U.S. SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-QSB

(Mark One)

[X] QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2001

[ ] TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____________ to ______________.

Commission File Number 33-43423

NUWAY ENERGY, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

(Exact name of small business issuer as specified in its charter)

DELAWARE	65-0159115
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)	(IRS Employer Identification No.)

19100 Von Karman Ave, Ste 450
Irvine, CA 92612

(Address of principal executive offices)

(949) 553-8002

(Issuer's telephone number)

Check whether the issuer (1) filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act during the past 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes [X] No [ ]

Number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common equity, as of November 19, 2001: 4,245,100 shares of common stock, $0.00067 par value per share.

NUWAY ENERGY, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

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Accountants' Review Report

To the Board of Directors
NuWay Energy, Inc. and Subsidiaries

We have reviewed the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of NuWay Energy, Inc. and Subsidiaries as of September 30, 2001, and the related consolidated statements of operations, changes in stockholders' equity and cash flows for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2001 and 2000 in accordance with the Statements for Accounting and Review Services issued by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. All information included in these financial statements is the representation of the management of NuWay Energy, Inc.

A review consists principally of inquiries of company personnel and analytical procedures applied to financial data. It is substantially less in scope than an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, the objective of which is the expression of an opinion regarding the financial statements taken as a whole. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

Based on our review, we are not aware of any material modifications that should be made to the accompanying financial statements in order for them to be in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

The balance sheet for the year ended December 31, 2000 was audited by us and we expressed an unqualified opinion on it in our report dated March 15, 2001, but we have not performed any auditing procedures since that date.

Shubitz Rosenbloom & Co., P.A.

Miami, Florida
November 6, 2001

NUWAY ENERGY, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2001 AND DECEMBER 31, 2000

ASSETS

	September 30, 2001	D
CURRENT ASSETS		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	$ 1,435,043	$
Accounts Receivable, Less $150,000 of Allowance for Doubtful Accounts in 2001 and 2000	1,203,665	
Inventory	515,860	
Prepaid Expenses and Other Current Assets	132,345	
Total Current Assets	3,286,913	
PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT - NET	3,151,566	
OTHER ASSETS		
Deposits	123,473	
Working Interest in Oil and Gas Investment	1,530,582	
Other Assets	46,776	
Total Other Assets	1,700,831	
TOTAL ASSETS	$ 8,139,310	$

LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

CURRENT LIABILITIES		
Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses	$ 691,253	$
Debentures Payable net of deferred debt issuance costs of $16,125 and $64,500 in 2001 and 2000	3,483,875	
Total Current Liabilities	4,175,128	
COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES	-	
Total Liabilities	4,175,128	
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Common Stock, $.00067 Par Value 15,000,000 Shares Authorized, 4,225,000 Shares Issued, 4,180,100 Shares Outstanding and		

44,900 Shares held as Treasury Stock at September 30, 2001 and 4,221,600 shares outstanding and 3,400 shares held as Treasury Stock at December 31, 2000	2,831	
Additional Paid-In Capital	10,993,937	
Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income(Loss)	(519,972)	
Retained Earnings (Deficit)	(6,387,379)	
Treasury Stock, at cost	(125,235)	
Total Stockholders' Equity	3,964,182	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	$ 8,139,310	$

Read accountants' review report and notes to financial statements.

NUWAY ENERGY, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2001 AND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2000

	Common Stock						
	Number of Shares	Par Value $.00067	Additional Paid-In Capital	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)	Retained Earnings (Deficit)	Treasury Stock	Comp Inco
BALANCE JANUARY 1,2000	3,300,000	$ 2,211	$9,919,557	($415,193)	($ 1,628,601)	$ 5,235	$
ADJUSTMENT FOR FOREIGN CURRENCY TRANSLATIONS	-	-	-	(145,133)	-	-	(1
EXERCISE OF STOCK OPTIONS	725,000	486	724,514	-	-	-	
STOCK ISSUED AS COMPENSATION	200,000	134	349,866	-	-	-	
NET (LOSS) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2000	-	-	-	-	(2,116,823)	-	(2,1
BALANCE DECEMBER 31, 2000	4,225,000	2,831	10,993,937	(560,326)	(3,745,424)	5,235	

Comprehensive Income

(Loss) For The Year Ended December 31, 2000							($2,2
ADJUSTMENT FOR FOREIGN CURRENCY TRANSLATIONS	-	-	-	40,354	-	-	$
Acquisition of 41,500 Shares of Treasury Stock	-	-	-	-	-	$120,000	
NET (LOSS) FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED September 30, 2001	-	-	-	-	(2,641,955)	-	($2,6
BALANCE SEPTEMBER 30, 2001	4,225,000	$ 2,831	$10,993,937	($ 519,972)	($ 6,387,379)	$125,235	
Comprehensive Income (Loss) For The Nine Months Ended September 30, 2001							($2,6

Read accountants review report and notes to financial statements.

