,202 1,091 11,927 300	\$928 198 — 11 648
Commercial real estate Non-owner occupied term, net Owner occupied term, net Multifamily, net Construction & development, net Residential development, net Commercial Term, net LOC & other, net Leases, net	Unpaid Principal Balance \$50,602 11,876 1,416 10,609 22,513	Recorded Inve Without Allowance \$18,285 6,204 935 8,498 5,776 8,723	With Allowance \$31,362 5,202 1,091 11,927 300	\$928 198 — 11 648
Commercial real estate Non-owner occupied term, net Owner occupied term, net Multifamily, net Construction & development, net Residential development, net Commercial Term, net LOC & other, net Leases, net Residential	Unpaid Principal Balance \$50,602 11,876 1,416 10,609 22,513	Recorded Inve Without Allowance \$18,285 6,204 935 8,498 5,776 8,723	With Allowance \$31,362 5,202 1,091 11,927 300	\$928 198 — 11 648
Commercial real estate Non-owner occupied term, net Owner occupied term, net Multifamily, net Construction & development, net Residential development, net Commercial Term, net LOC & other, net Leases, net Residential Mortgage, net	Unpaid Principal Balance \$50,602 11,876 1,416 10,609 22,513	Recorded Inve Without Allowance \$18,285 6,204 935 8,498 5,776 8,723	With Allowance \$31,362 5,202 1,091 11,927 300	\$928 198 — 11 648

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The following table summarizes our average recorded investment and interest income recognized on impaired non-covered loans by loan class for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013:

(in thousands)	Three Months		Three Months	Ended
(September 30,		September 30,	
	Average	Interest	Average	Interest
	Recorded	Income	Recorded	Income
	Investment	Recognized	Investment	Recognized
Commercial real estate		8		
Non-owner occupied term, net	\$55,246	\$573	\$62,246	\$389
Owner occupied term, net	11,686	79	8,222	49
Multifamily, net	4,830	113	1,082	
Construction & development, net	5,288	11	13,607	122
Residential development, net	12,190	124	19,442	165
Commercial	·		•	
Term, net	18,381	4	11,622	4
LOC & other, net	3,478	13	2,268	13
Residential				
Mortgage, net	_	_	238	_
Home equity loans & lines, net	_	_	_	_
Consumer & other, net	64			_
Total, net of deferred fees and costs	\$111,163	\$917	\$118,727	\$742
(in thousands)	Nine Months E	Ended	Nine Months E	nded
(in thousands)	Nine Months E September 30,		Nine Months E September 30,	
(in thousands)				
(in thousands)	September 30,	2014	September 30,	2013
(in thousands)	September 30, Average	2014 Interest	September 30, Average	2013 Interest
(in thousands) Commercial real estate	September 30, Average Recorded	2014 Interest Income	September 30, Average Recorded	2013 Interest Income
	September 30, Average Recorded	2014 Interest Income	September 30, Average Recorded	2013 Interest Income
Commercial real estate	September 30, Average Recorded Investment	2014 Interest Income Recognized	September 30, Average Recorded Investment	2013 Interest Income Recognized
Commercial real estate Non-owner occupied term, net	September 30, Average Recorded Investment \$53,460	2014 Interest Income Recognized \$1,532	September 30, Average Recorded Investment \$67,281	2013 Interest Income Recognized \$1,155
Commercial real estate Non-owner occupied term, net Owner occupied term, net	September 30, Average Recorded Investment \$53,460 11,989	2014 Interest Income Recognized \$1,532 231	September 30, Average Recorded Investment \$67,281 6,475	Interest Income Recognized \$1,155 146
Commercial real estate Non-owner occupied term, net Owner occupied term, net Multifamily, net	September 30, Average Recorded Investment \$53,460 11,989 2,737	2014 Interest Income Recognized \$1,532 231 113	September 30, Average Recorded Investment \$67,281 6,475 723	Interest Income Recognized \$1,155 146
Commercial real estate Non-owner occupied term, net Owner occupied term, net Multifamily, net Construction & development, net	September 30, Average Recorded Investment \$53,460 11,989 2,737 7,423	Interest Income Recognized \$1,532 231 113 33	September 30, Average Recorded Investment \$67,281 6,475 723 15,001	Interest Income Recognized \$1,155 146 363
Commercial real estate Non-owner occupied term, net Owner occupied term, net Multifamily, net Construction & development, net Residential development, net	September 30, Average Recorded Investment \$53,460 11,989 2,737 7,423	Interest Income Recognized \$1,532 231 113 33	September 30, Average Recorded Investment \$67,281 6,475 723 15,001	Interest Income Recognized \$1,155 146 363
Commercial real estate Non-owner occupied term, net Owner occupied term, net Multifamily, net Construction & development, net Residential development, net Commercial	September 30, Average Recorded Investment \$53,460 11,989 2,737 7,423 14,128	2014 Interest Income Recognized \$1,532 231 113 33 373	September 30, Average Recorded Investment \$67,281 6,475 723 15,001 23,513	Interest Income Recognized \$1,155 146 363 474
Commercial real estate Non-owner occupied term, net Owner occupied term, net Multifamily, net Construction & development, net Residential development, net Commercial Term, net	September 30, Average Recorded Investment \$53,460 11,989 2,737 7,423 14,128	2014 Interest Income Recognized \$1,532 231 113 33 373	September 30, Average Recorded Investment \$67,281 6,475 723 15,001 23,513	2013 Interest Income Recognized \$1,155 146 — 363 474
Commercial real estate Non-owner occupied term, net Owner occupied term, net Multifamily, net Construction & development, net Residential development, net Commercial Term, net LOC & other, net Residential Mortgage, net	September 30, Average Recorded Investment \$53,460 11,989 2,737 7,423 14,128	2014 Interest Income Recognized \$1,532 231 113 33 373	September 30, Average Recorded Investment \$67,281 6,475 723 15,001 23,513	2013 Interest Income Recognized \$1,155 146 — 363 474
Commercial real estate Non-owner occupied term, net Owner occupied term, net Multifamily, net Construction & development, net Residential development, net Commercial Term, net LOC & other, net Residential Mortgage, net Home equity loans & lines, net	September 30, Average Recorded Investment \$53,460 11,989 2,737 7,423 14,128	2014 Interest Income Recognized \$1,532 231 113 33 373	September 30, Average Recorded Investment \$67,281 6,475 723 15,001 23,513 12,688 4,389	2013 Interest Income Recognized \$1,155 146 — 363 474
Commercial real estate Non-owner occupied term, net Owner occupied term, net Multifamily, net Construction & development, net Residential development, net Commercial Term, net LOC & other, net Residential Mortgage, net	September 30, Average Recorded Investment \$53,460 11,989 2,737 7,423 14,128	2014 Interest Income Recognized \$1,532 231 113 33 373	September 30, Average Recorded Investment \$67,281 6,475 723 15,001 23,513 12,688 4,389	2013 Interest Income Recognized \$1,155 146 — 363 474

The impaired loans for which these interest income amounts were recognized primarily relate to accruing restructured loans.

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Non-Covered Credit Quality Indicators

As previously noted, the Bank's risk rating methodology assigns risk ratings ranging from 1 to 10, where a higher rating represents higher risk. The Bank differentiates its lending portfolios into homogeneous loans and leases and non-homogeneous loans and leases. The 10 risk rating categories can be generally described by the following groupings for non-homogeneous loans and leases:

Minimal Risk—A minimal risk loan or lease, risk rated 1, is to a borrower of the highest quality. The borrower has an unquestioned ability to produce consistent profits and service all obligations and can absorb severe market disturbances with little or no difficulty.

Low Risk—A low risk loan or lease, risk rated 2, is similar in characteristics to a minimal risk loan. Margins may be smaller or protective elements may be subject to greater fluctuation. The borrower will have a strong demonstrated ability to produce profits, provide ample debt service coverage and to absorb market disturbances.

Modest Risk—A modest risk loan or lease, risk rated 3, is a desirable loan or lease with excellent sources of repayment and no currently identifiable risk associated with collection. The borrower exhibits a very strong capacity to repay the credit in accordance with the repayment agreement. The borrower may be susceptible to economic cycles, but will have reserves to weather these cycles.

Average Risk—An average risk loan or lease, risk rated 4, is an attractive loan or lease with sound sources of repayment and no material collection or repayment weakness evident. The borrower has an acceptable capacity to pay in accordance with the agreement. The borrower is susceptible to economic cycles and more efficient competition, but should have modest reserves sufficient to survive all but the most severe downturns or major setbacks.

Acceptable Risk—An acceptable risk loan or lease, risk rated 5, is a loan or lease with lower than average, but still acceptable credit risk. These borrowers may have higher leverage, less certain but viable repayment sources, have limited financial reserves and may possess weaknesses that can be adequately mitigated through collateral, structural or credit enhancement. The borrower is susceptible to economic cycles and is less resilient to negative market forces or financial events. Reserves may be insufficient to survive a modest downturn.