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NUWAY ENERGY, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

	THREE MONTHS ENDED September 30,		NINE MONTHS ENDED September 30,	
	2001	2000	2001	2000
Revenues				
Rental Income	$ 109,034	$ 152,609	$ 374,752	$ 557,712
Sales of Cigars	50,995	36,614	122,770	111,846
Total Revenues	160,029	189,223	497,522	669,558
Costs and Expenses				
Impairment Charges	-	-	411,071	-
Selling, General & Administration	1,343,890	494,542	2,688,076	1,557,643

Depreciation	36,686	29,685	87,555	91,539
Costs of Cigar Sales	34,628	17,195	77,944	81,646
Total Cost and Expenses	1,415,204	541,422	3,264,646	1,730,828
Operating Income (Loss)	(1,255,175)	(352,199)	(2,767,124)	(1,061,270)
Interest Income	23,352	1,668	125,129	27,425
Income (Loss) Before Income Taxes	(1,231,823)	(350,531)	(2,641,955)	(1,033,845)
Income Taxes (Provision) Benefit	-	-	-	-
Net Income (Loss)	($1,231,823)	($350,531)	($2,641,955)	($1,033,845)
Earnings (Loss) Per Common Share and Common Share Equivalent - Basic and Fully Diluted				
Common Share Equivalent Outstanding	4,214,683	3,296,600	4,219,294	3,296,600
Net Income (Loss)	($.29)	($.11)	($.63)	($.31)

Read accountants' review report and notes to financial statements.

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NUWAY ENERGY, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2001 AND 2000

	2001	2000
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Net Income (Loss)	($2,641,955)	($1,033,845)
Adjustments to Reconcile Net Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:		
Additional officers compensation as a reduction Of notes receivables officer	-	115,000
Depreciation	87,555	91,539
Asset Impairment Charges	411,071	-
Amortization of Deferred Debt Issuance Costs	48,372	-
Loss on Sale of Fixed Assets	14,936	69,867

Changes in Assets - (Increase) Decrease:		
Accounts Receivable	178,717	139,114
Prepaid Expenses and Other Current Assets	4,377	39,069
Inventory of Cigars	23,700	75,550
Changes in Liabilities - Increase (Decrease):		
Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses	500,550	(19,468)
Net Cash Provided by (Used In) Operating Activities	(1,372,679)	(523,174)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		
Investment in oil and gas venture	(1,530,582)	-
Proceeds on Sale of Fixed Assets	152,561	250,893
Fixed Assets, Other	(44,894)	(9,070)
Other Assets	(112,432)	14,150
Acquisition of Treasury Stock	(120,000)	-
Net Cash Provided By (Used by)Investing Activities	(1,655,347)	255,973
Effect of Exchange Rate Changes on Cash and Cash Equivalents	40,354	(174,194)
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(2,987,672)	(441,395)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - BEGINNING	4,422,715	800,224
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - ENDING	$ 1,435,043	$ 358,829
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF CASH FLOWS INFORMATION:		
Cash Paid During the Period for:		
Interest	$ 6,460	$ 14,592
Income Taxes, Foreign	$ -	$ -

Read accountants' review report and notes to financial statements.

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NUWAY ENERGY, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2001 AND DECEMBER 31, 2000

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A Business and Organization

NuWay Energy, Inc. (formerly Latin American Casinos, Inc.) is a Delaware corporation incorporated on September 19, 1991 (See Note 11). In 1994, the company entered in the gaming and casino business, primarily in Peru and other Latin American countries renting casino type slot machines and other gaming equipment.

In 1994, the company formed a Peruvian subsidiary; in 1995, the company formed a Colombian subsidiary and in 1997, the company formed a subsidiary in Nicaragua (which has subsequently been liquidated) that are in the gaming and casino business in Latin America (See Note 9C). The operations include the renting of casino slot machines and other gaming equipment to casino operators. As of September 30, 2001, the company had originally acquired approximately 8,000 slot machines, approximately 3,000 of which have been acquired for parts and other related equipment, at a total cost of $3,818,175 including applicable costs for transportation, duty and refurbishing (See Note 2).

In July 2001 the company formed a Nevada and Canadian subsidiary to enter into the field of oil and gas exploration. In August and September 2001 these subsidiaries purchased working interests in two different projects in Canada.

B Principles of Consolidation

The accompanying consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the company and its wholly-owned subsidiaries, Latin American Casinos Del Peru S.A. (formerly known as Latin America Casinos, Inc. S.A.) a Peruvian Corporation and Latin American Casinos of Colombia LTDA, a Colombian Corporation. Effective September 23, 1997, The company incorporated World's Best Rated Cigar Company (World) as a wholly-owned subsidiary of NuWay Energy, Inc. to distribute quality cigars. It was originally intended that the company would market premium cigars at "off price", and would acquire quality cigars from six South American producers and market them through large retail chains, initially on a consignment basis. The cigar operations have been slower than originally anticipated and as of September 30, 2001, the company had expended approximately $1,190,000 in regard to the cigar operations. Such expenditures have been included in the accompanying consolidated financial statements as follows:

Cash and cash Equivalents	$ 5,000
Accounts Receivable	35,000
Prepaid and Other Current Assets	5,000
Inventory	516,000
Fixed Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation	68,000
Other Assets	3,000
Aggregate Accumulated Deficit	558,000
Total Investment	$1,190,000

In year 2001 the company incorporated NuWay Resource, Inc., a Nevada Corporation and NuWay Resources of Canada, Ltd., a Canadian Company. These corporations were formed to pursue opportunities in the oil and gas exploration industry.

Read accountants' review report.

NUWAY ENERGY, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2001, AND DECEMBER 31, 2000

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

As of September 30, 2001 the company has invested approximately $1,850,000 in NuWay Resources, Inc. and NuWay Resources of Canada, Ltd. Such expenditures have been included in the accompanying financial statement as follows:

Cash and Cash Equivalents	$ 294,000
Working interest in an oil and gas venture	1,531,000
Aggregate Accumulated Deficit	25,000
Total Investment	$1,850,000

As of September 30, 2001 the working interest is the oil and gas venture has not generated any cash flow; however, the company anticipates cash flows to be generated in the forth quarter.

All material intercompany transactions, balance and profits have been eliminated.

C Property and Equipment

Property and Equipment are stated at cost. Depreciation is provided on accelerated and straight-line methods over the estimated useful lives of the respective assets. Maintenance and repairs are charged to expense as incurred; major renewals and betterments are capitalized. When items of property or equipment are sold or retired, the related cost and accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts and any gain or loss is included in the results of operations. The company records a charge to operations for an impairment loss when the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its fair value based on the available circumstance including current replacement values.

D Revenue Recognition

Revenue is recognized monthly on the rental of slot machines as the slot machines are placed in service. Typical rental arrangements for slot machines are for one year or less in duration with consistent rent income earned over the life of the lease. As a general rule the company does not incur any significant direct costs with the inception of a lease. All leasing expense, payroll and maintenance of equipment are charged to operations as incurred. Revenue on the sale of cigars are recorded when customer orders are shipped. The cost of cigar sales represents the direct cost of the product sold.

E Statement of Cash Flows

For purposes of this statement, the company considers all liquid investments purchased with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

Read accountants' review report.

NUWAY ENERGY, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2001, AND DECEMBER 31, 2000

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

F Income (Loss) Per Common Share

Basic earnings per common share and common share equivalent were computed by dividing net (loss) by the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding during the period. Fully diluted earnings per share was calculated based on the assumption that the increase in the number of common shares assumed outstanding on conversion are reduced by the number of common shares that are assumed to be purchased with the proceeds from the exercise of the incentive stock options. During 2001 and 2000 all warrants, stock options and underwriters warrants (Notes 4, 5, 6, 7) were anti-dilutive, and excluded from the computation of basic and diluted earnings (loss) per share. In the future, these warrants, stock options, and underwriter warrants could be dilutive and as such future earnings per share could be diluted by 7,607,496 additional shares.

G Significant Concentration of Credit Risk

The company has concentrated its credit risk for cash by maintaining deposits in banks located within the same geographic region. The maximum loss that would have resulted from risk totaled $1,297,000 and $4,320,000 as of September 30, 2001 and December 31, 2000 for the excess of the deposit liabilities reported by the bank over the amounts that would have been covered by federal deposit insurance.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

H Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and revenues and expenses during the period reported. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Estimates are used when accounting for uncollectible accounts receivable, obsolescence, equipment depreciation and amortization, taxes, among others.