Watch—A watch loan or lease, risk rated 6, is still pass-rated, but represents the lowest level of acceptable risk due to an emerging risk element or declining performance trend. Watch ratings are expected to be temporary, with issues resolved or manifested to the extent that a higher or lower rating would be appropriate. The borrower should have a plausible plan, with reasonable certainty of success, to correct the problems in a short period of time.

Special Mention—A special mention loan or lease, risk rated 7, has potential weaknesses that deserve management's close attention. If left uncorrected, these potential weaknesses may result in deterioration of the repayment prospects for the asset or the institution's credit position at some future date. They contain unfavorable characteristics and are generally undesirable. Loans and leases in this category are currently protected but are potentially weak and constitute an undue and unwarranted credit risk, but not to the point of a substandard classification. A special mention loan or lease has potential weaknesses, which if not checked or corrected, weaken the asset or inadequately protect the Bank's position at some future date.

Substandard—A substandard asset, risk rated 8, is inadequately protected by the current sound worth and paying capacity of the obligor or of the collateral pledged, if any. Assets so classified must have a well-defined weakness or weaknesses that jeopardize the liquidation of the debt. They are characterized by the distinct possibility that the Bank will sustain some loss if the deficiencies are not corrected. Loss potential, while existing in the aggregate amount of substandard assets, does not have to exist in individual assets classified substandard. Loans and leases are classified as

substandard when they have unsatisfactory characteristics causing unacceptable levels of risk. A substandard loan or lease normally has one or more well-defined weaknesses that could jeopardize repayment of the debt. The likely need to liquidate assets to correct the problem, rather than repayment from successful operations is the key distinction between special mention and substandard.

Doubtful—Loans or leases classified as doubtful, risk rated 9, have all the weaknesses inherent in one classified substandard with the added characteristic that the weaknesses make collection or liquidation in full, on the basis of currently existing facts, conditions and values, highly questionable and improbable. The possibility of loss is extremely high, but because of certain important and reasonably specific pending factors, which may work towards strengthening of the asset, classification as a loss (and immediate charge-off) is deferred until more exact status may be determined. Pending factors include proposed merger, acquisition, liquidation procedures, capital injection, and perfection of liens on additional collateral and refinancing plans. In certain circumstances, a doubtful rating will be temporary, while the Bank is awaiting an updated collateral valuation. In these

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cases, once the collateral is valued and appropriate margin applied, the remaining un-collateralized portion will be charged-off. The remaining balance, properly margined, may then be upgraded to substandard, however must remain on non-accrual.

Loss—Loans or leases classified as loss, risk rated 10, are considered un-collectible and of such little value that the continuance as an active Bank asset is not warranted. This rating does not mean that the loan or lease has no recovery or salvage value, but rather that the loan or lease should be charged-off now, even though partial or full recovery may be possible in the future.

Impaired—Loans are classified as impaired when, based on current information and events, it is probable that the Bank will be unable to collect the scheduled payments of principal and interest when due, in accordance with the terms of the original loan agreement, without unreasonable delay. This generally includes all loans classified as non-accrual and troubled debt restructurings. Impaired loans are risk rated for internal and regulatory rating purposes, but presented separately for clarification.

Homogeneous loans and leases are not risk rated until they are greater than 30 days past due, and risk rating is based primarily on the past due status of the loan or lease. The risk rating categories can be generally described by the following groupings for commercial and commercial real estate homogeneous loans and leases:

Special Mention—A homogeneous special mention loan or lease, risk rated 7, is 30-59 days past due from the required payment date at month-end.

Substandard—A homogeneous substandard loan or lease, risk rated 8, is 60-89 days past due from the required payment date at month-end.

Doubtful—A homogeneous doubtful loan or lease, risk rated 9, is 90-179 days past due from the required payment date at month-end.

Loss—A homogeneous loss loan or lease, risk rated 10, is 180 days and more past due from the required payment date. These loans are generally charged-off in the month in which the 180 day time period elapses.

The risk rating categories can be generally described by the following groupings for residential and consumer and other homogeneous loans:

Special Mention—A homogeneous retail special mention loan, risk rated 7, is 30-89 days past due from the required payment date at month-end.

Substandard—A homogeneous retail substandard loan, risk rated 8, is an open-end loan 90-180 days past due from the required payment date at month-end or a closed-end loan 90-120 days past due from the required payment date at month-end.

Loss—A homogeneous retail loss loan, risk rated 10, is a closed-end loan that becomes past due 120 cumulative days or an open-end retail loan that becomes past due 180 cumulative days from the contractual due date. These loans are generally charged-off in the month in which the 120 or 180 day period elapses.

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The following table summarizes our internal risk rating by loan and lease class for the non-covered loan and lease portfolio as of September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013:

(in thousands)	September 30,	2014					
	Pass/Watch	Special Mention	Substandard	Doubtful	Loss	Impaired (1)	Total
Commercial real estate							
Non-owner occupied term, net	\$3,004,702	\$107,055	\$103,479	\$327	\$—	\$58,369	\$3,273,932
Owner occupied term, net	2,469,495	68,393	86,640	571	620	11,232	2,636,951
Multifamily, net	2,515,322	10,213	6,345	_		4,830	2,536,710
Construction & development net	236,693	4,367	3,306	_	_	1,091	245,457
Residential development, net	61,061	776	1,662			10,282	73,781
Commercial							
Term, net	1,063,690	14,065	14,690	251	11	17,321	1,110,028
LOC & other, net	1,272,032	40,874	22,476	225	90	3,124	1,338,821
Leases and equipment finance, net	484,056	3,687	1,351	2,551	576	_	492,221
Residential							
Mortgage, net	2,061,460	4,811	7,545	_	11,450	_	2,085,266
Home equity loans & lines, net	810,760	4,468	1,591	_	1,946	_	818,765
Consumer & other, net	360,396	2,769	360		226	128	363,879
Total, net of deferred fees and costs	\$14,339,667	\$261,478	\$249,445	\$3,925	\$14,919	\$106,377	\$14,975,811

(1) Impaired loans includes 6.3% classified as watch, 2.8% classified as special mentioned, 89.7% classified as substandard, and 1.2% classified as doubtful.

(in thousands)	December 31	, 2013					
	Pass/Watch	Special Mention	Substandard	Doubtful	Loss	Impaired (1)	Total
Commercial real estate							
Non-owner occupied term, net	\$2,073,366	\$108,263	\$96,984	\$ —	\$—	\$49,647	\$2,328,260
Owner occupied term, net	1,182,865	27,615	37,524	173		11,406	1,259,583
Multifamily, net	385,335	5,574	11,693			935	403,537
Construction & development, net	230,262	2,054	3,326	_	_	9,589	245,231
Residential development, net	67,019	1,836	1,855			17,703	88,413
Commercial							
Term, net	718,778	23,393	19,651	_	_	9,023	770,845
LOC & other, net	951,109	24,197	9,574		_	2,480	987,360
Leases and equipment finance, net	351,971	4,585	1,706	2,996	333	_	361,591
Residential							
Mortgage, net	593,723	1,405	743		1,330		597,201
Home equity loans & lines, net	263,070	1,038	25	_	136		264,269
Consumer & other, net	47,895	144	33	_	41	_	48,113
	\$6,865,393	\$200,104	\$183,114	\$3,169	\$1,840	\$100,783	\$7,354,403

Total, net of deferred fees and costs

(1) Impaired loans includes 6.4% classified as watch, 3.7% classified as special mentioned, and 89.9% classified as substandard.

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Troubled Debt Restructurings

At September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, impaired loans of \$63.5 million and \$68.8 million, respectively, were classified as accruing restructured loans. The restructurings were granted in response to borrower financial difficulty, and generally provide for a temporary modification of loan repayment terms. The restructured loans on accrual status represent the only impaired loans accruing interest. In order for a restructured loan to be considered for accrual status, the loan's collateral coverage generally will be greater than or equal to 100% of the loan balance, the loan is current on payments, and the borrower must either prefund an interest reserve or demonstrate the ability to make payments from a verified source of cash flow. Impaired restructured loans carry a specific allowance and the allowance on impaired restructured loans is calculated consistently across the portfolios.

There were no available commitments for troubled debt restructurings outstanding as of September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013.

The following tables present troubled debt restructurings by accrual versus non-accrual status and by loan segment as of September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013:

(in thousands)	September 30,	2014	
	Accrual	Non-Accrual	Total
	Status	Status	Modifications
Commercial real estate, net	\$61,657	\$4,808	\$66,465
Commercial, net	1,245	2,510	3,755
Residential, net	605	_	605
Total, net of deferred fees and costs	\$63,507	\$7,318	\$70,825
(in thousands)	December 31, 2	2013	
	Accrual	Non-Accrual	Total
	Status	Status	Modifications
Commercial real estate, net	\$67,060	\$2,196	\$69,256
Commercial, net	1,258	2,603	3,861
Residential, net	473	_	473
Total, net of deferred fees and costs	\$68,791	\$4,799	\$73,590

The Bank's policy is that loans placed on non-accrual will typically remain on non-accrual status until all principal and interest payments are brought current and the prospect for future payment in accordance with the loan agreement appears relatively certain. The Bank's policy generally refers to six months of payment performance as sufficient to warrant a return to accrual status.

The types of modifications offered can generally be described in the following categories:

Rate Modification—A modification in which the interest rate is modified.

Term Modification —A modification in which the maturity date, timing of payments, or frequency of payments is changed.

Interest Only Modification—A modification in which the loan is converted to interest only payments for a period of time.

Payment Modification—A modification in which the payment amount is changed, other than an interest only modification described above.

Combination Modification—Any other type of modification, including the use of multiple types of modifications.

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The following table presents newly non-covered restructured loans that occurred during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 and three and nine months ended September 30, 2013:

(in thousands)	Rate	Ended Septemb Term Modifications	Interest Only	Payment Modifications	Combination Modifications	Total Modifications
Commercial real estate, net	\$ —	\$1,088	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$1,088
Commercial, net						_
Residential, net	_					_
Consumer & other, net						
Total, net of deferred fees and costs	\$—	\$1,088	\$—	\$—	\$—	\$1,088
	Three Months	Ended Septemb				
	Rate	Term		Payment	Combination	Total
	Modifications	Modifications	Modifications	Modifications	Modifications	Modifications
Commercial real estate,	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —
net	Ψ	Ψ	Ψ	Ψ		
Commercial, net	_			_	3,588	3,588
Residential, net						
Consumer & other, net	_	_	_	_	_	_
Total, net of deferred fees and costs	\$—	\$—	\$—	\$—	\$3,588	\$3,588
	Nine Months I	Ended Septembe	er 30, 2014			
	Rate	Term	Interest Only	Payment	Combination	Total
	Modifications	Modifications	Modifications	Modifications	Modifications	Modifications
Commercial real estate, net	\$ —	\$2,332	\$ —	\$—	\$3,519	\$5,851
Commercial, net						
Residential, net					138	138
Consumer & other, net					_	_
Total	\$—	\$2,332	\$—	\$ —	\$3,657	\$5,989
(in thousands)		Ended Septembe				
	Rate	Term	Interest Only	Payment	Combination	Total
	Modifications	Modifications	Modifications	Modifications	Modifications	Modifications
Commercial real estate,	\$—	\$—	\$4,291	\$ —	\$—	\$4,291
net Commercial, net		_		_	4,040	4,040
Residential, net		_	_	_	478	4,040
Consumer & other, net	_	_	_	_		
companies & office, not	\$—	\$—	\$4,291	\$—	\$4,518	\$8,809

Total, net of deferred fees and costs

For the periods presented in the tables above, the outstanding recorded investment was the same pre and post modification.

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There were no financing receivables modified as troubled debt restructurings within the previous 12 months for which there was a payment default during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013.

Note 6 – Covered Assets and Indemnification Asset

Covered Loans, Net

Loans acquired in a Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC")-assisted acquisition that are subject to a loss-share agreement are referred to as covered loans and reported separately in our statements of financial condition. Covered loans are reported exclusive of the cash flow reimbursements expected from the FDIC.

The following table presents the major types of covered loans as of September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013:

(in thousands)	September 30, 2014	December 31, 2013
Commercial real estate		2010
Non-owner occupied term, net	\$149,521	\$206,902
Owner occupied term, net	45,919	49,817
Multifamily, net	29,001	37,671
Construction & development, net	2,359	3,455
Residential development, net	3,068	7,286
Commercial		
Term, net	9,630	15,719
LOC & other, net	5,920	6,698
Residential		
Mortgage, net	17,067	22,316
Home equity loans & lines, net	17,289	19,637
Consumer & other, net	3,616	4,262
Total, net of deferred fees and costs	\$283,390	\$373,763
Allowance for covered loans	(7,828)	(9,771)
Total	\$275,562	\$363,992

The outstanding contractual unpaid principal balance, excluding purchase accounting adjustments, at September 30, 2014 was \$336.9 million as compared to \$462.4 million at December 31, 2013.

In estimating the fair value of the covered loans at the acquisition date, we (a) calculated the contractual amount and timing of undiscounted principal and interest payments and (b) estimated the amount and timing of undiscounted expected principal and interest payments. The difference between these two amounts represents the nonaccretable difference.

On the acquisition date, the amount by which the undiscounted expected cash flows exceed the estimated fair value of the acquired loans is the "accretable yield." The accretable yield is then measured at each financial reporting date and represents the difference between the remaining undiscounted expected cash flows and the current carrying value of the loans.

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The following table presents the changes in the accretable yield for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013 for the covered loan portfolio:

(in thousands)

	Three Mont	ths Ended	Nine Month	s Ended
	September :	30,	September 3	0,
	2014	2013	2014	2013
Balance, beginning of period	\$95,022	\$154,803	\$126,484	\$183,388
Accretion to interest income	(8,478)	(11,457)	(36,461)	(40,041)
Disposals	(2,723)	(3,726)	(19,977)	(11,179)
Reclassifications from nonaccretable difference	6,201	2,696	19,976	10,148
Balance, end of period	\$90,022	\$142,316	\$90,022	\$142,316

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Allowance for Covered Loan Losses

The following table summarizes activity related to the allowance for covered loan losses by covered loan portfolio segment for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013:

(in thousands)	Three Months Commercial	s I	Ended Septen	nb	per 30, 2014		Consumer			
	Real Estate		Commercial		Residential		& Other		Total	
Balance, beginning of period	\$4,962		\$2,839		\$550		\$ 149		\$8,500	
Charge-offs		`	(212	`	(13	`	(47)	(781)
Recoveries	100	,	80	,	12	,	15	,	207	,
(Recapture) provision)	(66	`	238		1		(98	`
Balance, end of period	\$4,282	,	\$2,641	,	\$787		\$118		\$7,828)
Barance, end of period	\$4,262		\$2,041		\$ 707		Φ110		\$ 1,020	
	Three Months	s I	Ended Septen	nb	er 30, 2013					
	Commercial						Consumer			
	Real Estate		Commercial		Residential		& Other		Total	
Balance, beginning of period	\$8,871		\$4,512		\$808		\$176		\$14,367	
Charge-offs	•)	(406)	(48)	(88))	(1,095)
Recoveries	182		156		59		153		550	
(Recapture) provision	(1,466)	(367)	(16)	(55)	(1,904)
Balance, end of period	\$7,034		\$3,895		\$803		\$186		\$11,918	
(in thousands)	Nine Months	E	Inded Septem	be	er 30, 2014					
	Commercial		_				Consumer			
	Real Estate		Commercial		Residential		& Other		Total	
Balance, beginning of period	\$6,105		\$2,837		\$660		\$169		\$9,771	
Charge-offs	(1,555)	(1,126)	(177)	(110)	(2,968)
Recoveries	729		326	-	147		53	•	1,255	
(Recapture) provision	(997)	604		157		6		(230)
Balance, end of period	\$4,282		\$2,641		\$787		\$118		\$7,828	
	Nine Months	E	anded Septem	be	er 30, 2013					
	Commercial		1		,		Consumer			
	Real Estate		Commercial		Residential		& Other		Total	
Balance, beginning of period	\$12,129		\$4,980		\$804		\$362		\$18,275	
Charge-offs))	(156)	(420)	(3,116)
Recoveries	669	-	428	,	185	,	221	,	1,503	,
(Recapture) provision)	(30)	23		(4,744)
Balance, end of period	\$7,034	,	\$3,895	,	\$803	,	\$186		\$11,918	,
	7 , , , , .		+ - ,		7 0 0 0		7-00		+ ,>	
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The following table presents the allowance and recorded investment in covered loans by portfolio segment as of September 30, 2014 and 2013:

(in thousands)	September 30,	2014			
	Commercial			Consumer	
	Real Estate	Commercial	Residential	& Other	Total
Allowance for covered loans:					
Loans acquired with deteriorated credit quality (1)	\$4,200	\$2,537	\$733	\$71	\$7,541
Collectively evaluated for impairment (2) 82	104	54	47	287
Total	\$4,282	\$2,641	\$787	\$118	\$7,828
Covered loans:					
Loans acquired with deteriorated credit quality (1)	\$229,469	\$8,924	\$29,227	\$1,312	\$268,932
Collectively evaluated for impairment (2	399	6,626	5,129	2,304	14,458
Total	\$229,868	\$15,550	\$34,356	\$3,616	\$283,390
(in thousands)	September 30,	2013			
(in thousands)	September 30, Commercial	2013		Consumer	
(in thousands)		2013 Commercial	Residential	Consumer & Other	Total
(in thousands) Allowance for covered loans:	Commercial		Residential		Total
	Commercial		Residential \$752		Total \$11,226
Allowance for covered loans: Loans acquired with deteriorated credit	Commercial Real Estate \$6,648	Commercial		& Other	
Allowance for covered loans: Loans acquired with deteriorated credit quality (1)	Commercial Real Estate \$6,648	Commercial \$3,691	\$752	& Other \$135	\$11,226
Allowance for covered loans: Loans acquired with deteriorated credit quality (1) Collectively evaluated for impairment (2)	Commercial Real Estate \$6,648	Commercial \$3,691 204	\$752 51	& Other \$135 51	\$11,226 692
Allowance for covered loans: Loans acquired with deteriorated credit quality (1) Collectively evaluated for impairment (2 Total	Commercial Real Estate \$6,648	Commercial \$3,691 204	\$752 51	& Other \$135 51	\$11,226 692
Allowance for covered loans: Loans acquired with deteriorated credit quality (1) Collectively evaluated for impairment (2 Total Covered loans: Loans acquired with deteriorated credit	Commercial Real Estate \$6,648) 386 \$7,034 \$329,044	Commercial \$3,691 204 \$3,895	\$752 51 \$803	& Other \$135 51 \$186	\$11,226 692 \$11,918

⁽¹⁾ The valuation allowance is netted against the carrying value of the covered loan balance.