I Foreign Currency Translation

For most international operations, assets and liabilities are translated into U.S. dollars at year-end exchange rates, and revenues and expenses are translated at average exchange rates prevailing during the year. Translation adjustments, resulting from fluctuations in exchange rates are recorded as a separate component of shareholders' equity, as other comprehensive income (loss).

J Inventories

Inventory of cigars and related material are stated at the lower of average cost or market.

K Valuation of Company's Stock Options and Warrants

Based on the volatility of the company's stock price it is the company's policy not to record compensation upon the issue of options and warrants. No compensation was recorded with re-pricing of options and warrants due to the fact that the re-priced options and warrants exceeded the market value of the stock, the high volatility of the price of the common stock and the consistent corporate losses.

Read accountants' review report.

NUWAY ENERGY, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2001, AND DECEMBER 31, 2000

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

L Advertising

The company expenses all advertising costs as incurred. Included in the statement of operations is approximately $100,000 and $73,000 advertising expense charged to operations for the nine months ended September 30, 2001 and 2000, respectively. Substantially all advertising expenses incurred were the result of barter transactions.

M Reclassifications

Certain amounts reported in prior financial statements have been reclassified to conform to current classifications.

Note 2. Property and Equipment

Property and Equipment are summarized as follows:

	September 30 2001	December 31, 2000
Land & Building (See Note 10)	$ 75,000	$ 335,363
Rental Equipment (See Note 10)	3,818,175	4,197,282
Leasehold Improvements	19,894	26,027
Furniture, Fixtures & Office Equipment	185,008	141,914
Transportation Equipment	2,844	48,510
Total	4,100,921	4,749,096
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	949,355	976,301
Property and Equipment - Net	$ 3,151,566	$ 3,772,795

The estimated useful lives of property and equipment, is as follows:

Rental Equipment	5-7 years
Special Use Buildings	10 years
Commercial Buildings	30 years
Leasehold Improvements	7 years
Furniture, Fixtures and Office Equipment	5-7 years
Transportation Equipment	5 years

Included in Rental Equipment is approximately $3,000,000 of parts and supplies purchased or obtained from other machines previously disassembled for parts.

Rent expense for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2001 were $167,000 and $55,000, respectively. Rent expense for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2000 were $70,000 and $22,000, respectively.

The company had leased the land and building it owned in Miami for $1,200 per month, on a month to month basis. The property was sold in 2001 (See Note 10).

Read accountants' review report.

Note 3. Warrants and Options

At June 30, 2001 the company has outstanding 1,725,000 five year publicly traded warrants that were issued as part of the company's initial public offering to purchase one share of the company's common stock at an exercise price of $3.00 by December 11, 2001. In December 2000 the Board of Directors authorized the issuance of an additional 3,300,000 private five year stock warrants to acquire common stock at $1.75 per share (See Note 7). The issuance of a portion of the private warrants (1,500,000) were part of the arrangement with the executive officers of the corporation who each also received 100,000 shares of restricted common stock. Compensation had been recorded on the arrangement equal to the market value of the total restricted common stock issued of 200,000 shares at $1.50 per share, $350,000, in year 2000.

Note 4. Investment Banker Warrants

Effective June 5, 1998, the company contracted with an investment banker to provide on a non-exclusive basis to the company assistance in possible mergers, acquisitions and internal capital structuring. The duration of the contract is for five years. In consideration for these services, the company granted warrants to purchase an aggregate of 225,000 shares of common stock at the closing bid price of $1.875 as of June 5, 1998, which can be exercised through June 5, 2003. Effective February 8, 2000, the Board of Directors reduced the exercise price to $1.06, which was the closing price of the stock at that date (See Note 7). At the date of issuance and subsequent re-pricing date the warrant price equaled or exceeded the market value of the corporate stock. Based on the volatility of the price of the common stock and the consistent corporation losses no value was recorded upon the issue of the warrants or subsequent re-pricing of warrants.