The valuation allowance on covered loans was reduced by recaptured provision of \$311,000 and \$1.6 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014, respectively, and \$2.4 million and \$7.9 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013, respectively.

Covered Credit Quality Indicators

Covered loans are risk rated in a manner consistent with non-covered loans. As previously noted, the Bank's risk rating methodology assigns risk ratings ranging from 1 to 10, where a higher rating represents higher risk. The 10 risk rating groupings are described fully in Note 5. The following table includes loans acquired with deteriorated credit quality and advances made subsequent to acquisition on covered loans.

⁽²⁾ The allowance on covered loan losses includes an allowance on covered loan advances on acquired loans subsequent to acquisition.

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The following table summarizes our internal risk rating grouping by covered loans, net as of September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013:

(in thousands)	September 30					
		Special			_	
	Pass/Watch	Mention	Substandard	Doubtful	Loss	Total
Commercial real estate	Φ02.662	ф10.1 2 0	\$25.005	ф	Φ.	Φ147.C05
Non-owner occupied term, net	\$93,662	\$18,128	\$35,905	\$ —	\$ —	\$147,695
Owner occupied term, net	28,917	4,874	11,028			44,819
Multifamily, net	18,061	1,664	8,820	_		28,545
Construction & development, ne	t 1,160		830		_	1,990
Residential development, net		221	2,313	_		2,534
Commercial	0.061	506	2 100			7 006
Term, net	3,361	536	3,199	_		7,096
LOC & other, net	5,813			_		5,813
Residential						
Mortgage, net	17,005	_	_	_	_	17,005
Home equity loans & lines, net	16,486		79	_		16,565
Consumer & other, net	3,500					3,500
Total, net of deferred fees and						
costs and allowance for loan	\$187,965	\$25,423	\$62,174	\$ —	\$ —	\$275,562
losses						
(in thousands)	December 31	2013				
(in thousands)	December 31					
(in thousands)		Special	Substandard	Doubtful	Loss	Total
	December 31 Pass/Watch		Substandard	Doubtful	Loss	Total
Commercial real estate	Pass/Watch	Special Mention				
Commercial real estate Non-owner occupied term, net	Pass/Watch \$133,452	Special Mention \$26,321	\$44,279	\$—	Loss \$—	\$204,052
Commercial real estate Non-owner occupied term, net Owner occupied term, net	Pass/Watch \$133,452 30,119	Special Mention \$26,321 3,370	\$44,279 14,971	\$— 213		\$204,052 48,673
Commercial real estate Non-owner occupied term, net Owner occupied term, net Multifamily, net	Pass/Watch \$133,452 30,119 24,213	Special Mention \$26,321	\$44,279 14,971 10,409	\$—		\$204,052 48,673 37,185
Commercial real estate Non-owner occupied term, net Owner occupied term, net Multifamily, net Construction & development, ne	Pass/Watch \$133,452 30,119 24,213 t1,117	Special Mention \$26,321 3,370 2,563	\$44,279 14,971 10,409 1,686	\$— 213 —		\$204,052 48,673 37,185 2,803
Commercial real estate Non-owner occupied term, net Owner occupied term, net Multifamily, net	Pass/Watch \$133,452 30,119 24,213	Special Mention \$26,321 3,370	\$44,279 14,971 10,409	\$— 213 —		\$204,052 48,673 37,185
Commercial real estate Non-owner occupied term, net Owner occupied term, net Multifamily, net Construction & development, ne Residential development, net	Pass/Watch \$133,452 30,119 24,213 t1,117	Special Mention \$26,321 3,370 2,563	\$44,279 14,971 10,409 1,686	\$— 213 —		\$204,052 48,673 37,185 2,803
Commercial real estate Non-owner occupied term, net Owner occupied term, net Multifamily, net Construction & development, net Residential development, net Commercial	Pass/Watch \$133,452 30,119 24,213 t 1,117 492	Special Mention \$26,321 3,370 2,563 — 224	\$44,279 14,971 10,409 1,686 5,541	\$— 213 — 54		\$204,052 48,673 37,185 2,803 6,311
Commercial real estate Non-owner occupied term, net Owner occupied term, net Multifamily, net Construction & development, net Residential development, net Commercial Term, net	Pass/Watch \$133,452 30,119 24,213 t 1,117 492 3,753	Special Mention \$26,321 3,370 2,563 — 224 3,141	\$44,279 14,971 10,409 1,686 5,541 6,128	\$— 213 — 54		\$204,052 48,673 37,185 2,803 6,311 13,280
Commercial real estate Non-owner occupied term, net Owner occupied term, net Multifamily, net Construction & development, net Residential development, net Commercial Term, net LOC & other, net	Pass/Watch \$133,452 30,119 24,213 t 1,117 492 3,753	Special Mention \$26,321 3,370 2,563 — 224 3,141	\$44,279 14,971 10,409 1,686 5,541 6,128	\$— 213 — 54		\$204,052 48,673 37,185 2,803 6,311 13,280
Commercial real estate Non-owner occupied term, net Owner occupied term, net Multifamily, net Construction & development, net Residential development, net Commercial Term, net LOC & other, net Residential	Pass/Watch \$133,452 30,119 24,213 t1,117 492 3,753 4,630	Special Mention \$26,321 3,370 2,563 — 224 3,141	\$44,279 14,971 10,409 1,686 5,541 6,128	\$— 213 — 54		\$204,052 48,673 37,185 2,803 6,311 13,280 6,302
Commercial real estate Non-owner occupied term, net Owner occupied term, net Multifamily, net Construction & development, net Residential development, net Commercial Term, net LOC & other, net Residential Mortgage, net	Pass/Watch \$133,452 30,119 24,213 t 1,117 492 3,753 4,630 22,175	Special Mention \$26,321 3,370 2,563 — 224 3,141	\$44,279 14,971 10,409 1,686 5,541 6,128 681	\$— 213 — 54		\$204,052 48,673 37,185 2,803 6,311 13,280 6,302 22,175
Commercial real estate Non-owner occupied term, net Owner occupied term, net Multifamily, net Construction & development, net Residential development, net Commercial Term, net LOC & other, net Residential Mortgage, net Home equity loans & lines, net	Pass/Watch \$133,452 30,119 24,213 t1,117 492 3,753 4,630 22,175 19,043	Special Mention \$26,321 3,370 2,563 — 224 3,141	\$44,279 14,971 10,409 1,686 5,541 6,128 681	\$— 213 — 54		\$204,052 48,673 37,185 2,803 6,311 13,280 6,302 22,175 19,119
Commercial real estate Non-owner occupied term, net Owner occupied term, net Multifamily, net Construction & development, net Residential development, net Commercial Term, net LOC & other, net Residential Mortgage, net Home equity loans & lines, net Consumer & other, net	Pass/Watch \$133,452 30,119 24,213 t1,117 492 3,753 4,630 22,175 19,043	Special Mention \$26,321 3,370 2,563 — 224 3,141	\$44,279 14,971 10,409 1,686 5,541 6,128 681	\$— 213 — 54		\$204,052 48,673 37,185 2,803 6,311 13,280 6,302 22,175 19,119

FDIC Indemnification Asset

The Company has elected to account for amounts receivable under the loss-share agreements as an indemnification asset. The FDIC indemnification asset is initially recorded at fair value, based on the discounted value of expected future cash flows under the loss-share agreement. The difference between the present value and the undiscounted cash flows the Company expects to collect from the FDIC will be accreted into non-interest income over the life of the

FDIC indemnification asset.

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(in the assessments)

Subsequent to initial recognition, the FDIC indemnification asset is reviewed quarterly and adjusted for any changes in expected cash flows based on recent performance and expectations for future performance of the covered assets. These adjustments are measured on the same basis as the related covered loans and covered OREO. Any increases in cash flow of the covered assets over those expected will reduce the FDIC indemnification asset and any decreases in cash flow of the covered assets under those expected will increase the FDIC indemnification asset. Increases and decreases to the FDIC indemnification asset are recorded as adjustments to non-interest income. The resulting carrying value of the indemnification asset represents the amounts recoverable from the FDIC for future expected losses, and the amounts due from the FDIC for claims related to covered losses the Company has incurred less amounts due back to the FDIC relating to shared recoveries.