Note 5. Incentive Stock Option Plan

On June 13, 1994, the Board of Directors adopted the 1994 Stock Option Plan in which the aggregate number of shares for which options may be granted under the Plan shall not exceed 1,000,000 shares. The term of each option shall not exceed ten years from the date of granting (five years for options granted to employees owning more than 10% of the outstanding shares of the voting stock of the company). The 1991 plan became effective on September 30, 1991 and was terminated in March, 1999. The 1994 plan became effective on June 13, 1994 and will terminate in June, 2004, unless terminated earlier by action of the Board of Directors. In December, 1995, the company authorized the issuance under the 1994 Stock Option Plan of 492,500 options at an exercise price of $2.50 per share to various officers and employees. On March 6, 1997 the company authorized the issuance of an additional 415,000 options at an exercise price of $2.50 to various officers and employees. In June, 1999, the company increased the shares allocated to the plan to 1,500,000. Effective December 31, 1998, the company ratified the repricing of the employee stock options to $1.00 per share and simultaneously authorized the issuance of 85,000 options at an exercise price of $1.00 per share and canceled 10,000 options issued in 1995 at $2.50 per share. Effective February, 2000 the company issued 35,000 options at an exercise price of $1.06 and in December, 2000 the company issued 80,000 options at a $1.75 exercise price.(See Note 7)

Read accountants' review report.

Note 5. Incentive Stock Options Outstanding (Continued)

	Amount	Price Per Share
Options Outstanding at January 1, 2000	$ 932,500	$1.00
Additional Options Issued	35,000	$1.06
Additional Options Issued	80,000	$1.75
Options Lapsed	(85,000)	$1.00
Options Exercised	(725,000)	$1.00
Options Outstanding at December 31, 2000 and September 30, 2001	$ 237,500	

Note 6. Debentures

In December 2000 the company, through a private placement issued $3,500,000 principle amount of 6% convertible debentures. These debentures were due June 13, 2001 and were extended to December 13, 2001 and are convertible into common stock at an exercise price of $1.75 per share. Included in accounts payable and accrued expenses in the accompanying financial statements is approximately $184,000 of accrued interest on these debentures. The interest on these debentures are payable either in cash or in additional shares of common stock, at the discretion of the company (see Note 7). The company incurred approximately $64,500 of costs in regard to this private placement. The debt issuance costs are being amortized over the life of the debentures. Included as part of selling general & administration expenses in the statement of operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2001 is $16,125 and $48,375 amortization of deferred debt issuance costs.

Note 7. SEC Registration Statement

In July 2001 the company filed a registration statement with the Securities and Exchange Commission to register 7,229,608 shares of common stock of the corporation. These shares represent substantially all the convertible shares outstanding from options, warrants and debentures. In addition, certain shareholders have included in the registration legend stock they currently own. The estimated cost incurred with the registration statement, has been included as part of selling, general and administration expenses in the accompanying statements.

Note 8. Provision of Income Taxes

As of September 30, 2001 the company had available for income tax purposes unused net operating loss carryforwards which may provide future tax benefits of $6,425,000 expiring through the year 2021. No valuation allowance has been provided for unremitted foreign profits. No provision had been provided for deferred taxes in the accompanying financial statements. The current provision for taxes, if any, are based on tax provisions of foreign operations.

Note 9. Commitments and Contingencies

A Litigation

The company is a defendant from time to time on claims and lawsuits arising out of the normal course of its business, none of which are expected to have a material adverse effect on its business, operations, financial position, or corporate liquidity.

Read accountants' review report.

NUWAY ENERGY, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2001, AND DECEMBER 31, 2000

Note 9. Commitments and Contingencies (Continued)

B Employment Agreements

In January 1997, the company entered into a five year employment agreement with Lloyd Lyons, the company's Chief Executive Officer at the time, which provided for an annual salary commencing January, 1997 of $275,000. The agreement provided that in the event of either a merger, consolidation, sale or conveyance of substantially all the assets of the company which results in his discharge, he would be entitled to 200% of the balance of payments remaining under the contract. The contract provided for the salary continuation for a period of two years after the death of Mr. Lyons. In January 2000, Mr. Lyons passed away and effective August 2, 2000 the company amended its employment contract with his surviving widow and primary beneficiary of his Estate (Geraldine Lyons, the company's Chief Financial Officer and Secretary) where-in the salary continuation clause included in his contract was replaced with a severance arrangement which requires the company to pay Mrs. Lyons $100,000 over a one year period commencing on the first month following her termination from her employment with the company and upon her termination she is to receive 100,000 shares of common stock pursuant to an amendment to her employment agreement. The amended employment agreement will obligate the company to register these shares and reimburse her for the difference in the gross proceeds upon the sale of such shares and $300,000, regardless of the time she holds such shares. Upon Mrs. Lyons termination, the company will record additional compensation at the greater of the then market price of the company stock or the guaranteed price stipulated in her contract. The agreement further provides that Mrs. Lyons remain in the employment of the company for at least four months following the amendment of her contract. The contract revisions further provided that Mr. Lyons loan of $115,000 be recorded as additional compensation, as required by the officer compensation agreement. Effective October 31, 2001 Mrs. Lyons tendered her resignation (See note 11).