The following table summarizes the activity related to the FDIC indemnification asset for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013:

(in thousands)	Three Mon	ths ended	Nine Months Ended		
	September 30,		September 30,		
	2014	2013	2014	2013	
Balance, beginning of period	\$11,293	\$36,263	\$23,174	\$52,798	
Change in FDIC indemnification asset	(2,728) (6,474) (13,169) (19,841)
Transfers to due from FDIC and other	(754) (362) (2,194) (3,530)
Balance, end of period	\$7,811	\$29,427	\$7,811	\$29,427	

Note 7–Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets

The following tables summarize the changes in the Company's goodwill and other intangible assets for the year ended December 31, 2013, and the nine months ended September 30, 2014. Goodwill and all other intangible assets are related to the Community Banking segment.

C = = d---:11

(in thousands)	Goodwill	
	Accumulated	
	Gross Impairment Total	
Balance, December 31, 2012	\$781,106 \$(112,934)\$668,172	
Net additions	96,777 — 96,777	
Reductions	(644)— (644))
Balance, December 31, 2013	877,239 (112,934)764,305	
Net additions	1,021,102 — 1,021,102	
Reductions		
Balance, September 30, 2014	\$1,898,341 \$(112,934)\$1,785,407	

Goodwill represents the excess of the total purchase price paid over the fair value of the assets acquired, net of the fair values of liabilities assumed. Additional information on the acquisitions and purchase price allocations is provided in Note 2. The reduction to goodwill in 2013 of \$644,000 relates to purchase accounting adjustments.

(in thousands)	Other Intangible Assets			
		Accumula	ted	
	Gross	Amortizat	ion Net	
Balance, December 31, 2012	\$58,909	(41,750) \$17,159	
Net additions				
Amortization	_	(4,781)(4,781)
Balance, December 31, 2013	58,909	(46,531) 12,378	
Net additions	54,562		54,562	

Amortization — (7,105)(7,105)
Balance, September 30, 2014 \$113,471 \$(53,636)\$59,835

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Intangible additions in 2014 relate to the Merger and represent the value of the core deposits, which includes all deposits except certificates of deposit. The value of the core deposit intangible assets were determined by an analysis of the cost differential between the core deposits inclusive of estimated servicing costs and alternative funding sources. The core deposit intangible recorded in connection with the Merger will be amortized on an accelerated basis over a period of 10 years.

The Company conducts its annual evaluation of goodwill for impairment as of its year end of December 31. Goodwill and other intangibles are required to be analyzed for impairment if certain triggering events occur. During the nine months ended September 30, 2014, management determined that no trigger events occurred that required an impairment analysis. The table below presents the forecasted amortization expense for intangible assets acquired in all mergers:

(in thousands)

	Expected
Year	Amortization
Remainder of 2014	\$3,102
2015	11,225
2016	8,622
2017	6,756
2018	6,166
Thereafter	23,964
	\$59,835

Note 8 – Residential Mortgage Servicing Rights

The following table presents the changes in the Company's residential mortgage servicing rights ("MSR") for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013:

Three Months	Ended	Nine Months Ended		
September 30,		September 30,		
2014	2013	2014	2013	
\$114,192	\$38,192	\$47,765	\$27,428	
_		62,770	_	
8,813	4,072	16,583	15,182	
(672	3,406	(2,543)	3,739	
(3,608) (3,817	(5,850)	(4,496)	
\$118,725	\$41,853	\$118,725	\$41,853	
	Three Months September 30, 2014 \$114,192 — 8,813 (672 (3,608	Three Months Ended September 30, 2014 2013 \$114,192 \$38,192 8,813 4,072 (672) 3,406 (3,608) (3,817	Three Months Ended September 30, 2014 \$114,192 \$38,192 \$47,765 \$62,770 8,813 \$4,072 \$16,583 (672 3,406 (3,608) (3,817) (5,850	

⁽¹⁾ Principally reflects changes in discount rates and prepayment speed assumptions, which are primarily affected by changes in interest rates.

Information related to our residential mortgage serviced loan portfolio as of September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013 is as follows:

(dollars in thousands)	September 30, 2014	December 31, 2013
Balance of residential mortgage loans serviced for others	\$11,300,947	\$4,362,499
MSR as a percentage of serviced loans	1.05 %	1.09 %

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⁽²⁾ Represents changes due to collection/realization of expected cash flows over time.

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The amount of contractually specified servicing fees, late fees and ancillary fees earned, recorded in residential mortgage banking revenue, was \$6.2 million and \$14.5 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014, as compared to \$2.7 million and \$7.5 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013.

Key assumptions used in measuring the fair value of MSR as of September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013 are as follows:

	September 30, 20	14	December 31	, 2013
Constant prepayment rate	11.52	%	12.74	%
Discount rate	9.16	%	8.69	%
Weighted average life (years)	6.7		6.0	

A sensitivity analysis of the current fair value to changes in discount and prepayment speed assumptions as of September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013 is as follows:

(in thousands)	September 30, 2014	December 31, 2013	3
Constant prepayment rate	,	, , , ,	
* * ·	\$(4,822)	\$(2,255)
č		\$(4,323)
Discount rate			
	\$(4,722)	\$(1,832)
1		\$(3,534)

The sensitivity analysis presents the hypothetical effect on fair value of the MSR. The effect of such hypothetical change in assumptions generally cannot be extrapolated because the relationship of the change in an assumption to the change in fair value is not linear. Additionally, in the analysis, the impact of an adverse change in one assumption is calculated independent of any impact on other assumptions. In reality, changes in one assumption may change another assumption.

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Note 9 – Junior Subordinated Debentures

Following is information (dollars in thousands)	n about the Compa	any's wholly Issued	y-owned true Carrying	sts ("Trusts") as of Septer	mber 30, 20 Effective	014:
Trust Name AT FAIR VALUE:	Issue Date	Amount	Value (1)	Rate (2)	Rate (3)	Maturity Date
Umpqua Statutory Trust II	October 2002	\$20,619	\$15,028	Floating rate, LIBOR plus 3.35%, adjusted quarterly	4.92%	October 2032
Umpqua Statutory Trust III	October 2002	30,928	22,736	Floating rate, LIBOR plus 3.45%, adjusted quarterly	5.01%	November 2032
Umpqua Statutory Trust IV	December 2003	10,310	7,104	Floating rate, LIBOR plus 2.85%, adjusted quarterly	4.48%	January 2034
Umpqua Statutory Trust V	December 2003	10,310	7,081	Floating rate, LIBOR plus 2.85%, adjusted quarterly	4.49%	March 2034
Umpqua Master Trust I	August 2007	41,238	23,281	Floating rate, LIBOR plus 1.35%, adjusted quarterly	2.81%	September 2037
Umpqua Master Trust II	BSeptember 2007	20,619	13,684	Floating rate, LIBOR plus 2.75%, adjusted quarterly	4.50%	December 2037
Sterling Capital Trust II	I April 2003	14,433	11,075	Floating rate, LIBOR plus 3.25%, adjusted quarterly	4.55%	April 2033
Sterling Capital Trust IV	V May 2003	10,310	7,824	Floating rate, LIBOR plus 3.15%, adjusted quarterly	4.46%	May 2033
Sterling Capital Statutory Trust V	May 2003	20,619	15,708	Floating rate, LIBOR plus 3.25%, adjusted quarterly	4.57%	June 2033
Sterling Capital Trust V	I June 2003	10,310	7,802	Floating rate, LIBOR plus 3.20%, adjusted quarterly	4.54%	September 2033
Sterling Capital Trust VII	June 2006	56,702	33,170	Floating rate, LIBOR plus 1.53%, adjusted quarterly	3.00%	June 2036
Sterling Capital Trust VIII	September 2006	51,547	30,511	Floating rate, LIBOR plus 1.63%, adjusted quarterly	3.15%	December 2036
Sterling Capital Trust IX	X July 2007	46,392	26,334	Floating rate, LIBOR plus 1.40%, adjusted quarterly	2.88%	October 2037
Lynnwood Financial Statutory Trust I	March 2003	9,279	6,987	Floating rate, LIBOR plus 3.15%, adjusted quarterly	4.50%	March 2033
	June 2005	10,310	6,357		3.30%	June 2035

Lynnwood Financial Statutory Trust II				Floating rate, LIBOR plus 1.80%, adjusted quarterly		
Klamath First Capital Trust I	July 2001	15,464	12,846	Floating rate, LIBOR plus 3.75%, adjusted semiannually	4.91%	July 2031
		\$379,390	\$247,528	501111411114		
AT AMORTIZED COST:						
HB Capital Trust I	March 2000	\$5,310	\$6,175	10.875%	8.44%	March 2030
Humboldt Bancorp Statutory Trust I	February 2001	5,155	5,790	10.200%	8.41%	February 2031
Humboldt Bancorp Statutory Trust II	December 2001	10,310	11,231	Floating rate, LIBOR plus 3.60%, adjusted quarterly	3.04%	December 2031
Humboldt Bancorp Statutory Trust III	September 2003	27,836	30,246	Floating rate, LIBOR plus 2.95%, adjusted quarterly	2.50%	September 2033
CIB Capital Trust	November 2002	10,310	11,099	Floating rate, LIBOR plus 3.45%, adjusted quarterly	3.03%	November 2032
Western Sierra Statutory Trust I	July 2001	6,186	6,186	Floating rate, LIBOR plus 3.58%, adjusted quarterly	3.82%	July 2031
Western Sierra Statutory Trust II	December 2001	10,310	10,310	Floating rate, LIBOR plus 3.60%, adjusted quarterly	3.83%	December 2031
Western Sierra Statutory Trust III	September 2003	10,310	10,310	Floating rate, LIBOR plus 2.90%, adjusted quarterly	3.13%	September 2033
Western Sierra Statutory Trust IV	September 2003	10,310	10,310	Floating rate, LIBOR plus 2.90%, adjusted quarterly	3.13%	September 2033
	Total	96,037 \$475,427	101,657 \$349,185	-		
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Includes purchase accounting adjustments, net of accumulated amortization, for junior subordinated

- (1) debentures assumed in connection with previous mergers as well as fair value adjustments related to trusts recorded at fair value.
- (2) Contractual interest rate of junior subordinated debentures.
- (3) Effective interest rate based upon the carrying value as of September 30, 2014.

The Trusts are reflected as junior subordinated debentures in the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets. The common stock issued by the Trusts is recorded in other assets in the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets, and totaled \$14.3 million at September 30, 2014 and \$6.9 million at December 31, 2013. As of September 30, 2014, all of the junior subordinated debentures were redeemable at par, at their applicable quarterly or semiannual interest payment dates.

The Company selected the fair value measurement option for junior subordinated debentures originally issued by the Company (the Umpqua Statutory Trusts) and for junior subordinated debentures acquired from Sterling. Refer to Note 16 for discussion of the rational for election of fair value and the approach used to fair value the selected junior subordinated debentures.

Absent changes to the significant inputs utilized in the discounted cash flow model used to measure the fair value of these instruments, the discounts will reverse over time in a manner similar to the effective interest rate method as if these instruments were accounted for under the amortized cost method. Losses recorded resulting from the change in the fair value of these instruments were \$1.6 million and \$554,000 for the three months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013 and \$3.5 million and \$1.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013.

Note 10 – Commitments and Contingencies

Lease Commitments — As of September 30, 2014, the Bank leased 289 sites under non-cancelable operating leases. The leases contain various provisions for increases in rental rates, based either on changes in the published Consumer Price Index or a predetermined escalation schedule. Substantially all of the leases provide the Company with the option to extend the lease term one or more times following expiration of the initial term.

Rent expense for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 was \$9.8 million and \$23.6 million, respectively, and for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013 was \$4.9 million and \$14.2 million, respectively. Rent expense was partially offset by rent income for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 of \$170,000 and \$441,000, respectively, and for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013 of \$148,000 and \$596,000, respectively.

Financial Instruments with Off-Balance-Sheet Risk — The Company's financial statements do not reflect various commitments and contingent liabilities that arise in the normal course of the Bank's business and involve elements of credit, liquidity, and interest rate risk.

The following table presents a summary of the Bank's commitments and contingent liabilities:

(in thousands)	As of September 30,
(in thousands)	2014
Commitments to extend credit	\$2,899,299
Commitments to extend overdrafts	\$944,855
Forward sales commitments	\$383,413
Commitments to originate residential mortgage loans held for sale	\$226,946

Standby letters of credit

\$67,527

The Bank is a party to financial instruments with off-balance-sheet credit risk in the normal course of business to meet the financing needs of its customers. These financial instruments include commitments to extend credit, standby letters of credit and financial guarantees. Those instruments involve elements of credit and interest-rate risk similar to the risk involved in on-balance sheet items recognized in the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets. The contract or notional amounts of those instruments reflect the extent of the Bank's involvement in particular classes of financial instruments.

The Bank's exposure to credit loss in the event of nonperformance by the other party to the financial instrument for commitments to extend credit and standby letters of credit, and financial guarantees written, is represented by the contractual notional amount of those instruments. The Bank uses the same credit policies in making commitments and conditional obligations as it does for on-balance-sheet instruments.

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Commitments to extend credit are agreements to lend to a customer as long as there is no violation of any covenant or condition established in the applicable contract. Commitments generally have fixed expiration dates or other termination clauses and may require payment of a fee. Since many of the commitments are expected to expire without being drawn upon, the total commitment amounts do not necessarily represent future cash requirements. While most standby letters of credit are not utilized, a significant portion of such utilization is on an immediate payment basis. The Bank evaluates each customer's creditworthiness on a case-by-case basis. The amount of collateral obtained, if it is deemed necessary by the Bank upon extension of credit, is based on management's credit evaluation of the counterparty. Collateral varies but may include cash, accounts receivable, inventory, premises and equipment and income-producing commercial properties.

Standby letters of credit and financial guarantees written are conditional commitments issued by the Bank to guarantee the performance of a customer to a third party. These guarantees are primarily issued to support public and private borrowing arrangements, including international trade finance, commercial paper, bond financing and similar transactions. The credit risk involved in issuing letters of credit is essentially the same as that involved in extending loan facilities to customers. The Bank holds cash, marketable securities, or real estate as collateral supporting those commitments for which collateral is deemed necessary. The Bank was not required to perform on any financial guarantees during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 and September 30, 2013. At September 30, 2014, approximately \$48.6 million of standby letters of credit expire within one year, and \$18.9 million expire thereafter. Upon issuance, the Bank recognizes a liability equivalent to the amount of fees received from the customer for these standby letter of credit commitments. Fees are recognized ratably over the term of the standby letter of credit. The estimated fair value of guarantees associated with standby letters of credit was \$1.6 million as of September 30, 2014.

Residential mortgage loans sold into the secondary market are sold with limited recourse against the Company, meaning that the Company may be obligated to repurchase or otherwise reimburse the investor for incurred losses on any loans that suffer an early payment default, are not underwritten in accordance with investor guidelines or are determined to have pre-closing borrower misrepresentations. As of September 30, 2014, the Company had a residential mortgage loan repurchase reserve liability of \$3.5 million.

Legal Proceedings—The Bank owns 483,806 shares of Class B common stock of Visa Inc. which are convertible into Class A common stock at a conversion ratio of 0.4121 per Class A share. As of September 30, 2014, the value of the Class A shares was \$213.37 per share. Utilizing the conversion ratio, the value of unredeemed Class A equivalent shares owned by the Bank was \$42.5 million as of September 30, 2014, and has not been reflected in the accompanying financial statements. The shares of Visa Inc. Class B common stock are restricted and may not be transferred. Visa member banks are required to fund an escrow account to cover settlements, resolution of pending litigation and related claims. If the funds in the escrow account are insufficient to settle all the covered litigation, Visa Inc. may sell additional Class A shares and use the proceeds to settle litigation, thereby reducing the conversion ratio. If funds remain in the escrow account after all litigation is settled, the Class B conversion ratio will be increased to reflect that surplus.

On July 13, 2012, Visa Inc. announced that it had entered into a memorandum of understanding obligating it to enter into a settlement agreement to resolve the multi-district interchange litigation brought by the class plaintiffs in the matter styled In re Payment Card Interchange Fee and Merchant Discount Antitrust Litigation, Case No. 5-MD-1720 (JG) (JO) pending in the U.S. District Court for the Eastern District of New York. The claims originally were brought by a class of U.S. retailers in 2005. The settlement was approved by the court on December 13, 2013, but that decision is currently being appealed. Visa's share of the previously agreed settlement amount was approximately \$4.4 billion. The effect of this proposed settlement and pending appeal on the value of the Bank's Class B common stock is unknown at this time.

In the ordinary course of business, various claims and lawsuits are brought by and against the Company and its subsidiaries, including the Bank and Umpqua Investments. In the opinion of management, there is no pending or threatened proceeding in which an adverse decision could result in a material adverse change in the Company's consolidated financial condition or results of operations.

Concentrations of Credit Risk— The Bank grants real estate mortgage, real estate construction, commercial, agricultural and installment loans and leases to customers throughout Oregon, Washington, California, Idaho, and Nevada. In management's judgment, a concentration exists in real estate-related loans, which represented approximately 79% and 74% of the Bank's non-covered loan and lease portfolio at September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively. Commercial real estate concentrations are managed to assure wide geographic and business diversity. Although management believes such concentrations have no more than the normal risk of collectability, a substantial decline in the economy in general, material increases in interest rates, changes in tax policies, tightening credit or refinancing markets, or a decline in real estate values in the Bank's primary market areas in particular, could have an adverse impact on the repayment of these loans. Personal and

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business incomes, proceeds from the sale of real property, or proceeds from refinancing, represent the primary sources of repayment for a majority of these loans.

The Bank recognizes the credit risks inherent in dealing with other depository institutions. Accordingly, to prevent excessive exposure to any single correspondent, the Bank has established general standards for selecting correspondent banks as well as internal limits for allowable exposure to any single correspondent. In addition, the Bank has an investment policy that sets forth limitations that apply to all investments with respect to credit rating and concentrations with an issuer.

Note 11 – Derivatives

The Bank may use derivatives to hedge the risk of changes in the fair values of interest rate lock commitments, residential mortgage loans held for sale, and residential mortgage servicing rights. None of the Company's derivatives are designated as hedging instruments. Rather, they are accounted for as free-standing derivatives, or economic hedges, with changes in the fair value of the derivatives reported in income. The Company primarily utilizes forward interest rate contracts in its derivative risk management strategy.