In January 2000 the company entered into two additional employment contracts, with the company president and the officer in charge of Latin American Operations, both for the duration of two years and provides that company be obligated for an aggregate compensation of

$115,000 in year 2000 and $126,500 in year 2001. Effective August 2, 2000 both of these employment contracts were amended to reflect upon termination from employment these individuals would also be entitled to nine months of compensation and will receive in the aggregate 35,000 shares of common stock which the company has agreed to reimburse the respective employees the difference between the gross proceeds they receive upon sale and $105,000, regardless of the term the employees hold such shares. Upon termination of the employee's contract the company will record additional compensation at the greater of the market price of the company stock or the guaranteed price stipulated in the contract.

The company entered into two additional one-year employment agreements with the Chief Operating Officer and the Chief Executive Officer, requiring the company issue 100,000 shares of stock and 750,000 warrants to purchase additional common stock at $1.75 per share, individually. Compensation was recorded on the arrangement equal to the then market value of the restricted stock, $350,000, in year 2000.

Read accountants' review report

Note 9. Commitments and Contingencies (Continued)

C Foreign Assets

The accompanying consolidated balance sheets include assets relating to the company's slot machine rental operations in Peru and Colombia of $3,200,000 and $970,000, respectively. Although these countries are considered politically and economically stable, it is possible that unanticipated events in foreign countries could disrupt the company's operations. In that regard, the company was informed that in Peru an excise tax has been instituted effective October 1, 1996, on the leases of gaming equipment. The company with others in the industry negotiated with the appropriate governmental agencies and have had the excise tax significantly curtailed. In addition, a significant portion of the company's inventory in cigars is being stored in South America awaiting instructions to deliver them to the Miami location. Revenue from rental operations is entirely earned in Colombia and Peru. In addition, the consolidated balance sheets include assets relating to the company's Canadian investment in a working interest in oil and gas operations of approximately $1,850,000.

D Lease Commitment

The company had been obligated for a three year lease for its Miami office premises, which expired in September, 2001 and required monthly rent of $2,500. This lease has not been renewed. In addition, the company was obligated for a two year lease for its warehouse space, at a monthly rent of $1,400. This lease expired; however, the company has negotiated an arrangement whereby the original term of the lease remains intact and can be terminated by either party with three month notification. The company is also obligated for an office lease at its California facility. This lease requires monthly rentals of $7,670 through March, 2002. All other leases are of short duration or are on a month to month arrangement. Future minimum payments required as of September 30, 2001 on all non-cancelable leases in effect that are one year in duration or longer, are as follows:

Year	Amount
2001	$ 23,010
2002	23,010
Total	$ 46,020

Read accountants' review report

NUWAY ENERGY, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2001, AND DECEMBER 31, 2000

Note 10. Impairment Charges

In March 2001, the company sold its Miami property for an aggregate consideration of $139,000 and recorded an additional loss on disposition of $64,000. In addition, the company recorded a reduction in value for certain slot machine parts of $194,000 and recorded gaming equipment impairment costs of $100,000. The impairment costs associated with the sale of the Miami property is a result of prior environmental costs which had been capitalized and unanticipated closing costs on the sale. The impairment costs associated with gaming equipment parts was the result of non usable parts previously recorded as part of slot machine fixed asset costs on the accompanying balance sheet. The impairment costs on the gaming equipment of $100,000 was the result of management's on-going valuation as to the utility of gaming equipment in conjunction with decreased volume of operations.

In February, 2001 the company announced that it had entered into a non binding letter of intent to merge with Digital Convergence Corporation, a privately held California company. The merger discussions were terminated in May, 2001 and the company recorded $52,000 as an additional asset impairment cost.

Note 11. Subsequent Event

Effective October 29, 2001 Mrs. Lyons resigned her position as Acting Chief Financial Officer and Secretary of the company, and the company named Joseph Tawil as acting Chief Financial Officer and William Bossung as Secretary. On such date the Company also named Todd Sanders as President of the Company and Jeffrey Felder was named President of

Cigar and Casino Operations. Based upon the terms of her contract severance payments of $350,000 have been accrued in the accompanying financial statement and will be paid monthly at the rate of $8,333 per month. In addition, her contract requires that she receive 100,000 shares of stock. Upon issuance of the stock the company will record additional compensation equal to the then fair market value of the stock. In the accompanying financial statement the stock value was accrued at 2.50 per share.