The Bank enters into forward delivery contracts to sell residential mortgage loans or mortgage-backed securities to broker/dealers at specific prices and dates in order to hedge the interest rate risk in its portfolio of mortgage loans held for sale and its residential mortgage loan commitments. Credit risk associated with forward contracts is limited to the replacement cost of those forward contracts in a gain position. There were no counterparty default losses on forward contracts in the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013. Market risk with respect to forward contracts arises principally from changes in the value of contractual positions due to changes in interest rates. The Bank limits its exposure to market risk by monitoring differences between commitments to customers and forward contracts with broker/dealers. In the event the Company has forward delivery contract commitments in excess of available mortgage loans, the Company completes the transaction by either paying or receiving a fee to or from the broker/dealer equal to the increase or decrease in the market value of the forward contract. At September 30, 2014, the Bank had commitments to originate mortgage loans held for sale totaling \$226.9 million and forward sales commitments of \$383.4 million.

The Bank's mortgage banking derivative instruments do not have specific credit risk-related contingent features. The forward sales commitments do have contingent features that may require transferring collateral to the broker/dealers upon their request. However, this amount would be limited to the net unsecured loss exposure at such point in time and would not materially affect the Company's liquidity or results of operations.

The Bank executes interest rate swaps with commercial banking customers to facilitate their respective risk management strategies. Those interest rate swaps are simultaneously hedged by offsetting the interest rate swaps that the Bank executes with a third party, such that the Bank minimizes its net risk exposure. As of September 30, 2014, the Bank had 300 interest rate swaps with an aggregate notional amount of \$1.5 billion related to this program.

In connection with the interest rate swap program with commercial customers, the Bank has agreements with its derivative counterparties that contain a provision where if the Bank defaults on any of its indebtedness, including default where repayment of the indebtedness has not been accelerated by the lender, then the Bank could also be declared in default on its derivative obligations. The Bank also has agreements with its derivative counterparties that contain a provision where if the Bank fails to maintain its status as a well/adequately capitalized institution, then the counterparty could terminate the derivative positions and the Bank would be required to settle its obligations under the agreements. Similarly, the Bank could be required to settle its obligations under certain of its agreements if specific regulatory events occur, such as if the Bank were issued a prompt corrective action directive or a cease and desist order, or if certain regulatory ratios fall below specified levels. If the Bank had breached any of

these provisions at September 30, 2014, it could have been required to settle its obligations under the agreements at the termination value.

As of September 30, 2014, the termination value of derivatives in a net liability position, which includes accrued interest but excludes any adjustment for nonperformance risk, related to these agreements was \$21.0 million. The Bank has collateral posting requirements for initial or variation margins with its counterparties and has been required to post collateral against its obligations under these agreements of \$31.3 million and \$13.0 million as of September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively.

The Bank incorporates credit valuation adjustments ("CVA") to appropriately reflect nonperformance risk in the fair value measurement of its derivatives. As of September 30, 2014, the net CVA decreased the settlement values of the Bank's net derivative assets by \$1.4 million. During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014, the Bank recognized a gain of \$107,000 and a loss of \$2.9 million, respectively, and during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013, the Bank

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recognized a loss of \$738,000 and a gain of \$1.1 million, respectively related to CVA on nonhedge derivative instruments, which is included in noninterest income. Various factors impact changes in the CVA over time, including changes in the credit spreads of the parties to the contracts, as well as changes in market rates and volatilities, which affect the total expected exposure of the derivative instruments.

The following tables summarize the types of derivatives, separately by assets and liabilities, and the fair values of such derivatives as of September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013:

(in thousands)	Asset Derivatives		Liability Deriva	atives
Derivatives not designated	September 30,	December 31,	September 30,	December 31,
as hedging instrument	2014	2013	2014	2013
Interest rate lock commitments	\$2,180	\$706	\$ —	\$ —
Interest rate forward sales commitments	246	1,250	1,010	6
Interest rate swaps	18,963	15,965	20,276	14,556
Total	\$21,389	\$17,921	\$21,286	\$14,562

The fair values of the derivatives are recorded in other assets and other liabilities. The following table summarizes the types of derivatives and the gains (losses) recorded during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013:

(in thousands)	Three months ended	Nine Months Ended
Derivatives not designated	September 30,	September 30,
as hedging instrument	2014 2013	2014 2013
Interest rate lock commitments	\$(5,475) \$2,370	\$1,312 \$1,530
Interest rate forward sales commitments	1,788 (3,239) (14,228) 11,508
Interest rate swaps	107 (738) (2,893) 1,101
Total	\$(3,580) \$(1,607)	\$(15,809) \$14,139

The gains and losses on the Company's mortgage banking derivatives are included in mortgage banking revenue. The gains and losses on the Company's interest rate swaps are included in other income.

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The following table summarizes the derivatives that have a right of offset as of September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013:

(in thousands)				Gross Amour Offset in the Financial Pos	Statement of	
	Gross Amou of Recogniz Assets/Liabi	ed the	Net Amounts of Assets/Liabilitie presented in the Statement of Financial Position	s Financial Instruments	Collateral Posted	Net Amount
September 30, 2014 Derivative Assets						
Interest rate swaps Derivative Liabilities	\$ 18,963	\$ —	\$ 18,963	\$2,406	\$(15,946)	\$5,423
Interest rate swaps	\$ 20,276	\$—	\$ 20,276	\$2,406	\$(22,682)	\$—
December 31, 2013 Derivative Assets						
Interest rate swaps Derivative Liabilities	\$ 15,965	\$ —	\$ 15,965	\$(4,852	\$(2,207)	\$8,906
Interest rate swaps	\$ 14,556	\$ —	\$ 14,556	\$(4,852	\$(9,704)	\$—
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Note 12 – Shareholders' Equity and Stock Compensation

On April 18, 2014, the Company completed the Merger with Sterling. The details of the conversion of Sterling common stock, stock options, and restricted stock units are included in Note 2. The conversion resulted in the issuance of 104,385,087 shares of common stock, 994,214 restricted stock units, and 439,921 stock options granted. Additionally, the 2,960,238 outstanding Sterling warrants were converted into warrants exercisable to receive 1.671 shares of Umpqua stock per warrant, with an exercise price of \$12.88 as of the merger date. As of September 30, 2014, there were 3,025,886 warrants outstanding, with an exercise price of \$12.60. Adjustments to the number and exercise price of these outstanding warrants occurred in the second and third quarter of 2014, due to dividend distributions triggering an anti-dilutive provision.

At a special meeting on February 25, 2014, the Company's shareholders approved an amendment to the Company's articles of incorporation, effective on April 18, 2014, increasing the number of authorized shares of common stock to 400,000,000.

At the annual meeting on April 16, 2013, shareholders approved the Company's 2013 Incentive Plan (the "2013 Plan"), which, among other things, authorizes the issuance of equity awards to directors and employees and reserves 4,000,000 shares of the Company's common stock for issuance under the plan. With the adoption of the 2013 Plan, no additional awards will be issued from the 2003 Stock Incentive Plan or the 2007 Long Term Incentive Plan.

Stock-Based Compensation

The compensation cost related to stock options, restricted stock and restricted stock units (included in salaries and employee benefits) was \$3.7 million and \$8.8 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014, as compared to \$1.3 million and \$3.5 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013. The total income tax benefit recognized related to stock-based compensation was \$1.4 million and \$3.4 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 as compared to \$524,000 and \$1.4 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013. During the three months ended September 30, 2014, vesting was accelerated for certain restricted stock units and stock options issued in connection with the Sterling Merger, resulting in \$2.8 million of accelerated compensation expense which was recorded in merger related expense.

The following table summarizes information about stock option activity for the nine months ended September 30, 2014:

(in thousands, except per share data)	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014			
			Weighted-Avg	
	Options	Weighted-Avg	Remaining Contractual	Aggregate
	Outstanding	Exercise Price	Term (Years)	Intrinsic Value
Balance, beginning of period	981	\$16.17		
Granted/Assumed	440	\$12.12		
Exercised	(563	\$11.91		
Forfeited/expired	(42	\$19.28		
Balance, end of period	816	\$16.77	3.96	\$2,228
Options exercisable, end of period	680	\$17.69	3.26	\$1,638

The total intrinsic value (which is the amount by which the stock price exceeded the exercise price on the date of exercise) of options exercised during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 was \$241,000 and \$3.1 million, respectively, as compared to the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013 of \$630,000 and \$767,000, respectively.

During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014, the amount of cash received from the exercise of stock options was \$239,000 and \$4.5 million, as compared to the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013 of \$1.7 million and \$2.5 million. Total consideration was \$483,000 and \$6.7 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014, as compared to the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013 of \$1.7 million and \$2.5 million.

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The fair value of each option grant is estimated as of the grant date using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model. There were no stock options granted in the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and September 30, 2013. The following weighted average assumptions were used to determine the fair value of stock options grants assumed during the nine months ended September 30, 2014:

	Nine Months	Ended
	September 30	0,
	2014	
Dividend yield	3.25	%
Expected life (years)	6.79	
Expected volatility	31	%
Risk-free rate	0.91	%
Weighted average fair value of options on date of grant	\$3.22	

The Company grants restricted stock periodically for the benefit of employees and directors. Restricted shares issued prior to 2011 generally vest on an annual basis over five years. Restricted shares issued since 2011 generally vest over a three year period, subject to time or time plus performance vesting conditions. The following table summarizes information about nonvested restricted share activity for the nine months ended September 30, 2014:

(in thousands, except per share data)	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014		
	Restricted	Weighted	
	Shares	Average Grant	
	Outstanding	Date Fair Value	
Balance, beginning of period	992	\$12.79	
Granted/Assumed	839	\$17.33	
Released	(374	\$12.13	
Forfeited/expired	(66	\$14.37	
Balance, end of period	1,391	\$15.63	

The total fair value of restricted shares vested and released during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 was \$615,000 and \$7.0 million as compared to the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013 of \$108,000 and \$1.9 million.

The Company granted restricted stock units as a part of the 2007 Long Term Incentive Plan for the benefit of certain executive officers. In addition, the Company granted restricted stock units in connection with the acquisition of Sterling as replacement awards. Restricted stock unit grants may be subject to performance-based vesting as well as other approved vesting conditions. The total number of restricted stock units granted represents the maximum number of restricted stock units eligible to vest based upon the performance and service conditions set forth in the grant agreements.

(in thousands, except per share data)	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014		
	Restricted	Weighted	
	Stock Units	Average Grant	
	Outstanding	Date Fair Value	
Balance, beginning of period	95	\$10.41	
Granted/Assumed	1,024	\$18.34	
Released	(339	\$16.90	
Forfeited/expired	(49	\$18.58	
Balance, end of period	731	\$18.34	

As of September 30, 2014, there was \$425,000 of total unrecognized compensation cost related to nonvested stock options which is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 1.92 years. As of September 30, 2014, there was \$13.2 million of total unrecognized compensation cost related to nonvested restricted stock which is expected to be recognized over a

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weighted-average period of 1.50 years. As of September 30, 2014, there was \$9.3 million of total unrecognized compensation cost related to nonvested restricted stock units which is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 2.54 years, assuming expected performance conditions are met.

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014, the Company received income tax benefits of \$469,000 and \$6.2 million, respectively, as compared to the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013 of \$294,000 and \$1.1 million, respectively, related to the exercise of non-qualified employee stock options, disqualifying dispositions on the exercise of incentive stock options, the vesting of restricted shares and the vesting of restricted stock units. In the nine months ended September 30, 2014, the Company had net excess tax benefit (tax benefit resulting from tax deductions greater than the compensation cost recognized) of \$1.2 million, as compared to \$20,000 of net tax deficiencies (tax deficiency resulting from tax deductions greater than the compensation cost recognized) for the nine months ended September 30, 2013. Only gross excess tax benefits are classified as financing cash flows.

Note 13 – Income Taxes

The Company and its subsidiaries file income tax returns in the U.S. federal jurisdiction, as well as in the majority of states and in Canada. The Company acquired a \$276.8 million net deferred tax asset before purchase accounting adjustments in the Merger, including \$238.4 million of federal and state net operating loss ("NOL") and tax credit carry-forwards. The Merger triggered an "ownership change" as defined in Section 382 of the Internal Revenue Service Code ("Section 382"). As a result of being subject to Section 382, the Company will be limited in the amount of federal NOL carry-forwards that can be used annually to offset future taxable income. The Company believes it is more likely than not that it will be able to fully realize the benefit of its federal NOL carry-forwards. The Company also believes that it is more likely than not that the benefit from certain state NOL carry-forwards will not be realized and therefore has provided a valuation allowance of \$3.3 million against the deferred tax assets relating to these state NOL carry-forwards.

The Company had gross unrecognized tax benefits of \$2.6 million as of September 30, 2014, including \$2.0 million assumed in the Merger. If recognized, the unrecognized tax benefit would reduce the 2014 annual effective tax rate by 1.0%. During the three months and nine months ended September 30, 2014, the Company accrued \$44,000 and \$49,000, respectively, of interest relating to its liability for unrecognized tax benefits. Interest on unrecognized tax benefits is reported by the Company as a component of tax expense. As of September 30, 2014, the accrued interest related to unrecognized tax benefits was \$370,000, including \$128,000 assumed in the Merger.

Note 14 – Earnings Per Common Share

Nonvested share-based payment awards that contain nonforfeitable rights to dividends or dividend equivalents are participating securities and are included in the computation of earnings per share pursuant to the two-class method. The two-class method is an earnings allocation formula that determines earnings per share for each class of common stock and participating security according to dividends declared (or accumulated) and participation rights in undistributed earnings. Certain of the Company's nonvested restricted stock awards qualify as participating securities.

Net earnings is allocated between the common stock and participating securities pursuant to the two-class method. Basic earnings per common share is computed by dividing net earnings available to common shareholders by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period, excluding participating nonvested restricted shares.

Diluted earnings per common share is computed in a similar manner, except that first the denominator is increased to include the number of additional common shares that would have been outstanding if potentially dilutive common shares, excluding the participating securities, were issued using the treasury stock method. For all periods presented,

stock options, certain restricted stock awards and restricted stock units are the only potentially dilutive non-participating instruments issued by the Company. Next, we determine and include in diluted earnings per common share calculation the more dilutive effect of the participating securities using the treasury stock method or the two-class method. Undistributed losses are not allocated to the nonvested share-based payment awards (the participating securities) under the two-class method as the holders are not contractually obligated to share in the losses of the Company.

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The following is a computation of basic and diluted earnings per common share for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013:

(in thousands, except per share data)	Three Months I September 30, 2014	Ended 2013	Nine Months E September 30, 2014	nded 2013
NUMERATORS:	2011	2013	2011	2013
Net income	\$58,989	\$23,477	\$94,974	\$73,091
Less:				
Dividends and undistributed earnings allocated to participating securities (1)	142	196	338	576
Net earnings available to common shareholders	\$58,847	\$23,281	\$94,636	\$72,515
DENOMINATORS:				
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding - basic	217,245	111,912	175,627	111,934
Effect of potentially dilutive common shares (2)	1,696	283	1,029	220
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding - diluted	218,941	112,195	176,656	112,154
EARNINGS PER COMMON SHARE:				
Basic	\$0.27	\$0.21	\$0.54	\$0.65
Diluted	\$0.27	\$0.21	\$0.54	\$0.65

- (1) Represents dividends paid and undistributed earnings allocated to nonvested restricted stock awards.

 Represents the effect of the assumed exercise of stock options, vesting of non-participating restricted shares, and
- (2) vesting of restricted stock units and warrants that were converted into warrants exercisable for Umpqua common shares in connection with the Sterling acquisition, based on the treasury stock method.

The following table presents the weighted average outstanding securities that were not included in the computation of diluted earnings per common share because their effect would be anti-dilutive for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013.

(in thousands)	Three Mon	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	September	30,	September	30,	
	2014	2013	2014	2013	
Stock options	5	363	398	738	

Note 15 – Segment Information

The Company operates two primary segments: Community Banking and Home Lending. The Community Banking segment's principal business focus is the offering of loan and deposit products to business and retail customers in its primary market areas. As of September 30, 2014, the Community Banking segment operated 408 locations throughout Oregon, Washington, California, Idaho, and Nevada.

The Home Lending segment, which operates as a division of the Bank, originates, sells and services residential mortgage loans.

In the second quarter of 2014, the Company combined its Wealth Management segment into the Community Banking segment as Wealth Management no longer met the definition of an operating segment. The segment results for comparable periods have been modified to reflect the current period presentation.

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Summarized financial information concerning the Company's reportable segments and the reconciliation to the consolidated financial results is shown in the following tables:

consolidated infancial results is shown in the following tables.			
(in thousands)	Three Months	Ended September	r 30, 2014
	Community	Home	
	Banking	Lending	Consolidated
Interest income	\$219,268	\$20,255	\$239,523
Interest expense	12,003	1,804	13,807
Net interest income	207,265	18,451	225,716
Provision for non-covered loan and lease losses	14,431	_	14,431
Recapture of provision for covered loan losses	(98) —	(98)
Non-interest income	30,198	31,726	61,924
Non-interest expense	160,559	21,999	182,558
Income before income taxes	62,571	28,178	90,749
Provision for income taxes	21,898	9,862	31,760
Net income	40,673	18,316	58,989
Dividends and undistributed earnings allocated			
to participating securities	142	_	142
Net earnings available to common shareholders	\$40,531	\$18,316	\$58,847
(in thousands)	Nine Months I	Ended September	30, 2014
	Community	Home	
	Banking	Lending	Consolidated
Interest income	\$536,922	\$43,448	\$580,370
Interest expense	30,858	3,699	34,557
Net interest income	506,064	39,749	545,813
Provision for non-covered loan and lease losses	35,230		35,230
Recapture of provision for covered loan losses	(230) —	(230)
Non-interest income	62,663		