Read accountants' review report.

NUWAY ENERGY, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2001, AND DECEMBER 31, 2000

Note 12. Operating Segments Three And Nine Months Ended September 30, 2001

Three Months Ended September 30, 2001

	Total	Cigars Operations	Gaming Equipment	Oil & Gas
Revenues	$ 160,029	$ 50,995	$ 109,034	$ 0
Costs & Expenses				
Cost of Product Sold	34,628	34,628	0	0
Direct Overhead Cost	327,536	64,631	237,467	25,438
Allocated Overhead Costs	1,016,394	279,949	739,445	0
Depreciation	36,686	2,601	29,485	0
Assets Impairment Costs	0	0	0	0
Total Costs and Expenses	1,415,244	378,809	1,006,397	25,438
Operating Income (Loss)	($1,255,215)	($ 327,814)	($ 897,363)	($ 25,438)

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2001

	Total	Cigars Operations	Gaming Equipment	Oil & Gas
Revenues	$ 497,522	$ 122,770	$ 374,752	$ 0

Costs & Expenses				
Cost of Product Sold	77,944	77,944	0	0
Direct Overhead Cost	904,910	145,716	733,756	25,438
Allocated Overhead Cost	1,783,166	440,019	1,343,147	0
Depreciation	87,555	7,803	71,652	0
Assets Impairment Cost	411,071	0	347,071	0
Total Costs and Expenses	3,264,646	671,482	2,495,626	25,438
Operating Income Loss	($2,767,124)	($ 548,712)	($ 120,874)	(25,438)
Total Assets	$ 8,139,310	$ 631,010	$ 4,347,895	$ 1,824,662

The company allocates indirect overhead expenses to specific segments in proportion to the revenues earned by that segment.

Through September 30, 2001 the company has not earned any revenues from its oil and gas venture: however, it anticipates that it will begin earning revenue from oil and gas in the last quarter of the year.

Read accountants' review report.

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATION

General

In August 2001 Latin American Casinos, Inc., changed its name to NuWay Energy, Inc. to reflect the new direction of the Company. The Company has entered the oil and gas industries in Canada via the formation of subsidiaries in Alberta Canada and Nevada U.S. The Company is continuing to explore potential acquisitions in the energy field without disturbing its current business operations.

In 2001 the Company formed two subsidiaries, NuWay Resources, Inc., a Nevada Corporation, and NuWay Resources of Canada, Ltd., a Canadian company. As of September 30, 2001 the Company has invested approximately $1,850,000 in these subsidiaries.

In August 2001 the Company, through it's Canadian Subsidiary, purchased a 30% working interest from Westlinks Resources Ltd in the Superb area of Saskatchewan, Canada. In September 2001, the Company, through it's Canadian Subsidiary, purchased a 20% working interest from Westlinks Resources, Ltd's Altares gas project in Northeast British Columbia.

Since January 1995, the Company has been engaged in the renting of slot machines and other gaming equipment to licensed gaming establishments in various cities through its wholly owned subsidiaries in South and Central America. In 1994, the Company formed its Peruvian subsidiary in late 1995 the Company formed its Colombian subsidiary.

As of September 30, 2001, the Company had approximately 950 machines under rental contracts in Peru and Colombia.

The Company currently concentrates its efforts on the rental of used slot machines. These machines were purchased at a fraction of the cost of new machines and are refurbished for use in South and Central America. Whereas a new slot machine would cost approximately $10,000 plus additional charges for duty, the used slot machines cost approximately $700 each including freight, duty, and refurbishing expenditures.

In September 1997, the Company incorporated World's Best Rated Cigar Company, as a wholly owned subsidiary, to distribute premium cigars. It was originally intended that the company would acquire quality cigars from six manufacturers and market them at "off price" through large retail chains. In February 2000, the marketing strategy was modified to include selling directly to consumers through our web site, www.worldsbestrated.com, and our toll free number.

Results of Operations

Revenues from the rental of slot machines in Peru and Colombia for the three months ended September 30, 2001 decreased by $43,500 or 29%, to $109,000 from $152,600 for the same period in 2000. The Company's revenues from cigar sales were $51,000 in the third quarter of 2001 as compared to sales of $36,600, an increase of 39% for the same period in 2000.

Revenues from the rental of slot machines in Peru and Colombia for the nine months ended September 30, 2001 decreased by $182,900 or 33%, to $374,800 from $557,700 for the comparable period in 2000. The Company's revenues from cigar sales were $122,800 for the nine months ended September 30, 2001 as compared to sales of $111,800 for the same period in 2000 or an increase in revenues of 10%.

As of September 30, 2001, the Company's interest in oil and gas ventures has not generated any revenue; however, the company anticipates revenues will be generated in the forth quarter.

The decrease in slot machine revenue was the result of the overall weakness of the economy in South America. Additionally, the decrease was due in part to continued concerns over government-mandated obsolescence, political changes, increased competition as well as the devaluation of foreign currency.

Selling, general, and administrative expenses incurred in the quarter ended September 30, 2001 increased $849,400 or 172%, to $1,343,900 from $494,600 for the same period in 2000. Selling, general, and administrative expenses incurred for the nine months ended September 30, 2001 increased $1,130,400 or 73%, to $2,688,000 from $1,557,600 for the same period in 2000.

The increase in expenses are due in part to the increased cost of servicing the older machines, fees and costs associated with exploring new ventures and acquisitions, rent expenses for the new California offices, business development costs, and significant travel expenditures related to the oil and gas ventures.

Net (loss) for the three months ended September 2001 was ($1,231,800) or ($0.29) per share compared to ($350,500) loss or ($0.11) per share for the same period in 2000. Net (loss) for the nine months ended September 30, 2001 was ($2,642,000) or ($0.63) per share compared to ($1,033,900) or $0.31 per share for the same period in 2000.

The increase in net loss was attributable to the significant decline in revenues from slot machine operations and an increase in overhead expenditures, costs associated with exploring new ventures and acquisitions, as well as certain non-recurring expenses for the rescinded merger and asset impairment costs.

Through September 30, 2001 the Company expended approximately $1,190,000 on the establishment of a premium cigar business; minor additional expenditures for marketing and personnel are expected throughout the year 2001. No additional costs associated with acquisitions of new cigars and related inventory occurred in year 2001. In 2001 an insignificant amount was spent to acquire additional inventory.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Cash and cash equivalents decreased approximately $2,987,700 or 73%, to $1,435,000 at September 30, 2001 from $4,422,700 at December 31, 2000. The decrease is attributable to costs and expenses associated with oil and gas acquisitions, the poor results of operations in both our slot machine and cigar operations and the increase in corporate overhead expenditures.

The Company anticipates that its cash flow from operations and interest earned on cash equivalents, as well as significant revenues anticipated from it's oil and gas operations will be sufficient to meet its cash needs for the next twelve months. The Company does not have any commitments for material capital expenditures.

Forward Looking Statements

From time to time, the Company may publish forward looking statements relating to such matters as anticipated financial performance, business prospects, new products and certain other matters. The words "may", "will", "expect", "anticipate", "continue", "estimate", "project", "intend" and similar expressions are intended to identify such forward looking statements. The Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 provides a safe harbor for forward-looking statements. In order to comply with the terms of the safeharbor, the Company notes that a variety of factors could cause its actual results and experience to differ materially from anticipated results and other expectations that may effect the operations, performance, development and results of the Company's business, including the following:

1. Changes in government regulations of gaming, tobacco, and oil and gas exploration could have an effect on the Company's operations and business.

2. Political factors affecting Canada, and South and Central America, particularly as they pertain to currency valuation, could affect the Company's business in ways, which are difficult to predict.

3. The Company's proposed venture into oil and gas exploration is subject to all the risks and uncertainties associated with the commencement of a new enterprise and those

associated with oil and gas exploration including: operating hazards, drilling risks and fluctuations in the price of oil and gas. There can be no assurances that the Company will be able to successfully penetrate the market, or that this operation will become profitable.

4. The Company may be required to raise additional funds to expand its business operations, particularly the Company's proposed venture into oil and gas exploration, if it proves successful. There can be no assurances that the Company will be able to raise such funds, either through the sale of equity or debt securities or through commercial sources. The inability to acquire needed capital could have a material adverse effect on the Company's ability to expand.

EXHIBITS AND FORM 8-K

Form 8-K Item 5 dated August 15, 2001. Form 8-K Item 5 dated August 28, 2001. Form 8-K Item 5 dated September 25, 2001.

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

NuWay Energy, Inc.

Date: November 19, 2001 /s/ TODD SANDERS

Todd Sanders, President and CEO

Date: November 19, 2001 /s/ JOSEPH TAWIL

Joseph Tawil, Acting Chief Financial Officer